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Understanding Embedded - CPLDs (Complex Programmable Logic Devices)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	10 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	3V ~ 3.6V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	-
Number of Macrocells	384
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	120
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	160-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	160-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/m5lv-384-120-10yc

Table 1. MACH 5 Device Features [1]

Feature	M5-128/1 M5LV-128		M5-192/1	M5-256/1 M5LV-256		M5-320 M5LV-320		M5-384 M5LV-384		M5-512 M5LV-512	
Supply Voltage (V)	5	3.3	5	5	3.3	5	3.3	5	3.3	5	3.3
Macrocells	128	128	192	256	256	320	320	384	384	512	512
Maximum User I/O Pins	120	120	120	160	160	192	160	160	160	256	256
t_{PD} (ns)	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5
t_{SS} (ns)	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
t_{COS} (ns)	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
f_{CNT} (MHz)	182	182	182	182	182	167	167	167	167	167	167
Typical Static Power (mA)	35	35	45	55	55	70	70	75	75	100	100
IEEE 1149.1 Boundary Scan Compliant	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
PCI-Compliant	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Note:

1. "M5-xxx" is for 5-V devices. "M5LV-xxx" is for 3.3-V devices.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The MACH® 5 family consists of a broad range of high-density and high-I/O Complex Programmable Logic Devices (CPLDs). The fifth-generation MACH architecture yields fast speeds at high CPLD densities, low power, and supports additional features such as in-system programmability, Boundary Scan testability, and advanced clocking options (Table 1). The MACH 5 family offers 5-V (M5-xxx) and 3.3-V (M5LV-xxx) operation.

Manufactured in state-of-the-art ISO 9000 qualified fabrication facilities on E^2CMOS process technologies, MACH 5 devices are available with pin-to-pin delays as fast as 5.5 ns (Table 2). The 5.5, 6.5, 7.5, 10, and 12-ns devices are compliant with the *PCI Local Bus Specification*.

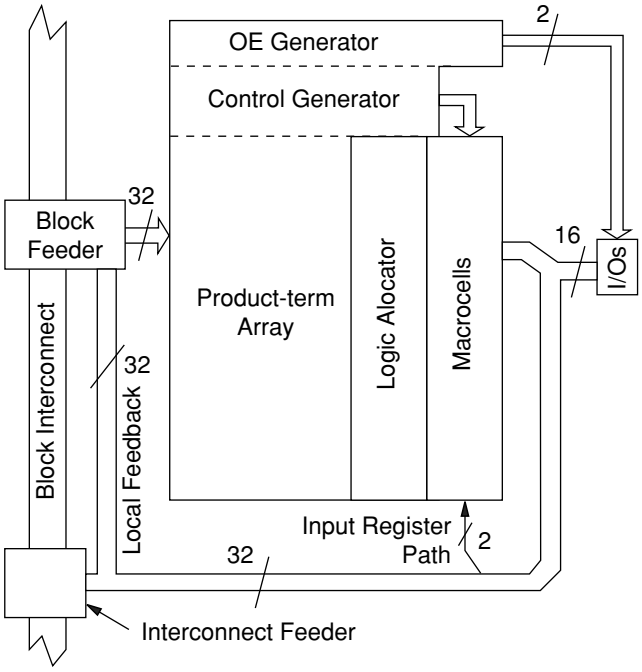

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Figure 2. PAL Block Structure

Product-Term Array and Logic Allocator

The product-term array uses the same sum-of-products architecture as PAL devices and consists of 32 inputs (plus their complements) and 64 product terms arranged in 16 **clusters**. A cluster is a sum-of-products function with either 3 of 4 product terms.

Logic allocators assign the clusters to macrocells. Each macrocell can accept up to eight clusters of three or four product terms, but a given cluster can only be steered to one macrocell (Table 4). If only three product terms in a cluster are steered, the fourth can be used as an input to an XOR gate for separate logic generation and/or polarity control.

The **wide logic allocator** is comprised of all 16 of the individual logic allocators and acts as an output switch matrix by reassigning logic to macrocells to retain pinout as designs change. The logic allocation scheme in the MACH 5 device allows for the implementation of large equations (up to 32 product terms) with only one pass through the logic array.

Table 4. Product Term Steering Options for PT Clusters and Macrocells

Macrocell	Available Clusters	Macrocell	Available Clusters
M_0	C_0, C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4	M_8	$C_5, C_6, C_7, C_8, C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}$
M_1	$C_0, C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5$	M_9	$C_6, C_7, C_8, C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}$
M_2	$C_0, C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6$	M_{10}	$C_7, C_8, C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}$
M_3	$C_0, C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_7$	M_{11}	$C_8, C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}$
M_4	$C_0, C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_7$	M_{12}	$C_8, C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}$
M_5	$C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_7, C_8$	M_{13}	$C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}$
M_6	$C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_7, C_8, C_9$	M_{14}	$C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}$
M_7	$C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_7, C_8, C_9, C_{10}$	M_{15}	$C_{11}, C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}, C_{15}$

OE Generator

There is one output enable (OE) generator per PAL block that generates two product-term driven output enables. Each I/O cell is simply an output buffer. Each I/O cell within the PAL block can choose to be permanently enabled, permanently disabled, or choose one of the two product term output enables per PAL block (Figure 6).

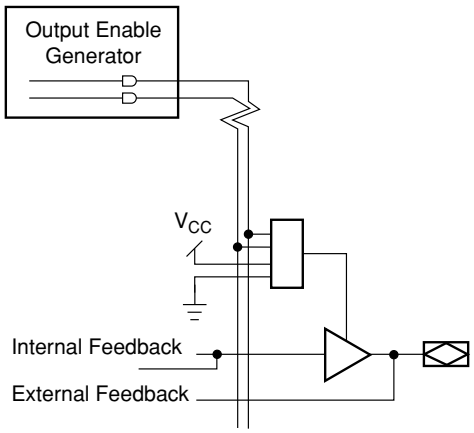

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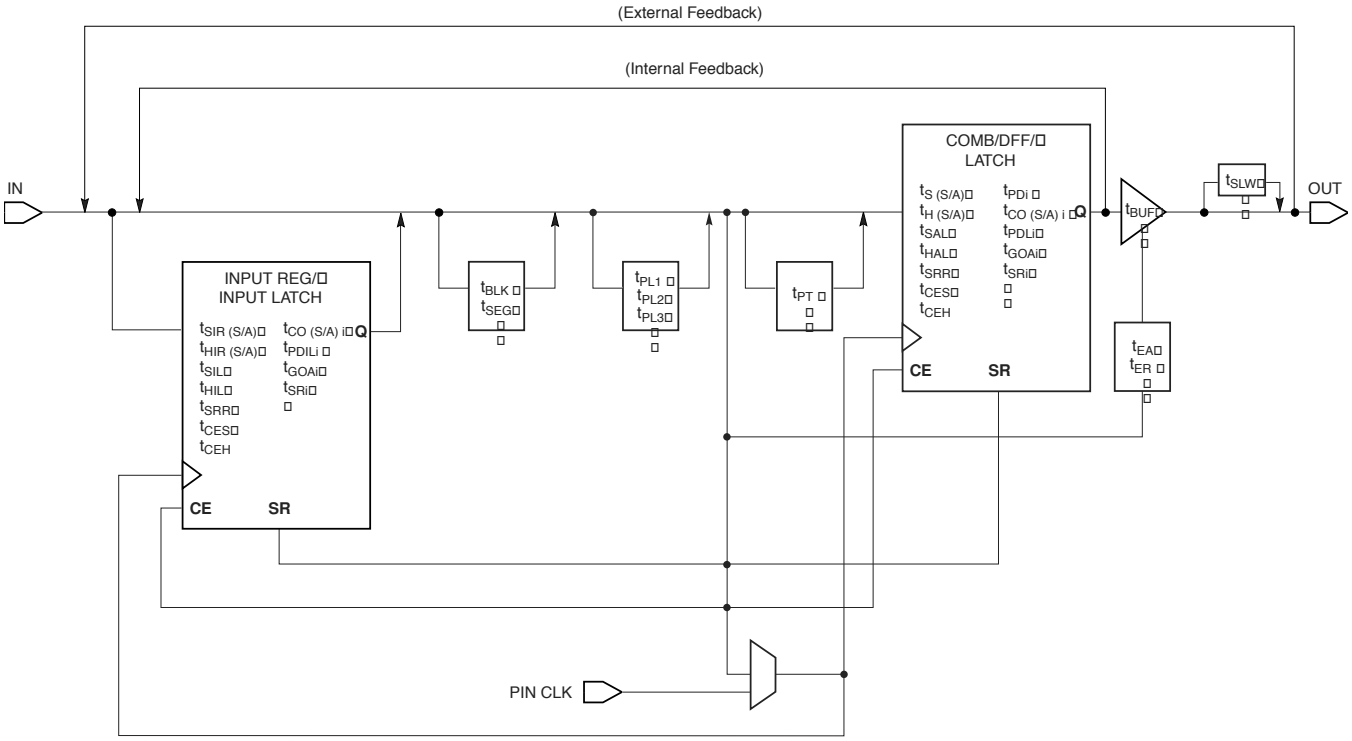
Figure 6. Output Enable Generator and I/O Cell

