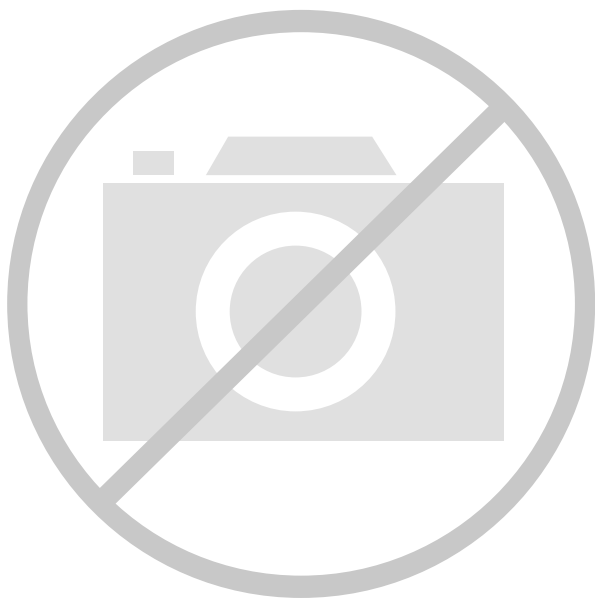




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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

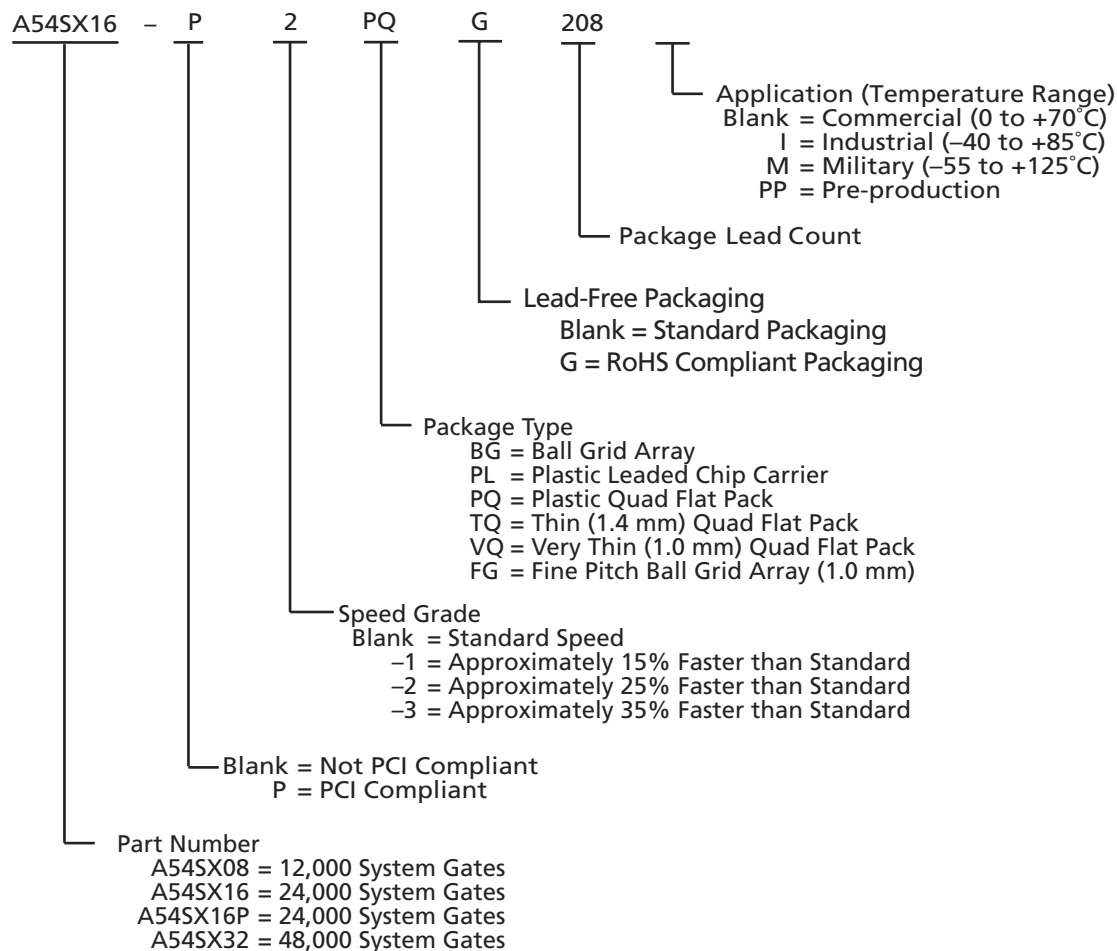
Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	1452
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	175
Number of Gates	24000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a54sx16-1pqg208i

Ordering Information



Plastic Device Resources

Device	User I/Os (including clock buffers)							
	PLCC 84-Pin	VQFP 100-Pin	PQFP 208-Pin	TQFP 144-Pin	TQFP 176-Pin	PBGA 313-Pin	PBGA 329-Pin	FBGA 144-Pin
A54SX08	69	81	130	113	128	–	–	111
A54SX16	–	81	175	–	147	–	–	–
A54SX16P	–	81	175	113	147	–	–	–
A54SX32	–	–	174	113	147	249	249	–

Note: Package Definitions (Consult your local Actel sales representative for product availability):

PLCC = Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier

PQFP = Plastic Quad Flat Pack

TQFP = Thin Quad Flat Pack

VQFP = Very Thin Quad Flat Pack

PBGA = Plastic Ball Grid Array

FBGA = Fine Pitch (1.0 mm) Ball Grid Array

Chip Architecture

The SX family chip architecture provides a unique approach to module organization and chip routing that delivers the best register/logic mix for a wide variety of new and emerging applications.

