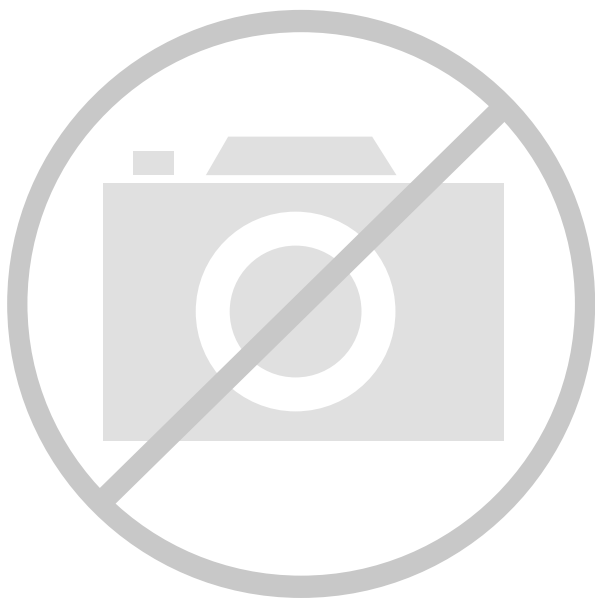




Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

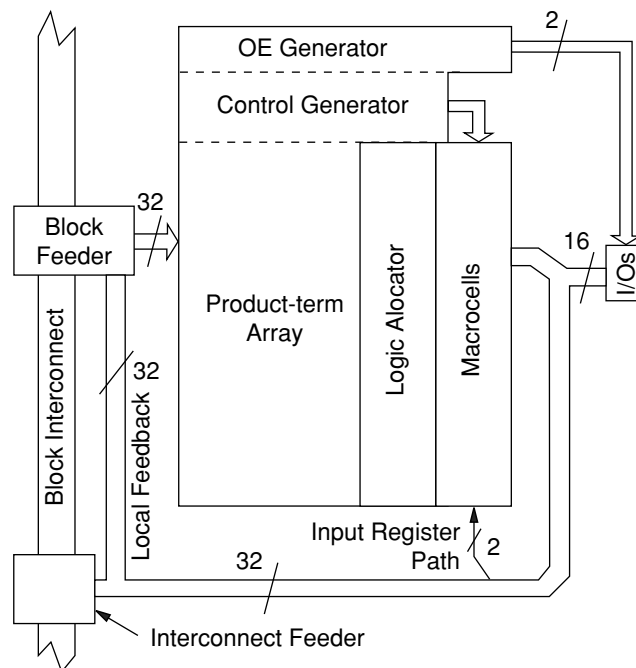
Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	12 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	-
Number of Macrocells	256
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	160
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/m5-256-160-12yc-1



20446G-002

Figure 2. PAL Block Structure

Product-Term Array and Logic Allocator

The product-term array uses the same sum-of-products architecture as PAL devices and consists of 32 inputs (plus their complements) and 64 product terms arranged in 16 **clusters**. A cluster is a sum-of-products function with either 3 or 4 product terms.

Logic allocators assign the clusters to macrocells. Each macrocell can accept up to eight clusters of three or four product terms, but a given cluster can only be steered to one macrocell (Table 4). If only three product terms in a cluster are steered, the fourth can be used as an input to an XOR gate for separate logic generation and/or polarity control.

The **wide logic allocator** is comprised of all 16 of the individual logic allocators and acts as an output switch matrix by reassigning logic to macrocells to retain pinout as designs change. The logic allocation scheme in the MACH 5 device allows for the implementation of large equations (up to 32 product terms) with only one pass through the logic array.

Table 4. Product Term Steering Options for PT Clusters and Macrocells

Macrocell	Available Clusters	Macrocell	Available Clusters
M ₀	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄	M ₈	C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂
M ₁	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅	M ₉	C ₆ , C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃
M ₂	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆	M ₁₀	C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄
M ₃	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇	M ₁₁	C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅
M ₄	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇	M ₁₂	C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅
M ₅	C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇ , C ₈	M ₁₃	C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅
M ₆	C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉	M ₁₄	C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅
M ₇	C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀	M ₁₅	C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

OE Generator

There is one output enable (OE) generator per PAL block that generates two product-term driven output enables. Each I/O cell is simply an output buffer. Each I/O cell within the PAL block can choose to be permanently enabled, permanently disabled, or choose one of the two product term output enables per PAL block (Figure 6).

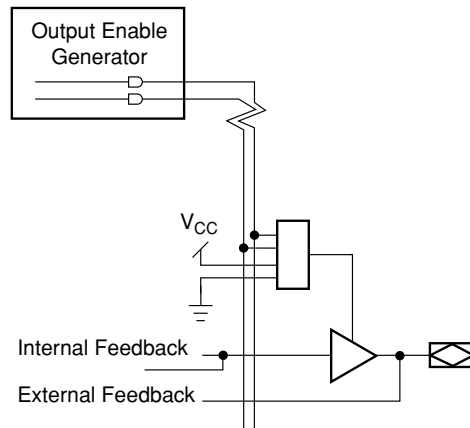


Figure 6. Output Enable Generator and I/O Cell

20446G-006

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

MACH 5 TIMING MODEL

The primary focus of the MACH 5 timing model is to accurately represent the timing in a MACH 5 device, and at the same time, be easy to understand. This model accurately describes all combinatorial and registered paths through the device, making a distinction between **internal feedback** and **external feedback**. A signal uses internal feedback when it is fed back into the switch matrix or block without having to go through the output buffer. The input register specifications are also reported as internal feedback. When a signal is fed back into the switch matrix after having gone through the output buffer, it is using external feedback.

The parameter, t_{BUF} is defined as the time it takes to go through the output buffer to the I/O pad. If a signal goes to the internal feedback rather than to the I/O pad, the parameter designator is followed by an "i". By adding t_{BUF} to this internal parameter, the external parameter is derived. For example, $t_{PD} = t_{PDi} + t_{BUF}$. A diagram representing the modularized MACH 5 timing model is shown in Figure 7. Refer to the Technical Note entitled *MACH 5 Timing and High Speed Design* for a more detailed discussion about the timing parameters.

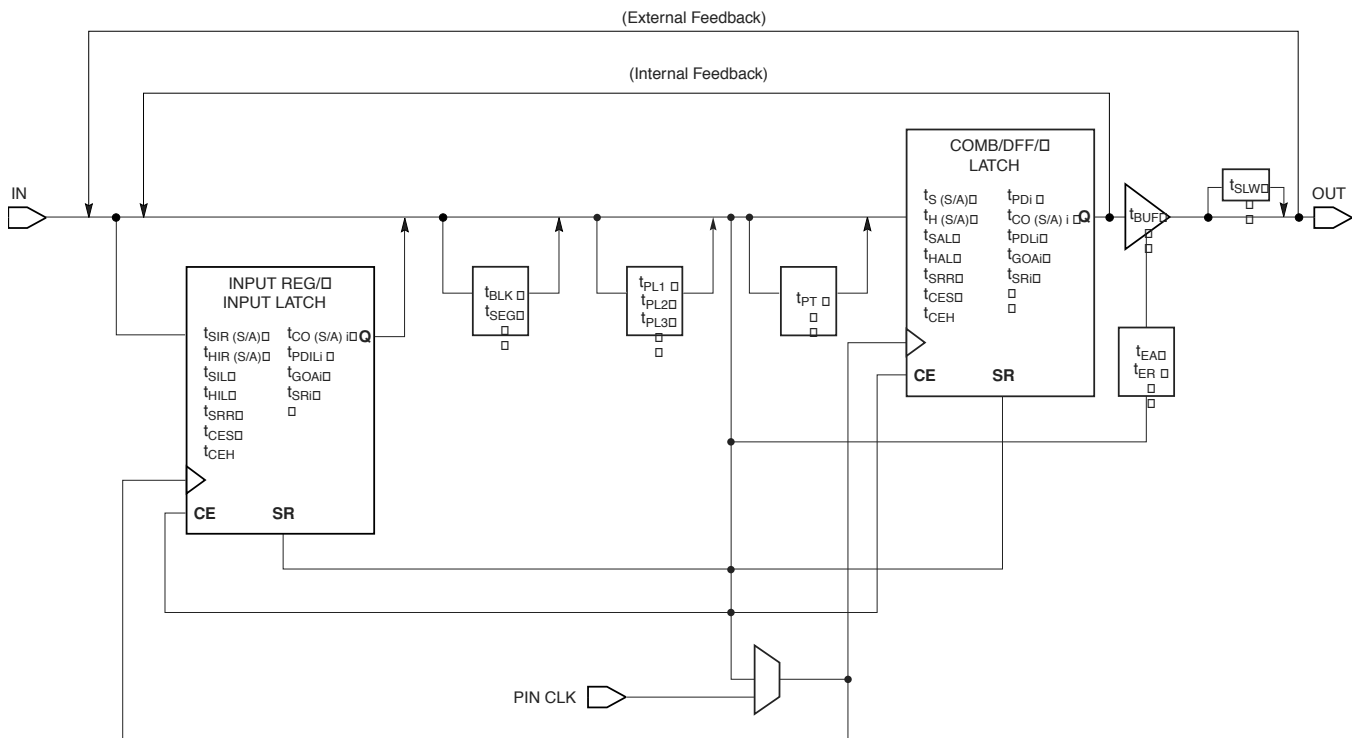
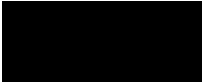


Figure 7. MACH 5 Timing Model

20446G-014

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.



