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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	2880
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	174
Number of Gates	48000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx32-2pq208

The R-cell contains a flip-flop featuring asynchronous clear, asynchronous preset, and clock enable (using the S0 and S1 lines) control signals (Figure 1-2). The R-cell registers feature programmable clock polarity selectable on a register-by-register basis. This provides additional

flexibility while allowing mapping of synthesized functions into the SX FPGA. The clock source for the R-cell can be chosen from either the hardwired clock or the routed clock.

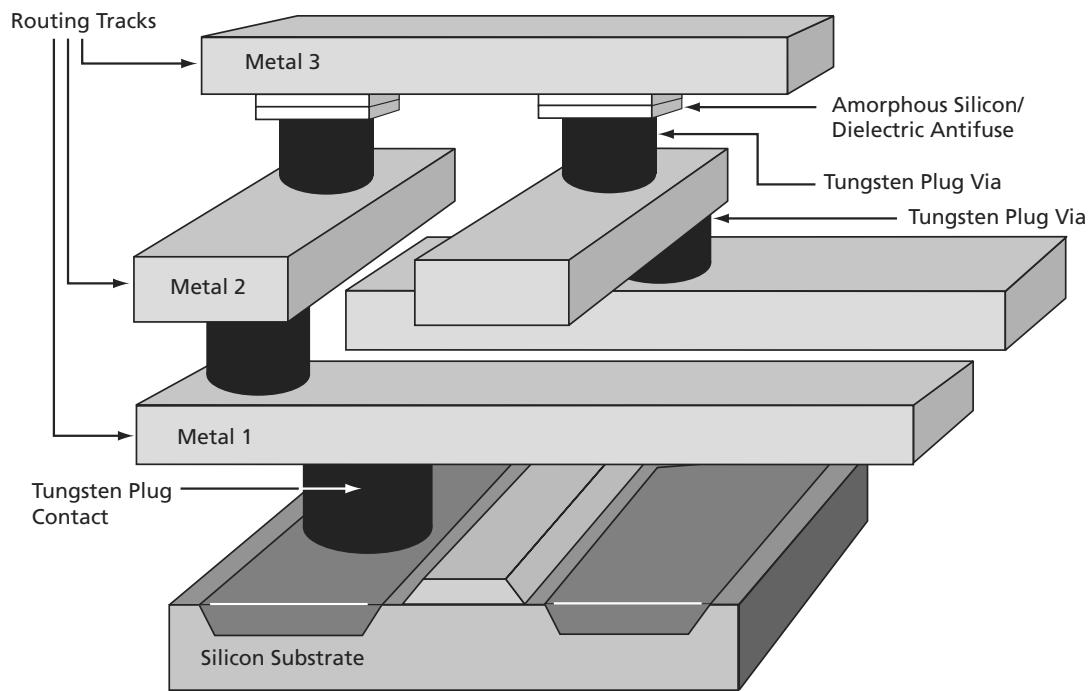


Figure 1-1 • SX Family Interconnect Elements

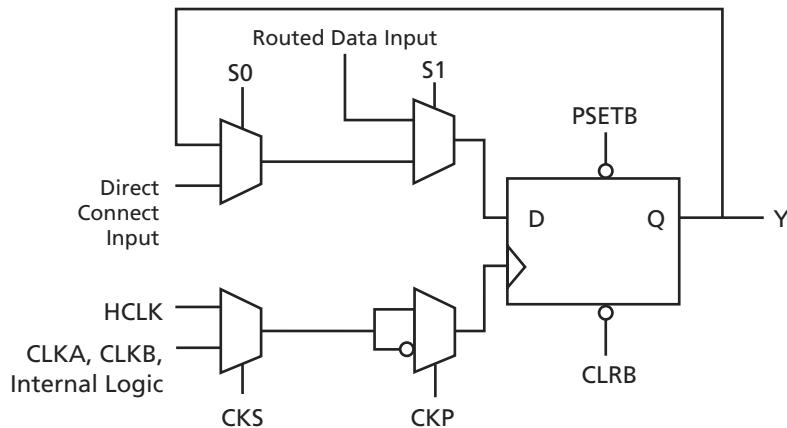


Figure 1-2 • R-Cell

The C-cell implements a range of combinatorial functions up to 5-inputs (Figure 1-3 on page 1-3). Inclusion of the DB input and its associated inverter function dramatically increases the number of combinatorial functions that can be implemented in a single module from 800 options in previous architectures to more than 4,000 in the SX architecture. An example of the improved flexibility