Module Organization

Actel has arranged all C-cell and R-cell logic modules into horizontal banks called *clusters*. There are two types of *clusters*: Type 1 contains two C-cells and one R-cell, while Type 2 contains one C-cell and two R-cells.

To increase design efficiency and device performance, Actel has further organized these modules into *SuperClusters* (Figure 1-4). SuperCluster 1 is a two-wide grouping of Type 1 clusters. SuperCluster 2 is a two-wide group containing one Type 1 cluster and one Type 2 cluster. SX devices feature more SuperCluster 1 modules than SuperCluster 2 modules because designers typically require significantly more combinatorial logic than flip-flops.

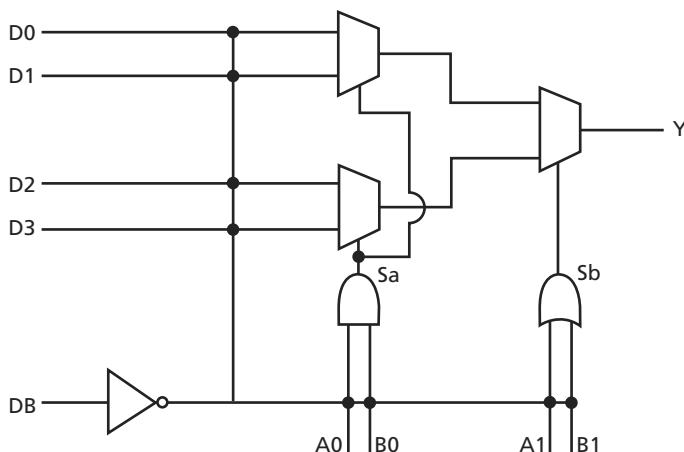


Figure 1-3 • C-Cell

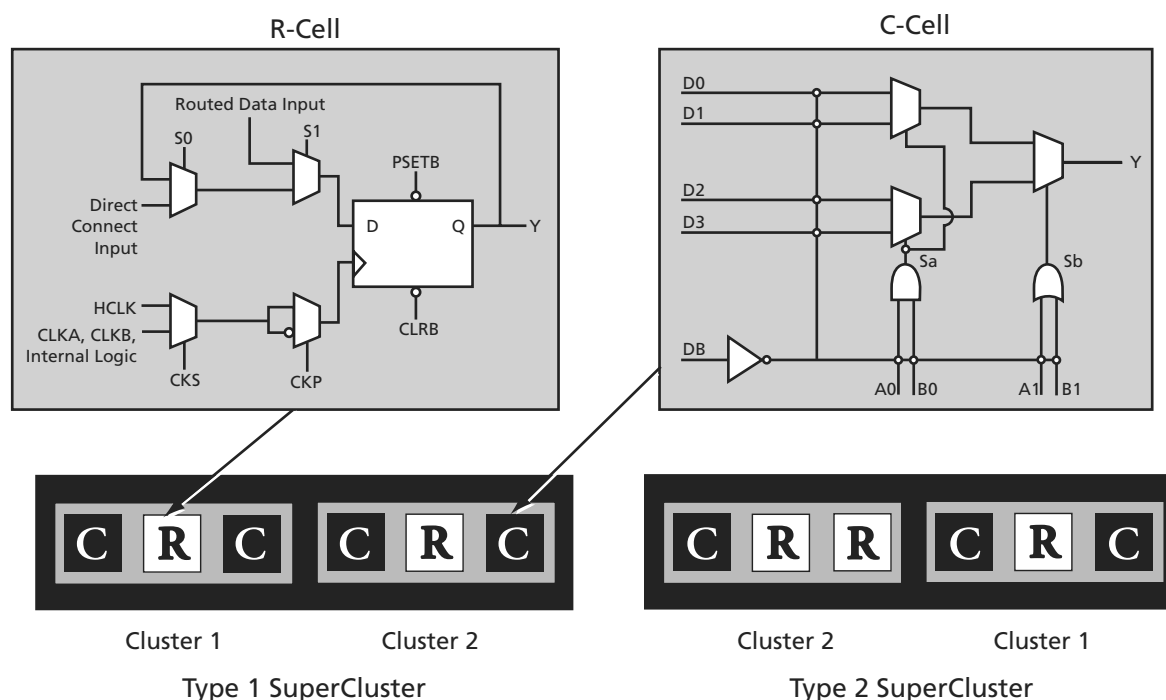


Figure 1-4 • Cluster Organization

Routing Resources

Clusters and SuperClusters can be connected through the use of two innovative local routing resources called *FastConnect* and *DirectConnect*, which enable extremely fast and predictable interconnection of modules within clusters and SuperClusters (Figure 1-5 and Figure 1-6). This routing architecture also dramatically reduces the number of antifuses required to complete a circuit, ensuring the highest possible performance.

