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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	16
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323les2008c



List of Figures

Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram	3
Figure 2. Counter/Timers Diagram	4
Figure 3. 20-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Configuration	5
Figure 4. 28-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Configuration	6
Figure 5. 40-Pin PDIP/CDIP* Pin Configuration	7
Figure 6. 48-Pin SSOP Pin Configuration	8
Figure 7. Test Load Diagram	10
Figure 8. AC Timing Diagram	14
Figure 9. Port 0 Configuration	17
Figure 10. Port 1 Configuration	18
Figure 11. Port 2 Configuration	19
Figure 12. Port 3 Configuration	20
Figure 13. Port 3 Counter/Timer Output Configuration	22
Figure 14. Program Memory Map (32K OTP)	24
Figure 15. Expanded Register File Architecture	26
Figure 16. Register Pointer	27
Figure 17. Register Pointer—Detail	29
Figure 18. Glitch Filter Circuitry	38
Figure 19. Transmit Mode Flowchart	39
Figure 20. 8-Bit Counter/Timer Circuits	40
Figure 21. T8_OUT in Single-Pass Mode	41
Figure 22. T8_OUT in Modulo-N Mode	41
Figure 23. Demodulation Mode Count Capture Flowchart	42
Figure 24. Demodulation Mode Flowchart	43
Figure 25. 16-Bit Counter/Timer Circuits	44
Figure 26. T16_OUT in Single-Pass Mode	45
Figure 27. T16_OUT in Modulo-N Mode	45
Figure 28. Ping-Pong Mode Diagram	47
Figure 29. Output Circuit	47
Figure 30. Interrupt Block Diagram	49
Figure 31. Oscillator Configuration	51
Figure 32. Port Configuration Register (PCON) (Write Only)	53
Figure 33. STOP Mode Recovery Register	55
Figure 34. SCLK Circuit	56



Figure 35. Stop Mode Recovery Source	57
Figure 36. Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 ((0F)DH:D2–D4, D6 Write Only) . .	59
Figure 37. Watch-Dog Timer Mode Register (Write Only)	60
Figure 38. Resets and WDT	61
Figure 39. TC8 Control Register ((0D)00H: Read/Write Except Where Noted) .	64
Figure 40. T8 and T16 Common Control Functions ((0D)01H: Read/Write) . .	65
Figure 41. T16 Control Register ((0D) 2H: Read/Write Except Where Noted) .	67
Figure 42. T8/T16 Control Register (0D)03H: Read/Write (Except Where Noted)	68
Figure 43. Voltage Detection Register	69
Figure 44. Port Configuration Register (PCON)(0F)00H: Write Only)	70
Figure 45. Stop Mode Recovery Register ((0F)0BH: D6–D0=Write Only, D7=Read Only)	71
Figure 46. Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 ((0F)0DH:D2–D4, D6 Write Only) .	72
Figure 47. Watch-Dog Timer Register ((0F) 0FH: Write Only)	73
Figure 48. Port 2 Mode Register (F6H: Write Only)	73
Figure 49. Port 3 Mode Register (F7H: Write Only)	74
Figure 50. Port 0 and 1 Mode Register (F8H: Write Only)	75
Figure 51. Interrupt Priority Register (F9H: Write Only)	76
Figure 52. Interrupt Request Register (FAH: Read/Write)	77
Figure 53. Interrupt Mask Register (FBH: Read/Write)	77
Figure 54. Flag Register (FCH: Read/Write)	78
Figure 55. Register Pointer (FDH: Read/Write)	78
Figure 56. Stack Pointer High (FEH: Read/Write)	79
Figure 57. Stack Pointer Low (FFH: Read/Write)	79
Figure 58. 20-Pin CDIP Package	80
Figure 59. 20-Pin PDIP Package Diagram	81
Figure 60. 20-Pin SOIC Package Diagram	81
Figure 61. 20-Pin SSOP Package Diagram	82
Figure 62. 28-Pin CDIP Package	83
Figure 63. 28-Pin SOIC Package Diagram	84
Figure 64. 28-Pin PDIP Package Diagram	85
Figure 65. 28-Pin SSOP Package Diagram	86
Figure 66. 40-Pin CDIP Package	87
Figure 67. 40-Pin PDIP Package Diagram	87
Figure 68. 48-Pin SSOP Package Design	88

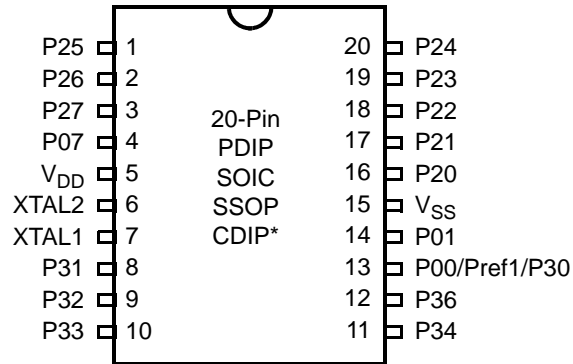


Figure 3. 20-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Configuration

Table 3. 20-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Identification

Pin #	Symbol	Function	Direction
1–3	P25–P27	Port 2, Bits 5,6,7	Input/Output
4	P07	Port 0, Bit 7	Input/Output
5	V _{DD}	Power Supply	
6	XTAL2	Crystal Oscillator Clock	Output
7	XTAL1	Crystal Oscillator Clock	Input
8–10	P31–P33	Port 3, Bits 1,2,3	Input
11,12	P34, P36	Port 3, Bits 4,6	Output
13	P00/Pref1/P30	Port 0, Bit 0/Analog reference input Port 3 Bit 0	Input/Output for P00 Input for Pref1/P30
14	P01	Port 0, Bit 1	Input/Output
15	V _{SS}	Ground	
16–20	P20–P24	Port 2, Bits 0,1,2,3,4	Input/Output

► **Note:** *Windowed Cerdip. These units are intended to be used for engineering code development only. ZiLOG does not recommend/guarantee this package for production use.

