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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	24
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	28-DIP (0.600", 15.24mm)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323lap2816g

- Port 1: 0–3 pull-up transistors
- Port 1: 4–7 pull-up transistors
- Port 2: 0–7 pull-up transistors
- EPROM Protection
- WDT enabled at POR

► **Note:** The mask option pull-up transistor has a *typical* equivalent resistance of 200 K Ω \pm 50% at V_{CC} =3 V and 450 K Ω \pm 50% at V_{CC} =2 V.

General Description

The Z8 GP™ OTP MCU Family is an OTP-based member of the MCU family of infrared microcontrollers. With 237B of general-purpose RAM and up to 32KB of OTP, ZiLOG®'s CMOS microcontrollers offer fast-executing, efficient use of memory, sophisticated interrupts, input/output bit manipulation capabilities, automated pulse generation/reception, and internal key-scan pull-up transistors.

The Z8 GP™ OTP MCU Family architecture (Figure 1) is based on ZiLOG's 8-bit microcontroller core with an Expanded Register File allowing access to register-mapped peripherals, input/output (I/O) circuits, and powerful counter/timer circuitry. The Z8® offers a flexible I/O scheme, an efficient register and address space structure, and a number of ancillary features that are useful in many consumer, automotive, computer peripheral, and battery-operated hand-held applications.

There are three basic address spaces available to support a wide range of configurations: Program Memory, Register File and Expanded Register File. The register file is composed of 256 Bytes (B) of RAM. It includes 4 I/O port registers, 16 control and status registers, and 236 general-purpose registers. The Expanded Register File consists of two additional register groups (F and D).

To unburden the program from coping with such real-time problems as generating complex waveforms or receiving and demodulating complex waveform/pulses, the Z8 GP OTP MCU offers a new intelligent counter/timer architecture with 8-bit and 16-bit counter/timers (see Figure 2). Also included are a large number of user-selectable modes and two on-board comparators to process analog signals with separate reference voltages.

► **Note:** All signals with an overline, " $\overline{}$ ", are active Low. For example, $\overline{B/W}$, in which WORD is active Low, and $\overline{B/W}$, in which BYTE is active Low.

Power connections use the conventional descriptions listed in Table 2.

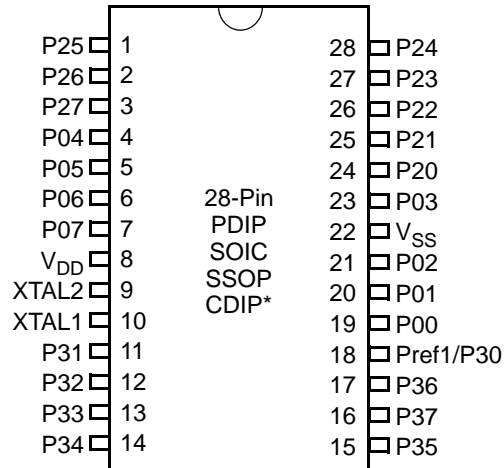


Figure 4. 28-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Configuration

Table 4. 28-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Identification

Pin	Symbol	Direction	Description
1-3	P25-P27	Input/Output	Port 2, Bits 5,6,7
4-7	P04-P07	Input/Output	Port 0, Bits 4,5,6,7
8	V _{DD}		Power supply
9	XTAL2	Output	Crystal, oscillator clock
10	XTAL1	Input	Crystal, oscillator clock
11-13	P31-P33	Input	Port 3, Bits 1,2,3
14	P34	Output	Port 3, Bit 4
15	P35	Output	Port 3, Bit 5
16	P37	Output	Port 3, Bit 7
17	P36	Output	Port 3, Bit 6
18	Pref1/P30 Port 3 Bit 0	Input	Analog ref input; connect to V _{CC} if not used Input for Pref1/P30
19-21	P00-P02	Input/Output	Port 0, Bits 0,1,2
22	V _{SS}		Ground
23	P03	Input/Output	Port 0, Bit 3
24-28	P20-P24	Input/Output	Port 2, Bits 0-4

► **Note:** *Windowed Cerdip. These units are intended to be used for engineering code development only. ZiLOG does not recommend/guarantee this package for production use.

Capacitance

Table 7 lists the capacitances.

Table 7. Capacitance

Parameter	Maximum
Input capacitance	12pF
Output capacitance	12pF
I/O capacitance	12pF
Note: $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$, unmeasured pins returned to GND	

