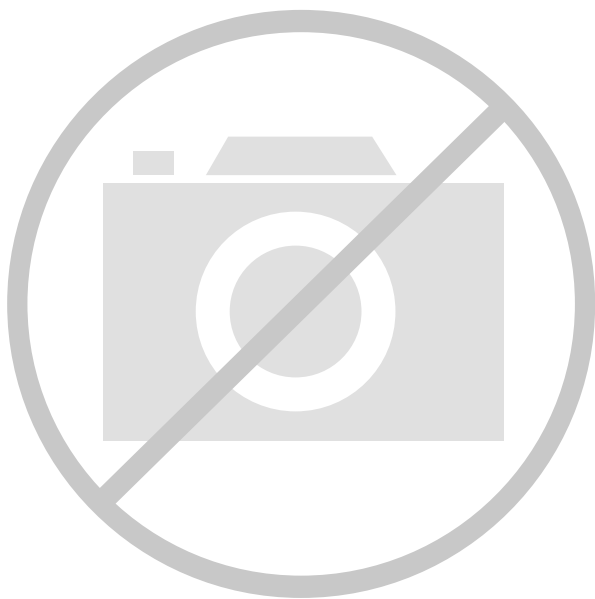




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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

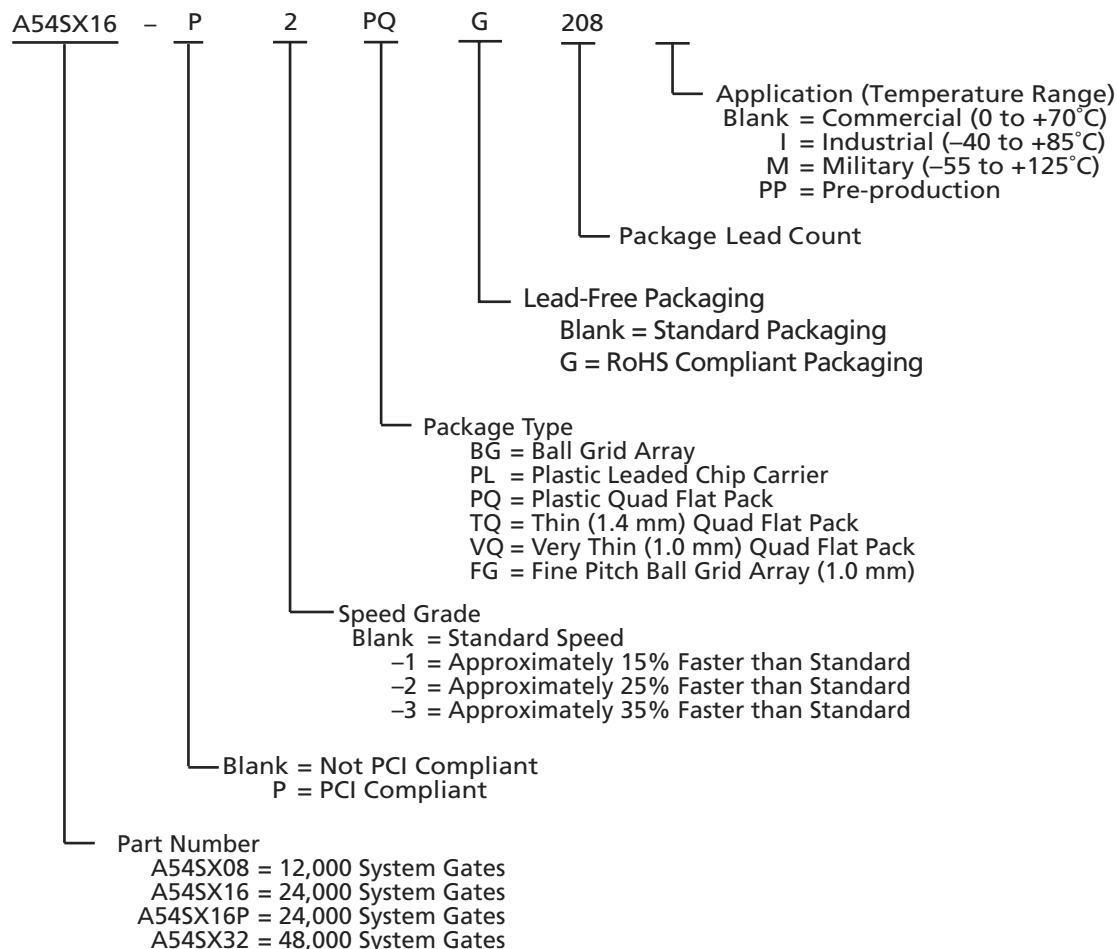
Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	768
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	128
Number of Gates	12000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	176-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	176-TQFP (24x24)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a54sx08-tqg176

