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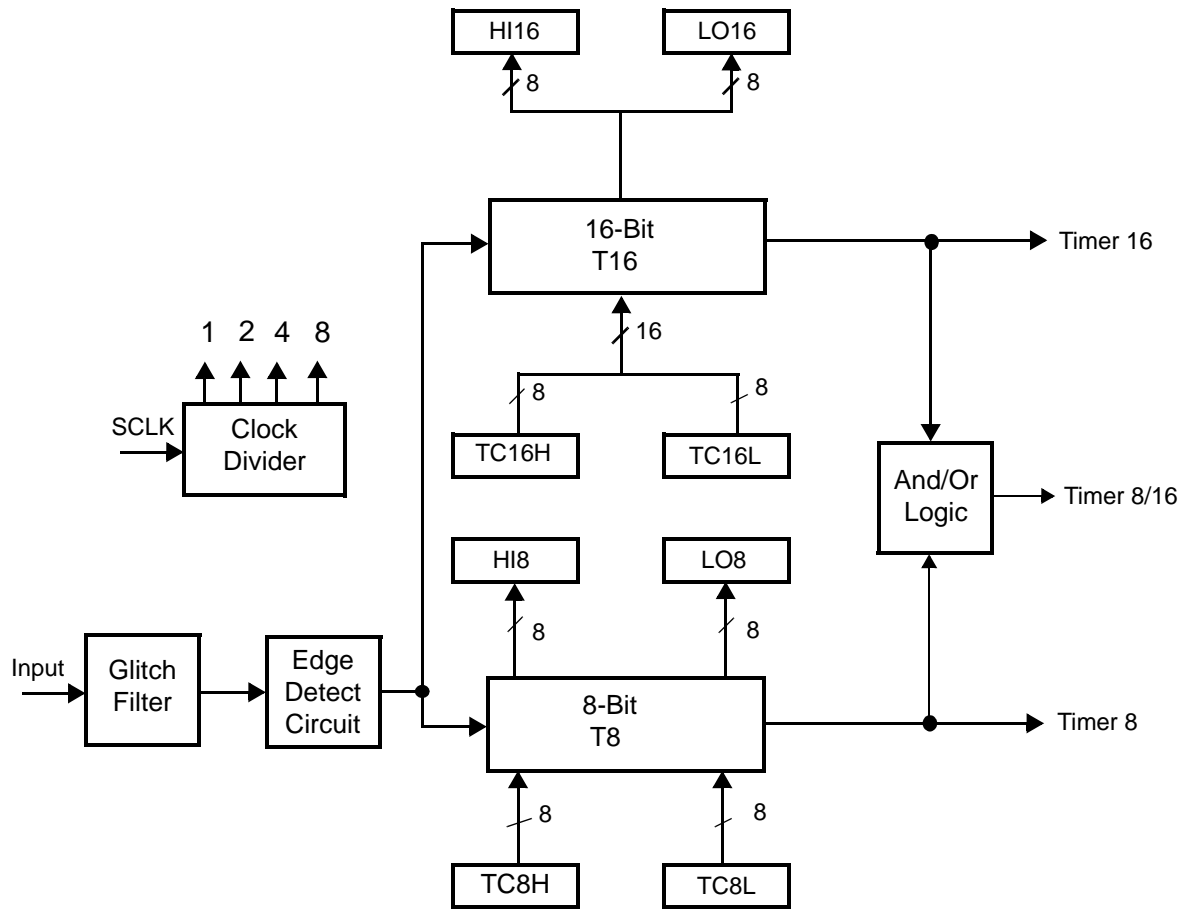
### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	16
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	20-DIP (0.300", 7.62mm)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323lsp2016c">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323lsp2016c</a>

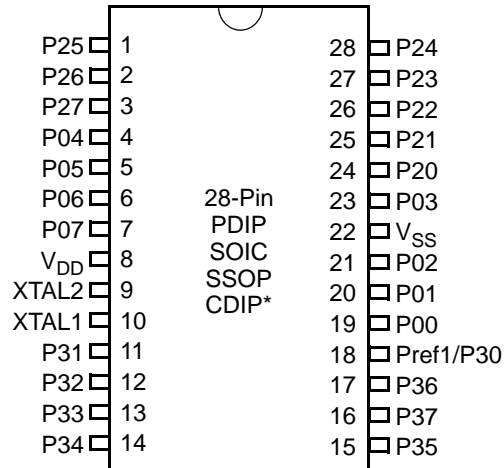


**Figure 2. Counter/Timers Diagram**

## Pin Description

The pin configuration for the 20-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP is illustrated in Figure 3 and described in Table 3. The pin configuration for the 28-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP are depicted in Figure 4 and described in Table 4. The pin configurations for the 40-pin PDIP and 48-pin SSOP versions are illustrated in Figure 5, Figure 6, and described in Table 5.

For customer engineering code development, a UV eraseable windowed cerdip packaging is offered in 20-pin, 28-pin, and 40-pin configurations. ZiLOG does not recommend nor guarantee these packages for use in production.



**Figure 4. 28-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP\* Pin Configuration**

**Table 4. 28-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP\* Pin Identification**

Pin	Symbol	Direction	Description
1-3	P25-P27	Input/Output	Port 2, Bits 5,6,7
4-7	P04-P07	Input/Output	Port 0, Bits 4,5,6,7
8	V <sub>DD</sub>		Power supply
9	XTAL2	Output	Crystal, oscillator clock
10	XTAL1	Input	Crystal, oscillator clock
11-13	P31-P33	Input	Port 3, Bits 1,2,3
14	P34	Output	Port 3, Bit 4
15	P35	Output	Port 3, Bit 5
16	P37	Output	Port 3, Bit 7
17	P36	Output	Port 3, Bit 6
18	Pref1/P30 Port 3 Bit 0	Input	Analog ref input; connect to V <sub>CC</sub> if not used Input for Pref1/P30
19-21	P00-P02	Input/Output	Port 0, Bits 0,1,2
22	V <sub>SS</sub>		Ground
23	P03	Input/Output	Port 0, Bit 3
24-28	P20-P24	Input/Output	Port 2, Bits 0-4

► **Note:** \*Windowed Cerdip. These units are intended to be used for engineering code development only. ZiLOG does not recommend/guarantee this package for production use.