DC Characteristics

Table 8. DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC}	$T_A = 0^\circ\text{C to } +70^\circ\text{C}$			Units	Conditions	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max			
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage		2.0		3.6	V	See Note 5	5
V_{CH}	Clock Input High Voltage	2.0-3.6	0.8		$V_{CC}+0.3$	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{CL}	Clock Input Low Voltage	2.0-3.6	$V_{SS}-0.3$		0.5	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0-3.6	$0.7 V_{CC}$		$V_{CC}+0.3$	V		
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	2.0-3.6	$V_{SS}-0.3$		$0.2 V_{CC}$	V		
V_{OH1}	Output High Voltage	2.0-3.6	$V_{CC}-0.4$			V	$I_{OH} = -0.5\text{mA}$	
V_{OH2}	Output High Voltage (P36, P37, P00, P01)	2.0-3.6	$V_{CC}-0.8$			V	$I_{OH} = -7\text{mA}$	
V_{OL1}	Output Low Voltage	2.0-3.6			0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 1.0\text{mA}$ $I_{OL} = 4.0\text{mA}$	
V_{OL2}	Output Low Voltage (P00, P01, P36, P37)	2.0-3.6			0.8	V	$I_{OL} = 10\text{mA}$	
V_{OFFSET}	Comparator Input Offset Voltage	2.0-3.6			25	mV		
V_{REF}	Comparator Reference Voltage	2.0-3.6	0		V_{DD} -1.75	V		
I_{IL}	Input Leakage	2.0-3.6	-1		1	μA	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$, V_{CC} Pull-ups disabled	
I_{OL}	Output Leakage	2.0-3.6	-1		1	μA	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$, V_{CC}	
I_{CC}	Supply Current	2.0			10	mA	at 8.0 MHz	1, 2
		3.6			15	mA	at 8.0 MHz	1, 2

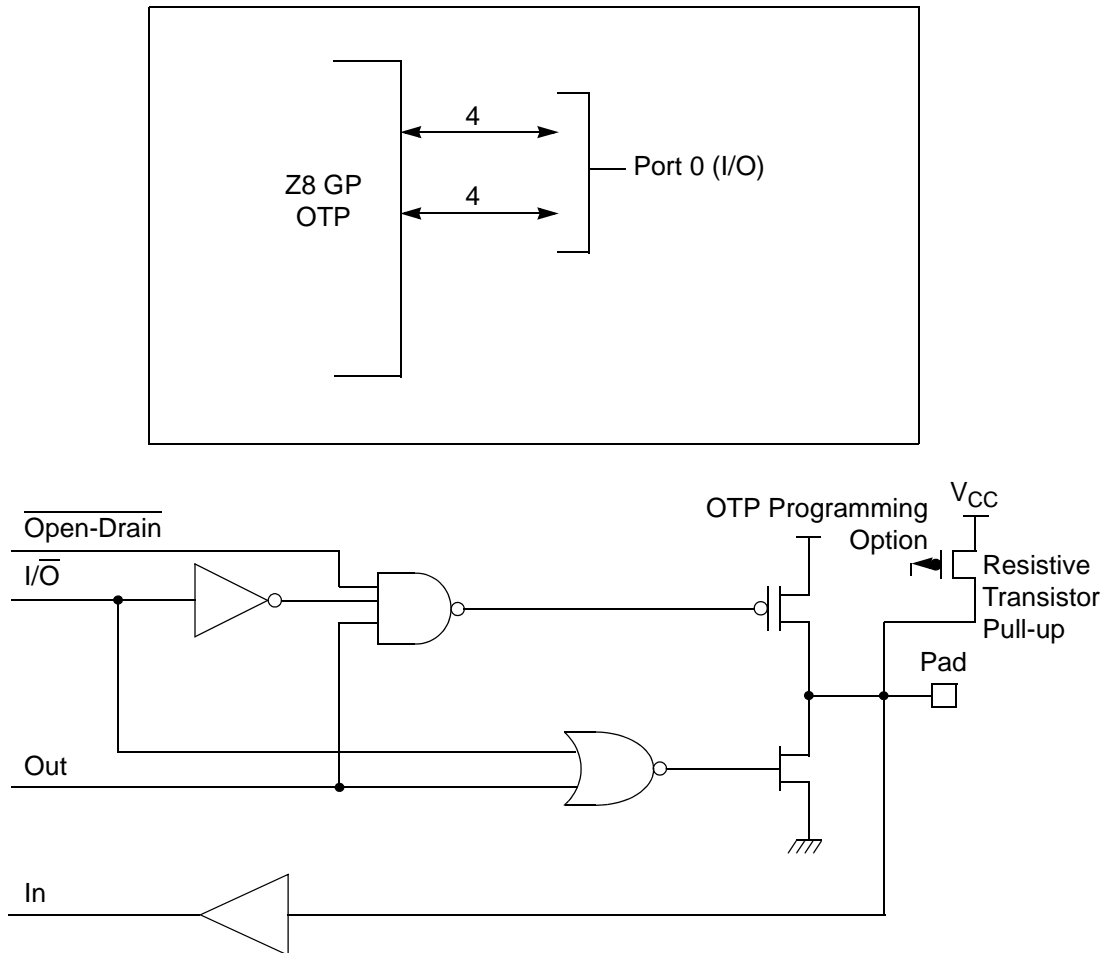


Figure 9. Port 0 Configuration

Port 1 (P17–P10)

Port 1 (see Figure 10) Port 1 can be configured for standard port input or output mode. After POR, Port 1 is configured as an input port. The output drivers are either push-pull or open-drain and are controlled by bit D1 in the PCON register.

► **Note:** The Port 1 direction is reset to be input following an SMR.

Comparator Inputs

In analog mode, P31 and P32 have a comparator front end. The comparator reference is supplied to P33 and Pref1. In this mode, the P33 internal data latch and its corresponding IRQ1 are diverted to the SMR sources (excluding P31, P32, and P33) as indicated in Figure 12 on page 20. In digital mode, P33 is used as D3 of the Port 3 input register, which then generates IRQ1.

