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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	24
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323les2816c



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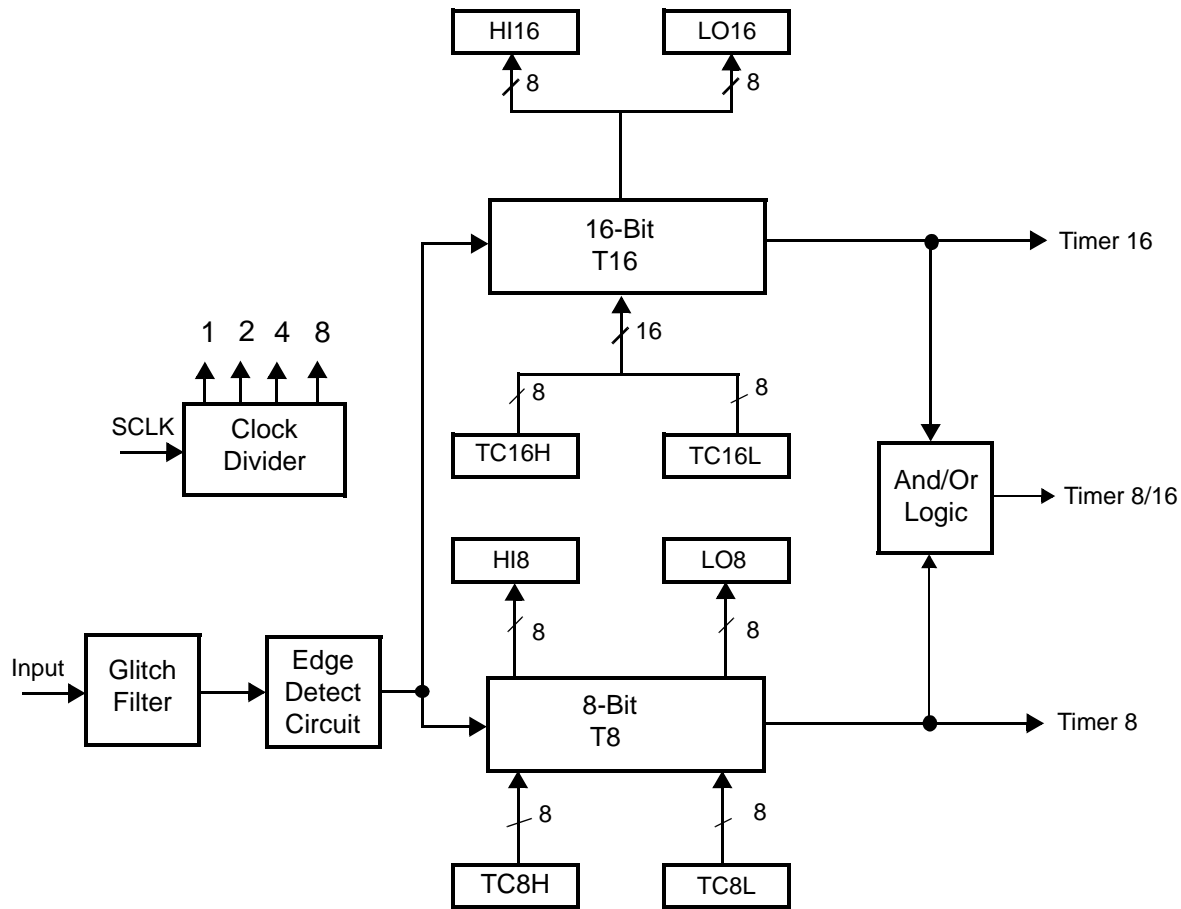


Figure 2. Counter/Timers Diagram

Pin Description

The pin configuration for the 20-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP is illustrated in Figure 3 and described in Table 3. The pin configuration for the 28-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP are depicted in Figure 4 and described in Table 4. The pin configurations for the 40-pin PDIP and 48-pin SSOP versions are illustrated in Figure 5, Figure 6, and described in Table 5.

For customer engineering code development, a UV eraseable windowed cerdip packaging is offered in 20-pin, 28-pin, and 40-pin configurations. ZiLOG does not recommend nor guarantee these packages for use in production.

