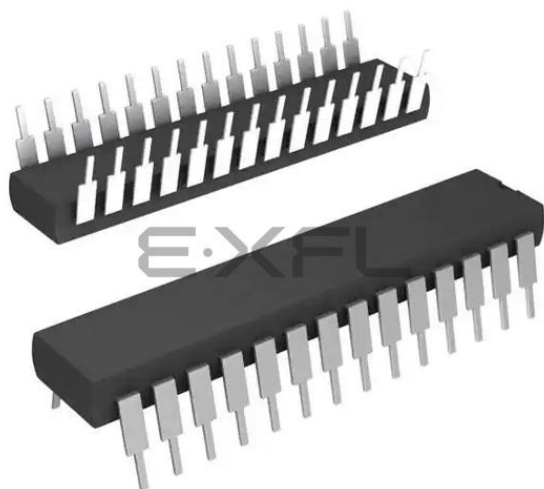




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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	24
Program Memory Size	4KB (4K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	28-DIP (0.600", 15.24mm)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323lep2804g



Table of Contents

Development Features	1
General Description	2
Pin Description	4
Absolute Maximum Ratings	10
Standard Test Conditions	10
DC Characteristics	11
AC Characteristics	14
Pin Functions	16
XTAL1 Crystal 1 (Time-Based Input)	16
XTAL2 Crystal 2 (Time-Based Output)	16
Port 0 (P07–P00)	16
Port 1 (P17–P10)	17
Port 2 (P27–P20)	18
Port 3 (P37–P30)	19
RESET (Input, Active Low)	23
Functional Description	23
Program Memory	23
RAM	23
Expanded Register File	24
Register File	28
Stack	29
Timers	30
Counter/Timer Functional Blocks	38
Expanded Register File Control Registers (0D)	64
Expanded Register File Control Registers (0F)	69
Standard Control Registers	73
Package Information	80
Ordering Information	89
Precharacterization Product	95

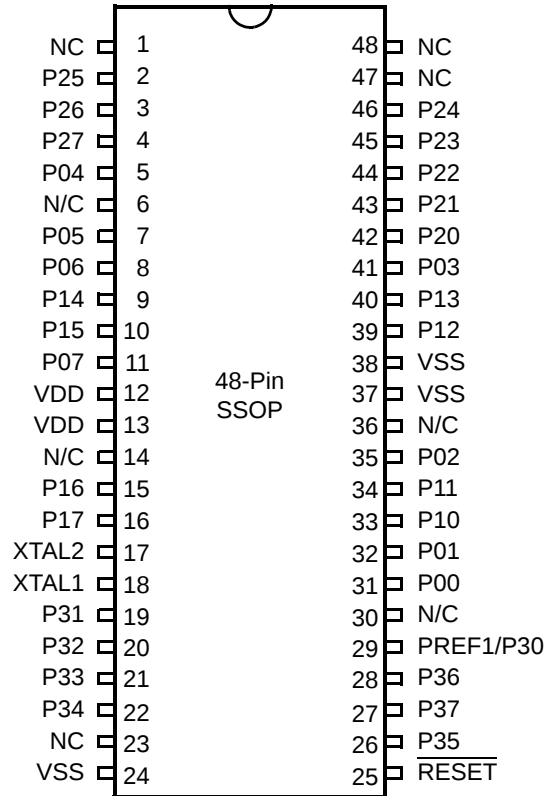


Figure 6. 48-Pin SSOP Pin Configuration

Table 5. 40- and 48-Pin Configuration

40-Pin PDIP/CDIP* #	48-Pin SSOP #	Symbol
26	31	P00
27	32	P01
30	35	P02
34	41	P03
5	5	P04
6	7	P05
7	8	P06
10	11	P07
28	33	P10
29	34	P11
32	39	P12

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses greater than those listed in Table 7 might cause permanent damage to the device. This rating is a stress rating only. Functional operation of the device at any condition above those indicated in the operational sections of these specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for an extended period might affect device reliability.

Table 6. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Notes
Ambient temperature under bias	0	+70	C	
Storage temperature	-65	+150	C	
Voltage on any pin with respect to V_{SS}	-0.3	+5.5	V	1
Voltage on V_{DD} pin with respect to V_{SS}	-0.3	+3.6	V	
Maximum current on input and/or inactive output pin	-5	+5	μ A	
Maximum output current from active output pin	-25	+25	mA	
Maximum current into V_{DD} or out of V_{SS}		75	mA	

Notes:
This voltage applies to all pins except the following: V_{DD} , P32, P33 and $\overline{\text{RESET}}$.

Standard Test Conditions

The characteristics listed in this product specification apply for standard test conditions as noted. All voltages are referenced to GND. Positive current flows into the referenced pin (see Figure 7).

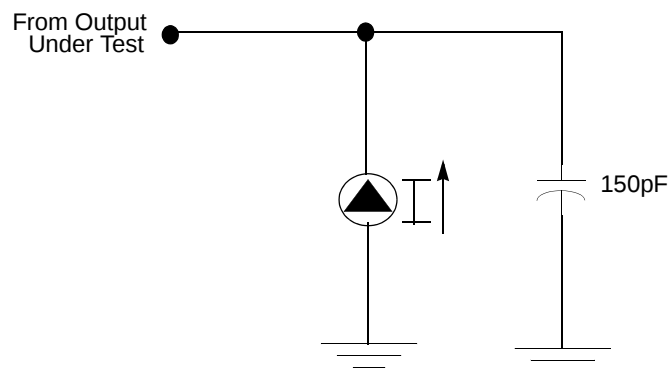


Figure 7. Test Load Diagram

Capacitance

Table 7 lists the capacitances.