- **Note:** Comparators are powered down by entering Stop Mode. For P31–P33 to be used in a Stop Mode Recovery source, these inputs must be placed into digital mode.

Comparator Outputs

These channels can be programmed to be output on P34 and P37 through the PCON register.

RESET (Input, Active Low)

Reset initializes the MCU and is accomplished either through Power-On, Watch-Dog Timer, Stop Mode Recovery, Low-Voltage detection, or external reset. During Power-On Reset and Watch-Dog Timer Reset, the internally generated reset drives the reset pin Low for the POR time. Any devices driving the external reset line must be open-drain to avoid damage from a possible conflict during reset conditions. Pull-up is provided internally.

When the Z8 GP™ asserts (Low) the RESET pin, the internal pull-up is disabled. The Z8 GP™ does not assert the RESET pin when under VBO.

- **Note:** The external Reset does not initiate an exit from STOP mode.

Functional Description

This device incorporates special functions to enhance the Z8®, functionality in consumer and battery-operated applications.

Program Memory

This device addresses up to 32KB of OTP memory. The first 12 Bytes are reserved for interrupt vectors. These locations contain the six 16-bit vectors that correspond to the six available interrupts.

RAM

This device features 256B of RAM. See Figure 14.

Capture_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when data is captured into either LO8 or HI8 upon a positive or negative edge detection in demodulation mode.

Counter_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when T8 has a timeout.

P34_Out

This bit defines whether P34 is used as a normal output pin or the T8 output.

T8 and T16 Common Functions—CTR1(0D)01H

This register controls the functions in common with the T8 and T16.

Table 13 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register.

Table 13. CTR1(0D)01H T8 and T16 Common Functions

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Mode	7-----	R/W	0*	Transmit Mode
				Demodulation Mode
P36_Out/ Demodulator_Input	-6-----	R/W	0*	Transmit Mode
			1	Port Output
				T8/T16 Output
			0	Demodulation Mode
			1	P31
				P20
T8/T16_Logic/ Edge_Detect	--54----	R/W	00**	Transmit Mode
			01	AND
			10	OR
			11	NOR
				NAND
				Demodulation Mode
			00**	Falling Edge
			01	Rising Edge
			10	Both Edges
			11	Reserved

In Demodulation Mode, when set to 0, T16 captures and reloads on detection of all the edges. When set to 1, T16 captures and detects on the first edge but ignores the subsequent edges. For details, see the description of T16 Demodulation Mode on page 45.

Time_Out

This bit is set when T16 times out (terminal count reached). To reset the bit, write a 1 to this location.

T16_Clock

This bit defines the frequency of the input signal to Counter/Timer16.

Capture_INT_Mask

This bit is set to allow an interrupt when data is captured into LO16 and HI16.

Counter_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when T16 times out.

P35_Out

This bit defines whether P35 is used as a normal output pin or T16 output.

CTR3 T8/T16 Control Register—CTR3(D)03H

Table 15 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register. This register allows the T₈ and T₁₆ counters to be synchronized.

Table 15. CTR3 (D)03H: T8/T16 Control Register

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
T ₁₆ Enable	7-----	R	0*	Counter Disabled
		R	1	Counter Enabled
		W	0	Stop Counter
		W	1	Enable Counter
T ₈ Enable	-6-----	R	0*	Counter Disabled
		R	1	Counter Enabled
		W	0	Stop Counter
		W	1	Enable Counter
Sync Mode	--5-----	R/W	0**	Disable Sync Mode
			1	Enable Sync Mode

into LO8; if it is a negative edge, data is put into HI8. From that point, one of the edge detect status bits (CTR1, D1; D0) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D2). Meanwhile, T8 is loaded with FFh and starts counting again. If T8 reaches 0, the timeout status bit (CTR0, D5) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D1). T8 then continues counting from FFh (see Figure 23 and Figure 24).