enabled by the inversion capability is the ability to integrate a 3-input exclusive-OR function into a single C-cell. This facilitates construction of 9-bit parity-tree functions with 2 ns propagation delays. At the same time, the C-cell structure is extremely synthesis friendly, simplifying the overall design and reducing synthesis time.

Boundary Scan Testing (BST)

All SX devices are IEEE 1149.1 compliant. SX devices offer superior diagnostic and testing capabilities by providing Boundary Scan Testing (BST) and probing capabilities. These functions are controlled through the special test pins in conjunction with the program fuse. The functionality of each pin is described in Table 1-2. In the dedicated test mode, TCK, TDI, and TDO are dedicated pins and cannot be used as regular I/Os. In flexible mode, TMS should be set HIGH through a pull-up resistor of 10 kΩ. TMS can be pulled LOW to initiate the test sequence.

The program fuse determines whether the device is in dedicated or flexible mode. The default (fuse not blown) is flexible mode.

Table 1-2 • Boundary Scan Pin Functionality

Program Fuse Blown (Dedicated Test Mode)	Program Fuse Not Blown (Flexible Mode)
TCK, TDI, TDO are dedicated BST pins.	TCK, TDI, TDO are flexible and may be used as I/Os.
No need for pull-up resistor for TMS	Use a pull-up resistor of 10 kΩ on TMS.

Dedicated Test Mode

In Dedicated mode, all JTAG pins are reserved for BST; designers cannot use them as regular I/Os. An internal pull-up resistor is automatically enabled on both TMS and TDI pins, and the TMS pin will function as defined in the IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) specification.

To select Dedicated mode, users need to reserve the JTAG pins in Actel's Designer software by checking the "Reserve JTAG" box in "Device Selection Wizard" (Figure 1-7). JTAG pins comply with LVTTL/TTL I/O specification regardless of whether they are used as a user I/O or a JTAG I/O. Refer to the Table 1-5 on page 1-8 for detailed specifications.

Figure 1-7 • Device Selection Wizard

Development Tool Support

The SX family of FPGAs is fully supported by both the Actel Libero® Integrated Design Environment (IDE) and Designer FPGA Development software. Actel Libero IDE is a design management environment, seamlessly integrating design tools while guiding the user through the design flow, managing all design and log files, and passing necessary design data among tools. Libero IDE allows users to integrate both schematic and HDL synthesis into a single flow and verify the entire design in a single environment. Libero IDE includes Synplify® for Actel from Synplicity®, ViewDraw® for Actel from Mentor Graphics®, ModelSim® HDL Simulator from Mentor Graphics, WaveFormer Lite™ from SynaptiCAD™, and Designer software from Actel. Refer to the Libero IDE flow diagram (located on the Actel website) for more information.

Actel Designer software is a place-and-route tool and provides a comprehensive suite of backend support tools for FPGA development. The Designer software includes timing-driven place-and-route, and a world-class integrated static timing analyzer and constraints editor. With the Designer software, a user can select and lock package pins while only minimally impacting the results of place-and-route. Additionally, the back-annotation flow is compatible with all the major simulators, and the simulation results can be cross-probed with Silicon Explorer II, Actel integrated verification and logic analysis tool. Another tool included in the Designer software is the SmartGen core generator, which easily creates popular and commonly used logic functions for implementation into your schematic or HDL design. Actel Designer software is compatible with the most popular FPGA design entry and verification tools from companies such as Mentor Graphics, Synplicity, Synopsys®, and Cadence® Design Systems. The Designer software is available for both the Windows® and UNIX® operating systems.