MACH 5 TIMING MODEL

The primary focus of the MACH 5 timing model is to accurately represent the timing in a MACH 5 device, and at the same time, be easy to understand. This model accurately describes all combinatorial and registered paths through the device, making a distinction between **internal feedback** and **external feedback**. A signal uses internal feedback when it is fed back into the switch matrix or block without having to go through the output buffer. The input register specifications are also reported as internal feedback. When a signal is fed back into the switch matrix after having gone through the output buffer, it is using external feedback.

The parameter, t_{BUF}, is defined as the time it takes to go through the output buffer to the I/O pad. If a signal goes to the internal feedback rather than to the I/O pad, the parameter designator is followed by an "i". By adding t_{BUF} to this internal parameter, the external parameter is derived. For example, $t_{PD} = t_{PDi} + t_{BUF}$. A diagram representing the modularized MACH 5 timing model is shown in Figure 7. Refer to the Technical Note entitled *MACH 5 Timing and High Speed Design* for a more detailed discussion about the timing parameters.



20446G-014

Figure 7. MACH 5 Timing Model

MULTIPLE I/O AND DENSITY OPTIONS

The MACH 5 family offers six macrocell densities in a number of I/O options. This allows designers to choose a device close to their logic density and I/O requirements, thus minimizing costs. For the same package type, every density has the same pin-out. With proper design considerations, a design can be moved to a higher or lower density part as required.

IEEE 1149.1 - COMPLIANT BOUNDARY SCAN TESTABILITY

Most MACH 5 devices have boundary scan registers and are compliant to the IEEE 1149.1 standard. This allows functional testing of the circuit board on which the device is mounted through a serial scan path that can access all critical logic nodes. Internal registers are linked internally, allowing test data to be shifted in and loaded directly onto test nodes, or test node data to be captured and shifted out for verification. In addition, these devices can be linked into a board-level serial scan path for more complete board-level testing.

IEEE 1149.1 - COMPLIANT IN-SYSTEM PROGRAMMING

Programming devices in-system provides a number of significant benefits including: rapid prototyping, lower inventory levels, higher quality, and the ability to make in-field modifications. All MACH 5 devices provide in-system programming (ISP) capability through their IEEE 1149.1-compliant Boundary Scan Test Access Port. By using the IEEE 1149.1-compliant Boundary Scan Test Access Port as the communication interface through which ISP is achieved, customers get the benefit of a standard, well-defined interface.

MACH 5 devices can be programmed across the commercial temperature and voltage range. The PC-based LatticePRO software facilitates in-system programming of MACH 5 devices. LatticePRO software takes the JEDEC file output produced by design implementation software, along with information about the Boundary Scan chain, and creates a set of vectors that are used to drive the Boundary Scan chain. LatticePRO software can use these vectors to drive a Boundary Scan chain via the parallel port of a PC. Alternatively, LatticePRO software can output files in formats understood by common automated test equipment. This equipment can then be used to program MACH 5 devices during the testing of a circuit board.

PCI COMPLIANT

MACH 5 devices in the -5/-6/-7/-10/-12 speed grades are compliant with the *PCI Local Bus Specification* version 2.1, published by the PCI Special Interest Group (SIG). The 5-V devices are fully PCI-compliant. The 3.3-V devices are mostly compliant but do not meet the PCI condition to clamp the inputs as they rise above V_{CC} because of their 5-V input tolerant feature. MACH 5 devices provide the speed, drive, density, output enables and I/Os for the most complex PCI designs.

SAFE FOR MIXED SUPPLY VOLTAGE SYSTEM DESIGNS [1]

Both the 3.3-V and 5-V V_{CC} MACH 5 devices are safe for mixed supply voltage system designs. The 5-V devices will not overdrive 3.3-V devices above the output voltage of 3.3 V, while they accept inputs from other 3.3-V devices. The 3.3-V devices will accept inputs up to 5.5 V. Both the 3.3-V and 5-V versions have the same high-speed performance and provide easy-to-use mixed-voltage design capability.

Note:

1. *Excludes original M5-128, M5-192, and M5-256 while M5-128/1, M3-192/1 and M5-256/1 are supported. Please refer to Application Note titled "Hot Socketing and Mixed Supply Design with MACH 4 and MACH 5 Devices".*

BUS-FRIENDLY INPUTS AND I/OS

All MACH 5 devices have inputs and I/Os which feature the Bus-Friendly circuitry incorporating two inverters in series which loop back to the input. This double inversion weakly holds the input at its last driven logic state. While it is a good design practice to tie unused pins to a known state, the Bus-Friendly input structure pulls pins away from the input threshold voltage where noise can cause high-frequency switching. At power-up, the Bus-Friendly latches are reset to a logic level "1." For the circuit diagram, please refer to the document entitled *MACH Endurance Characteristics* on the Lattice Data Book CD-ROM or Lattice web site.

POWER MANAGEMENT

There are 4 power/speed options in each MACH 5 PAL block (Table 5). The speed and power tradeoff can be tailored for each design. The signal speed paths in the lower-power PAL blocks will be slower than those in the higher-power PAL blocks. This feature allows speed critical paths to run at maximum frequency while the rest of the signal paths operate in a lower-power mode. In large designs, there may be several different speed requirements for different portions of the design.

Table 5. Power Levels

High Speed/High Power	100% Power
Medium High Speed/Medium High Power	67% Power
Medium Low Speed/Medium Low Power	40% Power
Low Speed/Low Power	20% Power

PROGRAMMABLE SLEW RATE

Each MACH 5 device I/O has an individually programmable output slew rate control bit. Each output can be individually configured for the higher speed transition (3 V/ns) or for the lower noise transition (1 V/ns). For high-speed designs with long, unterminated traces, the slow-slew rate will introduce fewer reflections, less noise, and keep ground bounce to a minimum. For designs with short traces or well terminated lines, the fast slew rate can be used to achieve the highest speed. The slew rate is adjusted independent of power.

