Lattice Semiconductor Corporation - M5-128/68-15YI/1 Datasheet

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Understanding Embedded - CPLDs (Complex Programmable Logic Devices)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	15 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	-
Number of Macrocells	128
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	68
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-PQFP (14x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/m5-128-68-15yi-1

Table 2. MACH 5 Speed Grades

Device	Speed Grade[1]						
	-5	-6	-7	-10	-12	-15	-20
M5-128[2]			C	C, I	C, I	C, I	I
M5-128/1	C		C, I	C, I	C, I	C, I	I
M5LV-128	C		C,I	C, I	C, I	I	
M5-192/1	C		C, I	C, I	C, I	C, I	I
M5-256[2]			C	C, I	C, I	C, I	I
M5-256/1	C		C, I	C, I	C, I	C, I	I
M5LV-256	C		C, I	C, I	C, I	I	
M5-320		C	C, I	C, I	C, I	C, I	I
M5LV-320		C	C, I	C, I	C, I	C, I	I
M5-384		C	C, I	C, I	C, I	C, I	I
M5LV-384		C	C, I	C, I	C, I	C, I	I
M5-512		C	C, I	C, I	C, I	C, I	I
M5LV-512		C	C, I	C, I	C, I	C, I	I

Note:

1. *C = Commercial grade, I = Industrial grade*
2. */1 version recommended for new designs*

With Lattice's unique hierarchical architecture, the MACH 5 family provides densities up to 512 macrocells to support full system logic integration. Extensive routing resources ensure pinout retention as well as high utilization. It is ideal for PAL® block device integration and a wide range of other applications including high-speed computing, low-power applications, communications, and embedded control. At each macrocell density point, Lattice offers several I/O and package options to meet a wide range of design needs (Table 3).

Table 3. MACH 5 Package and I/O Options [1]

	M5-128/1 M5LV-128		M5-192/1	M5-256/1 M5LV-256		M5-320 M5LV-320		M5-384 M5LV-384		M5-512 M5LV-512	
Supply Voltage	**5**	**3.3**	**5**	**5**	**3.3**	**5**	**3.3**	**5**	**3.3**	**5**	**3.3**
100-pin TQFP	68	68, 74	68	68	68*, 74						
100-pin PQFP	68	68*	68*	68*	68						
144-pin TQFP		104			104						
144-pin PQFP	104	104*	104*	104*	104*						
160-pin PQFP	120	120	120	120	120	120*	120	120*	120	120*	120
208-pin PQFP				160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160
240-pin PQFP						184*	184*	184*	184*	184*	184*
256-ball BGA						192	192*	192*	192*	192*	192*
352-ball BGA										256	256

Note:

1. *The I/O options indicated with a "*" are obsolete, please contact factory for more information.*

Advanced power management options allow designers to incrementally reduce power while maintaining the level of performance needed for today's complex designs. I/O safety features allow for mixed-voltage design,

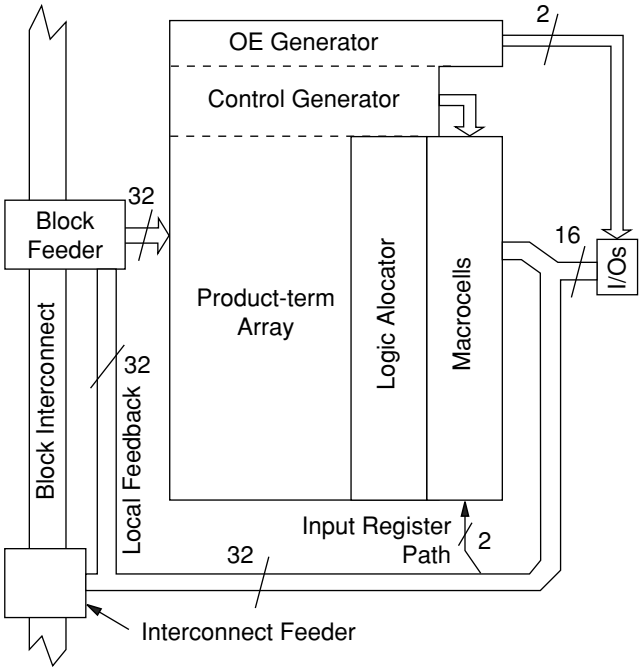

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Figure 2. PAL Block Structure

Product-Term Array and Logic Allocator

The product-term array uses the same sum-of-products architecture as PAL devices and consists of 32 inputs (plus their complements) and 64 product terms arranged in 16 **clusters**. A cluster is a sum-of-products function with either 3 of 4 product terms.

Logic allocators assign the clusters to macrocells. Each macrocell can accept up to eight clusters of three or four product terms, but a given cluster can only be steered to one macrocell (Table 4). If only three product terms in a cluster are steered, the fourth can be used as an input to an XOR gate for separate logic generation and/or polarity control.

The **wide logic allocator** is comprised of all 16 of the individual logic allocators and acts as an output switch matrix by reassigning logic to macrocells to retain pinout as designs change. The logic allocation scheme in the MACH 5 device allows for the implementation of large equations (up to 32 product terms) with only one pass through the logic array.

Table 4. Product Term Steering Options for PT Clusters and Macrocells

Macrocell	Available Clusters	Macrocell	Available Clusters
M_0	C_0, C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4	M_8	$C_5, C_6, C_7, C_8, C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}$
M_1	$C_0, C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5$	M_9	$C_6, C_7, C_8, C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}$
M_2	$C_0, C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6$	M_{10}	$C_7, C_8, C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}$
M_3	$C_0, C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_7$	M_{11}	$C_8, C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}$
M_4	$C_0, C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_7$	M_{12}	$C_8, C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}$
M_5	$C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_7, C_8$	M_{13}	$C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}$
M_6	$C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_7, C_8, C_9$	M_{14}	$C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}$
M_7	$C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_7, C_8, C_9, C_{10}$	M_{15}	$C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}$

- Global clock (0, 1, 2, or 3) with positive and negative edge clock enable (biphase)

Clock Line 2 Options

- Global clock (0, 1, 2, or 3) with clock enable

Clock Line 3 Options

- Complement of clock line 2 (same clock enable)
- Product-term clock (if clock line 2 does not use clock enable

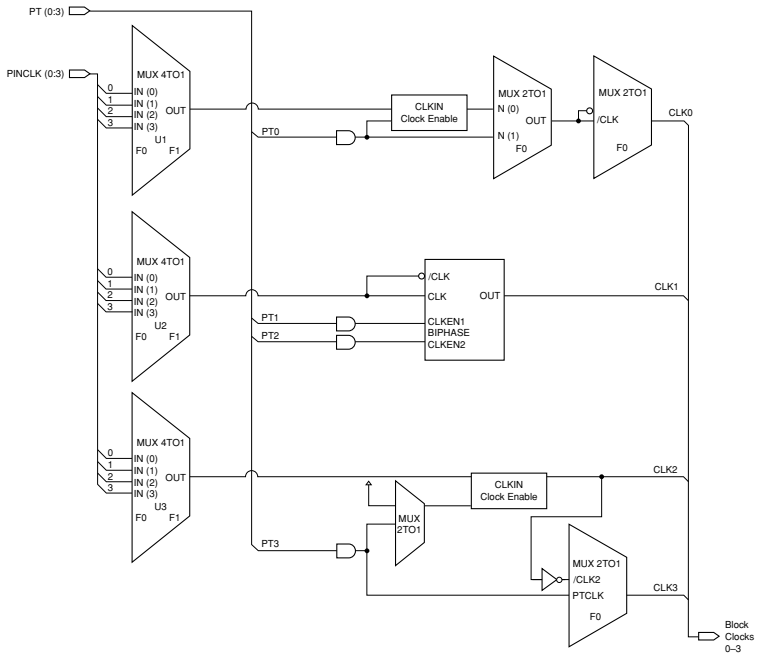

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Figure 4. Clock Generator

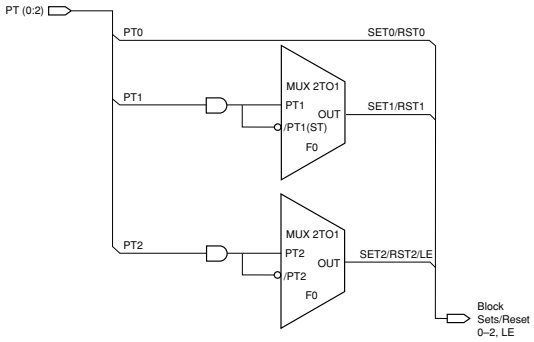

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Figure 5. Set/Reset Generator

The set/reset generation portion of the control generator (Figure 5) creates three set/reset lines for the PAL block. Each macrocell can choose one of these three lines or choose no set/reset at all. All three lines can be configured for product term set/reset and two of the three lines can be configured as sum term set/reset and one of the lines can be configured as product-term or sum-term latch enable. While the set/reset signals are generated in the control generator, whether that signal sets or resets a flip-flop is determined within the individual macrocell. The same signal can set one flip-flop and reset another. PT2 or /PT2 can also be used as a latch enable for macrocells configured as latches.

MACH 5 TIMING MODEL

The primary focus of the MACH 5 timing model is to accurately represent the timing in a MACH 5 device, and at the same time, be easy to understand. This model accurately describes all combinatorial and registered paths through the device, making a distinction between **internal feedback** and **external feedback**. A signal uses internal feedback when it is fed back into the switch matrix or block without having to go through the output buffer. The input register specifications are also reported as internal feedback. When a signal is fed back into the switch matrix after having gone through the output buffer, it is using external feedback.