Probe Circuit Control Pins

The Silicon Explorer II tool uses the boundary scan ports (TDI, TCK, TMS, and TDO) to select the desired nets for verification. The selected internal nets are assigned to the PRA/PRB pins for observation. Figure 1-8 on page 1-7 illustrates the interconnection between Silicon Explorer II and the FPGA to perform in-circuit verification.

Design Considerations

The TDI, TCK, TDO, PRA, and PRB pins should not be used as input or bidirectional ports. Because these pins are active during probing, critical signals input through these pins are not available while probing. In addition, the Security Fuse should not be programmed because doing so disables the Probe Circuitry.

A54SX16P AC Specifications for (PCI Operation)

Table 1-7 • A54SX16P AC Specifications for (PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$I_{OH(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$0 < V_{OUT} \leq 1.4^1$	-44		mA
		$1.4 \leq V_{OUT} < 2.4^1, 2$	$-44 + (V_{OUT} - 1.4)/0.024$		mA
		$3.1 < V_{OUT} < V_{CC}^{1, 3}$		EQ 1-1 on page 1-11	
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 3.1^3$		-142	mA
$I_{OL(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$V_{OUT} \geq 2.2^1$	95		mA
		$2.2 > V_{OUT} > 0.55^1$	$V_{OUT}/0.023$		
		$0.71 > V_{OUT} > 0^{1, 3}$		EQ 1-2 on page 1-11	mA
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.71^3$		206	mA
I_{CL}	Low Clamp Current	$-5 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	$-25 + (V_{IN} + 1)/0.015$		mA
slew _R	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.4 V to 2.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns
slew _F	Output Fall Slew Rate	2.4 V to 0.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns

Notes:

1. Refer to the V/I curves in Figure 1-9 on page 1-11. Switching current characteristics for REQ# and GNT# are permitted to be one half of that specified here; i.e., half-size output drivers may be used on these signals. This specification does not apply to CLK and RST#, which are system outputs. "Switching Current High" specifications are not relevant to SERR#, INTA#, INTB#, INTC#, and INTD#, which are open drain outputs.
2. Note that this segment of the minimum current curve is drawn from the AC drive point directly to the DC drive point rather than toward the voltage rail (as is done in the pull-down curve). This difference is intended to allow for an optional N-channel pull-up.
3. Maximum current requirements must be met as drivers pull beyond the last step voltage. Equations defining these maximums (A and B) are provided with the respective diagrams in Figure 1-9 on page 1-11. The equation defined maxima should be met by design. In order to facilitate component testing, a maximum current test point is defined for each side of the output driver.
4. This parameter is to be interpreted as the cumulative edge rate across the specified range, rather than the instantaneous rate at any point within the transition range. The specified load (diagram below) is optional; i.e., the designer may elect to meet this parameter with an unloaded output per revision 2.0 of the PCI Local Bus Specification. However, adherence to both maximum and minimum parameters is now required (the maximum is no longer simply a guideline). Since adherence to the maximum slew rate was not required prior to revision 2.1 of the specification, there may be components in the market for some time that have faster edge rates; therefore, motherboard designers must bear in mind that rise and fall times faster than this specification could occur, and should ensure that signal integrity modeling accounts for this. Rise slew rate does not apply to open drain outputs.

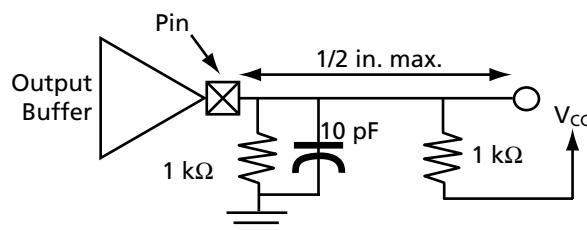


Figure 1-10 shows the 3.3 V PCI V/I curve and the minimum and maximum PCI drive characteristics of the A54SX16P device.