Table 7. Capacitance

Parameter	Maximum
Input capacitance	12pF
Output capacitance	12pF
I/O capacitance	12pF
Note: $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$, unmeasured pins returned to GND	

DC Characteristics

Table 8. DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC}	$T_A = 0^\circ\text{C to } +70^\circ\text{C}$			Units	Conditions	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max			
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage		2.0		3.6	V	See Note 5	5
V_{CH}	Clock Input High Voltage	2.0-3.6	0.8		$V_{CC}+0.3$	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{CL}	Clock Input Low Voltage	2.0-3.6	$V_{SS}-0.3$		0.5	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0-3.6	$0.7 V_{CC}$		$V_{CC}+0.3$	V		
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	2.0-3.6	$V_{SS}-0.3$		$0.2 V_{CC}$	V		
V_{OH1}	Output High Voltage	2.0-3.6	$V_{CC}-0.4$			V	$I_{OH} = -0.5\text{mA}$	
V_{OH2}	Output High Voltage (P36, P37, P00, P01)	2.0-3.6	$V_{CC}-0.8$			V	$I_{OH} = -7\text{mA}$	
V_{OL1}	Output Low Voltage	2.0-3.6			0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 1.0\text{mA}$ $I_{OL} = 4.0\text{mA}$	
V_{OL2}	Output Low Voltage (P00, P01, P36, P37)	2.0-3.6			0.8	V	$I_{OL} = 10\text{mA}$	
V_{OFFSET}	Comparator Input Offset Voltage	2.0-3.6			25	mV		
V_{REF}	Comparator Reference Voltage	2.0-3.6	0		V_{DD} -1.75	V		
I_{IL}	Input Leakage	2.0-3.6	-1		1	μA	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$, V_{CC} Pull-ups disabled	
I_{OL}	Output Leakage	2.0-3.6	-1		1	μA	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$, V_{CC}	
I_{CC}	Supply Current	2.0			10	mA	at 8.0 MHz	1, 2
		3.6			15	mA	at 8.0 MHz	1, 2

CTR1(0D)01H" on page 33). Other edge detect and IRQ modes are described in Table 11.

- **Note:** Comparators are powered down by entering Stop Mode. For P31–P33 to be used in a Stop Mode Recovery (SMR) source, these inputs must be placed into digital mode.

Table 11. Port 3 Pin Function Summary

Pin	I/O	Counter/Timers	Comparator	Interrupt
Pref1/P30	IN		RF1	
P31	IN	IN	AN1	IRQ2
P32	IN		AN2	IRQ0
P33	IN		RF2	IRQ1
P34	OUT	T8	AO1	
P35	OUT	T16		
P36	OUT	T8/16		
P37	OUT		AO2	
P20	I/O	IN		

Port 3 also provides output for each of the counter/timers and the AND/OR Logic (see Figure 13). Control is performed by programming bits D5–D4 of CTR1, bit 0 of CTR0, and bit 0 of CTR2.

The counter/timers are mapped into ERF group D. Access is easily performed using the following:

```
LD      RP, #0Dh      ; Select ERF D
for access to bank D

                                ; (working
                                ; register group 0)
LD      R0, #xx      ; load CTRL0
LD      1, #xx      ; load CTRL1
LD      R1, 2      ; CTRL2→CTRL1

LD      RP, #0Dh      ; Select ERF D
for access to bank D

                                ; (working
                                ; register group 0)
LD      RP, #7Dh      ; Select
expanded register bank D and working ; register
group 7 of bank 0 for access.
LD      71h, 2
; CTRL2→register 71h
LD      R1, 2
; CTRL2→register 71h
```

Register File

The register file (bank 0) consists of 4 I/O port registers, 237 general-purpose registers, 16 control and status registers (R0–R3, R4–R239, and R240–R255, respectively), and two expanded registers groups in Banks D (see Table 12) and F. Instructions can access registers directly or indirectly through an 8-bit address field, thereby allowing a short, 4-bit register address to use the Register Pointer (Figure 17). In the 4-bit mode, the register file is divided into 16 working register groups, each occupying 16 continuous locations. The Register Pointer addresses the starting location of the active working register group.

- **Note:** Working register group E0–EF can only be accessed through working registers and indirect addressing modes.

into LO8; if it is a negative edge, data is put into HI8. From that point, one of the edge detect status bits (CTR1, D1; D0) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D2). Meanwhile, T8 is loaded with FFh and starts counting again. If T8 reaches 0, the timeout status bit (CTR0, D5) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D1). T8 then continues counting from FFh (see Figure 23 and Figure 24).

