Zilog - ZGP323LSH2816C Datasheet





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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	24
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	ОТР
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323lsh2816c

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P25 1 P26 2 P27 3 P04 4 P05 5 P06 6 P07 7 V _{DD} 8 XTAL2 9 XTAL1 10 P31 11 P32 12 P33 13 P34 14	28-Pin PDIP SOIC SSOP CDIP*	28 □ P24 27 □ P23 26 □ P22 25 □ P21 24 □ P20 23 □ P03 22 □ V _{SS} 21 □ P02 20 □ P01 19 □ P00 18 □ Pref1/P30 17 □ P36 16 □ P37 15 □ P35
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Figure 4. 28-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Configuration

Table 4. 28-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Identifica

Pin	Symbol	Direction	Description
1-3	P25-P27	Input/Output	Port 2, Bits 5,6,7
4-7	P04-P07	Input/Output	Port 0, Bits 4,5,6,7
8	V _{DD}		Power supply
9	XTAL2	Output	Crystal, oscillator clock
10	XTAL1	Input	Crystal, oscillator clock
11-13	P31-P33	Input	Port 3, Bits 1,2,3
14	P34	Output	Port 3, Bit 4
15	P35	Output	Port 3, Bit 5
16	P37	Output	Port 3, Bit 7
17	P36	Output	Port 3, Bit 6
18	Pref1/P30	Input	Analog ref input; connect to V _{CC} if not used
	Port 3 Bit 0		Input for Pref1/P30
19-21	P00-P02	Input/Output	Port 0, Bits 0,1,2
22	V _{SS}		Ground
23	P03	Input/Output	Port 0, Bit 3
24-28	P20-P24	Input/Output	Port 2, Bits 0-4



Note: *Windowed Cerdip. These units are intended to be used for engineering code development only. ZiLOG does not recommend/guarantee this package for production use.





		\bigcirc	
NC			40 ⊐ NC
P25			39 □ P24
P26			38 🗖 P23
P27	□ 4		37 🗖 P22
P04	□ 5		36 🗖 P21
P05	□ 6	40-Pin	35 🗖 P20
P06	– 7	PDIP	34 🗖 P03
P14	□ 8	CDIP*	33 🗖 P13
P15	□ 9	ODI	32 🗖 P12
P07	1 0		31 🗖 VSS
VDD	– 11		30 🗖 P02
P16	1 2		39 🗖 P11
P17	1 3		28 🗖 P10
XTAL2	□ 14		27 🗖 P01
XTAL1	□ 15		26 🗖 P00
P31	1 6		25 🗖 Pref1/P30
P32	17		24 🗖 P36
P33	1 8		23 🗖 P37
P34	□ 19		22 🗖 P35
NC	20		21 🗖 RESET

Figure 5. 40-Pin PDIP/CDIP* Pin Configuration

Note: *Windowed Cerdip. These units are intended to be used for engineering code development only. ZiLOG does not recommend/guarantee this package for production use.





Figure 9. Port 0 Configuration

Port 1 (P17–P10)

Port 1 (see Figure 10) Port 1 can be configured for standard port input or output mode. After POR, Port 1 is configured as an input port. The output drivers are either push-pull or open-drain and are controlled by bit D1 in the PCON register.



Note: The Port 1 direction is reset to be input following an SMR.







Figure 13. Port 3 Counter/Timer Output Configuration

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Counter/Timer2 LS-Byte Hold Register—TC16L(D)06H

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Data_LO	[7:0]	R/W	Data

Counter/Timer8 High Hold Register—TC8H(D)05H

Field Bit Position		Description		
T8_Level_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Data	

Counter/Timer8 Low Hold Register—TC8L(D)04H

Field	Bit Position		Description
T8_Level_LO	[7:0]	R/W	Data

CTR0 Counter/Timer8 Control Register—CTR0(D)00H

Table 12 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register.

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
T8_Enable	7	R/W	0*	Counter Disabled
			1	Counter Enabled
			0	Stop Counter
			1	Enable Counter
Single/Modulo-N	-6	R/W	0	Modulo-N
			1	Single Pass
Time_Out	5	R/W	0	No Counter Time-Out
			1	Counter Time-Out Occurred
			0	No Effect
			1	Reset Flag to 0
T8 _Clock	43	R/W	0 0	SCLK
			0 1	SCLK/2
			10	SCLK/4
			11	SCLK/8
Capture_INT_Mask	2	R/W	0	Disable Data Capture Interrupt
			1	Enable Data Capture Interrupt

Table 12. CTR0(D)00H Counter/Timer8 Control Register



T16 Transmit Mode

In NORMAL or PING-PONG mode, the output of T16 when not enabled, is dependent on CTR1, D0. If it is a 0, T16_OUT is a 1; if it is a 1, T16_OUT is 0. You can force the output of T16 to either a 0 or 1 whether it is enabled or not by programming CTR1 D3; D2 to a 10 or 11.

