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Zilog - ZGP323LEH2032C00TR Datasheet



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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	· ·
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	16
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	· ·
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323leh2032c00tr

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Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Z8 GPTM OTP MCU Family Product Specification



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Figure 9. Port 0 Configuration

Port 1 (P17–P10)

Port 1 (see Figure 10) Port 1 can be configured for standard port input or output mode. After POR, Port 1 is configured as an input port. The output drivers are either push-pull or open-drain and are controlled by bit D1 in the PCON register.



Note: The Port 1 direction is reset to be input following an SMR.



CTR1(0D)01H" on page 33). Other edge detect and IRQ modes are described in Table 11.

Note: Comparators are powered down by entering Stop Mode. For P31–P33 to be used in a Stop Mode Recovery (SMR) source, these inputs must be placed into digital mode.

Pin	I/O	Counter/Timers	Comparator	Interrupt
Pref1/P30	IN		RF1	
P31	IN	IN	AN1	IRQ2
P32	IN		AN2	IRQ0
P33	IN		RF2	IRQ1
P34	OUT	Т8	AO1	
P35	OUT	T16		
P36	OUT	T8/16		
P37	OUT		AO2	
P20	I/O	IN		

Table 11. Port 3 Pin Function Summary

>

Port 3 also provides output for each of the counter/timers and the AND/OR Logic (see Figure 13). Control is performed by programming bits D5–D4 of CTR1, bit 0 of CTR0, and bit 0 of CTR2.



Comparator Inputs

In analog mode, P31 and P32 have a comparator front end. The comparator reference is supplied to P33 and Pref1. In this mode, the P33 internal data latch and its corresponding IRQ1 are diverted to the SMR sources (excluding P31, P32, and P33) as indicated in Figure 12 on page 20. In digital mode, P33 is used as D3 of the Port 3 input register, which then generates IRQ1.



Note: Comparators are powered down by entering Stop Mode. For P31–P33 to be used in a Stop Mode Recovery source, these inputs must be placed into digital mode.

Comparator Outputs

These channels can be programmed to be output on P34 and P37 through the PCON register.

RESET (Input, Active Low)

Reset initializes the MCU and is accomplished either through Power-On, Watch-Dog Timer, Stop Mode Recovery, Low-Voltage detection, or external reset. During Power-On Reset and Watch-Dog Timer Reset, the internally generated reset drives the reset pin Low for the POR time. Any devices driving the external reset line must be open-drain to avoid damage from a possible conflict during reset conditions. Pull-up is provided internally.

When the Z8 GP^{TM} asserts (Low) the RESET pin, the internal pull-up is disabled. The Z8 GP^{TM} does not assert the RESET pin when under VBO.



Note: The external Reset does not initiate an exit from STOP mode.

Functional Description

This device incorporates special functions to enhance the Z8[®], functionality in consumer and battery-operated applications.

Program Memory

This device addresses up to 32KB of OTP memory. The first 12 Bytes are reserved for interrupt vectors. These locations contain the six 16-bit vectors that correspond to the six available interrupts.

RAM

This device features 256B of RAM. See Figure 14.

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The upper nibble of the register pointer (see Figure 16) selects which working register group, of 16 bytes in the register file, is accessed out of the possible 256. The lower nibble selects the expanded register file bank and, in the case of the Z8 GP family, banks 0, F, and D are implemented. A $_{0\rm H}$ in the lower nibble allows the normal register file (bank 0) to be addressed. Any other value from 1H to FH exchanges the lower 16 registers to an expanded register bank.



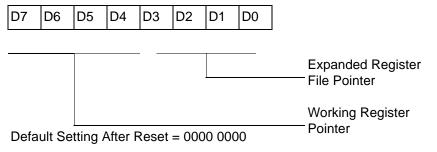


Figure 16. Register Pointer

Example: Z8 GP: (See Figure 15 on page 26)

R253 RP = 00h R0 = Port 0 R1 = Port 1 R2 = Port 2 R3 = Port 3

But if:

