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Zilog - ZGP323LAH4816C00TR Datasheet



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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	32
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-BSSOP (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323lah4816c00tr

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Z8 GPTM OTP MCU Family Product Specification



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Table 2. Power Connections

Connection	Circuit	Device	
Power	V _{CC}	V _{DD}	
Ground	GND	V _{SS}	



Note: Refer to the specific package for available pins.

Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram

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Table 9. EPROM/OTP Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Erase Time	15			Minutes	1,3
	Data Retention @ use years		10		Years	2
	Program/Erase Endurance	25			Cycles	1

Notes:

1. For windowed cerdip package only.

2. Standard: 0°C to 70°C; Extended: -40°C to +105°C; Automotive: -40°C to +125°C. Determined using the Arrhenius model, which is an industry standard for estimating data retention of floating gate technologies:

AF = exp[(Ea/k)*(1/Tuse - 1/TStress)] Where: Ea is the intrinsic activation energy (eV; typ. 0.8) k is Boltzman's constant (8.67 x 10-5 eV/°K) °K = -273.16°C Tuse = Use Temperature in °K TStress = Stress Temperature in °K 3. At a stable UV Lamp output of 20mW/CM²





Figure 11. Port 2 Configuration

Port 3 (P37–P30)

Port 3 is a 8-bit, CMOS-compatible fixed I/O port (see Figure 12). Port 3 consists of four fixed input (P33–P30) and four fixed output (P37–P34), which can be configured under software control for interrupt and as output from the counter/timers. P30, P31, P32, and P33 are standard CMOS inputs; P34, P35, P36, and P37 are push-pull outputs.





Figure 12. Port 3 Configuration

Two on-board comparators process analog signals on P31 and P32, with reference to the voltage on Pref1 and P33. The analog function is enabled by programming the Port 3 Mode Register (bit 1). P31 and P32 are programmable as rising, falling, or both edge triggered interrupts (IRQ register bits 6 and 7). Pref1 and P33 are the comparator reference voltage inputs. Access to the Counter Timer edgedetection circuit is through P31 or P20 (see "T8 and T16 Common Functions—



The counter/timers are mapped into ERF group D. Access is easily performed using the following:

LD	RP, #0Dh	;	Select ERF D
for access to bank D			
		;	(working
register group 0)			
LD	R0,#xx	;	load CTRL0
LD	1, #xx	;	load CTRL1
LD	R1, 2	;	$CTRL2 \rightarrow CTRL1$
LD	RP. #0Dh	;	Select ERF D
for access to bank D	,	,	
		;	(working
register group 0)			
LD	RP, #7Dh	;	Select
expanded register bank	D and working	;	register
group 7 of bank 0 for a	ccess.		
LD	71h, 2		
; CTRL2 \rightarrow register 71h			
LD	R1, 2		
; CTRL2 \rightarrow register 71h			

Register File

>

The register file (bank 0) consists of 4 I/O port registers, 237 general-purpose registers, 16 control and status registers (R0–R3, R4–R239, and R240–R255, respectively), and two expanded registers groups in Banks D (see Table 12) and F. Instructions can access registers directly or indirectly through an 8-bit address field, thereby allowing a short, 4-bit register address to use the Register Pointer (Figure 17). In the 4-bit mode, the register file is divided into 16 working register groups, each occupying 16 continuous locations. The Register Pointer addresses the starting location of the active working register group.









* RP = 00: Selects Register Bank 0, Working Register Group 0

Figure 17. Register Pointer—Detail

Stack

The internal register file is used for the stack. An 8-bit Stack Pointer SPL (R255) is used for the internal stack that resides in the general-purpose registers (R4–R239). SPH (R254) can be used as a general-purpose register.

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In Demodulation Mode, when set to 0, T16 captures and reloads on detection of all the edges. When set to 1, T16 captures and detects on the first edge but ignores the subsequent edges. For details, see the description of T16 Demodulation Mode on page 45.

Time_Out

This bit is set when T16 times out (terminal count reached). To reset the bit, write a 1 to this location.

T16_Clock

This bit defines the frequency of the input signal to Counter/Timer16.

Capture_INT_Mask

This bit is set to allow an interrupt when data is captured into LO16 and HI16.

Counter_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when T16 times out.

P35_Out

This bit defines whether P35 is used as a normal output pin or T16 output.