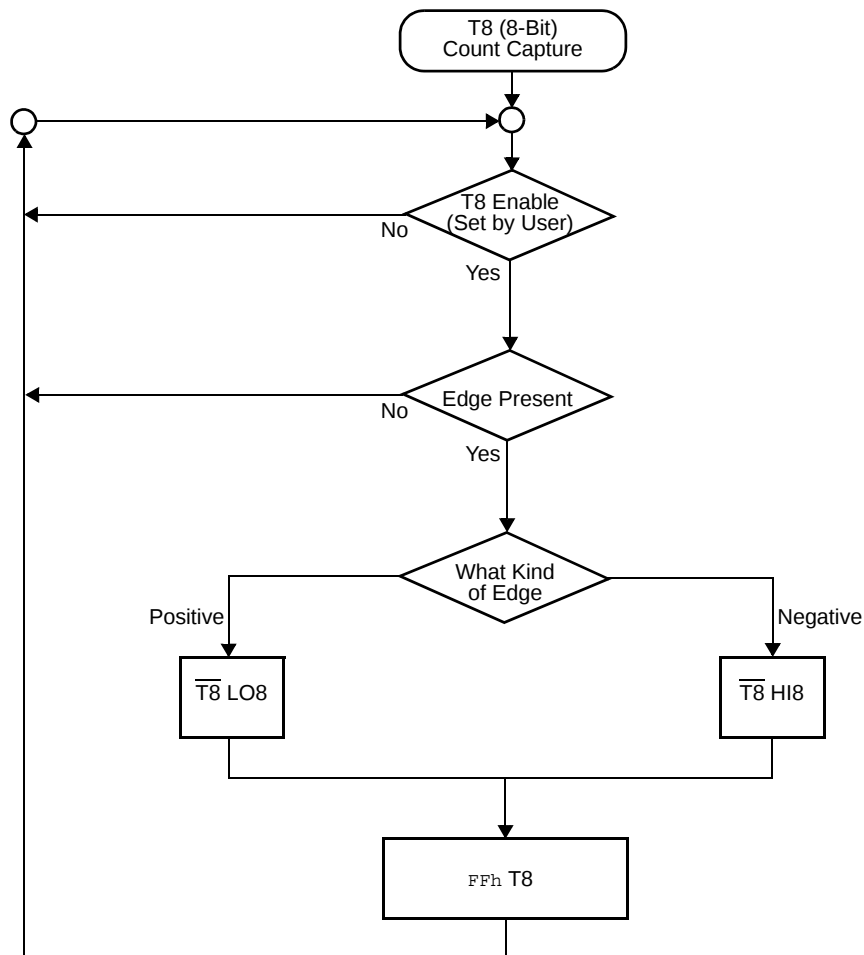


Figure 23. Demodulation Mode Count Capture Flowchart

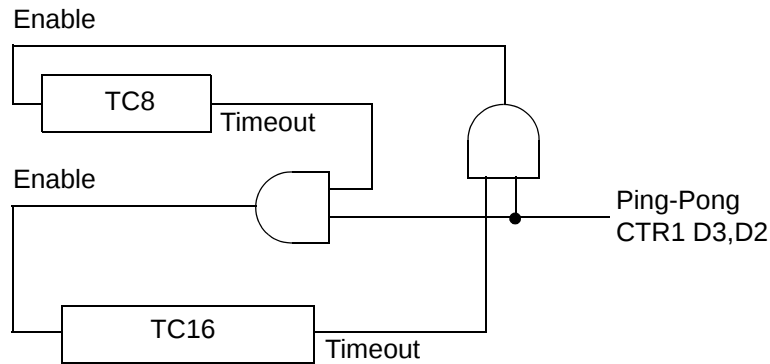


Figure 28. Ping-Pong Mode Diagram

Initiating PING-PONG Mode

First, make sure both counter/timers are not running. Set T8 into Single-Pass mode (CTR0, D6), set T16 into SINGLE-PASS mode (CTR2, D6), and set the Ping-Pong mode (CTR1, D2; D3). These instructions can be in random order. Finally, start PING-PONG mode by enabling either T8 (CTR0, D7) or T16 (CTR2, D7). See Figure 29.

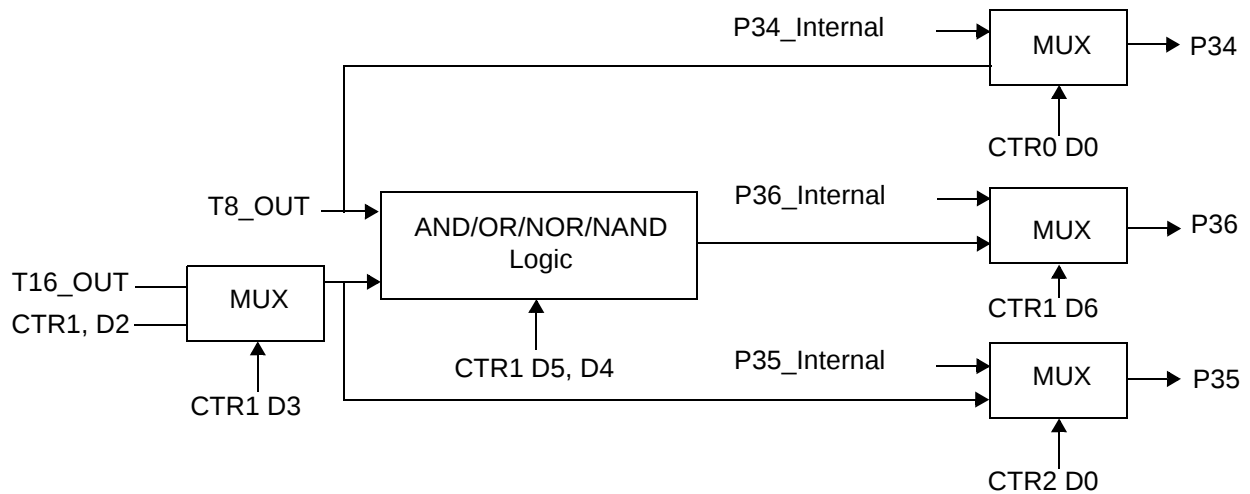


Figure 29. Output Circuit

The initial value of T8 or T16 must not be 1. Stopping the timer and restarting the timer reloads the initial value to avoid an unknown previous value.

During PING-PONG Mode

The enable bits of T8 and T16 (CTR0, D7; CTR2, D7) are set and cleared alternately by hardware. The timeout bits (CTR0, D5; CTR2, D5) are set every time the counter/timers reach the terminal count.

