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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	24
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323lah2808c

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



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Development Features

Table 1 lists the features of ZiLOG®'s Z8 GPTM OTP MCU Family family members.

Table 1. Features

Device	OTP (KB)	RAM (Bytes)	I/O Lines	Voltage Range
ZGP323L OTP MCU Family	4, 8, 16, 32	237	32, 24 or 16	2.0V-3.6V

- Low power consumption–6mW (typical)
- T = Temperature
 - S = Standard 0° to +70°C
 - $E = Extended -40^{\circ} to +105^{\circ}C$
 - $A = Automotive -40^{\circ} to +125^{\circ}C$
- Three standby modes:
 - STOP—2μA (typical)
 - HALT—0.8mA (typical)
 - Low voltage reset
- Special architecture to automate both generation and reception of complex pulses or signals:
 - One programmable 8-bit counter/timer with two capture registers and two load registers
 - One programmable 16-bit counter/timer with one 16-bit capture register pair and one 16-bit load register pair
 - Programmable input glitch filter for pulse reception
- Six priority interrupts
 - Three external
 - Two assigned to counter/timers
 - One low-voltage detection interrupt
- Low voltage detection and high voltage detection flags
- Programmable Watch-Dog Timer/Power-On Reset (WDT/POR) circuits
- Two independent comparators with programmable interrupt polarity
- Programmable EPROM options
 - Port 0: 0–3 pull-up transistors
 - Port 0: 4-7 pull-up transistors



Port 1: 0–3 pull-up transistors

Port 1: 4–7 pull-up transistors

Port 2: 0–7 pull-up transistors

EPROM Protection

WDT enabled at POR

Note: The mask option pull-up transistor has a *typical* equivalent resistance of 200 K Ω ±50% at V_{CC}=3 V and 450 K Ω ±50% at V_{CC}=2 V.

General Description

The Z8 GPTM OTP MCU Family is an OTP-based member of the MCU family of infrared microcontrollers. With 237B of general-purpose RAM and up to 32KB of OTP, ZiLOG[®]'s CMOS microcontrollers offer fast-executing, efficient use of memory, sophisticated interrupts, input/output bit manipulation capabilities, automated pulse generation/reception, and internal key-scan pull-up transistors.

The Z8 GPTM OTP MCU Family architecture (Figure 1) is based on ZiLOG's 8-bit microcontroller core with an Expanded Register File allowing access to register-mapped peripherals, input/output (I/O) circuits, and powerful counter/timer circuitry. The Z8[®] offers a flexible I/O scheme, an efficient register and address space structure, and a number of ancillary features that are useful in many consumer, automotive, computer peripheral, and battery-operated hand-held applications.

There are three basic address spaces available to support a wide range of configurations: Program Memory, Register File and Expanded Register File. The register file is composed of 256 Bytes (B) of RAM. It includes 4 I/O port registers, 16 control and status registers, and 236 general-purpose registers. The Expanded Register File consists of two additional register groups (F and D).

To unburden the program from coping with such real-time problems as generating complex waveforms or receiving and demodulating complex waveform/pulses, the Z8 GP OTP MCU offers a new intelligent counter/timer architecture with 8-bit and 16-bit counter/timers (see Figure 2). Also included are a large number of user-selectable modes and two on-board comparators to process analog signals with separate reference voltages.

Note: All signals with an overline, " ", are active Low. For example, B/W, in which WORD is active Low, and B/W, in which BYTE is active Low.

Power connections use the conventional descriptions listed in Table 2.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses greater than those listed in Table 7 might cause permanent damage to the device. This rating is a stress rating only. Functional operation of the device at any condition above those indicated in the operational sections of these specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for an extended period might affect device reliability.

Table 6. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Notes
Ambient temperature under bias	0	+70	С	
Storage temperature	-65	+150	С	
Voltage on any pin with respect to V _{SS}	-0.3	+5.5	V	1
Voltage on V _{DD} pin with respect to V _{SS}	-0.3	+3.6	V	
Maximum current on input and/or inactive output pin	- 5	+5	μA	
Maximum output current from active output pin	-25	+25	mA	
Maximum current into V _{DD} or out of V _{SS}		75	mA	

Notes:

This voltage applies to all pins except the following: V_{DD}, P32, P33 and RESET.

Standard Test Conditions

The characteristics listed in this product specification apply for standard test conditions as noted. All voltages are referenced to GND. Positive current flows into the referenced pin (see Figure 7).

