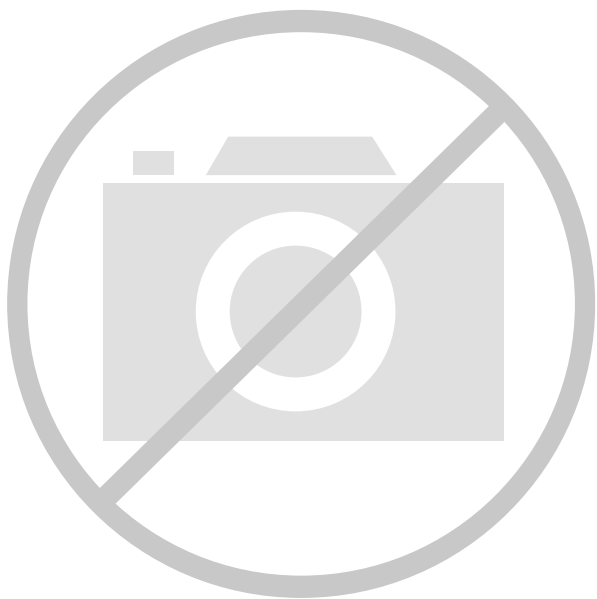




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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

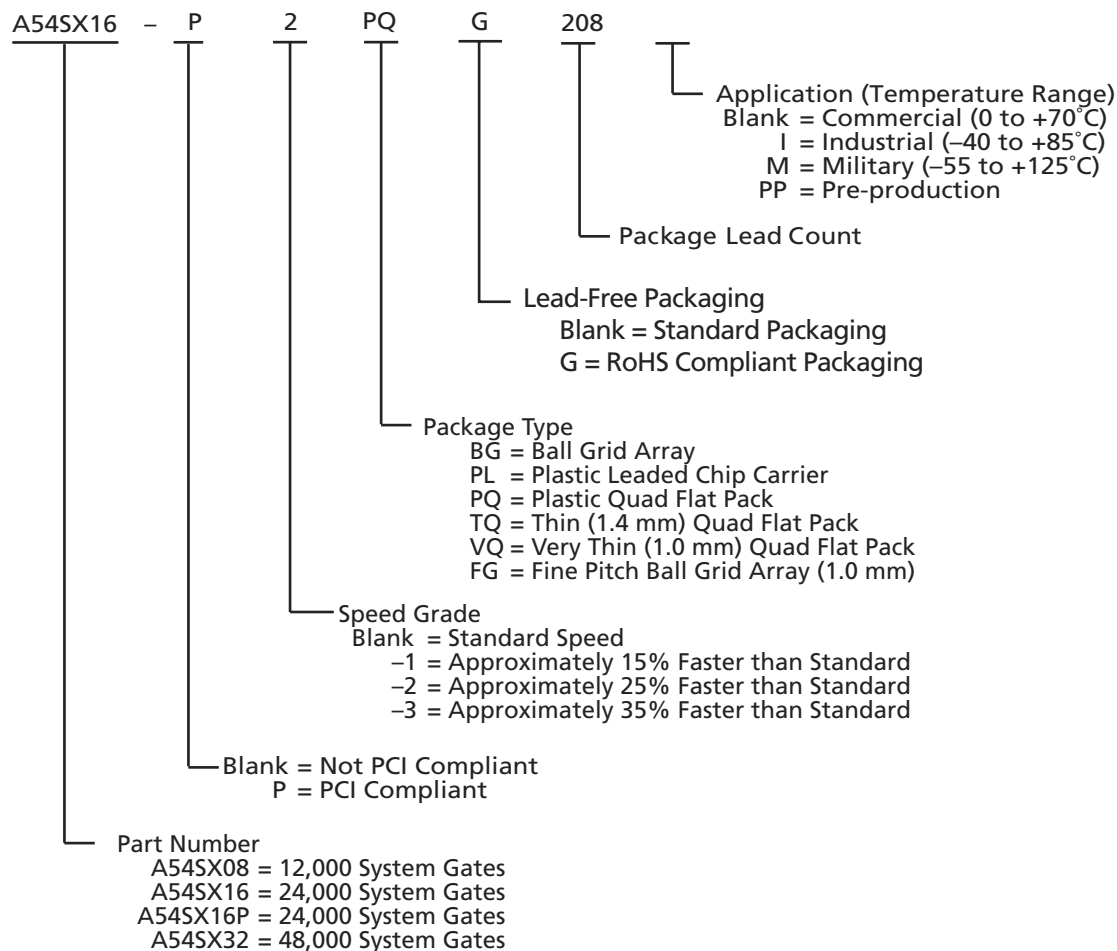
Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	2880
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	249
Number of Gates	48000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	313-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	313-PBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a54sx32-1bg313