The parameter, t_{BUF}, is defined as the time it takes to go through the output buffer to the I/O pad. If a signal goes to the internal feedback rather than to the I/O pad, the parameter designator is followed by an "i". By adding t_{BUF} to this internal parameter, the external parameter is derived. For example, $t_{PD} = t_{PDi} + t_{BUF}$. A diagram representing the modularized MACH 5 timing model is shown in Figure 7. Refer to the Technical Note entitled *MACH 5 Timing and High Speed Design* for a more detailed discussion about the timing parameters.

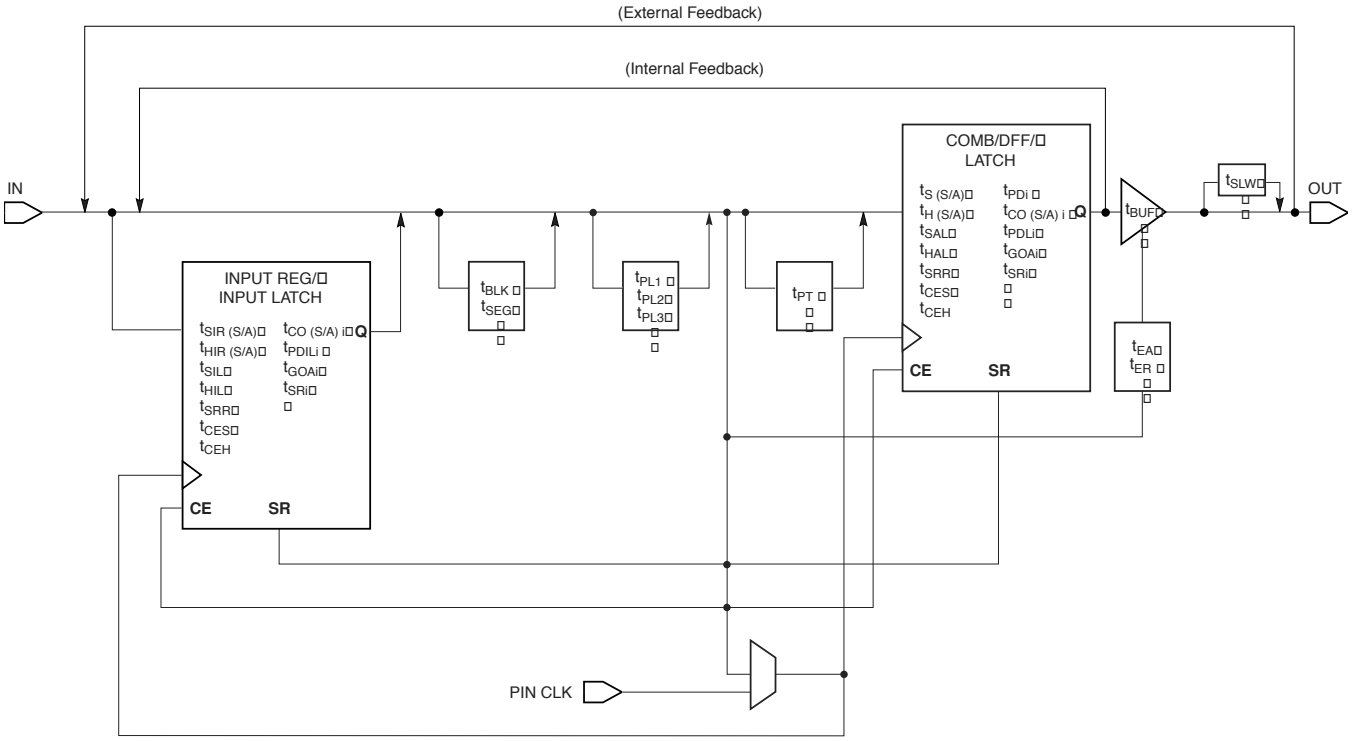

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Figure 7. MACH 5 Timing Model

SAFE FOR MIXED SUPPLY VOLTAGE SYSTEM DESIGNS [1]

Both the 3.3-V and 5-V V_{CC} MACH 5 devices are safe for mixed supply voltage system designs. The 5-V devices will not overdrive 3.3-V devices above the output voltage of 3.3 V, while they accept inputs from other 3.3-V devices. The 3.3-V devices will accept inputs up to 5.5 V. Both the 3.3-V and 5-V versions have the same high-speed performance and provide easy-to-use mixed-voltage design capability.

Note:

1. *Excludes original M5-128, M5-192, and M5-256 while M5-128/1, M3-192/1 and M5-256/1 are supported. Please refer to Application Note titled "Hot Socketing and Mixed Supply Design with MACH 4 and MACH 5 Devices".*

BUS-FRIENDLY INPUTS AND I/OS

All MACH 5 devices have inputs and I/Os which feature the Bus-Friendly circuitry incorporating two inverters in series which loop back to the input. This double inversion weakly holds the input at its last driven logic state. While it is a good design practice to tie unused pins to a known state, the Bus-Friendly input structure pulls pins away from the input threshold voltage where noise can cause high-frequency switching. At power-up, the Bus-Friendly latches are reset to a logic level "1." For the circuit diagram, please refer to the document entitled *MACH Endurance Characteristics* on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.

POWER MANAGEMENT

There are 4 power/speed options in each MACH 5 PAL block (Table 5). The speed and power tradeoff can be tailored for each design. The signal speed paths in the lower-power PAL blocks will be slower than those in the higher-power PAL blocks. This feature allows speed critical paths to run at maximum frequency while the rest of the signal paths operate in a lower-power mode. In large designs, there may be several different speed requirements for different portions of the design.

Table 5. Power Levels

High Speed/High Power	100% Power
Medium High Speed/Medium High Power	67% Power
Medium Low Speed/Medium Low Power	40% Power
Low Speed/Low Power	20% Power

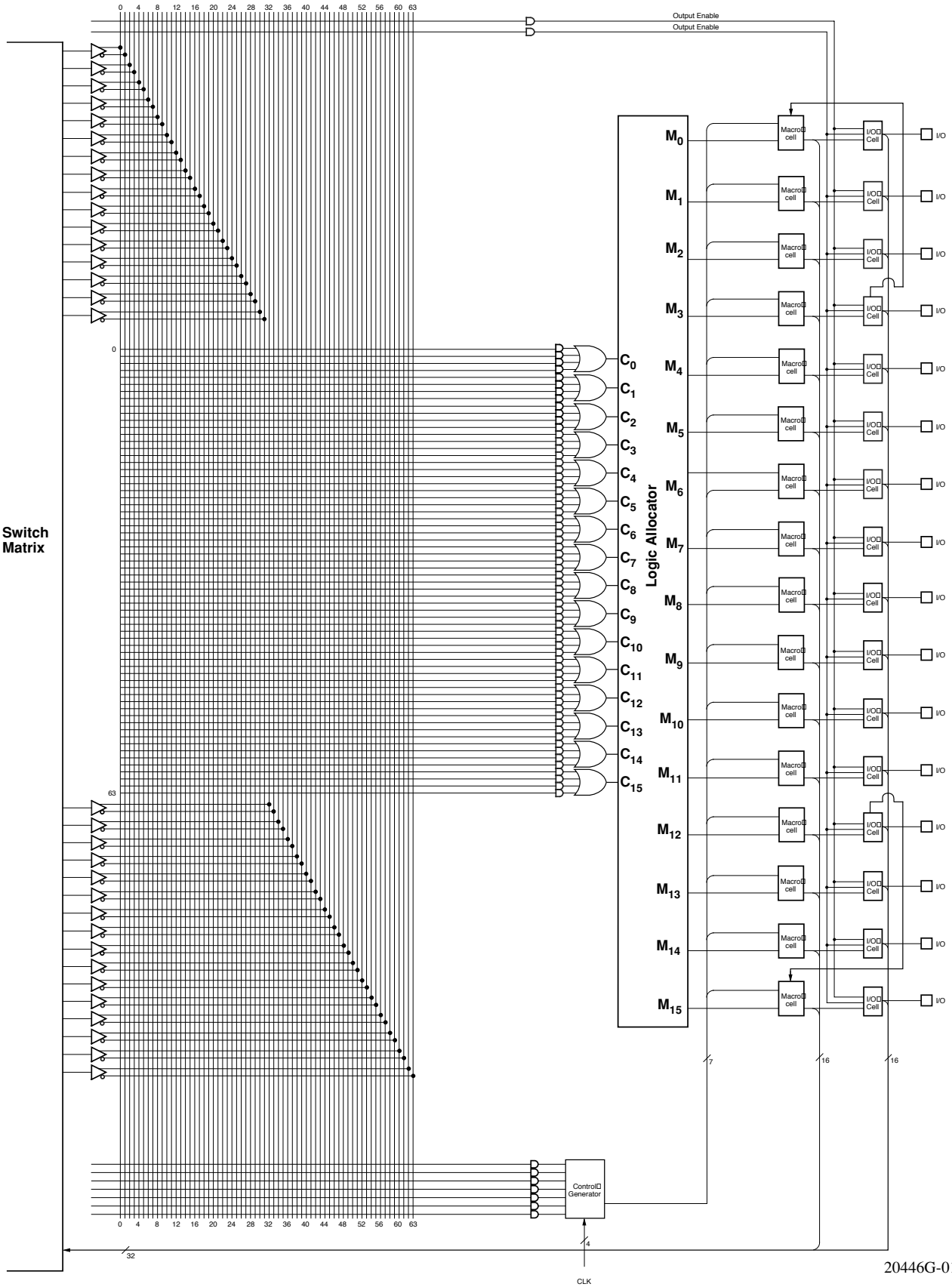
PROGRAMMABLE SLEW RATE

Each MACH 5 device I/O has an individually programmable output slew rate control bit. Each output can be individually configured for the higher speed transition (3 V/ns) or for the lower noise transition (1 V/ns). For high-speed designs with long, unterminated traces, the slow-slew rate will introduce fewer reflections, less noise, and keep ground bounce to a minimum. For designs with short traces or well terminated lines, the fast slew rate can be used to achieve the highest speed. The slew rate is adjusted independent of power.