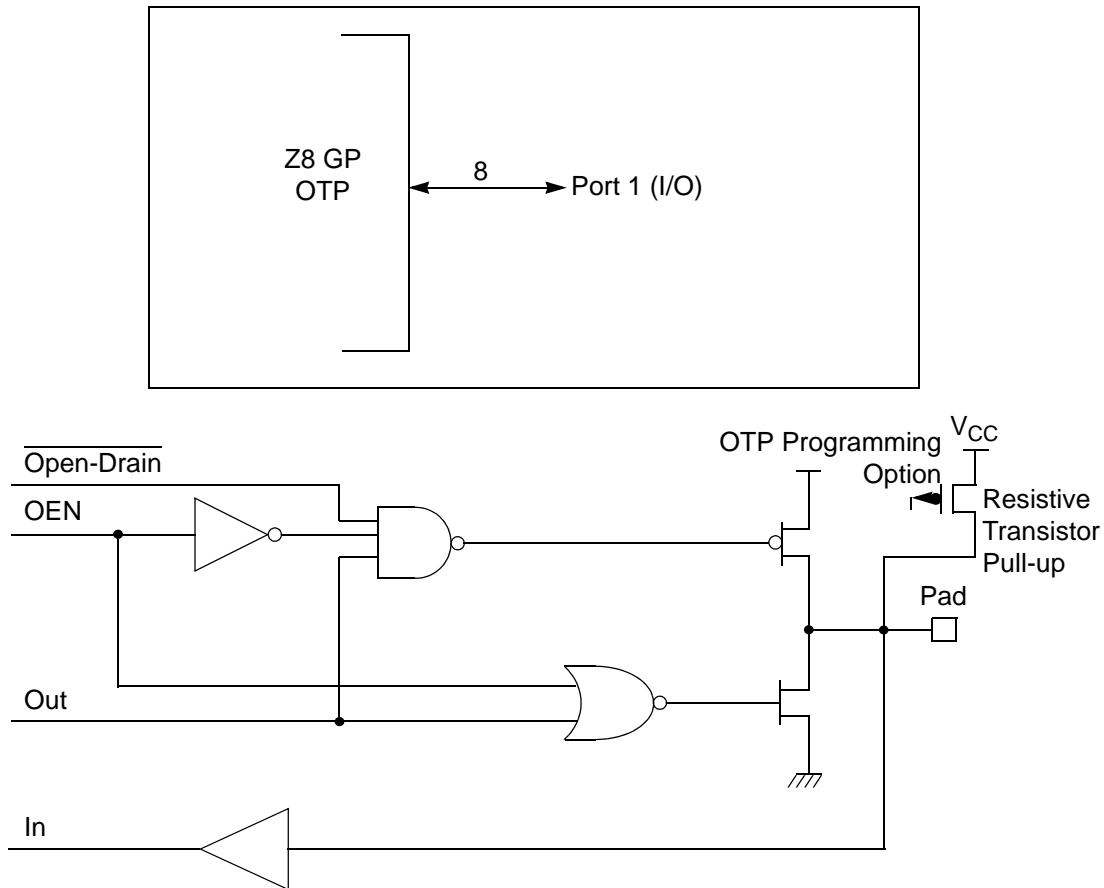


Figure 10. Port 1 Configuration

Port 2 (P27–P20)

Port 2 is an 8-bit, bidirectional, CMOS-compatible I/O port (see Figure 11). These eight I/O lines can be independently configured under software control as inputs or outputs. Port 2 is always available for I/O operation. A mask option is available to connect eight pull-up transistors on this port. Bits programmed as outputs are globally programmed as either push-pull or open-drain. The POR resets with the eight bits of Port 2 configured as inputs.

Port 2 also has an 8-bit input OR and AND gate, which can be used to wake up the part. P20 can be programmed to access the edge-detection circuitry in demodulation mode.

CTR1(0D)01H" on page 33). Other edge detect and IRQ modes are described in Table 11.

- **Note:** Comparators are powered down by entering Stop Mode. For P31–P33 to be used in a Stop Mode Recovery (SMR) source, these inputs must be placed into digital mode.

Table 11. Port 3 Pin Function Summary

Pin	I/O	Counter/Timers	Comparator	Interrupt
Pref1/P30	IN		RF1	
P31	IN	IN	AN1	IRQ2
P32	IN		AN2	IRQ0
P33	IN		RF2	IRQ1
P34	OUT	T8	AO1	
P35	OUT	T16		
P36	OUT	T8/16		
P37	OUT		AO2	
P20	I/O	IN		

Port 3 also provides output for each of the counter/timers and the AND/OR Logic (see Figure 13). Control is performed by programming bits D5–D4 of CTR1, bit 0 of CTR0, and bit 0 of CTR2.