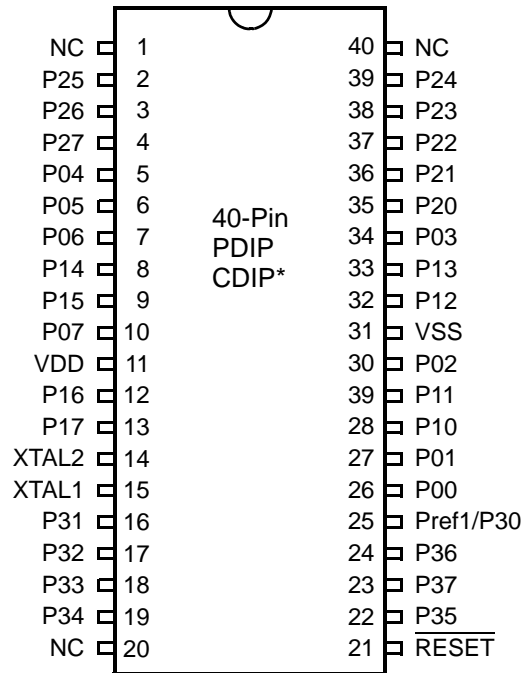


Figure 5. 40-Pin PDIP/CDIP* Pin Configuration

► **Note:** *Windowed Cerdip. These units are intended to be used for engineering code development only. ZiLOG does not recommend/guarantee this package for production use.

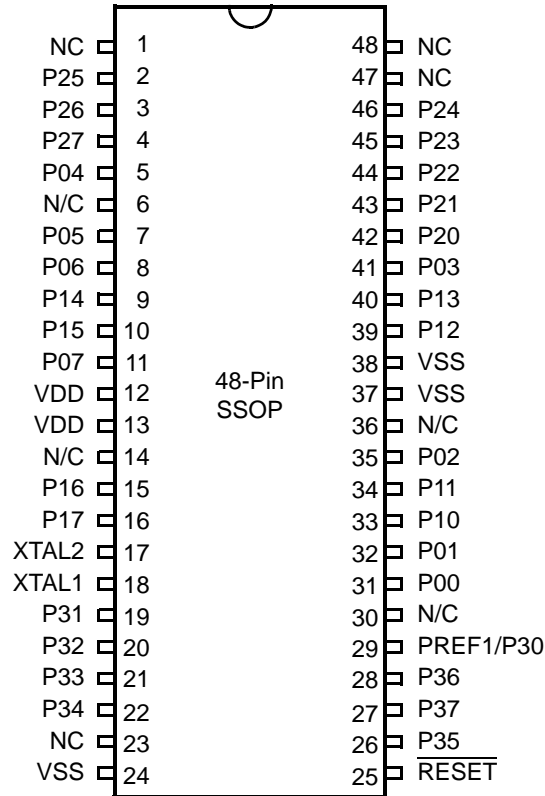


Figure 6. 48-Pin SSOP Pin Configuration

Table 5. 40- and 48-Pin Configuration

40-Pin PDIP/CDIP* #	48-Pin SSOP #	Symbol
26	31	P00
27	32	P01
30	35	P02
34	41	P03
5	5	P04
6	7	P05
7	8	P06
10	11	P07
28	33	P10
29	34	P11
32	39	P12