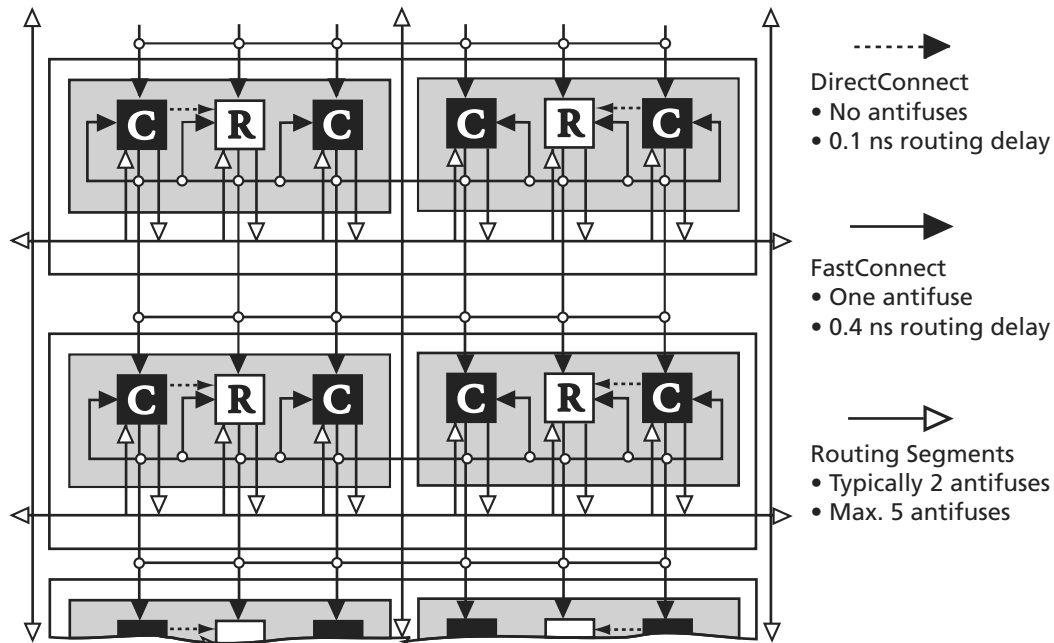


Figure 1-5 • DirectConnect and FastConnect for Type 1 SuperClusters

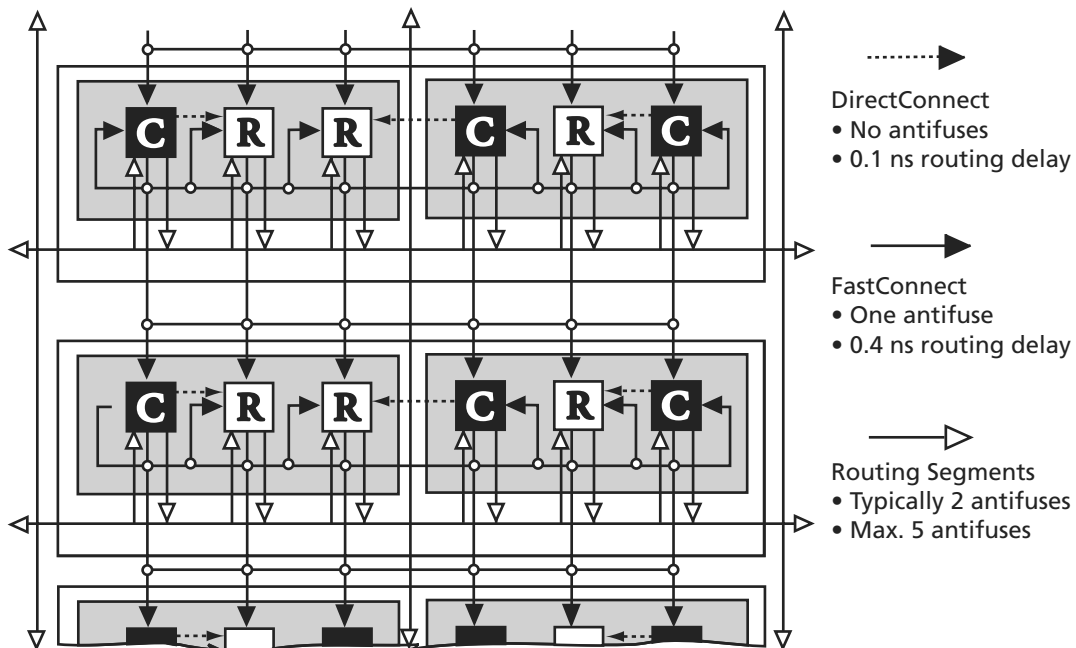


Figure 1-6 • DirectConnect and FastConnect for Type 2 SuperClusters

A54SX16P AC Specifications for (PCI Operation)

Table 1-7 • A54SX16P AC Specifications for (PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$I_{OH(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$0 < V_{OUT} \leq 1.4^1$	-44		mA
		$1.4 \leq V_{OUT} < 2.4^1, ^2$	$-44 + (V_{OUT} - 1.4)/0.024$		mA
		$3.1 < V_{OUT} < V_{CC}^{1, ^3}$		EQ 1-1 on page 1-11	
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 3.1^3$		-142	mA
$I_{OL(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$V_{OUT} \geq 2.2^1$	95		mA
		$2.2 > V_{OUT} > 0.55^1$	$V_{OUT}/0.023$		
		$0.71 > V_{OUT} > 0^{1, ^3}$		EQ 1-2 on page 1-11	mA
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.71^3$		206	mA
I_{CL}	Low Clamp Current	$-5 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	$-25 + (V_{IN} + 1)/0.015$		mA
$slew_R$	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.4 V to 2.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns
$slew_F$	Output Fall Slew Rate	2.4 V to 0.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns

Notes:

1. Refer to the *V_I* curves in Figure 1-9 on page 1-11. Switching current characteristics for REQ# and GNT# are permitted to be one half of that specified here; i.e., half-size output drivers may be used on these signals. This specification does not apply to CLK and RST#, which are system outputs. "Switching Current High" specifications are not relevant to SERR#, INTA#, INTB#, INTC#, and INTD#, which are open drain outputs.
2. Note that this segment of the minimum current curve is drawn from the AC drive point directly to the DC drive point rather than toward the voltage rail (as is done in the pull-down curve). This difference is intended to allow for an optional N-channel pull-up.
3. Maximum current requirements must be met as drivers pull beyond the last step voltage. Equations defining these maximums (A and B) are provided with the respective diagrams in Figure 1-9 on page 1-11. The equation defined maxima should be met by design. In order to facilitate component testing, a maximum current test point is defined for each side of the output driver.
4. This parameter is to be interpreted as the cumulative edge rate across the specified range, rather than the instantaneous rate at any point within the transition range. The specified load (diagram below) is optional; i.e., the designer may elect to meet this parameter with an unloaded output per revision 2.0 of the PCI Local Bus Specification. However, adherence to both maximum and minimum parameters is now required (the maximum is no longer simply a guideline). Since adherence to the maximum slew rate was not required prior to revision 2.1 of the specification, there may be components in the market for some time that have faster edge rates; therefore, motherboard designers must bear in mind that rise and fall times faster than this specification could occur, and should ensure that signal integrity modeling accounts for this. Rise slew rate does not apply to open drain outputs.