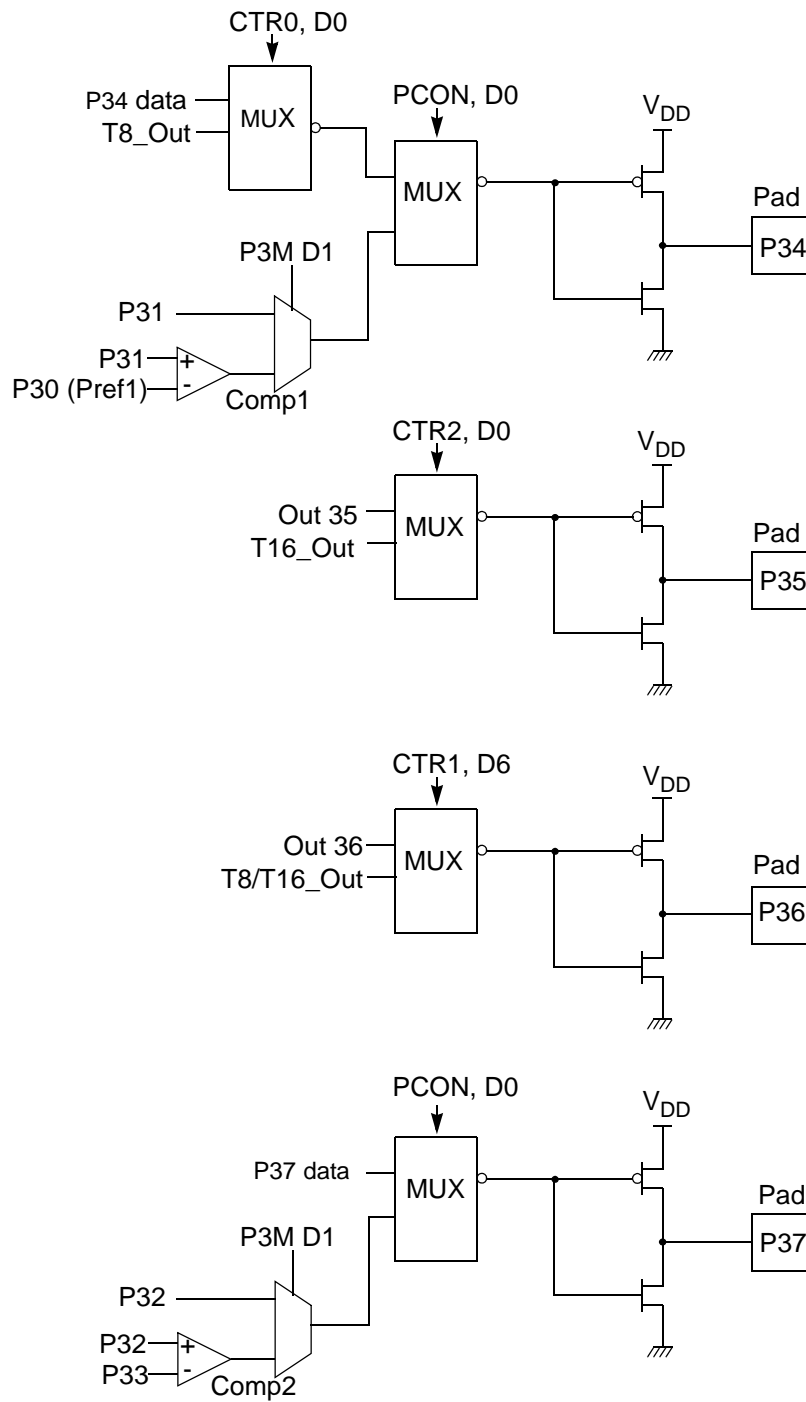


Figure 13. Port 3 Counter/Timer Output Configuration

Timers

T8_Capture_HI—HI8(D)0BH

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 8-bit Counter/Timer0. Typically, this register holds the number of counts when the input signal is 1.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T8_Capture_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

T8_Capture_LO—L08(D)0AH

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 8-bit Counter/Timer0. Typically, this register holds the number of counts when the input signal is 0.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T8_Capture_LO	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

T16_Capture_HI—HI16(D)09H

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 16-bit Counter/Timer16. This register holds the MS-Byte of the data.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Capture_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

T16_Capture_LO—L016(D)08H

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 16-bit Counter/Timer16. This register holds the LS-Byte of the data.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Capture_LO	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

Counter/Timer2 MS-Byte Hold Register—TC16H(D)07H

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Data_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Data

Counter/Timer2 LS-Byte Hold Register—TC16L(D)06H

Field	Bit Position	Description
T16_Data_LO	[7:0]	R/W Data

Counter/Timer8 High Hold Register—TC8H(D)05H

Field	Bit Position	Description
T8_Level_HI	[7:0]	R/W Data

Counter/Timer8 Low Hold Register—TC8L(D)04H

Field	Bit Position	Description
T8_Level_LO	[7:0]	R/W Data

CTR0 Counter/Timer8 Control Register—CTR0(D)00H

Table 12 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register.

Table 12. CTR0(D)00H Counter/Timer8 Control Register

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
T8_Enable	7-----	R/W	0*	Counter Disabled
			1	Counter Enabled
			0	Stop Counter
			1	Enable Counter
Single/Modulo-N	-6-----	R/W	0	Modulo-N
			1	Single Pass
Time_Out	--5-----	R/W	0	No Counter Time-Out
			1	Counter Time-Out Occurred
			0	No Effect
			1	Reset Flag to 0
T8_Clock	---43---	R/W	0 0	SCLK
			0 1	SCLK/2
			1 0	SCLK/4
			1 1	SCLK/8
Capture_INT_Mask	----2--	R/W	0	Disable Data Capture Interrupt
			1	Enable Data Capture Interrupt

► **Note:** The letter *h* denotes hexadecimal values.

Transition from 0 to FF_h is not a timeout condition.



Caution: Using the same instructions for stopping the counter/timers and setting the status bits is not recommended.

Two successive commands are necessary. First, the counter/timers must be stopped. Second, the status bits must be reset. These commands are required because it takes one counter/timer clock interval for the initiated event to actually occur. See Figure 21 and Figure 22.