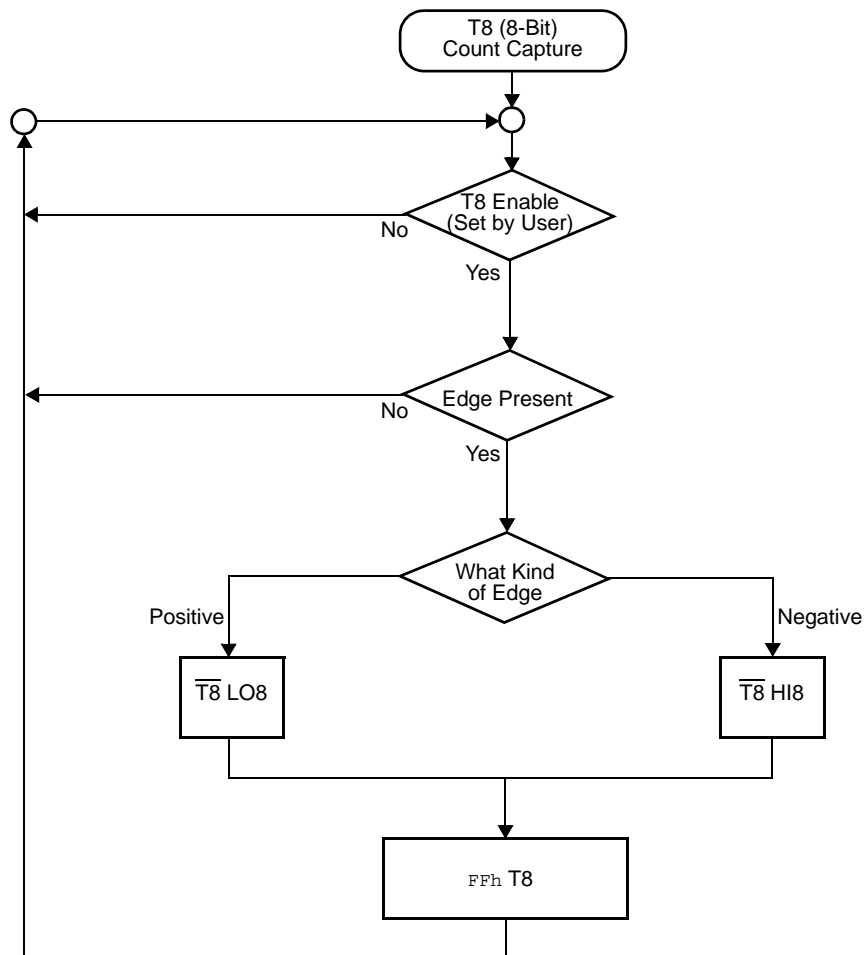


Figure 23. Demodulation Mode Count Capture Flowchart

Port 0 Output Mode (D2)

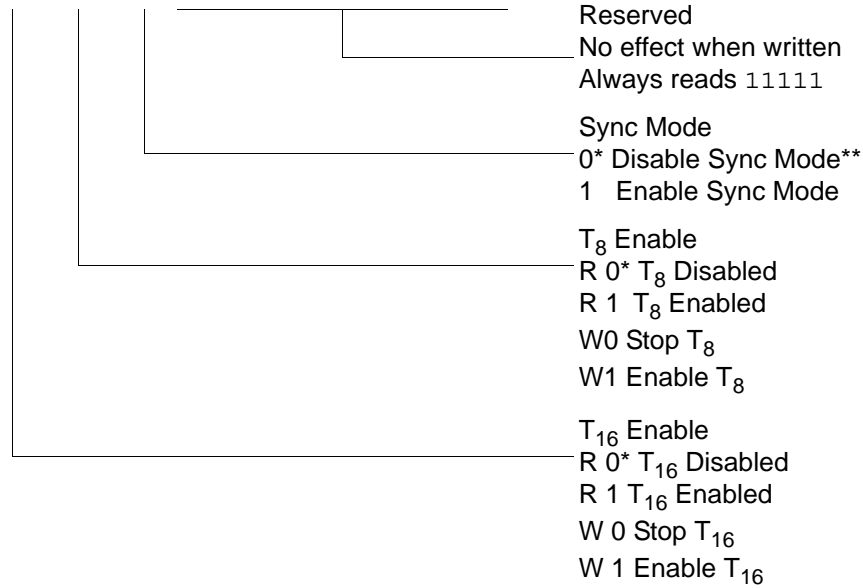
Bit 2 controls the output mode of port 0. A 1 in this location sets the output to push-pull, and a 0 sets the output to open-drain.

Stop-Mode Recovery Register (SMR)

This register selects the clock divide value and determines the mode of Stop Mode Recovery (Figure 33). All bits are write only except bit 7, which is read only. Bit 7 is a flag bit that is hardware set on the condition of Stop recovery and reset by a power-on cycle. Bit 6 controls whether a low level or a high level at the XOR-gate input (Figure 35 on page 57) is required from the recovery source. Bit 5 controls the reset delay after recovery. Bits D2, D3, and D4 of the SMR register specify the source of the Stop Mode Recovery signal. Bits D0 determines if SCLK/TCLK are divided by 16 or not. The SMR is located in Bank F of the Expanded Register Group at address 0BH.

CTR3(0D)03H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



* Default setting after reset.

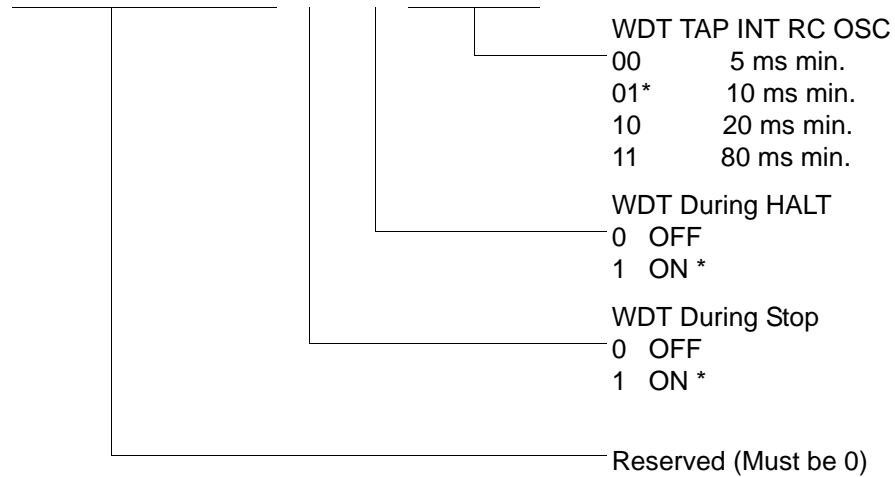
** Default setting after reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 42. T8/T16 Control Register (0D)03H: Read/Write (Except Where Noted)

► **Note:** If Sync Mode is enabled, the first pulse of T8 carrier is always synchronized with T16 (demodulated signal). It can always provide a full carrier pulse.

