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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	e200z0h
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	40MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, FlexRay, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	79
Program Memory Size	384KB (384K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	64K x 8
RAM Size	36K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 30x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/pro/item?MUrl=&PartUrl=spc5603pef1mll4

- 8 clock and transfer attributes registers
- Chip select strobe available as alternate function on one of the chip select pins for deglitching
- FIFOs for buffering as many as 5 transfers on the transmit and receive side
- Queueing operation possible through use of the eDMA
- General purpose I/O functionality on pins when not used for SPI

1.5.25 Pulse width modulator (FlexPWM)

The pulse width modulator module (PWM) contains four PWM submodules, each capable of controlling a single half-bridge power stage. There are also four fault channels.

This PWM is capable of controlling most motor types: AC induction motors (ACIM), permanent magnet AC motors (PMAC), both brushless (BLDC) and brush DC motors (BDC), switched (SRM) and variable reluctance motors (VRM), and stepper motors.

The FlexPWM block implements the following features:

- 16-bit resolution for center, edge-aligned, and asymmetrical PWMs
- Maximum operating clock frequency of 120 MHz
- PWM outputs can operate as complementary pairs or independent channels
- Can accept signed numbers for PWM generation
- Independent control of both edges of each PWM output
- Synchronization to external hardware or other PWM supported
- Double buffered PWM registers
 - Integral reload rates from 1 to 16
 - Half cycle reload capability
- Multiple ADC trigger events can be generated per PWM cycle via hardware
- Write protection for critical registers
- Fault inputs can be assigned to control multiple PWM outputs
- Programmable filters for fault inputs
- Independently programmable PWM output polarity
- Independent top and bottom deadtime insertion
- Each complementary pair can operate with its own PWM frequency and deadtime values
- Individual software-control for each PWM output
- All outputs can be programmed to change simultaneously via a “Force Out” event
- PWMX pin can optionally output a third PWM signal from each submodule
- Channels not used for PWM generation can be used for buffered output compare functions
- Channels not used for PWM generation can be used for input capture functions
- Enhanced dual-edge capture functionality
- eDMA support with automatic reload
- 2 fault inputs
- Capture capability for PWMA, PWMB, and PWMX channels not supported

1.5.26 eTimer

The MPC5604P includes two eTimer modules. Each module provides six 16-bit general purpose up/down timer/counter units with the following features:

- Maximum operating clock frequency of 120 MHz
- Individual channel capability

- Input capture trigger
- Output compare
- Double buffer (to capture rising edge and falling edge)
- Separate prescaler for each counter
- Selectable clock source
- 0–100% pulse measurement
- Rotation direction flag (Quad decoder mode)
- Maximum count rate
 - External event counting: max. count rate = peripheral clock/2
 - Internal clock counting: max. count rate = peripheral clock
- Counters are:
 - Cascadable
 - Preloadable
- Programmable count modulo
- Quadrature decode capabilities
- Counters can share available input pins
- Count once or repeatedly
- Pins available as GPIO when timer functionality not in use

1.5.27 Analog-to-digital converter (ADC) module

The ADC module provides the following features:

Analog part:

- 2 on-chip AD converters
 - 10-bit AD resolution
 - 1 sample and hold unit per ADC
 - Conversion time, including sampling time, less than 1 μ s (at full precision)
 - Typical sampling time is 150 ns min. (at full precision)
 - Differential non-linearity error (DNL) ± 1 LSB
 - Integral non-linearity error (INL) ± 1.5 LSB
 - TUE < 3 LSB
 - Single-ended input signal up to 5.0 V
 - The ADC and its reference can be supplied with a voltage independent from V_{DDIO}
 - The ADC supply can be equal or higher than V_{DDIO}
 - The ADC supply and the ADC reference are not independent from each other (they are internally bonded to the same pad)
 - Sample times of 2 (default), 8, 64, or 128 ADC clock cycles

Digital part:

- 2×13 input channels including 4 channels shared between the 2 converters
- 4 analog watchdogs comparing ADC results against predefined levels (low, high, range) before results are stored in the appropriate ADC result location,
- 2 modes of operation: Normal mode or CTU control mode
- Normal mode features
 - Register-based interface with the CPU: control register, status register, 1 result register per channel

Table 5. Pin muxing (continued)

Port pin	Pad configuration register (PCR)	Alternate function ^{1,2}	Functions	Peripheral ³	I/O direction ⁴	Pad speed ⁵		Pin No.	
						SRC = 0	SRC = 1	100-pin	144-pin
C[2]	PCR[34]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3 —	GPIO[34] — — — AN[3]	SIUL — — — ADC_0	Input only	—	—	30	45
C[3]	PCR[35]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3 —	GPIO[35] CS1 ETC[4] TXD EIRQ[21]	SIUL DSPI_0 eTimer_1 LIN_1 SIUL	I/O O I/O O I	Slow	Medium	10	16
C[4]	PCR[36]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3 —	GPIO[36] CS0 X[1] DEBUG[4] EIRQ[22]	SIUL DSPI_0 FlexPWM_0 SSCM SIUL	I/O I/O I/O — I	Slow	Medium	5	11
C[5]	PCR[37]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3 — —	GPIO[37] SCK — DEBUG[5] FAULT[3] EIRQ[23]	SIUL DSPI_0 — SSCM FlexPWM_0 SIUL	I/O I/O — — I I	Slow	Medium	7	13
C[6]	PCR[38]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3 —	GPIO[38] SOUT B[1] DEBUG[6] EIRQ[24]	SIUL DSPI_0 FlexPWM_0 SSCM SIUL	I/O I/O O — I	Slow	Medium	98	142
C[7]	PCR[39]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3 —	GPIO[39] — A[1] DEBUG[7] SIN	SIUL — FlexPWM_0 SSCM DSPI_0	I/O — O — I	Slow	Medium	9	15
C[8]	PCR[40]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3 —	GPIO[40] CS1 — CS6 FAULT[2]	SIUL DSPI_1 — DSPI_0 FlexPWM_0	I/O O — O I	Slow	Medium	91	130
C[9]	PCR[41]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3 —	GPIO[41] CS3 — X[3] FAULT[2]	SIUL DSPI_2 — FlexPWM_0 FlexPWM_0	I/O O — I/O I	Slow	Medium	84	123
C[10]	PCR[42]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3 —	GPIO[42] CS2 — A[3] FAULT[1]	SIUL DSPI_2 — FlexPWM_0 FlexPWM_0	I/O O — O I	Slow	Medium	78	111

Table 5. Pin muxing (continued)