When T16 is enabled, TC16H * 256 + TC16L is loaded, and T16_OUT is switched to its initial value (CTR1, D0). When T16 counts down to 0, T16_OUT is toggled (in NORMAL or PING-PONG mode), an interrupt (CTR2, D1) is generated (if enabled), and a status bit (CTR2, D5) is set. See Figure 25.



Figure 25. 16-Bit Counter/Timer Circuits

Note: Global interrupts override this function as described in "Interrupts" on page 48.

If T16 is in SINGLE-PASS mode, it is stopped at this point (see Figure 26). If it is in Modulo-N Mode, it is loaded with TC16H * 256 + TC16L, and the counting continues (see Figure 27).

You can modify the values in TC16H and TC16L at any time. The new values take effect when they are loaded.



If D6 of CTR2 Is 1

T16 ignores the subsequent edges in the input signal and continues counting down. A timeout of T8 causes T16 to capture its current value and generate an interrupt if enabled (CTR2, D2). In this case, T16 does not reload and continues counting. If the D6 bit of CTR2 is toggled (by writing a 0 then a 1 to it), T16 captures and reloads on the next edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4), continuing to ignore subsequent edges.

This T16 mode generally measures mark time, the length of an active carrier signal burst.

If T16 reaches 0, T16 continues counting from FFFFh. Meanwhile, a status bit (CTR2 D5) is set, and an interrupt timeout can be generated if enabled (CTR2 D1).

Ping-Pong Mode

This operation mode is only valid in TRANSMIT Mode. T8 and T16 must be programmed in Single-Pass mode (CTR0, D6; CTR2, D6), and Ping-Pong mode must be programmed in CTR1, D3; D2. The user can begin the operation by enabling either T8 or T16 (CTR0, D7 or CTR2, D7). For example, if T8 is enabled, T8_OUT is set to this initial value (CTR1, D1). According to T8_OUT's level, TC8H or TC8L is loaded into T8. After the terminal count is reached, T8 is disabled, and T16 is enabled. T16_OUT then switches to its initial value (CTR1, D0), data from TC16H and TC16L is loaded, and T16 starts to count. After T16 reaches the terminal count, it stops, T8 is enabled again, repeating the entire cycle. Interrupts can be allowed when T8 or T16 reaches terminal control (CTR0, D1; CTR2, D1). To stop the ping-pong operation, write 00 to bits D3 and D2 of CTR1. See Figure 28.

Note: Enabling ping-pong operation while the counter/timers are running might cause intermittent counter/timer function. Disable the counter/timers and reset the status flags before instituting this operation.



Table 19. Stop Mode Recovery Source

SMR	Operation		
D4	D3	D2	Description of Action
0	0	0	POR and/or external reset recovery
0	0	1	Reserved
0	1	0	P31 transition
0	1	1	P32 transition
1	0	0	P33 transition
1	0	1	P27 transition
1	1	0	Logical NOR of P20 through P23
1	1	1	Logical NOR of P20 through P27

Note: Any Port 2 bit defined as an output drives the corresponding input to the default state. For example, if the NOR of P23-P20 is selected as the recovery source and P20 is configured as an output, the remaining SMR pins (P23-P21) form the NOR equation. This condition allows the remaining inputs to control the AND/OR function. Refer to SMR2 register on page 59 for other recover sources.

Stop Mode Recovery Delay Select (D5)

This bit, if Low, disables the T_{POR} delay after Stop Mode Recovery. The default configuration of this bit is 1. If the "fast" wake up is selected, the Stop Mode Recovery source must be kept active for at least 5 TpC.

Note: It is recommended that this bit be set to 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source. The T_{POR} delay allows the clock source to stabilize before executing instructions.

Stop Mode Recovery Edge Select (D6)

A 1 in this bit position indicates that a High level on any one of the recovery sources wakes the device from Stop Mode. A 0 indicates Low level recovery. The default is 0 on POR.

Cold or Warm Start (D7)

This bit is read only. It is set to 1 when the device is recovered from Stop Mode. The bit is set to 0 when the device reset is other than Stop Mode Recovery (SMR).