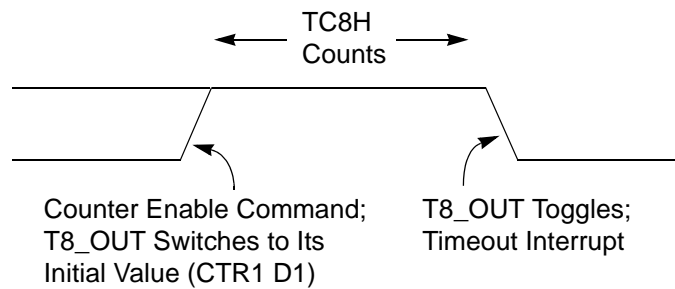


Figure 21. T8_OUT in Single-Pass Mode

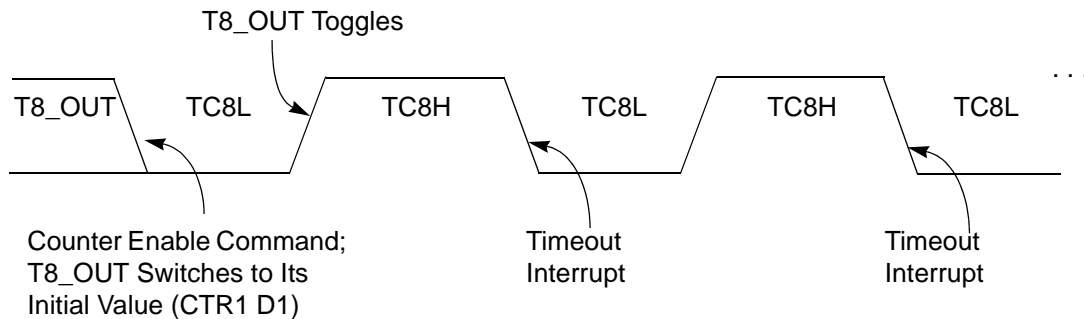


Figure 22. T8_OUT in Modulo-N Mode

T8 Demodulation Mode

The user must program TC8L and TC8H to FF_h. After T8 is enabled, when the first edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4) is detected, it starts to count down. When a subsequent edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4) is detected during counting, the current value of T8 is complemented and put into one of the capture registers. If it is a positive edge, data is put

into LO8; if it is a negative edge, data is put into HI8. From that point, one of the edge detect status bits (CTR1, D1; D0) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D2). Meanwhile, T8 is loaded with FFh and starts counting again. If T8 reaches 0, the timeout status bit (CTR0, D5) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D1). T8 then continues counting from FFh (see Figure 23 and Figure 24).