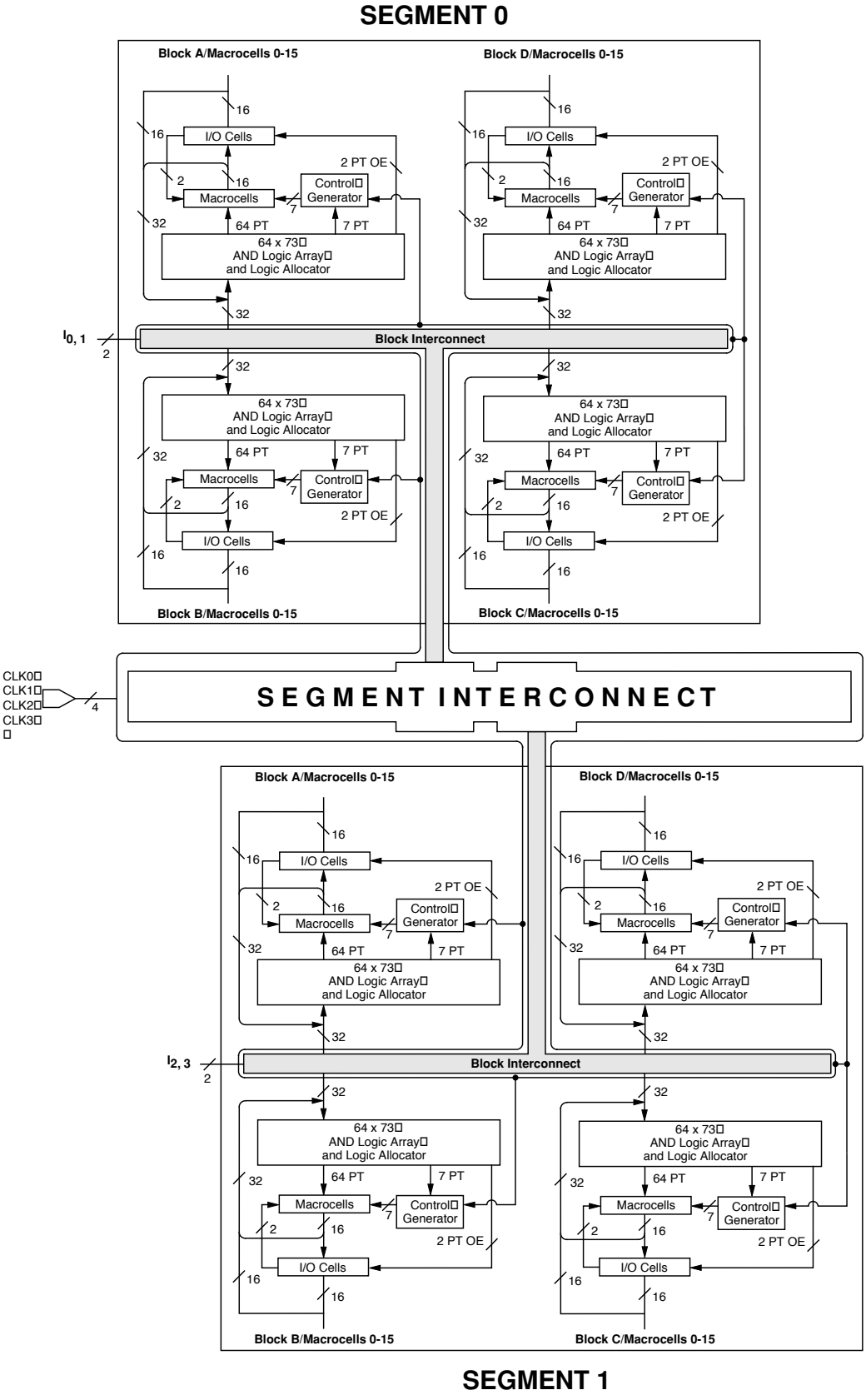
POWER-UP RESET/SET

All flip-flops power up to a known state for predictable system initialization. If a macrocell is configured to SET on a signal from the control generator, then that macrocell will be SET during device power-up. If a macrocell is configured to RESET on a signal from the control generator or is not configured for set/reset, then that macrocell will RESET on power-up. To guarantee initialization values, the V_{CC} rise must be monotonic and the clock must be inactive until the reset delay time has elapsed.

SECURITY BIT

A programmable security bit is provided on the MACH 5 devices as a deterrent to unauthorized copying of the array configuration patterns. Once programmed, this bit defeats readback of the programmed pattern by a device programmer, securing proprietary designs from competitors. Programming and verification are also defeated by the security bit. The bit can only be reset by erasing the entire device.

BLOCK DIAGRAM — M5(LV)-128/XXX



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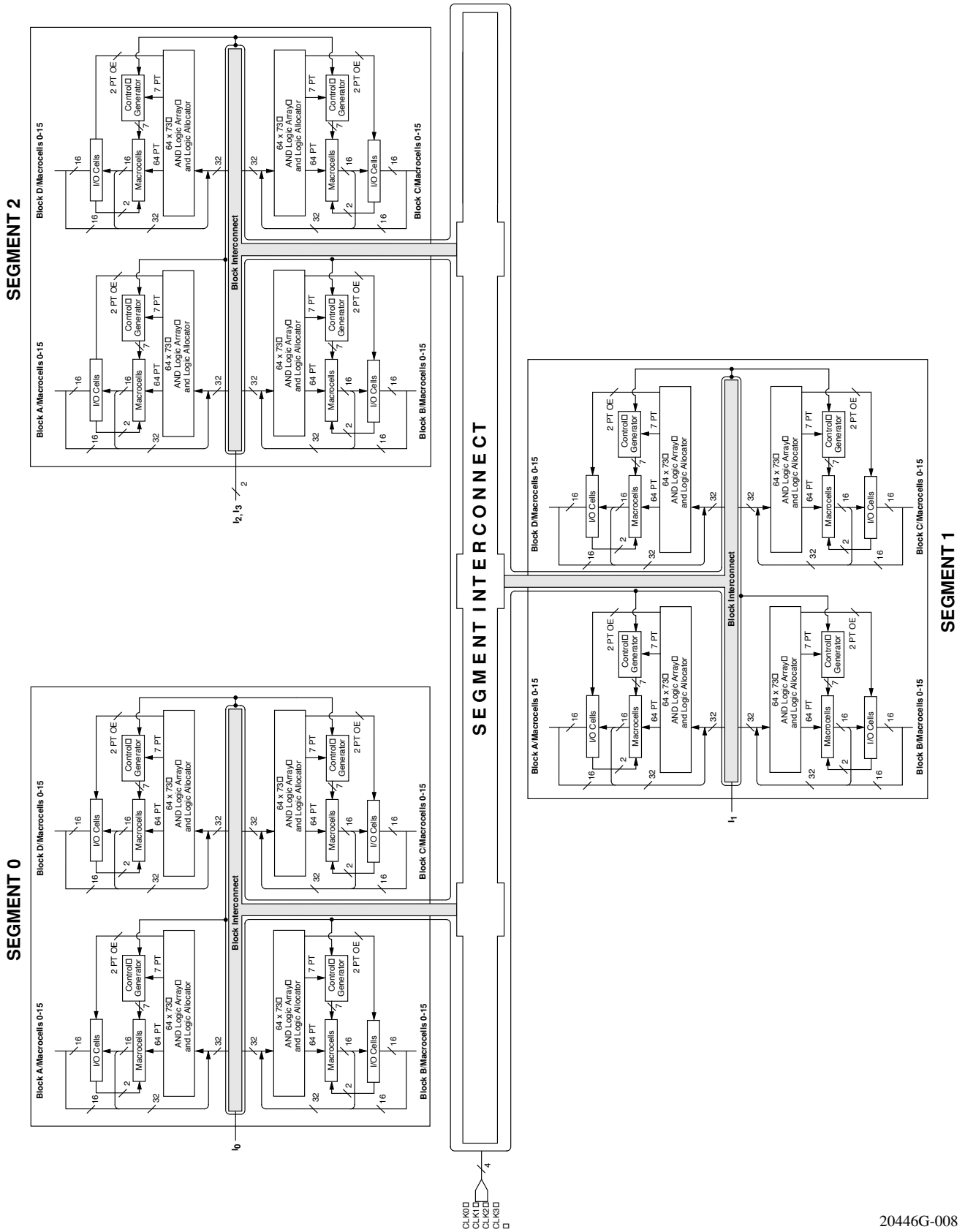
Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

