



Welcome to **E-XFL.COM**

What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	24
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323les2832c



Table 5. 40- and 48-Pin Configuration (Continued)

40-Pin PDIP/CDIP* #	48-Pin SSOP#	Symbol
33	40	P13
8	9	P14
9	10	P15
12	15	P16
13	16	P17
35	42	P20
36	43	P21
37	44	P22
38	45	P23
39	46	P24
2	2	P25
3	3	P26
4	4	P27
16	19	P31
17	20	P32
18	21	P33
19	22	P34
22	26	P35
24	28	P36
23	27	P37
20	23	NC
40	47	NC
1	1	NC
21	25	RESET
15	18	XTAL1
14	17	XTAL2
11	12, 13	V _{DD}
31	24, 37, 38	V _{SS}
25	29	Pref1/P30
	48	NC



Capacitance

Table 7 lists the capacitances.

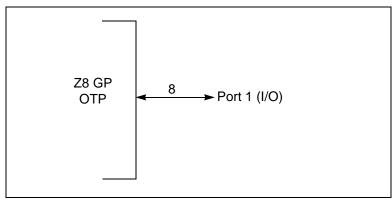
Table 7. Capacitance

Parameter	Maximum
Input capacitance	12pF
Output capacitance	12pF
I/O capacitance	12pF
Note: $T_A = 25^{\circ} C$, $V_{CC} = GND = 0 V$, $f = 1.0 MH$	Hz, unmeasured pins returned to GND

DC Characteristics

Table 8. DC Characteristics

			T _A = 0°C	to +7	70°C			
Symbol	Parameter	v_{cc}	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions	Notes
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage		2.0		3.6	V	See Note 5	5
V _{CH}	Clock Input High Voltage	2.0-3.6	0.8		V _{CC} +0.3	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V _{CL}	Clock Input Low Voltage	2.0-3.6	V _{SS} -0.3		0.5	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0-3.6	0.7 V _{CC}		V _{CC} +0.3	V		
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	2.0-3.6	V _{SS} -0.3		0.2 V _{CC}	V		
V _{OH1}	Output High Voltage	2.0-3.6	V _{CC} -0.4			V	$I_{OH} = -0.5$ mA	
V _{OH2}	Output High Voltage (P36, P37, P00, P01)	2.0-3.6	V _{CC} -0.8			V	$I_{OH} = -7 \text{mA}$	
V _{OL1}	Output Low Voltage	2.0-3.6			0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 1.0$ mA $I_{OL} = 4.0$ mA	
V _{OL2}	Output Low Voltage (P00, P01, P36, P37)	2.0-3.6			8.0	V	I _{OL} = 10mA	
V _{OFFSET}	Comparator Input Offset Voltage	2.0-3.6			25	mV		
V _{REF}	Comparator Reference Voltage	2.0-3.6	0		V _{DD} -1.75	V		
I _{IL}	Input Leakage	2.0-3.6	–1		1	μΑ	V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} Pull-ups disabled	
l _{OL}	Output Leakage	2.0-3.6	-1		1	μΑ	$V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC}$	
Icc	Supply Current	2.0 3.6			10 15	mA mA	at 8.0 MHz at 8.0 MHz	1, 2 1, 2



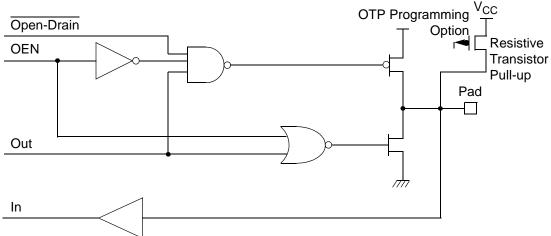


Figure 10. Port 1 Configuration

Port 2 (P27-P20)

Port 2 is an 8-bit, bidirectional, CMOS-compatible I/O port (see Figure 11). These eight I/O lines can be independently configured under software control as inputs or outputs. Port 2 is always available for I/O operation. A mask option is available to connect eight pull-up transistors on this port. Bits programmed as outputs are globally programmed as either push-pull or open-drain. The POR resets with the eight bits of Port 2 configured as inputs.