Port pin	Pad configuration register (PCR)	Alternate function ^{1,2}	Functions	Peripheral ³	I/O direction ⁴	Pad speed ⁵		Pin No.	
						SRC = 0	SRC = 1	100-pin	144-pin
F[9]	PCR[89]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3	GPIO[89] MSEO0 — —	SIUL NEXUS_0 — —	I/O O — —	Slow	Fast	—	23
F[10]	PCR[90]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3	GPIO[90] EVTO — —	SIUL NEXUS_0 — —	I/O O — —	Slow	Fast	—	24
F[11]	PCR[91]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3 —	GPIO[91] — — — EVTI	SIUL — — — NEXUS_0	I/O — — — I	Slow	Medium	—	25
F[12]	PCR[92]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3	GPIO[92] ETC[3] — —	SIUL eTimer_1 — —	I/O I/O — —	Slow	Medium	—	106
F[13]	PCR[93]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3	GPIO[92] ETC[4] — —	SIUL eTimer_1 — —	I/O I/O — —	Slow	Medium	—	112
F[14]	PCR[94]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3	GPIO[94] TXD — —	SIUL LIN_1 — —	I/O O — —	Slow	Medium	—	115
F[15]	PCR[95]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3 —	GPIO[95] — — — RXD	SIUL — — — LIN_1	I/O — — — I	Slow	Medium	—	113
Port G (12-bit)									
G[0]	PCR[96]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3 —	GPIO[96] F[0] — — EIRQ[30]	SIUL FCU_0 — — SIUL	I/O O — — I	Slow	Medium	—	38
G[1]	PCR[97]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3 —	GPIO[97] F[1] — — EIRQ[31]	SIUL FCU_0 — — SIUL	I/O O — — I	Slow	Medium	—	141
G[2]	PCR[98]	ALT0 ALT1 ALT2 ALT3	GPIO[98] X[2] — —	SIUL FlexPWM_0 — —	I/O I/O — —	Slow	Medium	—	102

3 Electrical characteristics

3.1 Introduction

This section contains device electrical characteristics as well as temperature and power considerations.

This microcontroller contains input protection against damage due to high static voltages. However, it is advisable to take precautions to avoid application of any voltage higher than the specified maximum rated voltages.

To enhance reliability, unused inputs can be driven to an appropriate logic voltage level (V_{DD} or V_{SS}). This can be done by the internal pull-up or pull-down resistors, which are provided by the device for most general purpose pins.

The following tables provide the device characteristics and its demands on the system.

In the tables where the device logic provides signals with their respective timing characteristics, the symbol “CC” for Controller Characteristics is included in the Symbol column.

In the tables where the external system must provide signals with their respective timing characteristics to the device, the symbol “SR” for System Requirement is included in the Symbol column.

CAUTION

All of the following parameter values can vary depending on the application and must be confirmed during silicon characterization or silicon reliability trial.

3.2 Parameter classification

The electrical parameters are guaranteed by various methods. To give the customer a better understanding, the classifications listed in Table 6 are used and the parameters are tagged accordingly in the tables where appropriate.

Table 6. Parameter classifications

Classification tag	Tag description
P	Those parameters are guaranteed during production testing on each individual device.
C	Those parameters are achieved by the design characterization by measuring a statistically relevant sample size across process variations.
T	Those parameters are achieved by design characterization on a small sample size from typical devices under typical conditions unless otherwise noted. All values shown in the typical column are within this category.
D	Those parameters are derived mainly from simulations.

NOTE

The classification is shown in the column labeled “C” in the parameter tables where appropriate.

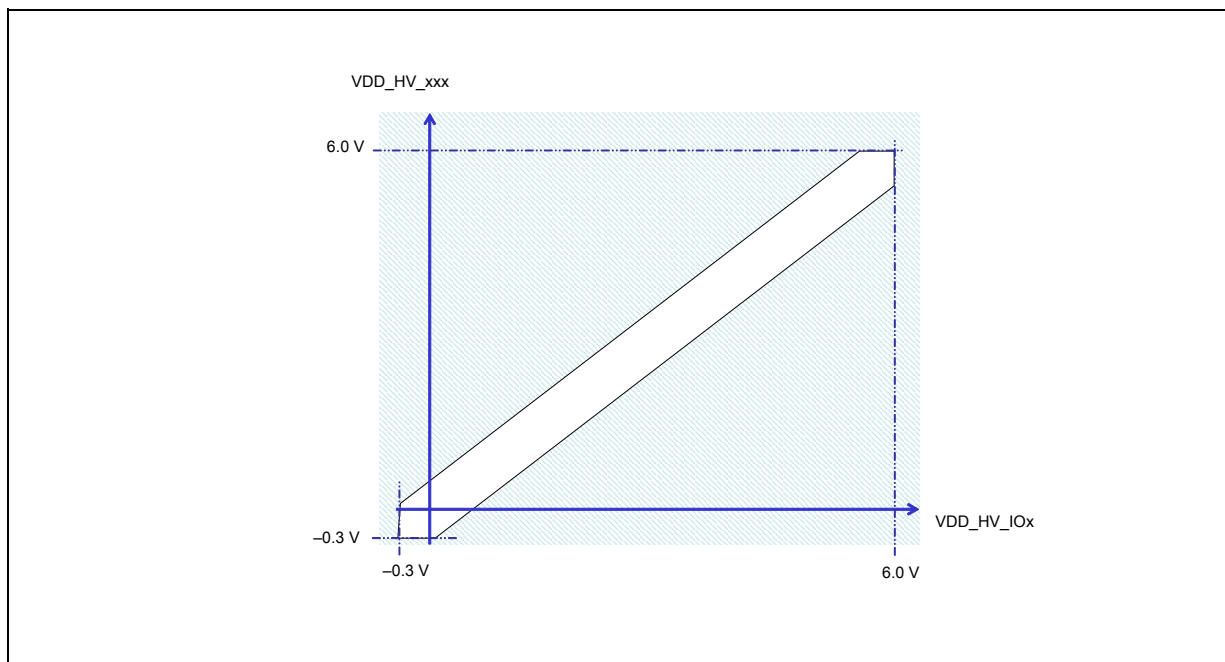


Figure 4. Power supplies constraints ($-0.3\text{ V} \leq V_{DD_HV_IOx} \leq 6.0\text{ V}$)

The MPC5604P supply architecture allows of having ADC supply managed independently from standard V_{DD_HV} supply. [Figure 5](#) shows the constraints of the ADC power supply.