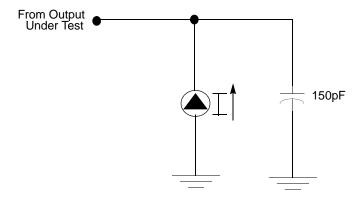


Figure 7. Test Load Diagram



Table 8. DC Characteristics (Continued)

			T _A = 0°	C to +7	70°C			
Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC}	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions	Notes
I _{CC1}	Standby Current	2.0			3	mΑ	$V_{IN} = 0V$, V_{CC} at 8.0MHz	1, 2
	(HALT Mode)	3.6			5		Same as above	1, 2
		2.0			2		Clock Divide-by-16 at 8.0MHz	1, 2
		3.6			4		Same as above	1, 2
I _{CC2}	Standby Current (Stop	2.0			8	μΑ	V _{IN} = 0 V, V _{CC} WDT is not Running	3
	Mode)	3.6			10	μΑ	Same as above	3
		2.0			500	μΑ	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{CC} \text{ WDT is Running}$	3
		3.6			800	μA	Same as above	3
I _{LV}	Standby Current				10	μΑ	Measured at 1.3V	4
	(Low Voltage)							
V _{BO}	V _{CC} Low Voltage				2.0	V	8MHz maximum	
	Protection						Ext. CLK Freq.	
V_{LVD}	Vcc Low Voltage			2.4		V		
	Detection							
V_{HVD}	Vcc High Voltage			2.7		V		
	Detection							

Notes:

- 1. All outputs unloaded, inputs at rail.
- 2. CL1 = CL2 = 100 pF.
- 3. Oscillator stopped.
- Oscillator stops when V_{CC} falls below V_{BO} limit.
 It is strongly recommended to add a filter capacitor (minimum 0.1 μF), physically close to the V_{DD} and V_{SS} pins if operating voltage fluctuations are anticipated, such as those resulting from driving an Infrared LED.

AC Characteristics

Figure 8 and Table 10 describe the Alternating Current (AC) characteristics.

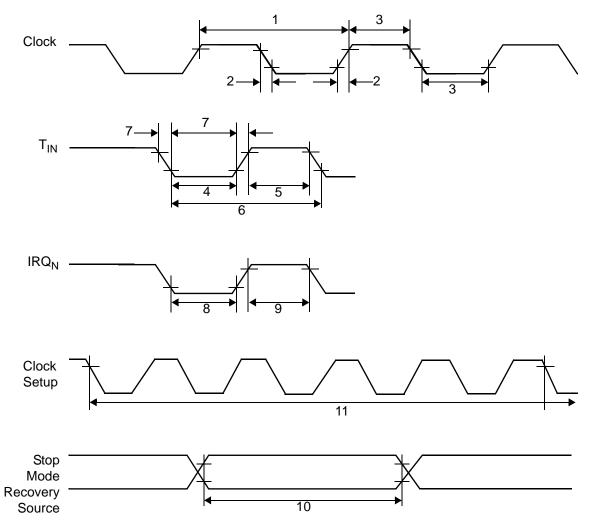


Figure 8. AC Timing Diagram



CTR1(0D)01H" on page 33). Other edge detect and IRQ modes are described in Table 11.

Note: Comparators are powered down by entering Stop Mode. For P31-P33 to be used in a Stop Mode Recovery (SMR) source, these inputs must be placed into digital mode.

Table 11. Port 3 Pin Function Summary

Pin	I/O	Counter/Timers	Comparator	Interrupt
Pref1/P30	IN		RF1	
P31	IN	IN	AN1	IRQ2
P32	IN		AN2	IRQ0
P33	IN		RF2	IRQ1
P34	OUT	T8	AO1	
P35	OUT	T16		
P36	OUT	T8/16		
P37	OUT		AO2	
P20	I/O	IN		

Port 3 also provides output for each of the counter/timers and the AND/OR Logic (see Figure 13). Control is performed by programming bits D5-D4 of CTR1, bit 0 of CTR0, and bit 0 of CTR2.

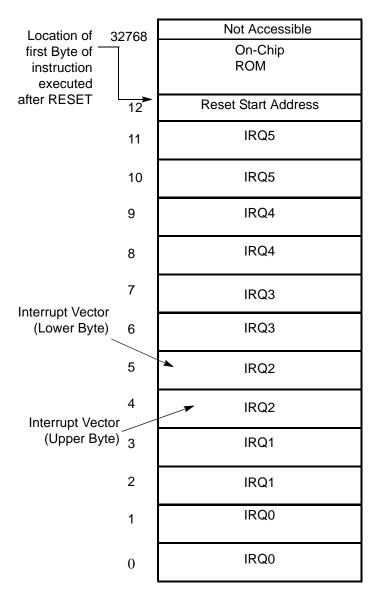


Figure 14. Program Memory Map (32K OTP)

