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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	24
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323las2808c00tr



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Table 5. 40- and 48-Pin Configuration (Continued)

40-Pin PDIP/CDIP* #	48-Pin SSOP #	Symbol
33	40	P13
8	9	P14
9	10	P15
12	15	P16
13	16	P17
35	42	P20
36	43	P21
37	44	P22
38	45	P23
39	46	P24
2	2	P25
3	3	P26
4	4	P27
16	19	P31
17	20	P32
18	21	P33
19	22	P34
22	26	P35
24	28	P36
23	27	P37
20	23	NC
40	47	NC
1	1	NC
21	25	RESET
15	18	XTAL1
14	17	XTAL2
11	12, 13	V _{DD}
31	24, 37, 38	V _{SS}
25	29	Pref1/P30
	48	NC



Capacitance

Table 7 lists the capacitances.

Table 7. Capacitance

Parameter	Maximum
Input capacitance	12pF
Output capacitance	12pF
I/O capacitance	12pF

Note: $T_A = 25^\circ C$, $V_{CC} = GND = 0 V$, $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$, unmeasured pins returned to GND

DC Characteristics

Table 8. DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC}	$T_A = 0^\circ C \text{ to } +70^\circ C$			Units	Conditions	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max			
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage		2.0	3.6		V	See Note 5	5
V_{CH}	Clock Input High Voltage	2.0-3.6	0.8		$V_{CC}+0.3$	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{CL}	Clock Input Low Voltage	2.0-3.6	$V_{SS}-0.3$	0.5		V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0-3.6	0.7 V_{CC}		$V_{CC}+0.3$	V		
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	2.0-3.6	$V_{SS}-0.3$	0.2 V_{CC}		V		
V_{OH1}	Output High Voltage	2.0-3.6	$V_{CC}-0.4$			V	$I_{OH} = -0.5\text{mA}$	
V_{OH2}	Output High Voltage (P36, P37, P00, P01)	2.0-3.6	$V_{CC}-0.8$			V	$I_{OH} = -7\text{mA}$	
V_{OL1}	Output Low Voltage	2.0-3.6		0.4		V	$I_{OL} = 1.0\text{mA}$ $I_{OL} = 4.0\text{mA}$	
V_{OL2}	Output Low Voltage (P00, P01, P36, P37)	2.0-3.6		0.8		V	$I_{OL} = 10\text{mA}$	
V_{OFFSET}	Comparator Input Offset Voltage	2.0-3.6		25		mV		
V_{REF}	Comparator Reference Voltage	2.0-3.6	0		V_{DD} -1.75	V		
I_{IL}	Input Leakage	2.0-3.6	-1	1	μA		$V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC}$ Pull-ups disabled	
I_{OL}	Output Leakage	2.0-3.6	-1	1	μA		$V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC}$	
I_{CC}	Supply Current	2.0 3.6		10 15	mA		at 8.0 MHz at 8.0 MHz	1, 2 1, 2

Table 10.AC Characteristics

No	Symbol	Parameter	V _{CC}	T _A =0°C to +70°C 8.0MHz			Watch-Dog Timer Mode Register	Notes (D1, D0)
				Minimum	Maximum	Units		
1	T _{pC}	Input Clock Period	2.0–3.6	121	DC	ns	1	
2	T _{rC,TfC}	Clock Input Rise and Fall Times	2.0–3.6		25	ns	1	
3	T _{wC}	Input Clock Width	2.0–3.6	37		ns	1	
4	T _{wTinL}	Timer Input Low Width	2.0 3.6	100 70		ns	1	
5	T _{wTinH}	Timer Input High Width	2.0–3.6	3T _{pC}			1	
6	T _{pTin}	Timer Input Period	2.0–3.6	8T _{pC}			1	
7	T _{rTin,TfTin}	Timer Input Rise and Fall Timers	2.0–3.6		100	ns	1	
8	T _{wIL}	Interrupt Request Low Time	2.0 3.6	100 70		ns	1, 2	
9	T _{wIH}	Interrupt Request Input High Time	2.0–3.6	5T _{pC}			1, 2	
10	T _{wsm}	Stop-Mode Recovery Width Spec	2.0–3.6	12		ns	3	
				10T _{pC}			4	
11	T _{ost}	Oscillator Start-Up Time	2.0–3.6		5T _{pC}		4	
12	T _{wdt}	Watch-Dog Timer Delay Time	2.0–3.6 2.0–3.6 2.0–3.6 2.0–3.6	5 10 20 80		ms	0, 0 0, 1 1, 0 1, 1	
13	T _{POR}	Power-On Reset	2.0–3.6	2.5	10	ms		

Notes:

1. Timing Reference uses 0.9 V_{CC} for a logic 1 and 0.1 V_{CC} for a logic 0.
2. Interrupt request through Port 3 (P33–P31).
3. SMR – D5 = 1.
4. SMR – D5 = 0.