Timer Output

The output logic for the timers is illustrated in Figure 29. P34 is used to output T8-OUT when D0 of CTR0 is set. P35 is used to output the value of T16-OUT when D0 of CTR2 is set. When D6 of CTR1 is set, P36 outputs the logic combination of T8-OUT and T16-OUT determined by D5 and D4 of CTR1.

Interrupts

The Z8 GP™ OTP MCU Family features six different interrupts (Table 16). The interrupts are maskable and prioritized (Figure 30). The six sources are divided as follows: three sources are claimed by Port 3 lines P33–P31, two by the counter/timers (Table 16) and one for low voltage detection. The Interrupt Mask Register (globally or individually) enables or disables the six interrupt requests.

The source for IRQ is determined by bit 1 of the Port 3 mode register (P3M). When in digital mode, Pin P33 is the source. When in analog mode the output of the Stop mode recovery source logic is used as the source for the interrupt. See Figure 35, Stop Mode Recovery Source, on page 57.

```
FF      NOP      ; clear the pipeline
6F      Stop     ; enter Stop Mode
```

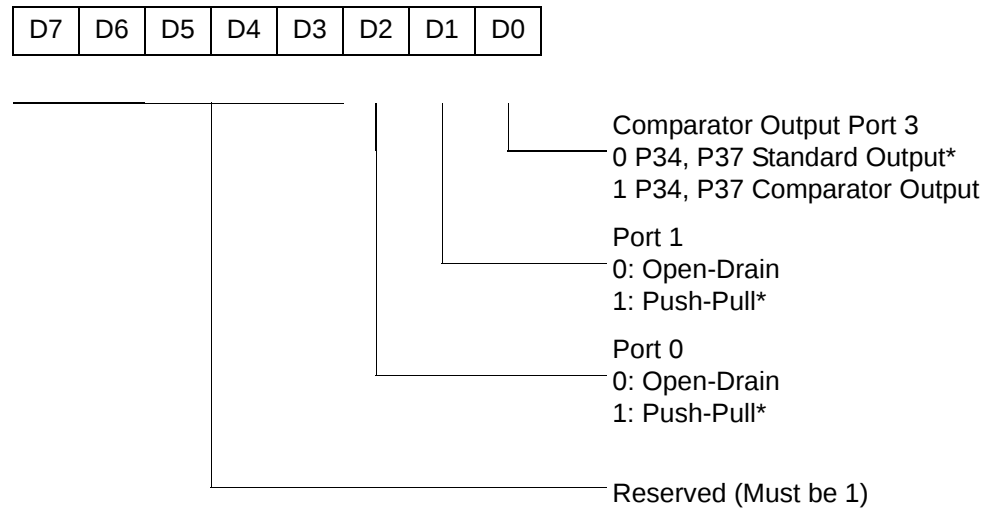
or

```
FF      NOP      ; clear the pipeline
7F      HALT     ; enter HALT Mode
```

Port Configuration Register

The Port Configuration (PCON) register (Figure 32) configures the comparator output on Port 3. It is located in the expanded register 2 at Bank F, location 00.

PCON(FH)00H



* Default setting after reset

Figure 32. Port Configuration Register (PCON) (Write Only)

Comparator Output Port 3 (D0)

Bit 0 controls the comparator used in Port 3. A 1 in this location brings the comparator outputs to P34 and P37, and a 0 releases the Port to its standard I/O configuration.

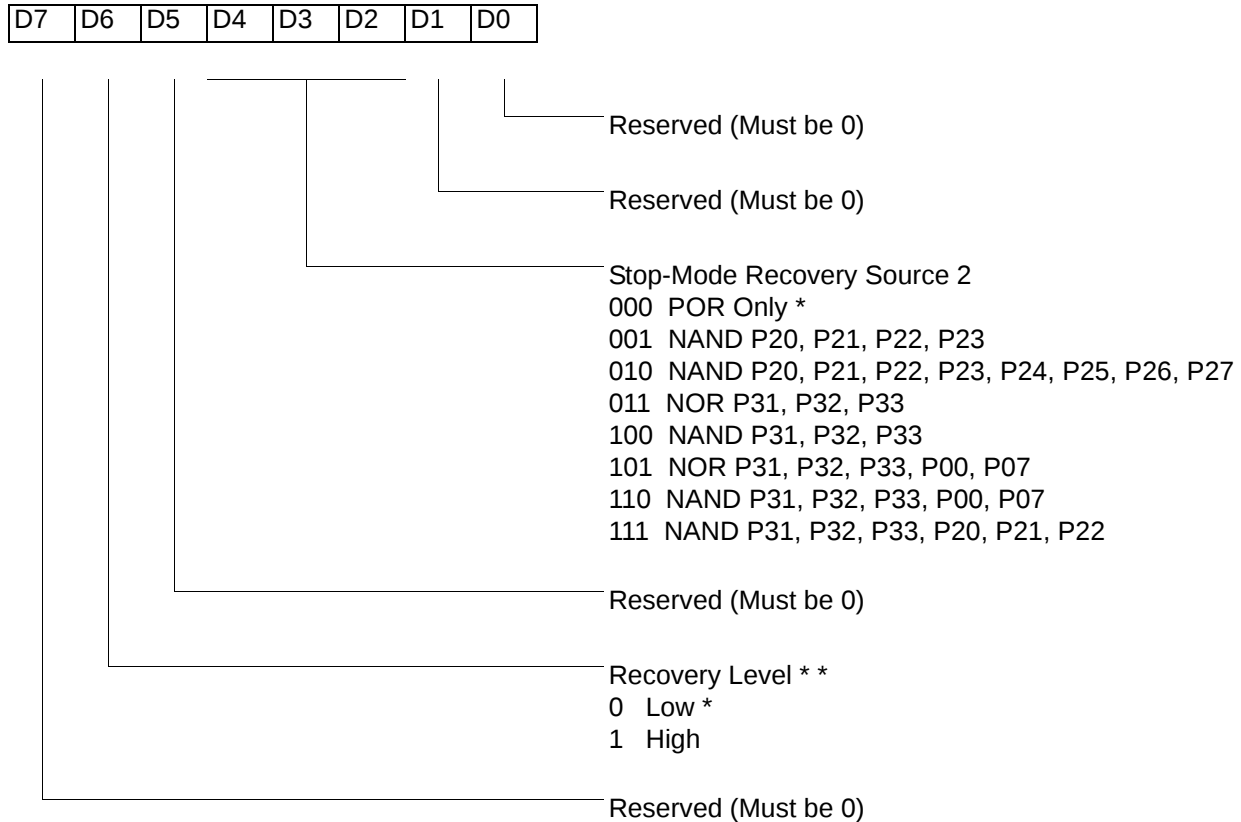
Port 1 Output Mode (D1)

