



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	7.5 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	-
Number of Macrocells	320
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	160
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/m5-320-160-7yi

and both the 3.3-V and the 5-V device versions are in-system programmable through an IEEE 1149.1 Test Access Port (TAP) interface.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The MACH 5 architecture consists of PAL blocks connected by two levels of interconnect. The **block interconnect** provides routing among 4 PAL blocks. This grouping of PAL blocks joined by the block interconnect is called a **segment**. The second level of interconnect, the **segment interconnect**, ties all of the segments together. The only logic difference between any two MACH 5 devices is the number of segments. Therefore, once a designer is familiar with one device, consistent performance can be expected across the entire family. All devices have four clock pins available which can also be used as logic inputs.



Figure 1. MACH 5 Block Diagram

20446G-001

The MACH 5 PAL blocks consist of the elements listed below (Figure 2). While each PAL block resembles an independent PAL device, it has superior control and logic generation capabilities.

- ◆ I/O cells
- ◆ Product-term array and Logic Allocator
- ◆ Macrocells
- ◆ Register control generator
- ◆ Output enable generator

I/O Cells

The I/Os associated with each PAL block have a path directly back to that PAL block called **local feedback**. If the I/O is used in another PAL block, the **interconnect feeder** assigns a **block interconnect** line to that signal. The interconnect feeder acts as an input switch matrix. The block and segment interconnects provide connections between any two signals in a device. The **block feeder** assigns block interconnect lines and local feedback lines to the PAL block inputs.

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.



20446G-002

Figure 2. PAL Block Structure

Product-Term Array and Logic Allocator

The product-term array uses the same sum-of-products architecture as PAL devices and consists of 32 inputs (plus their complements) and 64 product terms arranged in 16 **clusters**. A cluster is a sum-of-products function with either 3 or 4 product terms.

Logic allocators assign the clusters to macrocells. Each macrocell can accept up to eight clusters of three or four product terms, but a given cluster can only be steered to one macrocell (Table 4). If only three product terms in a cluster are steered, the fourth can be used as an input to an XOR gate for separate logic generation and/or polarity control.

The **wide logic allocator** is comprised of all 16 of the individual logic allocators and acts as an output switch matrix by reassigning logic to macrocells to retain pinout as designs change. The logic allocation scheme in the MACH 5 device allows for the implementation of large equations (up to 32 product terms) with only one pass through the logic array.

Table 4. Product Term Steering Options for PT Clusters and Macrocells

Macrocell	Available Clusters	Macrocell	Available Clusters
M ₀	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄	M ₈	C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂
M ₁	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅	M ₉	C ₆ , C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃
M ₂	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆	M ₁₀	C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄
M ₃	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇	M ₁₁	C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅
M ₄	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇	M ₁₂	C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅
M ₅	C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇ , C ₈	M ₁₃	C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅
M ₆	C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉	M ₁₄	C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅
M ₇	C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆ , C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀	M ₁₅	C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅

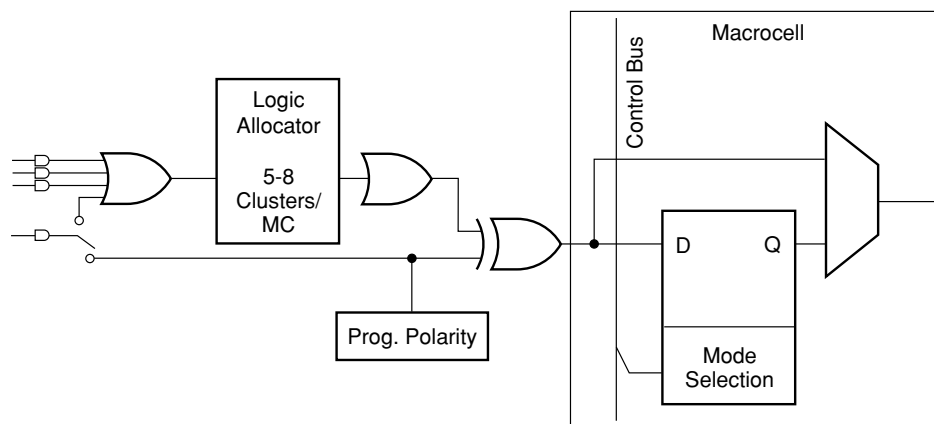
Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

Macrocells

The macrocells for MACH 5 devices consist of a storage element which can be configured for combinatorial, registered or latched operation (Figure 3). The D-type flip-flops can be configured as T-type, J-K, or S-R operation through the use of the XOR gate associated with each macrocell.

Each PAL block has the capability to provide two input registers by using macrocells 0 and 15. In order to use this option, these macrocells must be accessed via the I/O pins associated with macrocells 3 and 12, respectively. Once the macrocell is used as an input register, it cannot be used for logic, so its clusters can be re-directed through the logic allocator to another macrocell. The

I/O pins associated with macrocells 0 and 15 can still be used as input pins. Although the I/O pins for macrocells 3 and 12 are used to connect to the input registers, these macrocells can still be used as “buried” macrocells to drive device logic via the matrix.



20446G-003

Figure 3. Macrocell Diagram

Control Generator

The control generator provides four configurable clock lines and three configurable set/reset lines to each macrocell in a PAL block. Any of the four clock lines and any of the three set/reset lines can be independently selected by any flip-flop within a block. The clock lines can be configured to provide synchronous global (pin) clocks and asynchronous product term clocks, sum term clocks, and latch enables (Figure 4). Three of the four global clocks, as well as two product-term clocks and one sum-term clock, are available per PAL block. Positive or negative edge clocking is available as well as advanced clocking features such as **complementary** and **biphase** clocking. Complementary clocking provides two clock lines exactly 180 degrees out of phase, and is useful in applications such as fast data paths. A biphase clock line clocks flip-flops on both the positive and negative edges of the clock. The configuration options for the four clock lines per PAL block are as follows:

Clock Line 0 Options

- ◆ Global clock (0, 1, 2, or 3) with positive or negative edge clock enable
- ◆ Product-term clock ($A*B*C$)
- ◆ Sum-term clock ($A+B+C$)

Clock Line 1 Options

- ◆ Global clock (0, 1, 2, or 3) with positive edge clock enable
- ◆ Global clock (0, 1, 2, or 3) with negative edge clock enable

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

OE Generator

There is one output enable (OE) generator per PAL block that generates two product-term driven output enables. Each I/O cell is simply an output buffer. Each I/O cell within the PAL block can choose to be permanently enabled, permanently disabled, or choose one of the two product term output enables per PAL block (Figure 6).



Figure 6. Output Enable Generator and I/O Cell

20446G-006

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

MACH 5 TIMING MODEL

The primary focus of the MACH 5 timing model is to accurately represent the timing in a MACH 5 device, and at the same time, be easy to understand. This model accurately describes all combinatorial and registered paths through the device, making a distinction between **internal feedback** and **external feedback**. A signal uses internal feedback when it is fed back into the switch matrix or block without having to go through the output buffer. The input register specifications are also reported as internal feedback. When a signal is fed back into the switch matrix after having gone through the output buffer, it is using external feedback.

The parameter, t_{BUF} is defined as the time it takes to go through the output buffer to the I/O pad. If a signal goes to the internal feedback rather than to the I/O pad, the parameter designator is followed by an "i". By adding t_{BUF} to this internal parameter, the external parameter is derived. For example, $t_{PD} = t_{PDi} + t_{BUF}$. A diagram representing the modularized MACH 5 timing model is shown in Figure 7. Refer to the Technical Note entitled *MACH 5 Timing and High Speed Design* for a more detailed discussion about the timing parameters.