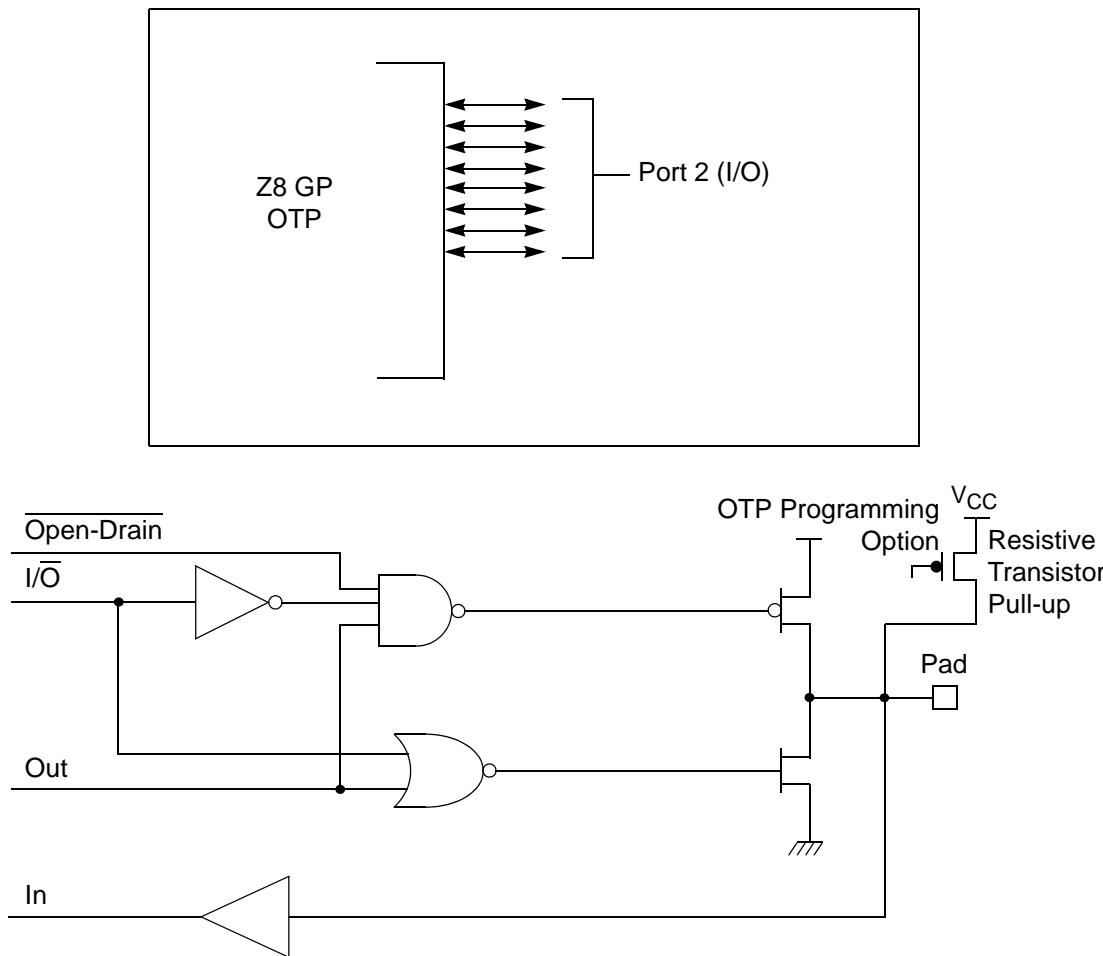


Figure 11. Port 2 Configuration

Port 3 (P37–P30)

Port 3 is a 8-bit, CMOS-compatible fixed I/O port (see Figure 12). Port 3 consists of four fixed input (P33–P30) and four fixed output (P37–P34), which can be configured under software control for interrupt and as output from the counter/timers. P30, P31, P32, and P33 are standard CMOS inputs; P34, P35, P36, and P37 are push-pull outputs.

Capture_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when data is captured into either LO8 or HI8 upon a positive or negative edge detection in demodulation mode.

Counter_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when T8 has a timeout.

P34_Out

This bit defines whether P34 is used as a normal output pin or the T8 output.

T8 and T16 Common Functions—CTR1(0D)01H

This register controls the functions in common with the T8 and T16.

Table 13 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register.

Table 13.CTR1(0D)01H T8 and T16 Common Functions

Field	Bit Position	Value	Description
Mode	7-----	R/W 0*	Transmit Mode Demodulation Mode
P36_Out/ Demodulator_Input	-6-----	R/W 0*	Transmit Mode Port Output
		1	T8/T16 Output Demodulation Mode
		0	P31
		1	P20
T8/T16_Logic/ Edge_Detect	--54----	R/W 00**	Transmit Mode AND
		01	OR
		10	NOR
		11	NAND
		00**	Demodulation Mode Falling Edge
		01	Rising Edge
		10	Both Edges
		11	Reserved



T8/T16_Logic/Edge_Detect

In TRANSMIT Mode, this field defines how the outputs of T8 and T16 are combined (AND, OR, NOR, NAND).

In DEMODULATION Mode, this field defines which edge should be detected by the edge detector.

Transmit_Submode/Glitch Filter

In Transmit Mode, this field defines whether T8 and T16 are in the PING-PONG mode or in independent normal operation mode. Setting this field to “NORMAL OPERATION Mode” terminates the “PING-PONG Mode” operation. When set to 10, T16 is immediately forced to a 0; a setting of 11 forces T16 to output a 1.