Bit 1 controls the output mode of port 1. A 1 in this location sets the output to push-pull, and a 0 sets the output to open-drain.

Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 (SMR2)

This register determines the mode of Stop Mode Recovery for SMR2 (Figure 36).

SMR2(0F)DH



Note: If used in conjunction with SMR, either of the two specified events causes a Stop-Mode Recovery.

* Default setting after reset

* * At the XOR gate input

Figure 36. Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 ((0F)DH:D2–D4, D6 Write Only)

If SMR2 is used in conjunction with SMR, either of the specified events causes a Stop Mode Recovery.

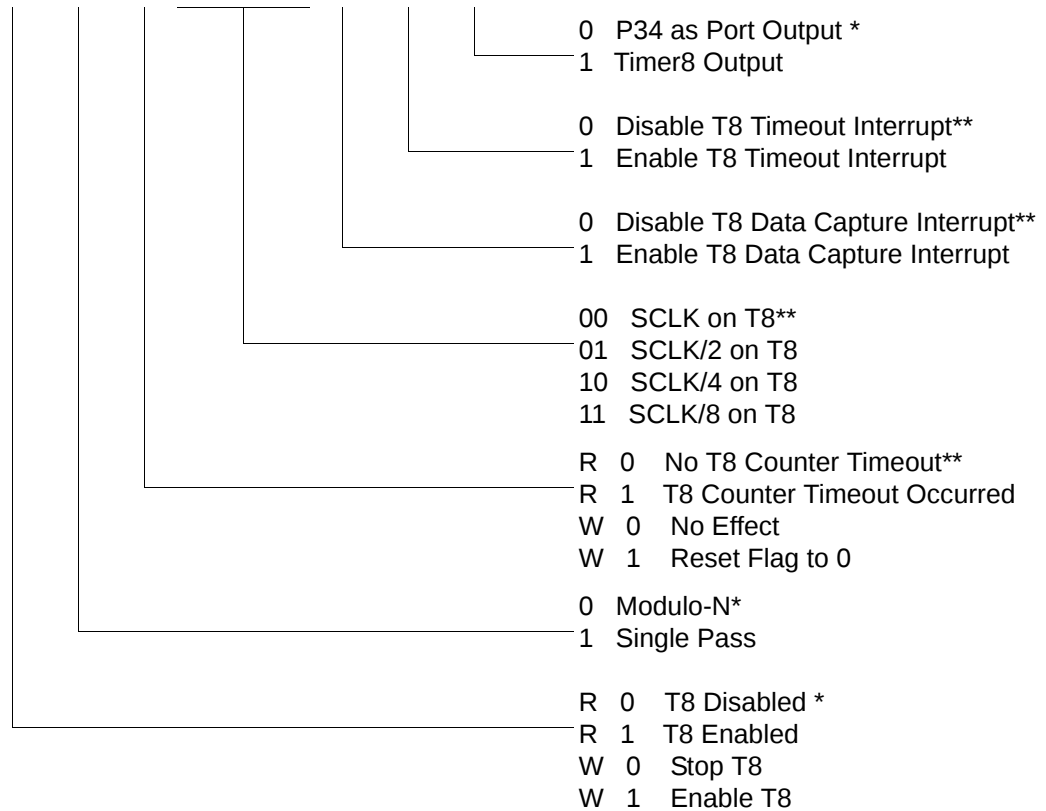
► **Note:** Port pins configured as outputs are ignored as an SMR or SMR2 recovery source. For example, if the NAND or P23–P20 is selected as the recovery source and P20 is configured as an output, the remaining SMR pins (P23–P21) form the NAND equation.

Expanded Register File Control Registers (0D)

The expanded register file control registers (0D) are depicted in Figure 39 through Figure 43.