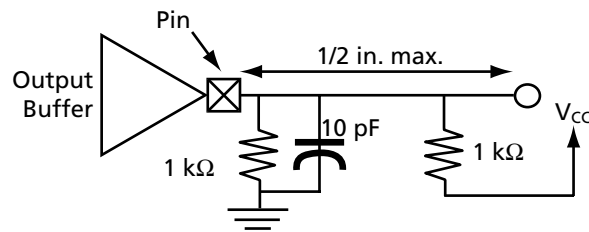


Table 1-13 shows capacitance values for various devices.

Table 1-13 • Capacitance Values for Devices

	A545X08	A545X16	A545X16P	A545X32
C_{EQM} (pF)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
C_{EQI} (pF)	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4
C_{EQO} (pF)	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7
C_{EQCR} (pF)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
C_{EQHV}	0.615	0.615	0.615	0.615
C_{EQHF}	60	96	96	140
r_1 (pF)	87	138	138	171
r_2 (pF)	87	138	138	171

Table 1-14 • Power Consumption Guidelines

Description	Power Consumption Guideline
Logic Modules (m)	20% of modules
Inputs Switching (n)	# inputs/4
Outputs Switching (p)	# outputs/4
First Routed Array Clock Loads (q_1)	20% of register cells
Second Routed Array Clock Loads (q_2)	20% of register cells
Load Capacitance (C_L)	35 pF
Average Logic Module Switching Rate (f_m)	$f/10$
Average Input Switching Rate (f_n)	$f/5$
Average Output Switching Rate (f_p)	$f/10$
Average First Routed Array Clock Rate (f_{q1})	$f/2$
Average Second Routed Array Clock Rate (f_{q2})	$f/2$
Average Dedicated Array Clock Rate (f_{s1})	f
Dedicated Clock Array Clock Loads (s_1)	20% of regular modules

Follow the steps below to estimate power consumption. The values provided for the sample calculation below are for the shift register design above. This method for estimating power consumption is conservative and the actual power consumption of your design may be less than the estimated power consumption.

The total power dissipation for the SX family is the sum of the AC power dissipation and the DC power dissipation.

$$P_{\text{Total}} = P_{\text{AC}} (\text{dynamic power}) + P_{\text{DC}} (\text{static power})$$

EQ 1-9

Guidelines for Calculating Power Consumption

The power consumption guidelines are meant to represent worst-case scenarios so that they can be generally used to predict the upper limits of power dissipation. These guidelines are shown in Table 1-14.

Sample Power Calculation

One of the designs used to characterize the SX family was a 528 bit serial-in, serial-out shift register. The design utilized 100 percent of the dedicated flip-flops of an A545X16P device. A pattern of 0101... was clocked into the device at frequencies ranging from 1 MHz to 200 MHz. Shifting in a series of 0101... caused 50 percent of the flip-flops to toggle from low to high at every clock cycle.

AC Power Dissipation

$$P_{\text{AC}} = P_{\text{Module}} + P_{\text{RCLKA Net}} + P_{\text{RCLKB Net}} + P_{\text{HCLK Net}} + P_{\text{Output Buffer}} + P_{\text{Input Buffer}}$$

EQ 1-10

$$P_{\text{AC}} = V_{\text{CCA}}^2 \times [(m \times C_{\text{EQM}} \times f_m)_{\text{Module}} + (n \times C_{\text{EQI}} \times f_n)_{\text{Input Buffer}} + (p \times (C_{\text{EQO}} + C_L) \times f_p)_{\text{Output Buffer}} + (0.5 (q_1 \times C_{\text{EQCR}} \times f_{q1}) + (r_1 \times f_{q1}))_{\text{RCLKA}} + (0.5 (q_2 \times C_{\text{EQCR}} \times f_{q2}) + (r_2 \times f_{q2}))_{\text{RCLKB}} + (0.5 (s_1 \times C_{\text{EQHV}} \times f_{s1}) + (C_{\text{EQHF}} \times f_{s1}))_{\text{HCLK}}]$$

EQ 1-11

Table 1-15 • Package Thermal Characteristics

Package Type	Pin Count	θ_{jc}	θ_{ja} Still Air	θ_{ja} 300 ft/min.	Units
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)	84	12	32	22	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	144	11	32	24	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	176	11	28	21	°C/W
Very Thin Quad Flatpack (VQFP)	100	10	38	32	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) without Heat Spreader	208	8	30	23	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) with Heat Spreader	208	3.8	20	17	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array (PBGA)	272	3	20	14.5	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array (PBGA)	313	3	23	17	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array (PBGA)	329	3	18	13.5	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	144	3.8	38.8	26.7	°C/W