WDTMR(0F)0FH

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



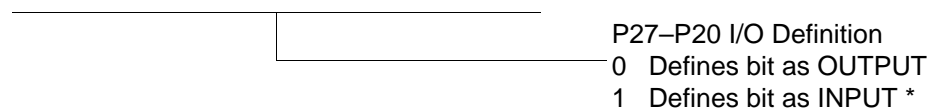
* Default setting after reset

Figure 47. Watch-Dog Timer Register ((0F) 0FH: Write Only)

Standard Control Registers

R246 P2M(F6H)

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

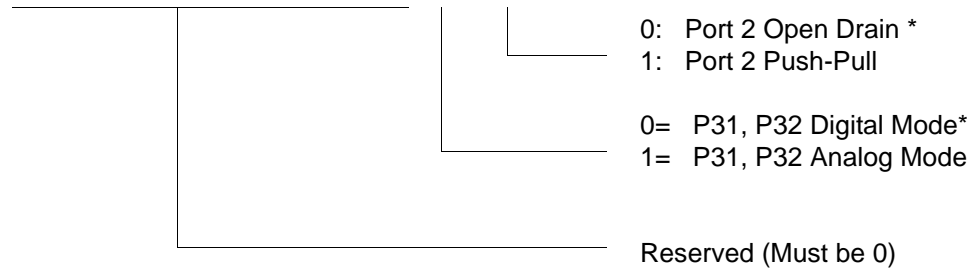


* Default setting after reset

Figure 48. Port 2 Mode Register (F6H: Write Only)

R247 P3M(F7H)

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
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* Default setting after reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 49. Port 3 Mode Register (F7H: Write Only)

R249 IPR(F9H)

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

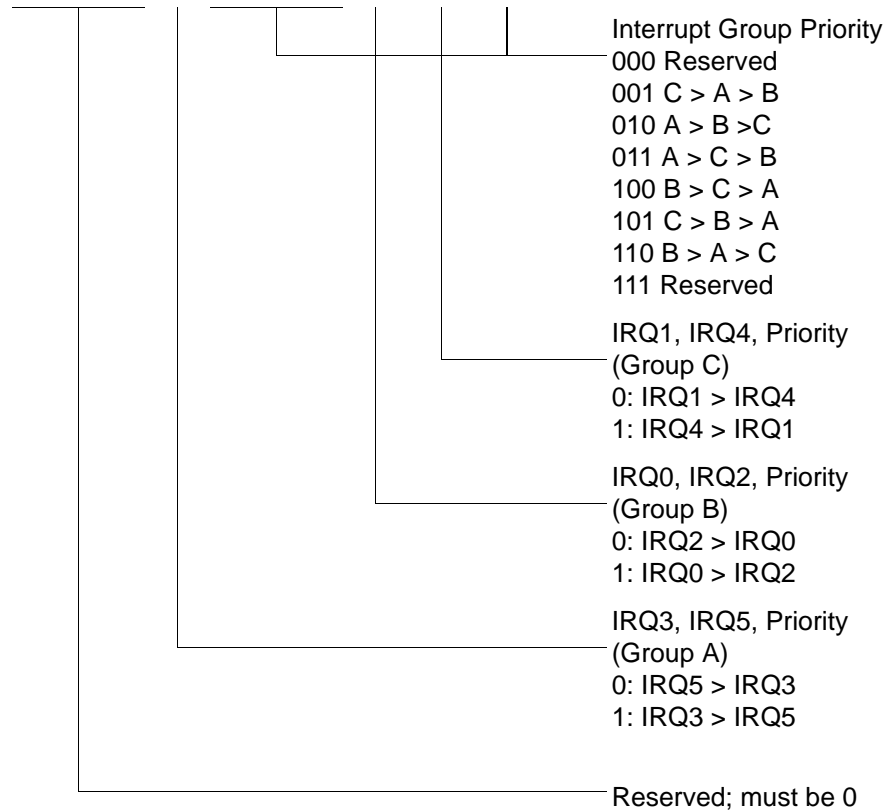


Figure 51. Interrupt Priority Register (F9H: Write Only)