CTR3 T8/T16 Control Register—CTR3(D)03H

Table 15 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register. This register allows the T_8 and T_{16} counters to be synchronized.

Table 15. CTR3 (D)03H: 18/116 Control Regist
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Field	Bit Position		Value	Description	
T ₁₆ Enable	7	R	0*	Counter Disabled	
-		R	1	Counter Enabled	
		W	0	Stop Counter	
		W	1	Enable Counter	
T ₈ Enable	-6	R	0*	Counter Disabled	
-		R	1	Counter Enabled	
		W	0	Stop Counter	
		W	1	Enable Counter	
Sync Mode	5	R/W	0**	Disable Sync Mode	
			1	Enable Sync Mode	



When T8 is enabled, the output T8_OUT switches to the initial value (CTR1, D1). If the initial value (CTR1, D1) is 0, TC8L is loaded; otherwise, TC8H is loaded into the counter. In SINGLE-PASS Mode (CTR0, D6), T8 counts down to 0 and stops, T8_OUT toggles, the timeout status bit (CTR0, D5) is set, and a timeout interrupt can be generated if it is enabled (CTR0, D1). In Modulo-N Mode, upon reaching terminal count, T8_OUT is toggled, but no interrupt is generated. From that point, T8 loads a new count (if the T8_OUT level now is 0), TC8L is loaded; if it is 1, TC8H is loaded. T8 counts down to 0, toggles T8_OUT, and sets the timeout status bit (CTR0, D5), thereby generating an interrupt if enabled (CTR0, D1). One cycle is thus completed. T8 then loads from TC8H or TC8L according to the T8_OUT level and repeats the cycle. See Figure 20.



Figure 20. 8-Bit Counter/Timer Circuits

You can modify the values in TC8H or TC8L at any time. The new values take effect when they are loaded.

Ca

Caution: To ensure known operation do not write these registers at the time the values are to be loaded into the counter/timer. *An initial count of 1 is not allowed (a non-function occurs).* An initial count of 0 causes TC8 to count from 0 to FFH to FEH.



into LO8; if it is a negative edge, data is put into HI8. From that point, one of the edge detect status bits (CTR1, D1; D0) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D2). Meanwhile, T8 is loaded with FFh and starts counting again. If T8 reaches 0, the timeout status bit (CTR0, D5) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D1). T8 then continues counting from FFH (see Figure 23 and Figure 24).



Figure 23. Demodulation Mode Count Capture Flowchart



WDTMR During STOP (D3)

This bit determines whether or not the WDT is active during STOP Mode. Because the XTAL clock is stopped during STOP Mode, the on-board RC has to be selected as the clock source to the WDT/POR counter. A 1 indicates active during Stop. The default is 1.

EPROM Selectable Options

There are seven EPROM Selectable Options to choose from based on ROM code requirements. These options are listed in Table 21.

Table 21. EPROM Selectable Options

Port 00–03 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 04–07 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 10–13 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 14–17 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 20–27 Pull-Ups	On/Off
EPROM Protection	On/Off
Watch-Dog Timer at Power-On Reset	On/Off

Voltage Brown-Out/Standby

An on-chip Voltage Comparator checks that the V_{DD} is at the required level for correct operation of the device. Reset is globally driven when V_{DD} falls below V_{BO}. A small drop in V_{DD} causes the XTAL1 and XTAL2 circuitry to stop the crystal or resonator clock. If the V_{DD} is allowed to stay above V_{RAM}, the RAM content is preserved. When the power level is returned to above V_{BO}, the device performs a POR and functions normally.



Low-Voltage Detection Register—LVD(D)0Ch

Note: Voltage detection does not work at Stop mode. It must be disabled during Stop mode in order to reduce current.

Field	Bit Position			Description
LVD	76543			Reserved No Effect
	2	R	1 0*	HVD flag set HVD flag reset
	1-	R	1 0*	LVD flag set LVD flag reset
	0	R/W	1 0*	Enable VD Disable VD
*Default	after POR			

Note: Do not modify register P01M while checking a low-voltage condition. Switching noise of both ports 0 and 1 together might trigger the LVD flag.