BLOCK DIAGRAM — M5-192/XXX



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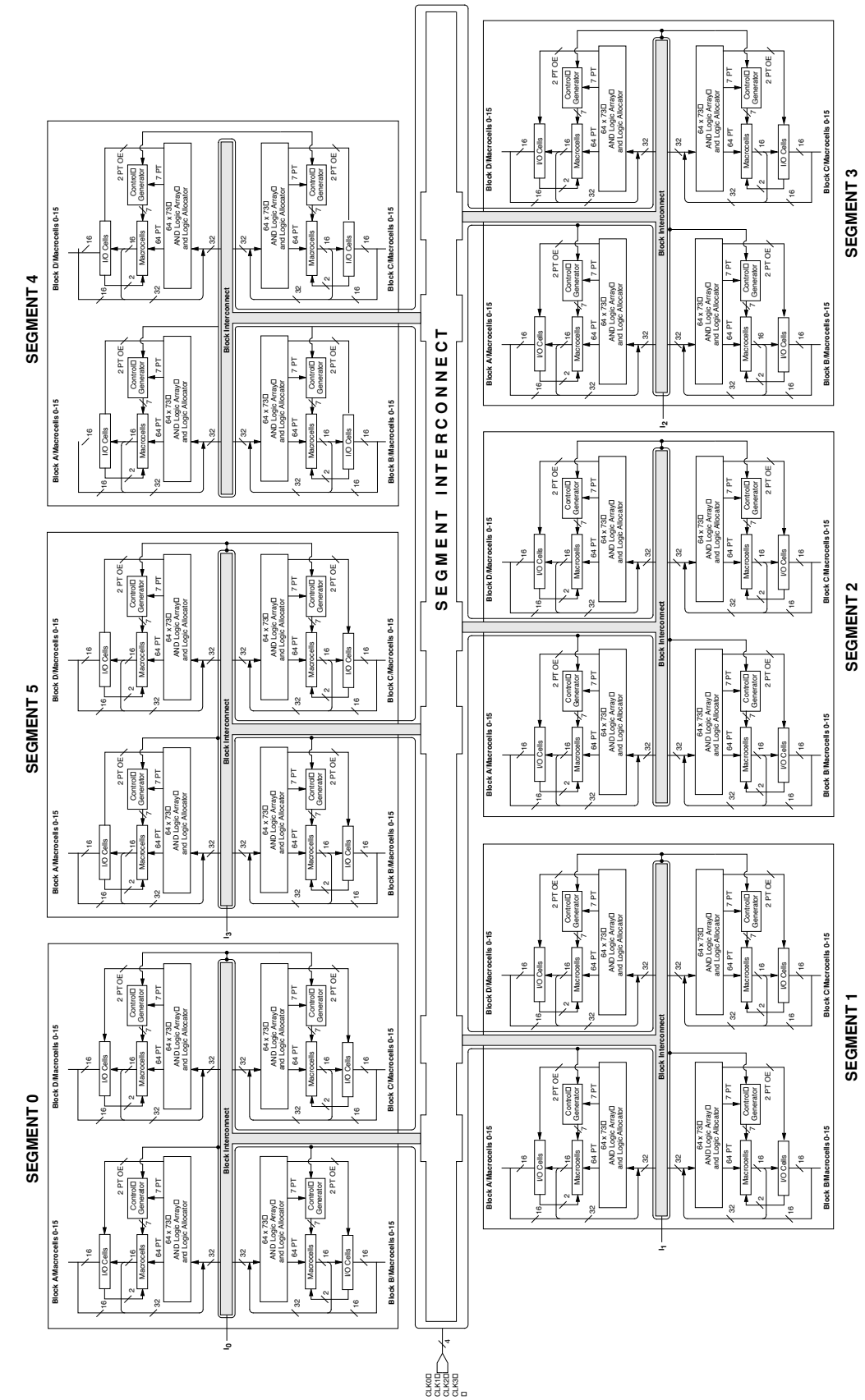
Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

BLOCK DIAGRAM — M5(LV)-384/XXX



20446G-011

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

M5

Storage Temperature . . . . . -65°C to +150°C

Device Junction
Temperature (Note 1) . . . . . +130°C or +150°C

Supply Voltage
with Respect to Ground . . . . . -0.5 V to +7.0 V

DC Input Voltage . . . . . -0.5 V to 5.5 V

Static Discharge Voltage . . . . . 2000 V

Latchup Current (-40°C to +85°C) . . . . . 200 mA

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

OPERATING RANGES

Commercial (C) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
Operating in Free Air . . . . . 0°C to +70°C

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
with Respect to Ground . . . . . +4.75 V to +5.25 V

Industrial (I) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
Operating in Free Air . . . . . -40°C to +85°C

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})
with Respect to Ground . . . . . +4.5 V to +5.5 V

Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

5-V DC CHARACTERISITICS OVER OPERATING RANGES

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (For M5-128/1, M5-192/1, M5-256/1, M5-320, M5-384, M5-512 Devices)	I_{OH} = -3.2 mA, V_{CC} = Min, V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	2.4			V
		I_{OH} = -100 µA, V_{CC} = Max, V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}		3.3	3.6	V
	Output HIGH Voltage (For M5-128, M5-192, M5-256 Devices)	I_{OH} = -3.2 mA, V_{CC} = Min, V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	2.4			V
		I_{OH} = -2.5 mA, V_{CC} = 5.25 V, V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}			3.6	V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 2)	I_{OL} = +16 mA, V_{CC} = Min, V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}			0.5	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical HIGH Voltage for all Inputs (Note 3)	2.0			V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical LOW Voltage for all Inputs (Note 3)			0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Leakage Current	V_{IN} = 5.25, V_{CC} = Max (Note 4)			10	µA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Leakage Current	V_{IN} = 0, V_{CC} = Max (Note 4)			-10	µA
I_{OZH}	Off-State Output Leakage Current HIGH	V_{OUT} = 5.25, V_{CC} = Max, V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} (Note 4)			10	µA
I_{OZL}	Off-State Output Leakage Current LOW	V_{OUT} = 0, V_{CC} = Max, V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} (Note 4)			-10	µA
I_{SC}	Output Short-Circuit Current	V_{OUT} = 0.5 V_{CC} = Max, V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} (Note 5)	-30		-180	mA

Note:

1. *150° for M5-128, M5-192 and M5-256 devices. 130° for M5-128/1, M5-192/1, M5-256/1, M5-320, M5-384 and M5-512 devices.*
2. *Total I_{OL} between ground pins should not exceed 64 mA.*
3. *These are absolute values with respect to device ground, and all overshoots due to system and/or tester noise are included.*
4. *I/O pin leakage is the worst case of I_{IL} and I_{OZL} or I_{IH} and I_{OZH}.*
5. *Not more than one output should be shorted at a time. Duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.*

M5(LV) TIMING PARAMETERS OVER OPERATING RANGES[1]

		-5		-6		-7		-10		-12		-15		-20		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Combinatorial Delay:																
t_{PDi}	Internal combinatorial propagation delay		3.5		4.5		5.5		8.0		10.0		13.0		18.0	ns
t_{PD}	Combinatorial propagation delay		5.5		6.5		7.5		10.0		12.0		15.0		20.0	ns
Registered Delays:																
t_{SS}	Synchronous clock setup time	3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		8.0		10.0		ns
t_{SA}	Asynchronous clock setup time	3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t_{HS}	Synchronous clock hold time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{HA}	Asynchronous clock hold time	3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t_{COSi}	Synchronous clock to internal output		2.5		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		8.0		10.0	ns
t_{COS}	Synchronous clock to output		4.5		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		10.0		12.0	ns
t_{COAi}	Asynchronous clock to internal output		6.0		6.0		8.0		10.0		13.0		15.0		18.0	ns
t_{COA}	Asynchronous clock to output		8.0		8.0		10.0		12.0		15.0		17.0		20.0	ns
Latched Delays:																
t_{SAL}	Latch setup time	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t_{HAL}	Latch hold time	3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t_{PDLi}	Transparent latch internal		6.0		7.0		7.0		8.0		9.0		10.0		10.0	ns
t_{PDL}	Propagation delay through transparent latch		8.0		9.0		9.0		10.0		11.0		12.0		12.0	ns
t_{GOAi}	Gate to internal output		7.0		8.0		8.0		9.0		10.0		11.0		12.0	ns
t_{GOA}	Gate to output		9.0		10.0		10.0		11.0		12.0		13.0		14.0	ns
Input Register Delays:																
t_{SIRS}	Input register setup time using a synchronous clock	2.0		2.0		2.0		3.0		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t_{SIRA}	Input register setup time using an asynchronous clock	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{HIRS}	Input register hold time using a synchronous clock	3.0		3.0		3.0		4.0		4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t_{HIRA}	Input register hold time using an asynchronous clock	6.0		6.0		6.0		7.0		7.0		7.0		7.0		ns
Input Latch Delays:																
t_{SIL}	Input latch setup time	2.0		2.0		2.0		3.0		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t_{HIL}	Input latch hold time	6.0		6.0		6.0		7.0		7.0		7.0		7.0		ns
t_{PDILi}	Transparent input latch		5.0		5.0		5.5		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0	ns
Output Delays:																
t_{BUF}	Output buffer delay		2.0		2.0		2.0		2.0		2.0		2.0		2.0	ns
t_{SLW}	Slow slew rate delay		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5	ns
t_{EA}	Output enable time		7.5		7.5		9.5		10.0		12.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t_{ER}	Output disable time		7.5		7.5		9.5		10.0		12.0		15.0		20.0	ns