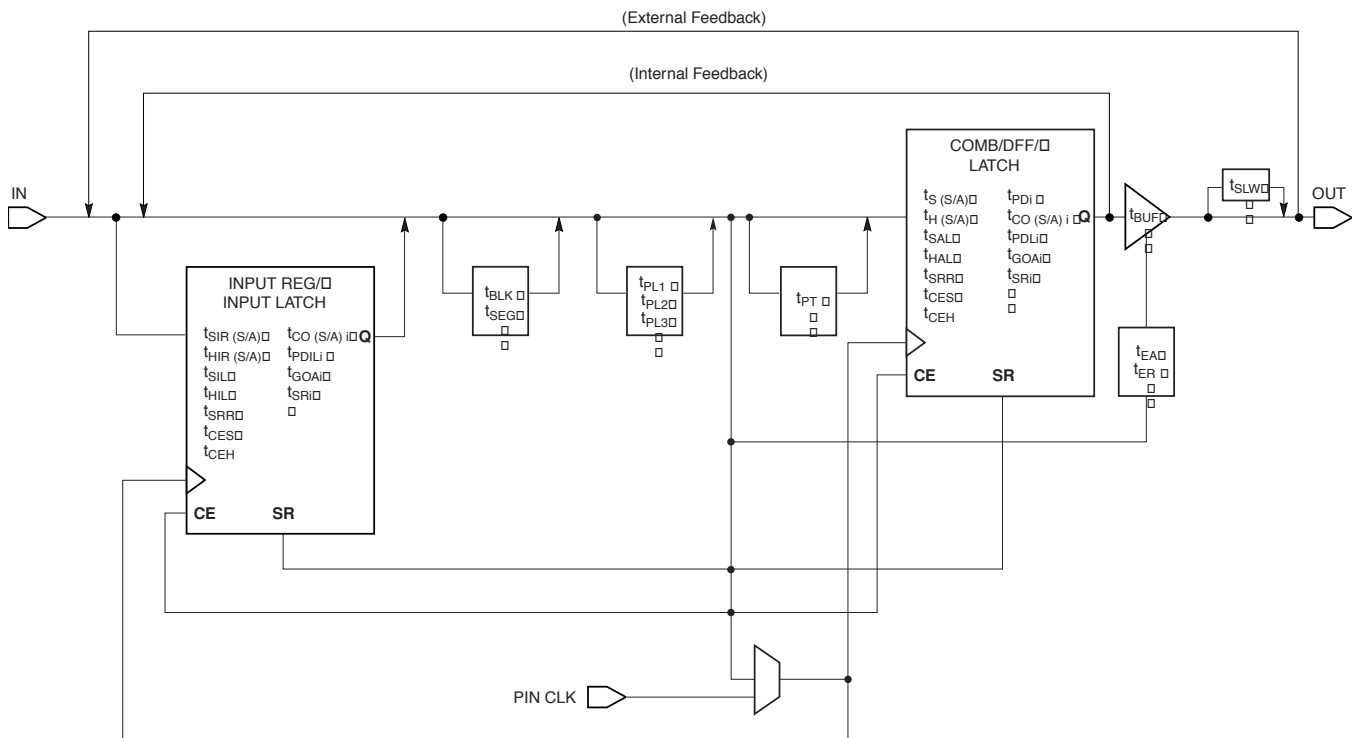


Figure 7. MACH 5 Timing Model

20446G-014

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

SAFE FOR MIXED SUPPLY VOLTAGE SYSTEM DESIGNS ¹

Both the 3.3-V and 5-V V_{CC} MACH 5 devices are safe for mixed supply voltage system designs. The 5-V devices will not overdrive 3.3-V devices above the output voltage of 3.3 V, while they accept inputs from other 3.3-V devices. The 3.3-V devices will accept inputs up to 5.5 V. Both the 3.3-V and 5-V versions have the same high-speed performance and provide easy-to-use mixed-voltage design capability.

Note:

1. Excludes original M5-128, M5-192, and M5-256 while M5-128/1, M3-192/1 and M5-256/1 are supported. Please refer to Application Note titled "Hot Socketing and Mixed Supply Design with MACH 4 and MACH 5 Devices".

BUS-FRIENDLY INPUTS AND I/OS

All MACH 5 devices have inputs and I/Os which feature the Bus-Friendly circuitry incorporating two inverters in series which loop back to the input. This double inversion weakly holds the input at its last driven logic state. While it is a good design practice to tie unused pins to a known state, the Bus-Friendly input structure pulls pins away from the input threshold voltage where noise can cause high-frequency switching. At power-up, the Bus-Friendly latches are reset to a logic level "1." For the circuit diagram, please refer to the document entitled *MACH Endurance Characteristics* on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.

POWER MANAGEMENT

There are 4 power/speed options in each MACH 5 PAL block (Table 5). The speed and power tradeoff can be tailored for each design. The signal speed paths in the lower-power PAL blocks will be slower than those in the higher-power PAL blocks. This feature allows speed critical paths to run at maximum frequency while the rest of the signal paths operate in a lower-power mode. In large designs, there may be several different speed requirements for different portions of the design.

Table 5. Power Levels

High Speed/High Power	100% Power
Medium High Speed/Medium High Power	67% Power
Medium Low Speed/Medium Low Power	40% Power
Low Speed/Low Power	20% Power

PROGRAMMABLE SLEW RATE

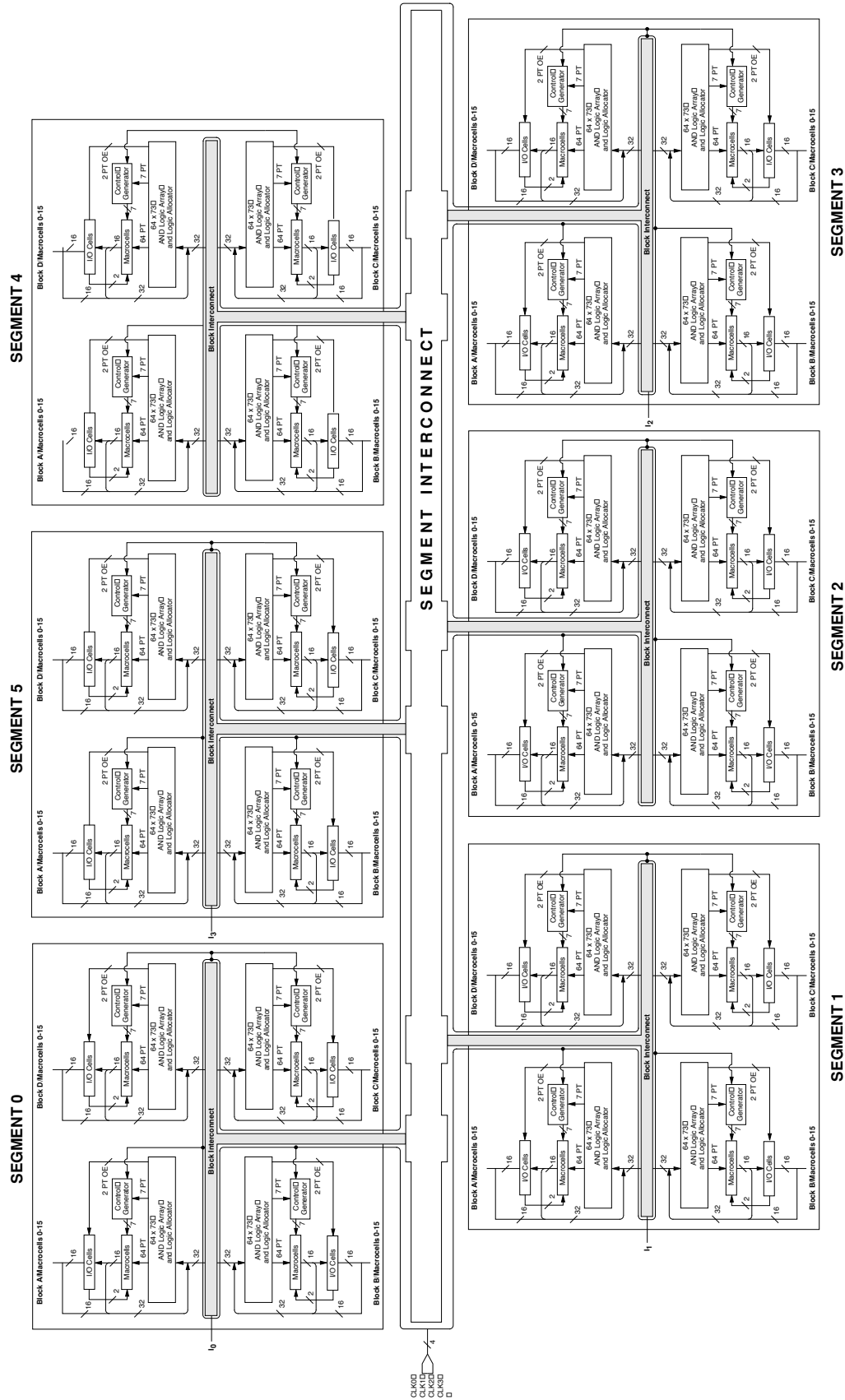
Each MACH 5 device I/O has an individually programmable output slew rate control bit. Each output can be individually configured for the higher speed transition (3 V/ns) or for the lower noise transition (1 V/ns). For high-speed designs with long, unterminated traces, the slow-slew rate will introduce fewer reflections, less noise, and keep ground bounce to a minimum. For designs with short traces or well terminated lines, the fast slew rate can be used to achieve the highest speed. The slew rate is adjusted independent of power.