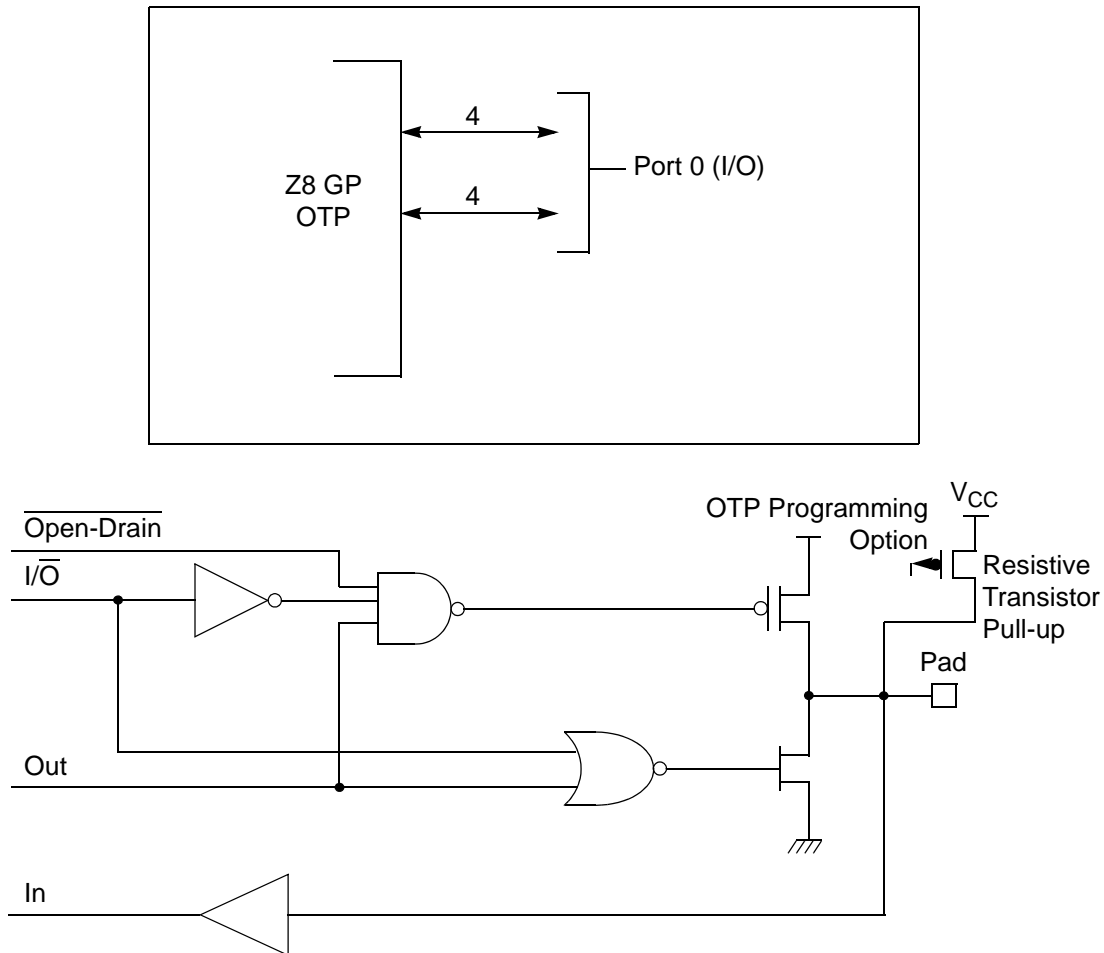


Figure 9. Port 0 Configuration

Port 1 (P17–P10)

Port 1 (see Figure 10) Port 1 can be configured for standard port input or output mode. After POR, Port 1 is configured as an input port. The output drivers are either push-pull or open-drain and are controlled by bit D1 in the PCON register.

► **Note:** The Port 1 direction is reset to be input following an SMR.

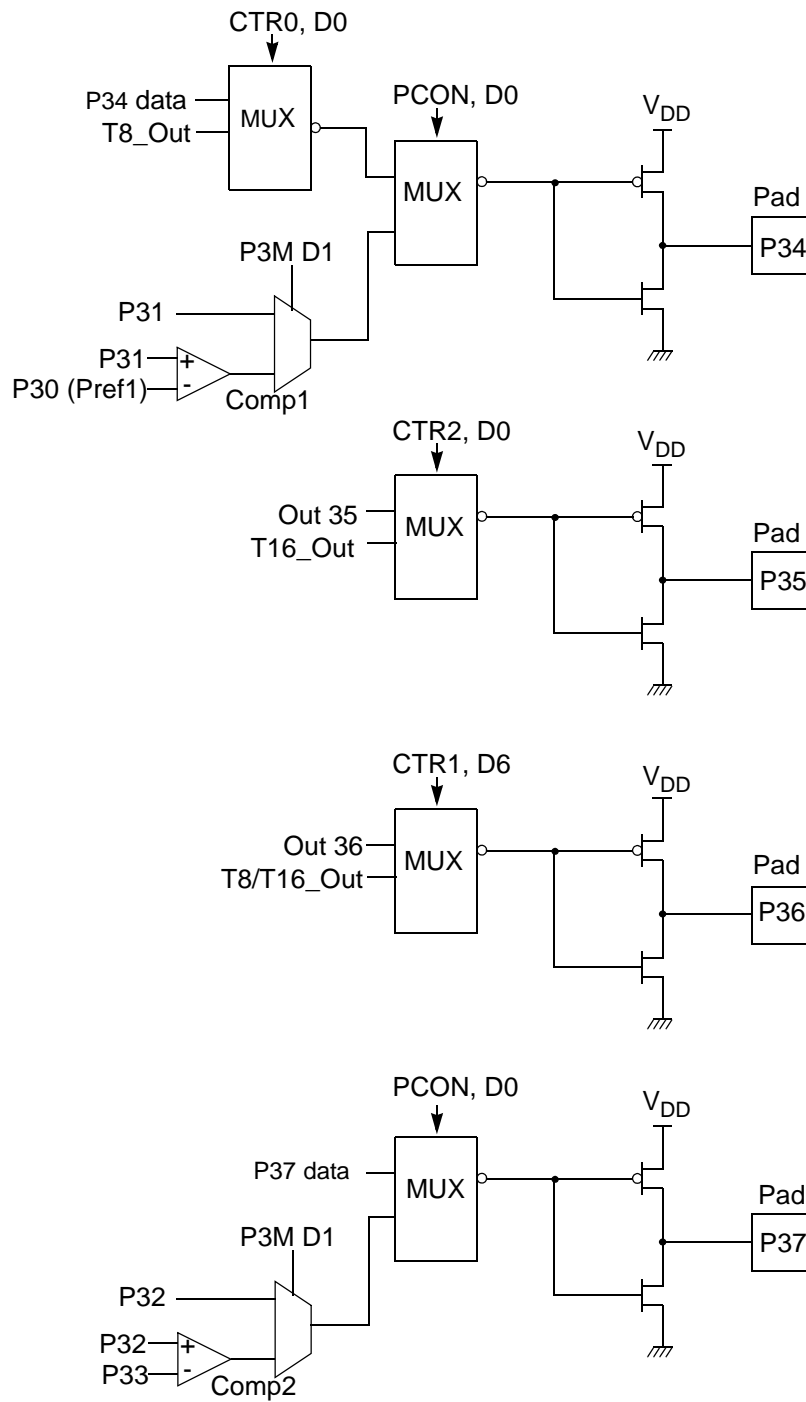


Figure 13. Port 3 Counter/Timer Output Configuration

Comparator Inputs

In analog mode, P31 and P32 have a comparator front end. The comparator reference is supplied to P33 and Pref1. In this mode, the P33 internal data latch and its corresponding IRQ1 are diverted to the SMR sources (excluding P31, P32, and P33) as indicated in Figure 12 on page 20. In digital mode, P33 is used as D3 of the Port 3 input register, which then generates IRQ1.