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

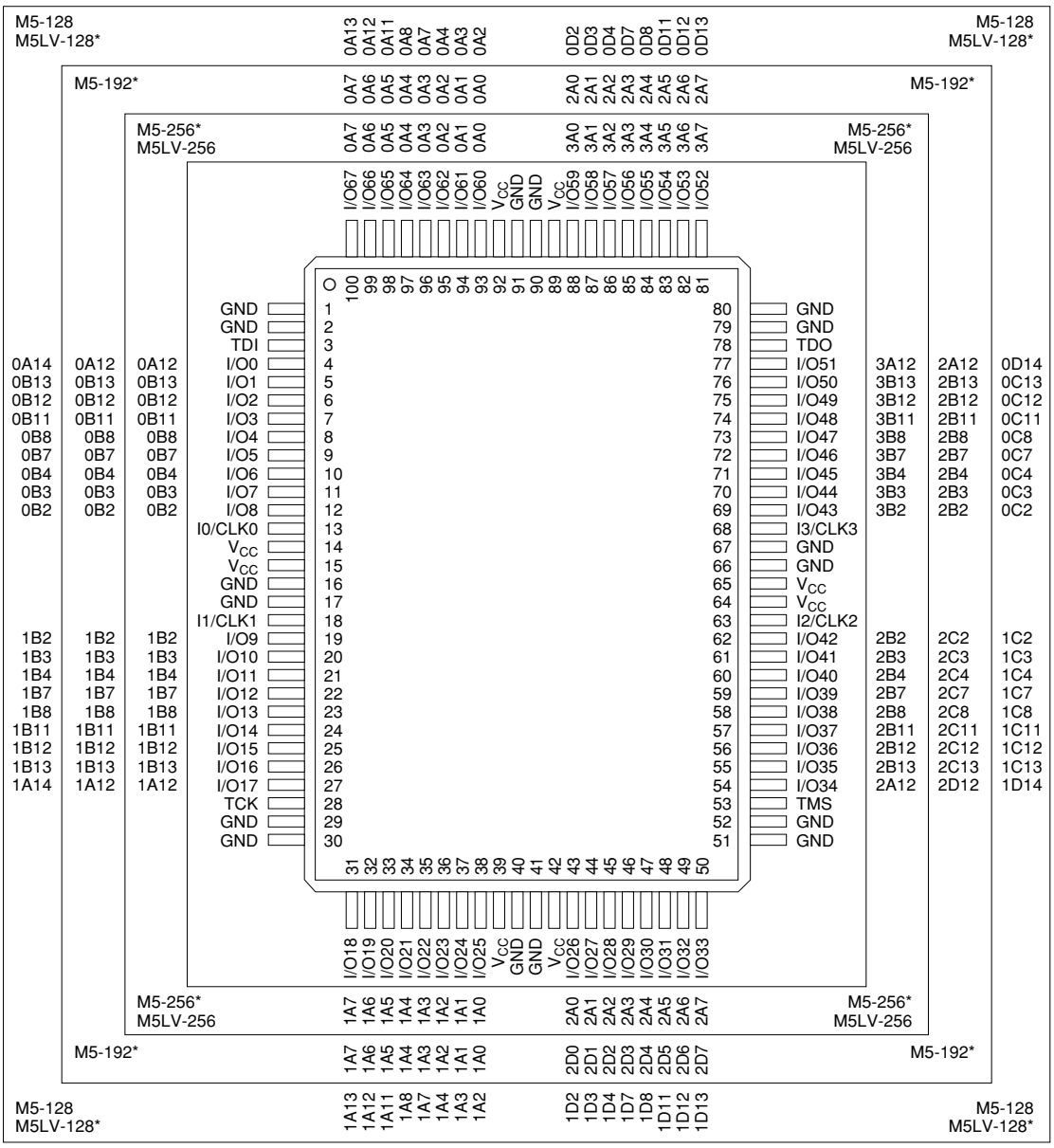
M5(LV) TIMING PARAMETERS OVER OPERATING RANGES[1] (CONTINUED)

		-5		-6		-7		-10		-12		-15		-20		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Power Delays:																
t_{PL1}	Power level 1 delay (Note 2)		4.0 (5.0)		4.0		4.0 (5.0)		4.0 (5.0)		4.0 (5.0)		4.0 (5.0)		4.0 (5.0)	ns
t_{PL2}	Power level 2 delay (Note 2)		6.0 (9.0)		6.0		6.0 (9.0)		6.0 (9.0)		6.0 (9.0)		6.0 (9.0)		6.0 (9.0)	ns
t_{PL3}	Power level 3 delay (Note 2)		9.0 (17.5)		9.0		9.0 (17.5)		9.0 (17.5)		9.0 (17.5)		9.0 (17.5)		9.0 (17.5)	ns
Additional Cluster Delay:																
t_{PT}	Product term cluster delay		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3	ns
Interconnect Delays:																
t_{BLK}	Block interconnect delay		1.5		1.5		1.5		2.0		2.0		2.0		2.0	ns
t_{SEG}	Segment interconnect delay		4.5		4.5		5.0		6.0		6.0		6.0		6.0	ns
Reset and Preset Delays:																
t_{SRi}	Asynchronous reset or preset to internal register output		6.0		8.0		8.0		10.0		12.0		14.0		16.0	ns
t_{SR}	Asynchronous reset or preset to register output		8.0		10.0		10.0		12.0		14.0		16.0		18.0	ns
t_{SRR}	Reset and set register recovery time	5.5		7.5		7.5		8.0		9.0		10.0		11.0		ns
t_{SRW}	Asynchronous reset or preset width	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
Clock Enable Delays:																
t_{CES}	Clock enable setup time	4.0		5.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t_{CEH}	Clock enable hold time	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		7.0		ns
Width:																
t_{WLS}	Global clock width low (Note 3)	2.5		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t_{WHS}	Global clock width high (Note 3)	2.5		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t_{WLA}	Product term clock width low	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t_{WHA}	Product term clock width high	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t_{GWA}	Gate width low (for low transparent) or high (for high transparent)	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns
t_{WIR}	Input register clock width low or high	3.0		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0		7.0		8.0		ns

100-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Top View

100-Pin PQFP (68 I/O)



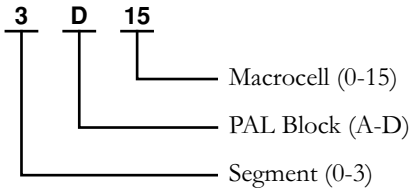
*Package obsolete, contact factory.