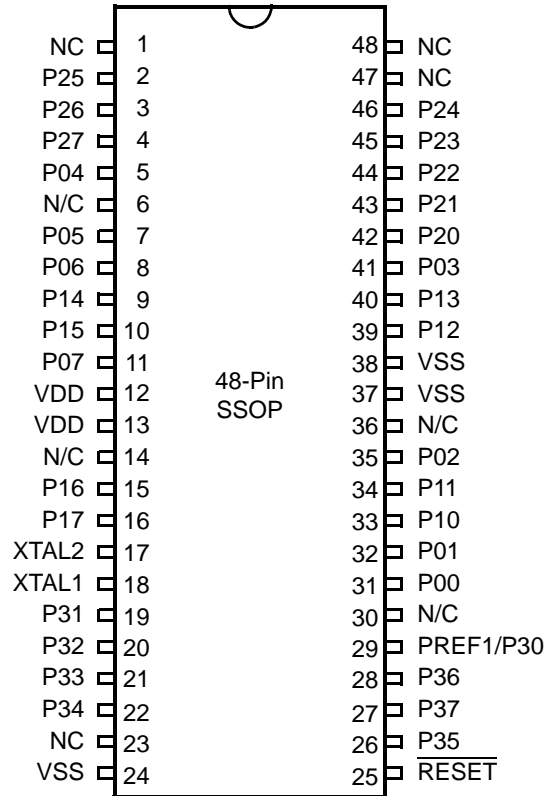


Figure 6. 48-Pin SSOP Pin Configuration

Table 5. 40- and 48-Pin Configuration

40-Pin PDIP/CDIP* #	48-Pin SSOP #	Symbol
26	31	P00
27	32	P01
30	35	P02
34	41	P03
5	5	P04
6	7	P05
7	8	P06
10	11	P07
28	33	P10
29	34	P11
32	39	P12

**Table 9. EPROM/OTP Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Erase Time	15			Minutes	1,3
	Data Retention @ use years		10		Years	2
	Program/Erase Endurance	25			Cycles	1

Notes:

1. For windowed cerdip package only.
2. Standard: 0°C to 70°C; Extended: -40°C to +105°C; Automotive: -40°C to +125°C.  
Determined using the Arrhenius model, which is an industry standard for estimating data retention of floating gate technologies:

$$AF = \exp[(Ea/k) * (1/Tuse - 1/TStress)]$$

Where:

Ea is the intrinsic activation energy (eV; typ. 0.8)

k is Boltzman's constant (8.67 x 10<sup>-5</sup> eV/°K)

°K = -273.16°C

Tuse = Use Temperature in °K

TStress = Stress Temperature in °K

3. At a stable UV Lamp output of 20mW/CM<sup>2</sup>

## Pin Functions

### XTAL1 Crystal 1 (Time-Based Input)

This pin connects a parallel-resonant crystal or ceramic resonator to the on-chip oscillator input. Additionally, an optional external single-phase clock can be coded to the on-chip oscillator input.

### XTAL2 Crystal 2 (Time-Based Output)

This pin connects a parallel-resonant crystal or ceramic resonator to the on-chip oscillator output.

### Port 0 (P07–P00)

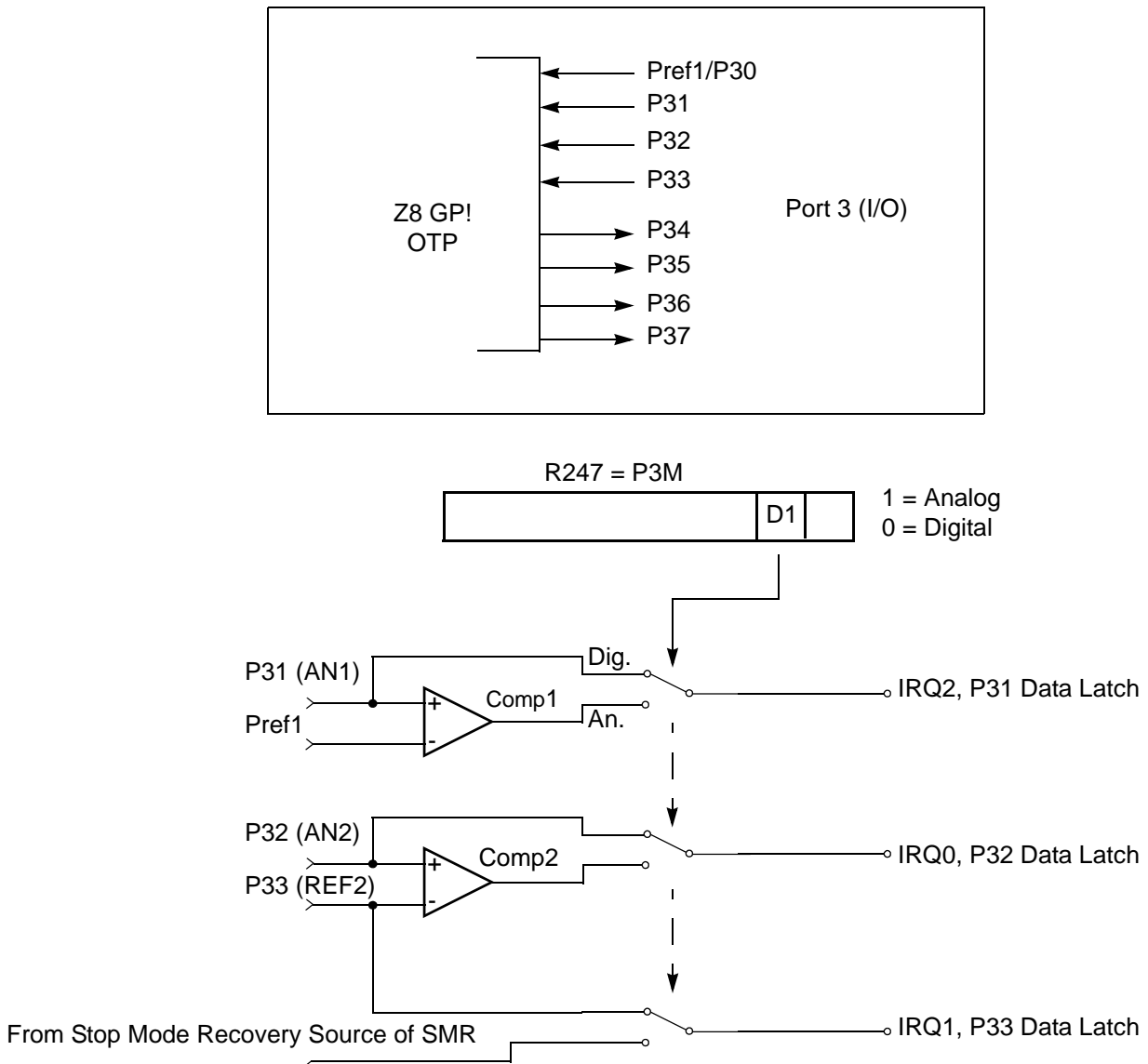
Port 0 is an 8-bit, bidirectional, CMOS-compatible port. These eight I/O lines are configured under software control as a nibble I/O port. The output drivers are push-pull or open-drain controlled by bit D2 in the PCON register.