- **Note:** Comparators are powered down by entering Stop Mode. For P31–P33 to be used in a Stop Mode Recovery source, these inputs must be placed into digital mode.

Comparator Outputs

These channels can be programmed to be output on P34 and P37 through the PCON register.

RESET (Input, Active Low)

Reset initializes the MCU and is accomplished either through Power-On, Watch-Dog Timer, Stop Mode Recovery, Low-Voltage detection, or external reset. During Power-On Reset and Watch-Dog Timer Reset, the internally generated reset drives the reset pin Low for the POR time. Any devices driving the external reset line must be open-drain to avoid damage from a possible conflict during reset conditions. Pull-up is provided internally.

When the Z8 GP™ asserts (Low) the RESET pin, the internal pull-up is disabled. The Z8 GP™ does not assert the RESET pin when under VBO.

- **Note:** The external Reset does not initiate an exit from STOP mode.

Functional Description

This device incorporates special functions to enhance the Z8®, functionality in consumer and battery-operated applications.

Program Memory

This device addresses up to 32KB of OTP memory. The first 12 Bytes are reserved for interrupt vectors. These locations contain the six 16-bit vectors that correspond to the six available interrupts.

RAM

This device features 256B of RAM. See Figure 14.

Table 12. CTR0(D)00H Counter/Timer8 Control Register (Continued)

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Counter_INT_Mask	-----1-	R/W	0	Disable Time-Out Interrupt
			1	Enable Time-Out Interrupt
P34_Out	-----0	R/W	0*	P34 as Port Output
			1	T8 Output on P34

Note:

*Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset.

T8 Enable

This field enables T8 when set (written) to 1.

Single/Modulo-N

When set to 0 (Modulo-N), the counter reloads the initial value when the terminal count is reached. When set to 1 (single-pass), the counter stops when the terminal count is reached.

Timeout

This bit is set when T8 times out (terminal count reached). To reset this bit, write a 1 to its location.



Caution: Writing a 1 is the only way to reset the Terminal Count status condition. Reset this bit before using/enabling the counter/timers.

The first clock of T8 might not have complete clock width and can occur any time when enabled.



Note: Take care when using the OR or AND commands to manipulate CTR0, bit 5 and CTR1, bits 0 and 1 (Demodulation Mode). These instructions use a Read-Modify-Write sequence in which the current status from the CTR0 and CTR1 registers is ORed or ANDed with the designated value and then written back into the registers.

T8 Clock

This bit defines the frequency of the input signal to T8.

Capture_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when data is captured into either LO8 or HI8 upon a positive or negative edge detection in demodulation mode.

Counter_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when T8 has a timeout.

P34_Out

This bit defines whether P34 is used as a normal output pin or the T8 output.

T8 and T16 Common Functions—CTR1(0D)01H

This register controls the functions in common with the T8 and T16.

Table 13 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register.

Table 13. CTR1(0D)01H T8 and T16 Common Functions

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Mode	7-----	R/W	0*	Transmit Mode
				Demodulation Mode
P36_Out/ Demodulator_Input	-6-----	R/W	0*	Transmit Mode
			1	Port Output
				T8/T16 Output
			0	Demodulation Mode
			1	P31
				P20
T8/T16_Logic/ Edge_Detect	--54----	R/W	00**	Transmit Mode
			01	AND
			10	OR
			11	NOR
				NAND
				Demodulation Mode
			00**	Falling Edge
			01	Rising Edge
			10	Both Edges
			11	Reserved

Table 14. CTR2(D)02H: Counter/Timer16 Control Register

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
T16_Enable	7-----	R	0*	Counter Disabled
			1	Counter Enabled
		W	0	Stop Counter
			1	Enable Counter
Single/Modulo-N	-6-----	R/W	0*	Transmit Mode
			1	Modulo-N
			0	Single Pass
			1	Demodulation Mode
Time_Out	--5-----	R	0*	T16 Recognizes Edge
			1	T16 Does Not Recognize Edge
		W	0	No Counter Timeout
			1	Counter Timeout Occurred
T16_Clock	---43---	R/W	00**	No Effect
			01	Reset Flag to 0
			10	SCLK
			11	SCLK/2
Capture_INT_Mask	-----2--	R/W	0**	SCLK/4
			1	SCLK/8
Counter_INT_Mask	-----1-	R/W	0	Disable Data Capture Int.
			1	Enable Data Capture Int.
P35_Out	-----0	R/W	0*	Disable Timeout Int.
			1	Enable Timeout Int.

Note:

*Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset.

**Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

T16_Enable

This field enables T16 when set to 1.

Single/Modulo-N

In TRANSMIT Mode, when set to 0, the counter reloads the initial value when it reaches the terminal count. When set to 1, the counter stops when the terminal count is reached.