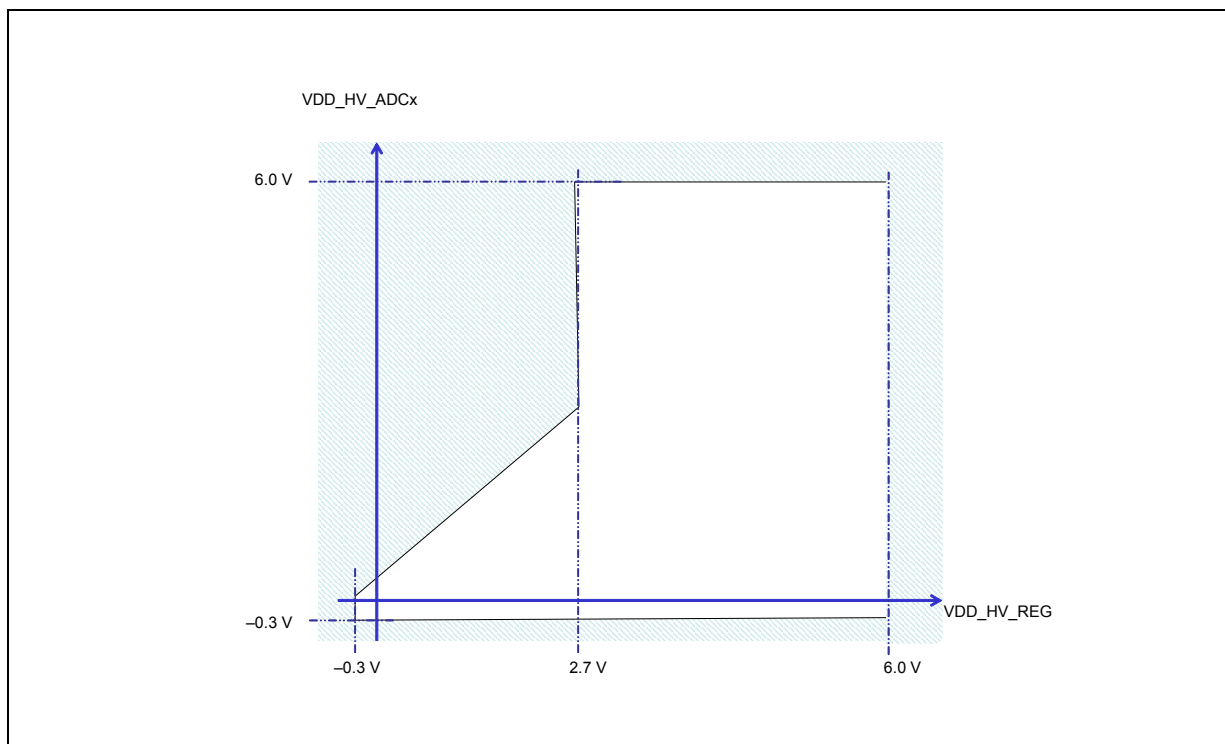


Figure 5. Independent ADC supply ($-0.3\text{ V} \leq V_{DD_HV_REG} \leq 6.0\text{ V}$)

3.4 Recommended operating conditions

Table 8. Recommended operating conditions (5.0 V)

Symbol		Parameter	Conditions	Value		Unit
				Min	Max ¹	
V _{SS}	SR	Device ground	—	0	0	V
V _{DD_HV_IOx} ²	SR	5.0 V input/output supply voltage	—	4.5	5.5	V
V _{SS_HV_IOx}	SR	Input/output ground voltage	—	0	0	V
V _{DD_HV_FL}	SR	5.0 V code and data flash supply voltage	—	4.5	5.5	V
			Relative to V _{DD_HV_IOx}	V _{DD_HV_IOx} – 0.1	V _{DD_HV_IOx} + 0.1	
V _{SS_HV_FL}	SR	Code and data flash ground	—	0	0	V
V _{DD_HV_OSC}	SR	5.0 V crystal oscillator amplifier supply voltage	—	4.5	5.5	V
			Relative to V _{DD_HV_IOx}	V _{DD_HV_IOx} – 0.1	V _{DD_HV_IOx} + 0.1	
V _{SS_HV_OSC}	SR	5.0 V crystal oscillator amplifier reference voltage	—	0	0	V
V _{DD_HV_REG}	SR	5.0 V voltage regulator supply voltage	—	4.5	5.5	V
			Relative to V _{DD_HV_IOx}	V _{DD_HV_IOx} – 0.1	V _{DD_HV_IOx} + 0.1	
V _{DD_HV_ADC0} ³	SR	5.0 V ADC_0 supply and high reference voltage	—	4.5	5.5	V
			Relative to V _{DD_HV_REG}	V _{DD_HV_REG} – 0.1	—	
V _{SS_HV_ADC0}	SR	ADC_0 ground and low reference voltage	—	0	0	V
V _{DD_HV_ADC1} ³	SR	5.0 V ADC_1 supply and high reference voltage	—	4.5	5.5	V
			Relative to V _{DD_HV_REG}	V _{DD_HV_REG} – 0.1	—	
V _{SS_HV_ADC1}	SR	ADC_1 ground and low reference voltage	—	0	0	V
V _{DD_LV_REGCOR} ^{4,5}	CC	Internal supply voltage	—	—	—	V
V _{SS_LV_REGCOR} ⁴	SR	Internal reference voltage	—	0	0	V
V _{DD_LV_CORx} ^{4,5}	CC	Internal supply voltage	—	—	—	V
V _{SS_LV_CORx} ⁴	SR	Internal reference voltage	—	0	0	V
T _A	SR	Ambient temperature under bias	—	–40	125	°C

¹ Parametric figures can be out of specification when voltage drops below 4.5 V, however, guaranteeing the full functionality. In particular, ADC electrical characteristics and I/Os DC electrical specification may not be guaranteed.

² The difference between each couple of voltage supplies must be less than 100 mV, $|V_{DD_HV_IOy} - V_{DD_HV_IOx}| < 100$ mV.

³ The difference between ADC voltage supplies must be less than 100 mV, $|V_{DD_HV_ADC1} - V_{DD_HV_ADC0}| < 100$ mV.

3.5 Thermal characteristics

3.5.1 Package thermal characteristics

Table 10. Thermal characteristics for 144-pin LQFP

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical value	Unit
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal resistance junction-to-ambient, natural convection ¹	Single layer board—1s	54.2	°C/W
		Four layer board—2s2p	44.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal resistance junction-to-board ²	Four layer board—2s2p	29.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JCtop}$	Thermal resistance junction-to-case (top) ³	Single layer board—1s	9.3	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board, natural convection ⁴	Operating conditions	30.2	°C/W
Ψ_{JC}	Junction-to-case, natural convection ⁵	Operating conditions	0.8	°C/W

¹ Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance determined per JEDEC JESD51-7. Thermal test board meets JEDEC specification for this package.

² Junction-to-board thermal resistance determined per JEDEC JESD51-8. Thermal test board meets JEDEC specification for the specified package.