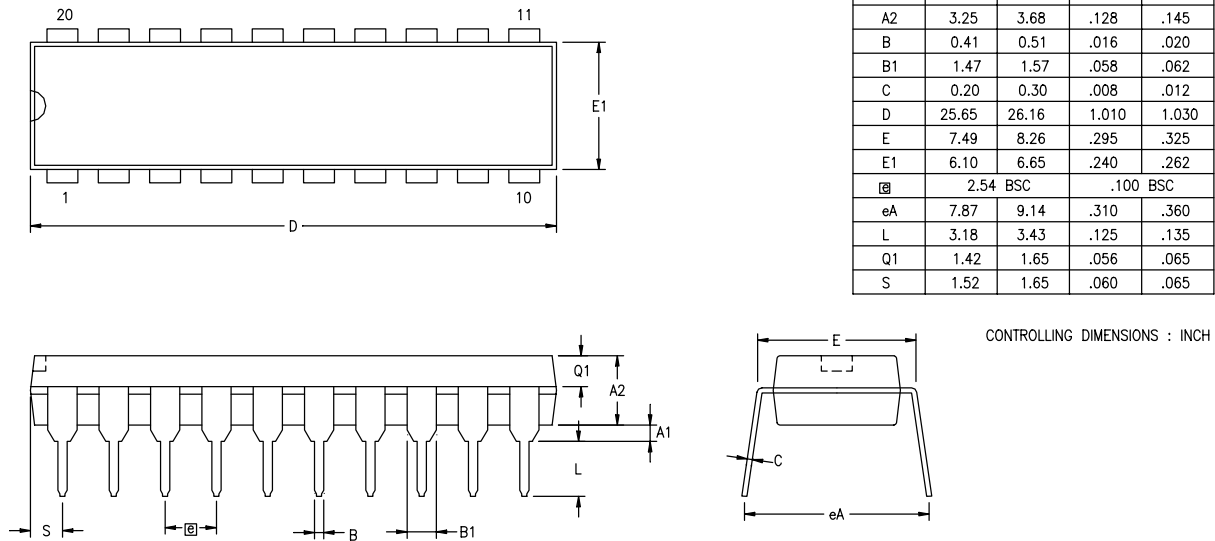


Figure 59. 20-Pin PDIP Package Diagram

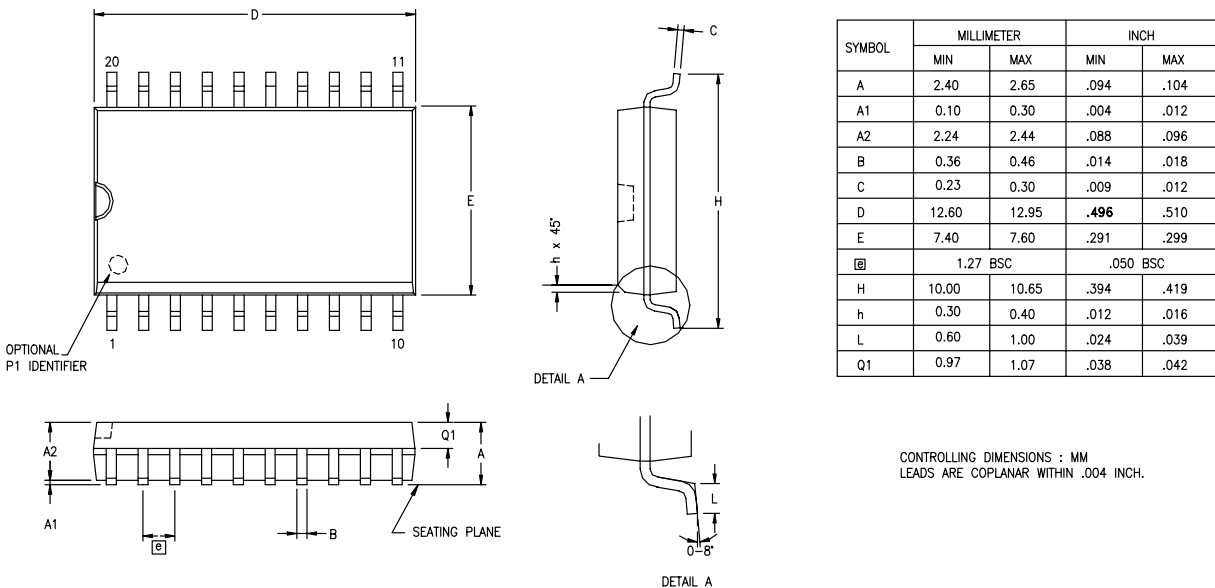


Figure 60. 20-Pin SOIC Package Diagram

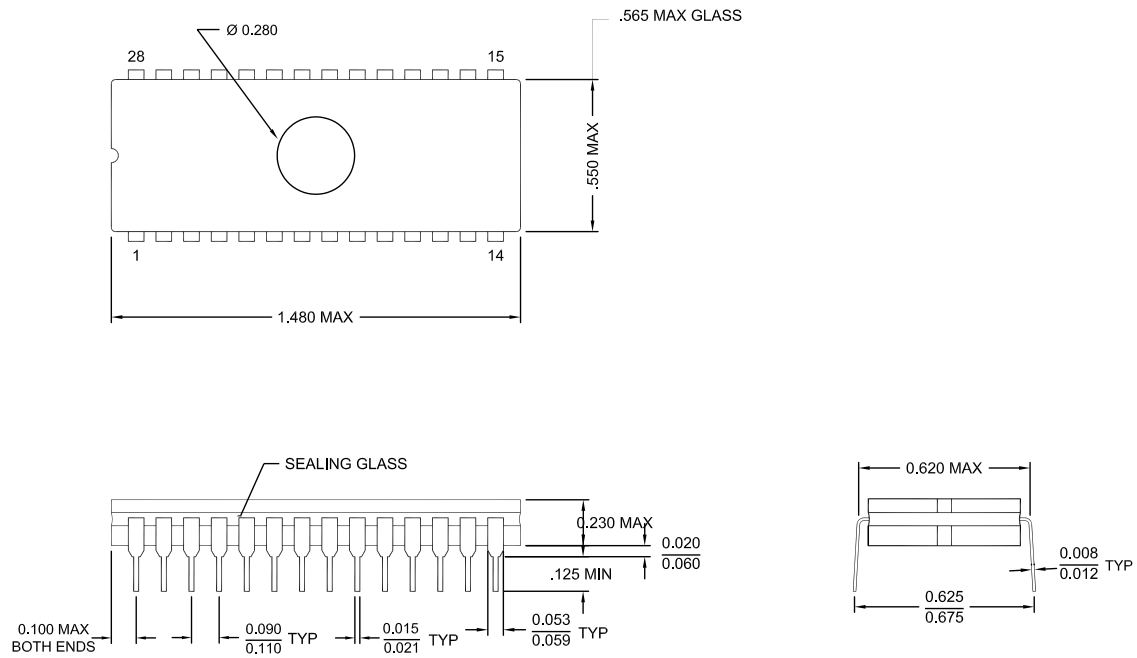
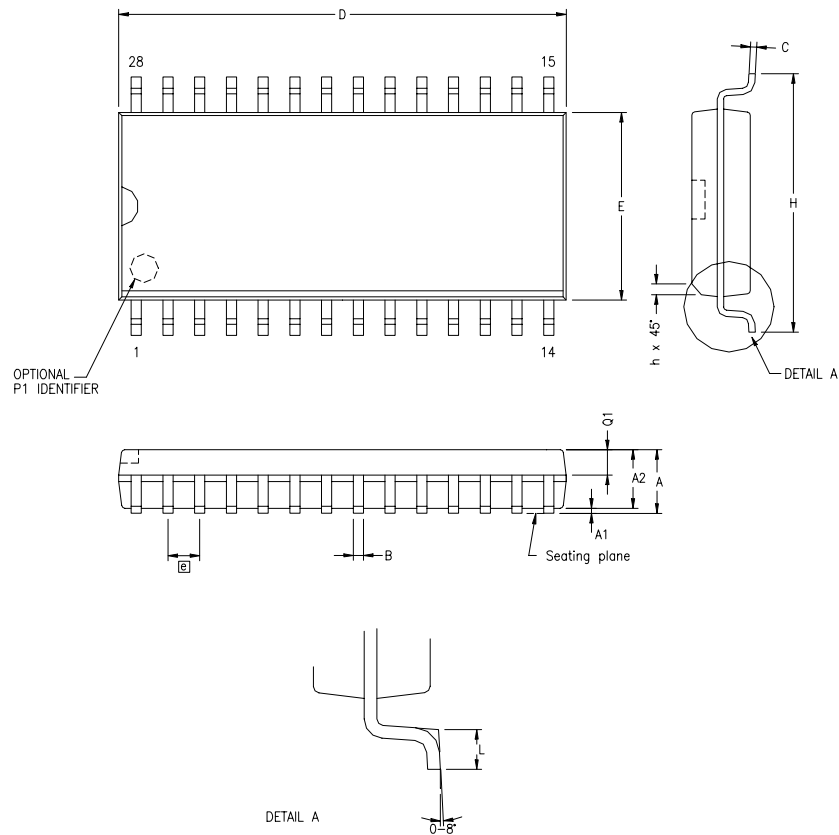


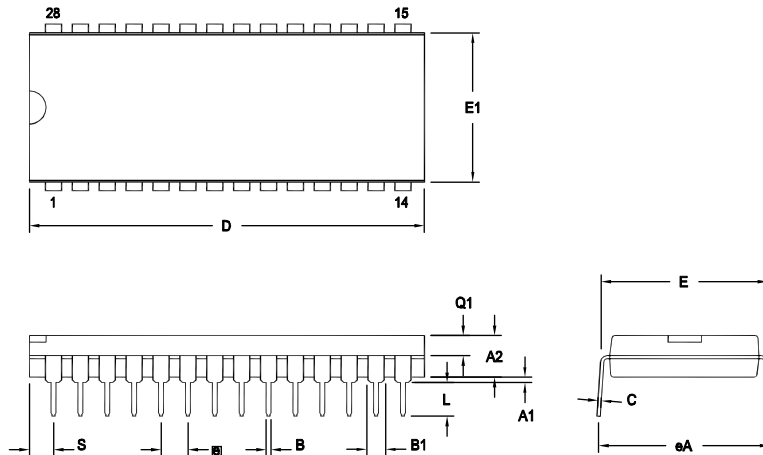
Figure 62. 28-Pin CDIP Package



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		INCH	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	2.40	2.64	.094	.104
A1	0.10	0.30	.004	.012
A2	2.24	2.44	.088	.096
B	0.36	0.46	.014	.018
C	0.23	0.30	.009	.012
D	17.78	18.00	.700	.710
E	7.40	7.60	.291	.299
Ⓢ	1.27 BSC		.050 BSC	
H	10.00	10.65	.394	.419
h	0.30	0.71	.012	.028
L	0.61	1.00	.024	.039
Q1	0.97	1.09	.038	.043

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : MM
 LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCH.