POWER-UP RESET/SET

All flip-flops power up to a known state for predictable system initialization. If a macrocell is configured to SET on a signal from the control generator, then that macrocell will be SET during device power-up. If a macrocell is configured to RESET on a signal from the control generator or is not configured for set/reset, then that macrocell will RESET on power-up. To guarantee initialization values, the V_{CC} rise must be monotonic and the clock must be inactive until the reset delay time has elapsed.

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

BLOCK DIAGRAM — M5(LV)-384/XXX

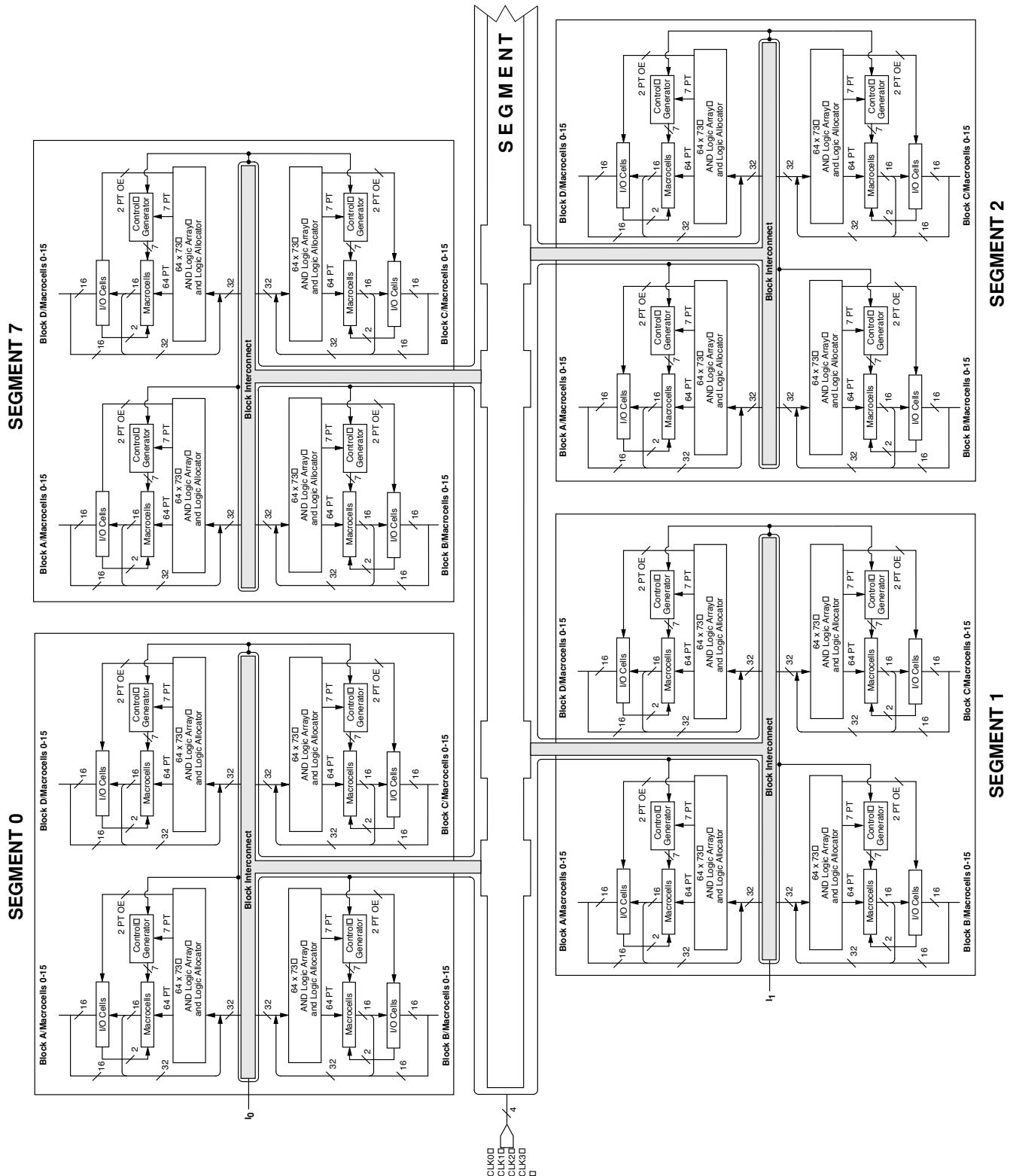


20446G-011

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

BLOCK DIAGRAM — M5(LV)-512/XXX

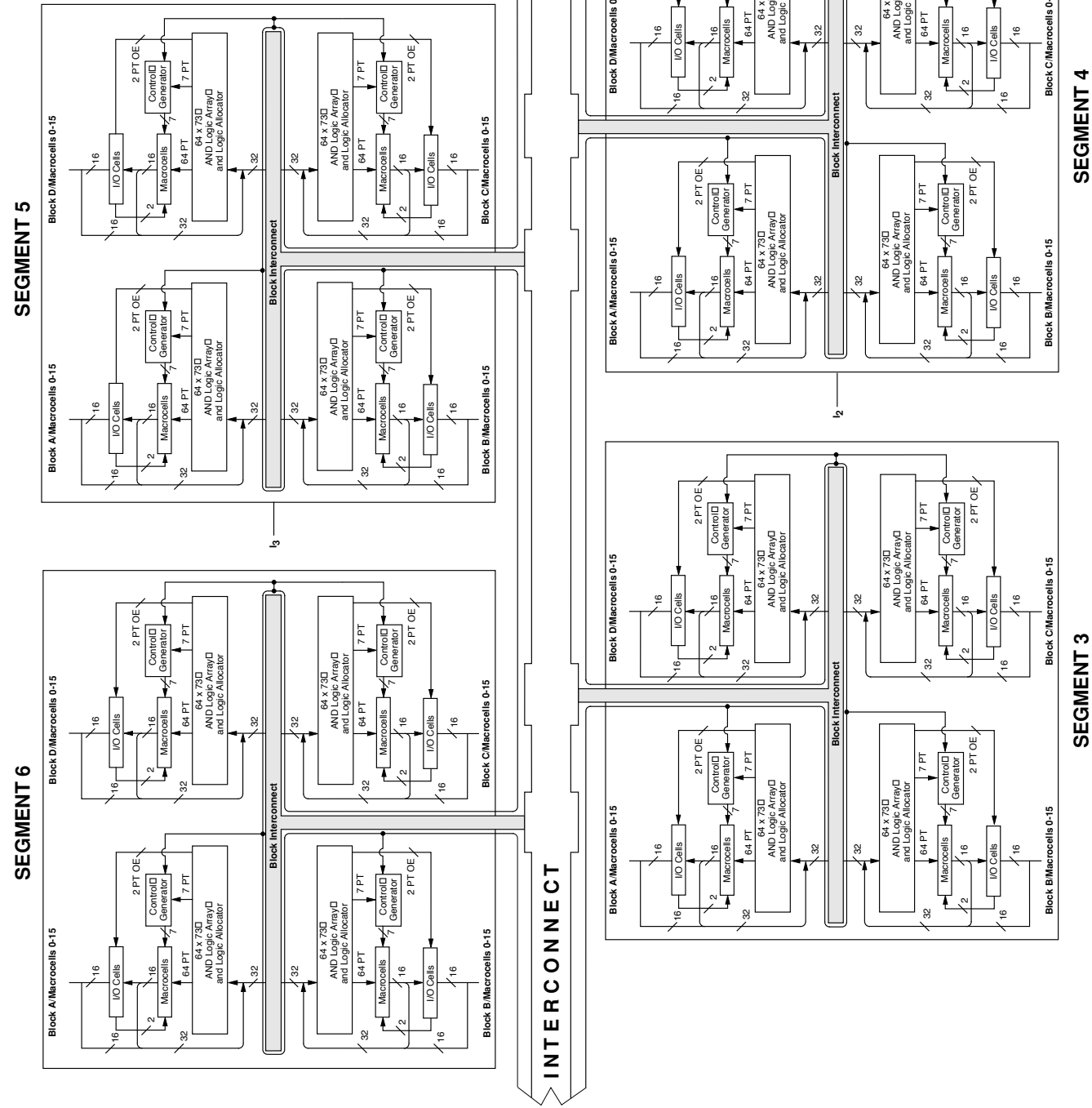
Continued



Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

20446G-012

BLOCK DIAGRAM — M5(LV)-512/XXX



Continued

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

20446G-013

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

M5LV

Storage Temperature. -65°C to +150°C
Device Junction Temperature. +130°C
Supply Voltage
with Respect to Ground. -0.5 V to +4.5 V
DC Input Voltage. -0.5 V to 5.5 V
Static Discharge Voltage. 2000 V
Latchup Current (-40°C to +85°C). 200 mA

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

OPERATING RANGES

Commercial (C) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
Operating in Free Air. 0°C to +70°C
Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
with Respect to Ground. +3.0 V to +3.6 V

Industrial (I) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
Operating in Free Air. -40°C to +85°C
Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
with Respect to Ground. +3.0 V to +3.6 V
Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

3.3-V DC CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGES

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Description		Min	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min}$	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V
		$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	$I_{OH} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$	2.4		V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min}$	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$		0.2	V
		$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	$I_{OL} = 16 \text{ mA (Note 1)}$		0.5	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	$V_{OUT} \geq V_{OH} \text{ Min or } V_{OUT} \leq V_{OL} \text{ Max (Note 2)}$		2.0	5.5	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	$V_{OUT} \geq V_{OH} \text{ Min or } V_{OUT} \leq V_{OL} \text{ Max (Note 2)}$		-0.3	0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 3.6, V_{CC} = \text{Max (Note 3)}$			10	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0, V_{CC} = \text{Max (Note 3)}$			-10	μA
I_{OZH}	Off-State Output Leakage Current HIGH	$V_{OUT} = 3.6, V_{CC} = \text{Max}, V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL} \text{ (Note 3)}$			10	μA
I_{OZL}	Off-State Output Leakage Current LOW	$V_{OUT} = 0, V_{CC} = \text{Max}, V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL} \text{ (Note 3)}$			-10	μA
I_{SC}	Output Short-Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0.5 V_{CC} = \text{Max}, V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL} \text{ (Note 4)}$		-15	-160	mA

Notes:

1. Total I_{OL} between ground pins should not exceed 64 mA.
2. These are absolute values with respect to device ground, and all overshoots due to system and/or tester noise are included.
3. I/O pin leakage is the worst case of I_{IL} and I_{OZL} or I_{IH} and I_{OZH} .