³ Junction-to-case at the top of the package determined using MIL-STD 883 Method 1012.1. The cold plate temperature is used for the case temperature. Reported value includes the thermal resistance of the interface layer.

⁴ Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between the board and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-2. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JB.

⁵ Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between the case and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-2. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JC.

Table 11. Thermal characteristics for 100-pin LQFP

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical value	Unit
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal resistance junction-to-ambient, natural convection ¹	Single layer board—1s	47.3	°C/W
		Four layer board—2s2p	35.3	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal resistance junction-to-board ²	Four layer board—2s2p	19.1	°C/W
$R_{\theta JCtop}$	Thermal resistance junction-to-case (top) ³	Single layer board—1s	9.7	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board, natural convection ⁴	Operating conditions	19.1	°C/W
Ψ_{JC}	Junction-to-case, natural convection ⁵	Operating conditions	0.8	°C/W

¹ Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance determined per JEDEC JESD51-7. Thermal test board meets JEDEC specification for this package.

² Junction-to-board thermal resistance determined per JEDEC JESD51-8. Thermal test board meets JEDEC specification for the specified package.

³ Junction-to-case at the top of the package determined using MIL-STD 883 Method 1012.1. The cold plate temperature is used for the case temperature. Reported value includes the thermal resistance of the interface layer.

⁴ Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between the board and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-2. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JB.

Table 14. Approved NPN ballast components (configuration with resistor on base)

Part	Manufacturer	Approved derivatives ¹
BCP68	ON Semi	BCP68
	NXP	BCP68-25
	Infineon	BCP68-25
BCX68	Infineon	BCX68-10;BCX68-16;BCX68-25
BC868	NXP	BC868
BC817	Infineon	BC817-16;BC817-25;BC817SU;
	NXP	BC817-16;BC817-25
BCP56	ST	BCP56-16
	Infineon	BCP56-10;BCP56-16
	ON Semi	BCP56-10
	NXP	BCP56-10;BCP56-16

¹ For automotive applications please check with the appropriate transistor vendor for automotive grade certification

Table 15. Voltage regulator electrical characteristics (configuration with resistor on base)

Symbol	C	P	Parameter	Conditions	Value			Unit
					Min	Typ	Max	
V _{DD_LV_REGCOR}	CC	P	Output voltage under maximum load run supply current configuration	Post-trimming	1.15	—	1.32	V
R _B	SR	—	External resistance on bipolar junction transistor (BJT) base	—	18	—	22	kΩ
C _{DEC1}	SR	—	External decoupling/stability ceramic capacitor	BJT from Table 14. 3 capacitances (i.e. X7R or X8R capacitors) with nominal value of 10 μF	19.5	30	—	μF
				BJT BC817, one capacitance of 22 μF	14.3	22	—	μF

Table 24. I/O weight (continued)

Pad	144 LQFP		100 LQFP	
	Weight 5V	Weight 3.3V	Weight 5V	Weight 3.3V
PAD[27]	1%	1%	1%	1%
PAD[28]	1%	1%	1%	1%
PAD[63]	1%	1%	1%	1%
PAD[72]	1%	1%	—	—
PAD[29]	1%	1%	1%	1%
PAD[73]	1%	1%	—	—
PAD[31]	1%	1%	1%	1%
PAD[74]	1%	1%	—	—
PAD[30]	1%	1%	1%	1%
PAD[75]	1%	1%	—	—
PAD[32]	1%	1%	1%	1%
PAD[76]	1%	1%	—	—
PAD[64]	1%	1%	1%	1%
PAD[0]	23%	20%	23%	20%
PAD[1]	21%	18%	21%	18%
PAD[107]	20%	17%	—	—
PAD[58]	19%	16%	19%	16%
PAD[106]	18%	16%	—	—
PAD[59]	17%	15%	17%	15%
PAD[105]	16%	14%	—	—
PAD[43]	15%	13%	15%	13%
PAD[104]	14%	13%	—	—
PAD[44]	13%	12%	13%	12%
PAD[103]	12%	11%	—	—
PAD[2]	11%	10%	11%	10%
PAD[101]	11%	9%	—	—
PAD[21]	10%	8%	10%	8%
TMS	1%	1%	1%	1%
TCK	1%	1%	1%	1%
PAD[20]	16%	11%	16%	11%
PAD[3]	4%	3%	4%	3%
PAD[61]	9%	8%	9%	8%
PAD[102]	11%	10%	—	—

In fact a current sink contributor is represented by the charge sharing effects with the sampling capacitance: C_S and C_{P2} being substantially two switched capacitances, with a frequency equal to the ADC conversion rate, it can be seen as a resistive path to ground. For instance, assuming a conversion rate of 1 MHz, with $C_S + C_{P2}$ equal to 3 pF, a resistance of 330 k Ω is obtained ($R_{EQ} = 1 / (f_c \times (C_S + C_{P2}))$), where f_c represents the conversion rate at the considered channel). To minimize the error induced by the voltage partitioning between this resistance (sampled voltage on $C_S + C_{P2}$) and the sum of $R_S + R_F$, the external circuit must be designed to respect the [Equation 4](#):

Eqn. 4

$$V_A \cdot \frac{R_S + R_F}{R_{EQ}} < \frac{1}{2} \text{ LSB}$$

[Equation 4](#) generates a constraint for external network design, in particular on resistive path.