If one or both nibbles are needed for I/O operation, they must be configured by writing to the Port 0 mode register. After a hardware reset, Port 0 is configured as an input port.

An optional pull-up transistor is available as a mask option on all Port 0 bits with nibble select.

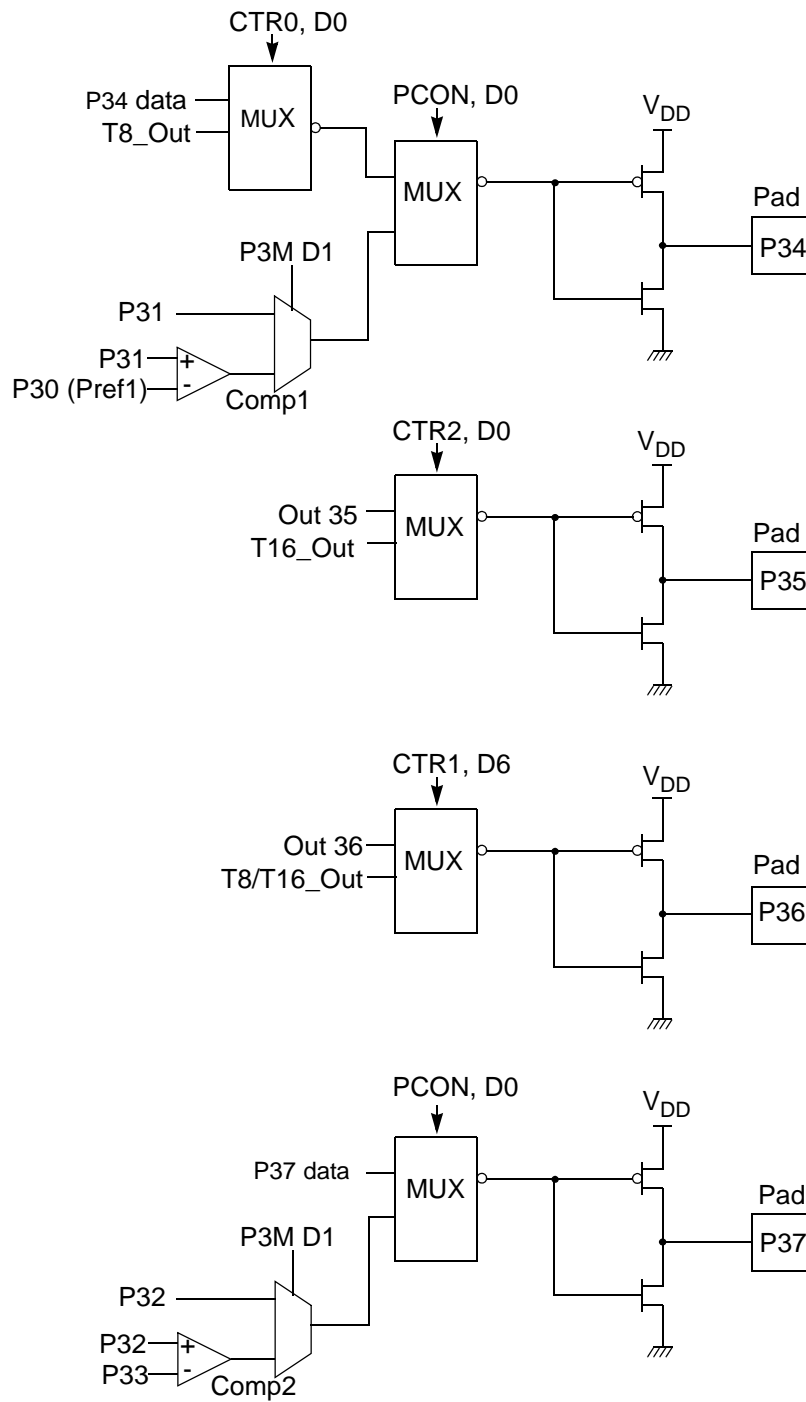
- **Notes:** Internal pull-ups are disabled on any given pin or group of port pins when programmed into output mode.

The Port 0 direction is reset to be input following an SMR.