4. Not more than one output should be shorted at one time. Duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

M5(LV) TIMING PARAMETERS OVER OPERATING RANGES¹ (CONTINUED)

		-5		-6		-7		-10		-12		-15		-20		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Power Delays:																
t _{PL1}	Power level 1 delay (Note 2)		4.0 (5.0)		4.0		4.0 (5.0)		4.0 (5.0)		4.0 (5.0)		4.0 (5.0)		4.0 (5.0)	ns
t _{PL2}	Power level 2 delay (Note 2)		6.0 (9.0)		6.0		6.0 (9.0)		6.0 (9.0)		6.0 (9.0)		6.0 (9.0)		6.0 (9.0)	ns
t _{PL3}	Power level 3 delay (Note 2)		9.0 (17.5)		9.0		9.0 (17.5)		9.0 (17.5)		9.0 (17.5)		9.0 (17.5)		9.0 (17.5)	ns
Additional Cluster Delay:																
t _{PT}	Product term cluster delay		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3	ns
Interconnect Delays:																
t _{BLK}	Block interconnect delay		1.5		1.5		1.5		2.0		2.0		2.0		2.0	ns
t _{SEG}	Segment interconnect delay		4.5		4.5		5.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0	ns
Reset and Preset Delays:																
t _{SRI}	Asynchronous reset or preset to internal register output		6.0		8.0		8.0		10.0		12.0		14.0		16.0	ns
t _{SR}	Asynchronous reset or preset to register output		8.0		10.0		10.0		12.0		14.0		16.0		18.0	ns
t _{SRR}	Reset and set register recovery time	5.5		7.5		7.5		8.0		9.0		10.0		11.0		ns
t _{SRW}	Asynchronous reset or preset width	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
Clock Enable Delays:																
t _{CES}	Clock enable setup time	4.0		5.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t _{CEH}	Clock enable hold time	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		7.0		ns
Width:																
t _{WLS}	Global clock width low (Note 3)	2.5		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t _{WHS}	Global clock width high (Note 3)	2.5		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t _{WLA}	Product term clock width low	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t _{WHA}	Product term clock width high	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t _{GWA}	Gate width low (for low transparent) or high (for high transparent)	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t _{WIR}	Input register clock width low or high	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

M5(LV) TIMING PARAMETERS OVER OPERATING RANGES¹ (CONTINUED)

		-5		-6		-7		-10		-12		-15		-20		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Frequency:																
f _{MAX}	External feedback, PAL block level. Min of 1/(t _{WLS} + t _{WHS}) or 1/(t _{SS} + t _{COS})	133		125		100		83.3		71.4		55.6		45.5		MHz
	Internal feedback, PAL block level. Min of 1/(t _{WLS} + t _{WHS}) or 1/(t _{SS} + t _{COSi})	182		167		125		100		83.3		62.5		50.0		MHz
	No feedback PAL block level. Min of 1/(t _{WLS} + t _{WHS}) or 1/(t _{SS} + t _{HS})	200		167		167		125		100		83.3		83.3		MHz
f _{MAXA}	External feedback, PAL block level. Min of 1/(t _{WLA} + t _{WHA}) or 1/(t _{SA} + t _{COA})	91		91		71.4		58.8		47.6		41.7		35.7		MHz
	Internal feedback, PAL block level. Min of 1/(t _{WLA} + t _{WHA}) or 1/(t _{SA} + t _{COAi})	111		111		83.3		66.7		52.6		45.5		38.5		MHz
	No feedback, PAL block level. Min of 1/(t _{WLA} + t _{WHA}) or 1/(t _{SA} + t _{HA})	167		125		125		100		83.3		71.4		62.5		MHz
f _{MAXI}	Maximum input register frequency 1/(t _{SIRS} + t _{HIRS}) or 1/(2 x t _{WICW})	167		125		125		100		83.3		71.4		62.5		MHz

Notes:

1. See "MACH Switching Test Circuits" documentation on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.
2. Numbers in parentheses are for M5-128, M5-192, M5-256.
3. If a signal is used as both a clock and a logic array input, then the maximum input frequency applies ($f_{MAX}/2$).