MULTIPLE I/O AND DENSITY OPTIONS

The MACH 5 family offers six macrocell densities in a number of I/O options. This allows designers to choose a device close to their logic density and I/O requirements, thus minimizing costs. For the same package type, every density has the same pin-out. With proper design considerations, a design can be moved to a higher or lower density part as required.

IEEE 1149.1 - COMPLIANT BOUNDARY SCAN TESTABILITY

Most MACH 5 devices have boundary scan registers and are compliant to the IEEE 1149.1 standard. This allows functional testing of the circuit board on which the device is mounted through a serial scan path that can access all critical logic nodes. Internal registers are linked internally, allowing test data to be shifted in and loaded directly onto test nodes, or test node data to be captured and shifted out for verification. In addition, these devices can be linked into a board-level serial scan path for more complete board-level testing.

IEEE 1149.1 - COMPLIANT IN-SYSTEM PROGRAMMING

Programming devices in-system provides a number of significant benefits including: rapid prototyping, lower inventory levels, higher quality, and the ability to make in-field modifications. All MACH 5 devices provide in-system programming (ISP) capability through their IEEE 1149.1-compliant Boundary Scan Test Access Port. By using the IEEE 1149.1-compliant Boundary Scan Test Access Port as the communication interface through which ISP is achieved, customers get the benefit of a standard, well-defined interface.

MACH 5 devices can be programmed across the commercial temperature and voltage range. The PC-based LatticePRO software facilitates in-system programming of MACH 5 devices. LatticePRO software takes the JEDEC file output produced by design implementation software, along with information about the Boundary Scan chain, and creates a set of vectors that are used to drive the Boundary Scan chain. LatticePRO software can use these vectors to drive a Boundary Scan chain via the parallel port of a PC. Alternatively, LatticePRO software can output files in formats understood by common automated test equipment. This equipment can then be used to program MACH 5 devices during the testing of a circuit board.

PCI COMPLIANT

MACH 5 devices in the -5/-6/-7/-10/-12 speed grades are compliant with the *PCI Local Bus Specification* version 2.1, published by the PCI Special Interest Group (SIG). The 5-V devices are fully PCI-compliant. The 3.3-V devices are mostly compliant but do not meet the PCI condition to clamp the inputs as they rise above V_{CC} because of their 5-V input tolerant feature. MACH 5 devices provide the speed, drive, density, output enables and I/Os for the most complex PCI designs.

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

SAFE FOR MIXED SUPPLY VOLTAGE SYSTEM DESIGNS ¹

Both the 3.3-V and 5-V V_{CC} MACH 5 devices are safe for mixed supply voltage system designs. The 5-V devices will not overdrive 3.3-V devices above the output voltage of 3.3 V, while they accept inputs from other 3.3-V devices. The 3.3-V devices will accept inputs up to 5.5 V. Both the 3.3-V and 5-V versions have the same high-speed performance and provide easy-to-use mixed-voltage design capability.

Note:

1. Excludes original M5-128, M5-192, and M5-256 while M5-128/1, M3-192/1 and M5-256/1 are supported. Please refer to Application Note titled "Hot Socketing and Mixed Supply Design with MACH 4 and MACH 5 Devices".

BUS-FRIENDLY INPUTS AND I/OS

All MACH 5 devices have inputs and I/Os which feature the Bus-Friendly circuitry incorporating two inverters in series which loop back to the input. This double inversion weakly holds the input at its last driven logic state. While it is a good design practice to tie unused pins to a known state, the Bus-Friendly input structure pulls pins away from the input threshold voltage where noise can cause high-frequency switching. At power-up, the Bus-Friendly latches are reset to a logic level "1." For the circuit diagram, please refer to the document entitled *MACH Endurance Characteristics* on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.

POWER MANAGEMENT

There are 4 power/speed options in each MACH 5 PAL block (Table 5). The speed and power tradeoff can be tailored for each design. The signal speed paths in the lower-power PAL blocks will be slower than those in the higher-power PAL blocks. This feature allows speed critical paths to run at maximum frequency while the rest of the signal paths operate in a lower-power mode. In large designs, there may be several different speed requirements for different portions of the design.

Table 5. Power Levels

High Speed/High Power	100% Power
Medium High Speed/Medium High Power	67% Power
Medium Low Speed/Medium Low Power	40% Power
Low Speed/Low Power	20% Power

PROGRAMMABLE SLEW RATE

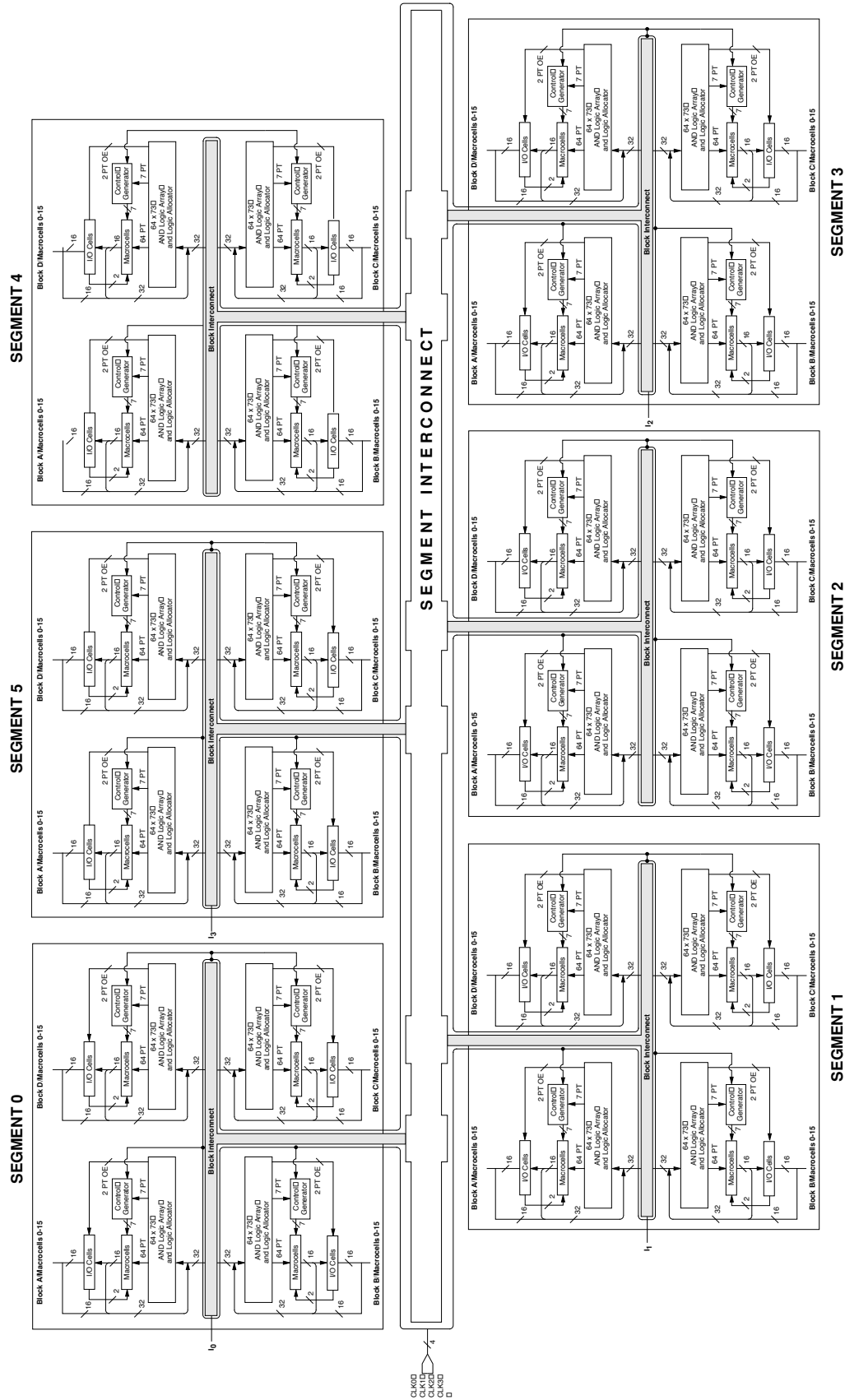
Each MACH 5 device I/O has an individually programmable output slew rate control bit. Each output can be individually configured for the higher speed transition (3 V/ns) or for the lower noise transition (1 V/ns). For high-speed designs with long, unterminated traces, the slow-slew rate will introduce fewer reflections, less noise, and keep ground bounce to a minimum. For designs with short traces or well terminated lines, the fast slew rate can be used to achieve the highest speed. The slew rate is adjusted independent of power.