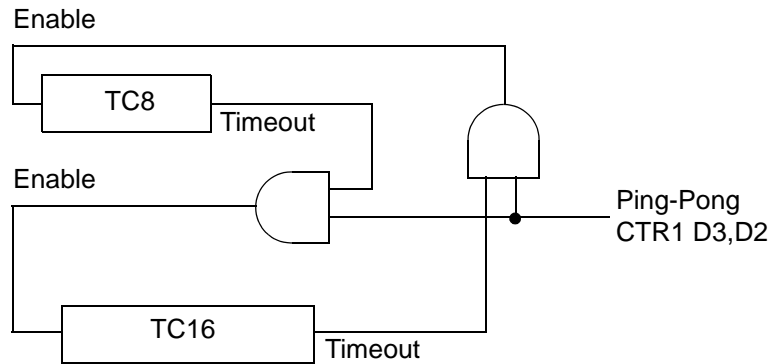


Figure 28. Ping-Pong Mode Diagram

Initiating PING-PONG Mode

First, make sure both counter/timers are not running. Set T8 into Single-Pass mode (CTR0, D6), set T16 into SINGLE-PASS mode (CTR2, D6), and set the Ping-Pong mode (CTR1, D2; D3). These instructions can be in random order. Finally, start PING-PONG mode by enabling either T8 (CTR0, D7) or T16 (CTR2, D7). See Figure 29.

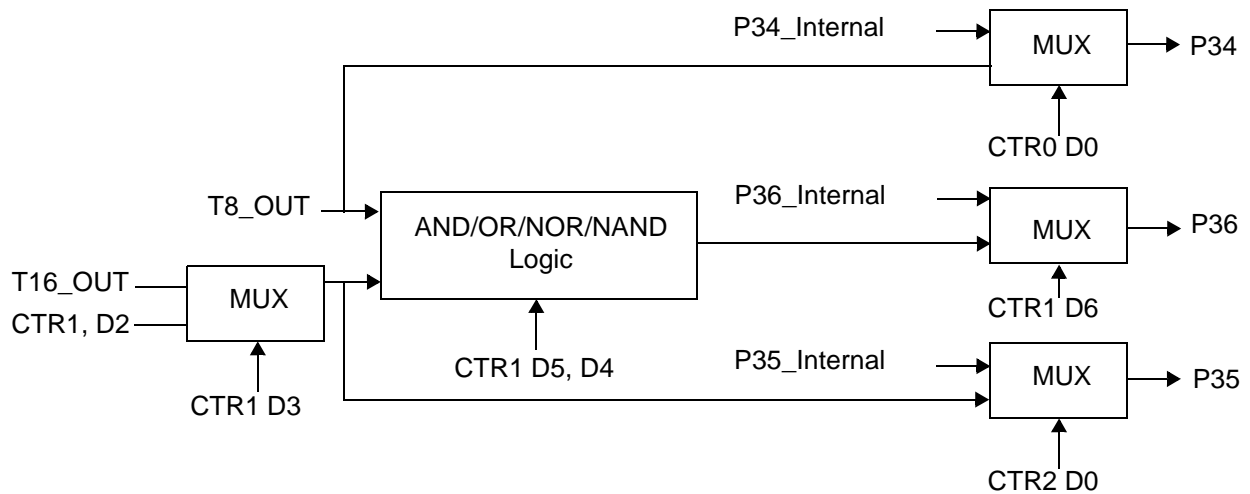


Figure 29. Output Circuit

The initial value of T8 or T16 must not be 1. Stopping the timer and restarting the timer reloads the initial value to avoid an unknown previous value.