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

CAPACITANCE¹

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test conditions		Typ	Unit
C_{IN}	I/CLK pin	$V_{IN} = 2.0\text{ V}$	3.3 V or 5 V, 25° C, 1 MHz	12	pF
$C_{I/O}$	I/O pin	$V_{OUT} = 2.0\text{ V}$	3.3 V or 5 V, 25° C, 1 MHz	10	pF

1. These parameters are not 100% tested, but are calculated at initial characterization and at any time the design is modified where these parameters may be affected.

I_{CC} vs. FREQUENCY

These curves represent the typical power consumption for a particular device at system frequency. The selected “typical” pattern is a 16-bit up-down counter. This pattern fills the device and exercises every macrocell. Maximum frequency shown uses internal feedback and a D-type register. Power/Speed are optimized to obtain the highest counter frequency and the lowest power. The highest frequency (LSBs) is placed in common PAL blocks, which are set to high power. The lowest frequency signals (MSBs) are placed in a common PAL block and set to lowest power. For a more detailed discussion about MACH 5 power consumption, refer to the application note entitled *MACH 5 Power* in the Application Notes section on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.

I_{CC} CURVES AT HIGH /LOW POWER MODES

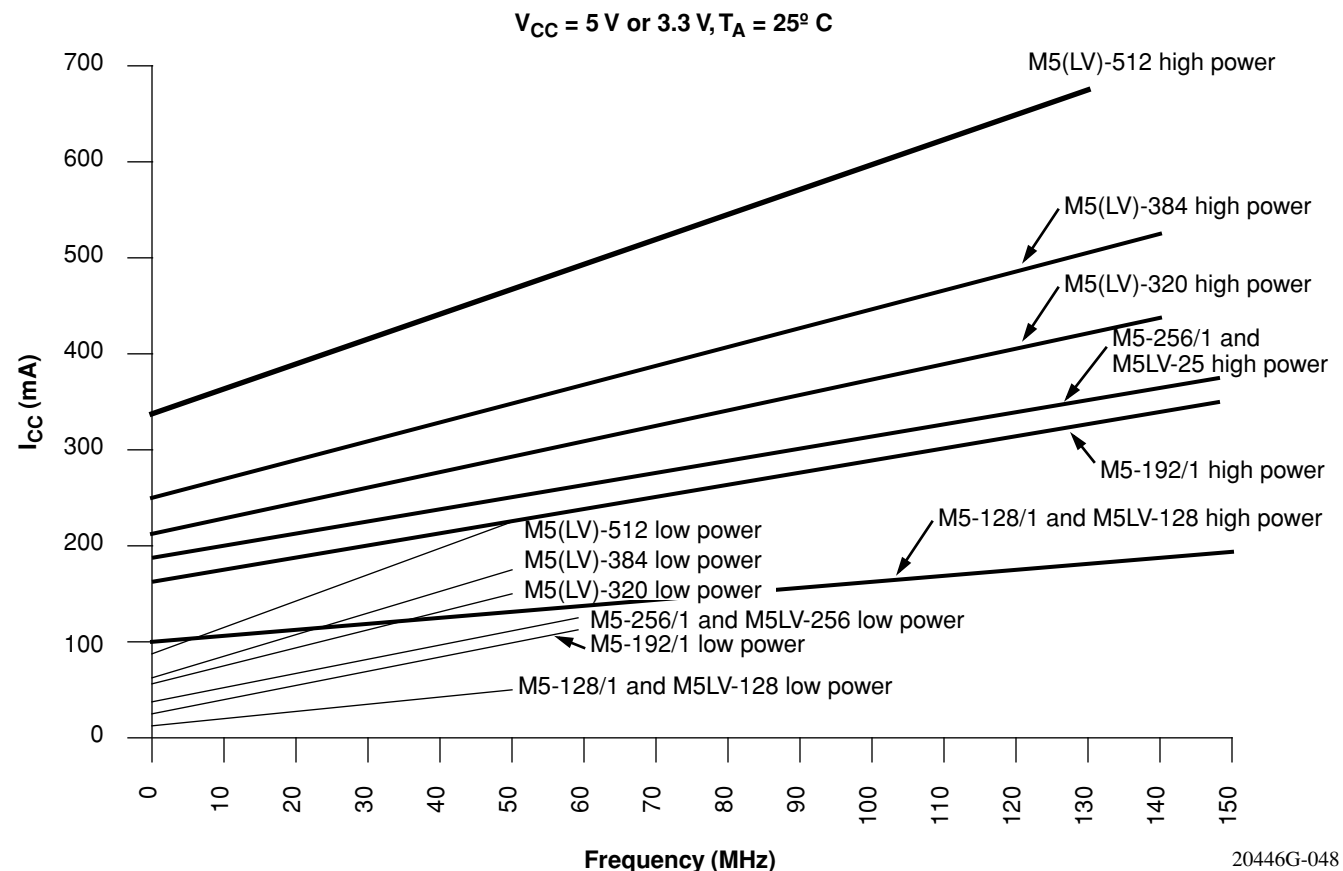


Figure 8. I_{CC} Curves at High/Low Power Modes

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

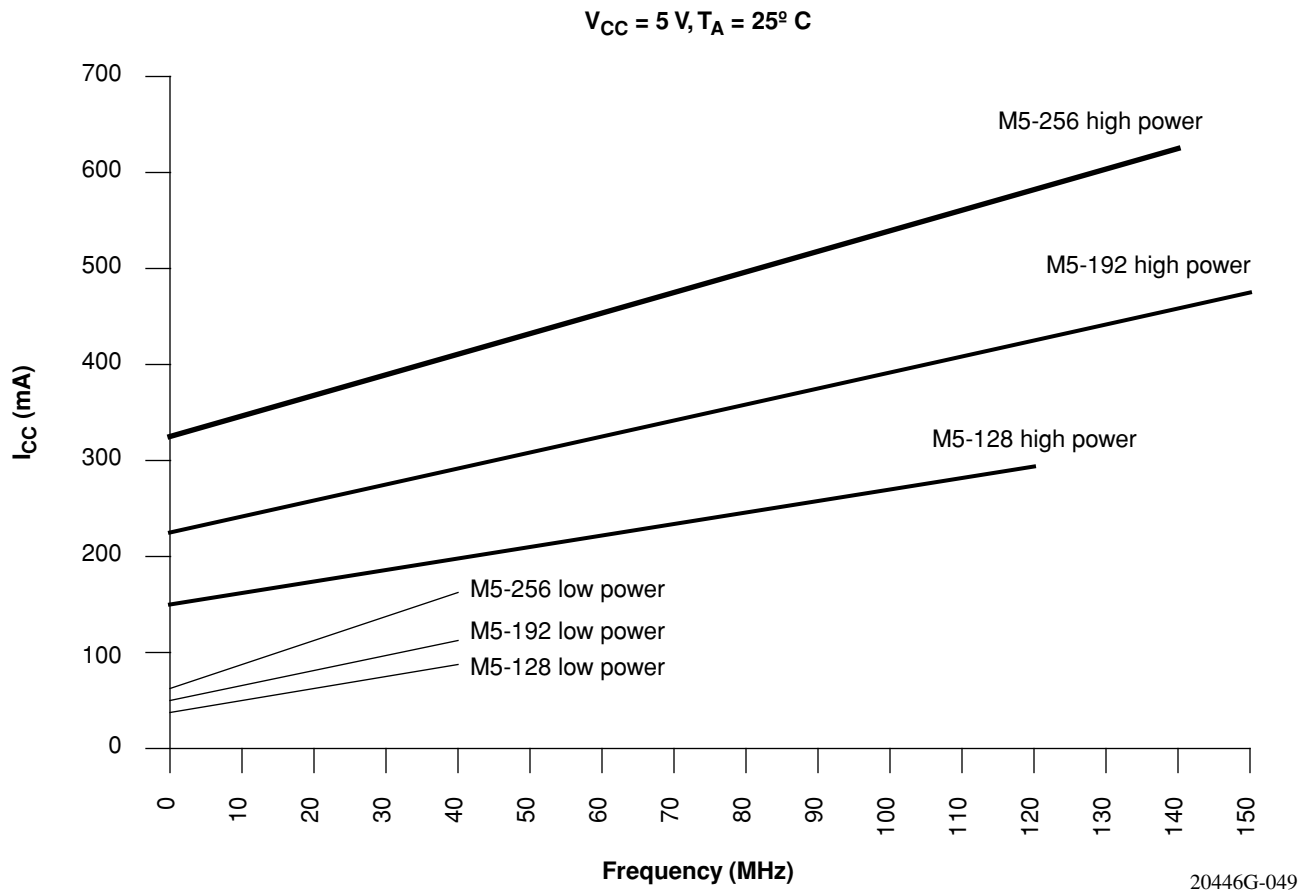


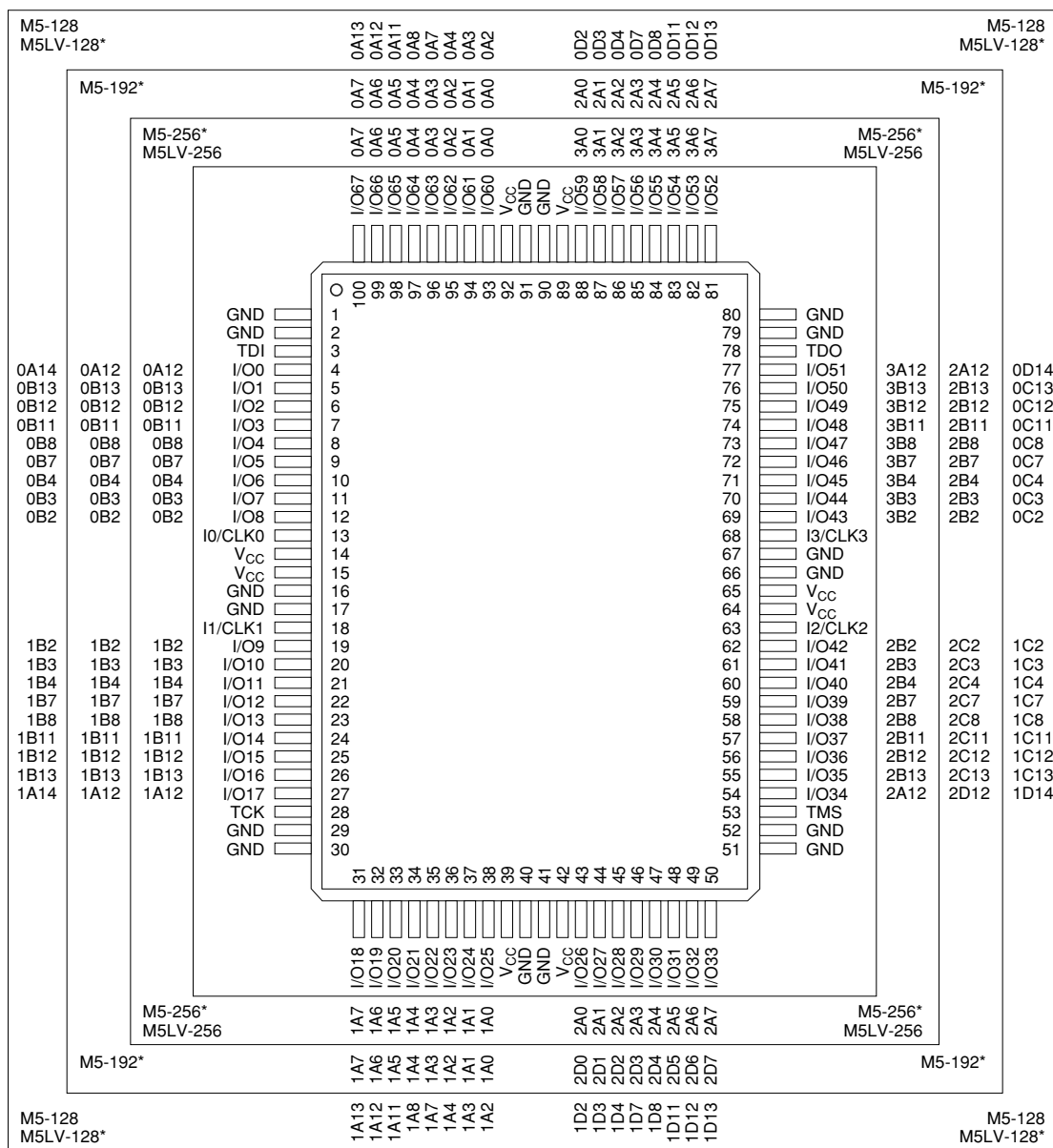
Figure 9. I_{CC} Curves at High/Low Power Modes

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

100-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Top View

100-Pin PQFP (68 I/O)



*Package obsolete, contact factory.