Ordering Information



Plastic Device Resources

Device	User I/Os (including clock buffers)							
	PLCC 84-Pin	VQFP 100-Pin	PQFP 208-Pin	TQFP 144-Pin	TQFP 176-Pin	PBGA 313-Pin	PBGA 329-Pin	FBGA 144-Pin
A54SX08	69	81	130	113	128	–	–	111
A54SX16	–	81	175	–	147	–	–	–
A54SX16P	–	81	175	113	147	–	–	–
A54SX32	–	–	174	113	147	249	249	–

Note: Package Definitions (Consult your local Actel sales representative for product availability):

PLCC = Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier

PQFP = Plastic Quad Flat Pack

TQFP = Thin Quad Flat Pack

VQFP = Very Thin Quad Flat Pack

PBGA = Plastic Ball Grid Array

FBGA = Fine Pitch (1.0 mm) Ball Grid Array

Step 1: Define Terms Used in Formula

Module	V_{CCA}	3.3
Number of logic modules switching at f_m (Used 50%)	m	264
Average logic modules switching rate f_m (MHz) (Guidelines: $f/10$)	f_m	20
Module capacitance C_{EQM} (pF)	C_{EQM}	4.0
Input Buffer		
Number of input buffers switching at f_n	n	1
Average input switching rate f_n (MHz) (Guidelines: $f/5$)	f_n	40
Input buffer capacitance C_{EQI} (pF)	C_{EQI}	3.4
Output Buffer		
Number of output buffers switching at f_p	p	1
Average output buffers switching rate f_p (MHz) (Guidelines: $f/10$)	f_p	20
Output buffers buffer capacitance C_{EQO} (pF)	C_{EQO}	4.7
Output Load capacitance C_L (pF)	C_L	35
RCLKA		
Number of Clock loads q_1	q_1	528
Capacitance of routed array clock (pF)	C_{EQCR}	1.6
Average clock rate (MHz)	f_{q1}	200
Fixed capacitance (pF)	r_1	138
RCLKB		
Number of Clock loads q_2	q_2	0
Capacitance of routed array clock (pF)	C_{EQCR}	1.6
Average clock rate (MHz)	f_{q2}	0
Fixed capacitance (pF)	r_2	138
HCLK		
Number of Clock loads	s_1	0
Variable capacitance of dedicated array clock (pF)	C_{EQHV}	0.61 5
Fixed capacitance of dedicated array clock (pF)	C_{EQHF}	96
Average clock rate (MHz)	f_{s1}	0

Step 2: Calculate Dynamic Power Consumption

$V_{CCA} \times V_{CCA}$	10.89
$m \times f_m \times C_{EQM}$	0.02112
$n \times f_n \times C_{EQI}$	0.000136
$p \times f_p \times (C_{EQO} + C_L)$	0.000794
$0.5 (q_1 \times C_{EQCR} \times f_{q1}) + (r_1 \times f_{q1})$	0.11208
$0.5 (q_2 \times C_{EQCR} \times f_{q2}) + (r_2 \times f_{q2})$	0
$0.5 (s_1 \times C_{EQHV} \times f_{s1}) + (C_{EQHF} \times f_{s1})$	0
$P_{AC} = 1.461 \text{ W}$	

Step 3: Calculate DC Power Dissipation**DC Power Dissipation**

$$P_{DC} = (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCA} + (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCR} + (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCI} + X \times V_{OL} \times I_{OL} + Y(V_{CCI} - V_{OH}) \times V_{OH}$$

EQ 1-12

For a rough estimate of DC Power Dissipation, only use $P_{DC} = (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCA}$. The rest of the formula provides a very small number that can be considered negligible.

$$P_{DC} = (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCA}$$

$$P_{DC} = .55 \text{ mA} \times 3.3 \text{ V}$$

$$P_{DC} = 0.001815 \text{ W}$$

Step 4: Calculate Total Power Consumption

$$P_{Total} = P_{AC} + P_{DC}$$

$$P_{Total} = 1.461 + 0.001815$$

$$P_{Total} = 1.4628 \text{ W}$$

Step 5: Compare Estimated Power Consumption against Characterized Power Consumption

The estimated total power consumption for this design is 1.46 W. The characterized power consumption for this design at 200 MHz is 1.0164 W.

Table 1-15 • Package Thermal Characteristics

Package Type	Pin Count	θ_{jc}	θ_{ja} Still Air	θ_{ja} 300 ft/min.	Units
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)	84	12	32	22	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	144	11	32	24	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	176	11	28	21	°C/W
Very Thin Quad Flatpack (VQFP)	100	10	38	32	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) without Heat Spreader	208	8	30	23	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) with Heat Spreader	208	3.8	20	17	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array (PBGA)	272	3	20	14.5	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array (PBGA)	313	3	23	17	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array (PBGA)	329	3	18	13.5	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	144	3.8	38.8	26.7	°C/W

Note: SX08 does not have a heat spreader.