20446G-016

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

Pin Designations

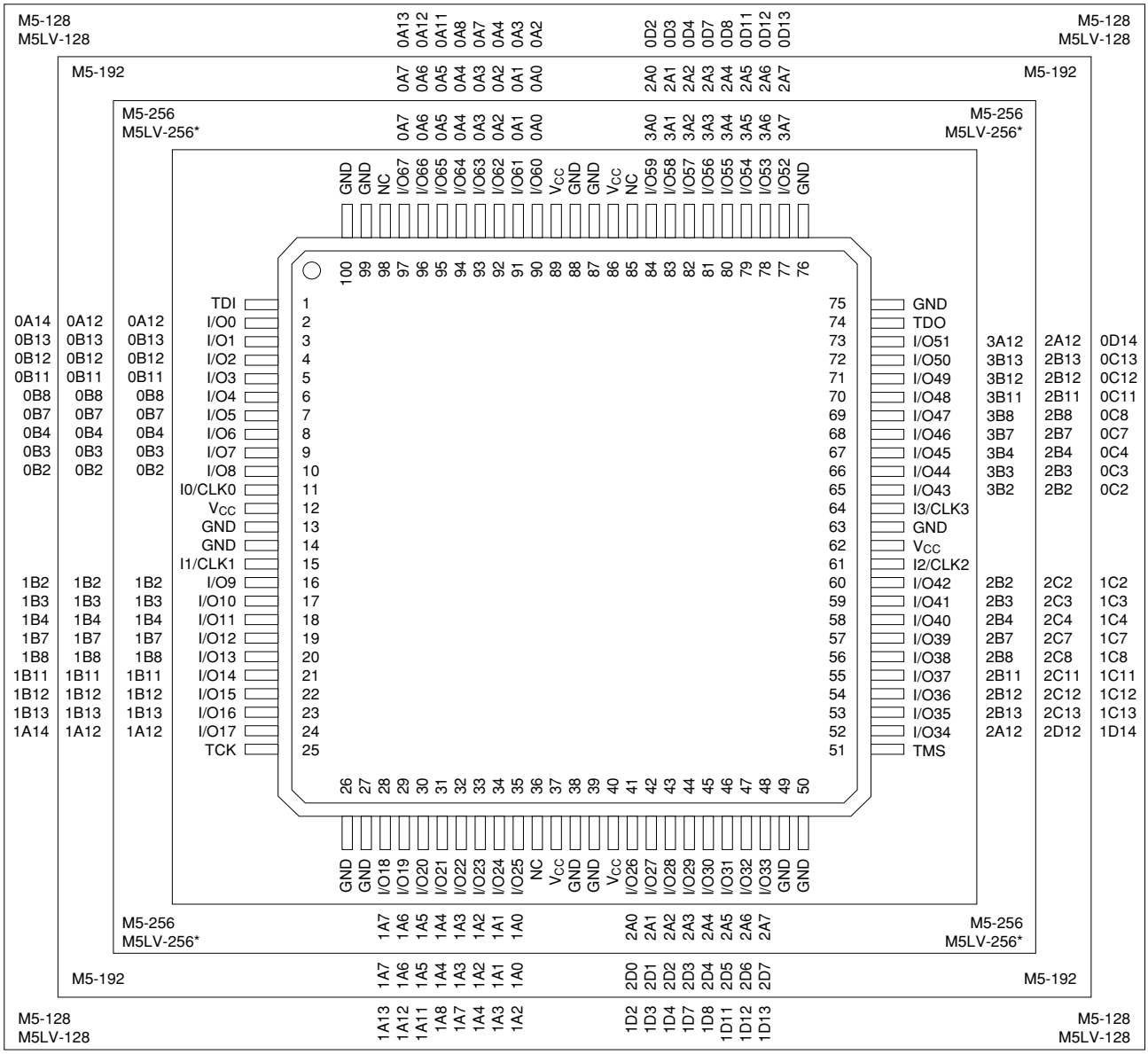
CLK	=	Clock	V_{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
GND	=	Ground	TDI	=	Test Data In
I	=	Input	TCK	=	Test Clock
I/O	=	Input/Output	TMS	=	Test Mode Select
NC	=	No Connect	TDO	=	Test Data Out



100-PIN TQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM – 68 I/O

Top View

100-Pin TQFP (68 I/O)

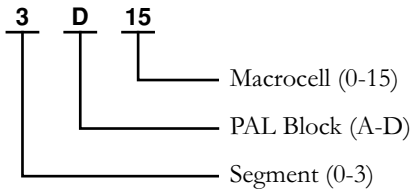


*Package obsolete, contact factory.

20446G-017

Pin Designations

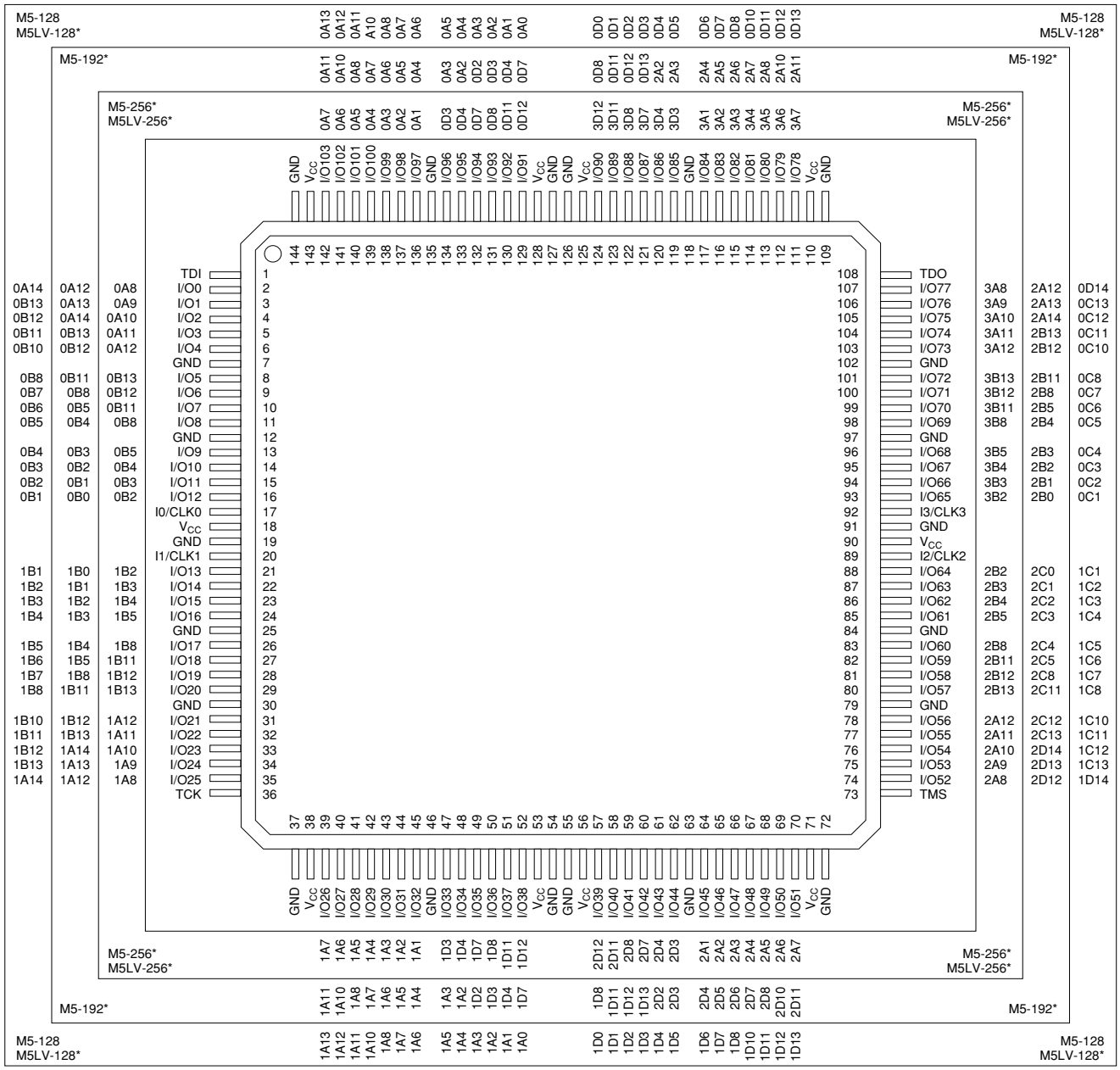
CLK	=	Clock	V_{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
GND	=	Ground	TDI	=	Test Data In
I	=	Input	TCK	=	Test Clock
I/O	=	Input/Output	TMS	=	Test Mode Select
NC	=	No Connect	TDO	=	Test Data Out



144-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Top View

144-Pin PQFP

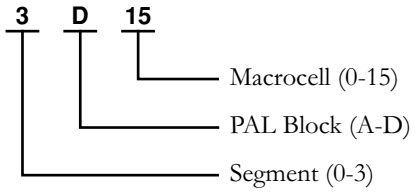


*Package obsolete, contact factory.