Expanded Register File

The register file has been expanded to allow for additional system control registers and for mapping of additional peripheral devices into the register address area. The Z8[®] register address space (R0 through R15) has been implemented as 16 banks, with 16 registers per bank. These register groups are known as the

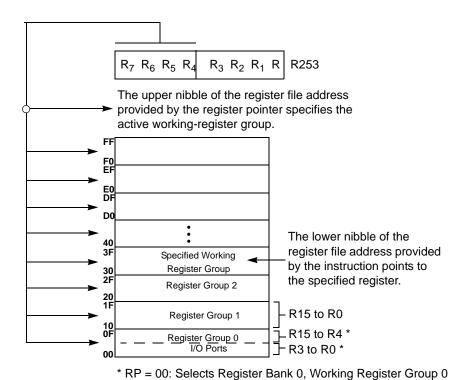


Figure 17. Register Pointer—Detail

Stack

The internal register file is used for the stack. An 8-bit Stack Pointer SPL (R255) is used for the internal stack that resides in the general-purpose registers (R4–R239). SPH (R254) can be used as a general-purpose register.

Timers

T8_Capture_HI—HI8(D)0BH

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 8-bit Counter/Timer0. Typically, this register holds the number of counts when the input signal is 1.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T8_Capture_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

T8_Capture_LO—L08(D)0AH

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 8-bit Counter/Timer0. Typically, this register holds the number of counts when the input signal is 0.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T8_Capture_L0	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

T16_Capture_HI—HI16(D)09H

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 16-bit Counter/ Timer16. This register holds the MS-Byte of the data.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Capture_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

T16_Capture_LO—L016(D)08H

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 16-bit Counter/ Timer16. This register holds the LS-Byte of the data.

Field	Bit Position	Description
T16_Capture_LO	[7:0]	R/W Captured Data - No Effect

Counter/Timer2 MS-Byte Hold Register—TC16H(D)07H

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Data_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Data

Clock

The device's on-chip oscillator has a high-gain, parallel-resonant amplifier, for connection to a crystal, ceramic resonator, or any suitable external clock source (XTAL1 = Input, XTAL2 = Output). The crystal must be AT cut, 1 MHz to 8 MHz maximum, with a series resistance (RS) less than or equal to 100 Ω . The on-chip oscillator can be driven with a suitable external clock source.

The crystal must be connected across XTAL1 and XTAL2 using the recommended capacitors (capacitance greater than or equal to 22 pF) from each pin to ground.

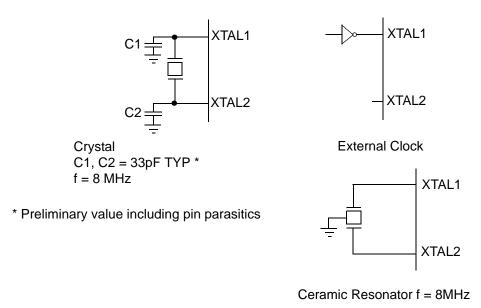
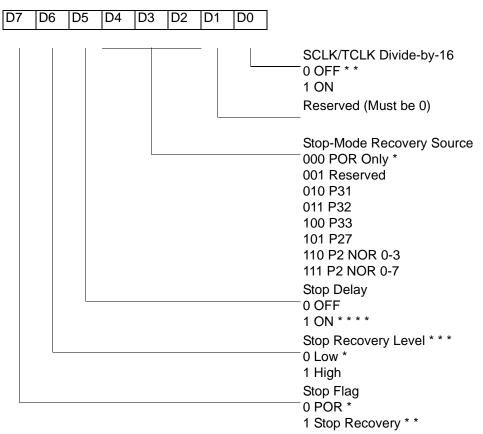


Figure 31. Oscillator Configuration

SMR(0F)0BH



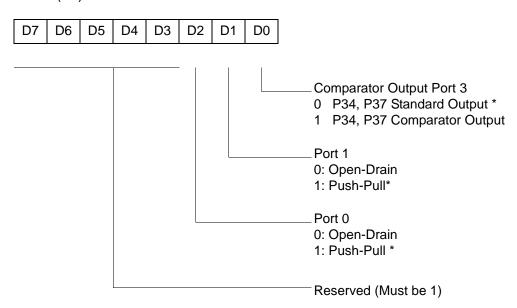
- * Default after Power On Reset or Watch-Dog Reset
- * * Set after STOP Mode Recovery
- * * * At the XOR gate input
- * * * * Default setting after reset. Must be 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source.

Figure 33. STOP Mode Recovery Register

SCLK/TCLK Divide-by-16 Select (D0)

D0 of the SMR controls a divide-by-16 prescaler of SCLK/TCLK (Figure 34). This control selectively reduces device power consumption during normal processor execution (SCLK control) and/or Halt Mode (where TCLK sources interrupt logic). After Stop Mode Recovery, this bit is set to a 0.