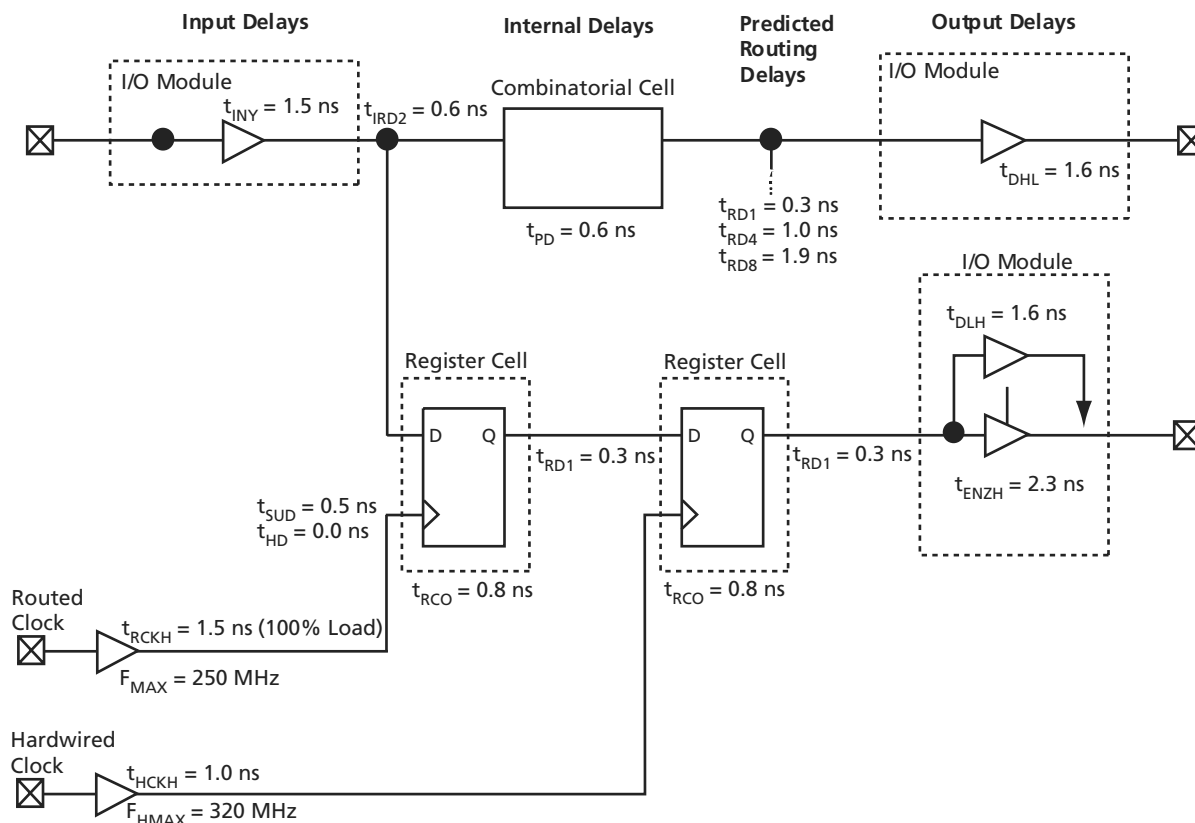
Note: SX08 does not have a heat spreader.

Table 1-16 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors*

V_{CCA}	Junction Temperature						
	-55	-40	0	25	70	85	125
3.0	0.75	0.78	0.87	0.89	1.00	1.04	1.16
3.3	0.70	0.73	0.82	0.83	0.93	0.97	1.08
3.6	0.66	0.69	0.77	0.78	0.87	0.92	1.02

Note: *Normalized to worst-case commercial, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CCA} = 3.0\text{ V}$

SX Timing Model



Note: Values shown for A54SX08-3, worst-case commercial conditions.

Figure 1-12 • SX Timing Model

Hardwired Clock

$$\begin{aligned} \text{External Setup} &= t_{INY} + t_{IRD1} + t_{SUD} - t_{HCKH} \\ &= 1.5 + 0.3 + 0.5 - 1.0 = 1.3 \text{ ns} \end{aligned}$$

EQ 1-15

Clock-to-Out (Pin-to-Pin)

$$\begin{aligned} &= t_{HCKH} + t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{DHL} \\ &= 1.0 + 0.8 + 0.3 + 1.6 = 3.7 \text{ ns} \end{aligned}$$

EQ 1-16

Routed Clock

$$\begin{aligned} \text{External Setup} &= t_{INY} + t_{IRD1} + t_{SUD} - t_{RCKH} \\ &= 1.5 + 0.3 + 0.5 - 1.5 = 0.8 \text{ ns} \end{aligned}$$

EQ 1-17

Clock-to-Out (Pin-to-Pin)

$$\begin{aligned} &= t_{RCKH} + t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{DHL} \\ &= 1.52 + 0.8 + 0.3 + 1.6 = 4.2 \text{ ns} \end{aligned}$$

EQ 1-18

A54SX16 Timing Characteristics

Table 1-18 • **A54SX16 Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays ¹										
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		ns
Predicted Routing Delays ²										
t _{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		ns
t _{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		ns
t _{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	2.8		3.2		3.7		4.3		ns
R-Cell Timing										
t _{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.8		1.1		1.2		1.4		ns
t _{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
t _{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.7		0.8		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
Input Module Propagation Delays										
t _{INYH}	Input Data Pad-to-Y HIGH	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t _{INYL}	Input Data Pad-to-Y LOW	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
Predicted Input Routing Delays ²										
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		ns
t _{IRD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	2.8		3.2		3.7		4.3		ns

Notes:

1. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.
3. Delays based on 35 pF loading, except t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} . For t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} , the loading is 5 pF.