POWER-UP RESET/SET

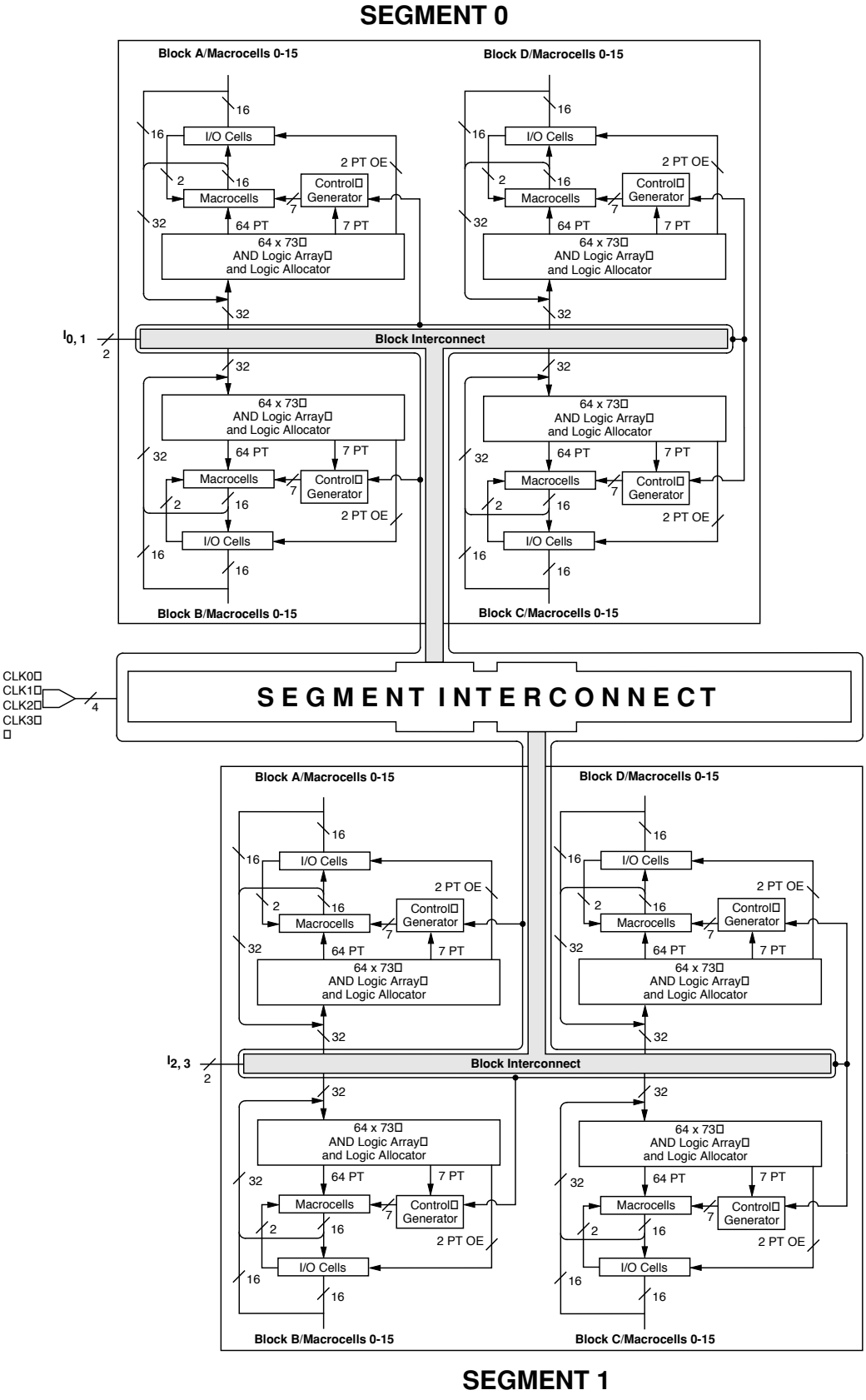
All flip-flops power up to a known state for predictable system initialization. If a macrocell is configured to SET on a signal from the control generator, then that macrocell will be SET during device power-up. If a macrocell is configured to RESET on a signal from the control generator or is not configured for set/reset, then that macrocell will RESET on power-up. To guarantee initialization values, the V_{CC} rise must be monotonic and the clock must be inactive until the reset delay time has elapsed.

MACH 5 PAL BLOCK



Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

BLOCK DIAGRAM — M5(LV)-128/XXX



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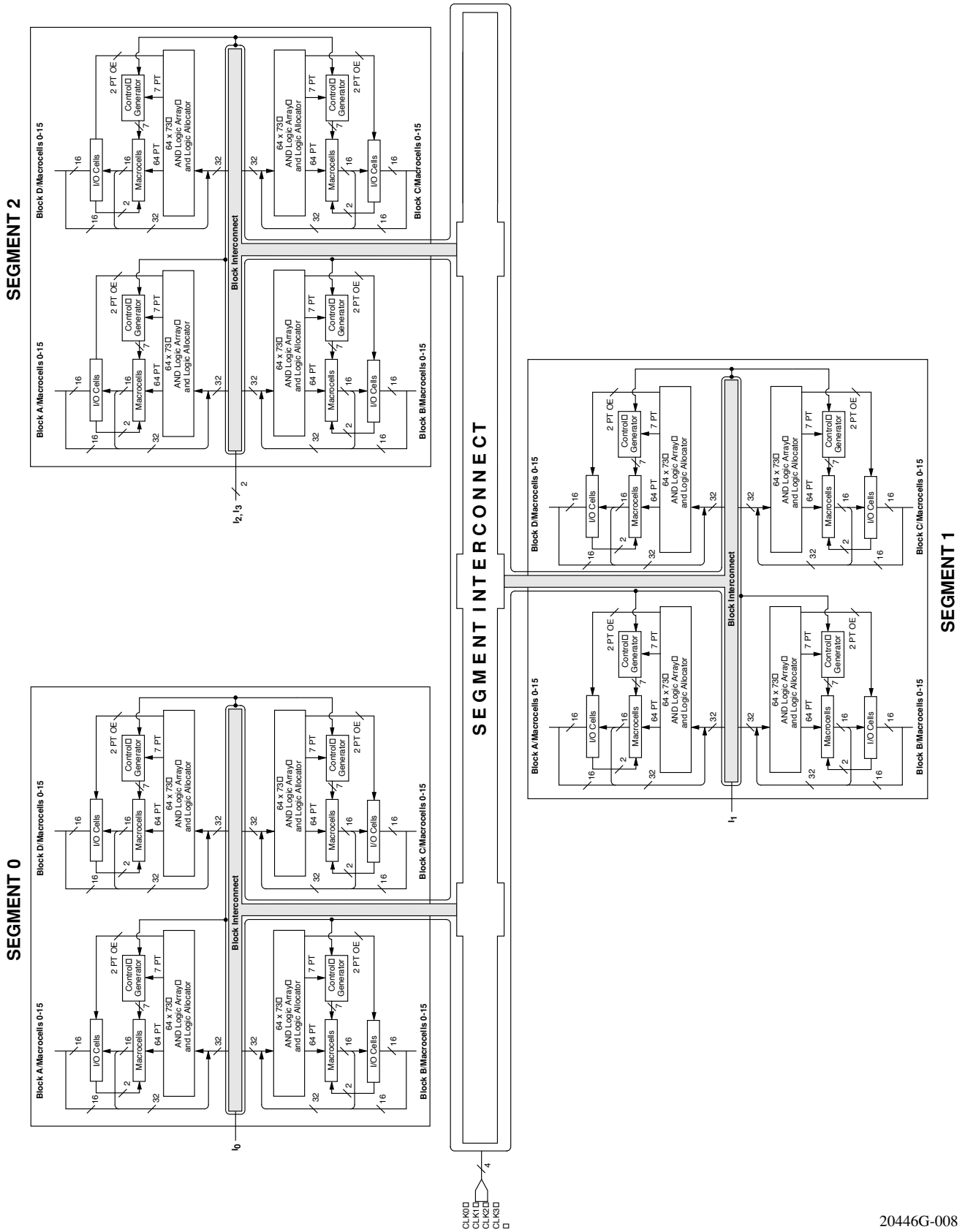
Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

