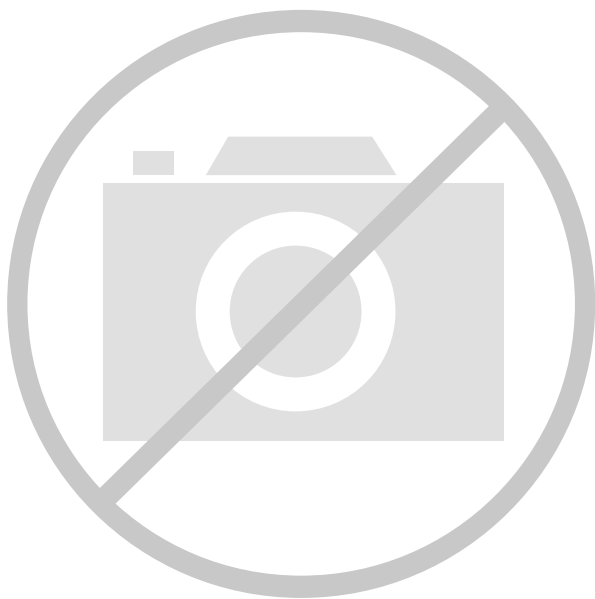




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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	768
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	111
Number of Gates	12000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-FPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx08-2fg144i

Chip Architecture

The SX family chip architecture provides a unique approach to module organization and chip routing that delivers the best register/logic mix for a wide variety of new and emerging applications.

Module Organization

Actel has arranged all C-cell and R-cell logic modules into horizontal banks called *clusters*. There are two types of *clusters*: Type 1 contains two C-cells and one R-cell, while Type 2 contains one C-cell and two R-cells.

To increase design efficiency and device performance, Actel has further organized these modules into *SuperClusters* (Figure 1-4). SuperCluster 1 is a two-wide grouping of Type 1 clusters. SuperCluster 2 is a two-wide group containing one Type 1 cluster and one Type 2 cluster. SX devices feature more SuperCluster 1 modules than SuperCluster 2 modules because designers typically require significantly more combinatorial logic than flip-flops.

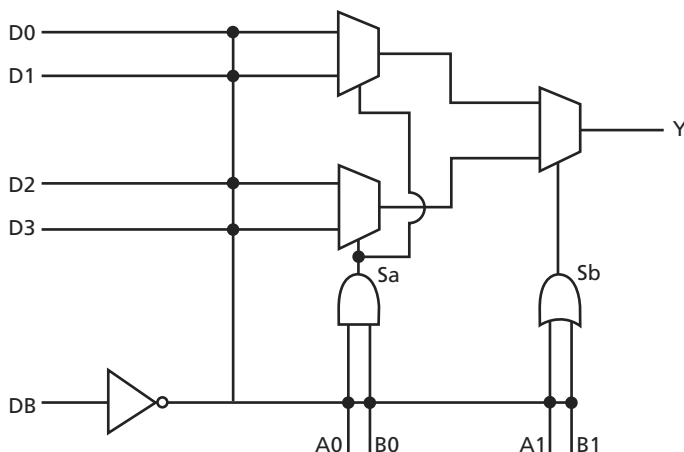


Figure 1-3 • C-Cell

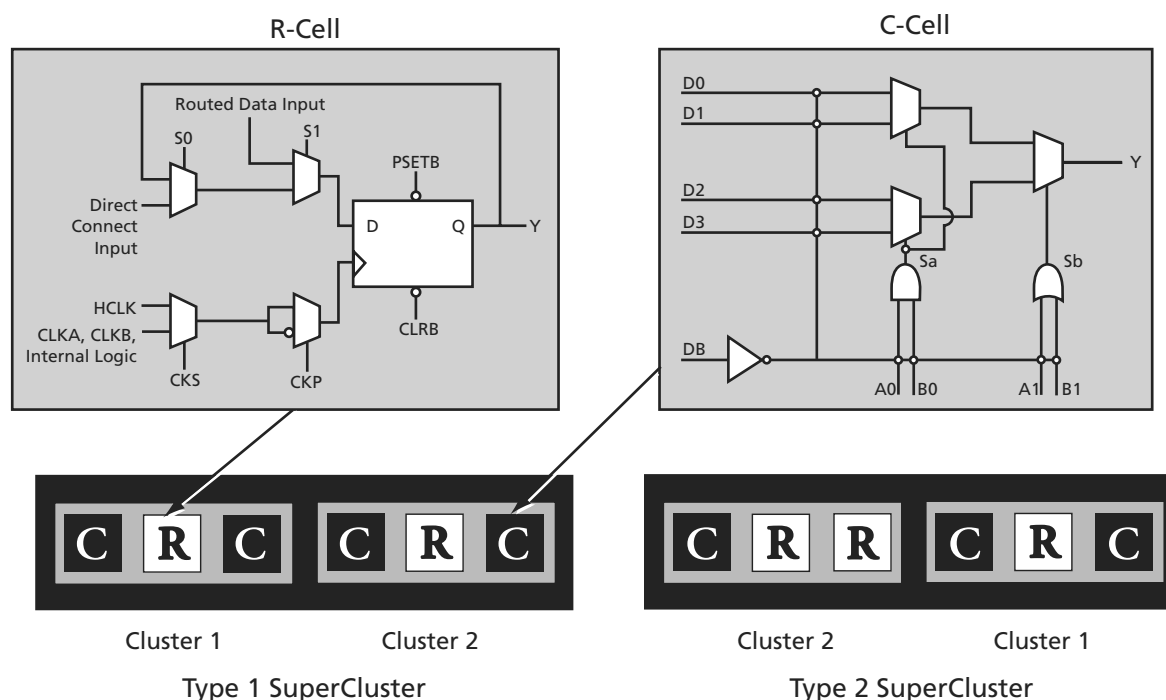


Figure 1-4 • Cluster Organization

Routing Resources

Clusters and SuperClusters can be connected through the use of two innovative local routing resources called *FastConnect* and *DirectConnect*, which enable extremely fast and predictable interconnection of modules within clusters and SuperClusters (Figure 1-5 and Figure 1-6). This routing architecture also dramatically reduces the number of antifuses required to complete a circuit, ensuring the highest possible performance.