Table 1-18 • A54SX16 Timing Characteristics (Continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Network										
t _{HCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (pad to R-Cell input)	1.2		1.4		1.5		1.8		ns
t _{HCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (pad to R-Cell input)	1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.2		0.2		0.3		0.3		ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.7		3.1		3.6		4.2		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	350		320		280		240		MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks										
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.1		2.5		2.8		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.1		2.4		2.8		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width HIGH	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width LOW	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (light load)	0.5		0.5		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% load)	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% load)	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
TTL Output Module Timing ³										
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad LOW to HIGH	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad HIGH to LOW	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1		2.4		2.8		3.2		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.3		2.7		3.1		3.6		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		ns

Notes:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading, except t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} . For t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} , the loading is 5 pF.

Package Pin Assignments

84-Pin PLCC

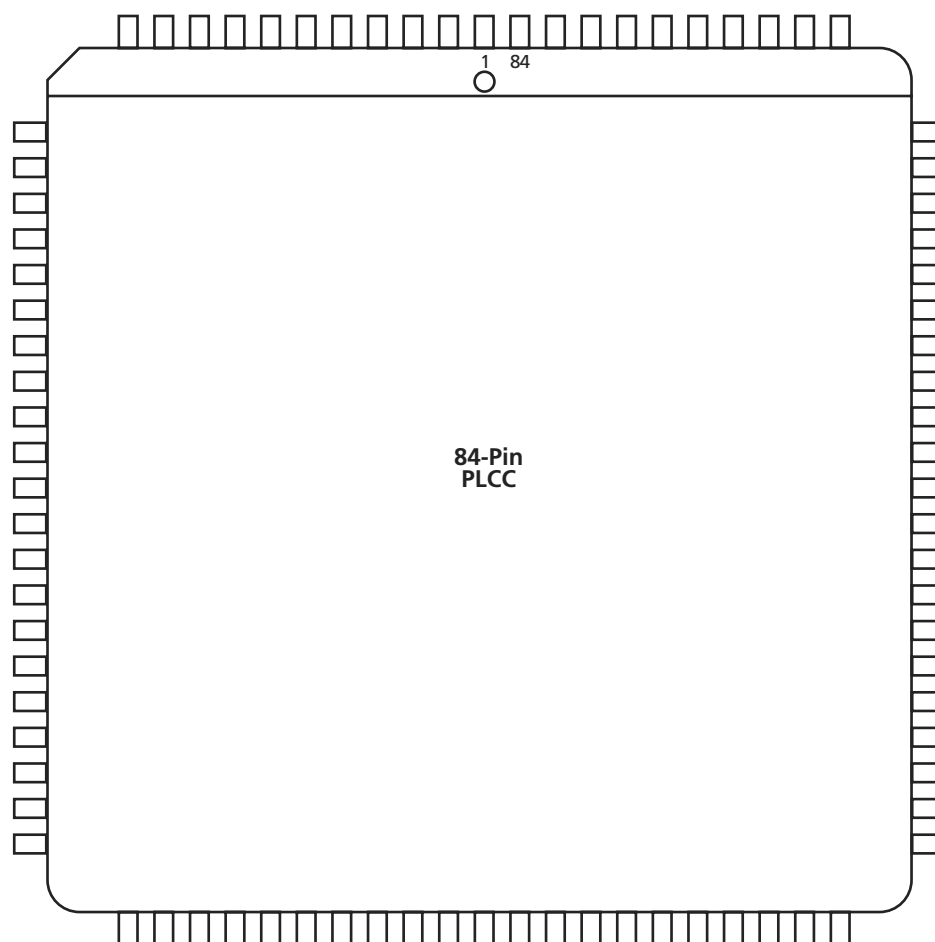


Figure 2-1 • 84-Pin PLCC (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

208-Pin PQFP

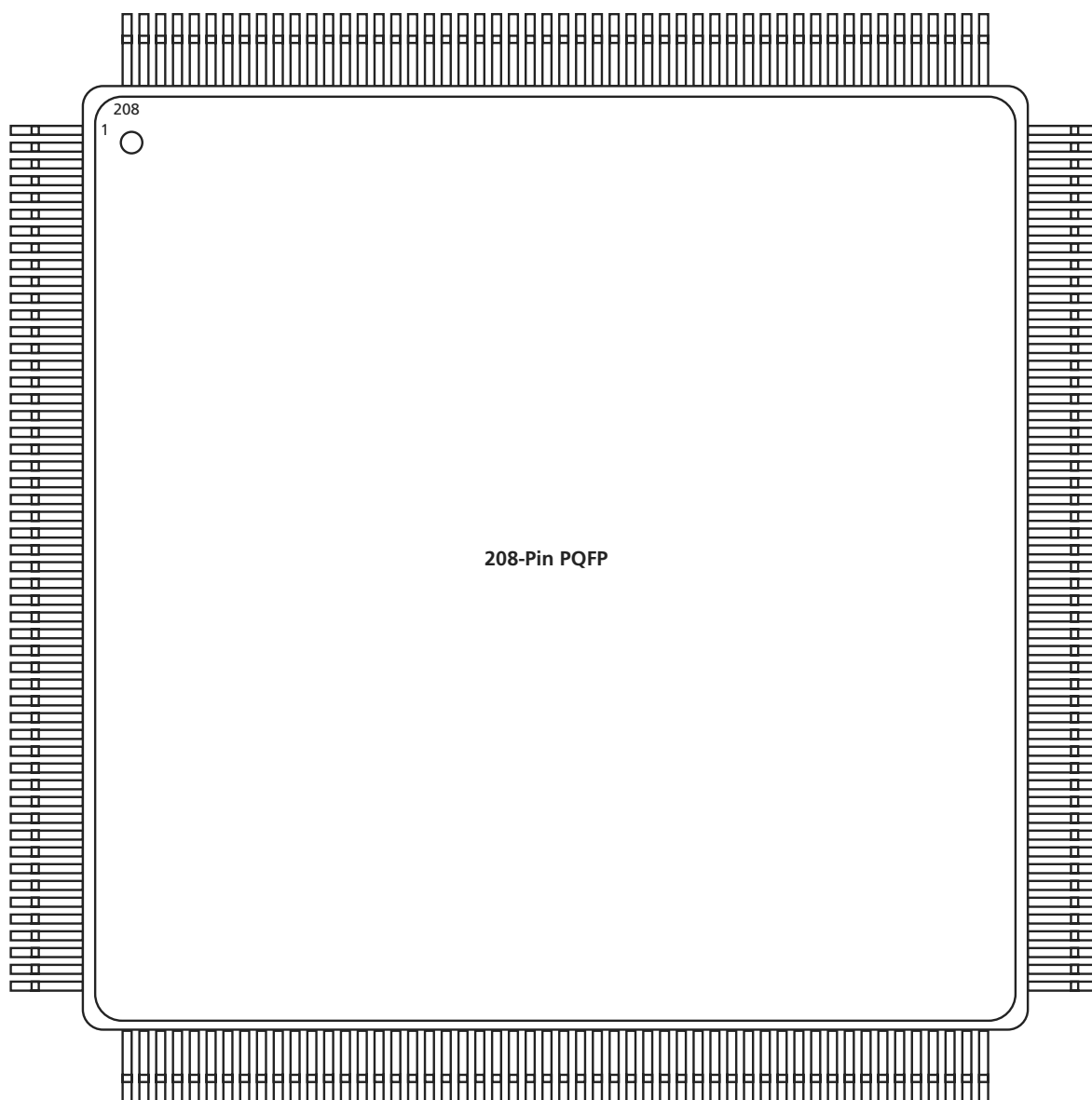


Figure 2-2 • 208-Pin PQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	NC	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	NC	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O	I/O
11	TMS	TMS	TMS
12	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	NC	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	NC	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	NC	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	NC	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
26	GND	GND	GND
27	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
28	GND	GND	GND
29	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	NC	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	NC	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	NC	I/O	I/O
40	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
41	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	I/O	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	NC	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	NC	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	GND	GND	GND
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
61	NC	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	NC	I/O	I/O
65*	I/O	I/O	NC*
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	NC	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	NC	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O

Note: * Note that Pin 65 in the A54SX32—PQ208 is a no connect (NC).

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
145	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
146	GND	GND	GND
147	I/O	I/O	I/O
148	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
149	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	I/O