BLOCK DIAGRAM — M5-192/XXX



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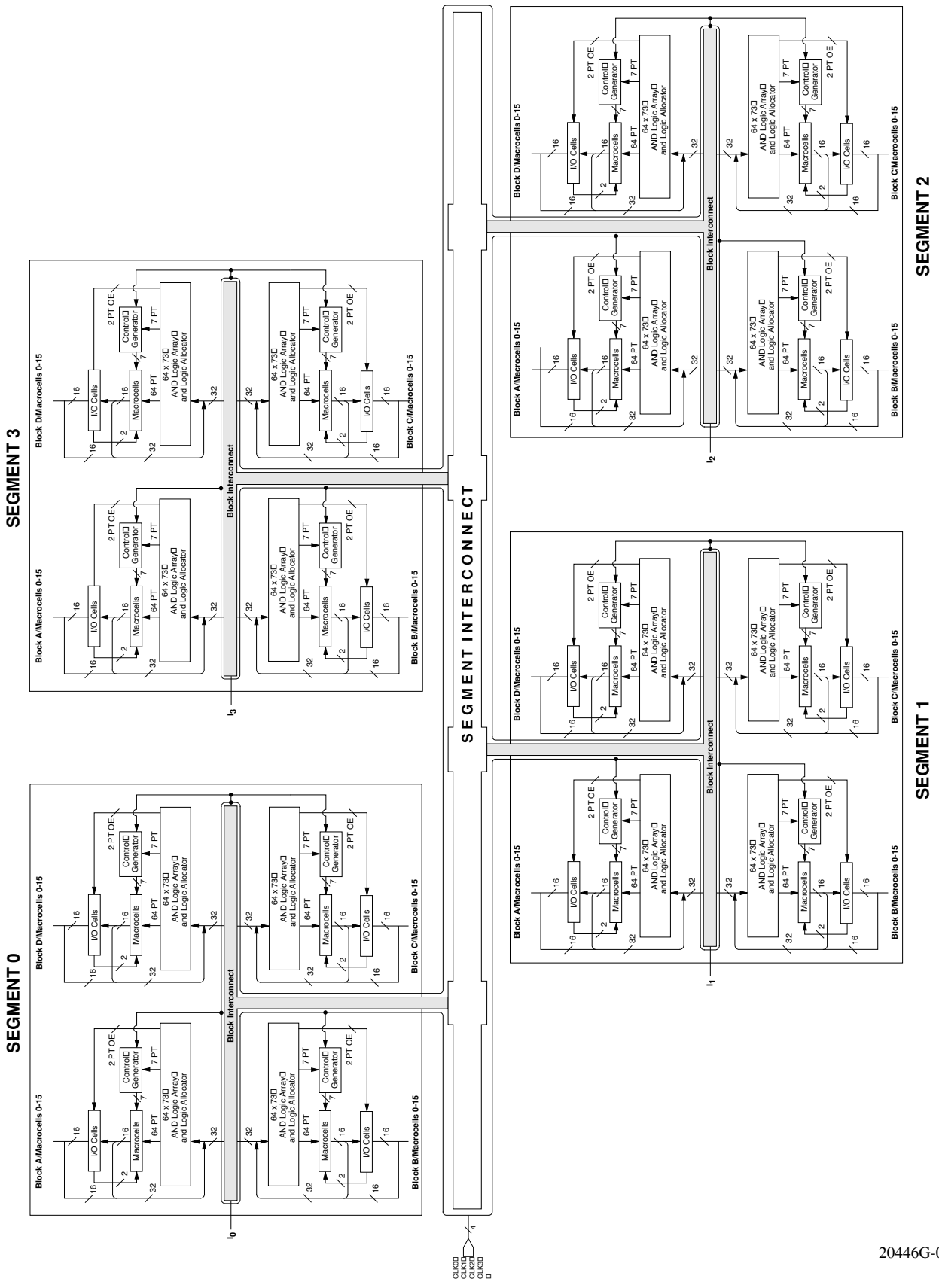
Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

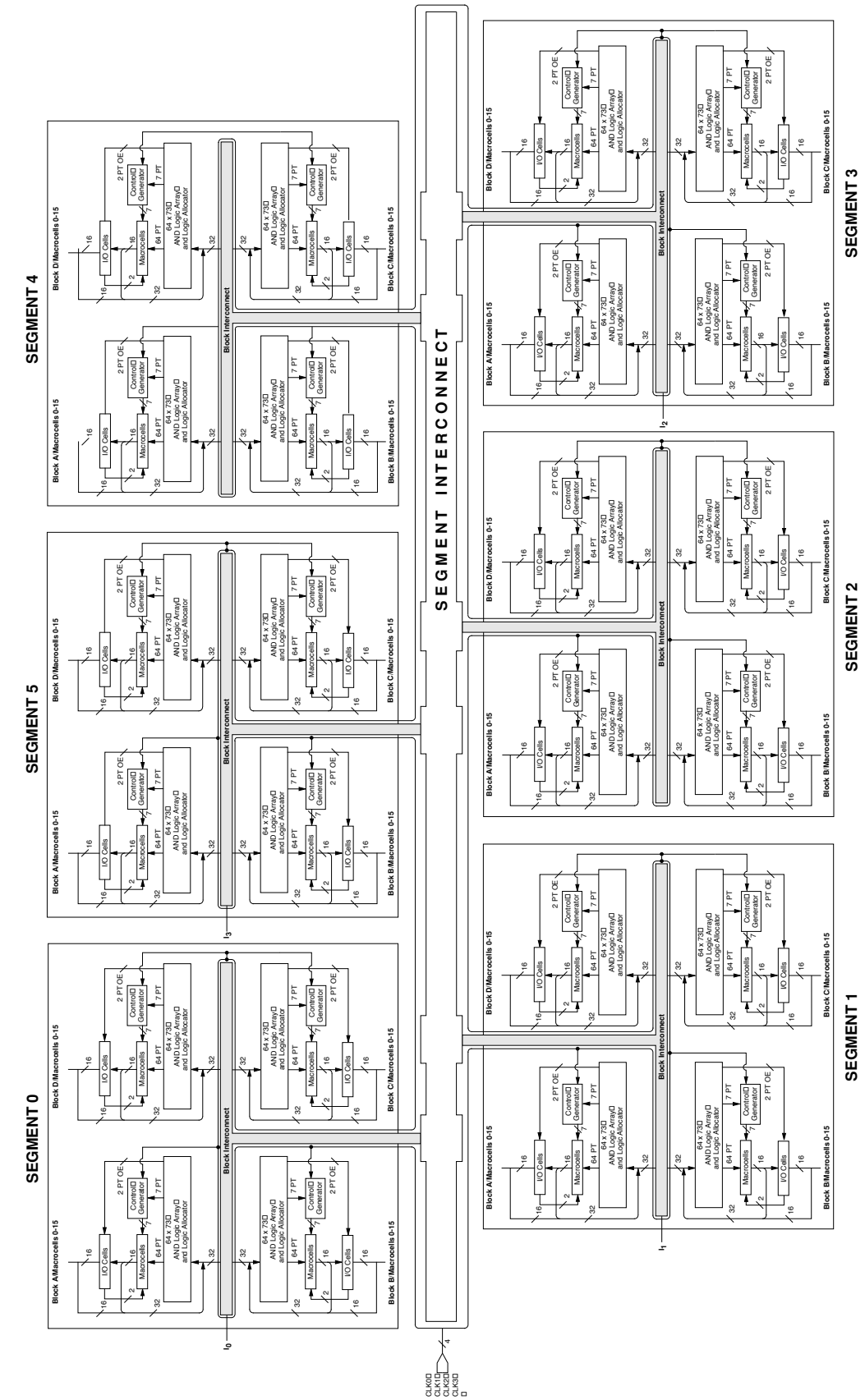
BLOCK DIAGRAM — M5(LV)-256/XXX



20446G-009

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

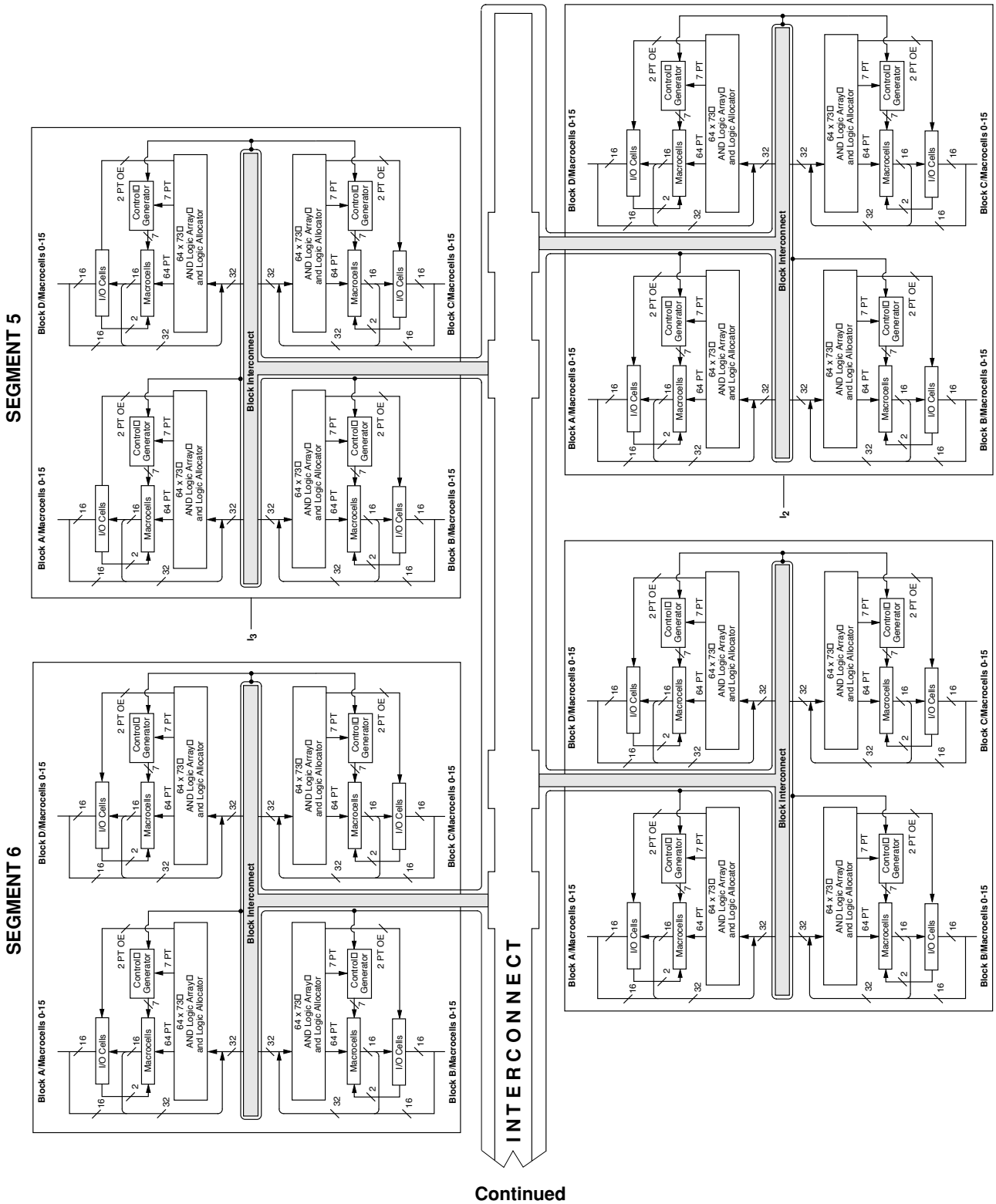
BLOCK DIAGRAM — M5(LV)-384/XXX



20446G-011

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

BLOCK DIAGRAM — M5(LV)-512/XXX



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20446G-013

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

M5(LV) TIMING PARAMETERS OVER OPERATING RANGES[1] (CONTINUED)