Ordering Information



Plastic Device Resources

Device	User I/Os (including clock buffers)							
	PLCC 84-Pin	VQFP 100-Pin	PQFP 208-Pin	TQFP 144-Pin	TQFP 176-Pin	PBGA 313-Pin	PBGA 329-Pin	FBGA 144-Pin
A54SX08	69	81	130	113	128	–	–	111
A54SX16	–	81	175	–	147	–	–	–
A54SX16P	–	81	175	113	147	–	–	–
A54SX32	–	–	174	113	147	249	249	–

Note: Package Definitions (Consult your local Actel sales representative for product availability):

PLCC = Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier

PQFP = Plastic Quad Flat Pack

TQFP = Thin Quad Flat Pack

VQFP = Very Thin Quad Flat Pack

PBGA = Plastic Ball Grid Array

FBGA = Fine Pitch (1.0 mm) Ball Grid Array

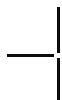


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Chip Architecture

The SX family chip architecture provides a unique approach to module organization and chip routing that delivers the best register/logic mix for a wide variety of new and emerging applications.

Module Organization

Actel has arranged all C-cell and R-cell logic modules into horizontal banks called *clusters*. There are two types of *clusters*: Type 1 contains two C-cells and one R-cell, while Type 2 contains one C-cell and two R-cells.

To increase design efficiency and device performance, Actel has further organized these modules into *SuperClusters* (Figure 1-4). SuperCluster 1 is a two-wide grouping of Type 1 clusters. SuperCluster 2 is a two-wide group containing one Type 1 cluster and one Type 2 cluster. SX devices feature more SuperCluster 1 modules than SuperCluster 2 modules because designers typically require significantly more combinatorial logic than flip-flops.