**Figure 12. Port 3 Configuration**

Two on-board comparators process analog signals on P31 and P32, with reference to the voltage on Pref1 and P33. The analog function is enabled by programming the Port 3 Mode Register (bit 1). P31 and P32 are programmable as rising, falling, or both edge triggered interrupts (IRQ register bits 6 and 7). Pref1 and P33 are the comparator reference voltage inputs. Access to the Counter Timer edge-detection circuit is through P31 or P20 (see “T8 and T16 Common Functions—



**Figure 13. Port 3 Counter/Timer Output Configuration**



### Comparator Inputs

In analog mode, P31 and P32 have a comparator front end. The comparator reference is supplied to P33 and Pref1. In this mode, the P33 internal data latch and its corresponding IRQ1 are diverted to the SMR sources (excluding P31, P32, and P33) as indicated in Figure 12 on page 20. In digital mode, P33 is used as D3 of the Port 3 input register, which then generates IRQ1.

- **Note:** Comparators are powered down by entering Stop Mode. For P31–P33 to be used in a Stop Mode Recovery source, these inputs must be placed into digital mode.

### Comparator Outputs

These channels can be programmed to be output on P34 and P37 through the PCON register.

## RESET (Input, Active Low)

Reset initializes the MCU and is accomplished either through Power-On, Watch-Dog Timer, Stop Mode Recovery, Low-Voltage detection, or external reset. During Power-On Reset and Watch-Dog Timer Reset, the internally generated reset drives the reset pin Low for the POR time. Any devices driving the external reset line must be open-drain to avoid damage from a possible conflict during reset conditions. Pull-up is provided internally.

When the Z8 GP™ asserts (Low) the RESET pin, the internal pull-up is disabled. The Z8 GP™ does not assert the RESET pin when under VBO.

- **Note:** The external Reset does not initiate an exit from STOP mode.

## Functional Description

This device incorporates special functions to enhance the Z8®, functionality in consumer and battery-operated applications.

### Program Memory

This device addresses up to 32KB of OTP memory. The first 12 Bytes are reserved for interrupt vectors. These locations contain the six 16-bit vectors that correspond to the six available interrupts.

### RAM

This device features 256B of RAM. See Figure 14.

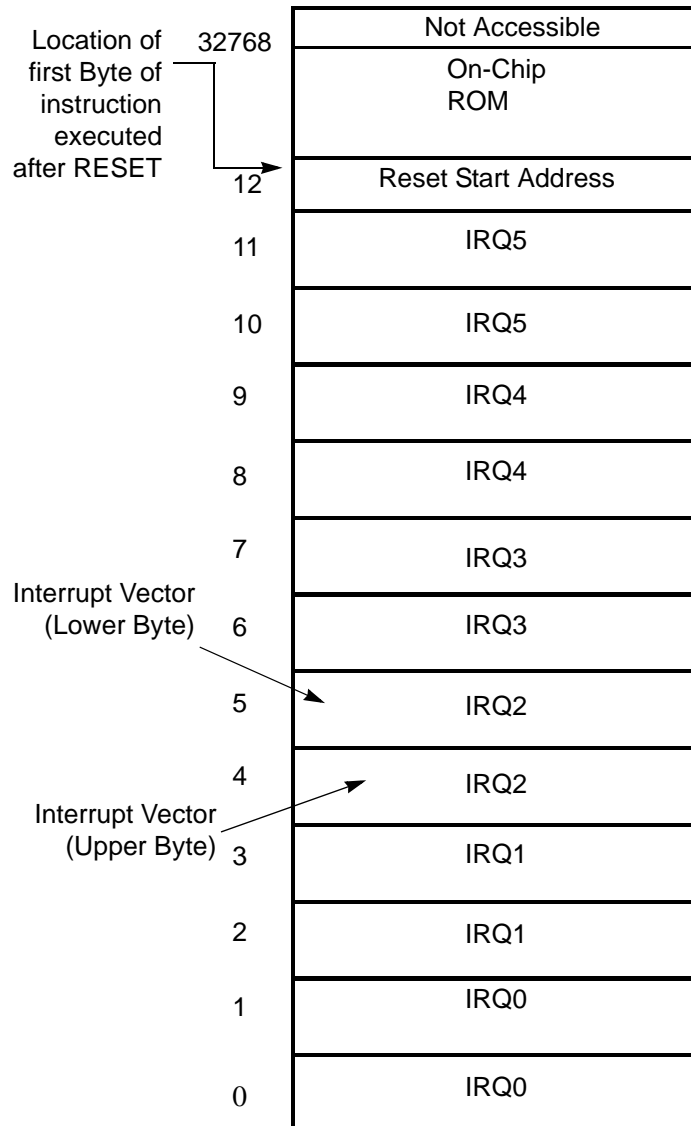


Figure 14. Program Memory Map (32K OTP)

## Expanded Register File

The register file has been expanded to allow for additional system control registers and for mapping of additional peripheral devices into the register address area. The Z8® register address space (R0 through R15) has been implemented as 16 banks, with 16 registers per bank. These register groups are known as the

### **T8/T16\_Logic/Edge \_Detect**

In TRANSMIT Mode, this field defines how the outputs of T8 and T16 are combined (AND, OR, NOR, NAND).

In DEMODULATION Mode, this field defines which edge should be detected by the edge detector.

### **Transmit\_Submode/Glitch Filter**

In Transmit Mode, this field defines whether T8 and T16 are in the PING-PONG mode or in independent normal operation mode. Setting this field to “NORMAL OPERATION Mode” terminates the “PING-PONG Mode” operation. When set to 10, T16 is immediately forced to a 0; a setting of 11 forces T16 to output a 1.

In DEMODULATION Mode, this field defines the width of the glitch that must be filtered out.

### **Initial\_T8\_Out/Rising\_Edge**

In TRANSMIT Mode, if 0, the output of T8 is set to 0 when it starts to count. If 1, the output of T8 is set to 1 when it starts to count. When the counter is not enabled and this bit is set to 1 or 0, T8\_OUT is set to the opposite state of this bit. This ensures that when the clock is enabled, a transition occurs to the initial state set by CTR1, D1.