CTR0(0D)00H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



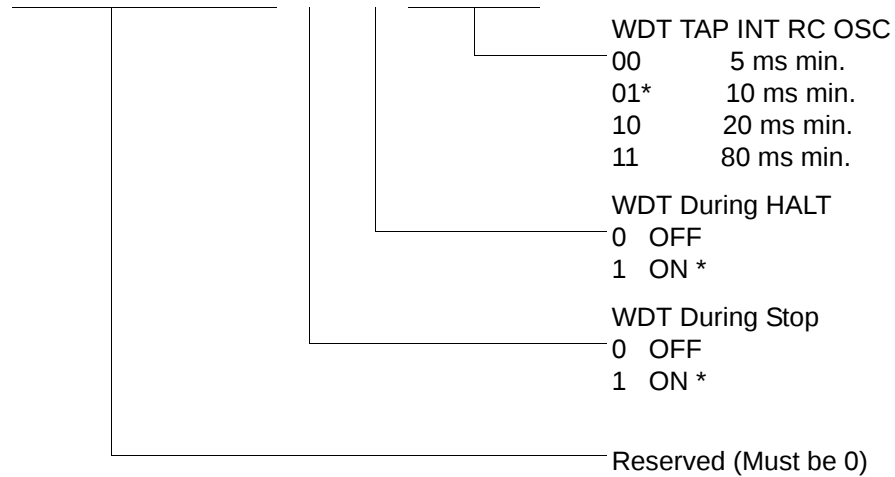
* Default setting after reset

**Default setting after reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 39. TC8 Control Register ((0D)00H: Read/Write Except Where Noted)

WDTMR(0F)0FH

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



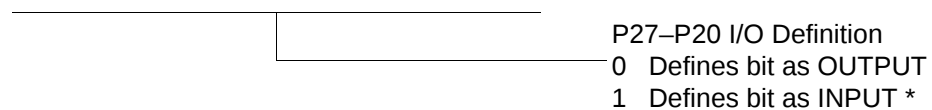
* Default setting after reset

Figure 47. Watch-Dog Timer Register ((0F) 0FH: Write Only)

Standard Control Registers

R246 P2M(F6H)

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



* Default setting after reset

Figure 48. Port 2 Mode Register (F6H: Write Only)

R249 IPR(F9H)

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

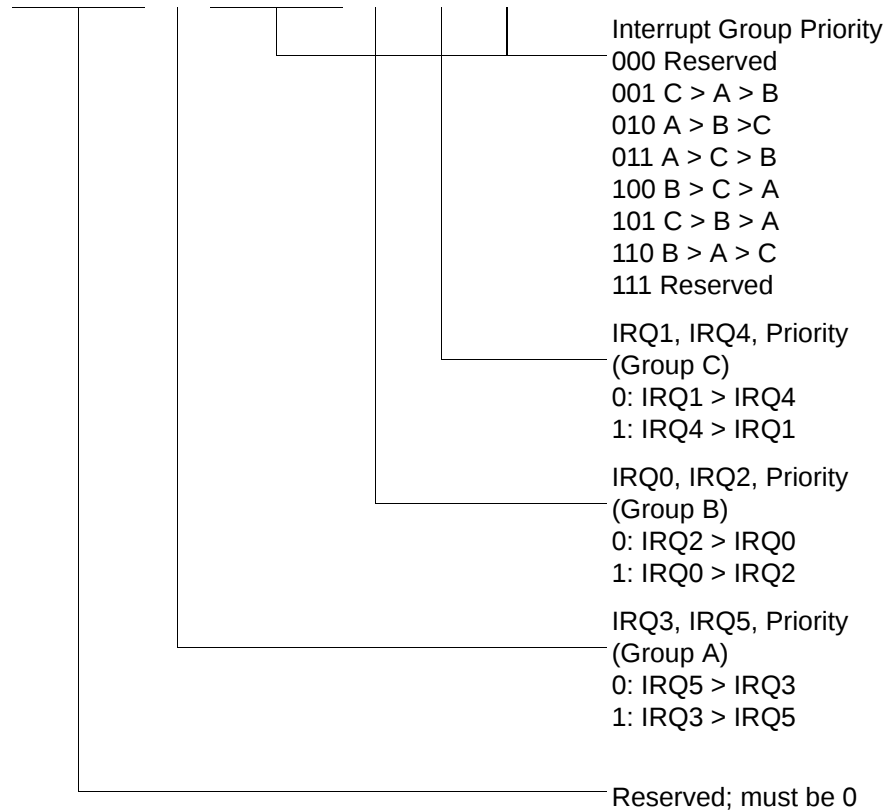


Figure 51. Interrupt Priority Register (F9H: Write Only)

Package Information

Package information for all versions of Z8 GP™ OTP MCU Family are depicted in Figures 58 through Figure 68.