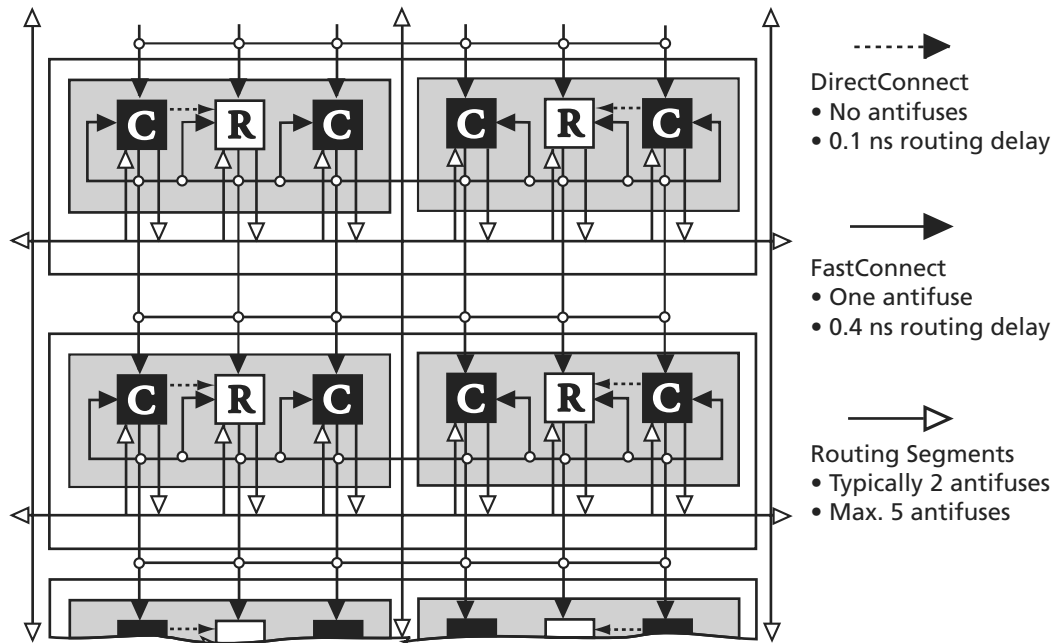


Figure 1-5 • DirectConnect and FastConnect for Type 1 SuperClusters

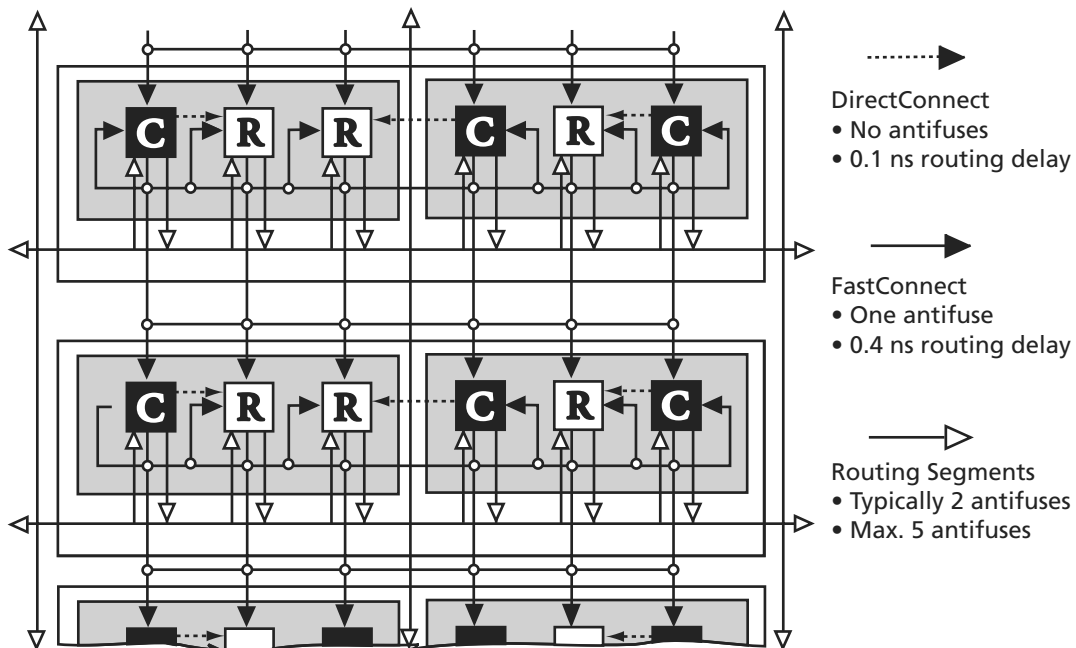


Figure 1-6 • DirectConnect and FastConnect for Type 2 SuperClusters

PCI Compliance for the SX Family

The SX family supports 3.3 V and 5.0 V PCI and is compliant with the PCI Local Bus Specification Rev. 2.1.