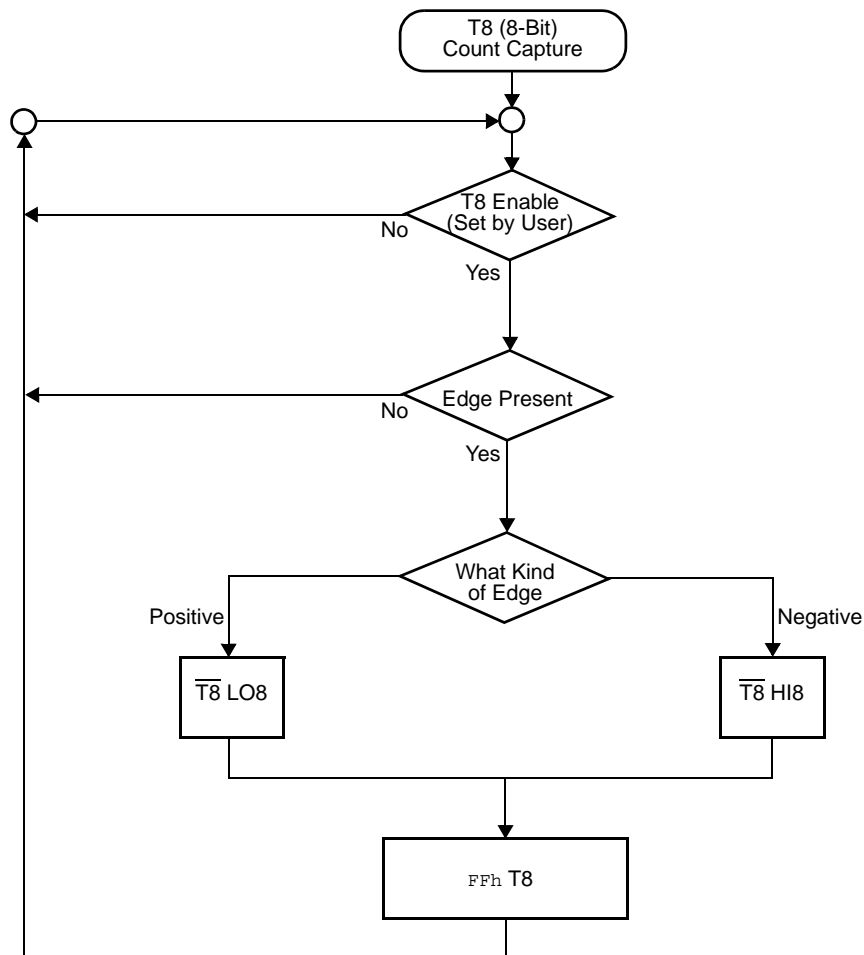


Figure 23. Demodulation Mode Count Capture Flowchart

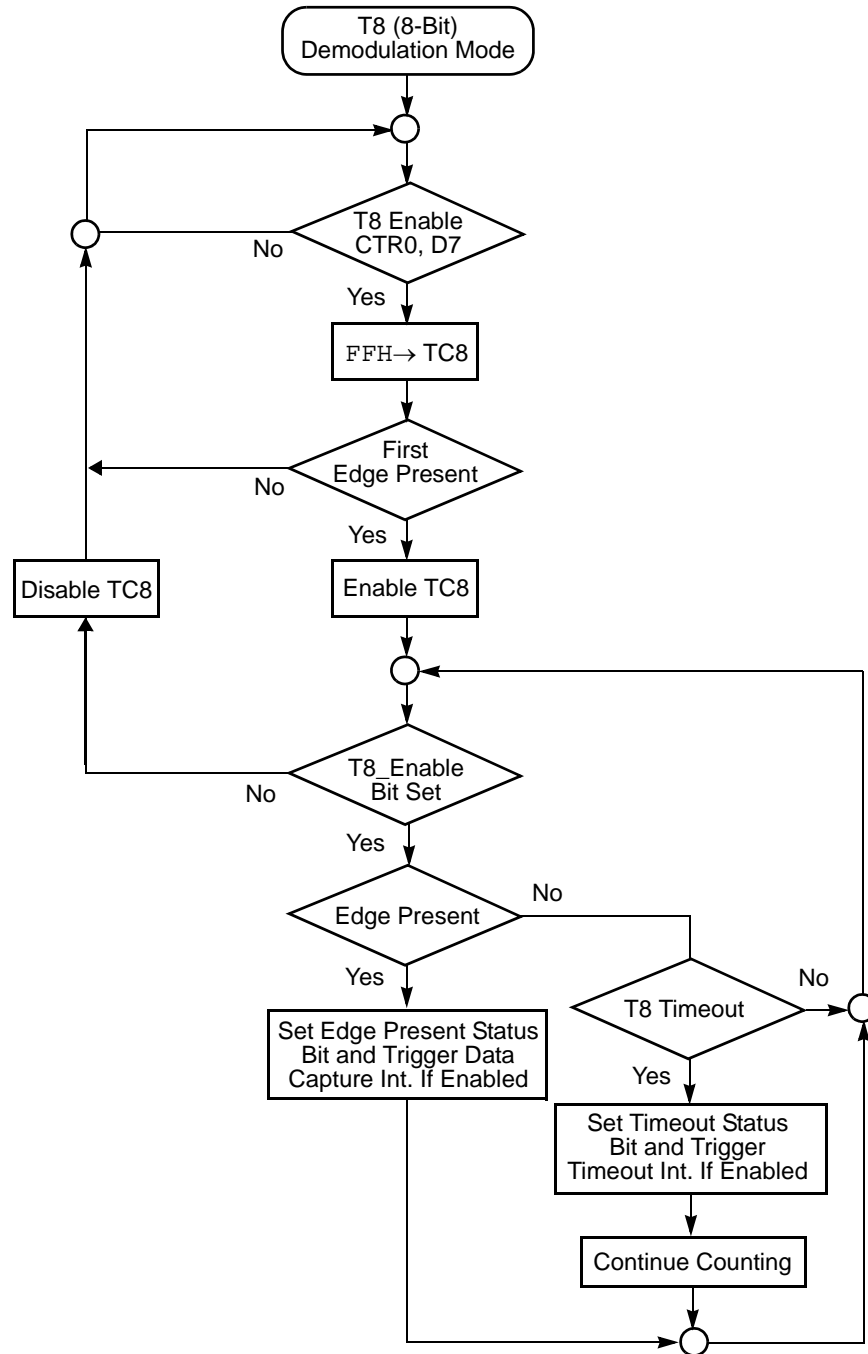


Figure 24. Demodulation Mode Flowchart

If D6 of CTR2 Is 1

T16 ignores the subsequent edges in the input signal and continues counting down. A timeout of T8 causes T16 to capture its current value and generate an interrupt if enabled (CTR2, D2). In this case, T16 does not reload and continues counting. If the D6 bit of CTR2 is toggled (by writing a 0 then a 1 to it), T16 captures and reloads on the next edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4), continuing to ignore subsequent edges.

This T16 mode generally measures mark time, the length of an active carrier signal burst.

If T16 reaches 0, T16 continues counting from `FFFFh`. Meanwhile, a status bit (CTR2 D5) is set, and an interrupt timeout can be generated if enabled (CTR2 D1).

Ping-Pong Mode

This operation mode is only valid in TRANSMIT Mode. T8 and T16 must be programmed in Single-Pass mode (CTR0, D6; CTR2, D6), and Ping-Pong mode must be programmed in CTR1, D3; D2. The user can begin the operation by enabling either T8 or T16 (CTR0, D7 or CTR2, D7). For example, if T8 is enabled, T8_OUT is set to this initial value (CTR1, D1). According to T8_OUT's level, TC8H or TC8L is loaded into T8. After the terminal count is reached, T8 is disabled, and T16 is enabled. T16_OUT then switches to its initial value (CTR1, D0), data from TC16H and TC16L is loaded, and T16 starts to count. After T16 reaches the terminal count, it stops, T8 is enabled again, repeating the entire cycle. Interrupts can be allowed when T8 or T16 reaches terminal control (CTR0, D1; CTR2, D1). To stop the ping-pong operation, write 00 to bits D3 and D2 of CTR1. See Figure 28.

- **Note:** Enabling ping-pong operation while the counter/timers are running might cause intermittent counter/timer function. Disable the counter/timers and reset the status flags before instituting this operation.

Power-On Reset

A timer circuit clocked by a dedicated on-board RC-oscillator is used for the Power-On Reset (POR) timer function. The POR time allows V_{DD} and the oscillator circuit to stabilize before instruction execution begins.