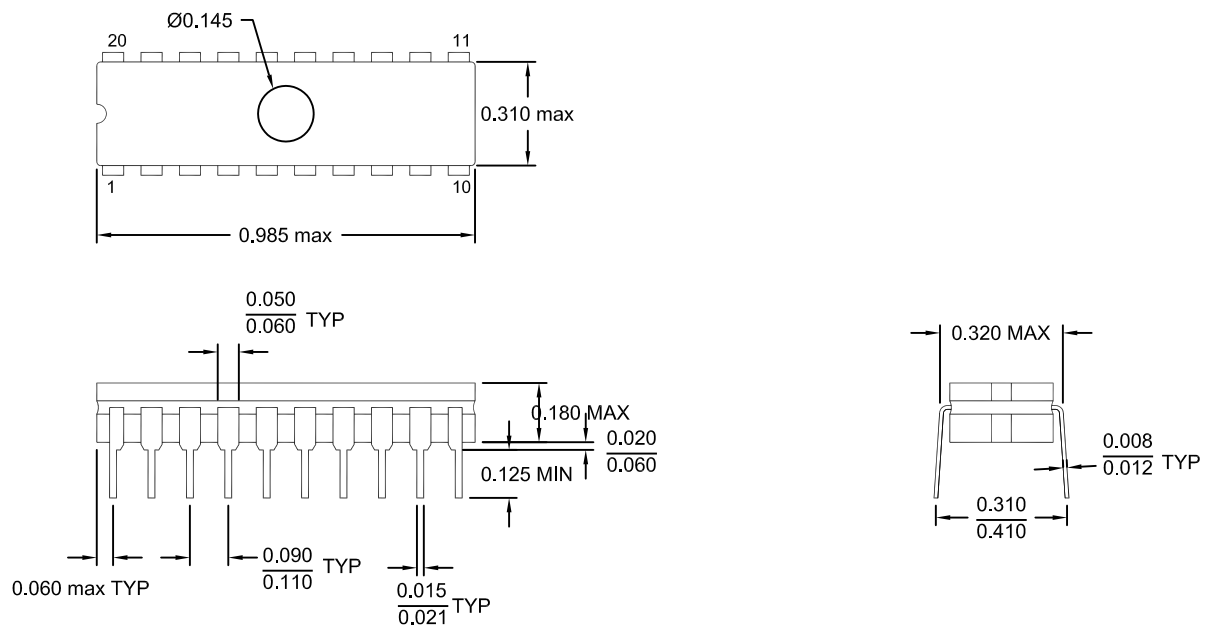


Figure 58. 20-Pin CDIP Package

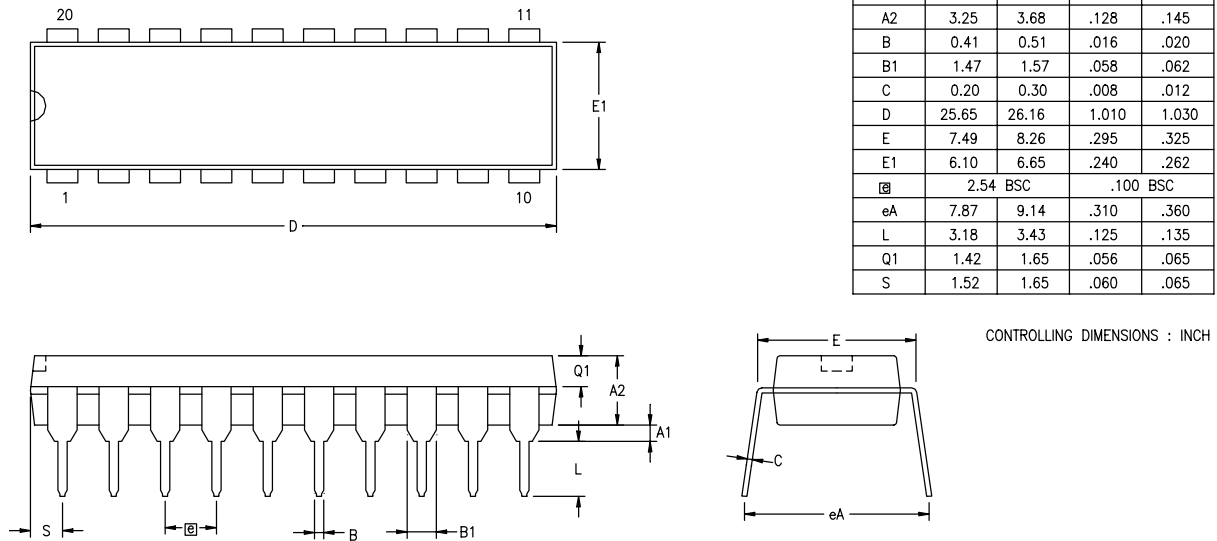


Figure 59. 20-Pin PDIP Package Diagram

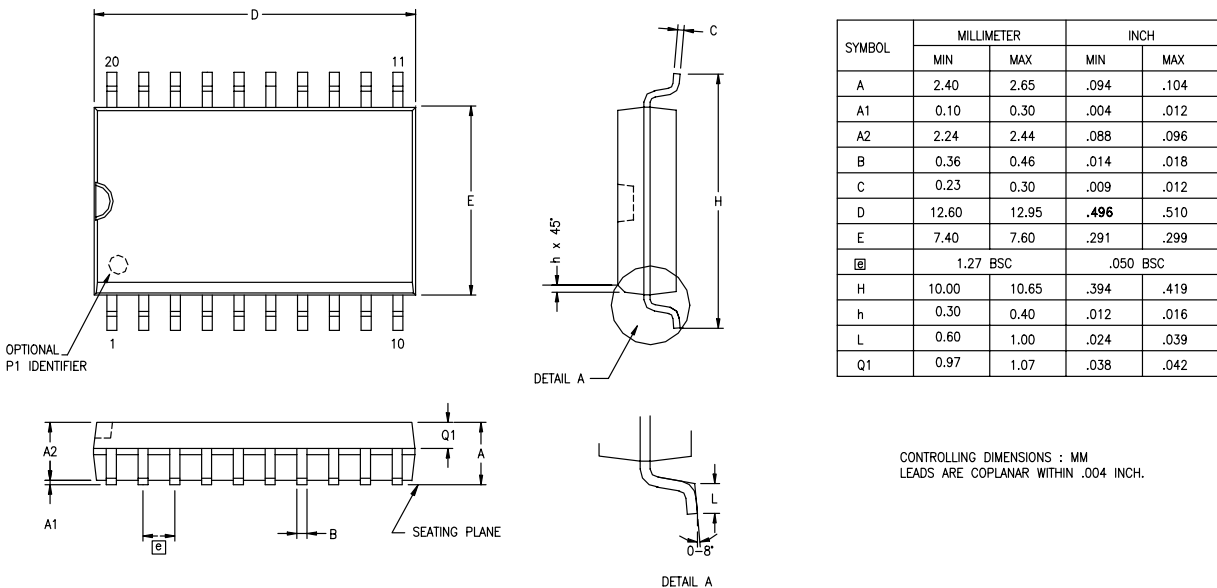


Figure 60. 20-Pin SOIC Package Diagram

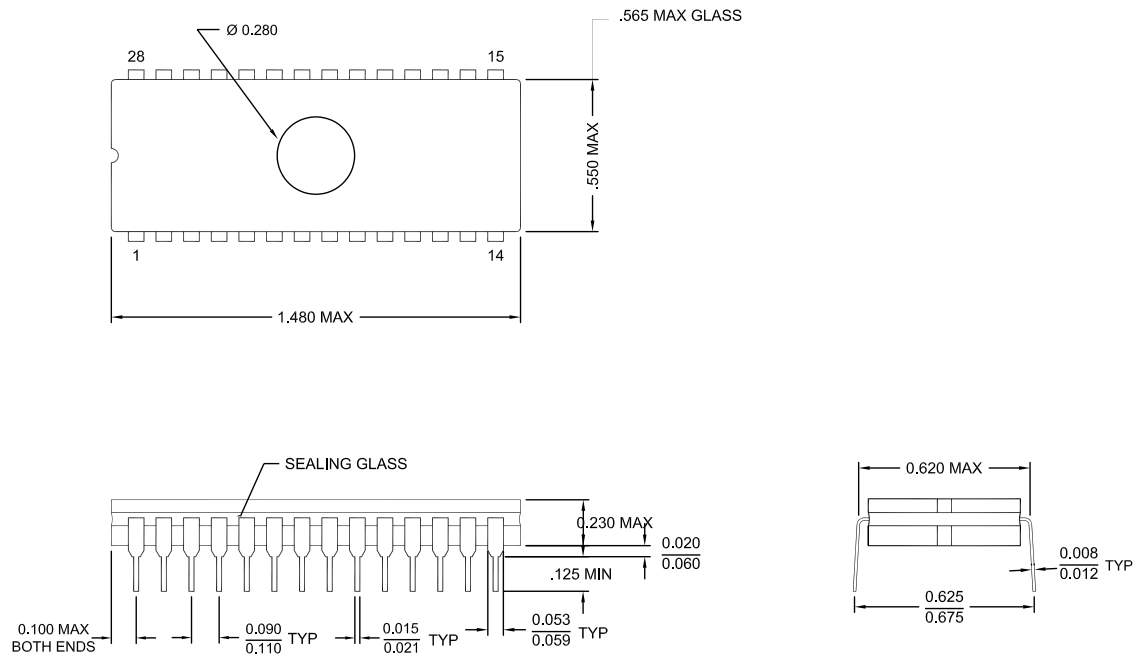


Figure 62. 28-Pin CDIP Package

16KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LSH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSS2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323LSP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323LSH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP
ZGP323LSP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSS2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP

16KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LEH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LES2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323LEP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LES2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323LEH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LEH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323LEP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LEP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP

16KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAS2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323LAP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323LAH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP
ZGP323LAP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAS2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP

Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging



For fast results, contact your local ZiLOG sales office for assistance in ordering the part desired.

Codes

ZG = ZiLOG General Purpose Family

P = OTP

323 = Family Designation

L = Voltage Range

2V to 3.6V

T = Temperature Range:

S = 0 to 70 degrees C (Standard)

E = -40 to +105 degrees C (Extended)

A = -40 to +125 degrees C (Automotive)

P = Package Type:

K = Windowed Cerdip

P = PDIP

H = SSOP

S = SOIC

= Number of Pins

CC = Memory Size

M = Packaging Options

C = Non Lead-Free

G = Lead-Free

E = CDIP

Index

Numerics

- 16-bit counter/timer circuits 44
- 20-pin DIP package diagram 81
- 20-pin SSOP package diagram 82
- 28-pin DIP package diagram 85
- 28-pin SOIC package diagram 84
- 28-pin SSOP package diagram 86
- 40-pin DIP package diagram 87
- 48-pin SSOP package diagram 88
- 8-bit counter/timer circuits 40

A

- absolute maximum ratings 10
- AC
 - characteristics 14
 - timing diagram 14
- address spaces, basic 2
- architecture 2
 - expanded register file 26

B

- basic address spaces 2
- block diagram, ZLP32300 functional 3

C

- capacitance 11
- characteristics
 - AC 14
 - DC 11
- clock 51
- comparator inputs/outputs 23
- configuration
 - port 0 17
 - port 1 18
 - port 2 19
 - port 3 20
 - port 3 counter/timer 22

counter/timer

- 16-bit circuits 44
- 8-bit circuits 40
- brown-out voltage/standby 62
- clock 51
- demodulation mode count capture flow-chart 42
- demodulation mode flowchart 43
- EPROM selectable options 62
- glitch filter circuitry 38
- halt instruction 52
- input circuit 38
- interrupt block diagram 49
- interrupt types, sources and vectors 50
- oscillator configuration 51
- output circuit 47
- ping-pong mode 46
- port configuration register 53
- resets and WDT 61
- SCLK circuit 56
- stop instruction 52
- stop mode recovery register 55
- stop mode recovery register 2 59
- stop mode recovery source 57
- T16 demodulation mode 45
- T16 transmit mode 44
- T16_OUT in modulo-N mode 45
- T16_OUT in single-pass mode 45
- T8 demodulation mode 41
- T8 transmit mode 38
- T8_OUT in modulo-N mode 41
- T8_OUT in single-pass mode 41
- transmit mode flowchart 39
- voltage detection and flags 63
- watch-dog timer mode register 60
- watch-dog timer time select 61
- CTR(D)01h T8 and T16 Common Functions 33