Table 1-6 • A54SX16P DC Specifications (5.0 V PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
V_{CCA}	Supply Voltage for Array		3.0	3.6	V
V_{CCR}	Supply Voltage required for Internal Biasing		4.75	5.25	V
V_{CCI}	Supply Voltage for I/Os		4.75	5.25	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage ¹		2.0	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage ¹		-0.5	0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input High Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 2.7$		70	μA
I_{IL}	Input Low Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0.5$		-70	μA
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OUT} = -2 \text{ mA}$	2.4		V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage ²	$I_{OUT} = 3 \text{ mA}, 6 \text{ mA}$		0.55	V
C_{IN}	Input Pin Capacitance ³			10	pF
C_{CLK}	CLK Pin Capacitance		5	12	pF
C_{IDSEL}	IDSEL Pin Capacitance ⁴			8	pF

Notes:

1. Input leakage currents include hi-Z output leakage for all bidirectional buffers with tristate outputs.
2. Signals without pull-up resistors must have 3 mA low output current. Signals requiring pull-up must have 6 mA; the latter include, FRAME#, IRDY#, TRDY#, DEVSEL#, STOP#, SERR#, PERR#, LOCK#, and, when used, AD[63::32], C/BE[7::4]#, PAR64, REQ64#, and ACK64#.
3. Absolute maximum pin capacitance for a PCI input is 10 pF (except for CLK).
4. Lower capacitance on this input-only pin allows for non-resistive coupling to AD[xx].

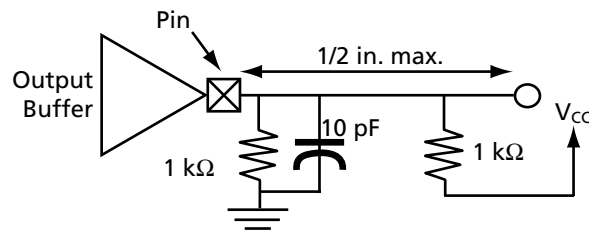
A54SX16P AC Specifications for (PCI Operation)

Table 1-7 • A54SX16P AC Specifications for (PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$I_{OH(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$0 < V_{OUT} \leq 1.4^1$	-44		mA
		$1.4 \leq V_{OUT} < 2.4^1, ^2$	$-44 + (V_{OUT} - 1.4)/0.024$		mA
		$3.1 < V_{OUT} < V_{CC}^{1, ^3}$		EQ 1-1 on page 1-11	
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 3.1^3$		-142	mA
$I_{OL(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$V_{OUT} \geq 2.2^1$	95		mA
		$2.2 > V_{OUT} > 0.55^1$	$V_{OUT}/0.023$		
		$0.71 > V_{OUT} > 0^{1, ^3}$		EQ 1-2 on page 1-11	mA
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.71^3$		206	mA
I_{CL}	Low Clamp Current	$-5 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	$-25 + (V_{IN} + 1)/0.015$		mA
$slew_R$	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.4 V to 2.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns
$slew_F$	Output Fall Slew Rate	2.4 V to 0.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns

Notes:

1. Refer to the *V_I* curves in Figure 1-9 on page 1-11. Switching current characteristics for REQ# and GNT# are permitted to be one half of that specified here; i.e., half-size output drivers may be used on these signals. This specification does not apply to CLK and RST#, which are system outputs. "Switching Current High" specifications are not relevant to SERR#, INTA#, INTB#, INTC#, and INTD#, which are open drain outputs.
2. Note that this segment of the minimum current curve is drawn from the AC drive point directly to the DC drive point rather than toward the voltage rail (as is done in the pull-down curve). This difference is intended to allow for an optional N-channel pull-up.
3. Maximum current requirements must be met as drivers pull beyond the last step voltage. Equations defining these maxima (A and B) are provided with the respective diagrams in Figure 1-9 on page 1-11. The equation defined maxima should be met by design. In order to facilitate component testing, a maximum current test point is defined for each side of the output driver.
4. This parameter is to be interpreted as the cumulative edge rate across the specified range, rather than the instantaneous rate at any point within the transition range. The specified load (diagram below) is optional; i.e., the designer may elect to meet this parameter with an unloaded output per revision 2.0 of the PCI Local Bus Specification. However, adherence to both maximum and minimum parameters is now required (the maximum is no longer simply a guideline). Since adherence to the maximum slew rate was not required prior to revision 2.1 of the specification, there may be components in the market for some time that have faster edge rates; therefore, motherboard designers must bear in mind that rise and fall times faster than this specification could occur, and should ensure that signal integrity modeling accounts for this. Rise slew rate does not apply to open drain outputs.



A54SX16P AC Specifications (3.3 V PCI Operation)

Table 1-9 • A54SX16P AC Specifications (3.3 V PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$I_{OH(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$0 < V_{OUT} \leq 0.3V_{CC}^1$			mA
		$0.3V_{CC} \leq V_{OUT} < 0.9V_{CC}^1$	$-12V_{CC}$		mA
		$0.7V_{CC} < V_{OUT} < V_{CC}^{1,2}$	$-17.1 + (V_{CC} - V_{OUT})$	EQ 1-3 on page 1-14	
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.7V_{CC}^2$		$-32V_{CC}$	mA
$I_{OL(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$V_{CC} > V_{OUT} \geq 0.6V_{CC}^1$			mA
		$0.6V_{CC} > V_{OUT} > 0.1V_{CC}^1$	$16V_{CC}$		mA
		$0.18V_{CC} > V_{OUT} > 0^{1,2}$	$26.7V_{OUT}$	EQ 1-4 on page 1-14	mA
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.18V_{CC}^2$		$38V_{CC}$	
I_{CL}	Low Clamp Current	$-3 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	$-25 + (V_{IN} + 1)/0.015$		mA
I_{CH}	High Clamp Current	$-3 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	$25 + (V_{IN} - V_{OUT} - 1)/0.015$		mA
$slew_R$	Output Rise Slew Rate ³	0.2V _{CC} to 0.6V _{CC} load	1	4	V/ns
$slew_F$	Output Fall Slew Rate ³	0.6V _{CC} to 0.2V _{CC} load	1	4	V/ns

Notes:

1. Refer to the V/I curves in Figure 1-10 on page 1-14. Switching current characteristics for REQ# and GNT# are permitted to be one half of that specified here; i.e., half size output drivers may be used on these signals. This specification does not apply to CLK and RST# which are system outputs. "Switching Current High" specification are not relevant to SERR#, INTA#, INTB#, INTC#, and INTD# which are open drain outputs.
2. Maximum current requirements must be met as drivers pull beyond the last step voltage. Equations defining these maximums (C and D) are provided with the respective diagrams in Figure 1-10 on page 1-14. The equation defined maxima should be met by design. In order to facilitate component testing, a maximum current test point is defined for each side of the output driver.
3. This parameter is to be interpreted as the cumulative edge rate across the specified range, rather than the instantaneous rate at any point within the transition range. The specified load (diagram below) is optional; i.e., the designer may elect to meet this parameter with an unloaded output per the latest revision of the PCI Local Bus Specification. However, adherence to both maximum and minimum parameters is required (the maximum is no longer simply a guideline). Rise slew rate does not apply to open drain outputs.

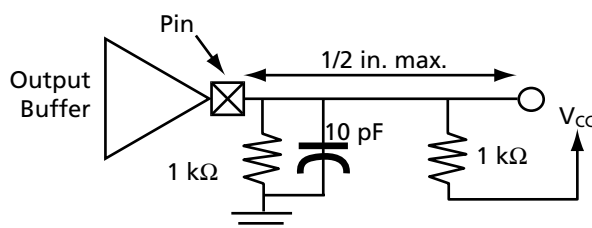


Figure 1-10 shows the 3.3 V PCI V/I curve and the minimum and maximum PCI drive characteristics of the A54SX16P device.

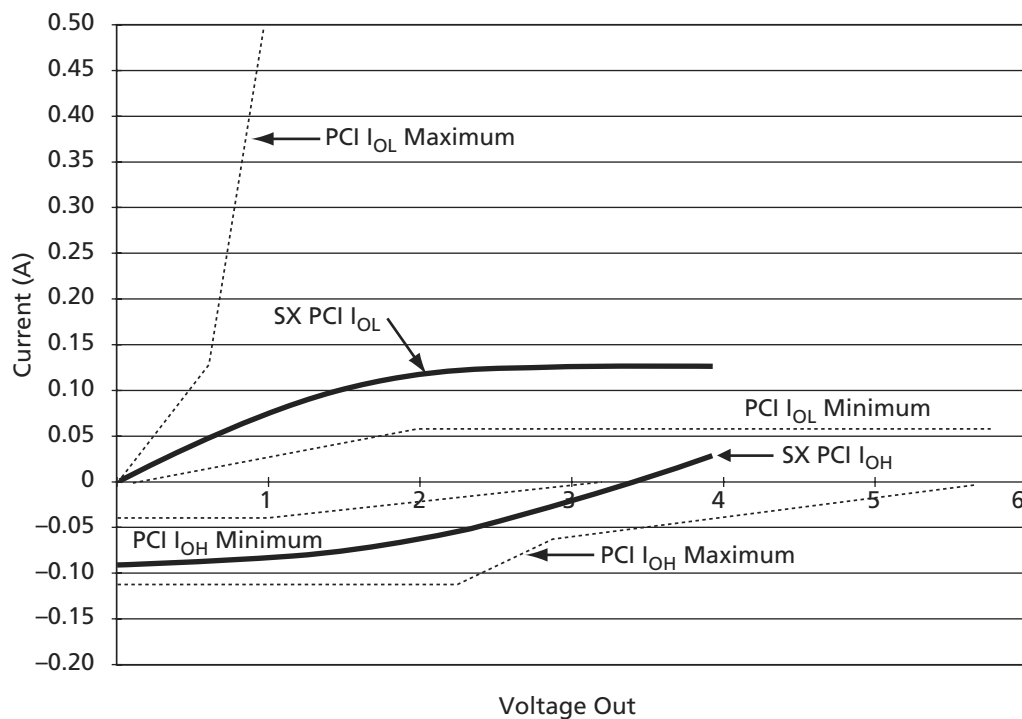


Figure 1-10 • 3.3 V PCI Curve for A54SX16P Device

$$I_{OH} = (98.0/V_{CC}) \times (V_{OUT} - V_{CC}) \times (V_{OUT} + 0.4V_{CC})$$

for $V_{CC} > V_{OUT} > 0.7 V_{CC}$

EQ 1-3

$$I_{OL} = (256/V_{CC}) \times V_{OUT} \times (V_{CC} - V_{OUT})$$

for $0 V < V_{OUT} < 0.18 V_{CC}$

EQ 1-4

Evaluating Power in SX Devices

A critical element of system reliability is the ability of electronic devices to safely dissipate the heat generated during operation. The thermal characteristics of a circuit depend on the device and package used, the operating temperature, the operating current, and the system's ability to dissipate heat.

You should complete a power evaluation early in the design process to help identify potential heat-related problems in the system and to prevent the system from exceeding the device's maximum allowed junction temperature.

The actual power dissipated by most applications is significantly lower than the power the package can dissipate. However, a thermal analysis should be performed for all projects. To perform a power evaluation, follow these steps:

1. Estimate the power consumption of the application.
2. Calculate the maximum power allowed for the device and package.
3. Compare the estimated power and maximum power values.

Estimating Power Consumption

The total power dissipation for the SX family is the sum of the DC power dissipation and the AC power dissipation. Use EQ 1-5 to calculate the estimated power consumption of your application.

$$P_{\text{Total}} = P_{\text{DC}} + P_{\text{AC}}$$

EQ 1-5

DC Power Dissipation

The power due to standby current is typically a small component of the overall power. The Standby power is shown in Table 1-12 for commercial, worst-case conditions (70°C).

Table 1-12 • Standby Power

I _{CC}	V _{CC}	Power
4 mA	3.6 V	14.4 mW

The DC power dissipation is defined in EQ 1-6.

$$P_{\text{DC}} = (I_{\text{standby}}) \times V_{\text{CCA}} + (I_{\text{standby}}) \times V_{\text{CCR}} + (I_{\text{standby}}) \times V_{\text{CCI}} + xV_{\text{OL}} \times I_{\text{OL}} + y(V_{\text{CCI}} - V_{\text{OH}}) \times V_{\text{OH}}$$

EQ 1-6

AC Power Dissipation

The power dissipation of the SX Family is usually dominated by the dynamic power dissipation. Dynamic power dissipation is a function of frequency, equivalent capacitance, and power supply voltage. The AC power dissipation is defined in EQ 1-7 and EQ 1-8.

$$P_{\text{AC}} = P_{\text{Module}} + P_{\text{RCLKA Net}} + P_{\text{RCLKB Net}} + P_{\text{HCLK Net}} + P_{\text{Output Buffer}} + P_{\text{Input Buffer}}$$

EQ 1-7

$$P_{\text{AC}} = V_{\text{CCA}}^2 \times [(m \times C_{\text{EQM}} \times f_m)_{\text{Module}} + (n \times C_{\text{EQI}} \times f_n)_{\text{Input Buffer}} + (p \times (C_{\text{EQO}} + C_L) \times f_p)_{\text{Output Buffer}} + (0.5 \times (q_1 \times C_{\text{EQCR}} \times f_{q1}) + (r_1 \times f_{q1}))_{\text{RCLKA}} + (0.5 \times (q_2 \times C_{\text{EQCR}} \times f_{q2}) + (r_2 \times f_{q2}))_{\text{RCLKB}} + (0.5 \times (s_1 \times C_{\text{EQHV}} \times f_{s1}) + (C_{\text{EQHF}} \times f_{s1}))_{\text{HCLK}}]$$

EQ 1-8

Definition of Terms Used in Formula

- m = Number of logic modules switching at f_m
- n = Number of input buffers switching at f_n
- p = Number of output buffers switching at f_p
- q₁ = Number of clock loads on the first routed array clock
- q₂ = Number of clock loads on the second routed array clock
- x = Number of I/Os at logic low
- y = Number of I/Os at logic high
- r₁ = Fixed capacitance due to first routed array clock
- r₂ = Fixed capacitance due to second routed array clock
- s₁ = Number of clock loads on the dedicated array clock
- C_{EQM} = Equivalent capacitance of logic modules in pF
- C_{EQI} = Equivalent capacitance of input buffers in pF
- C_{EQO} = Equivalent capacitance of output buffers in pF
- C_{EQCR} = Equivalent capacitance of routed array clock in pF
- C_{EQHV} = Variable capacitance of dedicated array clock
- C_{EQHF} = Fixed capacitance of dedicated array clock
- C_L = Output lead capacitance in pF
- f_m = Average logic module switching rate in MHz
- f_n = Average input buffer switching rate in MHz
- f_p = Average output buffer switching rate in MHz
- f_{q1} = Average first routed array clock rate in MHz
- f_{q2} = Average second routed array clock rate in MHz
- f_{s1} = Average dedicated array clock rate in MHz

Table 1-18 • A54SX16 Timing Characteristics (Continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Network										
t _{HCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (pad to R-Cell input)	1.2		1.4		1.5		1.8		ns
t _{HCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (pad to R-Cell input)	1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.2		0.2		0.3		0.3		ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.7		3.1		3.6		4.2		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	350		320		280		240		MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks										
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.1		2.5		2.8		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.1		2.4		2.8		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width HIGH	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width LOW	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (light load)	0.5		0.5		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% load)	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% load)	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
TTL Output Module Timing ³										
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad LOW to HIGH	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad HIGH to LOW	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1		2.4		2.8		3.2		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.3		2.7		3.1		3.6		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		ns

Notes:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading, except t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} . For t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} , the loading is 5 pF.

Table 1-19 • A54SX16P Timing Characteristics (Continued)

(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Network										
t _{HCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (pad to R-Cell input)	1.2		1.4		1.5		1.8		ns
t _{HCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (pad to R-Cell input)	1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.2		0.2		0.3		0.3		ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.7		3.1		3.6		4.2		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	350		320		280		240		MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks										
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (Light Load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.1		2.5		2.8		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.1		2.4		2.8		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width HIGH	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width LOW	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (light load)	0.5		0.5		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% load)	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% load)	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
TTL Output Module Timing										
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad LOW to HIGH	2.4		2.8		3.1		3.7		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad HIGH to LOW	2.3		2.9		3.2		3.8		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	3.0		3.4		3.9		4.6		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	3.3		3.8		4.3		5.0		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.3		2.7		3.0		3.5		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.8		3.2		3.7		4.3		ns

Note:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.
- Delays based on 10 pF loading.

208-Pin PQFP

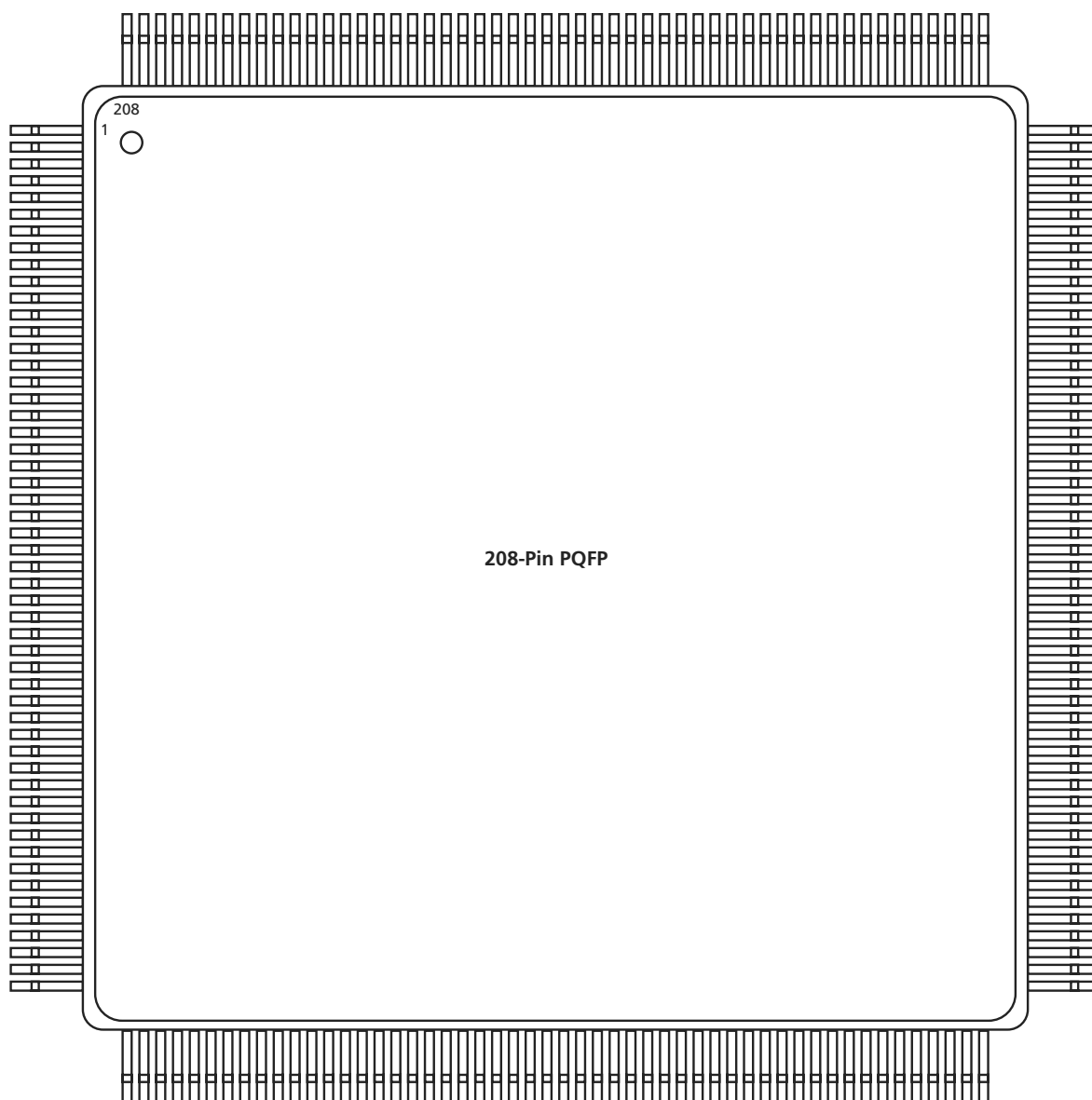


Figure 2-2 • 208-Pin PQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	TMS	TMS	TMS
10	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
11	GND	GND	GND
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
20	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	GND	GND	GND
29	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
30	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	GND	GND	GND

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	I/O	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
57	GND	GND	GND
58	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
61	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
69	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	I/O	I/O
71	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	NC	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O
10	TMS	TMS	TMS
11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
12	NC	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O
21	GND	GND	GND
22	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
23	GND	GND	GND
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
33	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
34	I/O	I/O	I/O

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	NC	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	NC	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	GND	GND	GND
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	NC	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	NC	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
65	GND	GND	GND
66	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
67	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
68	I/O	I/O	I/O

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
69	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
70	I/O	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O
79	NC	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O	I/O
81	NC	I/O	I/O
82	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	GND	GND	GND
90	NC	I/O	I/O
91	NC	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
99	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
100	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	I/O	I/O	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
103	I/O	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	I/O	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	GND	GND	GND
109	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
110	GND	GND	GND
111	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	I/O	I/O	I/O
115	I/O	I/O	I/O
116	I/O	I/O	I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	NC	I/O	I/O
119	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	NC	I/O	I/O
121	NC	I/O	I/O
122	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
123	GND	GND	GND
124	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
125	I/O	I/O	I/O
126	I/O	I/O	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	I/O	I/O	I/O
130	I/O	I/O	I/O
131	NC	I/O	I/O
132	NC	I/O	I/O
133	GND	GND	GND
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function
1	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	TMS	TMS
8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
9	GND	GND
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O
34	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function
35	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
36	GND	GND
37	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
38	I/O	I/O
39	HCLK	HCLK
40	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O
49	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
50	I/O	I/O
51	GND	GND
52	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O
57	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
58	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
59	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O
67	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
68	GND	GND

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function
69	GND	GND
70	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O
79	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O
82	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
83	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O
87	CLKA	CLKA
88	CLKB	CLKB
89	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
90	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
91	GND	GND
92	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
93	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O
100	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

313-Pin PBGA		313-Pin PBGA		313-Pin PBGA		313-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
A1	GND	AC5	I/O	B10	I/O	E15	I/O
A3	NC	AC7	I/O	B12	I/O	E17	I/O
A5	I/O	AC9	I/O	B14	I/O	E19	I/O
A7	I/O	AC11	I/O	B16	I/O	E21	I/O
A9	I/O	AC13	V _{CCR}	B18	I/O	E23	I/O
A11	I/O	AC15	I/O	B20	I/O	E25	I/O
A13	V _{CCR}	AC17	I/O	B22	I/O	F2	I/O
A15	I/O	AC19	I/O	B24	I/O	F4	I/O
A17	I/O	AC21	I/O	C1	TDI, I/O	F6	NC
A19	I/O	AC23	I/O	C3	I/O	F8	I/O
A21	I/O	AC25	NC	C5	NC	F10	NC
A23	NC	AD2	GND	C7	I/O	F12	I/O
A25	GND	AD4	I/O	C9	I/O	F14	I/O
AA1	I/O	AD6	V _{CCI}	C11	I/O	F16	NC
AA3	I/O	AD8	I/O	C13	V _{CCI}	F18	I/O
AA5	NC	AD10	I/O	C15	I/O	F20	I/O
AA7	I/O	AD12	PRB, I/O	C17	I/O	F22	I/O
AA9	NC	AD14	I/O	C19	V _{CCI}	F24	I/O
AA11	I/O	AD16	I/O	C21	I/O	G1	I/O
AA13	I/O	AD18	I/O	C23	I/O	G3	TMS
AA15	I/O	AD20	I/O	C25	NC	G5	I/O
AA17	I/O	AD22	NC	D2	I/O	G7	I/O
AA19	I/O	AD24	I/O	D4	NC	G9	V _{CCI}
AA21	I/O	AE1	NC	D6	I/O	G11	I/O
AA23	NC	AE3	I/O	D8	I/O	G13	CLKB
AA25	I/O	AE5	I/O	D10	I/O	G15	I/O
AB2	NC	AE7	I/O	D12	I/O	G17	I/O
AB4	NC	AE9	I/O	D14	I/O	G19	I/O
AB6	I/O	AE11	I/O	D16	I/O	G21	I/O
AB8	I/O	AE13	V _{CCA}	D18	I/O	G23	I/O
AB10	I/O	AE15	I/O	D20	I/O	G25	I/O
AB12	I/O	AE17	I/O	D22	I/O	H2	I/O
AB14	I/O	AE19	I/O	D24	NC	H4	I/O
AB16	I/O	AE21	I/O	E1	I/O	H6	I/O
AB18	V _{CCI}	AE23	TDO, I/O	E3	NC	H8	I/O
AB20	NC	AE25	GND	E5	I/O	H10	I/O
AB22	I/O	B2	TCK, I/O	E7	I/O	H12	PRA, I/O
AB24	I/O	B4	I/O	E9	I/O	H14	I/O
AC1	I/O	B6	I/O	E11	I/O	H16	I/O
AC3	I/O	B8	I/O	E13	V _{CCA}	H18	NC

313-Pin PBGA		313-Pin PBGA		313-Pin PBGA		313-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
H20	I/O	L25	I/O	R5	I/O	V10	I/O
H22	V _{CCI}	M2	I/O	R7	I/O	V12	I/O
H24	I/O	M4	I/O	R9	I/O	V14	I/O
J1	I/O	M6	I/O	R11	I/O	V16	NC
J3	I/O	M8	I/O	R13	GND	V18	I/O
J5	I/O	M10	I/O	R15	I/O	V20	I/O
J7	NC	M12	GND	R17	I/O	V22	V _{CCA}
J9	I/O	M14	GND	R19	I/O	V24	V _{CCI}
J11	I/O	M16	V _{CCI}	R21	I/O	W1	I/O
J13	CLKA	M18	I/O	R23	I/O	W3	I/O
J15	I/O	M20	I/O	R25	I/O	W5	I/O
J17	I/O	M22	I/O	T2	I/O	W7	NC
J19	I/O	M24	I/O	T4	I/O	W9	I/O
J21	GND	N1	I/O	T6	I/O	W11	I/O
J23	I/O	N3	V _{CCA}	T8	I/O	W13	V _{CCI}
J25	I/O	N5	V _{CCR}	T10	I/O	W15	I/O
K2	I/O	N7	I/O	T12	I/O	W17	I/O
K4	I/O	N9	V _{CCI}	T14	HCLK	W19	I/O
K6	I/O	N11	GND	T16	I/O	W21	I/O
K8	V _{CCI}	N13	GND	T18	I/O	W23	I/O
K10	I/O	N15	GND	T20	I/O	W25	I/O
K12	I/O	N17	I/O	T22	I/O	Y2	I/O
K14	I/O	N19	I/O	T24	I/O	Y4	I/O
K16	I/O	N21	I/O	U1	I/O	Y6	I/O
K18	I/O	N23	V _{CCR}	U3	I/O	Y8	I/O
K20	V _{CCA}	N25	V _{CCA}	U5	V _{CCI}	Y10	I/O
K22	I/O	P2	I/O	U7	I/O	Y12	I/O
K24	I/O	P4	I/O	U9	I/O	Y14	I/O
L1	I/O	P6	I/O	U11	I/O	Y16	I/O
L3	I/O	P8	I/O	U13	I/O	Y18	I/O
L5	I/O	P10	I/O	U15	I/O	Y20	NC
L7	I/O	P12	GND	U17	I/O	Y22	I/O
L9	I/O	P14	GND	U19	I/O	Y24	NC
L11	I/O	P16	I/O	U21	I/O		
L13	GND	P18	I/O	U23	I/O		
L15	I/O	P20	NC	U25	I/O		
L17	I/O	P22	I/O	V2	V _{CCA}		
L19	I/O	P24	I/O	V4	I/O		
L21	I/O	R1	I/O	V6	I/O		
L23	I/O	R3	I/O	V8	I/O		

329-Pin PBGA

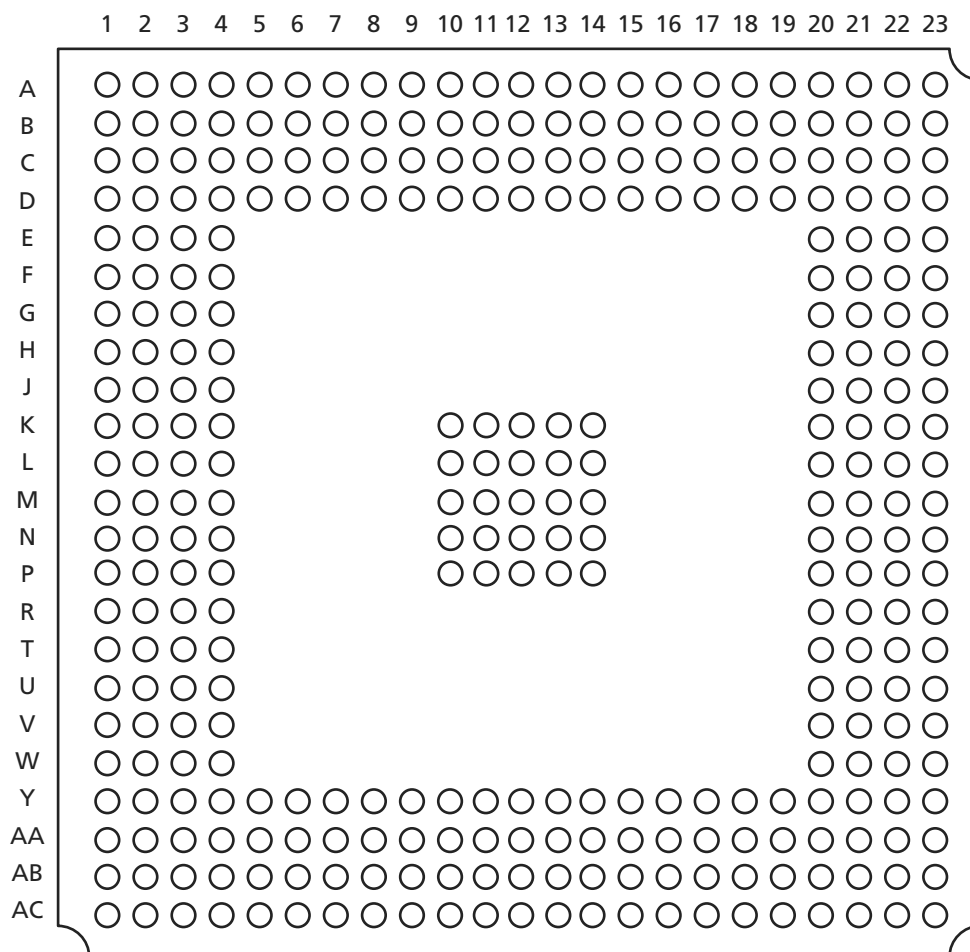


Figure 2-7 • 329-Pin PBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
A1	GND	AA13	I/O	AC2	V _{CCI}	B14	I/O
A2	GND	AA14	I/O	AC3	NC	B15	I/O
A3	V _{CCI}	AA15	I/O	AC4	I/O	B16	I/O
A4	NC	AA16	I/O	AC5	I/O	B17	I/O
A5	I/O	AA17	I/O	AC6	I/O	B18	I/O
A6	I/O	AA18	I/O	AC7	I/O	B19	I/O
A7	V _{CCI}	AA19	I/O	AC8	I/O	B20	I/O
A8	NC	AA20	TDO, I/O	AC9	V _{CCI}	B21	I/O
A9	I/O	AA21	V _{CCI}	AC10	I/O	B22	GND
A10	I/O	AA22	I/O	AC11	I/O	B23	V _{CCI}
A11	I/O	AA23	V _{CCI}	AC12	I/O	C1	NC
A12	I/O	AB1	I/O	AC13	I/O	C2	TDI, I/O
A13	CLKB	AB2	GND	AC14	I/O	C3	GND
A14	I/O	AB3	I/O	AC15	NC	C4	I/O
A15	I/O	AB4	I/O	AC16	I/O	C5	I/O
A16	I/O	AB5	I/O	AC17	I/O	C6	I/O
A17	I/O	AB6	I/O	AC18	I/O	C7	I/O
A18	I/O	AB7	I/O	AC19	I/O	C8	I/O
A19	I/O	AB8	I/O	AC20	I/O	C9	I/O
A20	I/O	AB9	I/O	AC21	NC	C10	I/O
A21	NC	AB10	I/O	AC22	V _{CCI}	C11	I/O
A22	V _{CCI}	AB11	PRB, I/O	AC23	GND	C12	I/O
A23	GND	AB12	I/O	B1	V _{CCI}	C13	I/O
AA1	V _{CCI}	AB13	HCLK	B2	GND	C14	I/O
AA2	I/O	AB14	I/O	B3	I/O	C15	I/O
AA3	GND	AB15	I/O	B4	I/O	C16	I/O
AA4	I/O	AB16	I/O	B5	I/O	C17	I/O
AA5	I/O	AB17	I/O	B6	I/O	C18	I/O
AA6	I/O	AB18	I/O	B7	I/O	C19	I/O
AA7	I/O	AB19	I/O	B8	I/O	C20	I/O
AA8	I/O	AB20	I/O	B9	I/O	C21	V _{CCI}
AA9	I/O	AB21	I/O	B10	I/O	C22	GND
AA10	I/O	AB22	GND	B11	I/O	C23	NC
AA11	I/O	AB23	I/O	B12	PRA, I/O	D1	I/O
AA12	I/O	AC1	GND	B13	CLKA	D2	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
T22	I/O
T23	I/O
U1	I/O
U2	I/O
U3	V _{CCA}
U4	I/O
U20	I/O
U21	V _{CCA}
U22	I/O
U23	I/O
V1	V _{CCI}
V2	I/O
V3	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
V4	I/O
V20	I/O
V21	I/O
V22	I/O
V23	I/O
W1	I/O
W2	I/O
W3	I/O
W4	I/O
W20	I/O
W21	I/O
W22	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
W23	NC
Y1	NC
Y2	I/O
Y3	I/O
Y4	GND
Y5	I/O
Y6	I/O
Y7	I/O
Y8	I/O
Y9	I/O
Y10	I/O
Y11	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
Y12	V _{CCA}
Y13	V _{CCR}
Y14	I/O
Y15	I/O
Y16	I/O
Y17	I/O
Y18	I/O
Y19	I/O
Y20	GND
Y21	I/O
Y22	I/O
Y23	I/O