R253 RP = 0Dh R0 = CTRL0 R1 = CTRL1 R2 = CTRL2R3 = Reserved

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Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Transmit_Submode/	32	R/W		Transmit Mode
Glitch_Filter			00*	Normal Operation
			01	Ping-Pong Mode
			10	T16_Out = 0
			11	T16_Out = 1
				Demodulation Mode
			00*	No Filter
			01	4 SCLK Cycle
			10	8 SCLK Cycle
			11	Reserved
Initial_T8_Out/	1-			Transmit Mode
Rising Edge		R/W	0*	T8_OUT is 0 Initially
			1	T8_OUT is 1 Initially
				Demodulation Mode
		R	0*	No Rising Edge
			1	Rising Edge Detected
		W	0	No Effect
			1	Reset Flag to 0
Initial_T16_Out/	0			Transmit Mode
Falling_Edge		R/W	0*	T16_OUT is 0 Initially
			1	T16_OUT is 1 Initially
				Demodulation Mode
		R	0*	No Falling Edge
			1	Falling Edge Detected
		W	0	No Effect
			1	Reset Flag to 0

Table 13. CTR1(0D)01H T8 and T16 Common Functions (Continued)

Note:

*Default at Power-On Reset.

**Default at Power-On Reset.Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

Mode

If the result is 0, the counter/timers are in TRANSMIT mode; otherwise, they are in DEMODULATION mode.

P36_Out/Demodulator_Input

In TRANSMIT Mode, this bit defines whether P36 is used as a normal output pin or the combined output of T8 and T16.

In DEMODULATION Mode, this bit defines whether the input signal to the Counter/Timers is from P20 or P31.

If the input signal is from Port 31, a capture event may also generate an IRQ2 interrupt. To prevent generating an IRQ2, either disable the IRQ2 interrupt by clearing its IMR bit D2 or use P20 as the input.

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Caution: Do not load these registers at the time the values are to be loaded into the counter/timer to ensure known operation. An initial count of 1 is not allowed. An initial count of 0 causes T16 to count from 0 to FFFFH to FFFFH. Transition from 0 to FFFFH is not a timeout condition.







Figure 27. T16_OUT in Modulo-N Mode

T16 DEMODULATION Mode

The user must program TC16L and TC16H to FFH. After T16 is enabled, and the first edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1 D5; D4) is detected, T16 captures HI16 and LO16, reloads, and begins counting.

If D6 of CTR2 Is 0

When a subsequent edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4) is detected during counting, the current count in T16 is complemented and put into HI16 and LO16. When data is captured, one of the edge detect status bits (CTR1, D1; D0) is set, and an interrupt is generated if enabled (CTR2, D2). T16 is loaded with FFFFH and starts again.

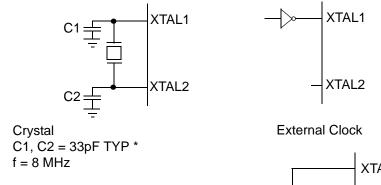
This T16 mode is generally used to measure space time, the length of time between bursts of carrier signal (marks).



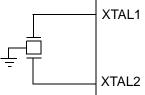
Clock

The device's on-chip oscillator has a high-gain, parallel-resonant amplifier, for connection to a crystal, ceramic resonator, or any suitable external clock source (XTAL1 = Input, XTAL2 = Output). The crystal must be AT cut, 1 MHz to 8 MHz maximum, with a series resistance (RS) less than or equal to 100 Ω . The on-chip oscillator can be driven with a suitable external clock source.

The crystal must be connected across XTAL1 and XTAL2 using the recommended capacitors (capacitance greater than or equal to 22 pF) from each pin to ground.



* Preliminary value including pin parasitics



Ceramic Resonator f = 8MHz

Figure 31. Oscillator Configuration



NOP	; clear the pipeline
Stop	; enter Stop Mode
NOP	; clear the pipeline
HALT	; enter HALT Mode
	Stop

Port Configuration Register

The Port Configuration (PCON) register (Figure 32) configures the comparator output on Port 3. It is located in the expanded register 2 at Bank F, location 00.

PCON(FH)00H



* Default setting after reset

Figure 32. Port Configuration Register (PCON) (Write Only)

Comparator Output Port 3 (D0)

Bit 0 controls the comparator used in Port 3. A 1 in this location brings the comparator outputs to P34 and P37, and a 0 releases the Port to its standard I/O configuration.

Port 1 Output Mode (D1)

Bit 1 controls the output mode of port 1. A 1 in this location sets the output to push-pull, and a 0 sets the output to open-drain.