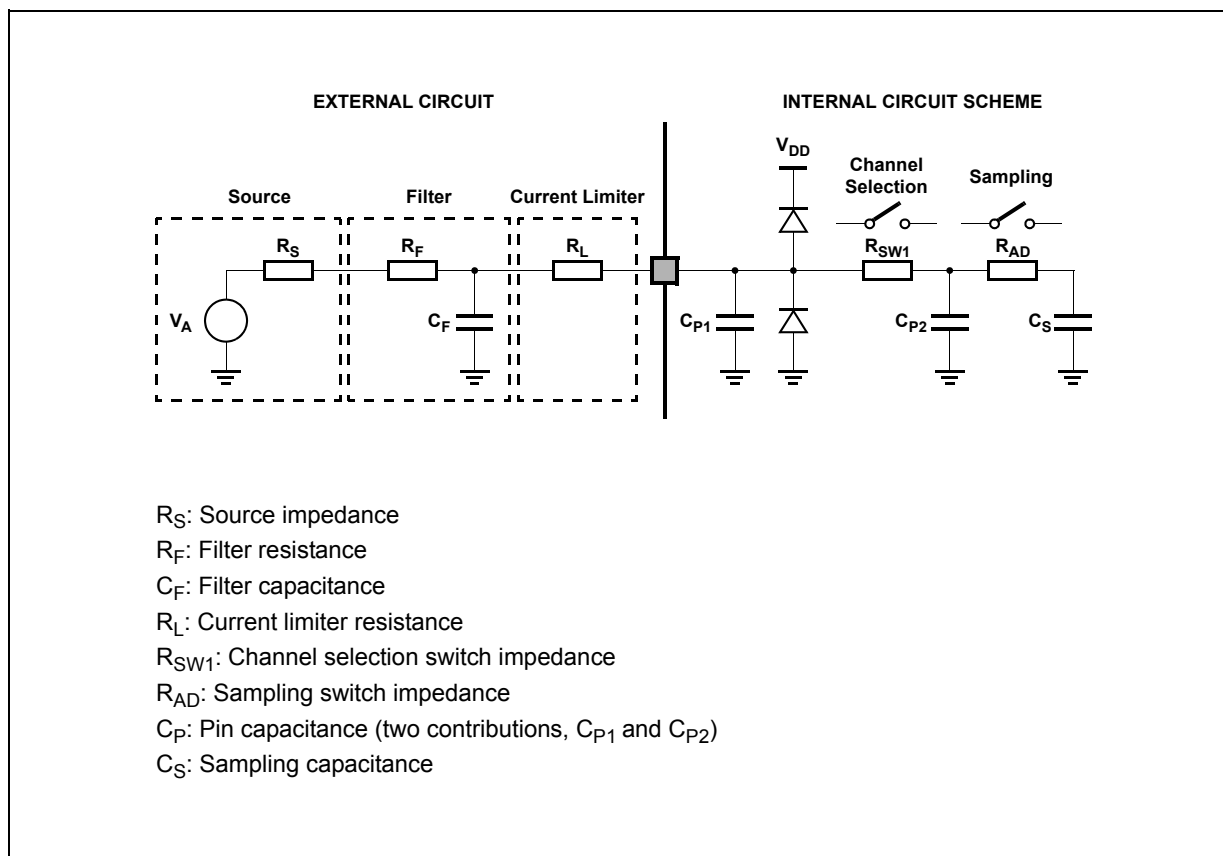


Figure 15. Input equivalent circuit

A second aspect involving the capacitance network shall be considered. Assuming the three capacitances C_F , C_{P1} and C_{P2} are initially charged at the source voltage V_A (refer to the equivalent circuit reported in [Figure 15](#)): A charge sharing phenomenon is installed when the sampling phase is started (A/D switch closed).

Table 38. Nexus debug port timing¹ (continued)

No.	Symbol		C	Parameter	Value			Unit
					Min	Typ	Max	
6	t_{NTDIS}	CC	D	TDI data setup time	6	—	—	ns
	t_{NTMSS}	CC	D	TMS data setup time	6	—	—	ns
7	t_{NTDIH}	CC	D	TDI data hold time	10	—	—	ns
	t_{NTMSH}	CC	D	TMS data hold time	10	—	—	ns
8	t_{TDOV}	CC	D	TCK low to TDO data valid	—	—	35	ns
9	t_{TDOI}	CC	D	TCK low to TDO data invalid	6	—	—	ns

¹ All Nexus timing relative to MCKO is measured from 50% of MCKO and 50% of the respective signal.

² \overline{MDO} , \overline{MSEO} , and \overline{EVTO} data is held valid until next MCKO low cycle.

³ Lower frequency is required to be fully compliant to standard.