In DEMODULATION Mode, this field defines the width of the glitch that must be filtered out.

Initial_T8_Out/Rising_Edge

In TRANSMIT Mode, if 0, the output of T8 is set to 0 when it starts to count. If 1, the output of T8 is set to 1 when it starts to count. When the counter is not enabled and this bit is set to 1 or 0, T8_OUT is set to the opposite state of this bit. This ensures that when the clock is enabled, a transition occurs to the initial state set by CTR1, D1.

In DEMODULATION Mode, this bit is set to 1 when a rising edge is detected in the input signal. In order to reset the mode, a 1 should be written to this location.

Initial_T16_Out/Falling_Edge

In TRANSMIT Mode, if it is 0, the output of T16 is set to 0 when it starts to count. If it is 1, the output of T16 is set to 1 when it starts to count. This bit is effective only in Normal or PING-PONG Mode (CTR1, D3; D2). When the counter is not enabled and this bit is set, T16_OUT is set to the opposite state of this bit. This ensures that when the clock is enabled, a transition occurs to the initial state set by CTR1, D0.

In DEMODULATION Mode, this bit is set to 1 when a falling edge is detected in the input signal. In order to reset it, a 1 should be written to this location.

- **Note:** Modifying CTR1 (D1 or D0) while the counters are enabled causes unpredictable output from T8/16_OUT.

CTR2 Counter/Timer 16 Control Register—CTR2(D)02H

Table 14 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register.

In Demodulation Mode, when set to 0, T16 captures and reloads on detection of all the edges. When set to 1, T16 captures and detects on the first edge but ignores the subsequent edges. For details, see the description of T16 Demodulation Mode on page 45.

Time_Out

This bit is set when T16 times out (terminal count reached). To reset the bit, write a 1 to this location.

T16_Clock

This bit defines the frequency of the input signal to Counter/Timer16.

Capture_INT_Mask

This bit is set to allow an interrupt when data is captured into LO16 and HI16.

Counter_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when T16 times out.

P35_Out

This bit defines whether P35 is used as a normal output pin or T16 output.

CTR3 T8/T16 Control Register—CTR3(D)03H

Table 15 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register. This register allows the T₈ and T₁₆ counters to be synchronized.

Table 15. CTR3 (D)03H: T8/T16 Control Register

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
T ₁₆ Enable	7-----	R	0*	Counter Disabled
		R	1	Counter Enabled
		W	0	Stop Counter
		W	1	Enable Counter
T ₈ Enable	-6-----	R	0*	Counter Disabled
		R	1	Counter Enabled
		W	0	Stop Counter
		W	1	Enable Counter
Sync Mode	--5-----	R/W	0**	Disable Sync Mode
			1	Enable Sync Mode

When T8 is enabled, the output T8_OUT switches to the initial value (CTR1, D1). If the initial value (CTR1, D1) is 0, TC8L is loaded; otherwise, TC8H is loaded into the counter. In SINGLE-PASS Mode (CTR0, D6), T8 counts down to 0 and stops, T8_OUT toggles, the timeout status bit (CTR0, D5) is set, and a timeout interrupt can be generated if it is enabled (CTR0, D1). In Modulo-N Mode, upon reaching terminal count, T8_OUT is toggled, but no interrupt is generated. From that point, T8 loads a new count (if the T8_OUT level now is 0), TC8L is loaded; if it is 1, TC8H is loaded. T8 counts down to 0, toggles T8_OUT, and sets the timeout status bit (CTR0, D5), thereby generating an interrupt if enabled (CTR0, D1). One cycle is thus completed. T8 then loads from TC8H or TC8L according to the T8_OUT level and repeats the cycle. See Figure 20.