In DEMODULATION Mode, this bit is set to 1 when a rising edge is detected in the input signal. In order to reset the mode, a 1 should be written to this location.

### **Initial\_T16 Out/Falling \_Edge**

In TRANSMIT Mode, if it is 0, the output of T16 is set to 0 when it starts to count. If it is 1, the output of T16 is set to 1 when it starts to count. This bit is effective only in Normal or PING-PONG Mode (CTR1, D3; D2). When the counter is not enabled and this bit is set, T16\_OUT is set to the opposite state of this bit. This ensures that when the clock is enabled, a transition occurs to the initial state set by CTR1, D0.

In DEMODULATION Mode, this bit is set to 1 when a falling edge is detected in the input signal. In order to reset it, a 1 should be written to this location.

- **Note:** Modifying CTR1 (D1 or D0) while the counters are enabled causes unpredictable output from T8/T16\_OUT.

### **CTR2 Counter/Timer 16 Control Register—CTR2(D)02H**

Table 14 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register.

### WDTMR During STOP (D3)

This bit determines whether or not the WDT is active during STOP Mode. Because the XTAL clock is stopped during STOP Mode, the on-board RC has to be selected as the clock source to the WDT/POR counter. A 1 indicates active during Stop. The default is 1.

### EPROM Selectable Options

There are seven EPROM Selectable Options to choose from based on ROM code requirements. These options are listed in Table 21.

**Table 21. EPROM Selectable Options**

Port 00–03 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 04–07 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 10–13 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 14–17 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 20–27 Pull-Ups	On/Off
EPROM Protection	On/Off
Watch-Dog Timer at Power-On Reset	On/Off

### Voltage Brown-Out/Standby

An on-chip Voltage Comparator checks that the  $V_{DD}$  is at the required level for correct operation of the device. Reset is globally driven when  $V_{DD}$  falls below  $V_{BO}$ . A small drop in  $V_{DD}$  causes the XTAL1 and XTAL2 circuitry to stop the crystal or resonator clock. If the  $V_{DD}$  is allowed to stay above  $V_{RAM}$ , the RAM content is preserved. When the power level is returned to above  $V_{BO}$ , the device performs a POR and functions normally.

CTR1(0D)01H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

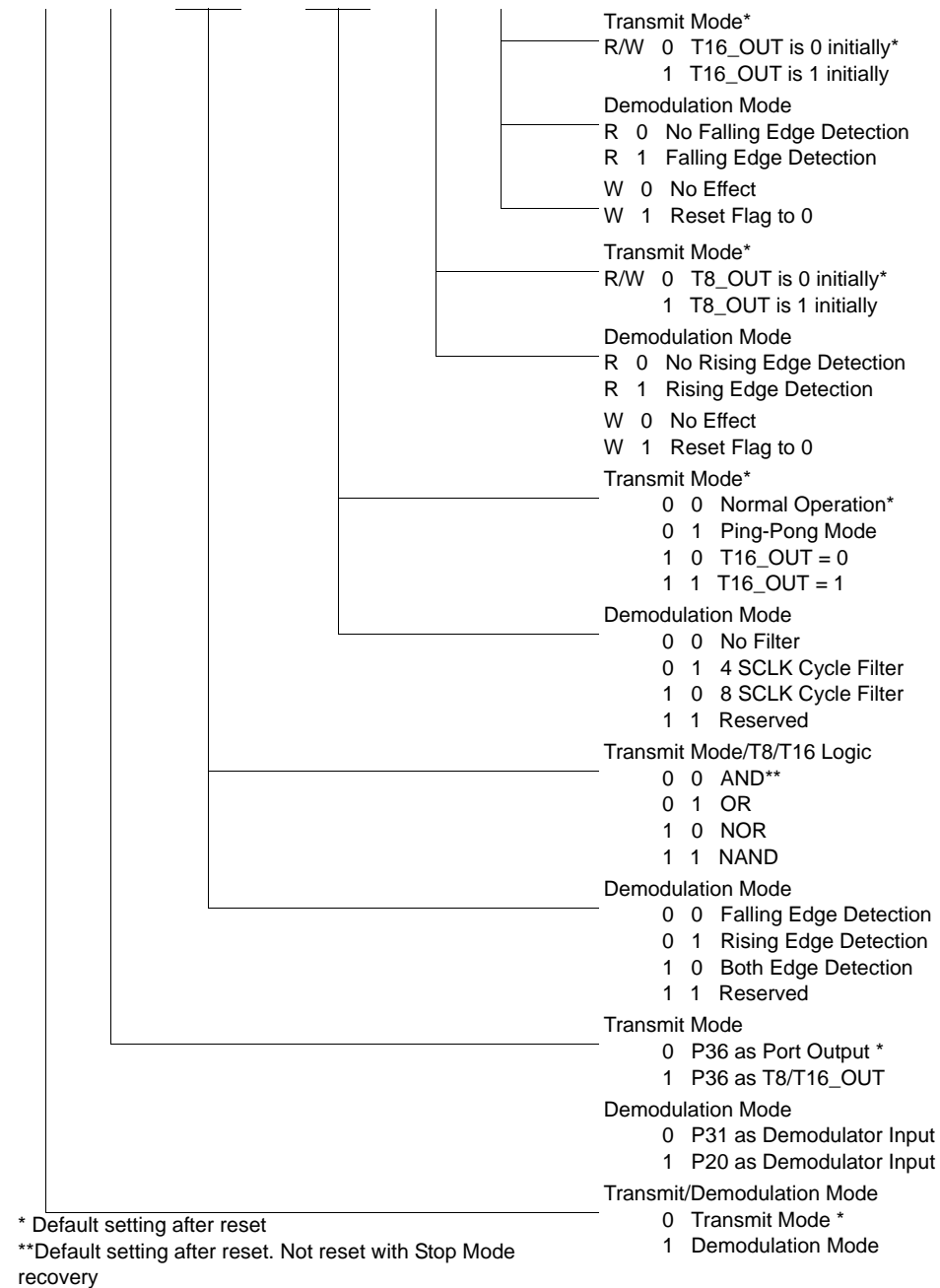
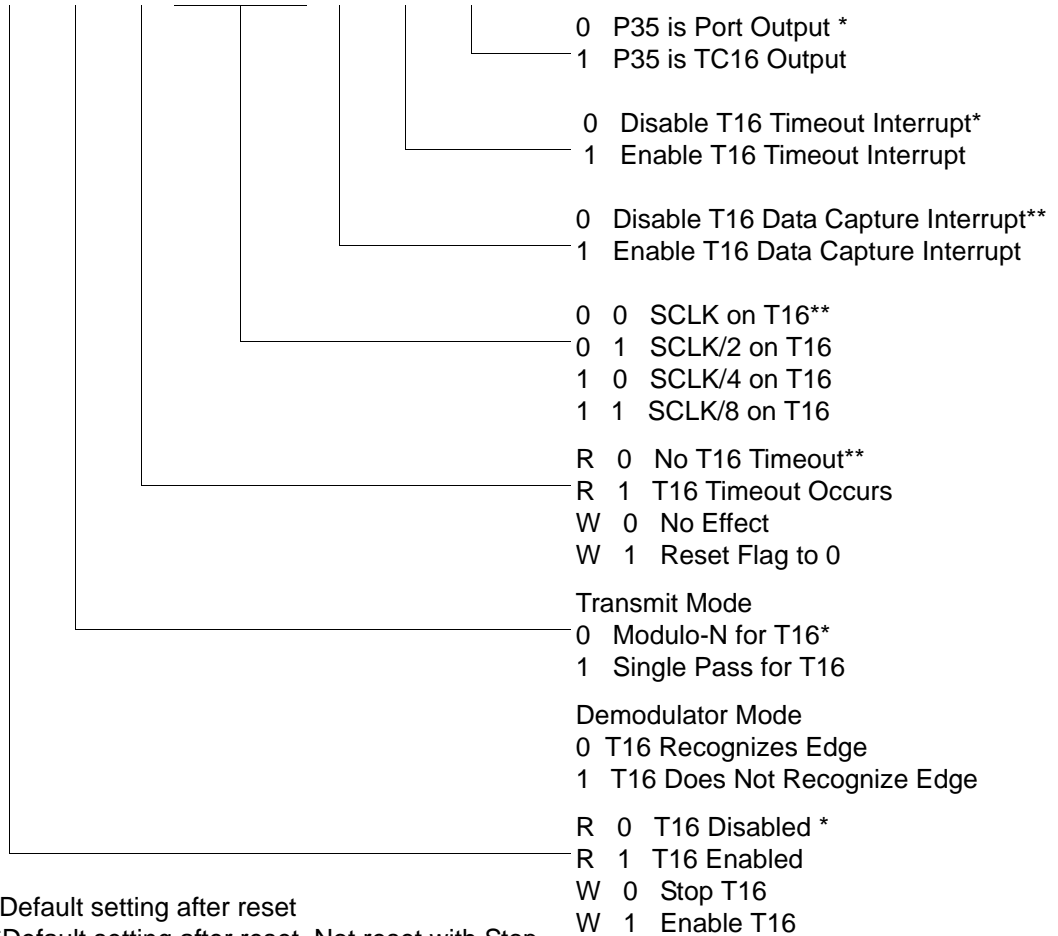