POWER-UP RESET/SET

All flip-flops power up to a known state for predictable system initialization. If a macrocell is configured to SET on a signal from the control generator, then that macrocell will be SET during device power-up. If a macrocell is configured to RESET on a signal from the control generator or is not configured for set/reset, then that macrocell will RESET on power-up. To guarantee initialization values, the V_{CC} rise must be monotonic and the clock must be inactive until the reset delay time has elapsed.

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

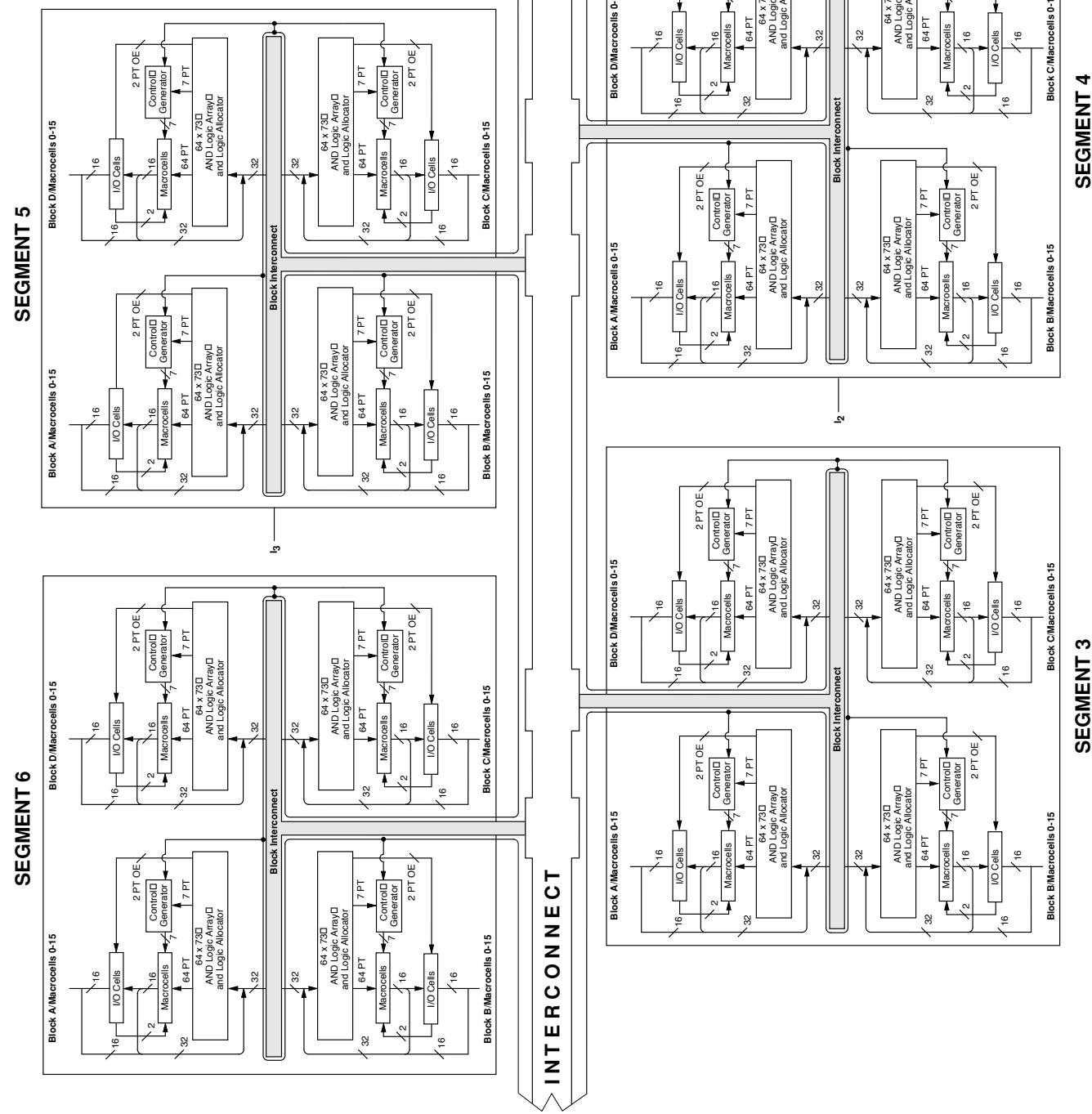
BLOCK DIAGRAM — M5(LV)-384/XXX



20446G-011

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

BLOCK DIAGRAM — M5(LV)-512/XXX



Continued

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

M5(LV) TIMING PARAMETERS OVER OPERATING RANGES¹

		-5		-6		-7		-10		-12		-15		-20		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Combinatorial Delay:																
t _{PDi}	Internal combinatorial propagation delay		3.5		4.5		5.5		8.0		10.0		13.0		18.0	ns
t _{PD}	Combinatorial propagation delay		5.5		6.5		7.5		10.0		12.0		15.0		20.0	ns
Registered Delays:																
t _{SS}	Synchronous clock setup time	3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		8.0		10.0		ns
t _{SA}	Asynchronous clock setup time	3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t _{HS}	Synchronous clock hold time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{HA}	Asynchronous clock hold time	3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t _{COsi}	Synchronous clock to internal output		2.5		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		8.0		10.0	ns
t _{COS}	Synchronous clock to output		4.5		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		10.0		12.0	ns
t _{COAi}	Asynchronous clock to internal output		6.0		6.0		8.0		10.0		13.0		15.0		18.0	ns
t _{COA}	Asynchronous clock to output		8.0		8.0		10.0		12.0		15.0		17.0		20.0	ns
Latched Delays:																
t _{SAL}	Latch setup time	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t _{HAL}	Latch hold time	3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t _{PDLi}	Transparent latch internal		6.0		7.0		7.0		8.0		9.0		10.0		10.0	ns
t _{PDL}	Propagation delay through transparent latch		8.0		9.0		9.0		10.0		11.0		12.0		12.0	ns
t _{GOAi}	Gate to internal output		7.0		8.0		8.0		9.0		10.0		11.0		12.0	ns
t _{GOA}	Gate to output		9.0		10.0		10.0		11.0		12.0		13.0		14.0	ns
Input Register Delays:																
t _{SIRS}	Input register setup time using a synchronous clock	2.0		2.0		2.0		3.0		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{SIRA}	Input register setup time using an asynchronous clock	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{HIRS}	Input register hold time using a synchronous clock	3.0		3.0		3.0		4.0		4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{HIRA}	Input register hold time using an asynchronous clock	6.0		6.0		6.0		7.0		7.0		7.0		7.0		ns
Input Latch Delays:																
t _{SIL}	Input latch setup time	2.0		2.0		2.0		3.0		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{HIL}	Input latch hold time	6.0		6.0		6.0		7.0		7.0		7.0		7.0		ns
t _{PDILi}	Transparent input latch		5.0		5.0		5.5		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0	ns
Output Delays:																
t _{BUF}	Output buffer delay		2.0		2.0		2.0		2.0		2.0		2.0		2.0	ns
t _{SLW}	Slow slew rate delay		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5	ns
t _{EA}	Output enable time		7.5		7.5		9.5		10.0		12.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t _{ER}	Output disable time		7.5		7.5		9.5		10.0		12.0		15.0		20.0	ns

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

M5(LV) TIMING PARAMETERS OVER OPERATING RANGES¹ (CONTINUED)

		-5		-6		-7		-10		-12		-15		-20		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Power Delays:																
t _{PL1}	Power level 1 delay (Note 2)		4.0 (5.0)		4.0		4.0 (5.0)		4.0 (5.0)		4.0 (5.0)		4.0 (5.0)		4.0 (5.0)	ns
t _{PL2}	Power level 2 delay (Note 2)		6.0 (9.0)		6.0		6.0 (9.0)		6.0 (9.0)		6.0 (9.0)		6.0 (9.0)		6.0 (9.0)	ns
t _{PL3}	Power level 3 delay (Note 2)		9.0 (17.5)		9.0		9.0 (17.5)		9.0 (17.5)		9.0 (17.5)		9.0 (17.5)		9.0 (17.5)	ns
Additional Cluster Delay:																
t _{PT}	Product term cluster delay		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3	ns
Interconnect Delays:																
t _{BLK}	Block interconnect delay		1.5		1.5		1.5		2.0		2.0		2.0		2.0	ns
t _{SEG}	Segment interconnect delay		4.5		4.5		5.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0	ns
Reset and Preset Delays:																
t _{SRI}	Asynchronous reset or preset to internal register output		6.0		8.0		8.0		10.0		12.0		14.0		16.0	ns
t _{SR}	Asynchronous reset or preset to register output		8.0		10.0		10.0		12.0		14.0		16.0		18.0	ns
t _{SRR}	Reset and set register recovery time	5.5		7.5		7.5		8.0		9.0		10.0		11.0		ns
t _{SRW}	Asynchronous reset or preset width	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
Clock Enable Delays:																
t _{CES}	Clock enable setup time	4.0		5.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t _{CEH}	Clock enable hold time	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		7.0		ns
Width:																
t _{WLS}	Global clock width low (Note 3)	2.5		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t _{WHS}	Global clock width high (Note 3)	2.5		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t _{WLA}	Product term clock width low	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t _{WHA}	Product term clock width high	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t _{GWA}	Gate width low (for low transparent) or high (for high transparent)	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t _{WIR}	Input register clock width low or high	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