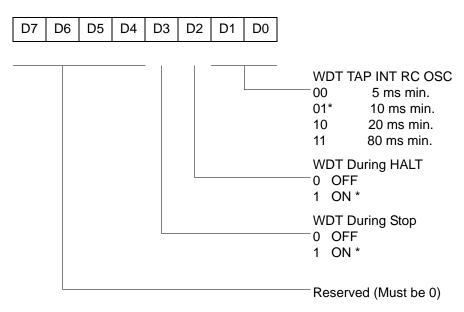
PCON(0F)00H



^{*} Default setting after reset

Figure 44. Port Configuration Register (PCON)(0F)00H: Write Only)

WDTMR(0F)0FH

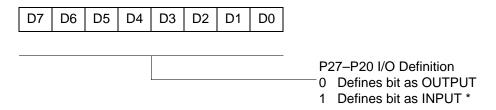


^{*} Default setting after reset

Figure 47. Watch-Dog Timer Register ((0F) 0FH: Write Only)

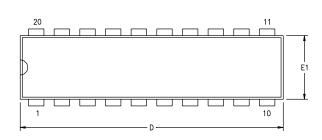
Standard Control Registers

R246 P2M(F6H)



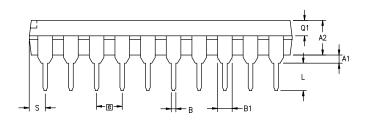
^{*} Default setting after reset

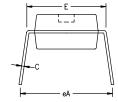
Figure 48. Port 2 Mode Register (F6H: Write Only)



CAMBUI	SYMBOL MILLIMETER		INC	Н
STMIDOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A1	0.38	0.81	.015	.032
A2	3.25	3.68	.128	.145
В	0.41	0.51	.016	.020
B1	1.47	1.57	.058	.062
С	0.20	0.30	.008	.012
D	25.65	26.16	1.010	1.030
E	7.49	8.26	.295	.325
E1	6.10	6.65	.240	.262
e	2.54 BSC		.100	BSC
eA	7.87	9.14	.310	.360
L	3.18	3.43	.125	.135
Q1	1.42	1.65	.056	.065
S	1.52	1.65	.060	.065

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : INCH





SYMBOL

A1

A2

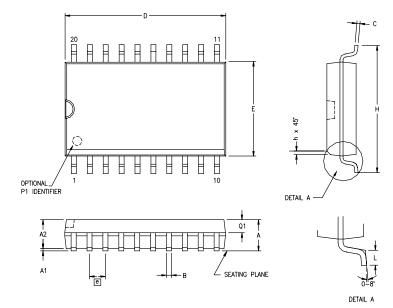
В

С

D

е

Figure 59. 20-Pin PDIP Package Diagram



L	0.60	1.00	.024	
Q1	0.97	1.07	.038	

MILLIMETER

MAX

2.65

0.30

2.44

0.30

12.95

7.60

10.65

0.40

MIN

.094

.004

.088

.009

496

.291

.394

.012

.050 BSC

MAX

.104

.012

.096

.018

.012

.510

.299

.016

.039

.042

MIN

2.40

0.10

2.24

0.36

0.23

12.60

7.40

10.00

0.30

1.27 BSC

Figure 60. 20-Pin SOIC Package Diagram

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : MM LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCH.

Ordering Information

32KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C			
Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LSH4832C	48-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSS2832C	28-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LSP4032C	40-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSH2032C	20-pin SSOP 32K OTP
ZGP323LSH2832C	28-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSP2032C	20-pin PDIP 32K OTP
ZGP323LSP2832C	28-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSS2032C	20-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LSK2032E	20-pin CDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSK4032E	40-pin CDIP 32K OTP
		ZGP323LSK2832E	28-pin CDIP 32K OTP

32KB Extended	Temperature:	-40° to	+105°	C
---------------	--------------	---------	-------	---

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LEH4832C	48-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LES2832C	28-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LEP4032C	40-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LEH2032C	20-pin SSOP 32K OTP
ZGP323LEH2832C	28-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LEP2032C	20-pin PDIP 32K OTP
ZGP323LEP2832C	28-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LES2032C	20-pin SOIC 32K OTP

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4832C	48-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAS2832C	28-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LAP4032C	40-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAH2032C	20-pin SSOP 32K OTP
ZGP323LAH2832C	28-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAP2032C	20-pin PDIP 32K OTP
ZGP323LAP2832C	28-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAS2032C	20-pin SOIC 32K OTP

Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging



Example