Voltage Detection and Flags

The Voltage Detection register (LVD, register 0CH at the expanded register bank 0Dh) offers an option of monitoring the V_{CC} voltage. The Voltage Detection is enabled when bit 0 of LVD register is set. Once Voltage Detection is enabled, the the V_{CC} level is monitored in real time. The flags in the LVD register valid 20uS after Voltage Detection is enabled. The HVD flag (bit 2 of the LVD register) is set only if V_{CC} is higher than V_{HVD}. The LVD flag (bit 1 of the LVD register) is set only if V_{CC} is lower than the V_{LVD}. When Voltage Detection is enabled, the LVD flag also triggers IRQ5. The IRQ bit 5 latches the low voltage condition until it is cleared by instructions or reset. The IRQ5 interrupt is served if it is enabled in the IMR register. Otherwise, bit 5 of IRQ register is latched as a flag only.

Notes: If it is necessary to receive an LVD interrupt upon power-up at an operating voltage lower than the low battery detect threshold, enable interrupts using the Enable Interrupt instruction (EI) prior to enabling the voltage detection.





Notes: Take care in differentiating the Transmit Mode from Demodulation Mode. Depending on which of these two modes is operating, the CTR1 bit has different functions.

Changing from one mode to another cannot be performed without disabling the counter/timers.





CTR3(0D)03H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
								Reserved No effect when written Always reads 11111
								Sync Mode 0* Disable Sync Mode** 1 Enable Sync Mode
								T ₈ Enable R 0* T ₈ Disabled R 1 T ₈ Enabled W0 Stop T ₈ W1 Enable T ₈
								T ₁₆ Enable R 0* T ₁₆ Disabled R 1 T ₁₆ Enabled W 0 Stop T ₁₆ W 1 Enable T ₁₆

* Default setting after reset. ** Default setting after reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 42. T8/T16 Control Register (0D)03H: Read/Write (Except Where Noted)

Note: If Sync Mode is enabled, the first pulse of T8 carrier is always synchronized with T16 (demodulated signal). It can always provide a full carrier pulse.





Note: If used in conjunction with SMR, either of the two specified events causes a Stop-Mode Recovery.

* Default setting after reset

* * At the XOR gate input





Package Information

Package information for all versions of Z8 GPTM OTP MCU Family are depicted in Figures 58 through Figure 68.







Figure 58. 20-Pin CDIP Package

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044004		MILLIMETER		INCH		
SIMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	1.73	1.85	1.98	0.068	0.073	0.078
A1	0.05	0.13	0.21	0.002	0.005	0.008
A2	1.68	1.73	1.83	0.066	0.068	0.072
В	0.25	0.30	0.38	0.010	0.012	0.015
С	0.13	0.15	0.22	0.005	0.006	0.009
D	7.07	7.20	7.33	0.278	0.283	0.289
E	5.20	5.30	5.38	0.205	0.209	0.212
e		0.65 BSC			0.0256 BSC	;
Н	7.65	7.80	7.90	0.301	0.307	0.311
L	0.56	0.75	0.94	0.022	0.030	0.037
Q1	0.74	0.78	0.82	0.029	0.031	0.032



CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : MM LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCH.

Figure 61. 20-Pin SSOP Package Diagram

Н

0-8

DETAIL A

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INCH

NOM

0.073

0.005

0.068

0.006

0.402

0.209

0.307

0.030

0.0256 TYP



MAX

0.078

0.008

0.070

0.015

0.008

0.407

0.212

0.311

0.037





(
	0-8

DETAIL 'A'

SYMBOL

А

A1

A2

В

С

D

Е

е

Н

L

MIN

1.73

0.05

1.68

0.25

0.09

10.07

5.20

7.65

0.63

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS: MM LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCHES.

MILLIMETER

NOM

1.86

0.13

1.73

_

10.20

5.30

0.65 TYP

7.80

0.75

MAX

1.99

0.21

1.78

0.38

0.20

10.33

5.38

7.90

0.95

MIN

0.068

0.002

0.066

0.010

0.004

0.397

0.205

0.301

0.025

Figure 65. 28-Pin SSOP Package Diagram

Z i L 0 G 92

4KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LSH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSS2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323LSP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323LSH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323LSP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSS2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

4KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LEH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LES2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323LEP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LEH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323LEH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LEP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323LEP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LES2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

4KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAS2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323LAP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323LAH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323LAP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAS2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging

Additional Components

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323ICE01ZEM	Emulator/programmer	ZGP32300100ZPR	Programming System

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