		-5		-6		-7		-10		-12		-15		-20		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Frequency:																
f_{MAX}	External feedback, PAL block level. Min of $1/(t_{WLS} + t_{WHS})$ or $1/(t_{SS} + t_{COS})$	133		125		100		83.3		71.4		55.6		45.5		MHz
	Internal feedback, PAL block level. Min of $1/(t_{WLS} + t_{WHS})$ or $1/(t_{SS} + t_{COSi})$	182		167		125		100		83.3		62.5		50.0		MHz
	No feedback PAL block level. Min of $1/(t_{WLS} + t_{WHS})$ or $1/(t_{SS} + t_{HS})$	200		167		167		125		100		83.3		83.3		MHz
f_{MAXA}	External feedback, PAL block level. Min of $1/(t_{WLA} + t_{WHA})$ or $1/(t_{SA} + t_{COA})$	91		91		71.4		58.8		47.6		41.7		35.7		MHz
	Internal feedback, PAL block level. Min of $1/(t_{WLA} + t_{WHA})$ or $1/(t_{SA} + t_{COAi})$	111		111		83.3		66.7		52.6		45.5		38.5		MHz
	No feedback, PAL block level. Min of $1/(t_{WLA} + t_{WHA})$ or $1/(t_{SA} + t_{HA})$	167		125		125		100		83.3		71.4		62.5		MHz
f_{MAXI}	Maximum input register frequency $1/(t_{SIRS}+t_{HIRS})$ or $1/(2 \times t_{WICW})$	167		125		125		100		83.3		71.4		62.5		MHz

Notes:

1. *See "MACH Switching Test Circuits" documentation on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.*
2. *Numbers in parentheses are for M5-128, M5-192, M5-256.*
3. *If a signal is used as both a clock and a logic array input, then the maximum input frequency applies ($f_{MAX}/2$).*

CAPACITANCE[1]

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test conditions		Typ	Unit
C_{IN}	I/CLK pin	V_{IN} =2.0 V	3.3 V or 5 V, 25° C, 1 MHz	12	pF
$C_{I/O}$	I/O pin	V_{OUT} =2.0 V	3.3 V or 5 V, 25° C, 1 MHz	10	pF

1. These parameters are not 100% tested, but are calculated at initial characterization and at any time the design is modified where these parameters may be affected.

I_{CC} vs. FREQUENCY

These curves represent the typical power consumption for a particular device at system frequency. The selected "typical" pattern is a 16-bit up-down counter. This pattern fills the device and exercises every macrocell. Maximum frequency shown uses internal feedback and a D-type register. Power/Speed are optimized to obtain the highest counter frequency and the lowest power. The highest frequency (LSBs) is placed in common PAL blocks, which are set to high power. The lowest frequency signals (MSBs) are placed in a common PAL block and set to lowest power. For a more detailed discussion about MACH 5 power consumption, refer to the application note entitled *MACH 5 Power* in the Application Notes section on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.

I_{CC} CURVES AT HIGH /LOW POWER MODES

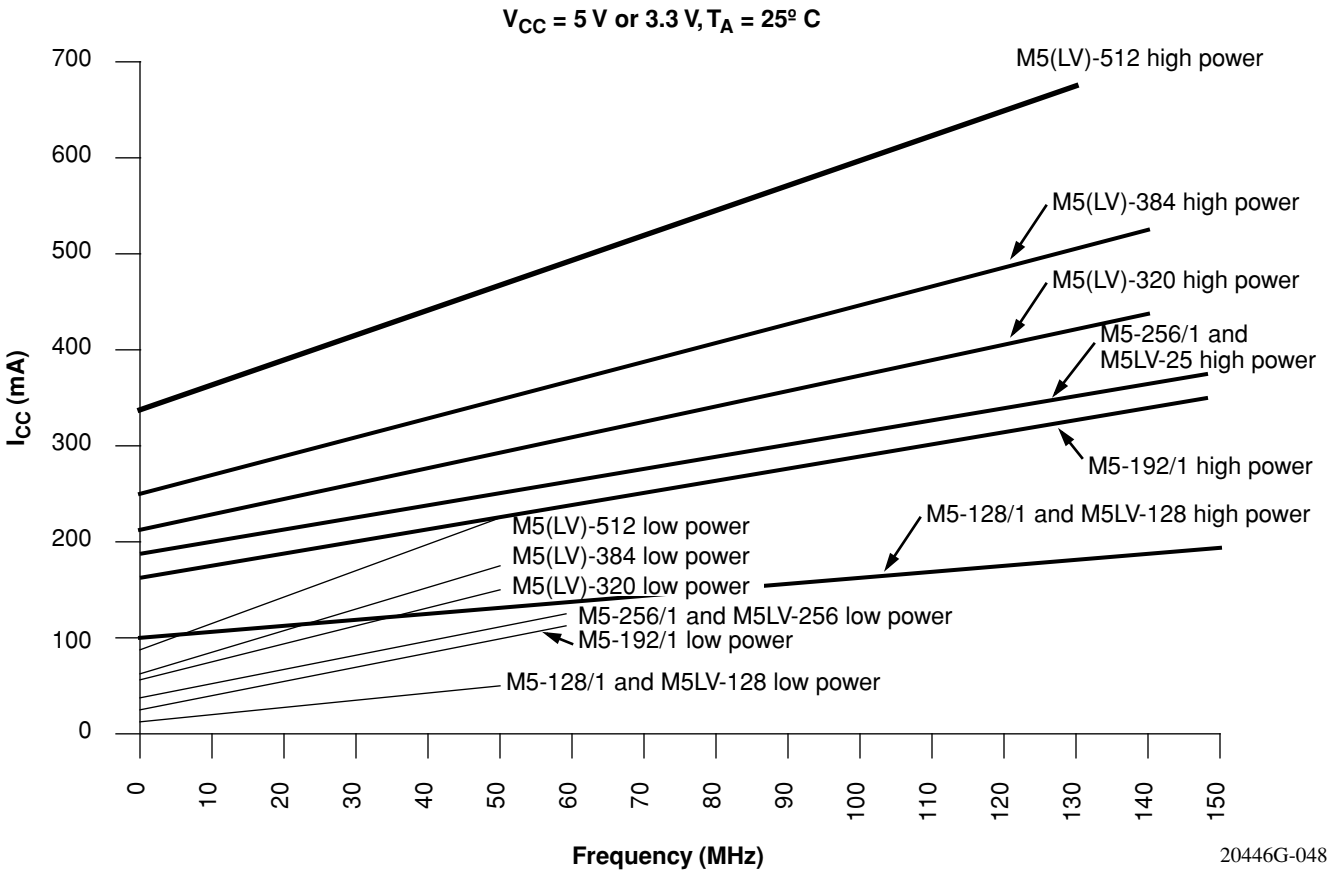
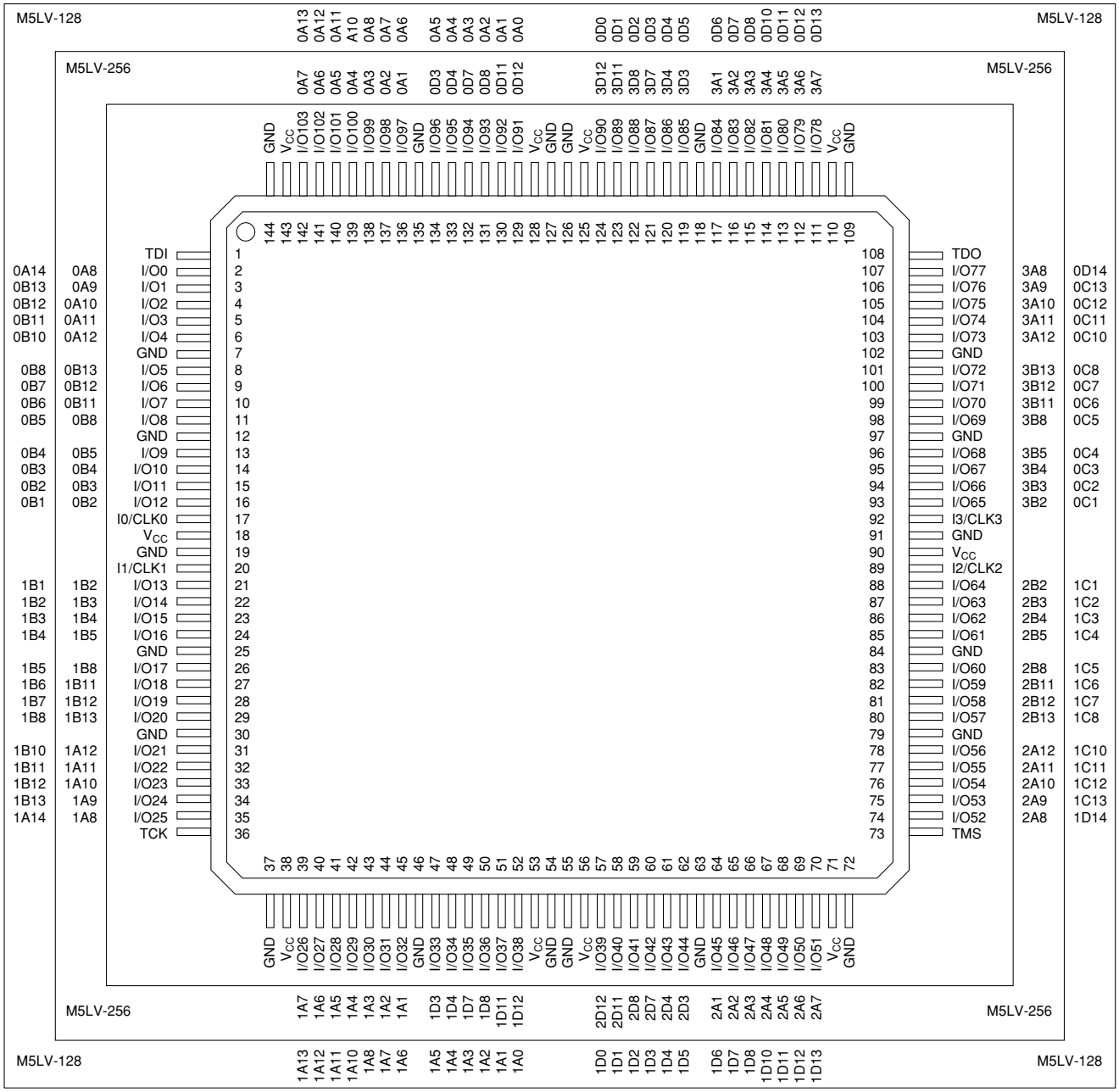