Port 2 also has an 8-bit input OR and AND gate, which can be used to wake up the part. P20 can be programmed to access the edge-detection circuitry in demodulation mode.

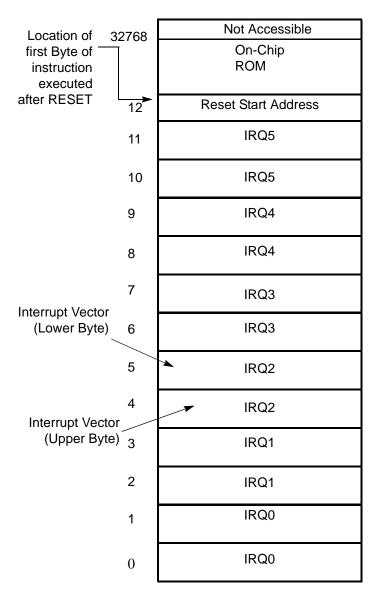


Figure 14. Program Memory Map (32K OTP)

Expanded Register File

The register file has been expanded to allow for additional system control registers and for mapping of additional peripheral devices into the register address area. The Z8[®] register address space (R0 through R15) has been implemented as 16 banks, with 16 registers per bank. These register groups are known as the



ERF (Expanded Register File). Bits 7–4 of register RP select the working register group. Bits 3–0 of register RP select the expanded register file bank.

Note: An expanded register bank is also referred to as an expanded register group (see Figure 15).

Field	Bit Position		Description	
T16_Data_LO	[7:0]	R/W	Data	

Counter/Timer8 High Hold Register—TC8H(D)05H

Field	Bit Position		Description
T8_Level_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Data

Counter/Timer8 Low Hold Register—TC8L(D)04H

Field	Bit Position		Description
T8_Level_LO	[7:0]	R/W	Data

CTR0 Counter/Timer8 Control Register—CTR0(D)00H

Table 12 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register.

Table 12. CTR0(D)00H Counter/Timer8 Control Register

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
T8_Enable	7	R/W	0*	Counter Disabled
			1	Counter Enabled
			0	Stop Counter
			1	Enable Counter
Single/Modulo-N	-6	R/W	0	Modulo-N
			1	Single Pass
Time_Out	5	R/W	0	No Counter Time-Out
			1	Counter Time-Out Occurred
			0	No Effect
			1	Reset Flag to 0
T8 _Clock	43	R/W	0 0	SCLK
			0 1	SCLK/2
			1 0	SCLK/4
			11	SCLK/8
Capture_INT_Mask	2	R/W	0	Disable Data Capture Interrupt
			1	Enable Data Capture Interrupt

In Demodulation Mode, when set to 0, T16 captures and reloads on detection of all the edges. When set to 1, T16 captures and detects on the first edge but ignores the subsequent edges. For details, see the description of T16 Demodulation Mode on page 45.

Time Out

This bit is set when T16 times out (terminal count reached). To reset the bit, write a 1 to this location.

T16 Clock

This bit defines the frequency of the input signal to Counter/Timer16.

Capture_INT_Mask

This bit is set to allow an interrupt when data is captured into LO16 and HI16.

Counter_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when T16 times out.

P35_Out

This bit defines whether P35 is used as a normal output pin or T16 output.

CTR3 T8/T16 Control Register—CTR3(D)03H

Table 15 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register. This register allows the T_8 and T_{16} counters to be synchronized.