Figure 63. 28-Pin SOIC Package Diagram



OPTION TABLE	
OPTION #	PACKAGE
01	STANDARD
02	IDF

Note: ZILOG supplies both options for production. Component layout PCB design should cover bigger option 01.

SYMBOL	OPT #	MILLIMETER		INCH	
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A1		0.38	1.02	.015	.040
A2		3.18	4.19	.125	.165
B		0.38	0.53	.015	.021
B1	01	1.40	1.65	.055	.065
	02	1.14	1.40	.045	.055
C		0.23	0.38	.009	.015
D	01	36.58	37.34	1.440	1.470
	02	35.31	35.94	1.390	1.415
E		15.24	15.75	.600	.620
E1	01	13.59	14.10	.535	.555
	02	12.83	13.08	.505	.515
e		2.54 TYP		.100 BSC	
eA		15.49	16.76	.610	.660
L		3.05	3.81	.120	.150
Q1	01	1.40	1.91	.055	.075
	02	1.40	1.78	.055	.070
S	01	1.52	2.29	.060	.090
	02	1.02	1.52	.040	.060

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : INCH

Figure 64. 28-Pin PDIP Package Diagram

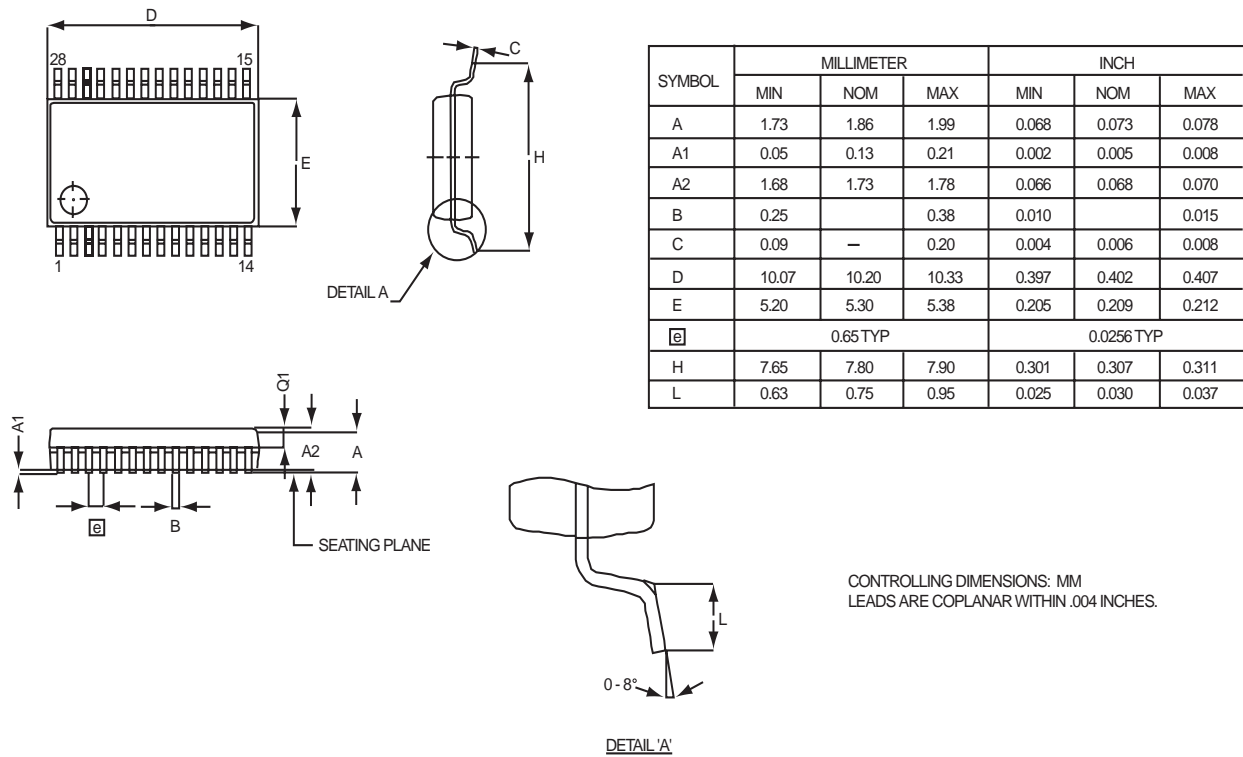


Figure 65. 28-Pin SSOP Package Diagram



8KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LSH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LSS2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323LSP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LSH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323LSH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LSP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323LSP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LSS2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

8KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LEH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LES2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323LEP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LEH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323LEH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LEP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323LEP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LES2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

8KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LAS2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323LAP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LAH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323LAH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LAP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323LAP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LAS2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging



Precharacterization Product

The product represented by this document is newly introduced and ZiLOG has not completed the full characterization of the product. The document states what ZiLOG knows about this product at this time, but additional features or nonconformance with some aspects of the document might be found, either by ZiLOG or its customers in the course of further application and characterization work. In addition, ZiLOG cautions that delivery might be uncertain at times, due to start-up yield issues.

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