Figure 8. I_{CC} Curves at High/Low Power Modes

144-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Top View

144-Pin TQFP



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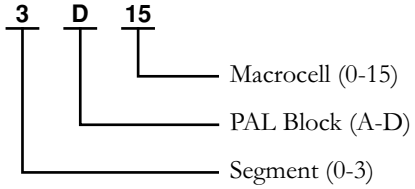
Pin Designations

CLK	=	Clock	V_{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
GND	=	Ground	TDI	=	Test Data In
I	=	Input	TCK	=	Test Clock
I/O	=	Input/Output	TMS	=	Test Mode Select
NC	=	No Connect	TDO	=	Test Data Out

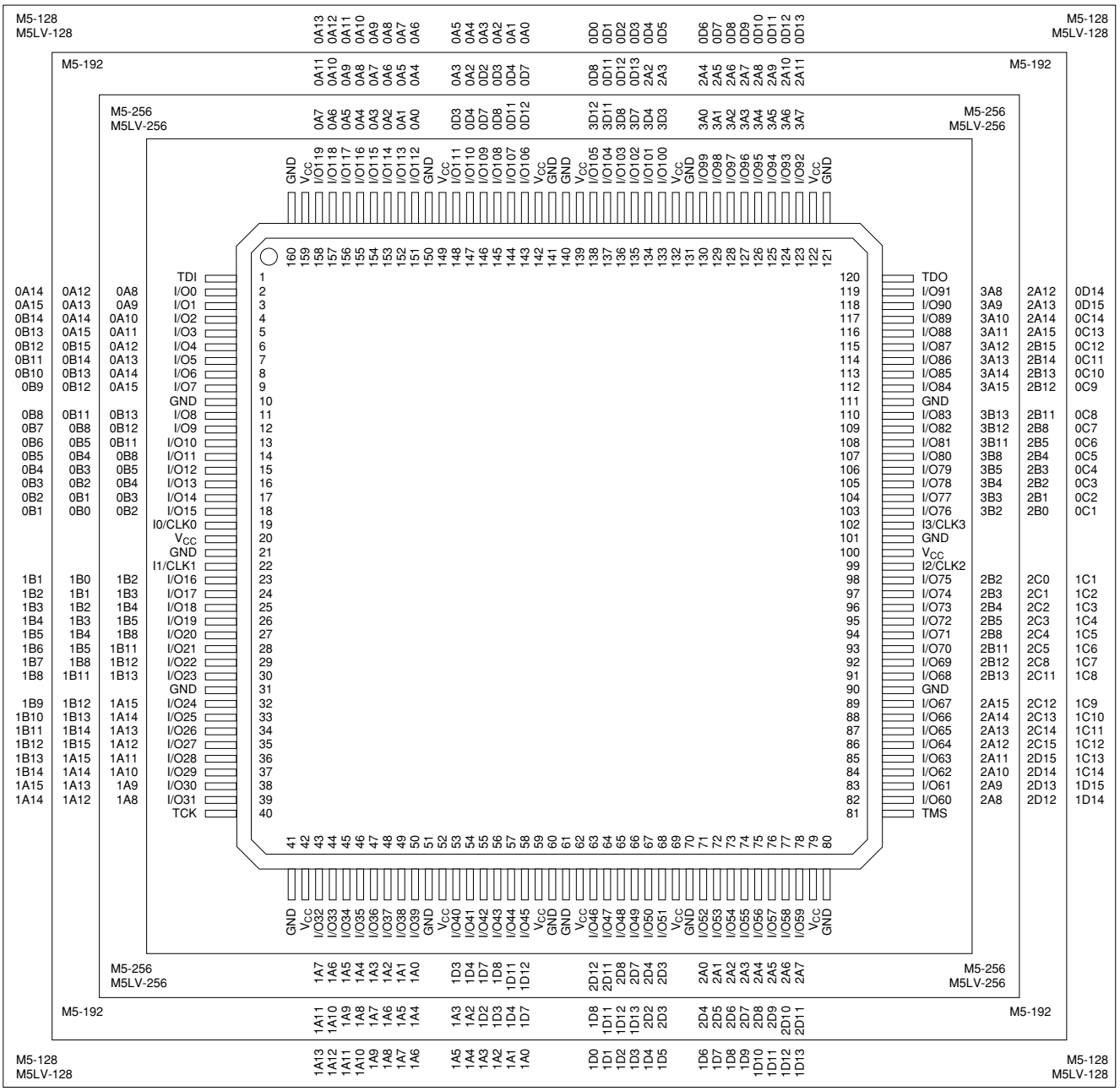


Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

160-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Top View

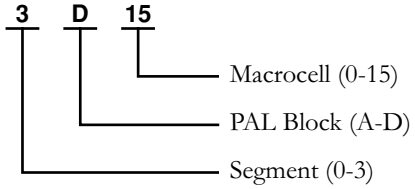
160-Pin PQFP (128, 192, 256 Macrocells)



20446G-021

Pin Designations

CLK	=	Clock	V_{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
GND	=	Ground	TDI	=	Test Data In
I	=	Input	TCK	=	Test Clock
I/O	=	Input/Output	TMS	=	Test Mode Select
NC	=	No Connect	TDO	=	Test Data Out

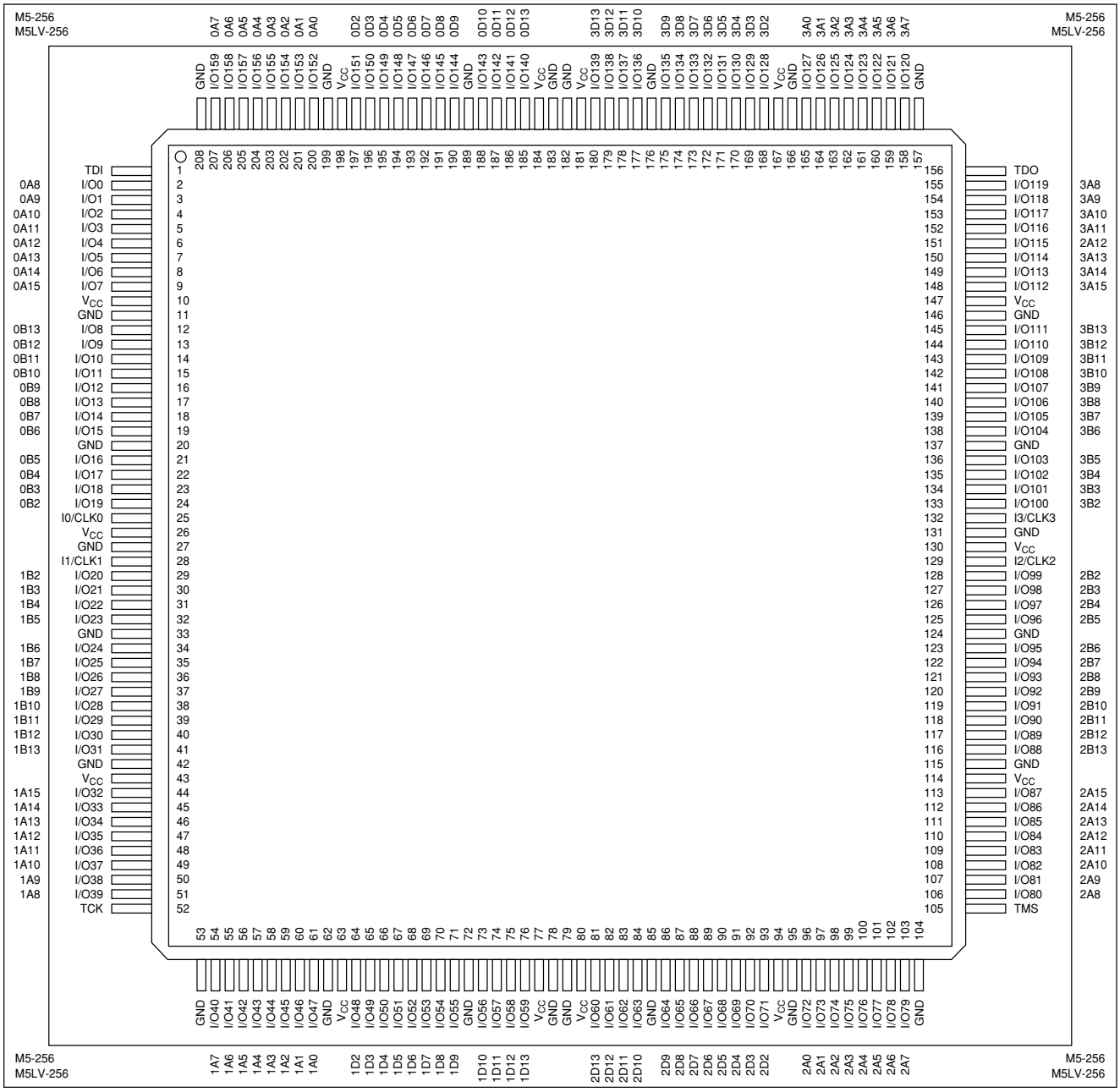


Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

208-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Top View

208-Pin PQFP (256 Macrocells)