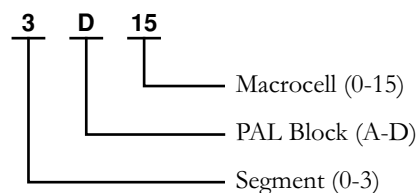
20446G-016

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

Pin Designations

CLK = Clock
GND = Ground
I = Input
I/O = Input/Output
NC = No Connect

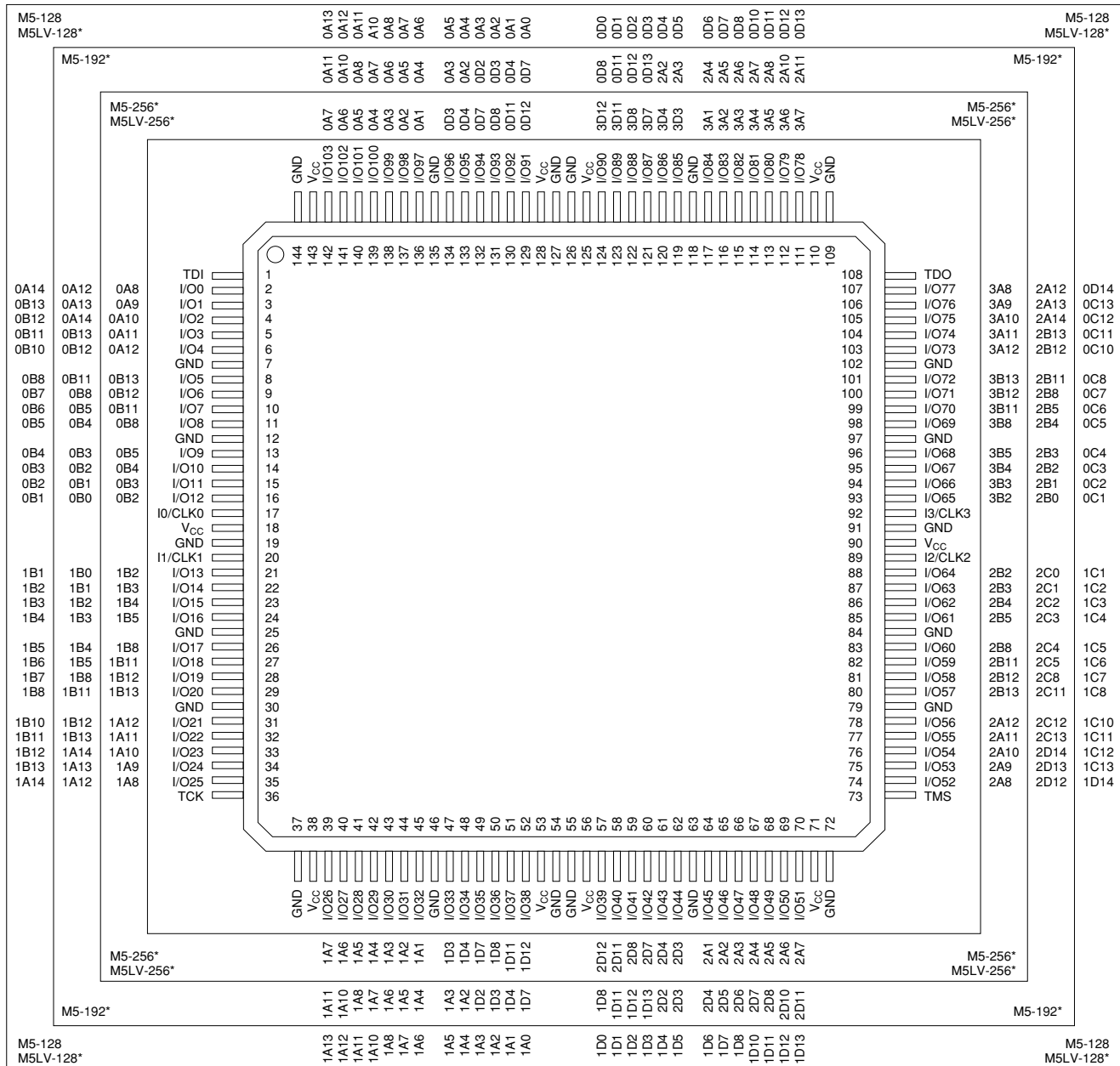
V_{CC} = Supply Voltage
TDI = Test Data In
TCK = Test Clock
TMS = Test Mode Select
TDO = Test Data Out



144-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Top View

144-Pin PQFP



Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

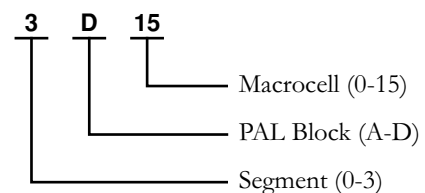
*Package obsolete, contact factory.

20446G-019

Pin Designations

CLK = Clock
GND = Ground
I = Input
I/O = Input/Output
NC = No Connect

V_{CC} = Supply Voltage
TDI = Test Data In
TCK = Test Clock
TMS = Test Mode Select
TDO = Test Data Out



256-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM — M5-320

Bottom View (Macrocell Association)

256-Ball BGA

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	V	W	Y				
1	GND	GND	3A11	3D15	3D12	GND	3D7	GND	3D3	3D2	GND	2D2	GND	2D7	GND	2D10	2D13	2D15	GND	GND	1			
2	GND	3B2	3A3	3A8	3A13	3D13	3D9	3D8	3D4	I3/CLK3	I2/CLK2	2D3	2D4	2D8	2D12	2A15	2A13	2A12	2A9	2A7	2			
3	GND	3B8	V _{CC}	3A2	3A4	3A12	3D14	3D10	3D5	3D0	2D0	2D5	2D9	2D14	2A14	2A10	2A8	V _{CC}	2A3	GND	3			
4	3B13	3B11	3B3	V _{CC}	TDO	3A7	V _{CC}	3D11	3D6	3D1	2D1	2D6	2D11	V _{CC}	2A11	TMS	V _{CC}	2A6	2A2	2A0	4			
5	4B14	4B15	3B4	V _{CC}	Pin Designations CLK = Clock GND = Ground I = Input I/O = Input/Output NC = No Connect V_{CC} = Supply Voltage TDI = Test Data In TCK = Test Clock TMS = Test Mode Select TDO = Test Data Out 4 D 15 Macrocell (0-15) PAL Block (A-D) Segment (0-4)	GND	4B8	4B4	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	4A4	4A8	4A14	GND	4A11	4A15	0B4	V _{CC}	0B7	V _{CC}	5
6	GND	4B11	3B12	3B7		V _{CC}	4B10	4B13	4B9	4B12	2B3	2B8	2B13	1B13	1B8	1B3	V _{CC}	1A4	V _{CC}	1B1	1B0	6		
7	4B8	4B10	4B13	V _{CC}		V _{CC}	2B2	2B5	2B9	2B11	2B6	2B10	2B14	1B14	1B10	1B6	1B2	1A1	1A5	1B1	1A6	7		
8	4B4	4B6	4B9	4B12		2B3	2B6	2B9	2B11	2B7	2B8	2B10	2B12	1B12	1B15	1B9	1B5	1B4	1B0	1A2	1A3	8		
9	GND	4B3	4B5	4B7		2B8	2B10	2B12	GND	2B7	2B13	2B14	2B15	GND	1B11	1B7	GND	GND	1A7	GND	1A0	9		
10	GND	4B0	4B1	4B2		2B13	2B14	2B15	GND	2B11	1B13	1B14	1B15	GND	1B12	1B8	1B4	1A4	1A8	1A1	1A5	10		
11	GND	4A0	4A1	4A2		1B13	1B14	1B15	GND	2B11	1B13	1B14	1B15	GND	1B12	1B8	1B4	1A4	1A8	1A1	1A5	11		
12	GND	4A3	4A5	4A7		1B8	1B10	1B12	GND	2B11	1B13	1B14	1B15	GND	1B12	1B8	1B4	1A4	1A8	1A1	1A5	12		
13	4A4	4A6	4A9	4A12		1B3	1B6	1B9	1B11	2B11	1B13	1B14	1B15	GND	1B12	1B8	1B4	1A4	1A8	1A1	1A5	13		
14	4A8	4A10	4A13	V _{CC}		V _{CC}	1B2	1B5	1B7	2B11	1B13	1B14	1B15	GND	1B12	1B8	1B4	1A4	1A8	1A1	1A5	14		
15	GND	4A11	0B12	0B7		V _{CC}	1B2	1B5	1B7	2B11	1B13	1B14	1B15	GND	1B12	1B8	1B4	1A4	1A8	1A1	1A5	15		
16	4A14	4A15	0B4	V _{CC}		V _{CC}	1B2	1B5	1B7	2B11	1B13	1B14	1B15	GND	1B12	1B8	1B4	1A4	1A8	1A1	1A5	16		
17	0B13	0B11	0B3	V _{CC}	TDI	0A7	V _{CC}	0D11	0D6	0D1	1D1	1D6	1D11	V _{CC}	1A11	TCK	V _{CC}	1A6	1A2	1A0	17			
18	GND	0B8	V _{CC}	0A2	0A4	0A12	0D14	0D9	0D5	0D0	1D0	1D5	1D10	1D14	1A14	1A10	1A8	V _{CC}	1A3	GND	18			
19	0B2	0A3	0A8	0A11	0A13	0D12	0D8	0D4	0D3	I0/CLK0	I1/CLK1	1D4	1D8	1D9	1D13	1A15	1A12	1A9	1A7	GND	19			
20	GND	GND	0D15	0D13	0D10	GND	0D7	GND	0D2	GND	1D2	1D3	GND	1D7	GND	1D12	1D15	1A13	GND	GND	20			

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

352-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM — M5-512, M5LV-512

Bottom View (I/O Pin-outs)