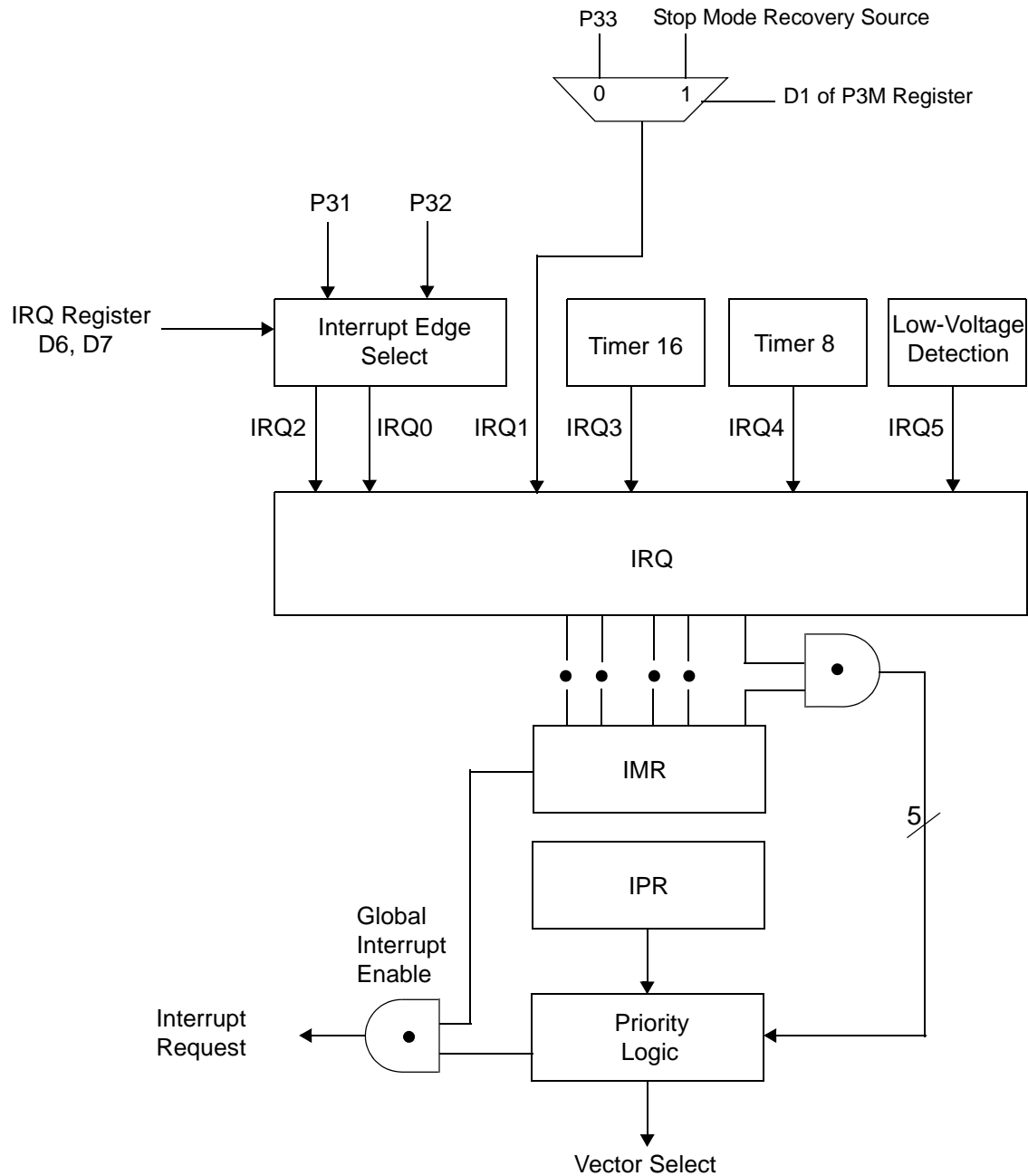


Figure 30. Interrupt Block Diagram

Table 16. Interrupt Types, Sources, and Vectors

Name	Source	Vector Location	Comments
IRQ0	P32	0,1	External (P32), Rising, Falling Edge Triggered
IRQ1	P33	2,3	External (P33), Falling Edge Triggered
IRQ2	P31, T _{IN}	4,5	External (P31), Rising, Falling Edge Triggered
IRQ3	T16	6,7	Internal
IRQ4	T8	8,9	Internal
IRQ5	LVD	10,11	Internal

When more than one interrupt is pending, priorities are resolved by a programmable priority encoder controlled by the Interrupt Priority Register. An interrupt machine cycle activates when an interrupt request is granted. As a result, all subsequent interrupts are disabled, and the Program Counter and Status Flags are saved. The cycle then branches to the program memory vector location reserved for that interrupt. All Z8 GP™ OTP MCU Family interrupts are vectored through locations in the program memory. This memory location and the next byte contain the 16-bit address of the interrupt service routine for that particular interrupt request. To accommodate polled interrupt systems, interrupt inputs are masked, and the Interrupt Request register is polled to determine which of the interrupt requests require service.

An interrupt resulting from AN1 is mapped into IRQ2, and an interrupt from AN2 is mapped into IRQ0. Interrupts IRQ2 and IRQ0 can be rising, falling, or both edge triggered. These interrupts are programmable by the user. The software can poll to identify the state of the pin.

Programming bits for the Interrupt Edge Select are located in the IRQ Register (R250), bits D7 and D6. The configuration is indicated in Table 17.

Table 17. IRQ Register

IRQ		Interrupt Edge	
D7	D6	IRQ2 (P31)	IRQ0 (P32)
0	0	F	F
0	1	F	R
1	0	R	F
1	1	R/F	R/F

Note: F = Falling Edge; R = Rising Edge

Clock

The device's on-chip oscillator has a high-gain, parallel-resonant amplifier, for connection to a crystal, ceramic resonator, or any suitable external clock source (XTAL1 = Input, XTAL2 = Output). The crystal must be AT cut, 1 MHz to 8 MHz maximum, with a series resistance (RS) less than or equal to 100 Ω . The on-chip oscillator can be driven with a suitable external clock source.

The crystal must be connected across XTAL1 and XTAL2 using the recommended capacitors (capacitance greater than or equal to 22 pF) from each pin to ground.