The POR timer circuit is a one-shot timer triggered by one of three conditions:

- Power Fail to Power OK status, including Waking up from V_{BO} Standby
- Stop-Mode Recovery (if D5 of SMR = 1)
- WDT Timeout

The POR timer is 2.5 ms minimum. Bit 5 of the Stop-Mode Register determines whether the POR timer is bypassed after Stop-Mode Recovery (typical for external clock).

HALT Mode

This instruction turns off the internal CPU clock, but not the XTAL oscillation. The counter/timers and external interrupts IRQ0, IRQ1, IRQ2, IRQ3, IRQ4, and IRQ5 remain active. The devices are recovered by interrupts, either externally or internally generated. An interrupt request must be executed (enabled) to exit HALT Mode. After the interrupt service routine, the program continues from the instruction after HALT Mode.

STOP Mode

This instruction turns off the internal clock and external crystal oscillation, reducing the standby current to 10 μ A or less. STOP Mode is terminated only by a reset, such as WDT timeout, POR, SMR or external reset. This condition causes the processor to restart the application program at address 000CH. To enter STOP (or HALT) mode, first flush the instruction pipeline to avoid suspending execution in mid-instruction. Execute a NOP (Opcode = FFH) immediately before the appropriate sleep instruction, as follows:

```
FF      NOP      ; clear the pipeline
6F      Stop     ; enter Stop Mode
```

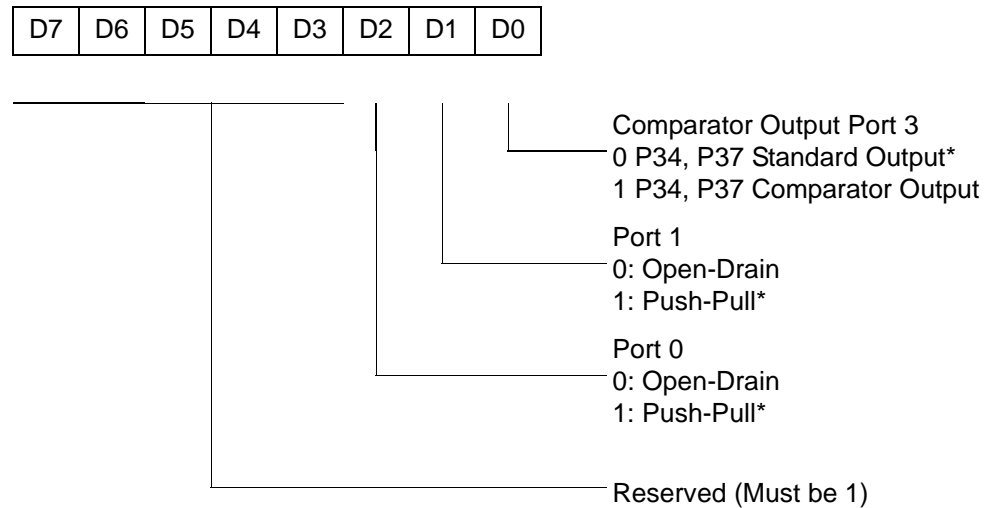
or

```
FF      NOP      ; clear the pipeline
7F      HALT     ; enter HALT Mode
```

Port Configuration Register

The Port Configuration (PCON) register (Figure 32) configures the comparator output on Port 3. It is located in the expanded register 2 at Bank F, location 00.

PCON(FH)00H



* Default setting after reset

Figure 32. Port Configuration Register (PCON) (Write Only)

Comparator Output Port 3 (D0)

Bit 0 controls the comparator used in Port 3. A 1 in this location brings the comparator outputs to P34 and P37, and a 0 releases the Port to its standard I/O configuration.

Port 1 Output Mode (D1)

Bit 1 controls the output mode of port 1. A 1 in this location sets the output to push-pull, and a 0 sets the output to open-drain.