Table 1-16 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors*

V_{CCA}	Junction Temperature						
	-55	-40	0	25	70	85	125
3.0	0.75	0.78	0.87	0.89	1.00	1.04	1.16
3.3	0.70	0.73	0.82	0.83	0.93	0.97	1.08
3.6	0.66	0.69	0.77	0.78	0.87	0.92	1.02

Note: *Normalized to worst-case commercial, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CCA} = 3.0\text{ V}$

Register Cell Timing Characteristics

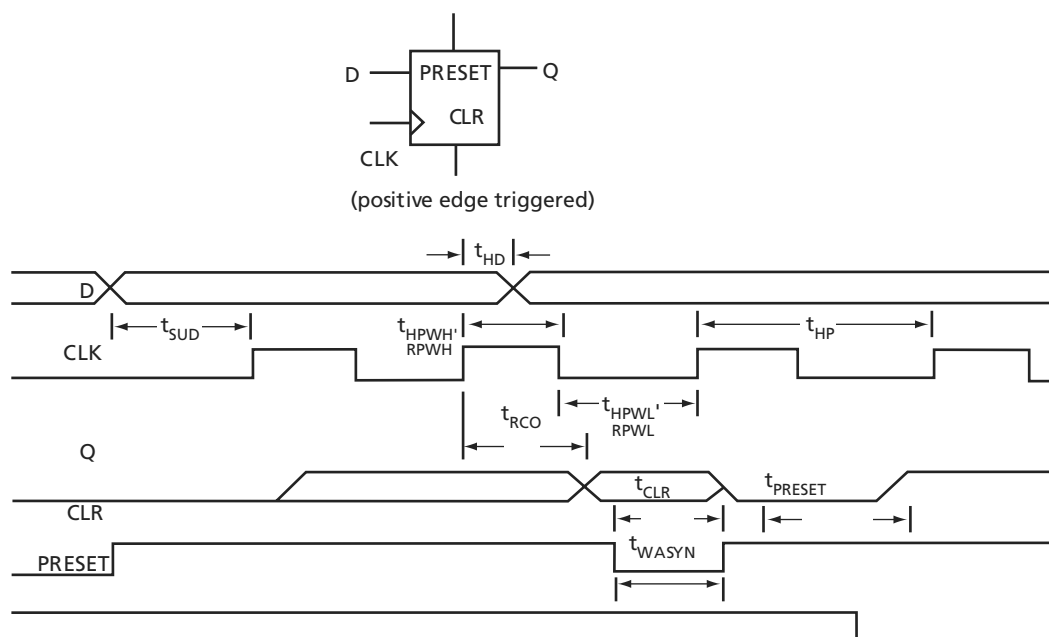


Figure 1-17 • Flip-Flops

Timing Characteristics

Timing characteristics for SX devices fall into three categories: family-dependent, device-dependent, and design-dependent. The input and output buffer characteristics are common to all SX family members. Internal routing delays are device-dependent. Design dependency means actual delays are not determined until after placement and routing of the user's design is complete. Delay values may then be determined by using the DirectTime Analyzer utility or performing simulation with post-layout delays.

Critical Nets and Typical Nets

Propagation delays are expressed only for typical nets, which are used for initial design performance evaluation. Critical net delays can then be applied to the most time-critical paths. Critical nets are determined by net property assignment prior to placement and routing. Up to 6% of the nets in a design may be designated as critical, while 90% of the nets in a design are typical.

Long Tracks

Some nets in the design use long tracks. Long tracks are special routing resources that span multiple rows, columns, or modules. Long tracks employ three and sometimes five antifuse connections. This increases capacitance and resistance, resulting in longer net delays for macros connected to long tracks. Typically up to 6 percent of nets in a fully utilized device require long tracks. Long tracks contribute approximately 4 ns to 8.4 ns delay. This additional delay is represented statistically in higher fanout ($FO = 24$) routing delays in the datasheet specifications section.

Timing Derating

SX devices are manufactured in a CMOS process. Therefore, device performance varies according to temperature, voltage, and process variations. Minimum timing parameters reflect maximum operating voltage, minimum operating temperature, and best-case processing. Maximum timing parameters reflect minimum operating voltage, maximum operating temperature, and worst-case processing.