Figure 40. T8 and T16 Common Control Functions ((0D)01H: Read/Write)

CTR2(0D)02H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



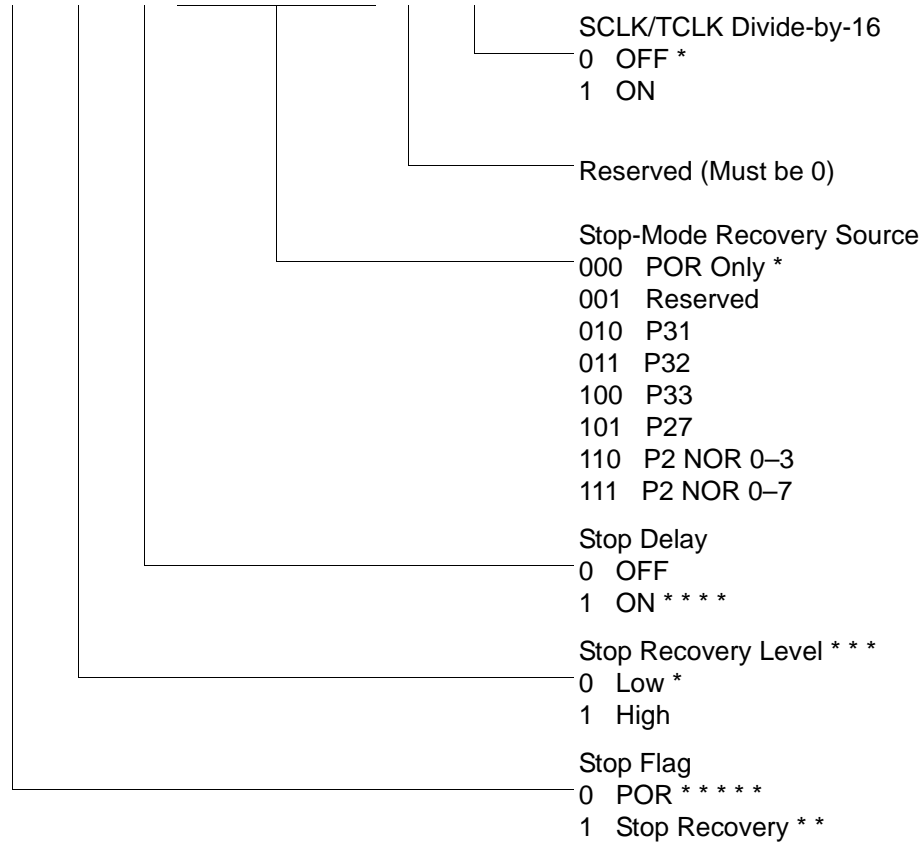
\* Default setting after reset

\*\*Default setting after reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