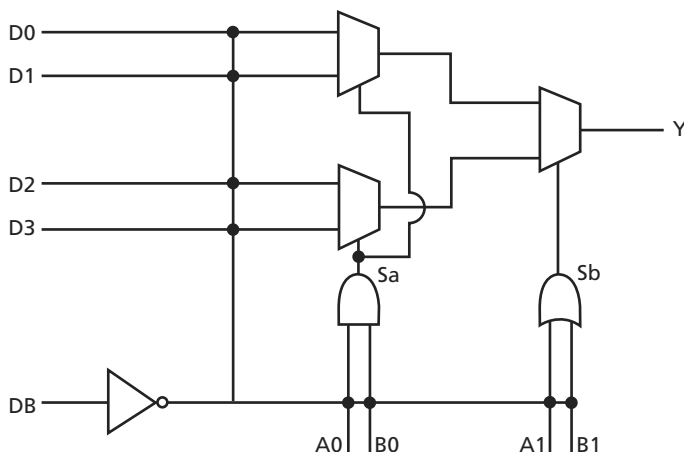


Figure 1-3 • C-Cell

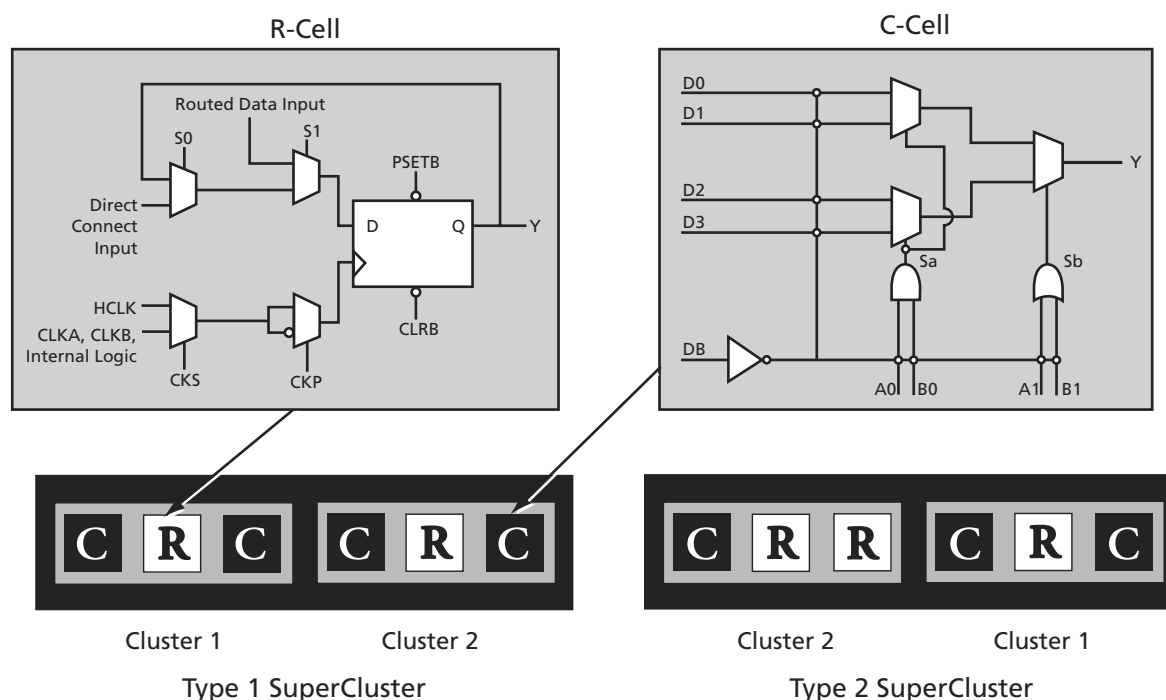


Figure 1-4 • Cluster Organization

Boundary Scan Testing (BST)

All SX devices are IEEE 1149.1 compliant. SX devices offer superior diagnostic and testing capabilities by providing Boundary Scan Testing (BST) and probing capabilities. These functions are controlled through the special test pins in conjunction with the program fuse. The functionality of each pin is described in Table 1-2. In the dedicated test mode, TCK, TDI, and TDO are dedicated pins and cannot be used as regular I/Os. In flexible mode, TMS should be set HIGH through a pull-up resistor of 10 kΩ. TMS can be pulled LOW to initiate the test sequence.

The program fuse determines whether the device is in dedicated or flexible mode. The default (fuse not blown) is flexible mode.

Table 1-2 • Boundary Scan Pin Functionality

Program Fuse Blown (Dedicated Test Mode)	Program Fuse Not Blown (Flexible Mode)
TCK, TDI, TDO are dedicated BST pins.	TCK, TDI, TDO are flexible and may be used as I/Os.
No need for pull-up resistor for TMS	Use a pull-up resistor of 10 kΩ on TMS.

Dedicated Test Mode

In Dedicated mode, all JTAG pins are reserved for BST; designers cannot use them as regular I/Os. An internal pull-up resistor is automatically enabled on both TMS and TDI pins, and the TMS pin will function as defined in the IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) specification.

To select Dedicated mode, users need to reserve the JTAG pins in Actel's Designer software by checking the "Reserve JTAG" box in "Device Selection Wizard" (Figure 1-7). JTAG pins comply with LVTTTL/TTL I/O specification regardless of whether they are used as a user I/O or a JTAG I/O. Refer to the Table 1-5 on page 1-8 for detailed specifications.

Development Tool Support

The SX family of FPGAs is fully supported by both the Actel Libero® Integrated Design Environment (IDE) and Designer FPGA Development software. Actel Libero IDE is a design management environment, seamlessly integrating design tools while guiding the user through the design flow, managing all design and log files, and passing necessary design data among tools. Libero IDE allows users to integrate both schematic and HDL synthesis into a single flow and verify the entire design in a single environment. Libero IDE includes Synplify® for Actel from Synplicity®, ViewDraw® for Actel from Mentor Graphics®, ModelSim® HDL Simulator from Mentor Graphics, WaveFormer Lite™ from SynaptiCAD™, and Designer software from Actel. Refer to the Libero IDE flow diagram (located on the Actel website) for more information.

Actel Designer software is a place-and-route tool and provides a comprehensive suite of backend support tools for FPGA development. The Designer software includes timing-driven place-and-route, and a world-class integrated static timing analyzer and constraints editor. With the Designer software, a user can select and lock package pins while only minimally impacting the results of place-and-route. Additionally, the back-annotation flow is compatible with all the major simulators, and the simulation results can be cross-probed with Silicon Explorer II, Actel integrated verification and logic analysis tool. Another tool included in the Designer software is the SmartGen core generator, which easily creates popular and commonly used logic functions for implementation into your schematic or HDL design. Actel Designer software is compatible with the most popular FPGA design entry and verification tools from companies such as Mentor Graphics, Synplicity, Synopsys®, and Cadence® Design Systems. The Designer software is available for both the Windows® and UNIX® operating systems.

Probe Circuit Control Pins

The Silicon Explorer II tool uses the boundary scan ports (TDI, TCK, TMS, and TDO) to select the desired nets for verification. The selected internal nets are assigned to the PRA/PRB pins for observation. Figure 1-8 on page 1-7 illustrates the interconnection between Silicon Explorer II and the FPGA to perform in-circuit verification.

Design Considerations

The TDI, TCK, TDO, PRA, and PRB pins should not be used as input or bidirectional ports. Because these pins are active during probing, critical signals input through these pins are not available while probing. In addition, the Security Fuse should not be programmed because doing so disables the Probe Circuitry.