Table 15. CTR3 (D)03H: T8/T16 Control Register

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
T ₁₆ Enable	7	R	0*	Counter Disabled
		R	1	Counter Enabled
		W	0	Stop Counter
		W	1	Enable Counter
T ₈ Enable	-6	R	0*	Counter Disabled
-		R	1	Counter Enabled
		W	0	Stop Counter
		W	1	Enable Counter
Sync Mode	5	R/W	0**	Disable Sync Mode
-			1	Enable Sync Mode

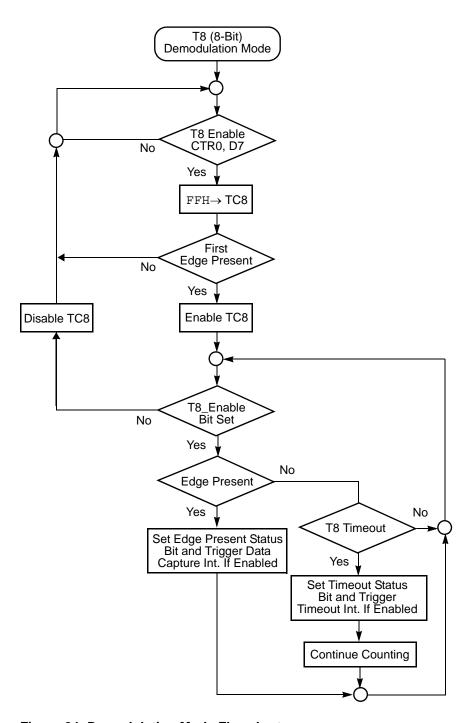


Figure 24. Demodulation Mode Flowchart

Clock

The device's on-chip oscillator has a high-gain, parallel-resonant amplifier, for connection to a crystal, ceramic resonator, or any suitable external clock source (XTAL1 = Input, XTAL2 = Output). The crystal must be AT cut, 1 MHz to 8 MHz maximum, with a series resistance (RS) less than or equal to 100 Ω . The on-chip oscillator can be driven with a suitable external clock source.

The crystal must be connected across XTAL1 and XTAL2 using the recommended capacitors (capacitance greater than or equal to 22 pF) from each pin to ground.

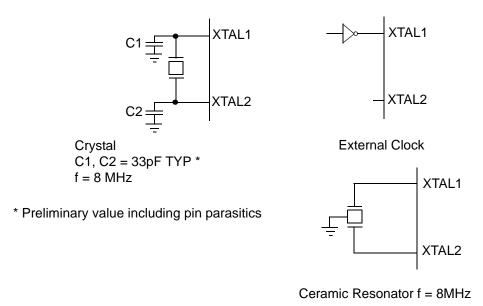
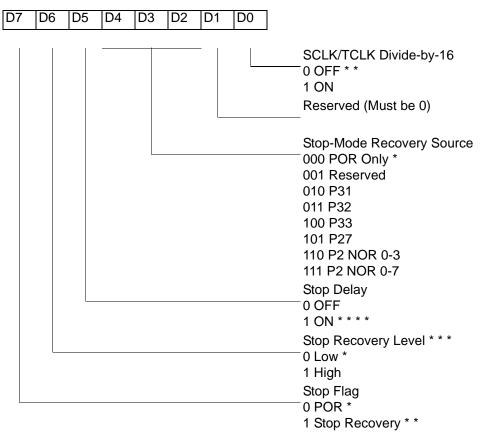


Figure 31. Oscillator Configuration

SMR(0F)0BH



- * Default after Power On Reset or Watch-Dog Reset
- * * Set after STOP Mode Recovery
- * * * At the XOR gate input
- * * * * Default setting after reset. Must be 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source.

Figure 33. STOP Mode Recovery Register

SCLK/TCLK Divide-by-16 Select (D0)

D0 of the SMR controls a divide-by-16 prescaler of SCLK/TCLK (Figure 34). This control selectively reduces device power consumption during normal processor execution (SCLK control) and/or Halt Mode (where TCLK sources interrupt logic). After Stop Mode Recovery, this bit is set to a 0.

Table 19. Stop Mode Recovery Source

SMR:432			Operation		
D4	D3	D2	Description of Action		
0	0	0	POR and/or external reset recovery		
0	0	1	Reserved		
0	1	0	P31 transition		
0	1	1	P32 transition		
1	0	0	P33 transition		
1	0	1	P27 transition		
1	1	0	Logical NOR of P20 through P23		
1	1	1	Logical NOR of P20 through P27		

Note: Any Port 2 bit defined as an output drives the corresponding input to the default state. For example, if the NOR of P23-P20 is selected as the recovery source and P20 is configured as an output, the remaining SMR pins (P23-P21) form the NOR equation. This condition allows the remaining inputs to control the AND/OR function. Refer to SMR2 register on page 59 for other recover sources.

Stop Mode Recovery Delay Select (D5)

This bit, if Low, disables the T_{POR} delay after Stop Mode Recovery. The default configuration of this bit is 1. If the "fast" wake up is selected, the Stop Mode Recovery source must be kept active for at least 5 TpC.

Note: It is recommended that this bit be set to 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source. The T_{POR} delay allows the clock source to stabilize before executing instructions.

Stop Mode Recovery Edge Select (D6)

A 1 in this bit position indicates that a High level on any one of the recovery sources wakes the device from Stop Mode. A 0 indicates Low level recovery. The default is 0 on POR.

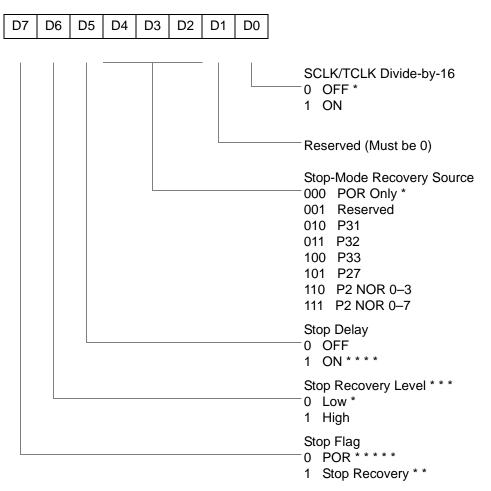
Cold or Warm Start (D7)

This bit is read only. It is set to 1 when the device is recovered from Stop Mode. The bit is set to 0 when the device reset is other than Stop Mode Recovery (SMR).

Notes: Take care in differentiating the Transmit Mode from Demodulation Mode. Depending on which of these two modes is operating, the CTR1 bit has different functions.

> Changing from one mode to another cannot be performed without disabling the counter/timers.

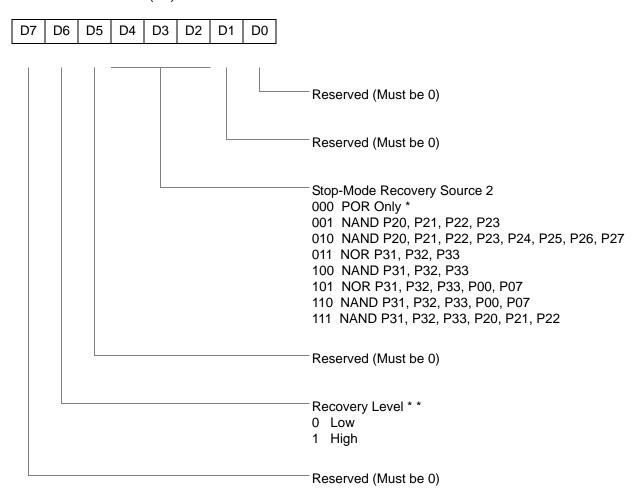
SMR(0F)0BH



- * Default setting after Reset
- * * Set after STOP Mode Recovery
- * * * At the XOR gate input
- * * * * Default setting after Reset. Must be 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source.
- * * * * * Default setting after Power On Reset. Not Reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 45. Stop Mode Recovery Register ((0F)0BH: D6–D0=Write Only, D7=Read Only)

SMR2(0F)0DH

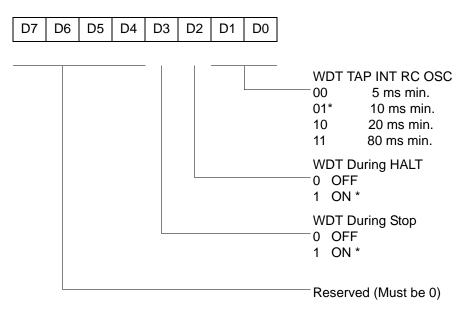


Note: If used in conjunction with SMR, either of the two specified events causes a Stop-Mode Recovery.

- * Default setting after reset
- * * At the XOR gate input

Figure 46. Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 ((0F)0DH:D2-D4, D6 Write Only)

WDTMR(0F)0FH

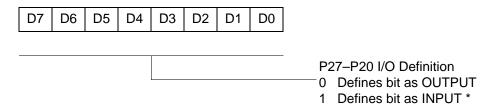


^{*} Default setting after reset

Figure 47. Watch-Dog Timer Register ((0F) 0FH: Write Only)

Standard Control Registers

R246 P2M(F6H)



^{*} Default setting after reset

Figure 48. Port 2 Mode Register (F6H: Write Only)



R249 IPR(F9H)

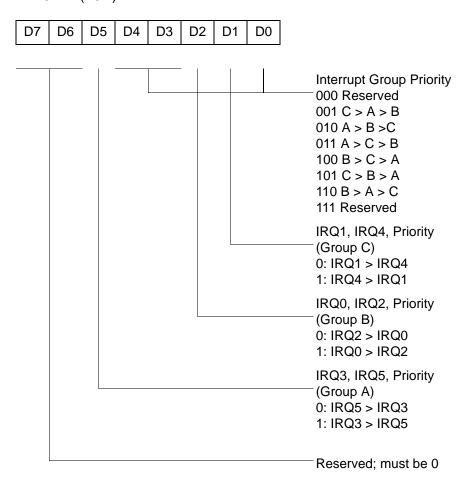


Figure 51. Interrupt Priority Register (F9H: Write Only)

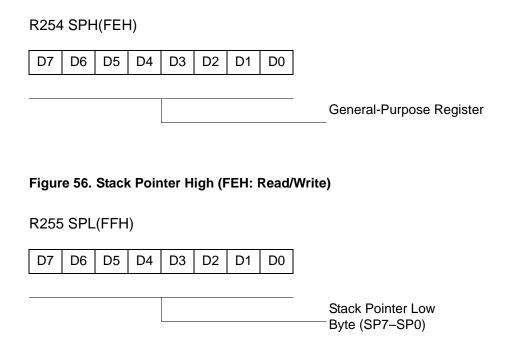


Figure 57. Stack Pointer Low (FFH: Read/Write)



16KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C								
Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description					
ZGP323LSH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSS2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP					
ZGP323LSP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP					
ZGP323LSH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP					
ZGP323LSP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LSS2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP					

16KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C							
	Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description			
	ZGP323LEH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LES2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP			
	ZGP323LEP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LES2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP			
	ZGP323LEH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LEH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP			
	ZGP323LEP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LEP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP			

16KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C			
Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAS2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323LAP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323LAH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP
ZGP323LAP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323LAS2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP
Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging			

PS023702-1004 Preliminary Ordering Information



4KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C			
Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LSH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSS2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323LSP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323LSH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323LSP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSS2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

4KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C			
Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LEH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LES2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323LEP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LEH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323LEH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LEP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323LEP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LES2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

4KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C			
Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAS2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323LAP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323LAH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323LAP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAS2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging

Additional Components

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323ICE01ZEM	Emulator/programmer	ZGP32300100ZPR	Programming System



Example