Table 1-17 • A54SX08 Timing Characteristics (Continued)

(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Network										
t _{HCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (pad to R-Cell input)	1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		ns
t _{HCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (pad to R-Cell input)	1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.1		0.2		0.2		0.2		ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.7		3.1		3.6		4.2		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	350		320		280		240		MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks										
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (light load) (pad to R-Cell Input)	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.5		1.8		2.0		2.3		ns
t _{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width HIGH	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width LOW	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (light load)	0.1		0.2		0.2		0.2		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% load)	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% load)	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		ns
TTL Output Module Timing ¹										
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad LOW to HIGH	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad HIGH to LOW	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1		2.4		2.8		3.2		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.3		2.7		3.1		3.6		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns

Note:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

Table 1-18 • A54SX16 Timing Characteristics (Continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Network										
t _{HCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (pad to R-Cell input)	1.2		1.4		1.5		1.8		ns
t _{HCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (pad to R-Cell input)	1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.2		0.2		0.3		0.3		ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.7		3.1		3.6		4.2		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	350		320		280		240		MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks										
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.1		2.5		2.8		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.1		2.4		2.8		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width HIGH	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width LOW	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (light load)	0.5		0.5		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% load)	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% load)	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
TTL Output Module Timing ³										
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad LOW to HIGH	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad HIGH to LOW	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1		2.4		2.8		3.2		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.3		2.7		3.1		3.6		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		ns

Notes:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading, except t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} . For t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} , the loading is 5 pF.

A54SX32 Timing Characteristics

Table 1-20 • **A54SX32 Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays ¹										
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		ns
Predicted Routing Delays ²										
t _{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		ns
t _{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		ns
t _{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	4.0		4.7		5.3		6.2		ns
R-Cell Timing										
t _{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.8		1.1		1.3		1.4		ns
t _{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
t _{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
Input Module Propagation Delays										
t _{INYH}	Input Data Pad-to-Y HIGH	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t _{INYL}	Input Data Pad-to-Y LOW	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
Predicted Input Routing Delays ²										
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		ns
t _{IRD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	4.0		4.7		5.3		6.2		ns

Note:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading, except t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} . For t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} the loading is 5 pF.

Table 1-20 • A54SX32 Timing Characteristics (Continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Network										
t _{HCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (pad to R-Cell input)	1.9		2.1		2.4		2.8		ns
t _{HCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (pad to R-Cell input)	1.9		2.1		2.4		2.8		ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.7		3.1		3.6		4.2		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	350		320		280		240		MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks										
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.4		2.7		3.0		3.5		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.7		3.0		3.5		4.1		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.7		3.1		3.6		4.2		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.3		ns
t _{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width HIGH	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width LOW	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (light load)	0.85		0.98		1.1		1.3		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% load)	1.23		1.4		1.6		1.9		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% load)	1.30		1.5		1.7		2.0		ns
TTL Output Module Timing ³										
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad LOW to HIGH	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad HIGH to LOW	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1		2.4		2.8		3.2		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.3		2.7		3.1		3.6		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		ns

Note:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading, except t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} . For t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} the loading is 5 pF.

Pin Description

CLKA/B Clock A and B

These pins are 3.3 V / 5.0 V PCI/TTL clock inputs for clock distribution networks. The clock input is buffered prior to clocking the R-cells. If not used, this pin must be set LOW or HIGH on the board. It must not be left floating. (For A54SX72A, these clocks can be configured as bidirectional.)

GND Ground

LOW supply voltage.

HCLK Dedicated (hardwired) Array Clock

This pin is the 3.3 V / 5.0 V PCI/TTL clock input for sequential modules. This input is directly wired to each R-cell and offers clock speeds independent of the number of R-cells being driven. If not used, this pin must be set LOW or HIGH on the board. It must not be left floating.

I/O Input/Output

The I/O pin functions as an input, output, tristate, or bidirectional buffer. Based on certain configurations, input and output levels are compatible with standard TTL, LVTTTL, 3.3 V PCI or 5.0 V PCI specifications. Unused I/O pins are automatically tristated by the Designer Series software.

NC No Connection

This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device.

PRA, I/O Probe A

The Probe A pin is used to output data from any user-defined design node within the device. This independent diagnostic pin can be used in conjunction with the Probe B pin to allow real-time diagnostic output of any signal path within the device. The Probe A pin can be used as a user-defined I/O when verification has been completed. The pin's probe capabilities can be permanently disabled to protect programmed design confidentiality.

PRB, I/O Probe B

The Probe B pin is used to output data from any node within the device. This diagnostic pin can be used in conjunction with the Probe A pin to allow real-time diagnostic output of any signal path within the device. The Probe B pin can be used as a user-defined I/O when verification has been completed. The pin's probe capabilities can be permanently disabled to protect programmed design confidentiality.