Figure 1-7 • Device Selection Wizard

Table 1-4 • Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature Range*	0 to + 70	–40 to + 85	–55 to +125	°C
3.3 V Power Supply Tolerance	±10	±10	±10	%V _{CC}
5.0 V Power Supply Tolerance	±5	±10	±10	%V _{CC}

Note: *Ambient temperature (T_A) is used for commercial and industrial; case temperature (T_C) is used for military.

Table 1-5 • Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Industrial		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
V _{OH}	(I _{OH} = –20 μ A) (CMOS) (I _{OH} = –8 mA) (TTL) (I _{OH} = –6 mA) (TTL)	(V _{CCI} – 0.1) 2.4	V _{CCI} V _{CCI}	(V _{CCI} – 0.1) 2.4	V _{CCI} V _{CCI}	V
V _{OL}	(I _{OL} = 20 μ A) (CMOS) (I _{OL} = 12 mA) (TTL) (I _{OL} = 8 mA) (TTL)		0.10 0.50		0.50	V
V _{IL}			0.8		0.8	V
V _{IH}		2.0		2.0		V
t _R , t _F	Input Transition Time t _R , t _F		50		50	ns
C _{IO}	C _{IO} I/O Capacitance		10		10	pF
I _{CC}	Standby Current, I _{CC}		4.0		4.0	mA
I _{CC(D)}	I _{CC(D)} I _{Dynamic} V _{CC} Supply Current	See "Evaluating Power in SX Devices" on page 1-16.				

Step 1: Define Terms Used in Formula

Module	V_{CCA}	3.3
Number of logic modules switching at f_m (Used 50%)	m	264
Average logic modules switching rate f_m (MHz) (Guidelines: $f/10$)	f_m	20
Module capacitance C_{EQM} (pF)	C_{EQM}	4.0
Input Buffer		
Number of input buffers switching at f_n	n	1
Average input switching rate f_n (MHz) (Guidelines: $f/5$)	f_n	40
Input buffer capacitance C_{EQI} (pF)	C_{EQI}	3.4
Output Buffer		
Number of output buffers switching at f_p	p	1
Average output buffers switching rate f_p (MHz) (Guidelines: $f/10$)	f_p	20
Output buffers buffer capacitance C_{EQO} (pF)	C_{EQO}	4.7
Output Load capacitance C_L (pF)	C_L	35
RCLKA		
Number of Clock loads q_1	q_1	528
Capacitance of routed array clock (pF)	C_{EQCR}	1.6
Average clock rate (MHz)	f_{q1}	200
Fixed capacitance (pF)	r_1	138
RCLKB		
Number of Clock loads q_2	q_2	0
Capacitance of routed array clock (pF)	C_{EQCR}	1.6
Average clock rate (MHz)	f_{q2}	0
Fixed capacitance (pF)	r_2	138
HCLK		
Number of Clock loads	s_1	0
Variable capacitance of dedicated array clock (pF)	C_{EQHV}	0.61 5
Fixed capacitance of dedicated array clock (pF)	C_{EQHF}	96
Average clock rate (MHz)	f_{s1}	0

Step 2: Calculate Dynamic Power Consumption

$V_{CCA} \times V_{CCA}$	10.89
$m \times f_m \times C_{EQM}$	0.02112
$n \times f_n \times C_{EQI}$	0.000136
$p \times f_p \times (C_{EQO} + C_L)$	0.000794
$0.5 (q_1 \times C_{EQCR} \times f_{q1}) + (r_1 \times f_{q1})$	0.11208
$0.5 (q_2 \times C_{EQCR} \times f_{q2}) + (r_2 \times f_{q2})$	0
$0.5 (s_1 \times C_{EQHV} \times f_{s1}) + (C_{EQHF} \times f_{s1})$	0
$P_{AC} = 1.461 \text{ W}$	

Step 3: Calculate DC Power Dissipation

DC Power Dissipation

$$P_{DC} = (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCA} + (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCR} + (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCI} + X \times V_{OL} \times I_{OL} + Y(V_{CCI} - V_{OH}) \times V_{OH}$$

EQ 1-12

For a rough estimate of DC Power Dissipation, only use $P_{DC} = (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCA}$. The rest of the formula provides a very small number that can be considered negligible.

$$P_{DC} = (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCA}$$

$$P_{DC} = .55 \text{ mA} \times 3.3 \text{ V}$$

$$P_{DC} = 0.001815 \text{ W}$$

Step 4: Calculate Total Power Consumption

$$P_{Total} = P_{AC} + P_{DC}$$

$$P_{Total} = 1.461 + 0.001815$$

$$P_{Total} = 1.4628 \text{ W}$$

Step 5: Compare Estimated Power Consumption against Characterized Power Consumption

The estimated total power consumption for this design is 1.46 W. The characterized power consumption for this design at 200 MHz is 1.0164 W.

Figure 1-11 shows the characterized power dissipation numbers for the shift register design using frequencies ranging from 1 MHz to 200 MHz.