151	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	I/O	I/O	I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	I/O	I/O	I/O
155	NC	I/O	I/O
156	NC	I/O	I/O
157	GND	GND	GND
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	I/O	I/O
162	I/O	I/O	I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
165	I/O	I/O	I/O
166	I/O	I/O	I/O
167	NC	I/O	I/O
168	I/O	I/O	I/O
169	I/O	I/O	I/O
170	NC	I/O	I/O
171	I/O	I/O	I/O
172	I/O	I/O	I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O
176	NC	I/O	I/O
177	I/O	I/O	I/O
178	I/O	I/O	I/O
179	I/O	I/O	I/O
180	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
181	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
182	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
183	GND	GND	GND
184	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
185	GND	GND	GND
186	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
187	I/O	I/O	I/O
188	I/O	I/O	I/O
189	NC	I/O	I/O
190	I/O	I/O	I/O
191	I/O	I/O	I/O
192	NC	I/O	I/O
193	I/O	I/O	I/O
194	I/O	I/O	I/O
195	NC	I/O	I/O
196	I/O	I/O	I/O
197	I/O	I/O	I/O
198	NC	I/O	I/O
199	I/O	I/O	I/O
200	I/O	I/O	I/O
201	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
202	NC	I/O	I/O
203	NC	I/O	I/O
204	I/O	I/O	I/O
205	NC	I/O	I/O
206	I/O	I/O	I/O
207	I/O	I/O	I/O
208	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

Note: * Note that Pin 65 in the A54SX32—PQ208 is a no connect (NC).

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	TMS	TMS	TMS
10	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
11	GND	GND	GND
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
20	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	GND	GND	GND
29	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
30	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	GND	GND	GND

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	I/O	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
57	GND	GND	GND
58	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
61	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
69	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	I/O	I/O
71	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function
1	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	TMS	TMS
8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
9	GND	GND
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O
34	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function
35	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
36	GND	GND
37	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
38	I/O	I/O
39	HCLK	HCLK
40	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O
49	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
50	I/O	I/O
51	GND	GND
52	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O
57	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
58	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
59	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O
67	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
68	GND	GND

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function
69	GND	GND
70	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O
79	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O
82	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
83	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O
87	CLKA	CLKA
88	CLKB	CLKB
89	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
90	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
91	GND	GND
92	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
93	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O
100	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