CAPACITANCE¹

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test conditions		Typ	Unit
C_{IN}	I/CLK pin	$V_{IN} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	3.3 V or 5 V, 25° C, 1 MHz	12	pF
$C_{I/O}$	I/O pin	$V_{OUT} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	3.3 V or 5 V, 25° C, 1 MHz	10	pF

1. These parameters are not 100% tested, but are calculated at initial characterization and at any time the design is modified where these parameters may be affected.

I_{CC} vs. FREQUENCY

These curves represent the typical power consumption for a particular device at system frequency. The selected “typical” pattern is a 16-bit up-down counter. This pattern fills the device and exercises every macrocell. Maximum frequency shown uses internal feedback and a D-type register. Power/Speed are optimized to obtain the highest counter frequency and the lowest power. The highest frequency (LSBs) is placed in common PAL blocks, which are set to high power. The lowest frequency signals (MSBs) are placed in a common PAL block and set to lowest power. For a more detailed discussion about MACH 5 power consumption, refer to the application note entitled *MACH 5 Power* in the Application Notes section on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.

I_{CC} CURVES AT HIGH /LOW POWER MODES

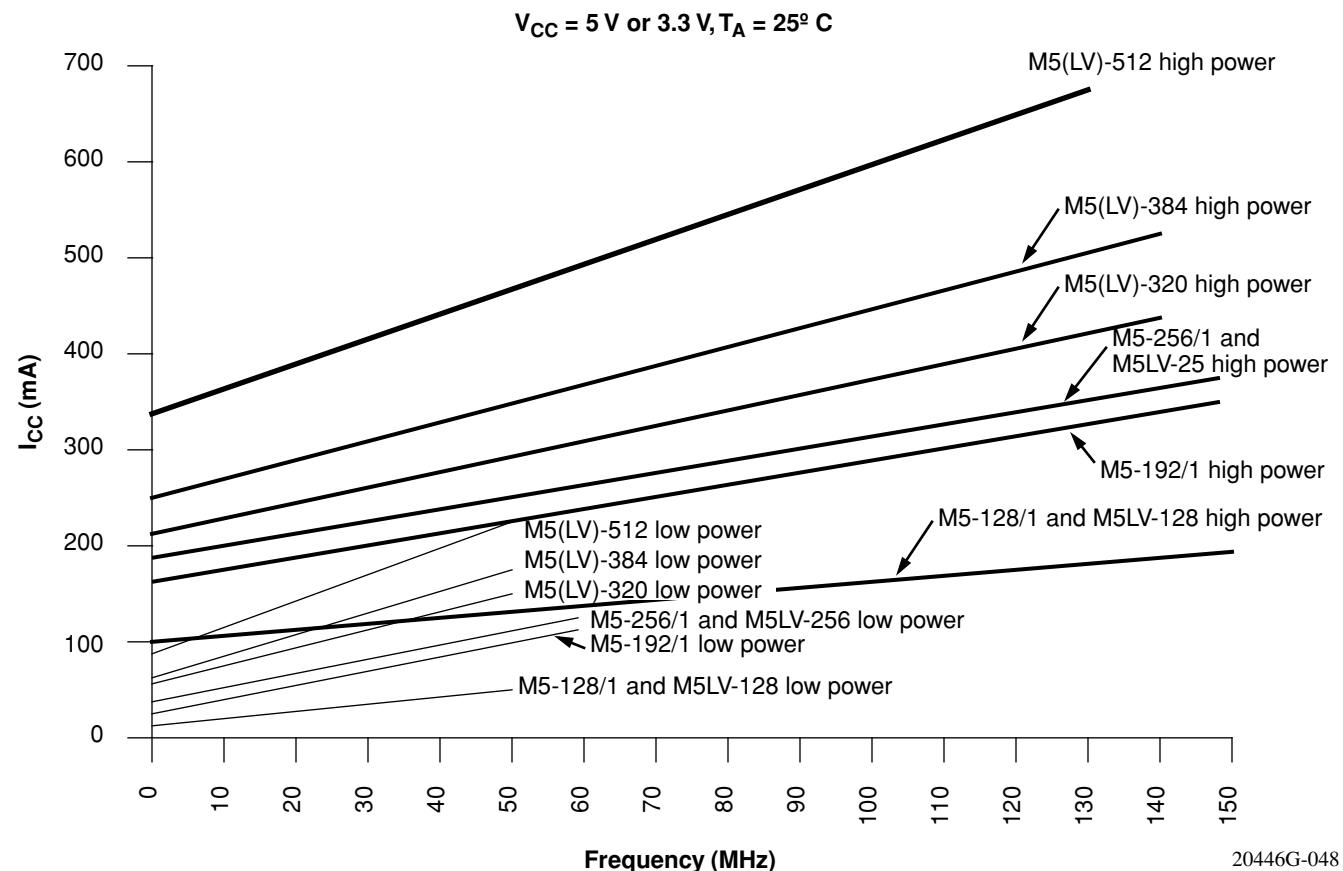


Figure 8. I_{CC} Curves at High/Low Power Modes

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

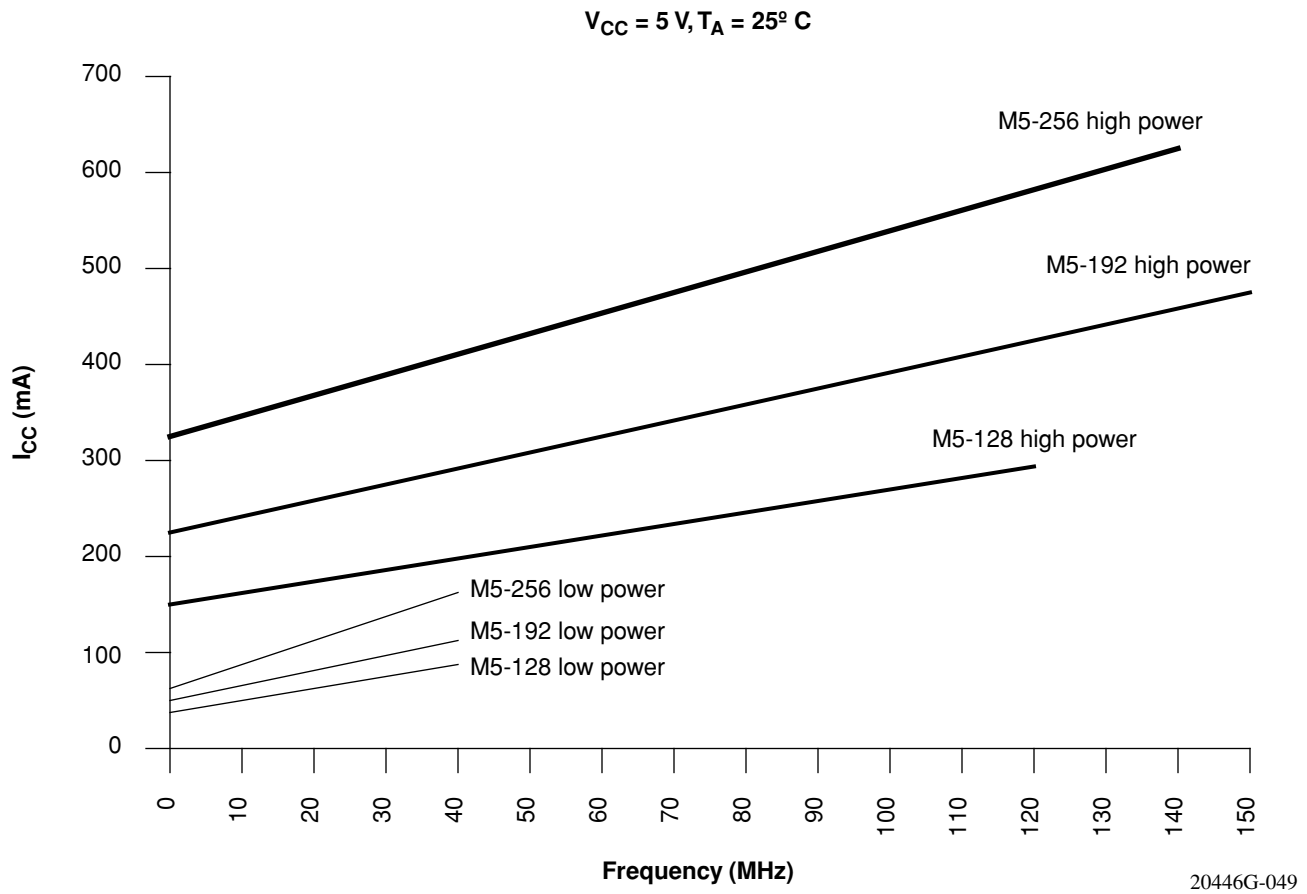


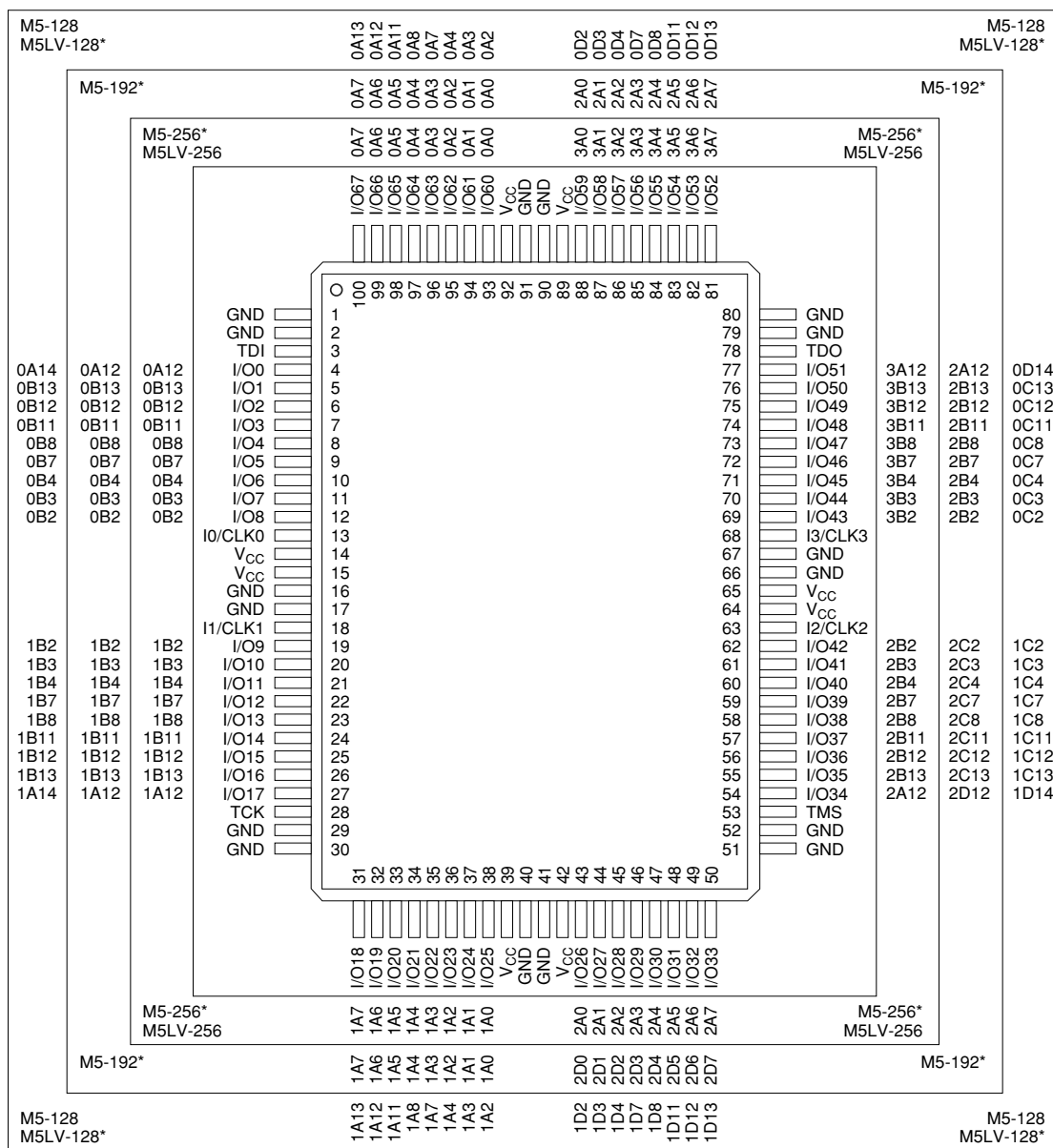
Figure 9. I_{CC} Curves at High/Low Power Modes

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

100-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Top View

100-Pin PQFP (68 I/O)



*Package obsolete, contact factory.

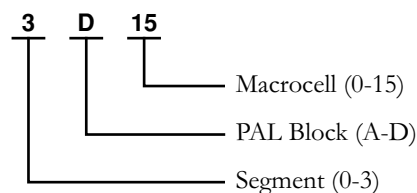
20446G-016

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

Pin Designations

CLK = Clock
GND = Ground
I = Input
I/O = Input/Output
NC = No Connect

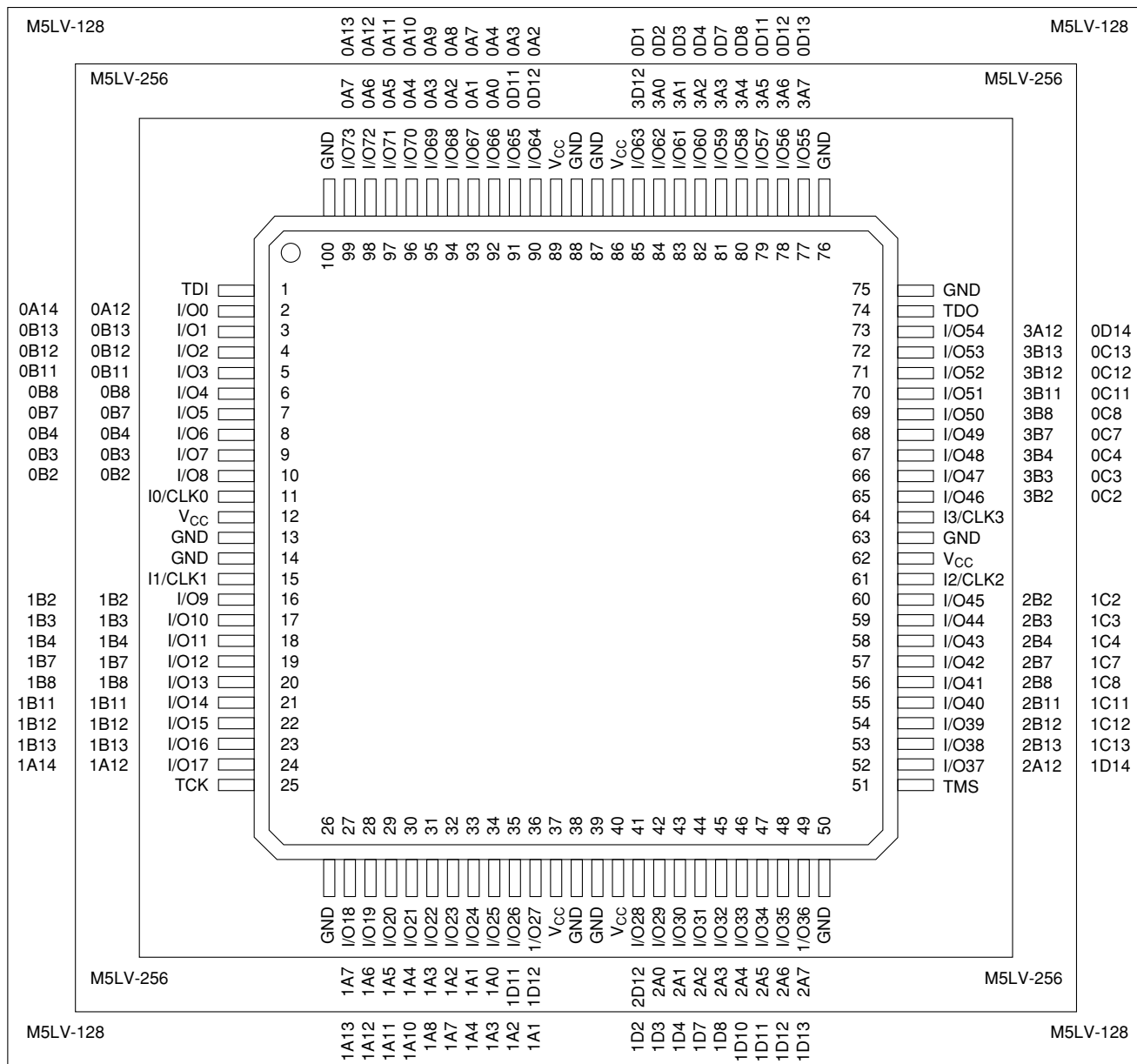
V_{CC} = Supply Voltage
TDI = Test Data In
TCK = Test Clock
TMS = Test Mode Select
TDO = Test Data Out



100-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM – 74 I/O

Top View

100-Pin TQFP (74 I/O)



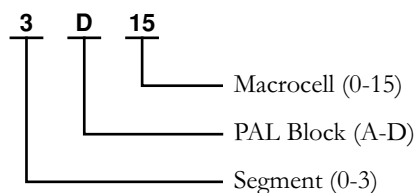
Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

20446G-018

Pin Designations

CLK = Clock
GND = Ground
I = Input
I/O = Input/Output
NC = No Connect

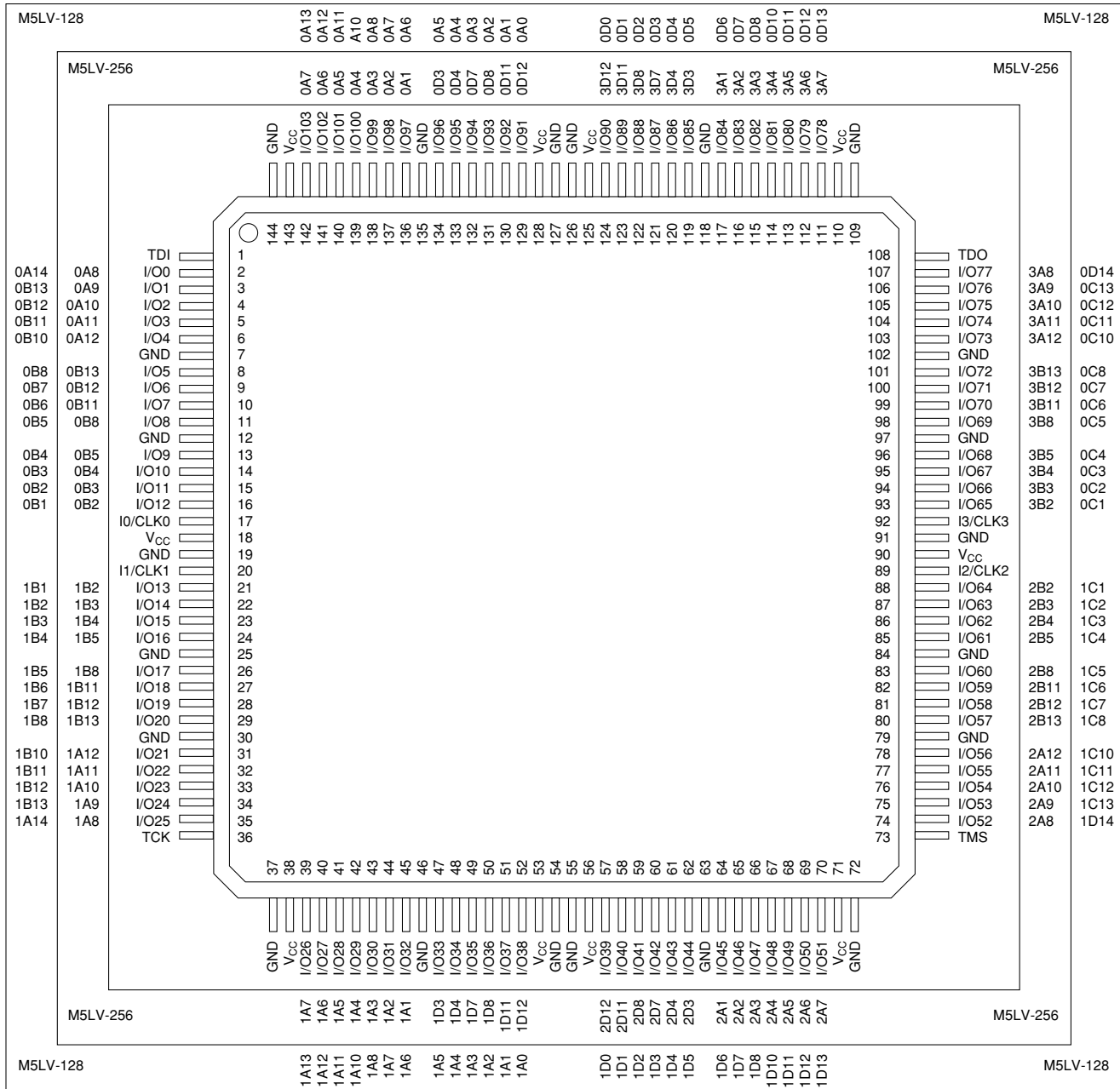
V_{CC} = Supply Voltage
TDI = Test Data In
TCK = Test Clock
TMS = Test Mode Select
TDO = Test Data Out



144-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Top View

144-Pin TQFP



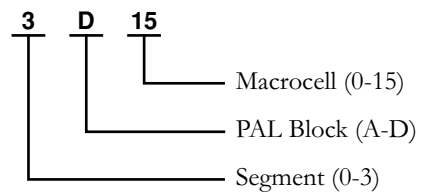
Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

20446G-020

Pin Designations

CLK = Clock
GND = Ground
I = Input
I/O = Input/Output
NC = No Connect

V_{CC} = Supply Voltage
TDI = Test Data In
TCK = Test Clock
TMS = Test Mode Select
TDO = Test Data Out

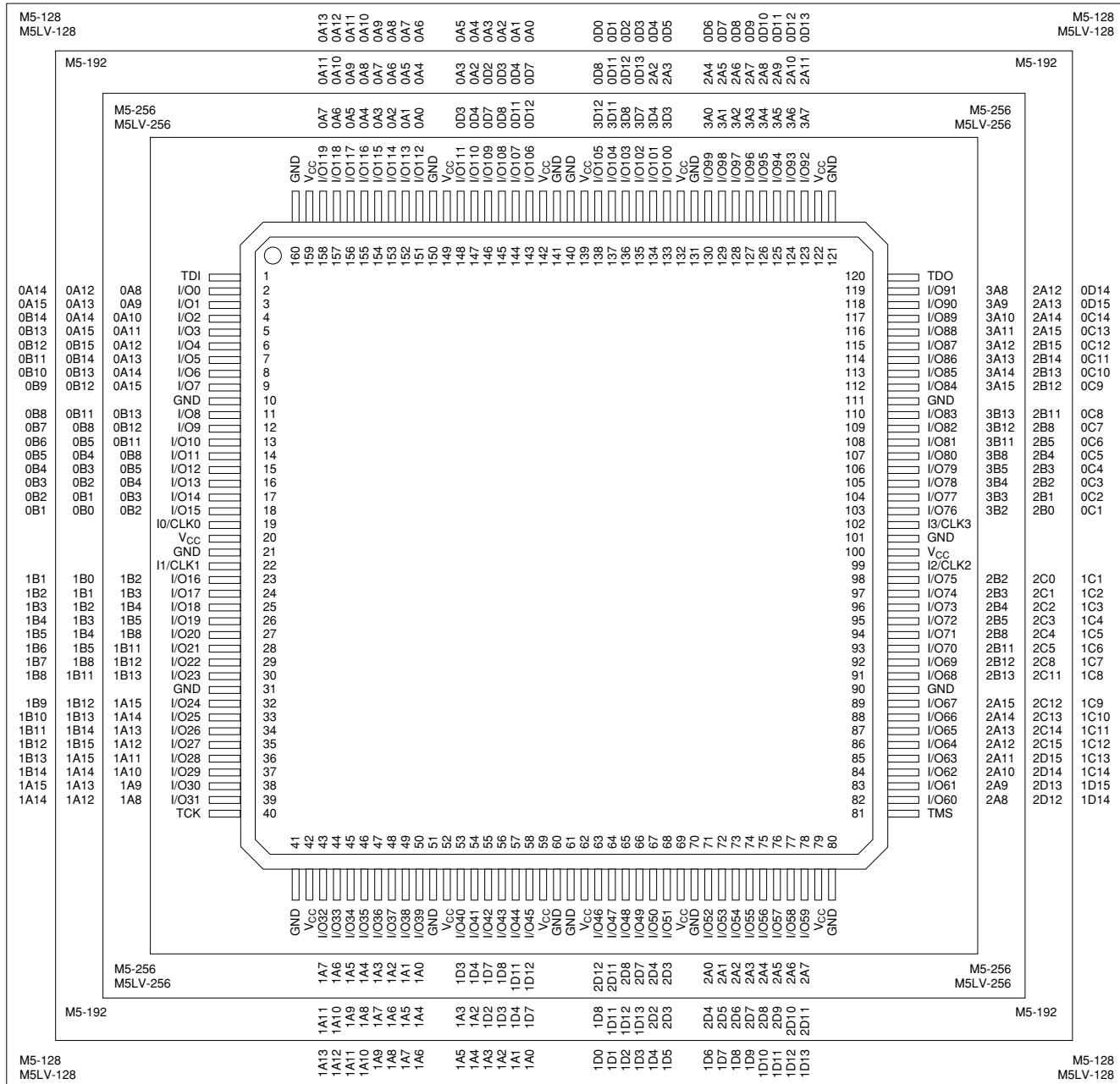


160-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Top View

160-Pin PQFP (128, 192, 256 Macrocells)

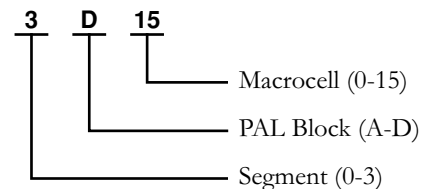
Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.



Pin Designations

CLK = Clock
GND = Ground
I = Input
I/O = Input/Output
NC = No Connect

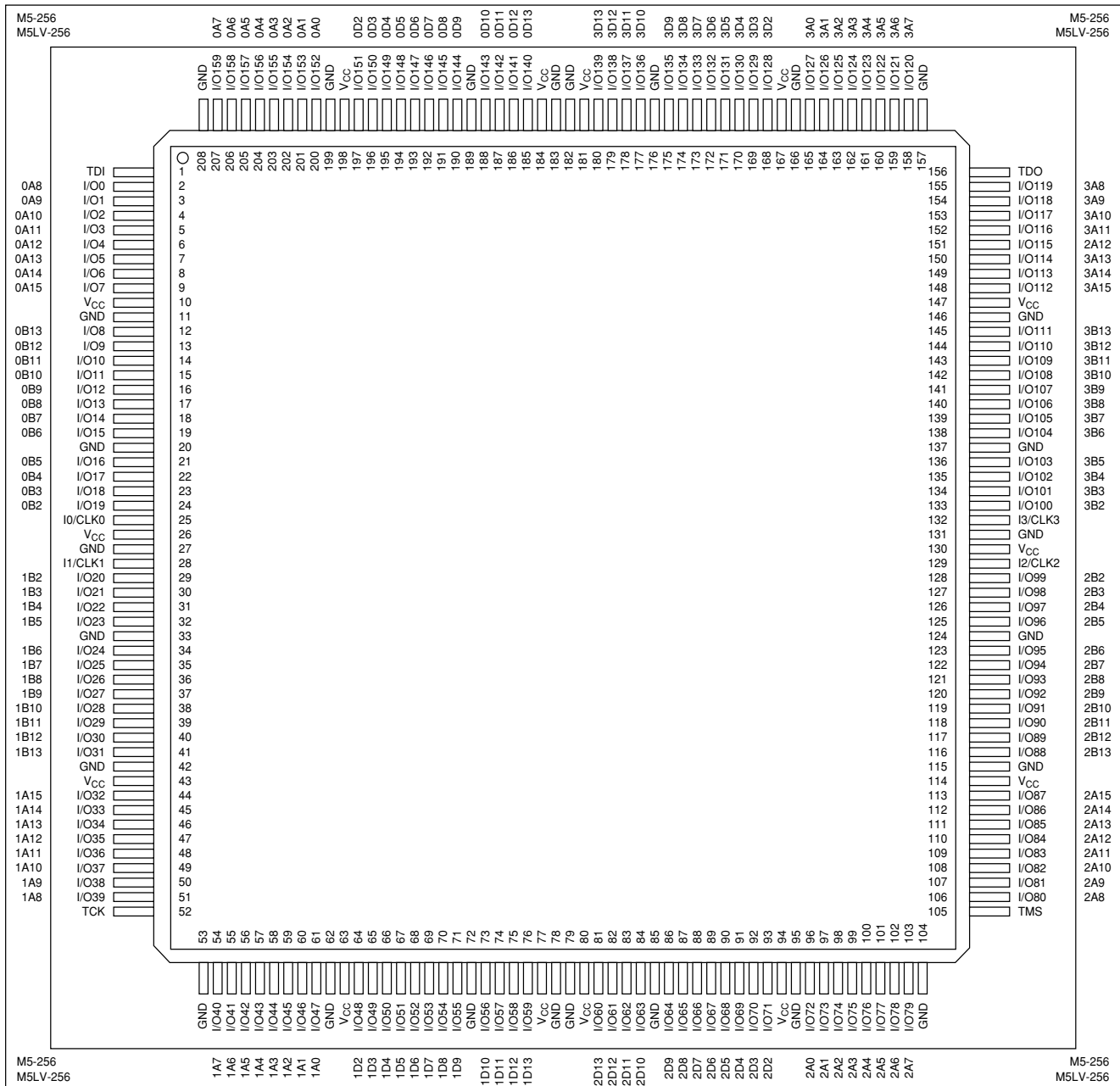
V_{CC} = Supply Voltage
TDI = Test Data In
TCK = Test Clock
TMS = Test Mode Select
TDO = Test Data Out



208-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Top View

208-Pin PQFP (256 Macrocells)

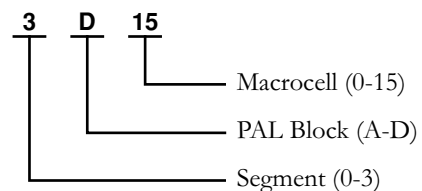


Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

20446G-023

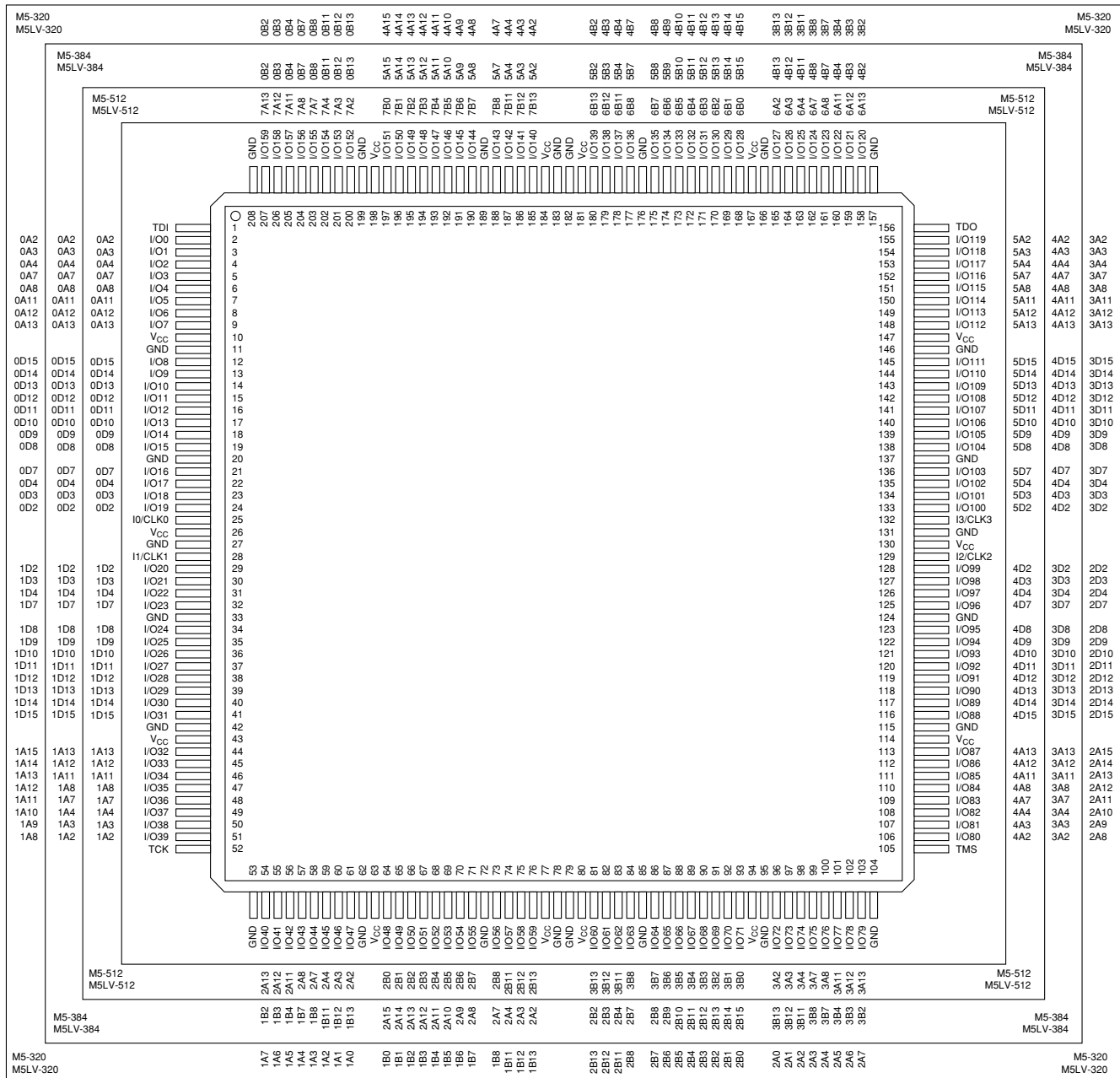
Pin Designations

CLK = Clock	VCC = Supply Voltage
GND = Ground	TDI = Test Data In
I = Input	TCK = Test Clock
I/O = Input/Output	TMS = Test Mode Select
NC = No Connect	TDO = Test Data Out