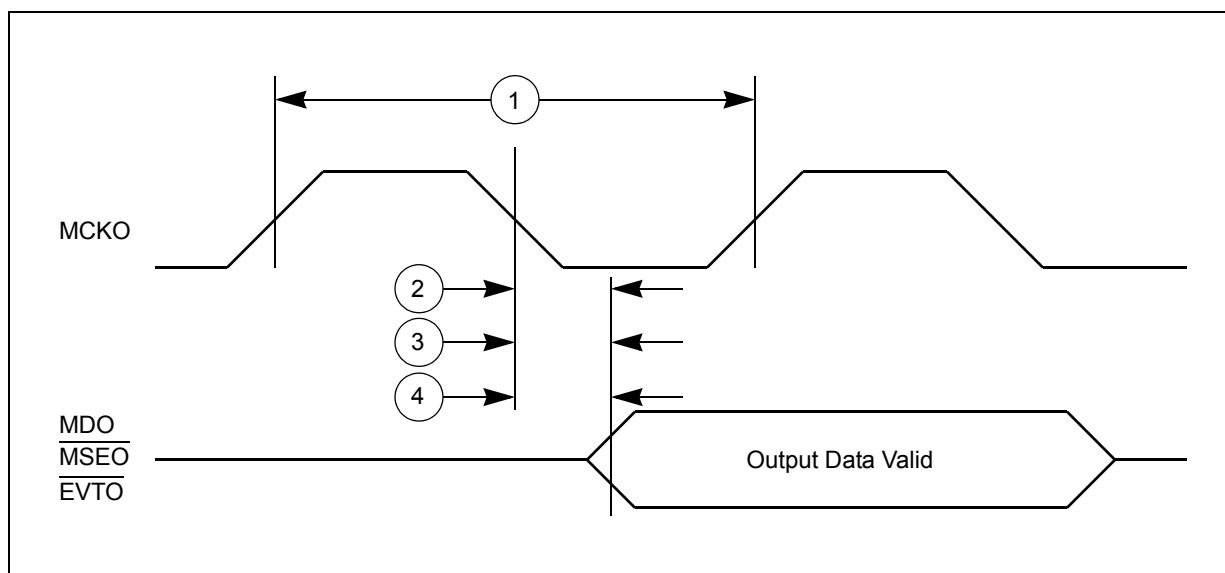


Figure 24. Nexus output timing

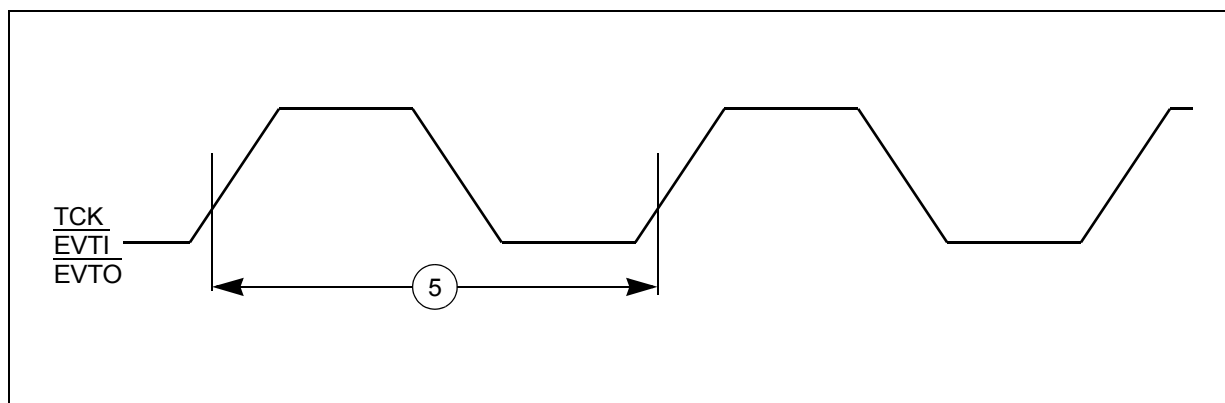


Figure 25. Nexus event trigger and test clock timings

³ N = ISR time to clear the flag

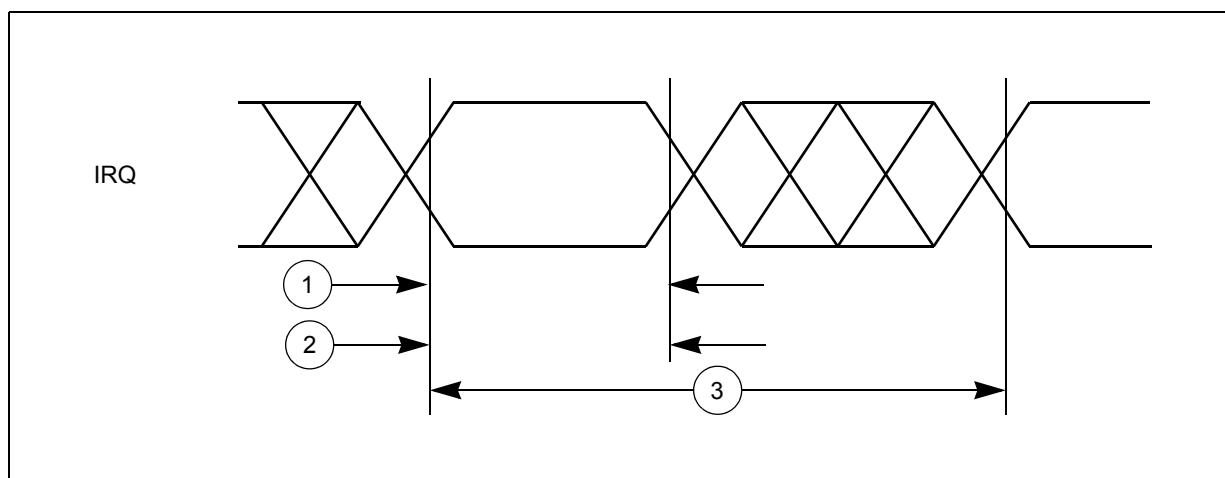


Figure 27. External interrupt timing

3.17.5 DSPI timing

Table 40. DSPI timing¹

No.	Symbol		C	Parameter	Conditions	Value		Unit
						Min	Max	
1	t _{SCK}	CC	D	DSPI cycle time	Master (MTFE = 0)	60	—	ns
					Slave (MTFE = 0)	60	—	
2	t _{CSC}	CC	D	CS to SCK delay	—	16	—	ns
3	t _{ASC}	CC	D	After SCK delay	—	26	—	ns
4	t _{SDC}	CC	D	SCK duty cycle	—	0.4 * t _{SCK}	0.6 * t _{SCK}	ns
5	t _A	CC	D	Slave access time	SS active to SOUT valid	—	30	ns
6	t _{DIS}	CC	D	Slave SOUT disable time	SS inactive to SOUT high impedance or invalid	—	16	ns
7	t _{PCSC}	CC	D	PCSx to PCSS time	—	13	—	ns
8	t _{PASC}	CC	D	PCSS to PCSx time	—	13	—	ns
9	t _{SUI}	CC	D	Data setup time for inputs	Master (MTFE = 0)	35	—	ns
					Slave	4	—	
					Master (MTFE = 1, CPHA = 0)	35	—	
					Master (MTFE = 1, CPHA = 1)	35	—	
10	t _{HI}	CC	D	Data hold time for inputs	Master (MTFE = 0)	–5	—	ns
					Slave	4	—	
					Master (MTFE = 1, CPHA = 0)	11	—	
					Master (MTFE = 1, CPHA = 1)	–5	—	