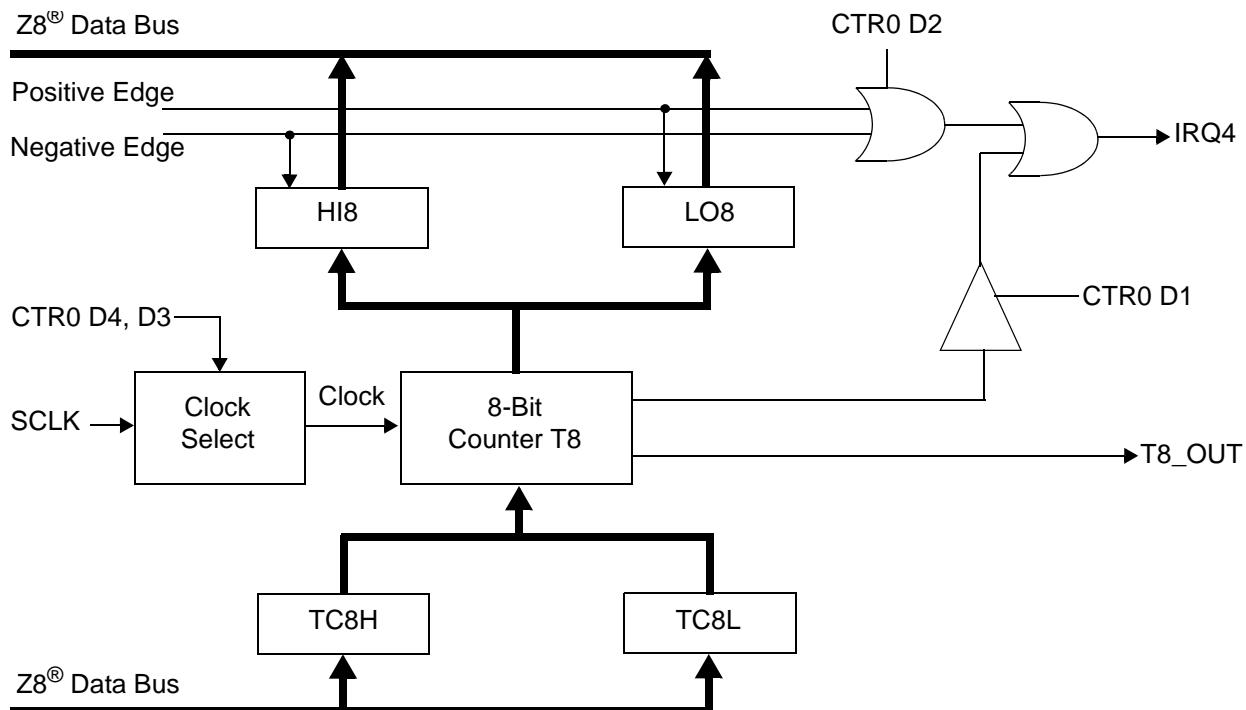


Figure 20. 8-Bit Counter/Timer Circuits

You can modify the values in TC8H or TC8L at any time. The new values take effect when they are loaded.



Caution: To ensure known operation do not write these registers at the time the values are to be loaded into the counter/timer.

An initial count of 1 is not allowed (a non-function occurs). An initial count of 0 causes TC8 to count from 0 to FFH to FEH.

into LO8; if it is a negative edge, data is put into HI8. From that point, one of the edge detect status bits (CTR1, D1; D0) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D2). Meanwhile, T8 is loaded with FFh and starts counting again. If T8 reaches 0, the timeout status bit (CTR0, D5) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D1). T8 then continues counting from FFH (see Figure 23 and Figure 24).

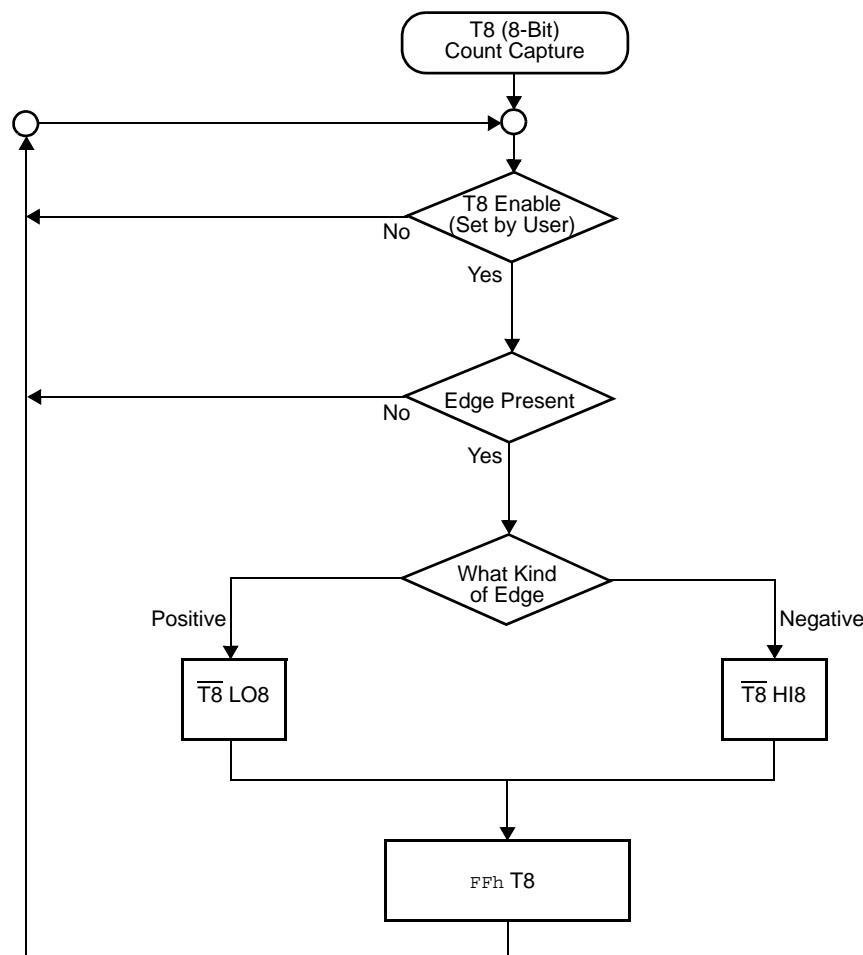


Figure 23. Demodulation Mode Count Capture Flowchart

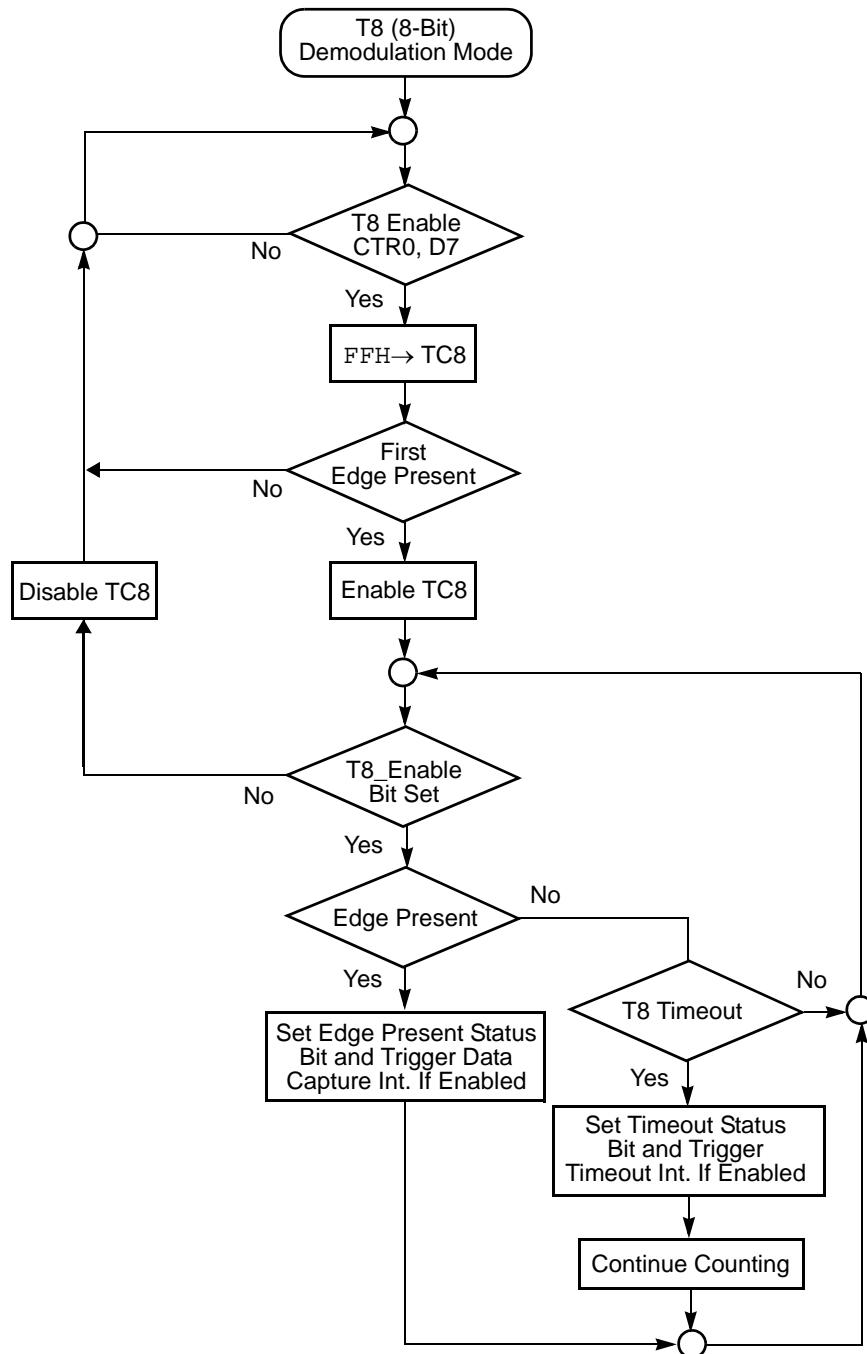


Figure 24. Demodulation Mode Flowchart

Table 19. Stop Mode Recovery Source

SMR:432			Operation
D4	D3	D2	Description of Action
0	0	0	POR and/or external reset recovery
0	0	1	Reserved
0	1	0	P31 transition
0	1	1	P32 transition
1	0	0	P33 transition
1	0	1	P27 transition
1	1	0	Logical NOR of P20 through P23
1	1	1	Logical NOR of P20 through P27

- **Note:** Any Port 2 bit defined as an output drives the corresponding input to the default state. For example, if the NOR of P23-P20 is selected as the recovery source and P20 is configured as an output, the remaining SMR pins (P23-P21) form the NOR equation. This condition allows the remaining inputs to control the AND/OR function. Refer to SMR2 register on page 59 for other recover sources.

Stop Mode Recovery Delay Select (D5)

This bit, if Low, disables the T_{POR} delay after Stop Mode Recovery. The default configuration of this bit is 1. If the “fast” wake up is selected, the Stop Mode Recovery source must be kept active for at least 5 TpC.

- **Note:** It is recommended that this bit be set to 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source. The T_{POR} delay allows the clock source to stabilize before executing instructions.

Stop Mode Recovery Edge Select (D6)

A 1 in this bit position indicates that a High level on any one of the recovery sources wakes the device from Stop Mode. A 0 indicates Low level recovery. The default is 0 on POR.

Cold or Warm Start (D7)

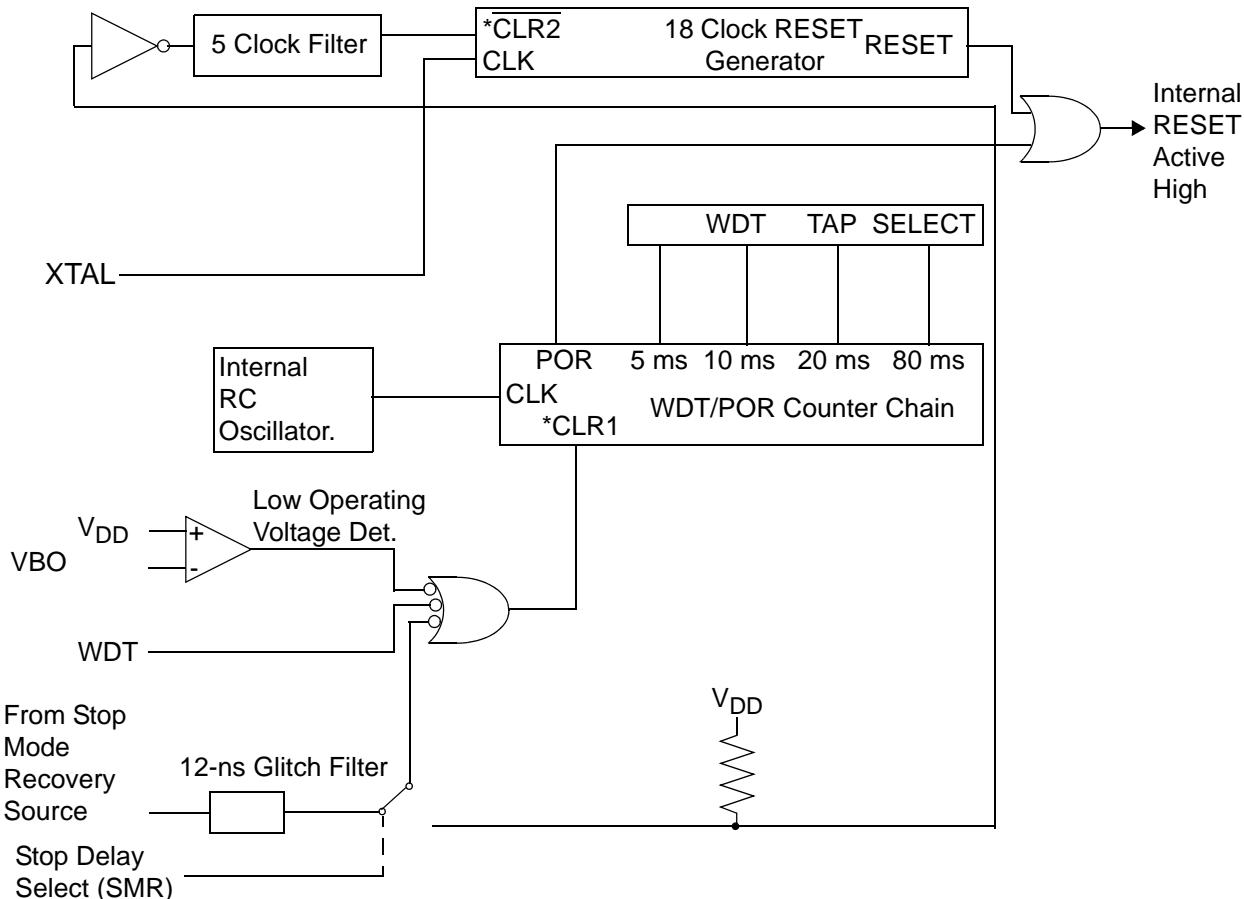
This bit is read only. It is set to 1 when the device is recovered from Stop Mode. The bit is set to 0 when the device reset is other than Stop Mode Recovery (SMR).

Table 20. Watch-Dog Timer Time Select

D1	D0	Timeout of Internal RC-Oscillator
0	0	5ms min.
0	1	10ms min.
1	0	20ms min.
1	1	80ms min.

WDTMR During Halt (D2)

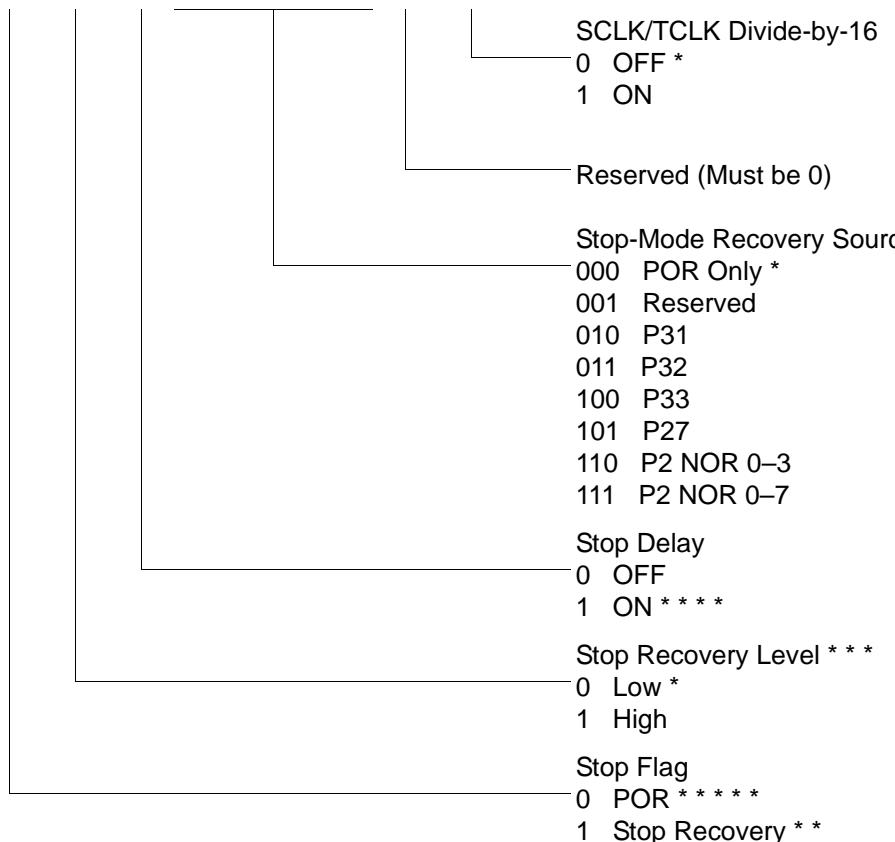
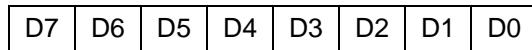
This bit determines whether or not the WDT is active during HALT Mode. A 1 indicates active during HALT. The default is 1. See Figure 38.



* CLR1 and CLR2 enable the WDT/POR and 18 Clock Reset timers respectively upon a Low-to-High input translation.

Figure 38. Resets and WDT

SMR(0F)0BH



* Default setting after Reset

* * Set after STOP Mode Recovery

* * * At the XOR gate input

* * * * Default setting after Reset. Must be 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source.

* * * * * Default setting after Power On Reset. Not Reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 45. Stop Mode Recovery Register ((0F)0BH: D6–D0=Write Only, D7=Read Only)

R250 IRQ(FAH)

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

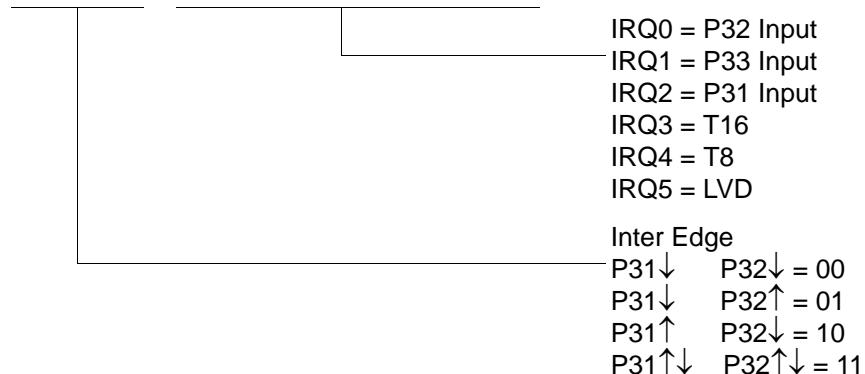


Figure 52. Interrupt Request Register (FAH: Read/Write)

R251 IMR(FBH)

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



* Default setting after reset

** Only by using EI, DI instruction; DI is required before changing the IMR register

Figure 53. Interrupt Mask Register (FBH: Read/Write)

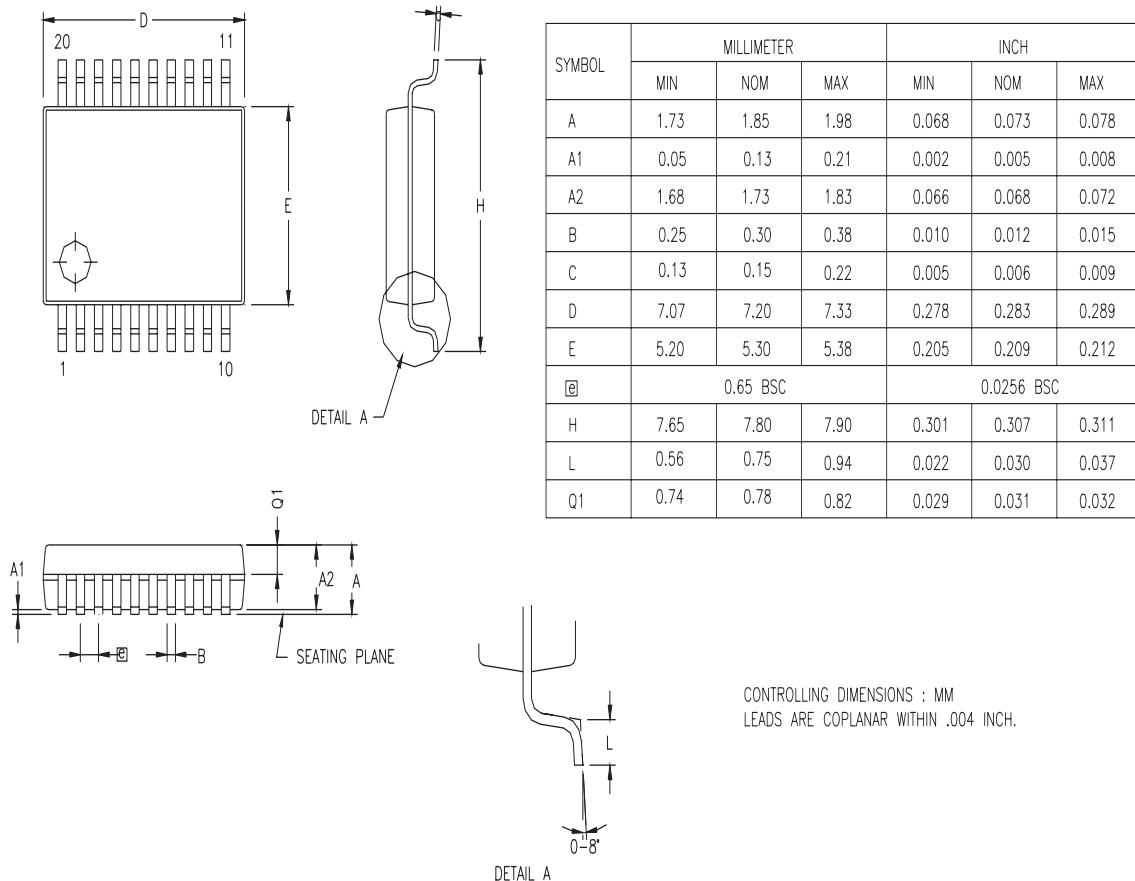
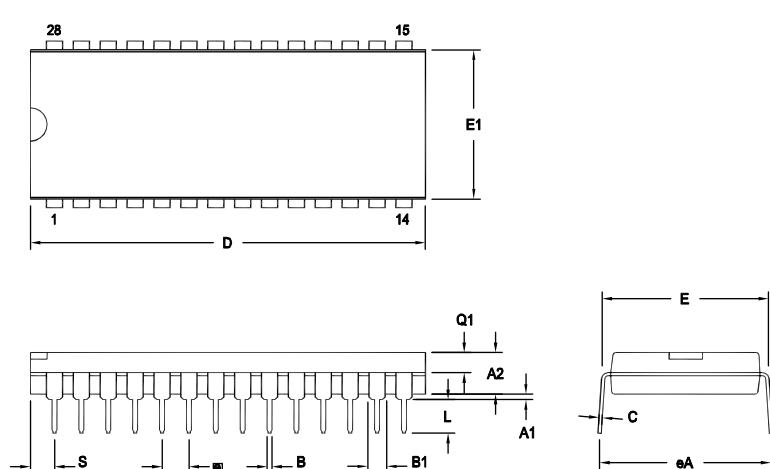


Figure 61. 20-Pin SSOP Package Diagram



SYMBOL	OPT #	MILLIMETER		INCH	
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A1		.38	1.02	.015	.040
A2		3.18	4.19	.125	.165
B		.38	0.53	.015	.021
B1	01	1.40	1.65	.055	.065
	02	1.14	1.40	.045	.055
C		0.23	0.38	.009	.015
D	01	36.58	37.34	1.440	1.470
	02	35.31	35.94	1.390	1.415
E		15.24	15.75	.600	.620
E1	01	13.59	14.10	.535	.555
	02	12.83	13.08	.505	.515
[e]		2.54 TYP		.100 BSC	
eA		15.49	16.76	.610	.660
L		3.05	3.81	.120	.150
Q1	01	1.40	1.91	.055	.075
	02	1.40	1.78	.055	.070
S	01	1.52	2.29	.060	.090
	02	1.02	1.52	.040	.060

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : INCH

OPTION TABLE	
OPTION #	PACKAGE
01	STANDARD
02	IDF

Note: ZILOG supplies both options for production. Component layout
PCB design should cover bigger option 01.

Figure 64. 28-Pin PDIP Package Diagram



Ordering Information

32KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LSH4832C	48-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSS2832C	28-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LSP4032C	40-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSH2032C	20-pin SSOP 32K OTP
ZGP323LSH2832C	28-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSP2032C	20-pin PDIP 32K OTP
ZGP323LSP2832C	28-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSS2032C	20-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LSK2032E	20-pin CDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSK4032E	40-pin CDIP 32K OTP
		ZGP323LSK2832E	28-pin CDIP 32K OTP

32KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LEH4832C	48-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LES2832C	28-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LEP4032C	40-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LEH2032C	20-pin SSOP 32K OTP
ZGP323LEH2832C	28-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LEP2032C	20-pin PDIP 32K OTP
ZGP323LEP2832C	28-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LES2032C	20-pin SOIC 32K OTP

32KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4832C	48-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAS2832C	28-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LAP4032C	40-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAH2032C	20-pin SSOP 32K OTP
ZGP323LAH2832C	28-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAP2032C	20-pin PDIP 32K OTP
ZGP323LAP2832C	28-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAS2032C	20-pin SOIC 32K OTP

Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging



16KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LSH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSS2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323LSP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323LSH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP
ZGP323LSP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSS2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP

16KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LEH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LES2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323LEP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LES2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323LEH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LEH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323LEP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LEP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP

16KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAS2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323LAP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323LAH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP
ZGP323LAP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAS2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP

Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging

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