TCK Test Clock

Test clock input for diagnostic probe and device programming. In flexible mode, TCK becomes active when the TMS pin is set LOW (refer to Table 1-2 on page 1-6). This pin functions as an I/O when the boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state.

TDI Test Data Input

Serial input for boundary scan testing and diagnostic probe. In flexible mode, TDI is active when the TMS pin is set LOW (refer to Table 1-2 on page 1-6). This pin functions as an I/O when the boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state.

TDO Test Data Output

Serial output for boundary scan testing. In flexible mode, TDO is active when the TMS pin is set LOW (refer to Table 1-2 on page 1-6). This pin functions as an I/O when the boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state.

TMS Test Mode Select

The TMS pin controls the use of the IEEE 1149.1 Boundary Scan pins (TCK, TDI, TDO). In flexible mode when the TMS pin is set LOW, the TCK, TDI, and TDO pins are boundary scan pins (refer to Table 1-2 on page 1-6). Once the boundary scan pins are in test mode, they will remain in that mode until the internal boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state. At this point, the boundary scan pins will be released and will function as regular I/O pins. The "logic reset" state is reached 5 TCK cycles after the TMS pin is set HIGH. In dedicated test mode, TMS functions as specified in the IEEE 1149.1 specifications.

V_{CCI} Supply Voltage

Supply voltage for I/Os. See Table 1-1 on page 1-5.

V_{CCA} Supply Voltage

Supply voltage for Array. See Table 1-1 on page 1-5.

V_{CCR} Supply Voltage

Supply voltage for input tolerance (required for internal biasing). See Table 1-1 on page 1-5.