4 Package characteristics

4.1 Package mechanical data

4.1.1 144 LQFP mechanical outline drawing

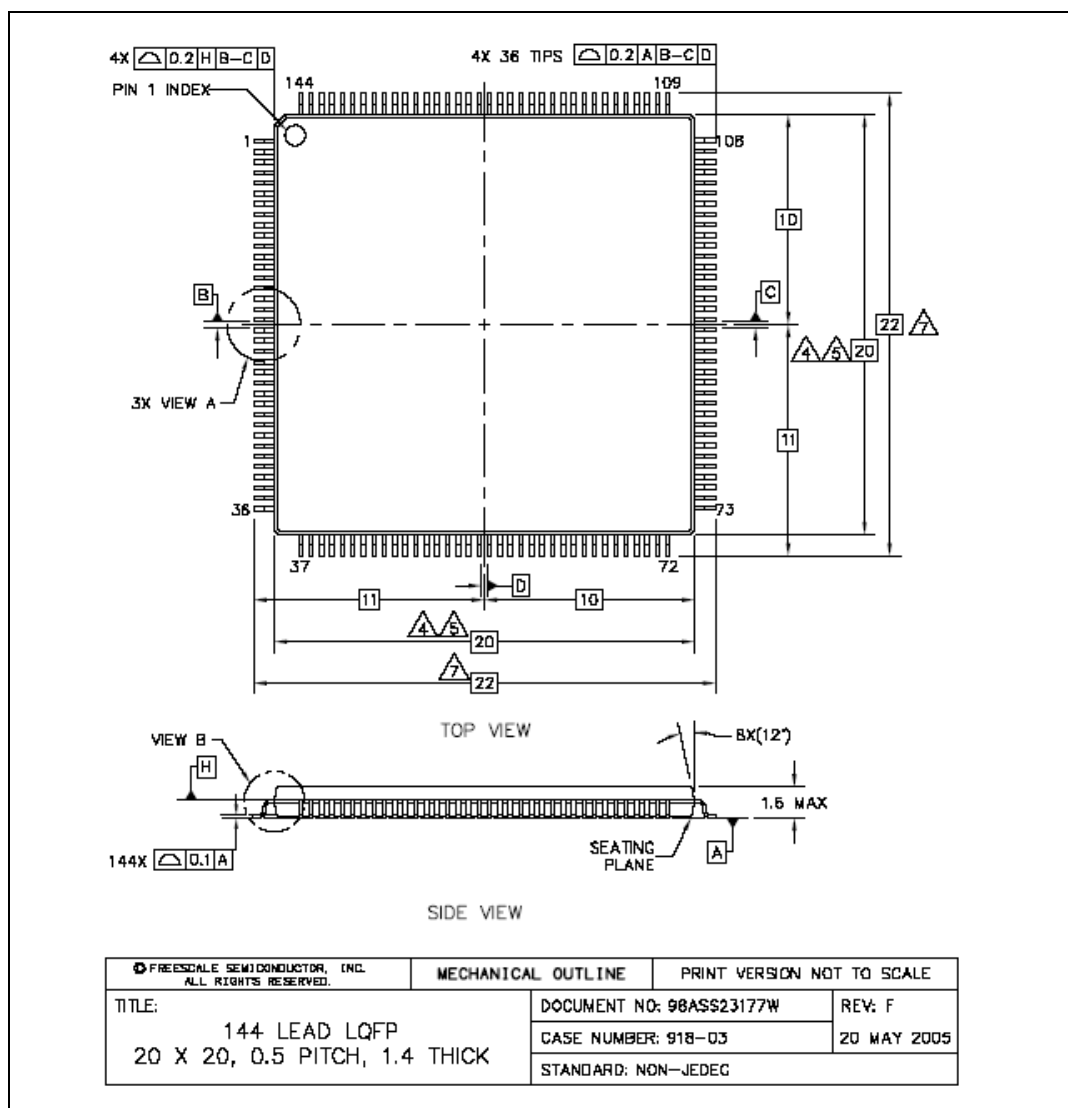


Figure 37. 144 LQFP package mechanical drawing (part 1)


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	DO NOT SCALE THIS DRAWING		PAGE:	983
			REV:	H
<p>NOTES:</p> <p>1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.</p> <p>2. INTERPRET DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ASME Y14.5M–1994.</p> <p>3. DATUMS B, C AND D TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.</p> <p>4. THE TOP PACKAGE BODY SIZE MAY BE SMALLER THAN THE BOTTOM PACKAGE SIZE BY A MAXIMUM OF 0.1 MM.</p> <p>5. DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS. THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION IS 0.25 mm PER SIDE. THE DIMENSIONS ARE MAXIMUM BODY SIZE DIMENSIONS INCLUDING MOLD MISMATCH.</p> <p>6. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE DAM BAR PROTRUSION. PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT CAUSE THE LEAD WIDTH TO EXCEED 0.35. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSION AND AN ADJACENT LEAD SHALL BE 0.07 MM.</p> <p>7. DIMENSIONS ARE DETERMINED AT THE SEATING PLANE, DATUM A.</p>				
TITLE: 100 LEAD LQFP 14 X 14, 0.5 PITCH, 1.4 THICK		CASE NUMBER: 983–02		
		STANDARD: NON–JEDEC		
		PACKAGE CODE: 8264	SHEET:	3

Figure 41. 100 LQFP package mechanical drawing (part 3)

Table 41.

Symbol	Dimensions					
	mm			inches ¹		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	—	—	1.600	—	—	0.0630
A1	0.050	—	0.150	0.0020	—	0.0059
A2	1.350	1.400	1.450	0.0531	0.0551	0.0571
b	0.170	0.220	0.270	0.0067	0.0087	0.0106
c	0.090	—	0.200	0.0035	—	0.0079
D	15.800	16.000	16.200	0.6220	0.6299	0.6378
D1	13.800	14.000	14.200	0.5433	0.5512	0.5591
D3	—	12.000	—	—	0.4724	—
E	15.800	16.000	16.200	0.6220	0.6299	0.6378
E1	13.800	14.000	14.200	0.5433	0.5512	0.5591
E3	—	12.000	—	—	0.4724	—
e	—	0.500	—	—	0.0197	—
L	0.450	0.600	0.750	0.0177	0.0236	0.0295
L1	—	1.000	—	—	0.0394	—
k	0.0°	3.5°	7.0°	0.0°	3.5°	7.0°
ccc ²	0.08			0.0031		

¹ Values in inches are converted from millimeters (mm) and rounded to four decimal digits.

² Tolerance

5 Ordering information

Figure 42. Commercial product code structure

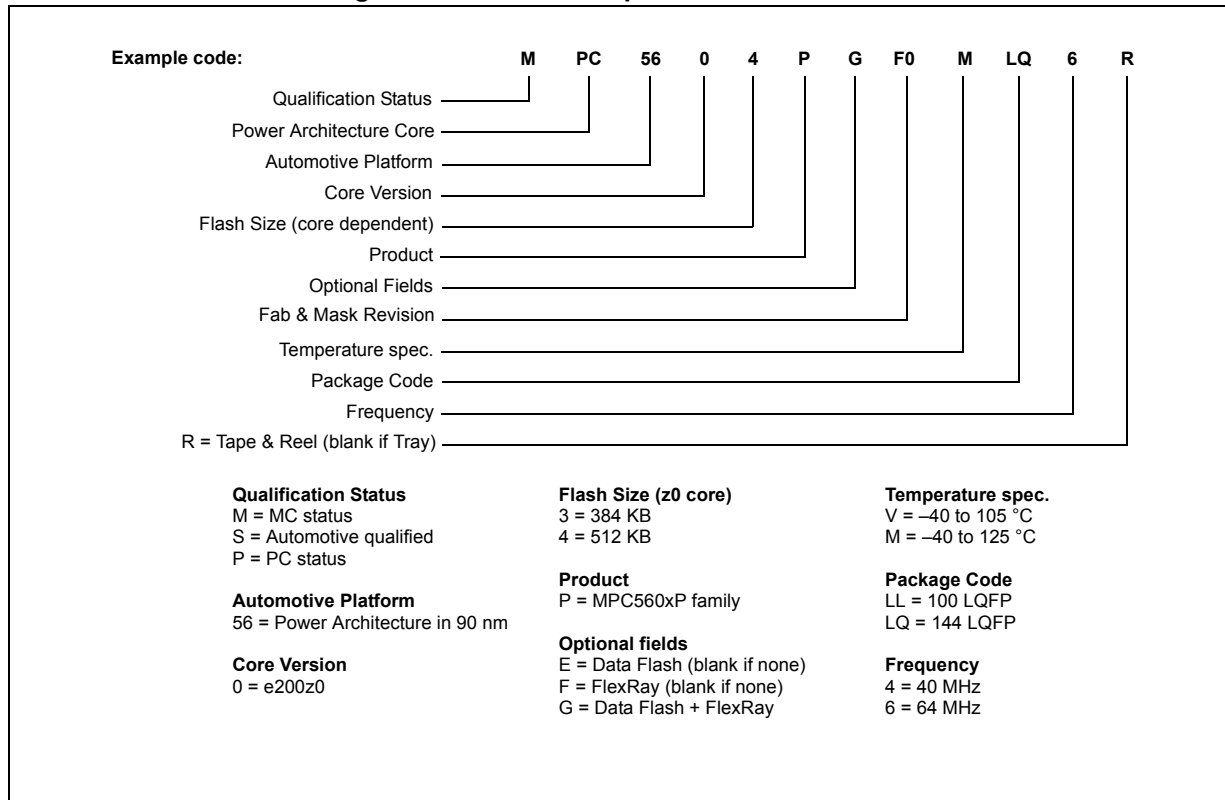


Table 42. Revision history (continued)