**Figure 41. T16 Control Register ((0D) 2H: Read/Write Except Where Noted)**

SMR(0F)0BH

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



\* Default setting after Reset

\* \* Set after STOP Mode Recovery

\* \* \* At the XOR gate input

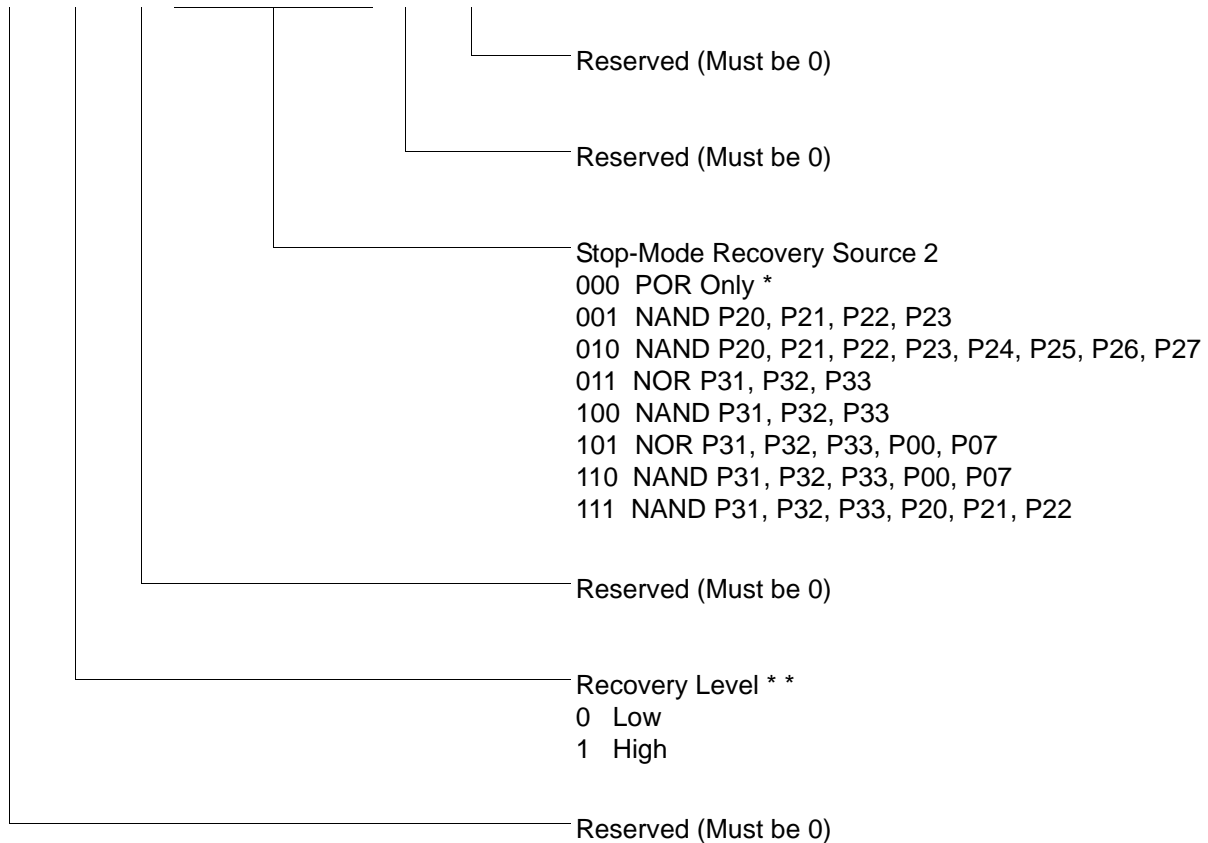
\* \* \* \* Default setting after Reset. Must be 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source.

\* \* \* \* \* Default setting after Power On Reset. Not Reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

**Figure 45. Stop Mode Recovery Register ((0F)0BH: D6–D0=Write Only, D7=Read Only)**

SMR2(0F)0DH

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



Note: If used in conjunction with SMR, either of the two specified events causes a Stop-Mode Recovery.

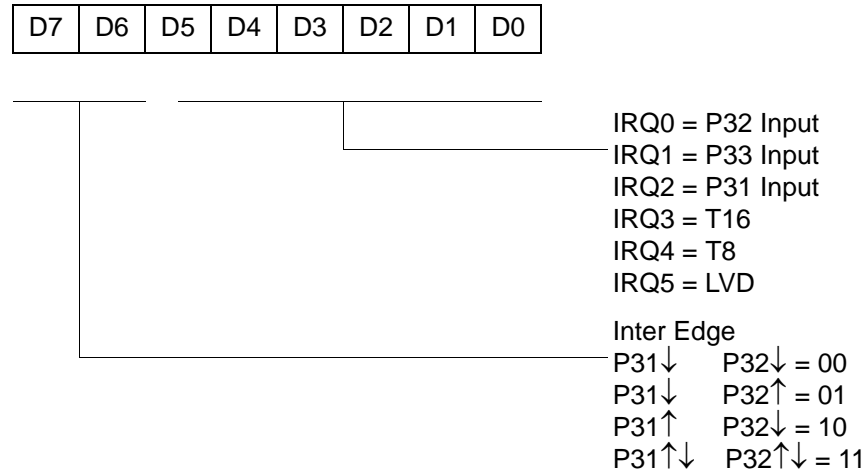
\* Default setting after reset

\* \* At the XOR gate input

Figure 46. Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 ((0F)0DH:D2–D4, D6 Write Only)