329-Pin PBGA

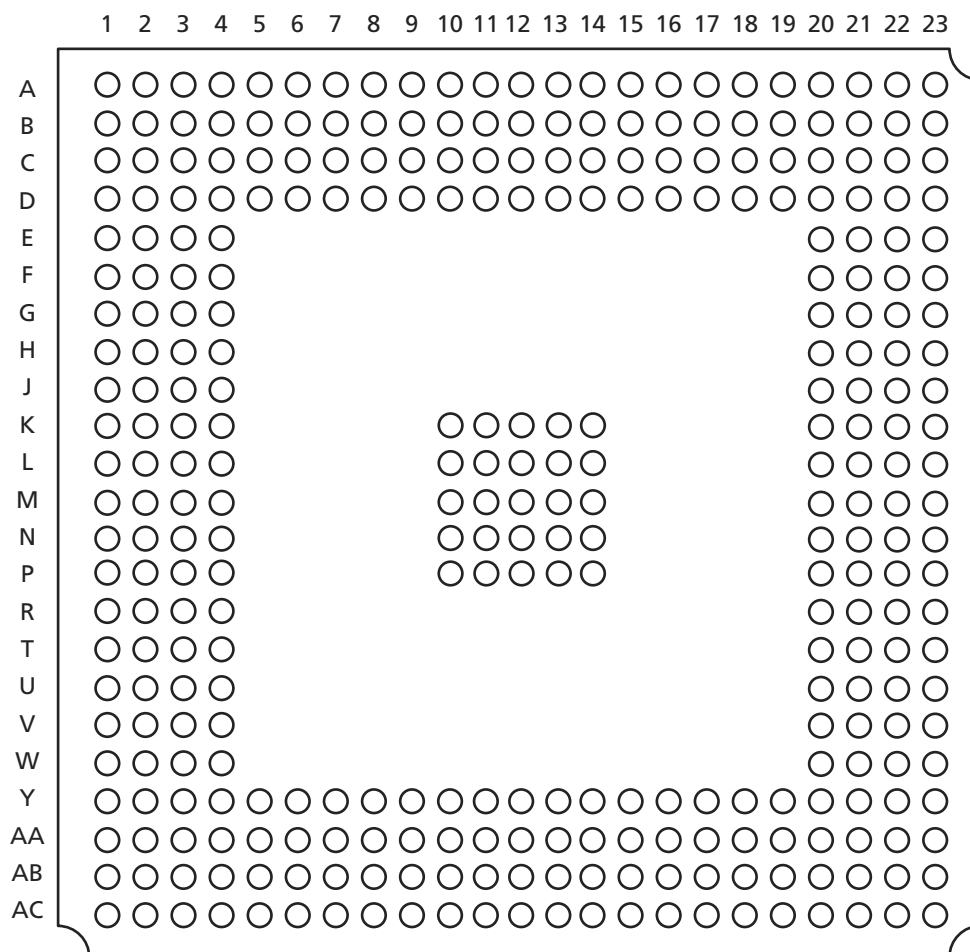


Figure 2-7 • 329-Pin PBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
A1	GND	AA13	I/O	AC2	V _{CCI}	B14	I/O
A2	GND	AA14	I/O	AC3	NC	B15	I/O
A3	V _{CCI}	AA15	I/O	AC4	I/O	B16	I/O
A4	NC	AA16	I/O	AC5	I/O	B17	I/O
A5	I/O	AA17	I/O	AC6	I/O	B18	I/O
A6	I/O	AA18	I/O	AC7	I/O	B19	I/O
A7	V _{CCI}	AA19	I/O	AC8	I/O	B20	I/O
A8	NC	AA20	TDO, I/O	AC9	V _{CCI}	B21	I/O
A9	I/O	AA21	V _{CCI}	AC10	I/O	B22	GND
A10	I/O	AA22	I/O	AC11	I/O	B23	V _{CCI}
A11	I/O	AA23	V _{CCI}	AC12	I/O	C1	NC
A12	I/O	AB1	I/O	AC13	I/O	C2	TDI, I/O
A13	CLKB	AB2	GND	AC14	I/O	C3	GND
A14	I/O	AB3	I/O	AC15	NC	C4	I/O
A15	I/O	AB4	I/O	AC16	I/O	C5	I/O
A16	I/O	AB5	I/O	AC17	I/O	C6	I/O
A17	I/O	AB6	I/O	AC18	I/O	C7	I/O
A18	I/O	AB7	I/O	AC19	I/O	C8	I/O
A19	I/O	AB8	I/O	AC20	I/O	C9	I/O
A20	I/O	AB9	I/O	AC21	NC	C10	I/O
A21	NC	AB10	I/O	AC22	V _{CCI}	C11	I/O
A22	V _{CCI}	AB11	PRB, I/O	AC23	GND	C12	I/O
A23	GND	AB12	I/O	B1	V _{CCI}	C13	I/O
AA1	V _{CCI}	AB13	HCLK	B2	GND	C14	I/O
AA2	I/O	AB14	I/O	B3	I/O	C15	I/O
AA3	GND	AB15	I/O	B4	I/O	C16	I/O
AA4	I/O	AB16	I/O	B5	I/O	C17	I/O
AA5	I/O	AB17	I/O	B6	I/O	C18	I/O
AA6	I/O	AB18	I/O	B7	I/O	C19	I/O
AA7	I/O	AB19	I/O	B8	I/O	C20	I/O
AA8	I/O	AB20	I/O	B9	I/O	C21	V _{CCI}
AA9	I/O	AB21	I/O	B10	I/O	C22	GND
AA10	I/O	AB22	GND	B11	I/O	C23	NC
AA11	I/O	AB23	I/O	B12	PRA, I/O	D1	I/O
AA12	I/O	AC1	GND	B13	CLKA	D2	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
T22	I/O
T23	I/O
U1	I/O
U2	I/O
U3	V _{CCA}
U4	I/O
U20	I/O
U21	V _{CCA}
U22	I/O
U23	I/O
V1	V _{CCI}
V2	I/O
V3	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
V4	I/O
V20	I/O
V21	I/O
V22	I/O
V23	I/O
W1	I/O
W2	I/O
W3	I/O
W4	I/O
W20	I/O
W21	I/O
W22	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
W23	NC
Y1	NC
Y2	I/O
Y3	I/O
Y4	GND
Y5	I/O
Y6	I/O
Y7	I/O
Y8	I/O
Y9	I/O
Y10	I/O
Y11	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
Y12	V _{CCA}
Y13	V _{CCR}
Y14	I/O
Y15	I/O
Y16	I/O
Y17	I/O
Y18	I/O
Y19	I/O
Y20	GND
Y21	I/O
Y22	I/O
Y23	I/O

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