20446G-019

Pin Designations

CLK	=	Clock	V_{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
GND	=	Ground	TDI	=	Test Data In
I	=	Input	TCK	=	Test Clock
I/O	=	Input/Output	TMS	=	Test Mode Select
NC	=	No Connect	TDO	=	Test Data Out

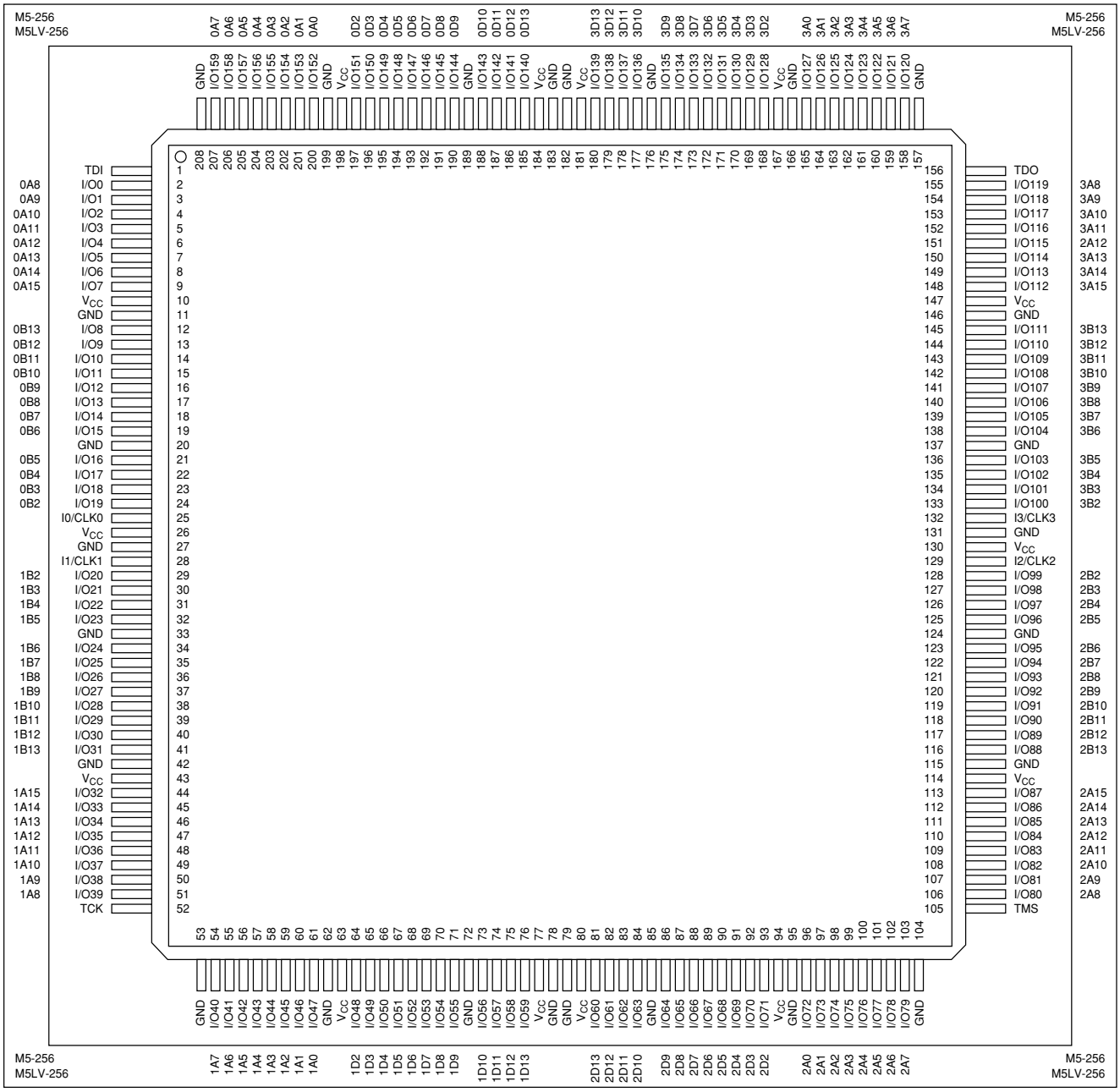


Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

208-PIN PQFP CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Top View

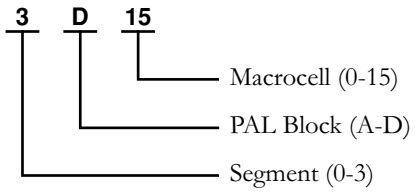
208-Pin PQFP (256 Macrocells)



20446G-023

Pin Designations

CLK	=	Clock	V_{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
GND	=	Ground	TDI	=	Test Data In
I	=	Input	TCK	=	Test Clock
I/O	=	Input/Output	TMS	=	Test Mode Select
NC	=	No Connect	TDO	=	Test Data Out



Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

256-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM — M5-320

Bottom View (I/O Pin-outs)

256-Ball BGA

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	V	W	Y	
1	GND	GND	I/O181	I/O182	I/O183	GND	I/O184	GND	I/O185	I/O186	GND	I/O187	GND	I/O188	GND	I/O189	I/O190	I/O191	GND	GND	1
2	GND	I/O164	I/O165	I/O166	I/O167	I/O168	I/O169	I/O170	I/O171	I3/CLK3	I2/CLK2	I/O172	I/O173	I/O174	I/O175	I/O176	I/O177	I/O178	I/O179	I/O180	2
3	GND	I/O148	V_{CC}	I/O149	I/O150	I/O151	I/O152	I/O153	I/O154	I/O155	I/O156	I/O157	I/O158	I/O159	I/O160	I/O161	I/O162	V_{CC}	I/O163	GND	3
4	I/O134	I/O135	I/O136	V_{CC}	TDO	I/O137	V_{CC}	I/O138	I/O139	I/O140	I/O141	I/O142	I/O143	V_{CC}	I/O144	TMS	V_{CC}	I/O145	I/O146	I/O147	4
5	I/O128	I/O129	I/O130	V_{CC}													V_{CC}	I/O131	I/O132	I/O133	5
6	GND	I/O122	I/O123	I/O124													I/O125	I/O126	I/O127	GND	6
7	I/O116	I/O117	I/O118	V_{CC}													V_{CC}	I/O119	I/O120	I/O121	7
8	I/O108	I/O109	I/O110	I/O111													I/O112	I/O113	I/O114	I/O115	8
9	GND	I/O102	I/O103	I/O104													I/O105	I/O106	I/O107	GND	9
10	GND	I/O96	I/O97	I/O98													I/O99	I/O100	I/O101	GND	10
11	GND	I/O90	I/O91	I/O92													I/O93	I/O94	I/O95	GND	11
12	GND	I/O84	I/O85	I/O86													I/O87	I/O88	I/O89	GND	12
13	I/O76	I/O77	I/O78	I/O79													I/O80	I/O81	I/O82	I/O83	13
14	I/O70	I/O71	I/O72	V_{CC}													V_{CC}	I/O73	I/O74	I/O75	14
15	GND	I/O64	I/O65	I/O66													I/O67	I/O68	I/O69	GND	15
16	I/O58	I/O59	I/O60	V_{CC}													V_{CC}	I/O61	I/O62	I/O63	16
17	I/O44	I/O45	I/O46	V_{CC}	TDI	I/O47	V_{CC}	I/O48	I/O49	I/O50	I/O51	I/O52	I/O53	V_{CC}	I/O54	TCK	V_{CC}	I/O55	I/O56	I/O57	17
18	GND	I/O28	V_{CC}	I/O29	I/O30	I/O31	I/O32	I/O33	I/O34	I/O35	I/O36	I/O37	I/O38	I/O39	I/O40	I/O41	I/O42	V_{CC}	I/O43	GND	18
19	I/O11	I/O12	I/O13	I/O14	I/O15	I/O16	I/O17	I/O18	I/O19	IO/CLK0	I1/CLK1	I/O20	I/O21	I/O22	I/O23	I/O24	I/O25	I/O26	I/O27	GND	19
20	GND	GND	I/O0	I/O1	I/O2	GND	I/O3	GND	I/O4	GND	I/O5	I/O6	GND	I/O7	GND	I/O8	I/O9	I/O10	GND	GND	20
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	V	W	Y	

Pin Designations

CLK	=	Clock
GND	=	Ground
I	=	Input
I/O	=	Input/Output
NC	=	No Connect
V_{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
TDI	=	Test Data In
TCK	=	Test Clock
TMS	=	Test Mode Select
TDO	=	Test Data Out

20446G-026

Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.