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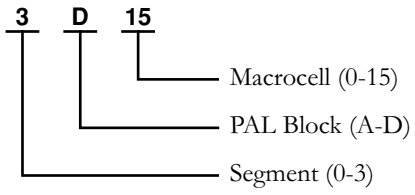
Pin Designations

CLK	=	Clock	V_{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
GND	=	Ground	TDI	=	Test Data In
I	=	Input	TCK	=	Test Clock
I/O	=	Input/Output	TMS	=	Test Mode Select
NC	=	No Connect	TDO	=	Test Data Out



Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

256-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM — M5-320

Bottom View (I/O Pin-outs)

256-Ball BGA

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	V	W	Y	
1	GND	GND	I/O181	I/O182	I/O183	GND	I/O184	GND	I/O185	I/O186	GND	I/O187	GND	I/O188	GND	I/O189	I/O190	I/O191	GND	GND	1
2	GND	I/O164	I/O165	I/O166	I/O167	I/O168	I/O169	I/O170	I/O171	I3/CLK3	I2/CLK2	I/O172	I/O173	I/O174	I/O175	I/O176	I/O177	I/O178	I/O179	I/O180	2
3	GND	I/O148	V_{CC}	I/O149	I/O150	I/O151	I/O152	I/O153	I/O154	I/O155	I/O156	I/O157	I/O158	I/O159	I/O160	I/O161	I/O162	V_{CC}	I/O163	GND	3
4	I/O134	I/O135	I/O136	V_{CC}	TDO	I/O137	V_{CC}	I/O138	I/O139	I/O140	I/O141	I/O142	I/O143	V_{CC}	I/O144	TMS	V_{CC}	I/O145	I/O146	I/O147	4
5	I/O128	I/O129	I/O130	V_{CC}													V_{CC}	I/O131	I/O132	I/O133	5
6	GND	I/O122	I/O123	I/O124													I/O125	I/O126	I/O127	GND	6
7	I/O116	I/O117	I/O118	V_{CC}													V_{CC}	I/O119	I/O120	I/O121	7
8	I/O108	I/O109	I/O110	I/O111													I/O112	I/O113	I/O114	I/O115	8
9	GND	I/O102	I/O103	I/O104													I/O105	I/O106	I/O107	GND	9
10	GND	I/O96	I/O97	I/O98													I/O99	I/O100	I/O101	GND	10
11	GND	I/O90	I/O91	I/O92													I/O93	I/O94	I/O95	GND	11
12	GND	I/O84	I/O85	I/O86													I/O87	I/O88	I/O89	GND	12
13	I/O76	I/O77	I/O78	I/O79													I/O80	I/O81	I/O82	I/O83	13
14	I/O70	I/O71	I/O72	V_{CC}													V_{CC}	I/O73	I/O74	I/O75	14
15	GND	I/O64	I/O65	I/O66													I/O67	I/O68	I/O69	GND	15
16	I/O58	I/O59	I/O60	V_{CC}													V_{CC}	I/O61	I/O62	I/O63	16
17	I/O44	I/O45	I/O46	V_{CC}	TDI	I/O47	V_{CC}	I/O48	I/O49	I/O50	I/O51	I/O52	I/O53	V_{CC}	I/O54	TCK	V_{CC}	I/O55	I/O56	I/O57	17
18	GND	I/O28	V_{CC}	I/O29	I/O30	I/O31	I/O32	I/O33	I/O34	I/O35	I/O36	I/O37	I/O38	I/O39	I/O40	I/O41	I/O42	V_{CC}	I/O43	GND	18
19	I/O11	I/O12	I/O13	I/O14	I/O15	I/O16	I/O17	I/O18	I/O19	IO/CLK0	I1/CLK1	I/O20	I/O21	I/O22	I/O23	I/O24	I/O25	I/O26	I/O27	GND	19
20	GND	GND	I/O0	I/O1	I/O2	GND	I/O3	GND	I/O4	GND	I/O5	I/O6	GND	I/O7	GND	I/O8	I/O9	I/O10	GND	GND	20
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	V	W	Y	

Pin Designations

CLK	=	Clock
GND	=	Ground
I	=	Input
I/O	=	Input/Output
NC	=	No Connect
V_{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
TDI	=	Test Data In
TCK	=	Test Clock
TMS	=	Test Mode Select
TDO	=	Test Data Out

20446G-026

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

352-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM — M5-512, M5LV-512

Bottom View (I/O Pin-outs)

352-Ball BGA

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	V	W	Y	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	
1	NC	NC	NC	GND	NC	I/O245	GND	I/O246	I/O247	GND	I/O248	I/O249	I3/CLK3	GND	I/O250	I/O251	I/O252	GND	I/O253	I/O254	GND	NC	I/O255	GND	NC	NC	1
2	NC	NC	NC	I/O224	I/O225	I/O226	I/O227	I/O228	I/O229	I/O230	I/O231	I/O232	I/O233	I2CLK2	I/O235	I/O236	I/O237	I/O238	I/O239	I/O240	I/O241	I/O242	I/O243	I/O244	GND	GND	2
3	GND	GND	NC	I/O205	I/O206	I/O207	I/O208	I/O209	I/O210	I/O211	I/O212	I/O213	I/O214	I2CLK2	I/O215	I/O216	I/O217	I/O218	I/O219	I/O220	I/O221	I/O222	I/O223	TMS	NC	NC	3
4	NC	I/O188	NC	TDO	I/O189	I/O190	I/O191	V_{CC}	I/O192	V_{CC}	I/O193	I/O194	I/O195	V_{CC}	I/O196	I/O197	I/O198	V_{CC}	I/O199	V_{CC}	I/O200	I/O201	V_{CC}	I/O202	I/O203	I/O204	4
5	GND	I/O183	I/O184	V_{CC}																			I/O185	I/O186	I/O187	GND	5
6	NC	I/O176	I/O177	I/O178																			I/O179	I/O180	I/O181	I/O182	6
7	GND	I/O169	I/O170	I/O171																			I/O172	I/O173	I/O174	I/O175	7
8	I/O162	I/O163	I/O164	I/O165																			I/O166	I/O167	I/O168	NC	8
9	I/O156	I/O157	I/O158	I/O159																			V_{CC}	I/O160	I/O161	GND	9
10	GND	I/O150	I/O151	V_{CC}																			I/O152	I/O153	I/O154	I/O155	10
11	I/O142	I/O143	I/O144	I/O145																			I/O146	I/O147	I/O148	I/O149	11
12	I/O134	I/O135	I/O136	I/O137																			I/O138	I/O139	I/O140	I/O141	12
13	I/O128	I/O129	I/O130	I/O131																			V_{CC}	I/O132	I/O133	GND	13
14	GND	I/O122	I/O123	V_{CC}																			I/O124	I/O125	I/O126	I/O127	14
15	I/O114	I/O115	I/O116	I/O117																			I/O118	I/O119	I/O120	I/O121	15
16	NC	I/O107	I/O108	I/O109																			I/O110	I/O111	I/O112	I/O113	16
17	I/O101	I/O102	I/O103	I/O104																			V_{CC}	I/O105	I/O106	GND	17
18	GND	I/O95	I/O96	V_{CC}																			I/O97	I/O98	I/O99	I/O100	18
19	I/O87	I/O88	I/O89	I/O90																			I/O91	I/O92	I/O93	I/O94	19
20	I/O80	I/O81	I/O82	I/O83																			I/O84	I/O85	I/O86	GND	20
21	I/O73	I/O74	I/O75	I/O76																			I/O77	I/O78	I/O79	NC	21
22	GND	I/O68	I/O69	I/O70																			V_{CC}	I/O71	I/O72	GND	22
23	I/O51	I/O52	I/O53	V_{CC}	I/O54	I/O55	V_{CC}	I/O56	V_{CC}	I/O57	I/O58	I/O59	V_{CC}	I/O60	I/O61	I/O62	V_{CC}	I/O63	V_{CC}	I/O64	I/O65	I/O66	TCK	NC	I/O67	NC	23
24	NC	NC	TDI	I/O32	I/O33	I/O34	I/O35	I/O36	I/O37	I/O38	I/O39	I/O40	I0/CLK0	I/O41	I/O42	I/O43	I/O44	I/O45	I/O46	I/O47	I/O48	I/O49	I/O50	NC	GND	GND	24
25	GND	GND	I/O11	I/O12	I/O13	I/O14	I/O15	I/O16	I/O17	I/O18	I/O19	I/O20	I/O21	I/O22	I/O23	I/O24	I/O25	I/O26	I/O27	I/O28	I/O29	I/O30	I/O31	NC	NC	NC	25
26	NC	NC	GND	I/O0	NC	GND	I/O1	I/O2	GND	I/O3	I/O4	I/O5	GND	I1/CLK1	I/O6	I/O7	GND	I/O8	I/O9	GND	I/O10	NC	GND	NC	NC	NC	26
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	V	W	Y	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	

20446G-030

Pin Designations

CLK	=	Clock
GND	=	Ground
I	=	Input
I/O	=	Input/Output
NC	=	No Connect
V_{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
TDI	=	Test Data In
TCK	=	Test Clock
TMS	=	Test Mode Select
TDO	=	Test Data Out

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

5V M5 ORDERING INFORMATION[1,2]

Lattice standard products are available in several packages and operating ranges. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of the elements below.