352-Ball BGA

		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	V	W	Y	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF				
A	NC	NC	NC	NC	GND	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	1		
B	NC	NC	NC	NC	GND	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	2		
C	GND	I/O11	TDI	I/O12	I/O53	I/O69	I/O75	I/O82	I/O89	I/O96	I/O103	I/O108	I/O116	I/O123	I/O136	I/O144	I/O151	I/O158	I/O164	I/O170	I/O177	I/O184							3		
D	I/O0	I/O12	I/O32	V _{CC}	I/O70	I/O76	I/O77	I/O83	I/O90	V _{CC}	I/O104	I/O109	I/O117	V _{CC}	I/O131	I/O137	I/O145	V _{CC}	I/O159	I/O165	I/O171	I/O178	V _{CC}						4		
E	NC	I/O13	I/O33	I/O54																								5			
F	GND	I/O14	I/O34	I/O55																									6		
G	I/O1	I/O15	I/O35	V _{CC}																									7		
H	I/O2	I/O16	I/O36	I/O56															V _{CC}	I/O209	I/O228	I/O246							8		
J	GND	I/O17	I/O37	V _{CC}															I/O192	I/O210	I/O229	I/O247							9		
K	I/O3	I/O18	I/O38	I/O57															V _{CC}	I/O211	I/O230	GND							10		
L	I/O4	I/O19	I/O39	I/O58															I/O193	I/O212	I/O231	I/O248							11		
M	I/O5	I/O20	I/O40	I/O59															I/O194	I/O213	I/O232	I/O249							12		
N	GND	I/O21	I/O41	V _{CC}															I/O195	I/O214	I/O233	I/O250							13		
P	I1/CLK1	I/O22	I/O42	I/O60															V _{CC}	I/O215	I/O234	GND							14		
R	I/O6	I/O23	I/O42	I/O61															I/O196	I/O216	I/O235	I/O250							15		
T	I/O7	I/O24	I/O43	I/O62															I/O197	I/O217	I/O236	I/O251							16		
U	GND	I/O25	I/O44	V _{CC}															I/O198	I/O218	I/O237	I/O252							17		
V	I/O8	I/O26	I/O45	I/O63															V _{CC}	I/O219	I/O238	GND							18		
W	I/O9	I/O27	I/O46	V _{CC}															I/O199	I/O220	I/O239	I/O253							19		
Y	GND	I/O28	I/O47	I/O64															V _{CC}	I/O221	I/O240	I/O254							20		
AA	I/O10	I/O29	I/O48	I/O65															I/O200	I/O222	I/O241	GND							21		
AB	NC	I/O30	I/O49	I/O66															I/O201	I/O223	I/O242	NC							22		
AC	GND	I/O31	I/O50	TCK															V _{CC}	I/O224	I/O243	I/O255							23		
AD	NC	NC	NC	NC															I/O202	TMS	I/O244	GND							24		
AE	NC	NC	GND	I/O67															I/O203	NC	GND	NC							25		
AF	NC	NC	GND	NC															I/O204	NC	GND	NC							26		

Pin Designations

CLK	=	Clock
GND	=	Ground
I	=	Input
I/O	=	Input/Output
NC	=	No Connect
V _{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
TDI	=	Test Data In
TCK	=	Test Clock
TMS	=	Test Mode Select
TDO	=	Test Data Out

20446G-030

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

352-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM — M5-512, M5LV-512

Bottom View (Macrocell Association)

352-Ball BGA

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	V	W	Y	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	
1	NC	NC	NC	GND	5A0	5A3	5A6	V _{CC}	5A11	V _{CC}	5D12	5D7	5D2	V _{CC}	4D3	4D8	4D12	V _{CC}	4A11	V _{CC}	4A4	4A0	V _{CC}	3A14	3A15	3A13	3A12
2	NC	NC	NC	5A2	5A5	5A9	5A14	5A15	5D13	5D10	5D8	5D4	5D1	4D0	4D2	4D6	4D10	4D13	4A15	4A12	4A9	4A8	4A3	4A1	GND	NC	NC
3	GND	GND	NC	5A1	5A4	5A7	5A8	5A10	5A13	5D14	5D9	5D5	5D1	I ₂ /CLK ₂	4D4	4D7	4D11	4D14	4A14	4A10	4A7	4A5	4A2	TMS	NC	NC	NC
4	NC	6A14	NC	TDO	5A0	5A3	5A6	V _{CC}	5A11	V _{CC}	5D12	5D7	5D2	V _{CC}	4D3	4D8	4D12	V _{CC}	4A11	V _{CC}	4A4	4A0	V _{CC}	3A14	3A15	3A13	3A12
5	GND	6A12	6A13	V _{CC}	Pin Designations CLK = Clock GND = Ground I = Input I/O = Input/Output NC = No Connect V_{CC} = Supply Voltage TDI = Test Data In TCK = Test Clock TMS = Test Mode Select TDO = Test Data Out																						
6	NC	6A9	6A10	6A15																				3A10	3A8	3A7	3A5
7	GND	6A6	6A8	6A11																				3A6	3A4	3A3	3A0
8	6A1	6A4	6A5	6A7																				3A2	3A1	3B0	NC
9	6B1	6A0	6A2	6A3																				V _{CC}	3B1	3B2	GND
10	GND	6B2	6B0	V _{CC}																				3B3	3B4	3B5	3B6
11	6B6	6B5	6B4	6B3																				3B7	3B8	3B9	3B10
12	6B10	6B9	6B8	6B7																				3B11	3B12	3B13	3B14
13	6B14	6B13	6B12	6B11																				V _{CC}	2B15	3B15	GND
14	GND	7B15	6B15	V _{CC}																				2B11	2B12	2B13	2B14
15	7B14	7B13	7B12	7B11																			2B7	2B8	2B9	2B10	
16	NC	7B10	7B9	7B8																			2B3	2B4	2B5	2B6	
17	7B7	7B6	7B5	7B4																			V _{CC}	2B0	2B2	GND	
18	GND	7B3	7B2	V _{CC}																			2A3	2A2	2A0	2B1	
19	7B1	7B0	7A1	7A4																			2A7	2A5	2A4	2A1	
20	7A0	7A2	7A3	7A8																			2A11	2A8	2A6	GND	
21	7A5	7A6	7A7	7A12																			2A15	2A10	2A9	NC	
22	GND	7A9	7A11	7A15																			V _{CC}	2A13	2A12	GND	
23	7A10	7A13	7A14	V _{CC}																			TCK	NC	2A14	NC	
24	NC	NC	TDI	0A2	0A5	0A7	0A10	0A11	0D14	0D11	0D7	0D4	I ₀ /CLK ₀	1D1	1D5	1D9	1D14	1A13	1A10	1A8	1A7	1A4	1A1	NC	GND	GND	
25	GND	GND	0A1	0A3	0A8	0A9	0A12	0A15	0D13	0D10	0D6	0D2	0D0	1D0	1D4	1D8	1D10	1D13	1A15	1A14	1A9	1A5	1A2	NC	NC	NC	NC
26	NC	NC	GND	0A6	NC	GND	0A13	0D15	GND	0D9	0D5	0D1	GND	I ₁ /CLK ₁	1D3	1D6	GND	1D11	1D15	GND	1A12	NC	GND	NC	NC	NC	NC

7

D

15

Macrocell (0-15)

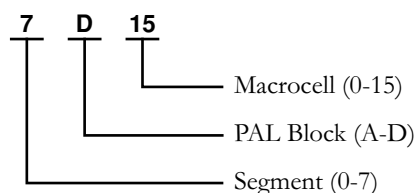
PAL Block (A-D)

Segment (0-7)

20446G-031

Pin Designations

- CLK = Clock
- GND = Ground
- I = Input
- I/O = Input/Output
- NC = No Connect
- V_{CC} = Supply Voltage
- TDI = Test Data In
- TCK = Test Clock
- TMS = Test Mode Select
- TDO = Test Data Out



20446G-031

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.