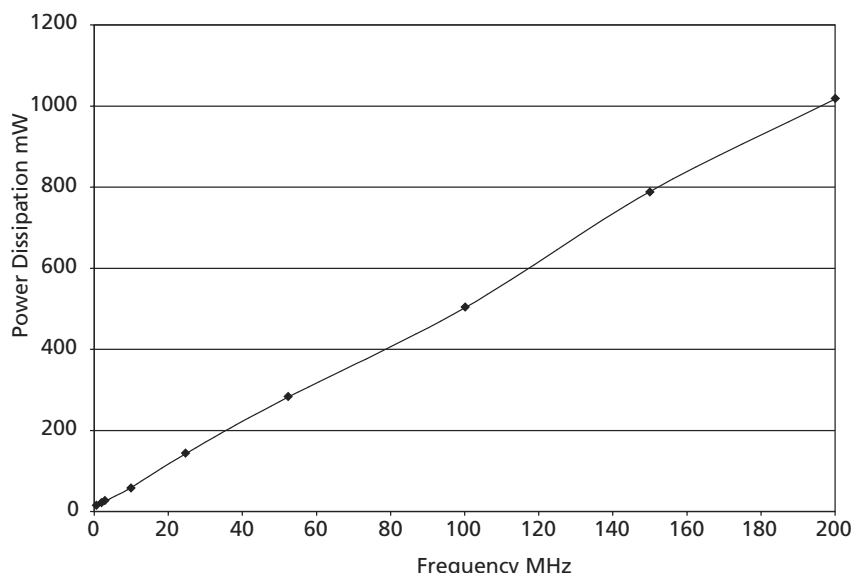


Figure 1-11 • Power Dissipation

Junction Temperature (T_j)

The temperature that you select in Designer Series software is the junction temperature, not ambient temperature. This is an important distinction because the heat generated from dynamic power consumption is usually hotter than the ambient temperature. Use the equation below to calculate junction temperature.

$$\text{Junction Temperature} = \Delta T + T_a$$

EQ 1-13

Where:

T_a = Ambient Temperature

ΔT = Temperature gradient between junction (silicon) and ambient

$$\Delta T = \theta_{ja} \times P$$

P = Power calculated from Estimating Power Consumption section

θ_{ja} = Junction to ambient of package. θ_{ja} numbers are located in the "Package Thermal Characteristics" section.

Package Thermal Characteristics

The device junction to case thermal characteristic is θ_{jc} , and the junction to ambient air characteristic is θ_{ja} . The thermal characteristics for θ_{ja} are shown with two different air flow rates.

The maximum junction temperature is 150 °C.

A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for a TQFP 176-pin package at commercial temperature and still air is as follows:

$$\text{Maximum Power Allowed} = \frac{\text{Max. junction temp. (°C)} - \text{Max. ambient temp. (°C)}}{\theta_{ja} \text{ (°C/W)}} = \frac{150^\circ\text{C} - 70^\circ\text{C}}{28^\circ\text{C/W}} = 2.86 \text{ W}$$

EQ 1-14

A54SX16 Timing Characteristics

Table 1-18 • **A54SX16 Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays ¹										
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		ns
Predicted Routing Delays ²										
t _{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		ns
t _{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		ns
t _{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	2.8		3.2		3.7		4.3		ns
R-Cell Timing										
t _{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.8		1.1		1.2		1.4		ns
t _{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
t _{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.7		0.8		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
Input Module Propagation Delays										
t _{INYH}	Input Data Pad-to-Y HIGH	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t _{INYL}	Input Data Pad-to-Y LOW	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
Predicted Input Routing Delays ²										
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		ns
t _{IRD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	2.8		3.2		3.7		4.3		ns

Notes:

1. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.
3. Delays based on 35 pF loading, except t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} . For t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} , the loading is 5 pF.

84-Pin PLCC	
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function
1	V _{CCR}
2	GND
3	V _{CCA}
4	PRA, I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	V _{CCI}
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	TCK, I/O
12	TDI, I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	TMS
17	I/O
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	I/O
22	I/O
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	GND
28	V _{CCI}
29	I/O
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	I/O
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O

84-Pin PLCC	
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function
36	I/O
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	PRB, I/O
41	V _{CCA}
42	GND
43	V _{CCR}
44	I/O
45	HCLK
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	TDO, I/O
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	I/O
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	V _{CCA}
60	V _{CCI}
61	GND
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	I/O
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	V _{CCA}
69	GND
70	I/O

84-Pin PLCC	
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function
71	I/O
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	I/O
80	I/O
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	CLKA
84	CLKB

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
73	GND	GND	GND
74	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O
79	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
80	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
81	GND	GND	GND
82	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
90	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
91	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
99	GND	GND	GND
100	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	GND	GND	GND
102	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
103	I/O	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	I/O	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	I/O	I/O	I/O

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
109	GND	GND	GND
110	I/O	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	I/O	I/O	I/O
115	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
116	I/O	I/O	I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
126	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
127	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
128	GND	GND	GND
129	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
130	I/O	I/O	I/O
131	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
132	I/O	I/O	I/O
133	I/O	I/O	I/O
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
141	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
141	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	I/O	I/O	I/O
145	I/O	I/O	I/O
146	I/O	I/O	I/O
147	I/O	I/O	I/O
148	I/O	I/O	I/O
149	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	I/O
151	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
153	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
154	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
155	GND	GND	GND
156	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
157	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	I/O	I/O
162	I/O	I/O	I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	I/O	I/O	I/O
165	I/O	I/O	I/O
166	I/O	I/O	I/O
167	I/O	I/O	I/O
168	NC	I/O	I/O
169	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
170	I/O	I/O	I/O
171	NC	I/O	I/O
172	NC	I/O	I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O
176	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function
1	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	TMS	TMS
8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
9	GND	GND
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O
34	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function
35	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
36	GND	GND
37	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
38	I/O	I/O
39	HCLK	HCLK
40	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O
49	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
50	I/O	I/O
51	GND	GND
52	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O
57	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
58	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
59	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O
67	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
68	GND	GND

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function
69	GND	GND
70	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O
79	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O
82	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
83	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O
87	CLKA	CLKA
88	CLKB	CLKB
89	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
90	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
91	GND	GND
92	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
93	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O
100	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

313-Pin PBGA		313-Pin PBGA		313-Pin PBGA		313-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
H20	I/O	L25	I/O	R5	I/O	V10	I/O
H22	V _{CCI}	M2	I/O	R7	I/O	V12	I/O
H24	I/O	M4	I/O	R9	I/O	V14	I/O
J1	I/O	M6	I/O	R11	I/O	V16	NC
J3	I/O	M8	I/O	R13	GND	V18	I/O
J5	I/O	M10	I/O	R15	I/O	V20	I/O
J7	NC	M12	GND	R17	I/O	V22	V _{CCA}
J9	I/O	M14	GND	R19	I/O	V24	V _{CCI}
J11	I/O	M16	V _{CCI}	R21	I/O	W1	I/O
J13	CLKA	M18	I/O	R23	I/O	W3	I/O
J15	I/O	M20	I/O	R25	I/O	W5	I/O
J17	I/O	M22	I/O	T2	I/O	W7	NC
J19	I/O	M24	I/O	T4	I/O	W9	I/O
J21	GND	N1	I/O	T6	I/O	W11	I/O
J23	I/O	N3	V _{CCA}	T8	I/O	W13	V _{CCI}
J25	I/O	N5	V _{CCR}	T10	I/O	W15	I/O
K2	I/O	N7	I/O	T12	I/O	W17	I/O
K4	I/O	N9	V _{CCI}	T14	HCLK	W19	I/O
K6	I/O	N11	GND	T16	I/O	W21	I/O
K8	V _{CCI}	N13	GND	T18	I/O	W23	I/O
K10	I/O	N15	GND	T20	I/O	W25	I/O
K12	I/O	N17	I/O	T22	I/O	Y2	I/O
K14	I/O	N19	I/O	T24	I/O	Y4	I/O
K16	I/O	N21	I/O	U1	I/O	Y6	I/O
K18	I/O	N23	V _{CCR}	U3	I/O	Y8	I/O
K20	V _{CCA}	N25	V _{CCA}	U5	V _{CCI}	Y10	I/O
K22	I/O	P2	I/O	U7	I/O	Y12	I/O
K24	I/O	P4	I/O	U9	I/O	Y14	I/O
L1	I/O	P6	I/O	U11	I/O	Y16	I/O
L3	I/O	P8	I/O	U13	I/O	Y18	I/O
L5	I/O	P10	I/O	U15	I/O	Y20	NC
L7	I/O	P12	GND	U17	I/O	Y22	I/O
L9	I/O	P14	GND	U19	I/O	Y24	NC
L11	I/O	P16	I/O	U21	I/O		
L13	GND	P18	I/O	U23	I/O		
L15	I/O	P20	NC	U25	I/O		
L17	I/O	P22	I/O	V2	V _{CCA}		
L19	I/O	P24	I/O	V4	I/O		
L21	I/O	R1	I/O	V6	I/O		
L23	I/O	R3	I/O	V8	I/O		

329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
A1	GND	AA13	I/O	AC2	V _{CCI}	B14	I/O
A2	GND	AA14	I/O	AC3	NC	B15	I/O
A3	V _{CCI}	AA15	I/O	AC4	I/O	B16	I/O
A4	NC	AA16	I/O	AC5	I/O	B17	I/O
A5	I/O	AA17	I/O	AC6	I/O	B18	I/O
A6	I/O	AA18	I/O	AC7	I/O	B19	I/O
A7	V _{CCI}	AA19	I/O	AC8	I/O	B20	I/O
A8	NC	AA20	TDO, I/O	AC9	V _{CCI}	B21	I/O
A9	I/O	AA21	V _{CCI}	AC10	I/O	B22	GND
A10	I/O	AA22	I/O	AC11	I/O	B23	V _{CCI}
A11	I/O	AA23	V _{CCI}	AC12	I/O	C1	NC
A12	I/O	AB1	I/O	AC13	I/O	C2	TDI, I/O
A13	CLKB	AB2	GND	AC14	I/O	C3	GND
A14	I/O	AB3	I/O	AC15	NC	C4	I/O
A15	I/O	AB4	I/O	AC16	I/O	C5	I/O
A16	I/O	AB5	I/O	AC17	I/O	C6	I/O
A17	I/O	AB6	I/O	AC18	I/O	C7	I/O
A18	I/O	AB7	I/O	AC19	I/O	C8	I/O
A19	I/O	AB8	I/O	AC20	I/O	C9	I/O
A20	I/O	AB9	I/O	AC21	NC	C10	I/O
A21	NC	AB10	I/O	AC22	V _{CCI}	C11	I/O
A22	V _{CCI}	AB11	PRB, I/O	AC23	GND	C12	I/O
A23	GND	AB12	I/O	B1	V _{CCI}	C13	I/O
AA1	V _{CCI}	AB13	HCLK	B2	GND	C14	I/O
AA2	I/O	AB14	I/O	B3	I/O	C15	I/O
AA3	GND	AB15	I/O	B4	I/O	C16	I/O
AA4	I/O	AB16	I/O	B5	I/O	C17	I/O
AA5	I/O	AB17	I/O	B6	I/O	C18	I/O
AA6	I/O	AB18	I/O	B7	I/O	C19	I/O
AA7	I/O	AB19	I/O	B8	I/O	C20	I/O
AA8	I/O	AB20	I/O	B9	I/O	C21	V _{CCI}
AA9	I/O	AB21	I/O	B10	I/O	C22	GND
AA10	I/O	AB22	GND	B11	I/O	C23	NC
AA11	I/O	AB23	I/O	B12	PRA, I/O	D1	I/O
AA12	I/O	AC1	GND	B13	CLKA	D2	I/O

329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
T22	I/O	V4	I/O	W23	NC	Y12	V _{CCA}
T23	I/O	V20	I/O	Y1	NC	Y13	V _{CCR}
U1	I/O	V21	I/O	Y2	I/O	Y14	I/O
U2	I/O	V22	I/O	Y3	I/O	Y15	I/O
U3	V _{CCA}	V23	I/O	Y4	GND	Y16	I/O
U4	I/O	W1	I/O	Y5	I/O	Y17	I/O
U20	I/O	W2	I/O	Y6	I/O	Y18	I/O
U21	V _{CCA}	W3	I/O	Y7	I/O	Y19	I/O
U22	I/O	W4	I/O	Y8	I/O	Y20	GND
U23	I/O	W20	I/O	Y9	I/O	Y21	I/O
V1	V _{CCI}	W21	I/O	Y10	I/O	Y22	I/O
V2	I/O	W22	I/O	Y11	I/O	Y23	I/O
V3	I/O						

144-Pin FBGA

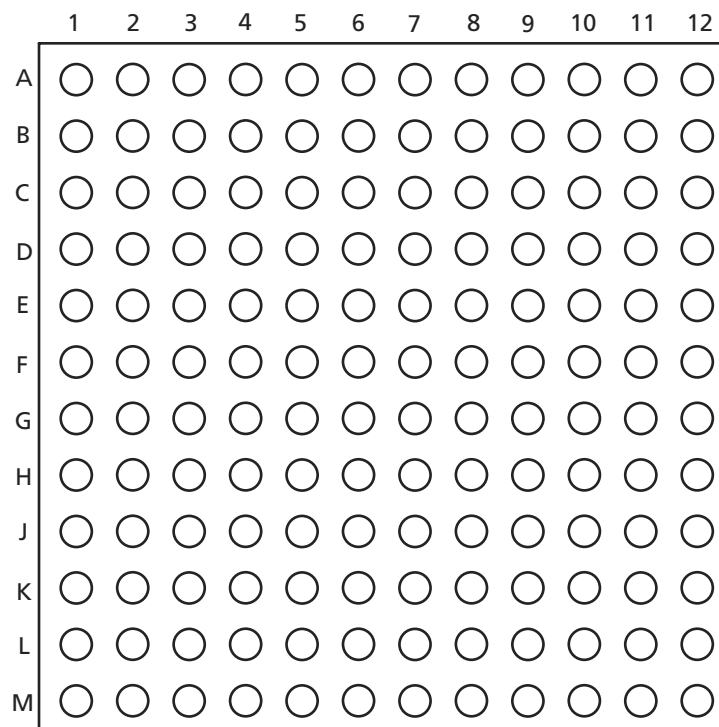


Figure 2-8 • 144-Pin FBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

144-Pin FBGA		144-Pin FBGA		144-Pin FBGA		144-Pin FBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	Pin Number	A54SX08 Function
A1	I/O	D1	I/O	G1	I/O	K1	I/O
A2	I/O	D2	V _{CCI}	G2	GND	K2	I/O
A3	I/O	D3	TDI, I/O	G3	I/O	K3	I/O
A4	I/O	D4	I/O	G4	I/O	K4	I/O
A5	V _{CCA}	D5	I/O	G5	GND	K5	I/O
A6	GND	D6	I/O	G6	GND	K6	I/O
A7	CLKA	D7	I/O	G7	GND	K7	GND
A8	I/O	D8	I/O	G8	V _{CCI}	K8	I/O
A9	I/O	D9	I/O	G9	I/O	K9	I/O
A10	I/O	D10	I/O	G10	I/O	K10	GND
A11	I/O	D11	I/O	G11	I/O	K11	I/O
A12	I/O	D12	I/O	G12	I/O	K12	I/O
B1	I/O	E1	I/O	H1	I/O	L1	GND
B2	GND	E2	I/O	H2	I/O	L2	I/O
B3	I/O	E3	I/O	H3	I/O	L3	I/O
B4	I/O	E4	I/O	H4	I/O	L4	I/O
B5	I/O	E5	TMS	H5	V _{CCA}	L5	I/O
B6	I/O	E6	V _{CCI}	H6	V _{CCA}	L6	I/O
B7	CLKB	E7	V _{CCI}	H7	V _{CCI}	L7	HCLK
B8	I/O	E8	V _{CCI}	H8	V _{CCI}	L8	I/O
B9	I/O	E9	V _{CCA}	H9	V _{CCA}	L9	I/O
B10	I/O	E10	I/O	H10	I/O	L10	I/O
B11	GND	E11	GND	H11	I/O	L11	I/O
B12	I/O	E12	I/O	H12	V _{CCR}	L12	I/O
C1	I/O	F1	I/O	J1	I/O	M1	I/O
C2	I/O	F2	I/O	J2	I/O	M2	I/O
C3	TCK, I/O	F3	V _{CCR}	J3	I/O	M3	I/O
C4	I/O	F4	I/O	J4	I/O	M4	I/O
C5	I/O	F5	GND	J5	I/O	M5	I/O
C6	PRA, I/O	F6	GND	J6	PRB, I/O	M6	I/O
C7	I/O	F7	GND	J7	I/O	M7	V _{CCA}
C8	I/O	F8	V _{CCI}	J8	I/O	M8	I/O
C9	I/O	F9	I/O	J9	I/O	M9	I/O
C10	I/O	F10	GND	J10	I/O	M10	I/O
C11	I/O	F11	I/O	J11	I/O	M11	TDO, I/O
C12	I/O	F12	I/O	J12	V _{CCA}	M12	I/O

Datasheet Information

List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in the current version of the document.

Previous Version	Changes in Current Version (v3.2)	Page
v3.1 (June 2003)	The "Ordering Information" was updated to include RoHS information.	1-ii
	The Product Plan was removed since all products have been released.	N/A
	Information concerning the TRST pin in the "Probe Circuit Control Pins" section was removed.	1-6
	The "Dedicated Test Mode" section is new.	1-6
	The "Programming" section is new.	1-7
	A note was added to the "Power-Up Sequencing" table.	1-15
	A note was added to the "Power-Down Sequencing" table. The 3.3 V comments were updated for the following devices: A545X08, A545X16, A545X32.	1-15
v3.0.1	U11 and U13 were added to the "313-Pin PBGA" table.	2-17
	Storage temperature in Table 1-3 was updated.	1-7
	Table 1-1 was updated.	1-5

Datasheet Categories

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheets are published before data has been fully characterized. Datasheets are designated as "Product Brief," "Advanced," "Production," and "Datasheet Supplement." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

Product Brief

The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advanced or production) containing general product information. This brief gives an overview of specific device and family information.

Advanced

This datasheet version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production.

Unmarked (production)

This datasheet version contains information that is considered to be final.

Datasheet Supplement

The datasheet supplement gives specific device information for a derivative family that differs from the general family datasheet. The supplement is to be used in conjunction with the datasheet to obtain more detailed information and for specifications that do not differ between the two families.

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