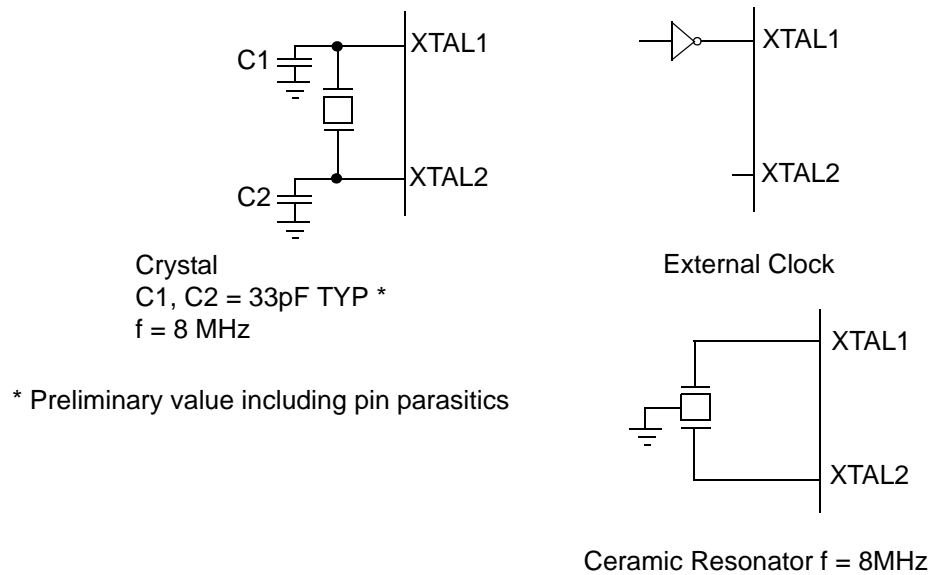


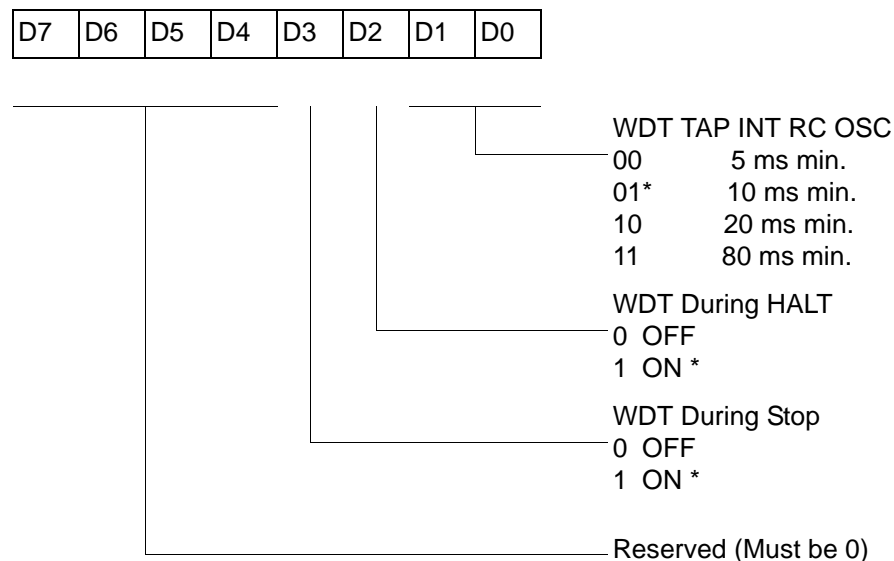
Figure 31. Oscillator Configuration

Watch-Dog Timer Mode Register (WDTMR)

The Watch-Dog Timer (WDT) is a retriggerable one-shot timer that resets the Z8® CPU if it reaches its terminal count. The WDT must initially be enabled by executing the WDT instruction. On subsequent executions of the WDT instruction, the WDT is refreshed. The WDT circuit is driven by an on-board RC-oscillator. The WDT instruction affects the Zero (Z), Sign (S), and Overflow (V) flags.

The POR clock source the internal RC-oscillator. Bits 0 and 1 of the WDT register control a tap circuit that determines the minimum timeout period. Bit 2 determines whether the WDT is active during HALT, and Bit 3 determines WDT activity during Stop. Bits 4 through 7 are reserved (Figure 37). This register is accessible only during the first 60 processor cycles (120 XTAL clocks) from the execution of the first instruction after Power-On-Reset, Watch-Dog Reset, or a Stop-Mode Recovery (Figure 36). After this point, the register cannot be modified by any means (intentional or otherwise). The WDTMR cannot be read. The register is located in Bank F of the Expanded Register Group at address location 0Fh. It is organized as shown in Figure 37.

WDTMR(0F)0Fh



* Default setting after reset

Figure 37. Watch-Dog Timer Mode Register (Write Only)

WDT Time Select (D0, D1)

This bit selects the WDT time period. It is configured as indicated in Table 20.