Table 19. Stop Mode Recovery Source

SMR:432			Operation		
D4 D3 D2		D2	Description of Action		
0	0	0	POR and/or external reset recovery		
0	0	1	Reserved		
0	1	0	P31 transition		
0	1	1	P32 transition		
1	0	0	P33 transition		
1	0	1	P27 transition		
1	1	0	Logical NOR of P20 through P23		
1	1	1	Logical NOR of P20 through P27		

Note: Any Port 2 bit defined as an output drives the corresponding input to the default state. For example, if the NOR of P23-P20 is selected as the recovery source and P20 is configured as an output, the remaining SMR pins (P23-P21) form the NOR equation. This condition allows the remaining inputs to control the AND/OR function. Refer to SMR2 register on page 59 for other recover sources.

Stop Mode Recovery Delay Select (D5)

This bit, if Low, disables the T_{POR} delay after Stop Mode Recovery. The default configuration of this bit is 1. If the "fast" wake up is selected, the Stop Mode Recovery source must be kept active for at least 5 TpC.

Note: It is recommended that this bit be set to 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source. The T_{POR} delay allows the clock source to stabilize before executing instructions.

Stop Mode Recovery Edge Select (D6)

A 1 in this bit position indicates that a High level on any one of the recovery sources wakes the device from Stop Mode. A 0 indicates Low level recovery. The default is 0 on POR.

Cold or Warm Start (D7)

This bit is read only. It is set to 1 when the device is recovered from Stop Mode. The bit is set to 0 when the device reset is other than Stop Mode Recovery (SMR).



Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 (SMR2)

This register determines the mode of Stop Mode Recovery for SMR2 (Figure 36).

SMR2(0F)DH

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0]
								Reserved (Must be 0) Reserved (Must be 0) Stop-Mode Recovery Source 2 000 POR Only * 001 NAND P20, P21, P22, P23 010 NAND P20, P21, P22, P23, P24, P25, P26, P27 011 NOR P31, P32, P33 100 NAND P31, P32, P33 101 NOR P31, P32, P33, P00, P07 110 NAND P31, P32, P33, P00, P07
								111 NAND P31, P32, P33, P20, P21, P22 Reserved (Must be 0)
								Recovery Level * * 0 Low * 1 High
								Reserved (Must be 0)

Note: If used in conjunction with SMR, either of the two specified events causes a Stop-Mode Recovery.

* Default setting after reset

* * At the XOR gate input

Figure 36. Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 ((0F)DH:D2–D4, D6 Write Only)

If SMR2 is used in conjunction with SMR, either of the specified events causes a Stop Mode Recovery.



Note: Port pins configured as outputs are ignored as an SMR or SMR2 recovery source. For example, if the NAND or P23–P20 is selected as the recovery source and P20 is configured as an output, the remaining SMR pins (P23–P21) form the NAND equation.



WDTMR During STOP (D3)

This bit determines whether or not the WDT is active during STOP Mode. Because the XTAL clock is stopped during STOP Mode, the on-board RC has to be selected as the clock source to the WDT/POR counter. A 1 indicates active during Stop. The default is 1.

EPROM Selectable Options

There are seven EPROM Selectable Options to choose from based on ROM code requirements. These options are listed in Table 21.

Table 21. EPROM Selectable Options

Port 00–03 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 04–07 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 10–13 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 14–17 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 20–27 Pull-Ups	On/Off
EPROM Protection	On/Off
Watch-Dog Timer at Power-On Reset	On/Off

Voltage Brown-Out/Standby

An on-chip Voltage Comparator checks that the V_{DD} is at the required level for correct operation of the device. Reset is globally driven when V_{DD} falls below V_{BO}. A small drop in V_{DD} causes the XTAL1 and XTAL2 circuitry to stop the crystal or resonator clock. If the V_{DD} is allowed to stay above V_{RAM}, the RAM content is preserved. When the power level is returned to above V_{BO}, the device performs a POR and functions normally.



Expanded Register File Control Registers (0D)

The expanded register file control registers (0D) are depicted in Figure 39 through Figure 43.

CTR0(0D)00H



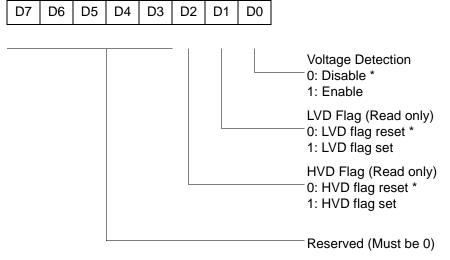
* Default setting after reset

**Default setting after reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 39. TC8 Control Register ((0D)O0H: Read/Write Except Where Noted)



LVD(0D)0CH



* Default

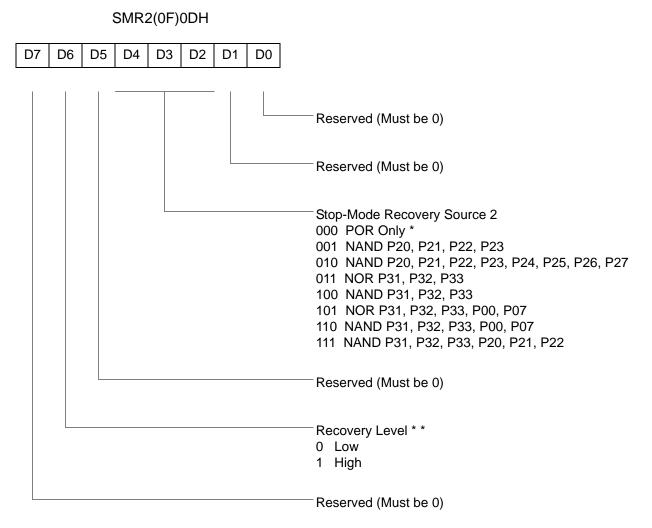
Figure 43. Voltage Detection Register

Note: Do not modify register P01M while checking a low-voltage condition. Switching noise of both ports 0 and 1 together might trigger the LVD flag.

Expanded Register File Control Registers (0F)

The expanded register file control registers (0F) are depicted in Figures 44 through Figure 57.





Note: If used in conjunction with SMR, either of the two specified events causes a Stop-Mode Recovery.

* Default setting after reset

* * At the XOR gate input



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CVALDOL		MILLIMETER		INCH			
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
A	1.73	1.85	1.98	0.068	0.073	0.078	
A1	0.05	0.13	0.21	0.002	0.005	0.008	
A2	1.68	1.73	1.83	0.066	0.068	0.072	
В	0.25	0.30	0.38	0.010	0.012	0.015	
С	0.13	0.15	0.22	0.005	0.006	0.009	
D	7.07	7.20	7.33	0.278	0.283	0.289	
E	5.20	5.30	5.38	0.205	0.209	0.212	
e		0.65 BSC		0.0256 BSC			
Н	7.65	7.80	7.90	0.301	0.307	0.311	
L	0.56	0.75	0.94	0.022	0.030	0.037	
Q1	0.74	0.78	0.82	0.029	0.031	0.032	



CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : MM LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCH.

Figure 61. 20-Pin SSOP Package Diagram

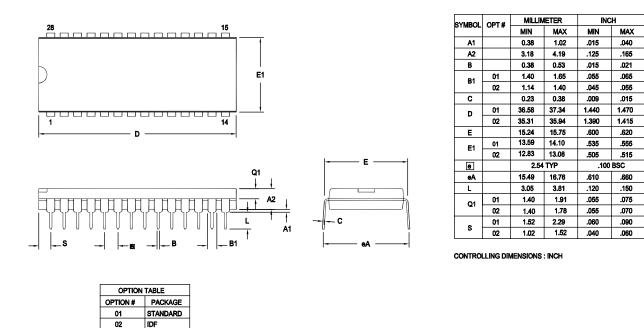
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0-"8

DETAIL A

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Note: ZILOG supplies both options for production. Component layout PCB design should cover bigger option 01.

Figure 64. 28-Pin PDIP Package Diagram

Z i L 0 G 91

8KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LSH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LSS2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323LSP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LSH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323LSH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LSP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323LSP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LSS2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

8KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C

Description	Part Number	Description
48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LES2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LEH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LEP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LES2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP
	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP 40-pin PDIP 8K OTP 28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP ZGP323LES2808C 40-pin PDIP 8K OTP ZGP323LEH2008C 28-pin SSOP 8K OTP ZGP323LEP2008C

8KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C

	•		
Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LAS2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323LAP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LAH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323LAH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LAP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323LAP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LAS2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging

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For fast results, contact your local ZiLOG sales office for assistance in ordering the part desired.

Codes

ZG = ZiLOG General Purpose Family

P = OTP

- 323 = Family Designation
- L = Voltage Range

2V to 3.6V

T = Temperature Range:

S = 0 to 70 degrees C (Standard)

- E = -40 to +105 degrees C (Extended)
- A = -40 to +125 degrees C (Automotive)
- P = Package Type:
 - K = Windowed Cerdip
 - P = PDIP
 - H = SSOP
 - S = SOIC
- ## = Number of Pins
- CC = Memory Size
- M = Packaging Options
 - C = Non Lead-Free
 - G = Lead-Free
 - E = CDIP

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