208-Pin PQFP

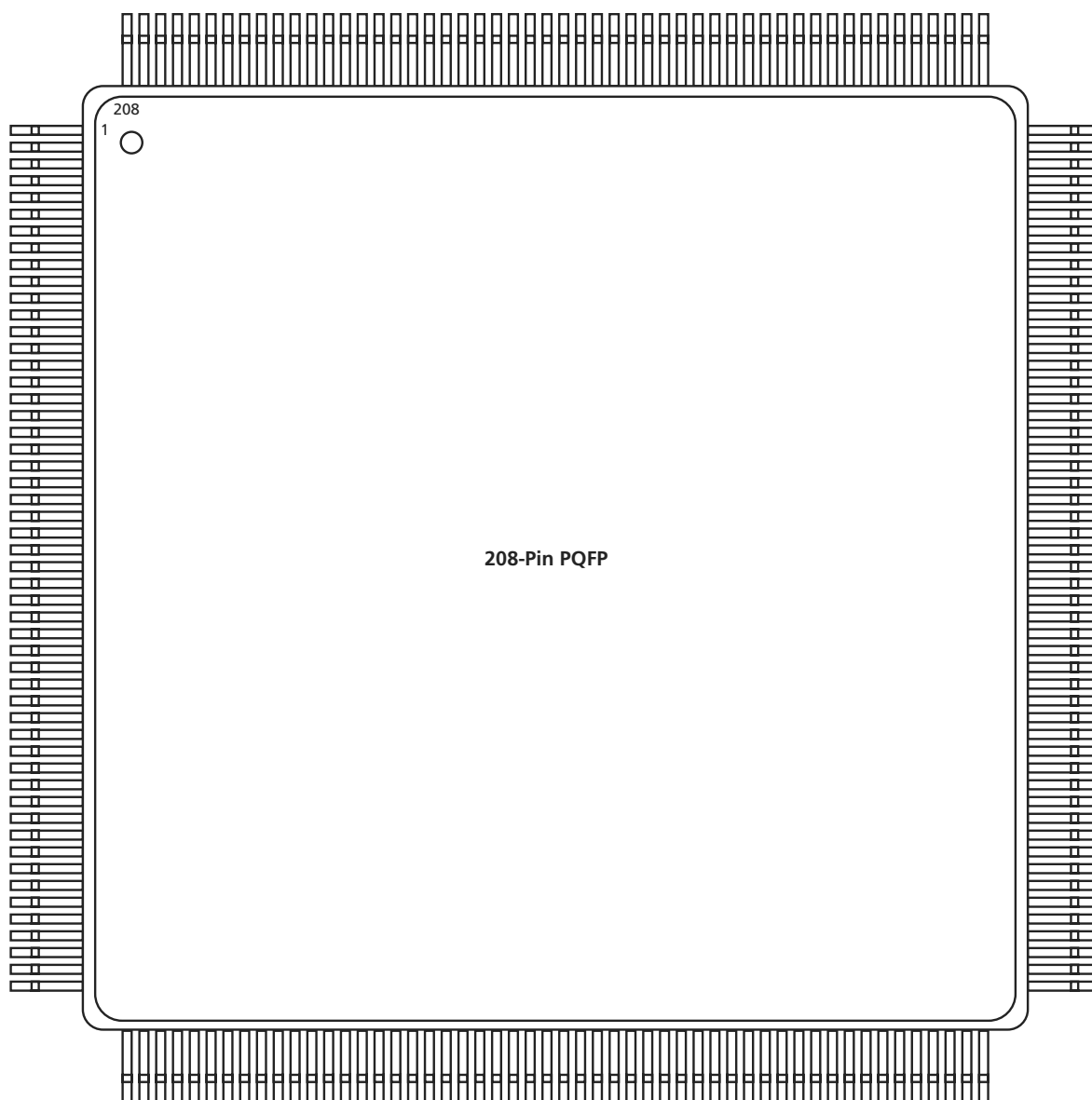


Figure 2-2 • 208-Pin PQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	NC	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	NC	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O	I/O
11	TMS	TMS	TMS
12	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	NC	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	NC	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	NC	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	NC	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
26	GND	GND	GND
27	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
28	GND	GND	GND
29	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	NC	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	NC	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	NC	I/O	I/O
40	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
41	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	I/O	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	NC	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	NC	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	GND	GND	GND
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
61	NC	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	NC	I/O	I/O
65*	I/O	I/O	NC*
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	NC	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	NC	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O

Note: * Note that Pin 65 in the A54SX32—PQ208 is a no connect (NC).

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
145	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
146	GND	GND	GND
147	I/O	I/O	I/O
148	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
149	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	I/O
151	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	I/O	I/O	I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	I/O	I/O	I/O
155	NC	I/O	I/O
156	NC	I/O	I/O
157	GND	GND	GND
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	I/O	I/O
162	I/O	I/O	I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
165	I/O	I/O	I/O
166	I/O	I/O	I/O
167	NC	I/O	I/O
168	I/O	I/O	I/O
169	I/O	I/O	I/O
170	NC	I/O	I/O
171	I/O	I/O	I/O
172	I/O	I/O	I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O
176	NC	I/O	I/O
177	I/O	I/O	I/O
178	I/O	I/O	I/O
179	I/O	I/O	I/O
180	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
181	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
182	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
183	GND	GND	GND
184	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
185	GND	GND	GND
186	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
187	I/O	I/O	I/O
188	I/O	I/O	I/O
189	NC	I/O	I/O
190	I/O	I/O	I/O
191	I/O	I/O	I/O
192	NC	I/O	I/O
193	I/O	I/O	I/O
194	I/O	I/O	I/O
195	NC	I/O	I/O
196	I/O	I/O	I/O
197	I/O	I/O	I/O
198	NC	I/O	I/O
199	I/O	I/O	I/O
200	I/O	I/O	I/O
201	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
202	NC	I/O	I/O
203	NC	I/O	I/O
204	I/O	I/O	I/O
205	NC	I/O	I/O
206	I/O	I/O	I/O
207	I/O	I/O	I/O
208	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

Note: * Note that Pin 65 in the A54SX32—PQ208 is a no connect (NC).

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	TMS	TMS	TMS
10	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
11	GND	GND	GND
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
20	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	GND	GND	GND
29	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
30	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	GND	GND	GND

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	I/O	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
57	GND	GND	GND
58	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
61	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
69	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	I/O	I/O
71	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
69	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
70	I/O	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O
79	NC	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O	I/O
81	NC	I/O	I/O
82	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	GND	GND	GND
90	NC	I/O	I/O
91	NC	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
99	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
100	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	I/O	I/O	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
103	I/O	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	I/O	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	GND	GND	GND
109	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
110	GND	GND	GND
111	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	I/O	I/O	I/O
115	I/O	I/O	I/O
116	I/O	I/O	I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	NC	I/O	I/O
119	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	NC	I/O	I/O
121	NC	I/O	I/O
122	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
123	GND	GND	GND
124	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
125	I/O	I/O	I/O
126	I/O	I/O	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	I/O	I/O	I/O
130	I/O	I/O	I/O
131	NC	I/O	I/O
132	NC	I/O	I/O
133	GND	GND	GND
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
141	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	I/O	I/O	I/O
145	I/O	I/O	I/O
146	I/O	I/O	I/O
147	I/O	I/O	I/O
148	I/O	I/O	I/O
149	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	I/O
151	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
153	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
154	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
155	GND	GND	GND
156	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
157	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	I/O	I/O
162	I/O	I/O	I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	I/O	I/O	I/O
165	I/O	I/O	I/O
166	I/O	I/O	I/O
167	I/O	I/O	I/O
168	NC	I/O	I/O
169	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
170	I/O	I/O	I/O
171	NC	I/O	I/O
172	NC	I/O	I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O
176	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

329-Pin PBGA

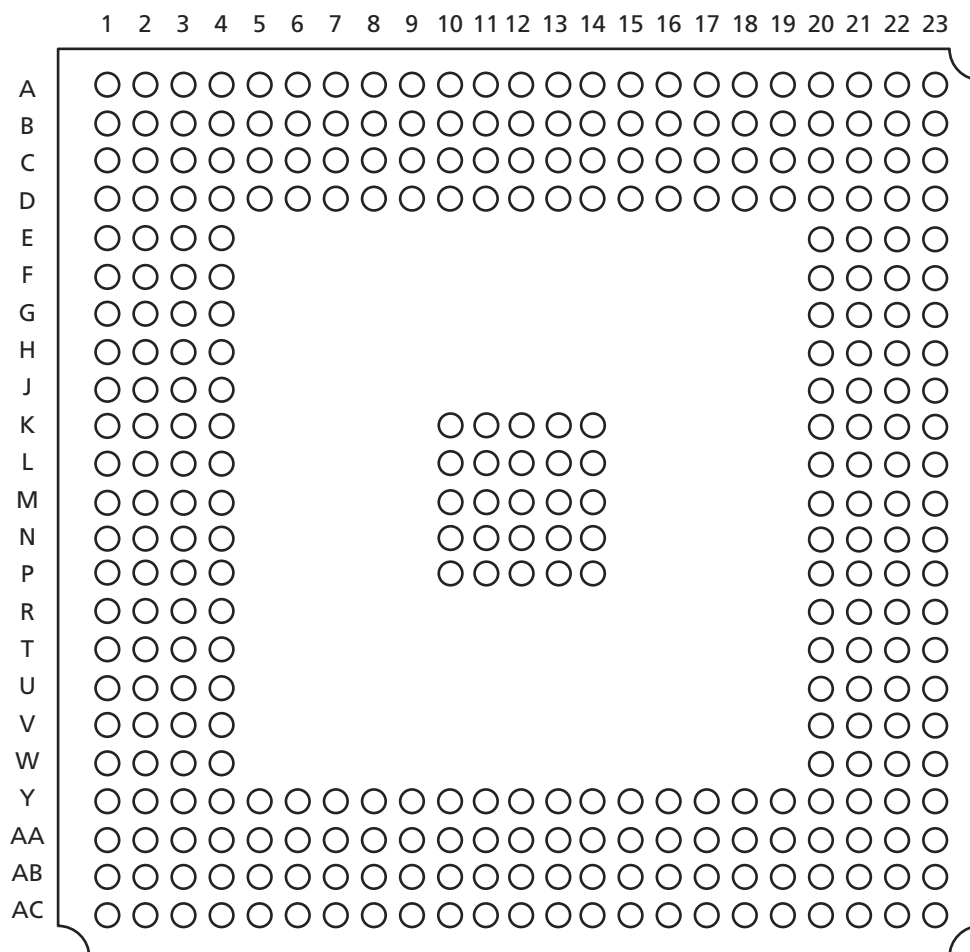


Figure 2-7 • 329-Pin PBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A545X32 Function	Pin Number	A545X32 Function	Pin Number	A545X32 Function	Pin Number	A545X32 Function
D3	I/O	F22	I/O	K20	I/O	N11	GND
D4	TCK, I/O	F23	I/O	K21	I/O	N12	GND
D5	I/O	G1	I/O	K22	I/O	N13	GND
D6	I/O	G2	I/O	K23	I/O	N14	GND
D7	I/O	G3	I/O	L1	I/O	N20	NC
D8	I/O	G4	I/O	L2	I/O	N21	I/O
D9	I/O	G20	I/O	L3	I/O	N22	I/O
D10	I/O	G21	I/O	L4	V _{CCR}	N23	I/O
D11	V _{CCA}	G22	I/O	L10	GND	P1	I/O
D12	V _{CCR}	G23	GND	L11	GND	P2	I/O
D13	I/O	H1	I/O	L12	GND	P3	I/O
D14	I/O	H2	I/O	L13	GND	P4	I/O
D15	I/O	H3	I/O	L14	GND	P10	GND
D16	I/O	H4	I/O	L20	V _{CCR}	P11	GND
D17	I/O	H20	V _{CCA}	L21	I/O	P12	GND
D18	I/O	H21	I/O	L22	I/O	P13	GND
D19	I/O	H22	I/O	L23	NC	P14	GND
D20	I/O	H23	I/O	M1	I/O	P20	I/O
D21	I/O	J1	NC	M2	I/O	P21	I/O
D22	I/O	J2	I/O	M3	I/O	P22	I/O
D23	I/O	J3	I/O	M4	V _{CCA}	P23	I/O
E1	V _{CCI}	J4	I/O	M10	GND	R1	I/O
E2	I/O	J20	I/O	M11	GND	R2	I/O
E3	I/O	J21	I/O	M12	GND	R3	I/O
E4	I/O	J22	I/O	M13	GND	R4	I/O
E20	I/O	J23	I/O	M14	GND	R20	I/O
E21	I/O	K1	I/O	M20	V _{CCA}	R21	I/O
E22	I/O	K2	I/O	M21	I/O	R22	I/O
E23	I/O	K3	I/O	M22	I/O	R23	I/O
F1	I/O	K4	I/O	M23	V _{CCI}	T1	I/O
F2	TMS	K10	GND	N1	I/O	T2	I/O
F3	I/O	K11	GND	N2	I/O	T3	I/O
F4	I/O	K12	GND	N3	I/O	T4	I/O
F20	I/O	K13	GND	N4	I/O	T20	I/O
F21	I/O	K14	GND	N10	GND	T21	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
T22	I/O
T23	I/O
U1	I/O
U2	I/O
U3	V _{CCA}
U4	I/O
U20	I/O
U21	V _{CCA}
U22	I/O
U23	I/O
V1	V _{CCI}
V2	I/O
V3	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
V4	I/O
V20	I/O
V21	I/O
V22	I/O
V23	I/O
W1	I/O
W2	I/O
W3	I/O
W4	I/O
W20	I/O
W21	I/O
W22	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
W23	NC
Y1	NC
Y2	I/O
Y3	I/O
Y4	GND
Y5	I/O
Y6	I/O
Y7	I/O
Y8	I/O
Y9	I/O
Y10	I/O
Y11	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
Y12	V _{CCA}
Y13	V _{CCR}
Y14	I/O
Y15	I/O
Y16	I/O
Y17	I/O
Y18	I/O
Y19	I/O
Y20	GND
Y21	I/O
Y22	I/O
Y23	I/O

144-Pin FBGA		144-Pin FBGA		144-Pin FBGA		144-Pin FBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	Pin Number	A54SX08 Function
A1	I/O	D1	I/O	G1	I/O	K1	I/O
A2	I/O	D2	V _{CCI}	G2	GND	K2	I/O
A3	I/O	D3	TDI, I/O	G3	I/O	K3	I/O
A4	I/O	D4	I/O	G4	I/O	K4	I/O
A5	V _{CCA}	D5	I/O	G5	GND	K5	I/O
A6	GND	D6	I/O	G6	GND	K6	I/O
A7	CLKA	D7	I/O	G7	GND	K7	GND
A8	I/O	D8	I/O	G8	V _{CCI}	K8	I/O
A9	I/O	D9	I/O	G9	I/O	K9	I/O
A10	I/O	D10	I/O	G10	I/O	K10	GND
A11	I/O	D11	I/O	G11	I/O	K11	I/O
A12	I/O	D12	I/O	G12	I/O	K12	I/O
B1	I/O	E1	I/O	H1	I/O	L1	GND
B2	GND	E2	I/O	H2	I/O	L2	I/O
B3	I/O	E3	I/O	H3	I/O	L3	I/O
B4	I/O	E4	I/O	H4	I/O	L4	I/O
B5	I/O	E5	TMS	H5	V _{CCA}	L5	I/O
B6	I/O	E6	V _{CCI}	H6	V _{CCA}	L6	I/O
B7	CLKB	E7	V _{CCI}	H7	V _{CCI}	L7	HCLK
B8	I/O	E8	V _{CCI}	H8	V _{CCI}	L8	I/O
B9	I/O	E9	V _{CCA}	H9	V _{CCA}	L9	I/O
B10	I/O	E10	I/O	H10	I/O	L10	I/O
B11	GND	E11	GND	H11	I/O	L11	I/O
B12	I/O	E12	I/O	H12	V _{CCR}	L12	I/O
C1	I/O	F1	I/O	J1	I/O	M1	I/O
C2	I/O	F2	I/O	J2	I/O	M2	I/O
C3	TCK, I/O	F3	V _{CCR}	J3	I/O	M3	I/O
C4	I/O	F4	I/O	J4	I/O	M4	I/O
C5	I/O	F5	GND	J5	I/O	M5	I/O
C6	PRA, I/O	F6	GND	J6	PRB, I/O	M6	I/O
C7	I/O	F7	GND	J7	I/O	M7	V _{CCA}
C8	I/O	F8	V _{CCI}	J8	I/O	M8	I/O
C9	I/O	F9	I/O	J9	I/O	M9	I/O
C10	I/O	F10	GND	J10	I/O	M10	I/O
C11	I/O	F11	I/O	J11	I/O	M11	TDO, I/O
C12	I/O	F12	I/O	J12	V _{CCA}	M12	I/O

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