Revision	Date	Substantive changes
Rev. 4	24-Jun-2009	<p>Through all document:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Replaced all “RESET_B” occurrences with “RESET” through all document. – AC Timings: 1149.1 (JTAG) Timing, Nexus Timing, External Interrupt Timing, and DSPI Timing sections inserted again. – Electrical parameters updated. – <p>Table 2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added row for Data Flash. <p>Table 3</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added a footnote regarding the decoupling capacitors. <p>Table 5</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Removed the “other function” column. – Rearranged the contents. <p>Table 15</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Updated definition of Condition column. <p>Table 20</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – merged in an unique Table the power consumption data related to "Maximum mode" and "Airbag mode". <p>Table 22</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – merged in an unique Table the power consumption data related to "Maximum mode" and "Airbag mode". <p>Table 30</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Updated the parameter definition of $\Delta RCMVAR$. – Removed the condition definition of $\Delta RCMVAR$. <p>Table 30</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added t_{ADC_C} and TUE rows. <p>Table 31</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added t_{ADC_C} and TUE rows. – Removed R_{sw2}. <p>Table 34</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added. <p>Table 29</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Updated and added footnotes. <p>Section 3.17.1, “RESET pin characteristics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Replaces whole section. <p>Table 38</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Renamed the “Flash (KB)” heading column in “Code Flash / Data Flash (EE) (KB)” – Replaced the value of RAM from 32 to 36KB in the last four rows.

Table 42. Revision history (continued)

Revision	Date	Substantive changes
Rev. 7	07-Apr-2011	<p>Formatting and editorial changes throughout</p> <p>Removed all content referencing Junction Temperature Sensor</p> <p>Section 1, "Introduction": changed title (was: Overview); reorganized contents</p> <p>MPC5604P device comparison:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ADC feature: changed "16 channels" to "15-channel"; added footnote to indicate that four channels are shared between the two ADCs • removed MPC5602P column • indicated that data flash memory is an optional feature • indicated that FlexRay is an optional feature • changed "dual channel" to "selectable single or dual channel support" in FlexRay footnote • updated "eTimer" feature • updated footnote relative to "Digital power supply" feature <p>Updated MPC5604P block diagram</p> <p>Added MPC5604P series block summary</p> <p>Added Section 1.5, "Feature details"</p> <p>Section 2.1, "Package pinouts": removed alternate functions from pinout diagrams</p> <p>Supply pins: updated descriptions of power supply pins (1.2 V)</p> <p>System pins: updated table</p> <p>Pin muxing: added rows "B[4]" and "B[5]"</p> <p>Section 3.3, "Absolute maximum ratings": added voltage specifications to titles of Figure 4 and Figure 5; in Table 7, changed row "V_{SS_HV} / Digital Ground" to "V_{SS} / Device Ground"; updated symbols</p> <p>Section 3.4, "Recommended operating conditions": added voltage specifications to titles of Figure 6 and Figure 7</p> <p>Recommended operating conditions (5.0 V), and Recommended operating conditions (3.3 V): changed row "V_{SS_HV} / Digital Ground" to "V_{SS} / Device Ground"; updated symbols</p> <p>Updated Section 3.5.1, "Package thermal characteristics"</p> <p>Updated Section 3.6, "Electromagnetic interference (EMI) characteristics"</p> <p>Section 3.8.1, "Voltage regulator electrical characteristics": amended titles of Table 15 and Table 17</p> <p>Voltage regulator electrical characteristics (configuration without resistor on base) and Voltage regulator electrical characteristics (configuration with resistor on base): updated symbol and values for $V_{DD_LV_REGCOR}$</p> <p>Low voltage monitor electrical characteristics: Updated $V_{MLVDDOK_H}$ max value—was 1.15 V; is 1.145 V</p> <p>Section 3.10, "DC electrical characteristics": reorganized contents</p> <p>Updated Section 3.10.1, "NVUSRO register" (includes adding "NVUSRO[OSCILLATOR_MARGIN] field description" table</p> <p>Supply current (5.0 V, NVUSRO[PAD3V5V] = 0): updated symbols</p>

Table 42. Revision history (continued)

Revision	Date	Substantive changes
Rev. 8	23-May-2012	<p>Section 1.5.4, “Flash memory: Changed “Data flash memory: 32-bit ECC” to “Data flash memory: 64-bit ECC”</p> <p>Figure 42 (Commercial product code structure), replaced “C = 60 MHz, 5 V” and “D = 60 MHz, 3.3 V” with respectively “C = 40 MHz, 5 V” and “D = 40 MHz, 3.3 V”</p> <p>Table 7 (Absolute maximum ratings), updated TV_{DD} parameter, the minimum value to 3.0 V/s and the maximum value to 0.5 V/μs</p> <p>Table 5 (Pin muxing), changed the description in the column “I/O direction” from “I/O” to “O” for the following port pins:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A[10] with function B[0] A[11] with function A[0] A[11] with function A[2] A[12] with function A[2] A[12] with function B[2] A[13] with function B[2] C[7] with function A[1] C[10] with function A[3] C[15] with function A[1] D[0] with function B[1] D[10] with function A[0] D[11] with function B[0] D[13] with function A[1] D[14] with function B[1] <p>Updated Section 3.8.1, “Voltage regulator electrical characteristics</p> <p>Added Table 25 (I/O consumption)</p> <p>Section 3.10, DC electrical characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> deleted references to “oscillator margin” deleted subsection “NVUSRO[OSCILLATOR_MARGIN] field description” <p>Table 19 (DC electrical characteristics (5.0 V, NVUSRO[PAD3V5V] = 0)), added IPU row for RESET pin</p> <p>Table 21 (DC electrical characteristics (3.3 V, NVUSRO[PAD3V5V] = 1)), added IPU row for RESET pin</p> <p>Table 31 (ADC conversion characteristics), added V_{INAN} entry</p> <p>Removed “Order codes” table</p>