256-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM — M5-320

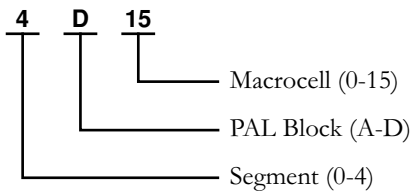
Bottom View (Macrocell Association)

256-Ball BGA

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	V	W	Y	
1	GND	GND	3A11	3D15	3D12	GND	3D7	GND	3D3	3D2	GND	2D2	GND	2D7	GND	2D10	2D13	2D15	GND	GND	1
2	GND	3B2	3A3	3A8	3A13	3D13	3D9	3D8	3D4	I3/CLK3	I2/CLK2	2D3	2D4	2D8	2D12	2A15	2A13	2A12	2A9	2A7	2
3	GND	3B8	V_{CC}	3A2	3A4	3A12	3D14	3D10	3D5	3D0	2D0	2D5	2D9	2D14	2A14	2A10	2A8	V_{CC}	2A3	GND	3
4	3B13	3B11	3B3	V_{CC}	TDO	3A7	V_{CC}	3D11	3D6	3D1	2D1	2D6	2D11	V_{CC}	2A11	TMS	V_{CC}	2A6	2A2	2A0	4
5	4B14	4B15	3B4	V_{CC}													V_{CC}	2A5	2B0	2B1	5
6	GND	4B11	3B12	3B7													2A4	2A1	2B4	GND	6
7	4B8	4B10	4B13	V_{CC}													V_{CC}	2B2	2B5	2B7	7
8	4B4	4B6	4B9	4B12													2B3	2B6	2B9	2B11	8
9	GND	4B3	4B5	4B7													2B8	2B10	2B12	GND	9
10	GND	4B0	4B1	4B2													2B13	2B14	2B15	GND	10
11	GND	4A0	4A1	4A2													1B13	1B14	1B15	GND	11
12	GND	4A3	4A5	4A7													1B8	1B10	1B12	GND	12
13	4A4	4A6	4A9	4A12													1B3	1B6	1B9	1B11	13
14	4A8	4A10	4A13	V_{CC}													V_{CC}	1B2	1B5	1B7	14
15	GND	4A11	0B12	0B7													1A4	1A1	1B4	GND	15
16	4A14	4A15	0B4	V_{CC}													V_{CC}	1A5	1B0	1B1	16
17	0B13	0B11	0B3	V_{CC}	TDI	0A7	V_{CC}	0D11	0D6	0D1	1D1	1D6	1D11	V_{CC}	1A11	TCK	V_{CC}	1A6	1A2	1A0	17
18	GND	0B8	V_{CC}	0A2	0A4	0A12	0D14	0D9	0D5	0D0	1D0	1D5	1D10	1D14	1A14	1A10	1A8	V_{CC}	1A3	GND	18
19	0B2	0A3	0A8	0A11	0A13	0D12	0D8	0D4	0D3	I0/CLK0	I1/CLK1	1D4	1D8	1D9	1D13	1A15	1A12	1A9	1A7	GND	19
20	GND	GND	0D15	0D13	0D10	GND	0D7	GND	0D2	GND	1D2	1D3	GND	1D7	GND	1D12	1D15	1A13	GND	GND	20
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	V	W	Y	

Pin Designations

CLK	=	Clock
GND	=	Ground
I	=	Input
I/O	=	Input/Output
NC	=	No Connect
V_{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
TDI	=	Test Data In
TCK	=	Test Clock
TMS	=	Test Mode Select
TDO	=	Test Data Out



20446G-029

Select devices have been discontinued. See Ordering Information section for product status.

352-BALL BGA CONNECTION DIAGRAM — M5-512, M5LV-512

Bottom View (Macrocell Association)

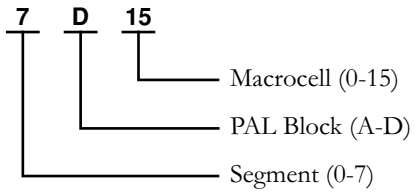
352-Ball BGA

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	V	W	Y	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	
1	NC	NC	NC	GND	NC	5A12	GND	5D15	5D11	GND	5D6	5D3	I3/CLK3	GND	4D1	4D5	4D9	GND	4D15	4A13	GND	NC	4A6	GND	NC	NC	1
2	NC	NC	NC	5A2	5A5	5A9	5A14	5A15	5D13	5D10	5D8	5D4	5D0	4D0	4D2	4D6	4D10	4D13	4A15	4A12	4A9	4A8	4A3	4A1	GND	GND	2
3	GND	GND	NC	5A1	5A4	5A7	5A8	5A10	5A13	5D14	5D9	5D5	5D1	I2/CLK2	4D4	4D7	4D11	4D14	4A14	4A10	4A7	4A5	4A2	TMS	NC	NC	3
4	NC	6A14	NC	TDO	5A0	5A3	5A6	V_{CC}	5A11	V_{CC}	5D12	5D7	5D2	V_{CC}	4D3	4D8	4D12	V_{CC}	4A11	V_{CC}	4A4	4A0	V_{CC}	3A15	3A13	3A12	4
5	GND	6A12	6A13	V_{CC}																			3A14	3A11	3A9	GND	5
6	NC	6A9	6A10	6A15																			3A10	3A8	3A7	3A5	6
7	GND	6A6	6A8	6A11																			3A6	3A4	3A3	3A0	7
8	6A1	6A4	6A5	6A7																			3A2	3A1	3B0	NC	8
9	6B1	6A0	6A2	6A3																			V_{CC}	3B1	3B2	GND	9
10	GND	6B2	6B0	V_{CC}																			3B3	3B4	3B5	3B6	10
11	6B6	6B5	6B4	6B3																			3B7	3B8	3B9	3B10	11
12	6B10	6B9	6B8	6B7																			3B11	3B12	3B13	3B14	12
13	6B14	6B13	6B12	6B11																			V_{CC}	2B15	3B15	GND	13
14	GND	7B15	6B15	V_{CC}																			2B11	2B12	2B13	2B14	14
15	7B14	7B13	7B12	7B11																			2B7	2B8	2B9	2B10	15
16	NC	7B10	7B9	7B8																			2B3	2B4	2B5	2B6	16
17	7B7	7B6	7B5	7B4																			V_{CC}	2B0	2B2	GND	17
18	GND	7B3	7B2	V_{CC}																			2A3	2A2	2A0	2B1	18
19	7B1	7B0	7A1	7A4																			2A7	2A5	2A4	2A1	19
20	7A0	7A2	7A3	7A8																			2A11	2A8	2A6	GND	20
21	7A5	7A6	7A7	7A12																			2A15	2A10	2A9	NC	21
22	GND	7A9	7A11	7A15																			V_{CC}	2A13	2A12	GND	22
23	7A10	7A13	7A14	V_{CC}	0A0	0A4	V_{CC}	0A11	V_{CC}	0D12	0D8	0D3	V_{CC}	1D2	1D7	1D12	V_{CC}	1A11	V_{CC}	1A6	1A3	1A0	TCK	NC	2A14	NC	23
24	NC	NC	TDI	0A2	0A5	0A7	0A10	0A14	0D14	0D11	0D7	0D4	I0/CLK0	1D1	1D5	1D9	1D14	1A13	1A10	1A8	1A7	1A4	1A1	NC	GND	GND	24
25	GND	GND	0A1	0A3	0A8	0A9	0A12	0A15	0D13	0D10	0D6	0D2	0D0	1D0	1D4	1D8	1D10	1D13	1A15	1A14	1A9	1A5	1A2	NC	NC	NC	25
26	NC	NC	GND	0A6	NC	GND	0A13	0D15	GND	0D9	0D5	0D1	GND	I1/CLK1	1D3	1D6	GND	1D11	1D15	GND	1A12	NC	GND	NC	NC	NC	26
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	R	T	U	V	W	Y	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	

20446G-031

Pin Designations

CLK	=	Clock
GND	=	Ground
I	=	Input
I/O	=	Input/Output
NC	=	No Connect
V_{CC}	=	Supply Voltage
TDI	=	Test Data In
TCK	=	Test Clock
TMS	=	Test Mode Select
TDO	=	Test Data Out



Select devices have been discontinued.
See Ordering Information section for product status.