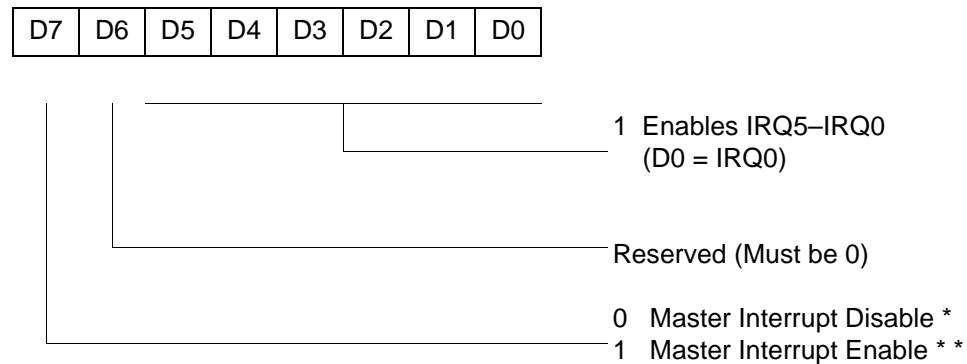


R250 IRQ(FAH)



**Figure 52. Interrupt Request Register (FAH: Read/Write)**

R251 IMR(FBH)

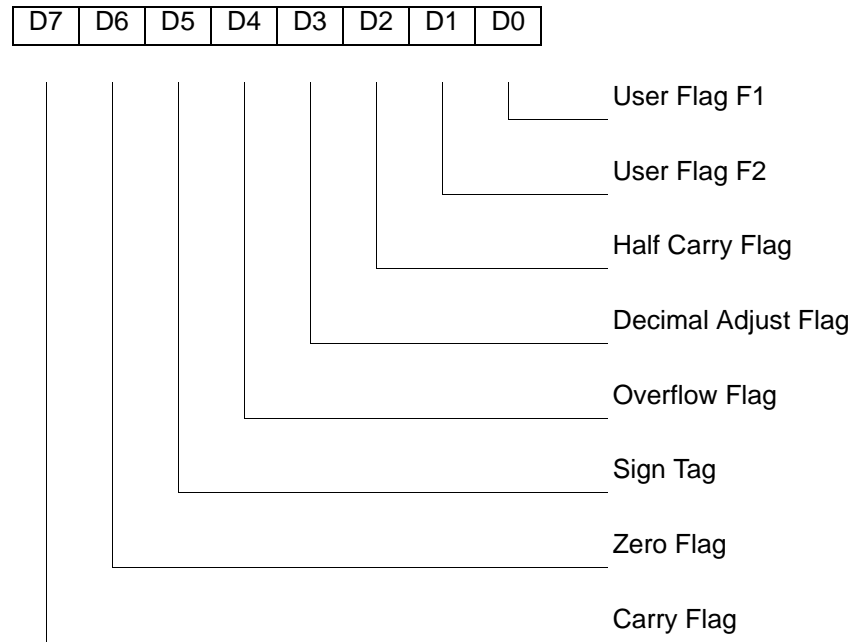


\* Default setting after reset

\*\* Only by using EI, DI instruction; DI is required before changing the IMR register

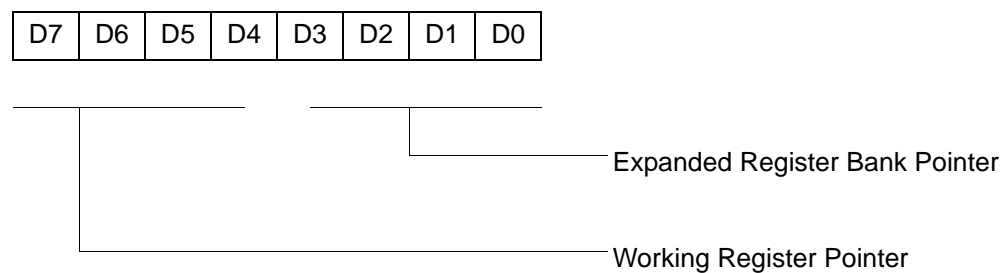
**Figure 53. Interrupt Mask Register (FBH: Read/Write)**

### R252 Flags(FCH)



**Figure 54. Flag Register (FCH: Read/Write)**

### R253 RP(FDH)



Default setting after reset = 0000 0000

**Figure 55. Register Pointer (FDH: Read/Write)**

## Ordering Information

<b>32KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C</b>			
<b>Part Number</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Part Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
ZGP323LSH4832C	48-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSS2832C	28-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LSP4032C	40-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSH2032C	20-pin SSOP 32K OTP
ZGP323LSH2832C	28-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSP2032C	20-pin PDIP 32K OTP
ZGP323LSP2832C	28-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSS2032C	20-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LSK2032E	20-pin CDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LSK4032E	40-pin CDIP 32K OTP
		ZGP323LSK2832E	28-pin CDIP 32K OTP
<b>32KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C</b>			
<b>Part Number</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Part Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
ZGP323LEH4832C	48-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LES2832C	28-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LEP4032C	40-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LEH2032C	20-pin SSOP 32K OTP
ZGP323LEH2832C	28-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LEP2032C	20-pin PDIP 32K OTP
ZGP323LEP2832C	28-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LES2032C	20-pin SOIC 32K OTP
<b>32KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C</b>			
<b>Part Number</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Part Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
ZGP323LAH4832C	48-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAS2832C	28-pin SOIC 32K OTP
ZGP323LAP4032C	40-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAH2032C	20-pin SSOP 32K OTP
ZGP323LAH2832C	28-pin SSOP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAP2032C	20-pin PDIP 32K OTP
ZGP323LAP2832C	28-pin PDIP 32K OTP	ZGP323LAS2032C	20-pin SOIC 32K OTP
Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging			

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**4KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C**

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LSH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSS2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323LSP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323LSH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323LSP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LSS2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

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**4KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C**

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LEH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LES2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323LEP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LEH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323LEH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LEP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323LEP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LES2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

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**4KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C**

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323LAH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAS2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323LAP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323LAH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323LAP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323LAS2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

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Note: Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging

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**Additional Components**

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323ICE01ZEM	Emulator/programmer	ZGP32300100ZPR	Programming System



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