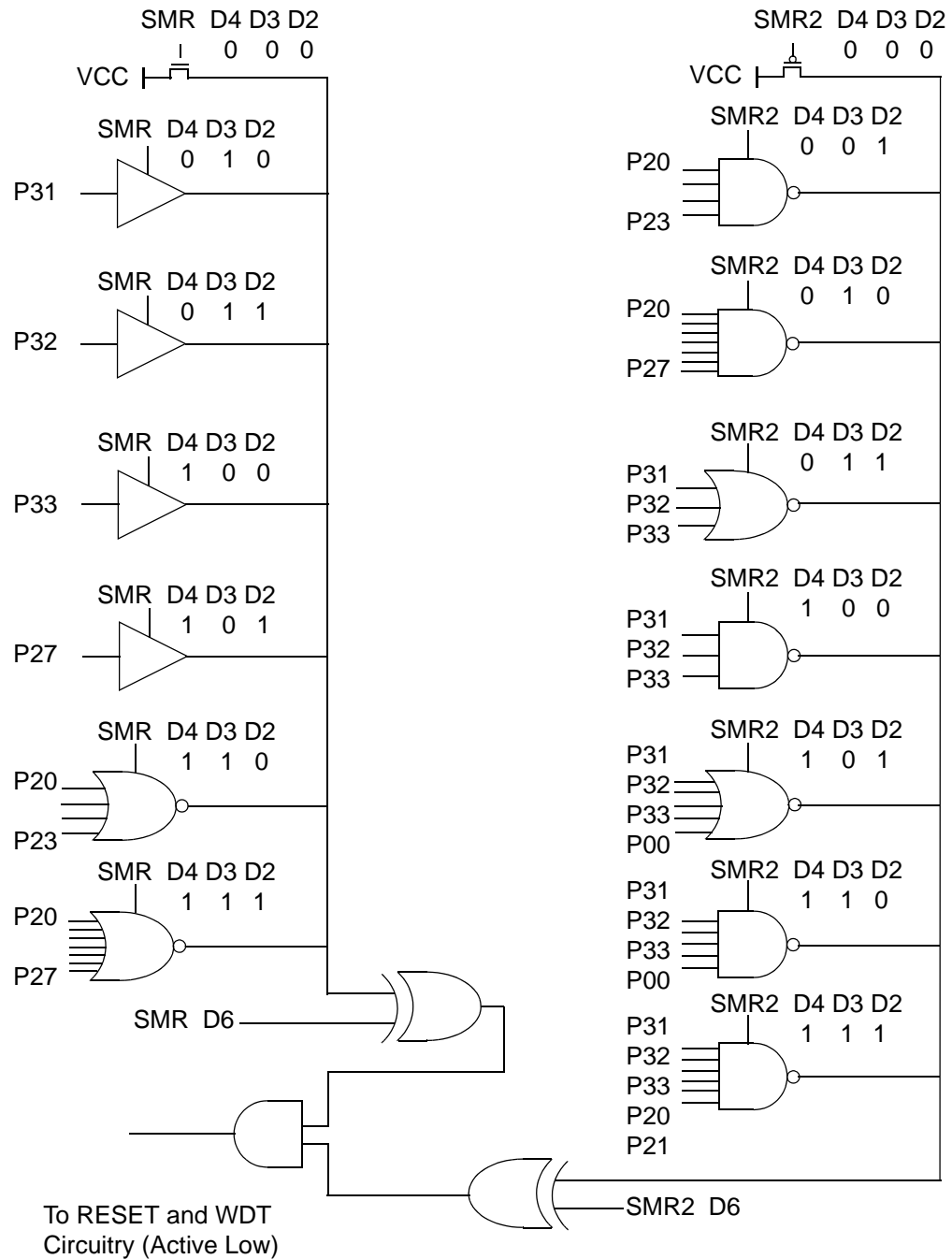
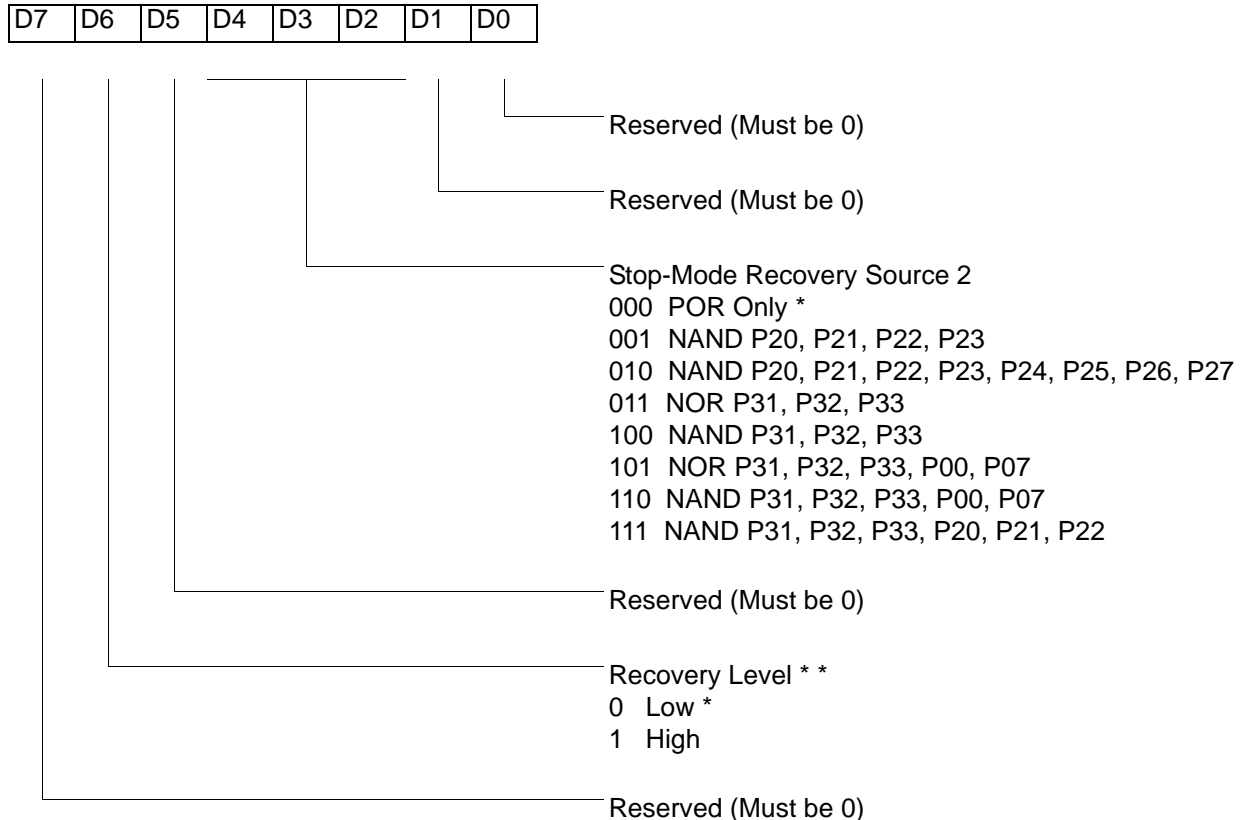


Figure 35. Stop Mode Recovery Source

Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 (SMR2)

This register determines the mode of Stop Mode Recovery for SMR2 (Figure 36).