CTR1(0D)01H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

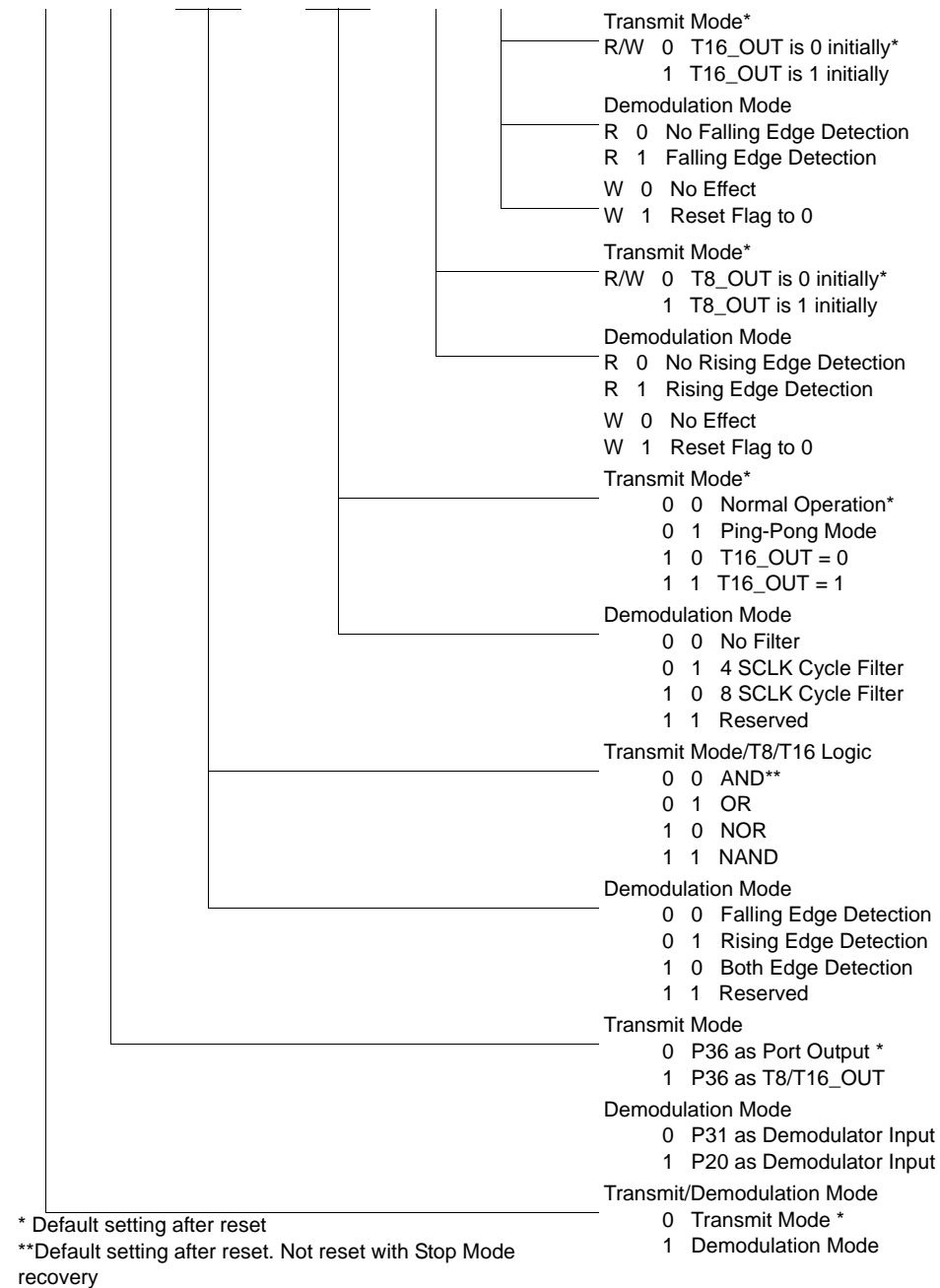
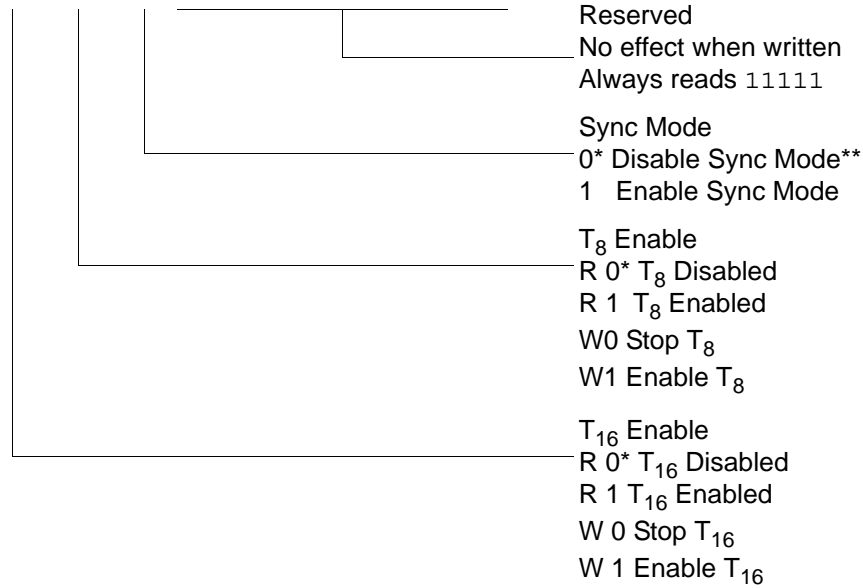


Figure 40. T8 and T16 Common Control Functions ((0D)01H: Read/Write)

CTR3(0D)03H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



* Default setting after reset.

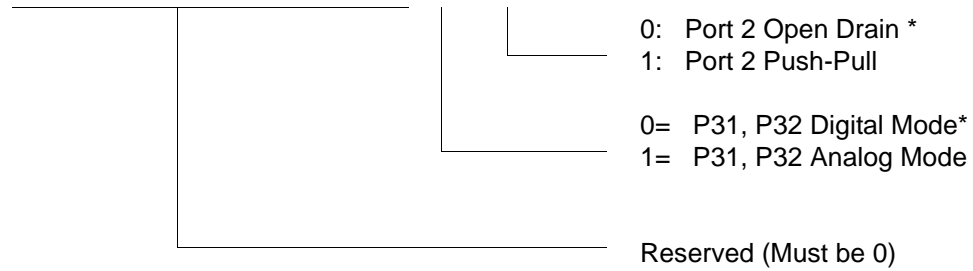
** Default setting after reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 42. T8/T16 Control Register (0D)03H: Read/Write (Except Where Noted)

► **Note:** If Sync Mode is enabled, the first pulse of T8 carrier is always synchronized with T16 (demodulated signal). It can always provide a full carrier pulse.

R247 P3M(F7H)

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



* Default setting after reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 49. Port 3 Mode Register (F7H: Write Only)



Ordering Information

32KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C			
Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LSH4832C	48-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSS2832C	28-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LSP4032C	40-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSH2032C	20-pin SSOP 32K OTP
ZGP323LSH2832C	28-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSP2032C	20-pin PDIP 32K OTP
ZGP323LSP2832C	28-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSS2032C	20-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LSK2032E	20-pin CDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSK4032E	40-pin CDIP 32K OTP
		ZGP323LSK2832E	28-pin CDIP 32K OTP
32KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C			
Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LEH4832C	48-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LES2832C	28-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LEP4032C	40-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LEH2032C	20-pin SSOP 32K OTP
ZGP323LEH2832C	28-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LEP2032C	20-pin PDIP 32K OTP
ZGP323LEP2832C	28-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LES2032C	20-pin SOIC 32K OTP
32KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C			
Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4832C	48-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAS2832C	28-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LAP4032C	40-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAH2032C	20-pin SSOP 32K OTP
ZGP323LAH2832C	28-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAP2032C	20-pin PDIP 32K OTP
ZGP323LAP2832C	28-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAS2032C	20-pin SOIC 32K OTP
Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging			