



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	1452
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	147
Number of Gates	24000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	176-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	176-TQFP (24x24)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx16-1tqg176i

Table of Contents

SX Family FPGAs

General Description	1-1
SX Family Architecture	1-1
Programming	1-7
3.3 V / 5 V Operating Conditions	1-7
PCI Compliance for the SX Family	1-9
A54SX16P AC Specifications for (PCI Operation)	1-10
A54SX16P DC Specifications (3.3 V PCI Operation)	1-12
A54SX16P AC Specifications (3.3 V PCI Operation)	1-13
Power-Up Sequencing	1-15
Power-Down Sequencing	1-15
Evaluating Power in SX Devices	1-16
SX Timing Model	1-21
Timing Characteristics	1-23

Package Pin Assignments

84-Pin PLCC	2-1
208-Pin PQFP	2-3
144-Pin TQFP	2-7
176-Pin TQFP	2-10
100-Pin VQFP	2-14
313-Pin PBGA	2-16
329-Pin PBGA	2-19
144-Pin FBGA	2-23

Datasheet Information

List of Changes	3-1
Datasheet Categories	3-1
International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) and Export Administration Regulations (EAR)	3-1

The R-cell contains a flip-flop featuring asynchronous clear, asynchronous preset, and clock enable (using the S0 and S1 lines) control signals (Figure 1-2). The R-cell registers feature programmable clock polarity selectable on a register-by-register basis. This provides additional

flexibility while allowing mapping of synthesized functions into the SX FPGA. The clock source for the R-cell can be chosen from either the hardwired clock or the routed clock.

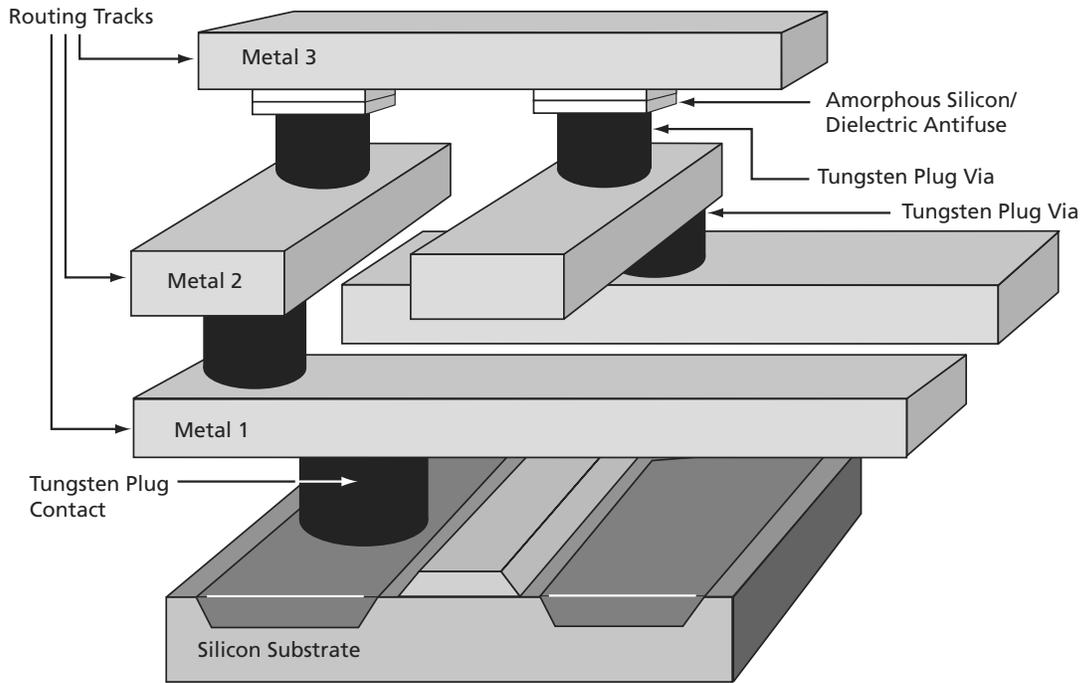


Figure 1-1 • SX Family Interconnect Elements

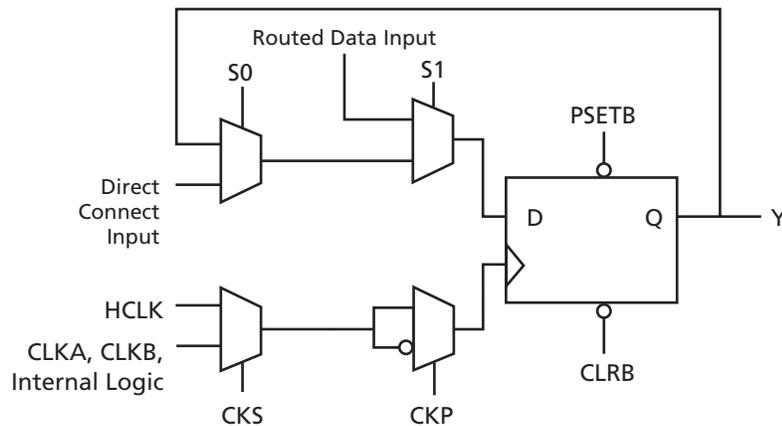


Figure 1-2 • R-Cell

The C-cell implements a range of combinatorial functions up to 5-inputs (Figure 1-3 on page 1-3). Inclusion of the DB input and its associated inverter function dramatically increases the number of combinatorial functions that can be implemented in a single module from 800 options in previous architectures to more than 4,000 in the SX architecture. An example of the improved flexibility

enabled by the inversion capability is the ability to integrate a 3-input exclusive-OR function into a single C-cell. This facilitates construction of 9-bit parity-tree functions with 2 ns propagation delays. At the same time, the C-cell structure is extremely synthesis friendly, simplifying the overall design and reducing synthesis time.

Routing Resources

Clusters and SuperClusters can be connected through the use of two innovative local routing resources called *FastConnect* and *DirectConnect*, which enable extremely fast and predictable interconnection of modules within clusters and SuperClusters (Figure 1-5 and Figure 1-6). This routing architecture also dramatically reduces the number of antifuses required to complete a circuit, ensuring the highest possible performance.

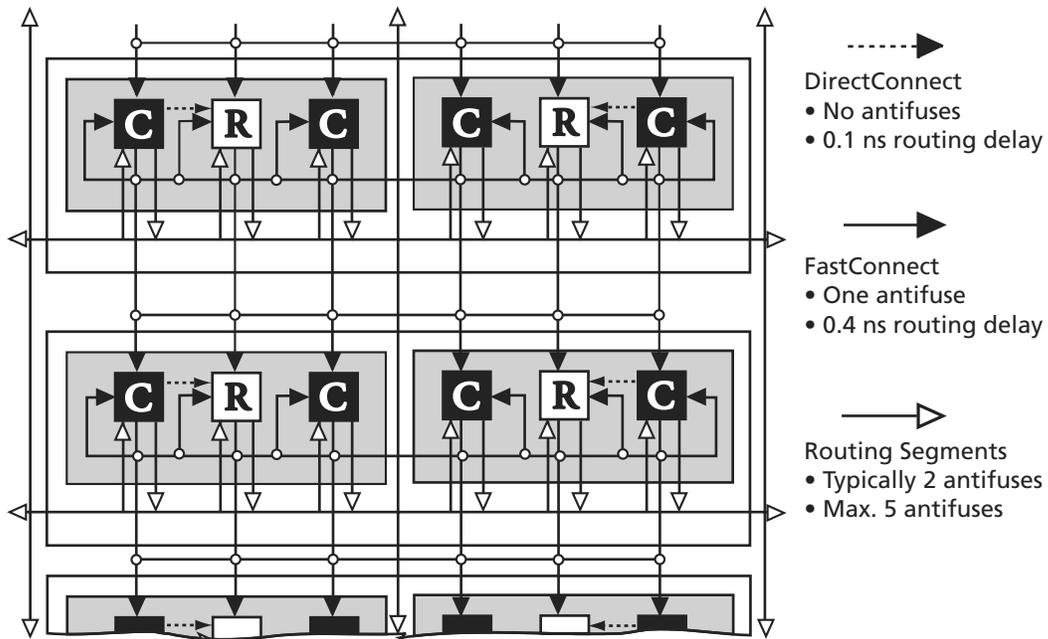


Figure 1-5 • DirectConnect and FastConnect for Type 1 SuperClusters

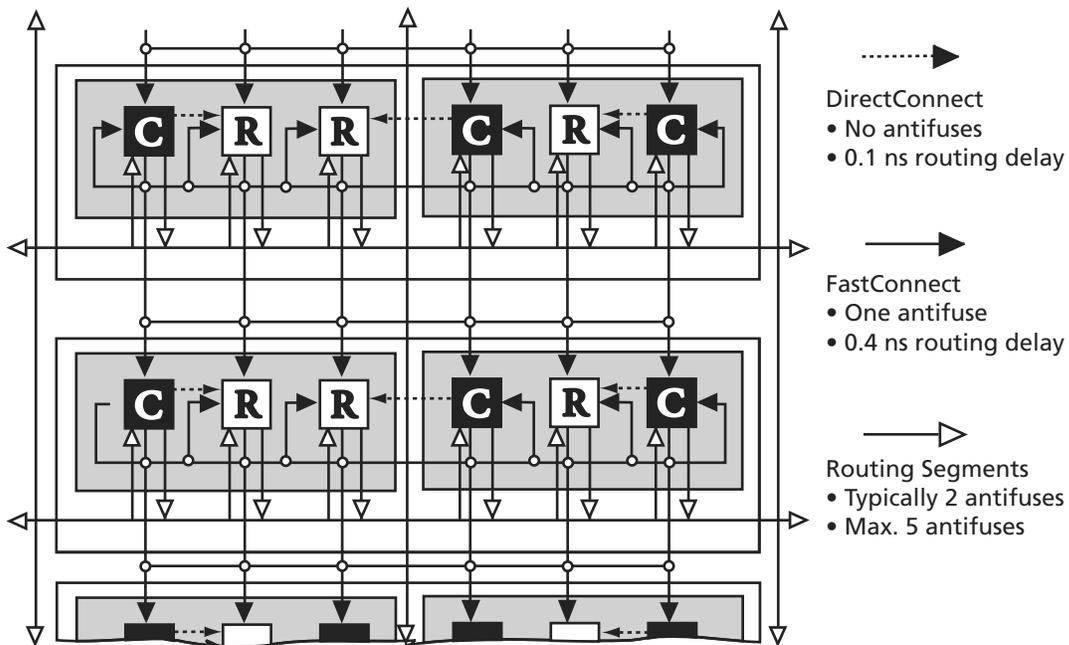


Figure 1-6 • DirectConnect and FastConnect for Type 2 SuperClusters

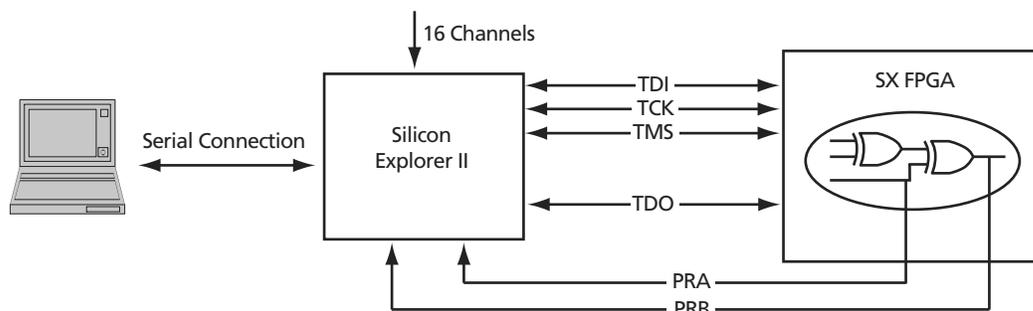


Figure 1-8 • Probe Setup

Programming

Device programming is supported through Silicon Sculptor series of programmers. In particular, Silicon Sculptor II are compact, robust, single-site and multi-site device programmer for the PC.

With standalone software, Silicon Sculptor II allows concurrent programming of multiple units from the same PC, ensuring the fastest programming times possible. Each fuse is subsequently verified by Silicon Sculptor II to insure correct programming. In addition, integrity tests ensure that no extra fuses are programmed. Silicon Sculptor II also provides extensive hardware self-testing capability.

The procedure for programming an SX device using Silicon Sculptor II are as follows:

1. Load the .AFM file
2. Select the device to be programmed
3. Begin programming

When the design is ready to go to production, Actel offers device volume-programming services either through distribution partners or via in-house programming from the factory.

For more details on programming SX devices, refer to the *Programming Antifuse Devices* application note and the *Silicon Sculptor II User's Guide*.

3.3 V / 5 V Operating Conditions

Table 1-3 • Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
V_{CCR}^2	DC Supply Voltage ³	-0.3 to + 6.0	V
V_{CCA}^2	DC Supply Voltage	-0.3 to + 4.0	V
V_{CCI}^2	DC Supply Voltage (A54SX08, A54SX16, A54SX32)	-0.3 to + 4.0	V
V_{CCI}^2	DC Supply Voltage (A54SX16P)	-0.3 to + 6.0	V
V_I	Input Voltage	-0.5 to + 5.5	V
V_O	Output Voltage	-0.5 to + 3.6	V
I_{IO}	I/O Source Sink Current ³	-30 to + 5.0	mA
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

Notes:

1. Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Device should not be operated outside the Recommended Operating Conditions.
2. V_{CCR} in the A54SX16P must be greater than or equal to V_{CCI} during power-up and power-down sequences and during normal operation.
3. Device inputs are normally high impedance and draw extremely low current. However, when input voltage is greater than $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V or less than $GND - 0.5$ V, the internal protection diodes will forward-bias and can draw excessive current.

Table 1-4 • Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature Range*	0 to + 70	-40 to + 85	-55 to +125	°C
3.3 V Power Supply Tolerance	±10	±10	±10	%V _{CC}
5.0 V Power Supply Tolerance	±5	±10	±10	%V _{CC}

Note: *Ambient temperature (T_A) is used for commercial and industrial; case temperature (T_C) is used for military.

Table 1-5 • Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Industrial		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
V _{OH}	(I _{OH} = -20 μA) (CMOS) (I _{OH} = -8 mA) (TTL) (I _{OH} = -6 mA) (TTL)	(V _{CCI} - 0.1) 2.4	V _{CCI} V _{CCI}	(V _{CCI} - 0.1) 2.4	V _{CCI} V _{CCI}	V
V _{OL}	(I _{OL} = 20 μA) (CMOS) (I _{OL} = 12 mA) (TTL) (I _{OL} = 8 mA) (TTL)		0.10 0.50		0.50	V
V _{IL}			0.8		0.8	V
V _{IH}		2.0		2.0		V
t _R , t _F	Input Transition Time t _R , t _F		50		50	ns
C _{IO}	C _{IO} I/O Capacitance		10		10	pF
I _{CC}	Standby Current, I _{CC}		4.0		4.0	mA
I _{CC(D)}	I _{CC(D)} I _{Dynamic} V _{CC} Supply Current	See "Evaluating Power in SX Devices" on page 1-16.				

Figure 1-9 shows the 5.0 V PCI V/I curve and the minimum and maximum PCI drive characteristics of the A54SX16P device.

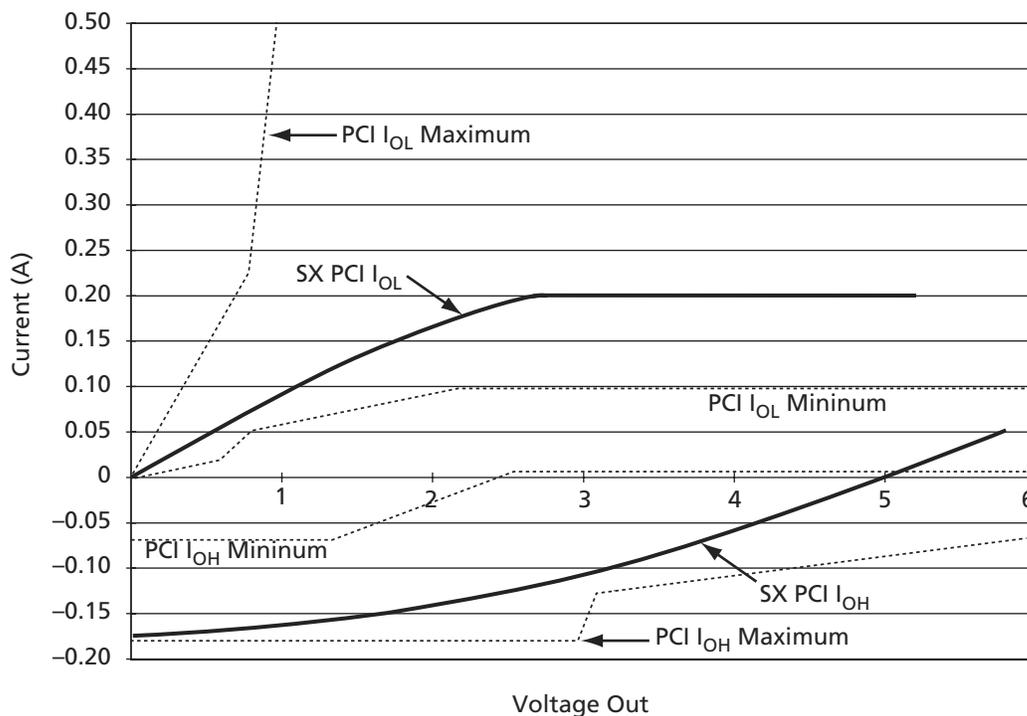


Figure 1-9 • 5.0 V PCI Curve for A54SX16P Device

$$I_{OH} = 11.9 \times (V_{OUT} - 5.25) \times (V_{OUT} + 2.45)$$

for $V_{CC} > V_{OUT} > 3.1$ V

EQ 1-1

$$I_{OL} = 78.5 \times V_{OUT} \times (4.4 - V_{OUT})$$

for 0 V $< V_{OUT} < 0.71$ V

EQ 1-2

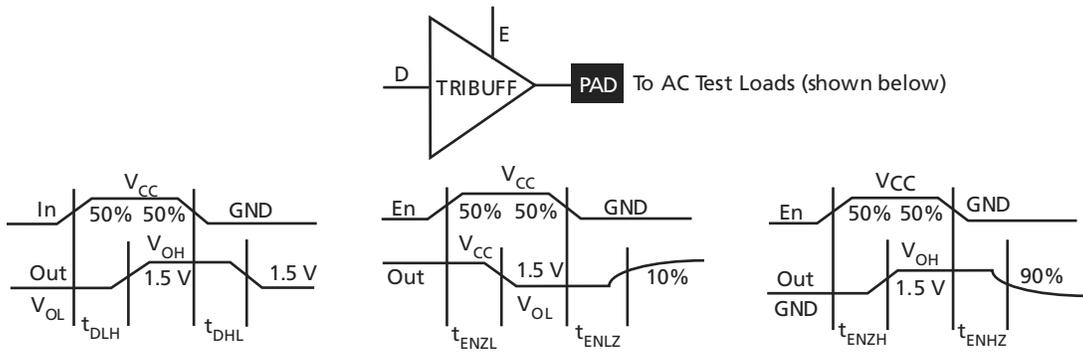


Figure 1-13 • Output Buffer Delays

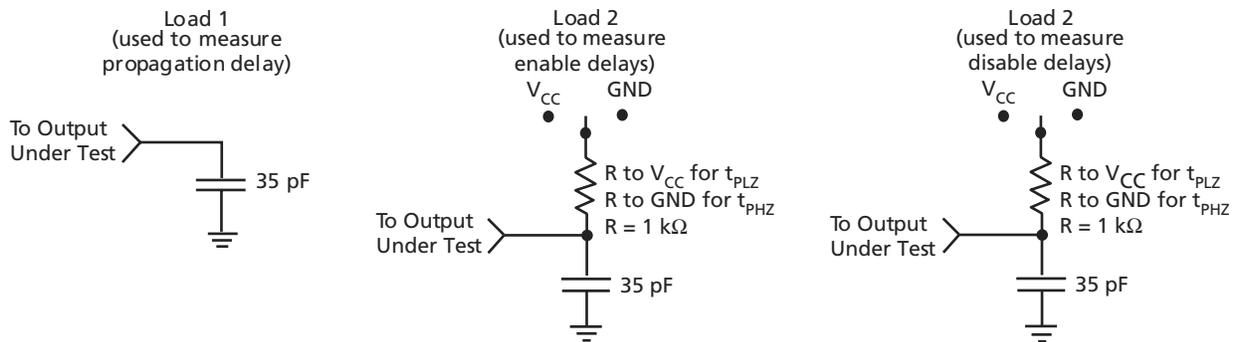


Figure 1-14 • AC Test Loads

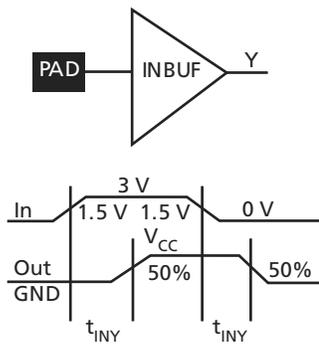


Figure 1-15 • Input Buffer Delays

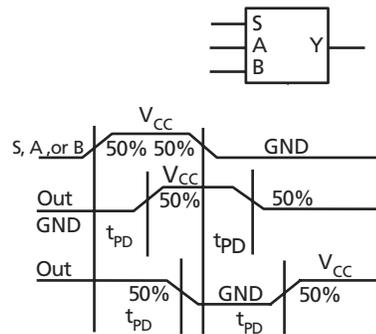


Figure 1-16 • C-Cell Delays

A54SX08 Timing Characteristics

Table 1-17 • A54SX08 Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays¹										
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9	ns
Predicted Routing Delays²										
t_{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1	ns
t_{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5	ns
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9	ns
t_{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay		2.8		3.2		3.7		4.3	ns
R-Cell Timing										
t_{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		0.8		1.1		1.2		1.4	ns
t_{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8	ns
t_{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0	ns
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.7		0.8		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
Input Module Propagation Delays										
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad-to-Y HIGH		1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad-to-Y LOW		1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays²										
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9	ns
t_{IRD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay		2.8		3.2		3.7		4.3	ns

Note:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

Table 1-18 • A54SX16 Timing Characteristics (Continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Network										
t_{HCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (pad to R-Cell input)		1.2		1.4		1.5		1.8	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (pad to R-Cell input)		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.2		0.2		0.3		0.3	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	2.7		3.1		3.6		4.2		ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		350		320		280		240	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks										
t_{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.5	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)		1.8		2.1		2.5		2.8	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)		2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)		1.8		2.1		2.4		2.8	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)		2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0	ns
t_{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width HIGH	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t_{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width LOW	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (light load)		0.5		0.5		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% load)		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% load)		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8	ns
TTL Output Module Timing³										
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad LOW to HIGH		1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad HIGH to LOW		1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1		2.4		2.8		3.2		ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.3		2.7		3.1		3.6		ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		ns

Notes:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading, except t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} . For t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} , the loading is 5 pF.

A54SX32 Timing Characteristics

Table 1-20 • A54SX32 Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays¹										
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9	ns
Predicted Routing Delays²										
t_{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1	ns
t_{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5	ns
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1	ns
t_{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay		4.0		4.7		5.3		6.2	ns
R-Cell Timing										
t_{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		0.8		1.1		1.3		1.4	ns
t_{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8	ns
t_{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0	ns
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
Input Module Propagation Delays										
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad-to-Y HIGH		1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad-to-Y LOW		1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2	ns
Predicted Input Routing Delays²										
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1	ns
t_{IRD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay		4.0		4.7		5.3		6.2	ns

Note:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading, except t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} . For t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} the loading is 5 pF.

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A545X08 Function	A545X16, A545X16P Function	A545X32 Function
73	NC	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	NC	I/O	I/O
76	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
77	GND	GND	GND
78	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
79	GND	GND	GND
80	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
81	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	NC	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	NC	I/O	I/O
89	I/O	I/O	I/O
90	I/O	I/O	I/O
91	NC	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	NC	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	NC	I/O	I/O
98	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
99	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	I/O	I/O	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	GND	GND	GND
106	NC	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	NC	I/O	I/O

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A545X08 Function	A545X16, A545X16P Function	A545X32 Function
109	I/O	I/O	I/O
110	I/O	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
115	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
116	NC	I/O	I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	NC	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	NC	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	NC	I/O	I/O
126	I/O	I/O	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	GND	GND	GND
130	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
131	GND	GND	GND
132	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
133	I/O	I/O	I/O
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	NC	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	NC	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	I/O	I/O	I/O
141	NC	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	NC	I/O	I/O
144	I/O	I/O	I/O

Note: * Note that Pin 65 in the A545X32—PQ208 is a no connect (NC).

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
73	GND	GND	GND
74	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O
79	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
80	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
81	GND	GND	GND
82	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
90	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
91	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
99	GND	GND	GND
100	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	GND	GND	GND
102	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
103	I/O	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	I/O	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	I/O	I/O	I/O

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
109	GND	GND	GND
110	I/O	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	I/O	I/O	I/O
115	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
116	I/O	I/O	I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
126	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
127	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
128	GND	GND	GND
129	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
130	I/O	I/O	I/O
131	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
132	I/O	I/O	I/O
133	I/O	I/O	I/O
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
141	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A545X08 Function	A545X16, A545X16P Function	A545X32 Function
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
141	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	I/O	I/O	I/O
145	I/O	I/O	I/O
146	I/O	I/O	I/O
147	I/O	I/O	I/O
148	I/O	I/O	I/O
149	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	I/O
151	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
153	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
154	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
155	GND	GND	GND
156	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A545X08 Function	A545X16, A545X16P Function	A545X32 Function
157	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	I/O	I/O
162	I/O	I/O	I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	I/O	I/O	I/O
165	I/O	I/O	I/O
166	I/O	I/O	I/O
167	I/O	I/O	I/O
168	NC	I/O	I/O
169	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
170	I/O	I/O	I/O
171	NC	I/O	I/O
172	NC	I/O	I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O
176	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

100-Pin VQFP

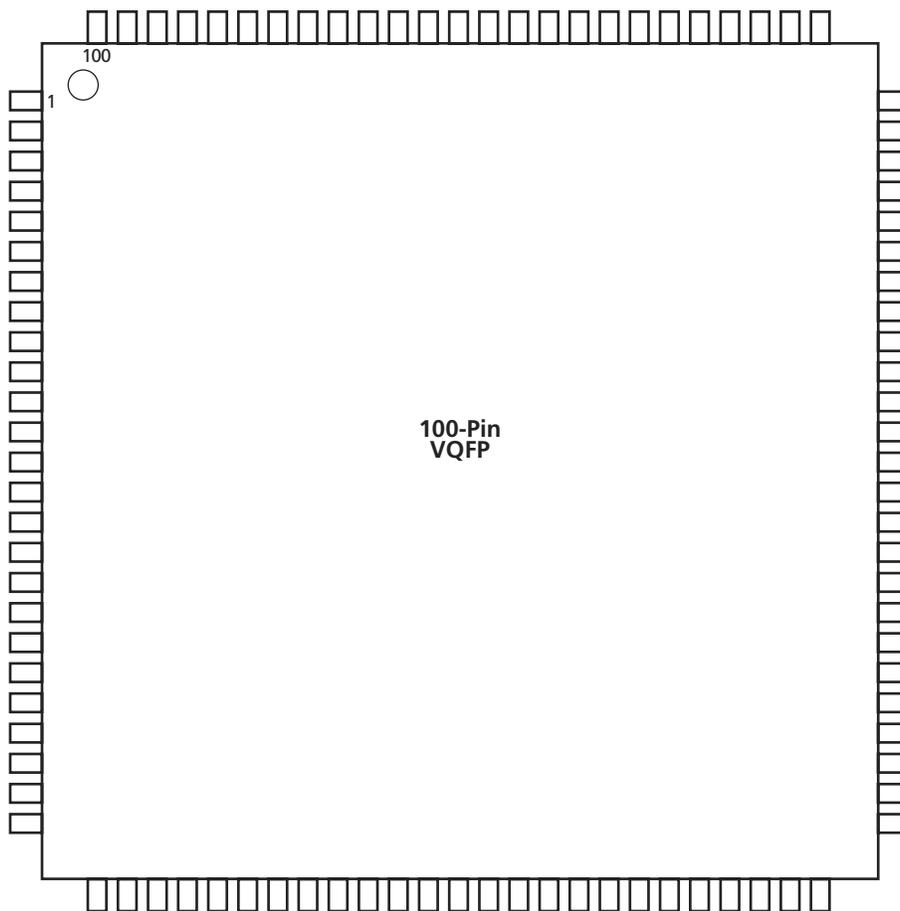


Figure 2-5 • 100-Pin VQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A545X08 Function	A545X16, A545X16P Function
1	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	TMS	TMS
8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
9	GND	GND
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O
34	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A545X08 Function	A545X16, A545X16P Function
35	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
36	GND	GND
37	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
38	I/O	I/O
39	HCLK	HCLK
40	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O
49	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
50	I/O	I/O
51	GND	GND
52	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O
57	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
58	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
59	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O
67	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
68	GND	GND

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A545X08 Function	A545X16, A545X16P Function
69	GND	GND
70	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O
79	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O
82	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
83	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O
87	CLKA	CLKA
88	CLKB	CLKB
89	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
90	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
91	GND	GND
92	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
93	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O
100	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

313-Pin PBGA

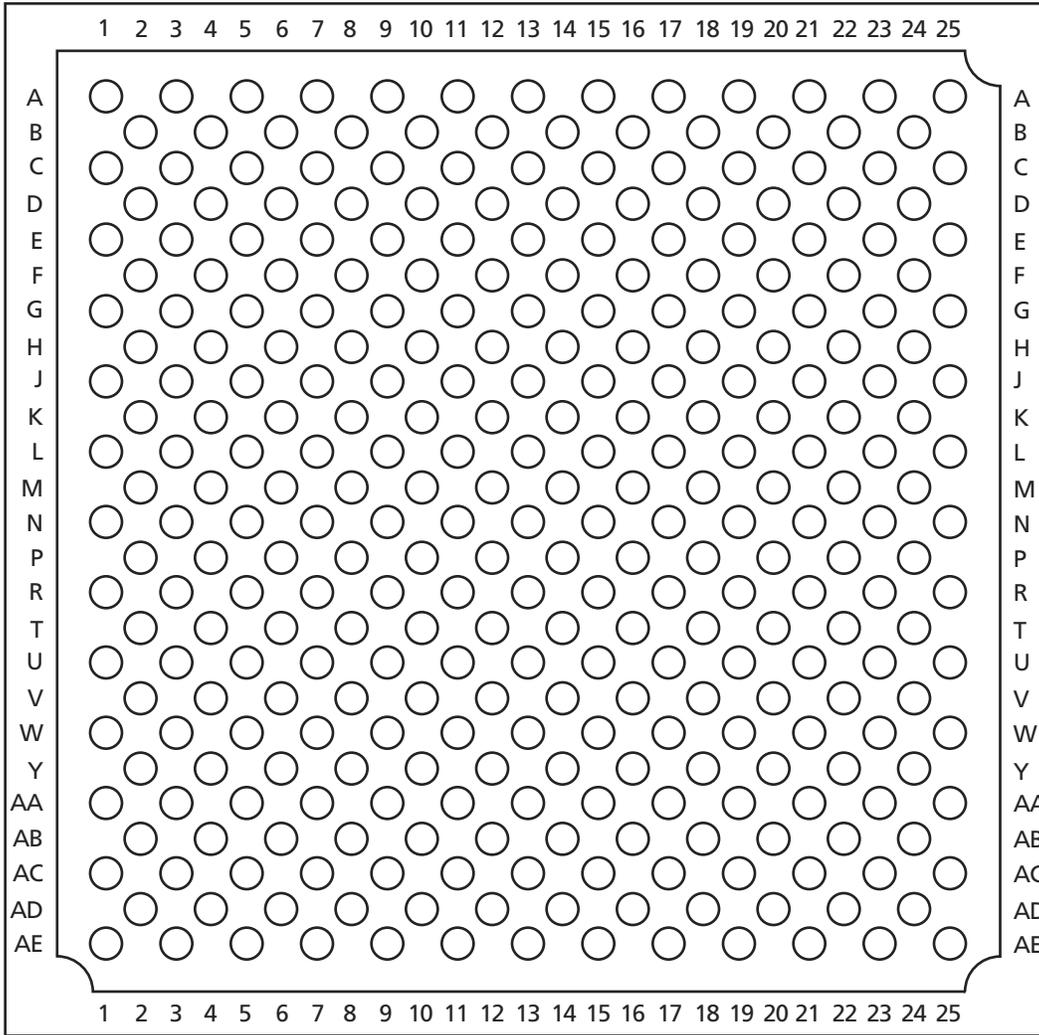


Figure 2-6 • 313-Pin PBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A545X32 Function
D3	I/O
D4	TCK, I/O
D5	I/O
D6	I/O
D7	I/O
D8	I/O
D9	I/O
D10	I/O
D11	V _{CCA}
D12	V _{CCR}
D13	I/O
D14	I/O
D15	I/O
D16	I/O
D17	I/O
D18	I/O
D19	I/O
D20	I/O
D21	I/O
D22	I/O
D23	I/O
E1	V _{CCI}
E2	I/O
E3	I/O
E4	I/O
E20	I/O
E21	I/O
E22	I/O
E23	I/O
F1	I/O
F2	TMS
F3	I/O
F4	I/O
F20	I/O
F21	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A545X32 Function
F22	I/O
F23	I/O
G1	I/O
G2	I/O
G3	I/O
G4	I/O
G20	I/O
G21	I/O
G22	I/O
G23	GND
H1	I/O
H2	I/O
H3	I/O
H4	I/O
H20	V _{CCA}
H21	I/O
H22	I/O
H23	I/O
J1	NC
J2	I/O
J3	I/O
J4	I/O
J20	I/O
J21	I/O
J22	I/O
J23	I/O
K1	I/O
K2	I/O
K3	I/O
K4	I/O
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K13	GND
K14	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A545X32 Function
K20	I/O
K21	I/O
K22	I/O
K23	I/O
L1	I/O
L2	I/O
L3	I/O
L4	V _{CCR}
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L13	GND
L14	GND
L20	V _{CCR}
L21	I/O
L22	I/O
L23	NC
M1	I/O
M2	I/O
M3	I/O
M4	V _{CCA}
M10	GND
M11	GND
M12	GND
M13	GND
M14	GND
M20	V _{CCA}
M21	I/O
M22	I/O
M23	V _{CCI}
N1	I/O
N2	I/O
N3	I/O
N4	I/O
N10	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A545X32 Function
N11	GND
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	GND
N20	NC
N21	I/O
N22	I/O
N23	I/O
P1	I/O
P2	I/O
P3	I/O
P4	I/O
P10	GND
P11	GND
P12	GND
P13	GND
P14	GND
P20	I/O
P21	I/O
P22	I/O
P23	I/O
R1	I/O
R2	I/O
R3	I/O
R4	I/O
R20	I/O
R21	I/O
R22	I/O
R23	I/O
T1	I/O
T2	I/O
T3	I/O
T4	I/O
T20	I/O
T21	I/O

144-Pin FBGA

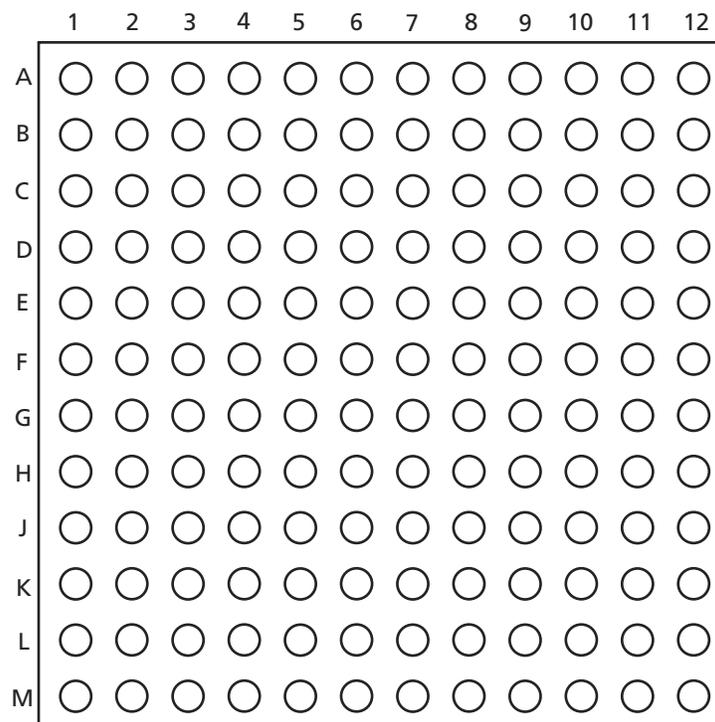


Figure 2-8 • 144-Pin FBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

Datasheet Information

List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in the current version of the document.

Previous Version	Changes in Current Version (v3.2)	Page
v3.1 (June 2003)	The "Ordering Information" was updated to include RoHS information.	1-ii
	The Product Plan was removed since all products have been released.	N/A
	Information concerning the TRST pin in the "Probe Circuit Control Pins" section was removed.	1-6
	The "Dedicated Test Mode" section is new.	1-6
	The "Programming" section is new.	1-7
	A note was added to the "Power-Up Sequencing" table.	1-15
	A note was added to the "Power-Down Sequencing" table. The 3.3 V comments were updated for the following devices: A545X08, A545X16, A545X32.	1-15
v3.0.1	U11 and U13 were added to the "313-Pin PBGA" table.	2-17
	Storage temperature in Table 1-3 was updated.	1-7
	Table 1-1 was updated.	1-5

Datasheet Categories

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheets are published before data has been fully characterized. Datasheets are designated as "Product Brief," "Advanced," "Production," and "Datasheet Supplement." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

Product Brief

The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advanced or production) containing general product information. This brief gives an overview of specific device and family information.

Advanced

This datasheet version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production.

Unmarked (production)

This datasheet version contains information that is considered to be final.

Datasheet Supplement

The datasheet supplement gives specific device information for a derivative family that differs from the general family datasheet. The supplement is to be used in conjunction with the datasheet to obtain more detailed information and for specifications that do not differ between the two families.

International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) and Export Administration Regulations (EAR)

The products described in this datasheet are subject to the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) or the Export Administration Regulations (EAR). They may require an approved export license prior to their export. An export can include a release or disclosure to a foreign national inside or outside the United States.