SMR2(0F)DH



Note: If used in conjunction with SMR, either of the two specified events causes a Stop-Mode Recovery.

* Default setting after reset

** At the XOR gate input

Figure 36. Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 ((0F)DH:D2–D4, D6 Write Only)

If SMR2 is used in conjunction with SMR, either of the specified events causes a Stop Mode Recovery.

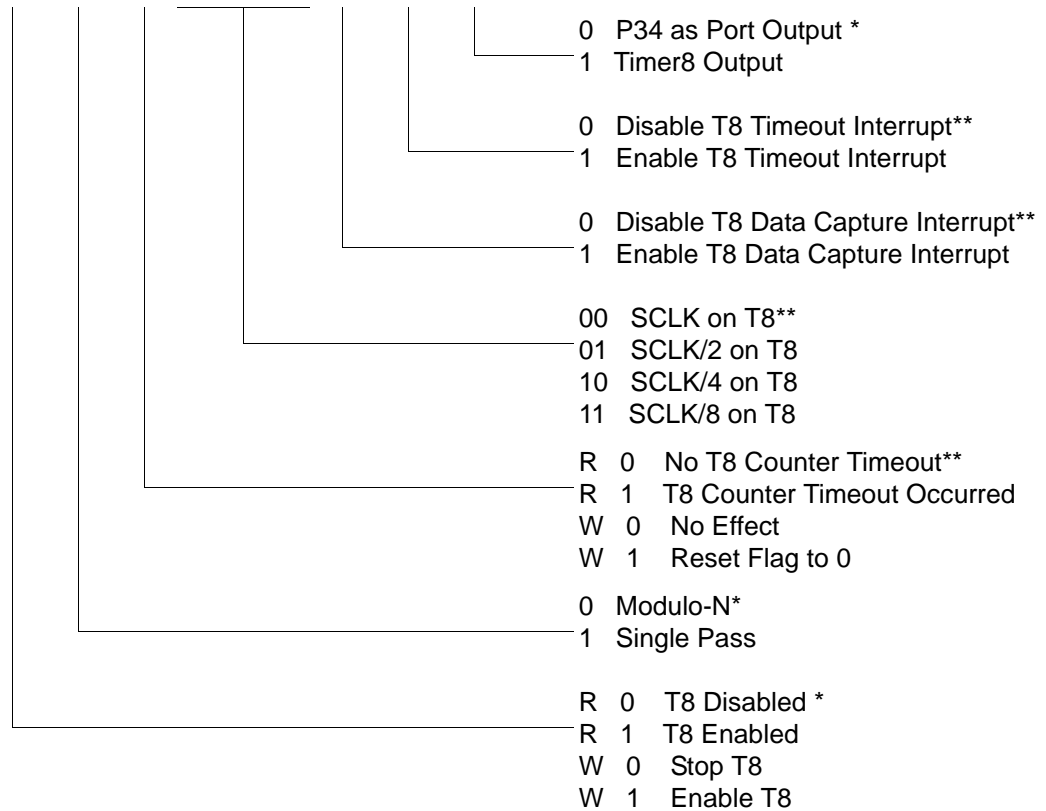
- **Note:** Port pins configured as outputs are ignored as an SMR or SMR2 recovery source. For example, if the NAND or P23–P20 is selected as the recovery source and P20 is configured as an output, the remaining SMR pins (P23–P21) form the NAND equation.

Expanded Register File Control Registers (0D)

The expanded register file control registers (0D) are depicted in Figure 39 through Figure 43.

CTR0(0D)00H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



* Default setting after reset

**Default setting after reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 39. TC8 Control Register ((0D)00H: Read/Write Except Where Noted)

16KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LSH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSS2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323LSP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323LSH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP
ZGP323LSP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSS2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP

16KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LEH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LES2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323LEP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LES2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323LEH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LEH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323LEP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LEP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP

16KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAS2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323LAP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323LAH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP
ZGP323LAP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAS2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP

Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging



8KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LSH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LSS2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323LSP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LSH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323LSH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LSP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323LSP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LSS2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

8KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LEH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LES2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323LEP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LEH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323LEH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LEP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323LEP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LES2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

8KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LAS2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323LAP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LAH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323LAH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323LAP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323LAP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323LAS2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging

4KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LSH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSS2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323LSP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323LSH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323LSP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSS2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

4KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LEH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LES2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323LEP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LEH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323LEH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LEP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323LEP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LES2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

4KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAS2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323LAP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323LAH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323LAP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAS2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging

Additional Components

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323ICE01ZEM	Emulator/programmer	ZGP32300100ZPR	Programming System