208-PIN PQFP (WITH INTERNAL HEAT SPREADER) CONNECTION DIAGRAM Top View

208-Pin PQFP (320, 384, 512 Macrocells)



Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

20446G-024

256-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM — M5-320

Bottom View (I/O Pin-outs)

256-Ball BGA

	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
A	GND	I/O11	GND	I/O44	I/O58	GND	I/O70	I/O76	GND	GND	GND	GND	I/O108	I/O116	GND	I/O128	I/O134	GND	GND	GND	A
B	GND	I/O12	I/O28	I/O45	I/O59	I/O64	I/O71	I/O77	I/O84	I/O90	I/O96	I/O102	I/O109	I/O117	I/O122	I/O129	I/O135	I/O148	I/O164	GND	B
C	I/O0	I/O13	V _{CC}	I/O46	I/O60	I/O65	I/O72	I/O78	I/O85	I/O91	I/O97	I/O103	I/O110	I/O118	I/O123	I/O130	I/O136	V _{CC}	I/O165	I/O181	C
D	I/O1	I/O14	I/O29	V _{CC}	V _{CC}	I/O66	V _{CC}	I/O79	I/O86	I/O92	I/O98	I/O104	I/O111	V _{CC}	I/O124	V _{CC}	V _{CC}	I/O149	I/O166	I/O182	D
E	I/O2	I/O15	I/O30	TDI													TDI	I/O150	I/O167	I/O183	E
F	GND	I/O16	I/O31	I/O47													I/O137	I/O151	I/O168	GND	F
G	I/O3	I/O17	I/O32	V _{CC}													V _{CC}	I/O152	I/O169	I/O184	G
H	GND	I/O18	I/O33	I/O48													I/O138	I/O153	I/O170	GND	H
J	I/O4	I/O19	I/O34	I/O49													I/O139	I/O154	I/O171	I/O185	J
K	GND	I/O20	I/O35	I/O50													I/O140	I/O155	I/O172	I/O186	K
L	I/O5	I/O21	I/O36	I/O51													I/O141	I/O156	I/O173	GND	L
M	I/O6	I/O22	I/O37	I/O52													I/O142	I/O157	I/O174	I/O187	M
N	GND	I/O23	I/O38	I/O53													I/O143	I/O158	I/O175	GND	N
P	I/O7	I/O24	I/O39	V _{CC}													V _{CC}	I/O159	I/O176	I/O188	P
R	GND	I/O25	I/O40	I/O54													I/O144	I/O160	I/O177	GND	R
T	I/O8	I/O26	I/O41	TCK													TMS	I/O161	I/O178	I/O189	T
U	I/O9	I/O27	I/O42	V _{CC}													V _{CC}	I/O162	I/O179	I/O190	U
V	I/O10	I/O28	V _{CC}	I/O55													I/O145	V _{CC}	I/O180	I/O191	V
W	GND	I/O29	I/O43	I/O56													I/O146	I/O163	I/O181	GND	W
Y	GND	I/O30	GND	I/O57													I/O147	GND	I/O182	I/O192	Y

Pin Designations

CLK	=	Clock
GND	=	Ground
I	=	Input
I/O	=	Input/Output
NC	=	No Connect
V _{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
TDI	=	Test Data In
TCK	=	Test Clock
TMS	=	Test Mode Select
TDO	=	Test Data Out

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

20446G-026

Bottom View (Macrocell Association)

352-Ball BGA

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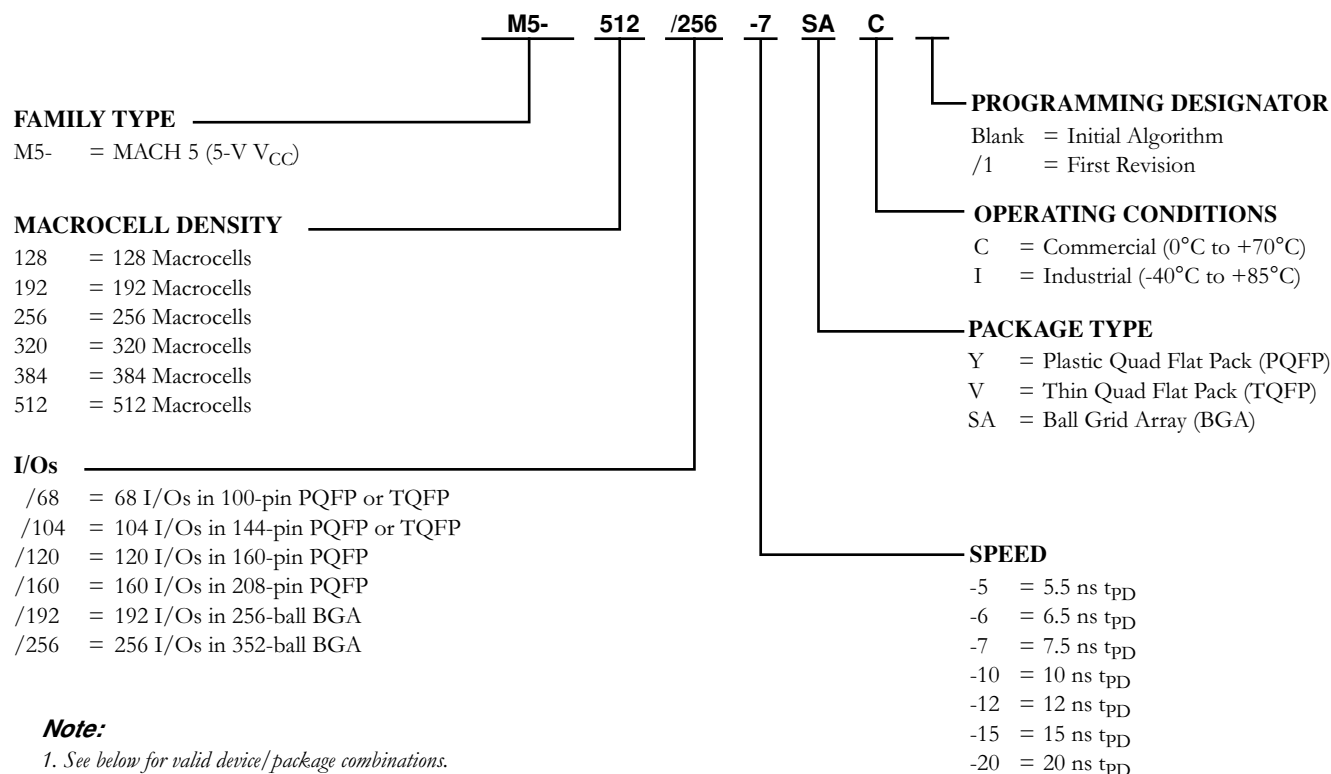
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**Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information for product status.**

5V M5 ORDERING INFORMATION^{1,2}

Lattice standard products are available in several packages and operating ranges. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of the elements below.



Note:

- See below for valid device/package combinations.
- M5-128/1, M5-192/1 and M5-256/1 recommended for new designs.

Valid Combinations		
M5-128/68	Commercial: -5, -7, -10, -12, -15 Industrial: -7, -10, -12, -15, -20	YC, VC, YI, VI
M5-128/104		YC ¹ , YI ¹
M5-128/120		YC, YI
M5-192/68		VC, VI
M5-192/120		YC, YI
M5-256/68		VC, VI
M5-256/120		YC, YI
M5-256/160		YC, YI

Device Marking

Actual device marking differs from the ordering part number (OPN). All MACH devices are dual-marked with both Commercial and Industrial grades. The Industrial grade is slower, i.e., M5-512/256-7AC-10AI.

1. M5-128/104-xxYC/1 and M5-128/104-xxYI/1 have been discontinued per PCN #06-07. Contact Rochester Electronics for available inventory.

Valid Combinations		
M5-320/160	Commercial: -6, -7, -10, -12, -15	YC, YI
M5-320/192		SAC, SAI
M5-384/160		YC, YI
M5-512/160	Industrial: -7, -10, -12, -15, -20	YC, YI
M5-512/256		SAC, SAI

Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local Lattice sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.