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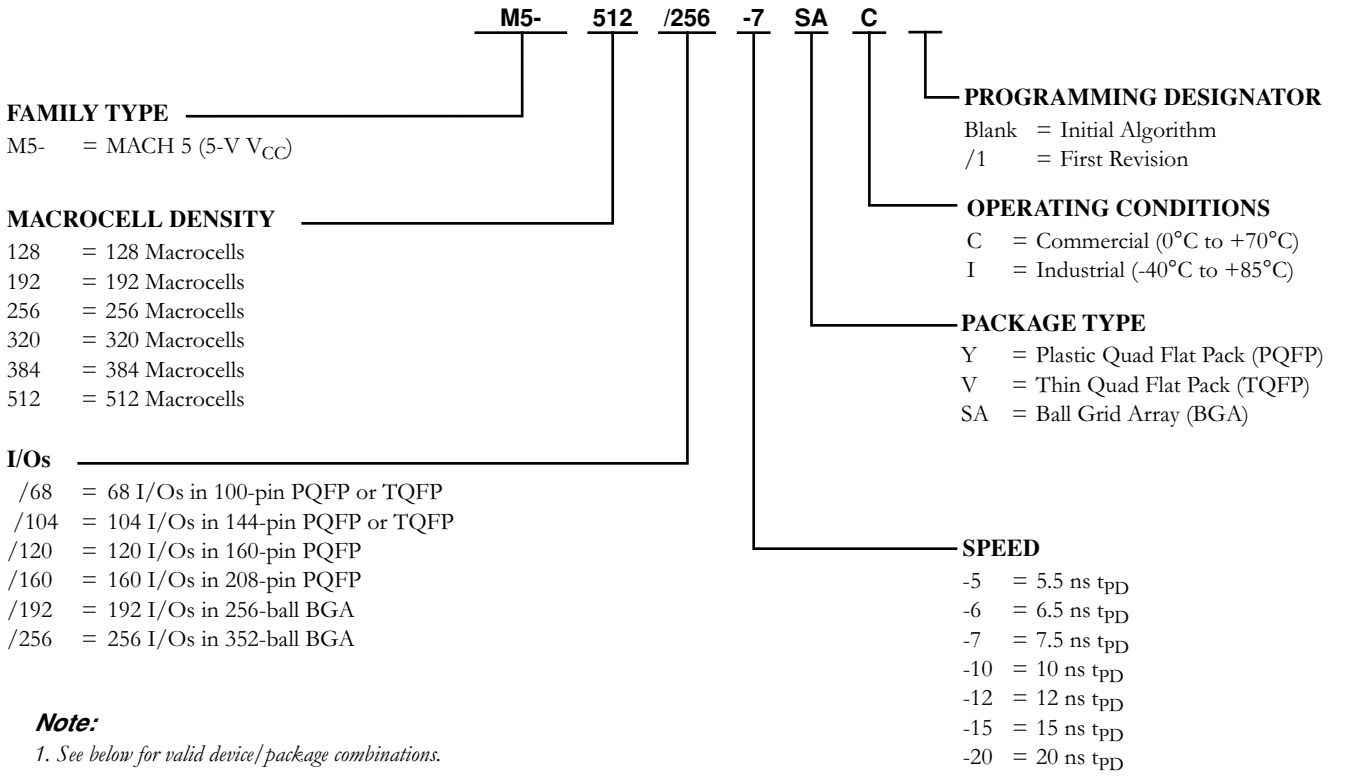


Note:

1. See below for valid device/package combinations.

2. M5-128/1, M5-192/1 and M5-256/1 recommended for new designs.

Valid Combinations		
M5-128/68	Commercial: -5, -7, -10, -12, -15 Industrial: -7, -10, -12, -15, -20	YC, VC, YI, VI
M5-128/104		YC[1], YI[1]
M5-128/120		YC, YI
M5-192/68		VC, VI
M5-192/120		YC, YI
M5-256/68		VC, VI
M5-256/120		YC, YI
M5-256/160		YC, YI

Device Marking

Actual device marking differs from the ordering part number (OPN). All MACH devices are dual-marked with both Commercial and Industrial grades. The Industrial grade is slower, i.e., M5-512/256-7AC-10AI.

1. M5-128/104-xxYC/1 and M5-128/104-xxYI/1 have been discontinued per PCN #06-07. Contact Rochester Electronics for available inventory.

Valid Combinations		
M5-320/160	Commercial: -6, -7, -10, -12, -15 Industrial: -7, -10, -12, -15, -20	YC, YI
M5-320/192		SAC, SAI
M5-384/160		YC, YI
M5-512/160		YC, YI
M5-512/256		SAC, SAI

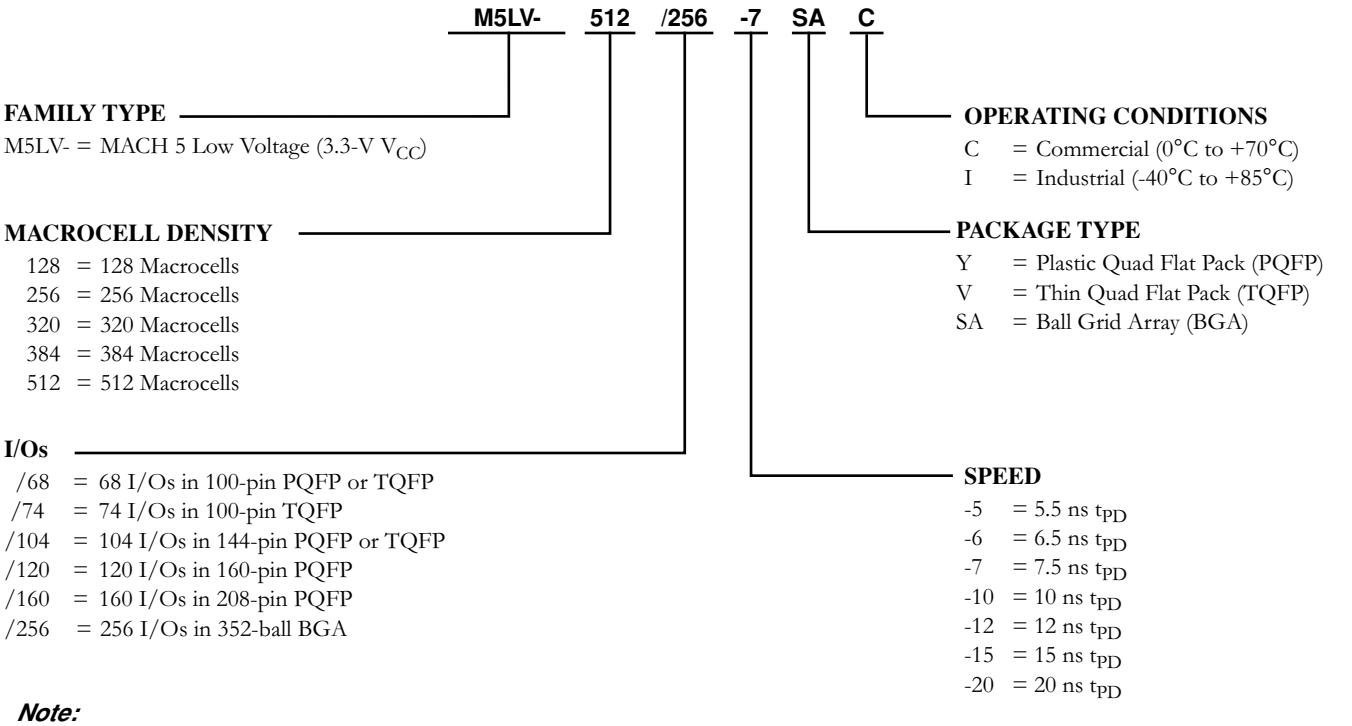
Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local Lattice sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

3.3V M5LV ORDERING INFORMATION[1]

Lattice standard products are available in several packages and operating ranges. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of the elements below.



Note:

1. See below for valid device/package combinations.

Valid Combinations		
M5LV-128/68	Commercial: -5, -7, -10, -12 Industrial: -7, -10, -12, -15	VC, VI
M5LV-128/74		VC, VI
M5LV-128/104		VC, VI
M5LV-128/120		YC, YI
M5LV-256/68		YC, YI
M5LV-256/74		VC, VI
M5LV-256/104		VC, VI
M5LV-256/120		YC, YI
M5LV-256/160		YC, YI

Device Marking

Actual device marking differs from the ordering part number (OPN). All MACH devices are dual-marked with both Commercial and Industrial grades. The Industrial grade is slower, i.e., M5LV-512/256-7AC-10AI.

Valid Combinations		
M5LV-320/120	Commercial: -6, -7, -10, -12, -15 Industrial: -10, -12, -15, -20	YC, YI
M5LV-320/160		YC, YI
M5LV-384/120		YC, YI
M5LV-384/160		YC, YI
M5LV-512/120		YC, YI
M5LV-512/160		YC, YI
M5LV-512/256		SAC, SAI

Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local Lattice sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.