Watch-Dog Timer Mode Register (WDTMR)

The Watch-Dog Timer (WDT) is a retriggerable one-shot timer that resets the Z8[®] CPU if it reaches its terminal count. The WDT must initially be enabled by executing the WDT instruction. On subsequent executions of the WDT instruction, the WDT is refreshed. The WDT circuit is driven by an on-board RC-oscillator. The WDT instruction affects the Zero (Z), Sign (S), and Overflow (V) flags.

The POR clock source the internal RC-oscillator. Bits 0 and 1 of the WDT register control a tap circuit that determines the minimum timeout period. Bit 2 determines whether the WDT is active during HALT, and Bit 3 determines WDT activity during Stop. Bits 4 through 7 are reserved (Figure 37). This register is accessible only during the first 60 processor cycles (120 XTAL clocks) from the execution of the first instruction after Power-On-Reset, Watch-Dog Reset, or a Stop-Mode Recovery (Figure 36). After this point, the register cannot be modified by any means (intentional or otherwise). The WDTMR cannot be read. The register is located in Bank F of the Expanded Register Group at address location 0Fh. It is organized as shown in Figure 37.

WDTMR(0F)0Fh



* Default setting after reset

Figure 37. Watch-Dog Timer Mode Register (Write Only)

WDT Time Select (D0, D1)

This bit selects the WDT time period. It is configured as indicated in Table 20.



WDTMR During STOP (D3)

This bit determines whether or not the WDT is active during STOP Mode. Because the XTAL clock is stopped during STOP Mode, the on-board RC has to be selected as the clock source to the WDT/POR counter. A 1 indicates active during Stop. The default is 1.

EPROM Selectable Options

There are seven EPROM Selectable Options to choose from based on ROM code requirements. These options are listed in Table 21.

Table 21. EPROM Selectable Options

Port 00–03 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 04–07 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 10–13 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 14–17 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 20–27 Pull-Ups	On/Off
EPROM Protection	On/Off
Watch-Dog Timer at Power-On Reset	On/Off

Voltage Brown-Out/Standby

An on-chip Voltage Comparator checks that the V_{DD} is at the required level for correct operation of the device. Reset is globally driven when V_{DD} falls below V_{BO}. A small drop in V_{DD} causes the XTAL1 and XTAL2 circuitry to stop the crystal or resonator clock. If the V_{DD} is allowed to stay above V_{RAM}, the RAM content is preserved. When the power level is returned to above V_{BO}, the device performs a POR and functions normally.



Expanded Register File Control Registers (0D)

The expanded register file control registers (0D) are depicted in Figure 39 through Figure 43.

CTR0(0D)00H



* Default setting after reset

**Default setting after reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 39. TC8 Control Register ((0D)O0H: Read/Write Except Where Noted)



R248 P01M(F8H)



* Default setting after reset; only P00, P01 and P07 are available in 20-pin configurations.

Figure 50. Port 0 and 1 Mode Register (F8H: Write Only)



R250 IRQ(FAH)





Figure 52. Interrupt Request Register (FAH: Read/Write)

R251 IMR(FBH)



* Default setting after reset

* * Only by using EI, DI instruction; DI is required before changing the IMR register

Figure 53. Interrupt Mask Register (FBH: Read/Write)



R254 SPH(FEH)



General-Purpose Register

Figure 56. Stack Pointer High (FEH: Read/Write)

R255 SPL(FFH)

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
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Stack Pointer Low Byte (SP7–SP0)

Figure 57. Stack Pointer Low (FFH: Read/Write)



Package Information

Package information for all versions of Z8 GPTM OTP MCU Family are depicted in Figures 58 through Figure 68.







Figure 58. 20-Pin CDIP Package







Figure 63. 28-Pin SOIC Package Diagram

Z8 GP[™] OTP MCU Family Product Specification





Note: ZILOG supplies both options for production. Component layout PCB design should cover bigger option 01.

Figure 64. 28-Pin PDIP Package Diagram







Figure 66. 40-Pin CDIP Package



MILLIMETER INCH SYMBOL MIN MAX MIN MAX .040 A1 0.51 .020 A2 3.94 .125 .155 3.18 В 0.38 0.53 .015 .021 B1 .040 .060 1.02 1.52 С 0.38 .009 .015 0.23 D 2.050 2.070 52.07 52.58 Ε 15.24 15.75 .600 .620 .100 TYP E1 13.59 .59 14.22 2.54 TYP .535 e .660 eA 15.49 16.76 .610 3.81 .120 .150 L 3.05 Q1 1.91 .075 1.40 .055 S .060 1.52 2.29 .090

Figure 67. 40-Pin PDIP Package Diagram

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : INCH

Z8 GP[™] OTP MCU Family Product Specification



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