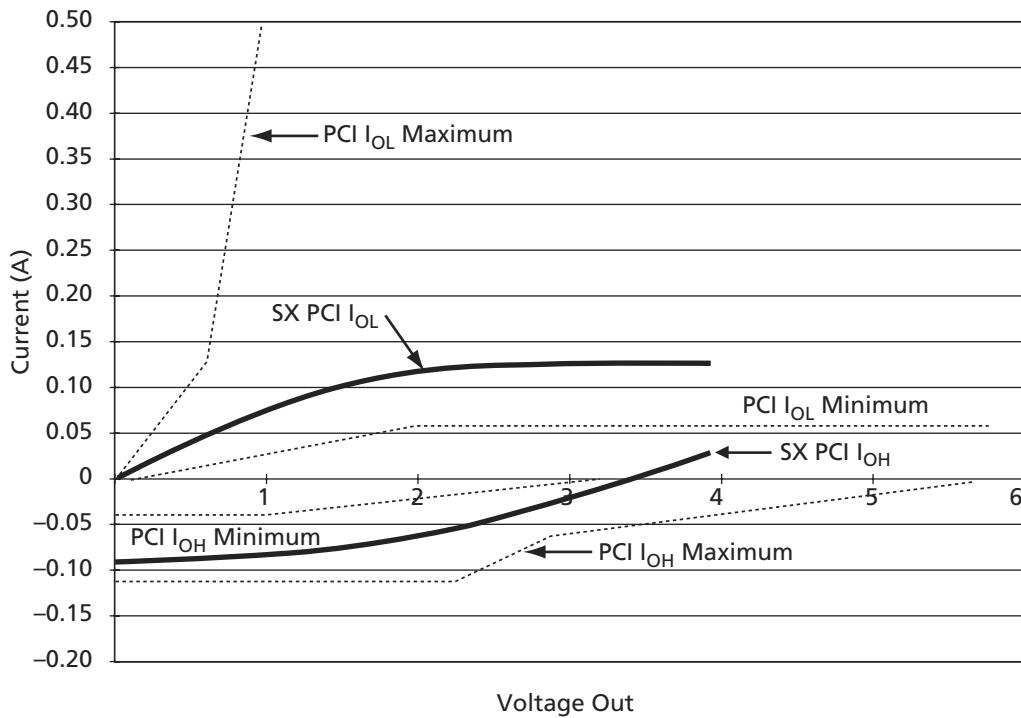


Figure 1-10 • 3.3 V PCI Curve for A54SX16P Device

$$I_{OH} = (98.0V_{CC}) \times (V_{OUT} - V_{CC}) \times (V_{OUT} + 0.4V_{CC})$$

for $V_{CC} > V_{OUT} > 0.7 V_{CC}$

EQ 1-3

$$I_{OL} = (256V_{CC}) \times V_{OUT} \times (V_{CC} - V_{OUT})$$

for $0 V < V_{OUT} < 0.18 V_{CC}$

EQ 1-4

Power-Up Sequencing

Table 1-10 • Power-Up Sequencing

V_{CCA}	V_{CCR}	V_{CCI}	Power-Up Sequence	Comments
A54SX08, A54SX16, A54SX32				
3.3 V	5.0 V	3.3 V	5.0 V First 3.3 V Second	No possible damage to device
			3.3 V First 5.0 V Second	Possible damage to device
A54SX16P				
3.3 V	3.3 V	3.3 V	3.3 V Only	No possible damage to device
3.3 V	5.0 V	3.3 V	5.0 V First 3.3 V Second	No possible damage to device
			3.3 V First 5.0 V Second	Possible damage to device
3.3 V	5.0 V	5.0 V	5.0 V First 3.3 V Second	No possible damage to device
			3.3 V First 5.0 V Second	No possible damage to device

Note: No inputs should be driven (high or low) before completion of power-up.

Power-Down Sequencing

Table 1-11 • Power-Down Sequencing

V_{CCA}	V_{CCR}	V_{CCI}	Power-Down Sequence	Comments
A54SX08, A54SX16, A54SX32				
3.3 V	5.0 V	3.3 V	5.0 V First 3.3 V Second	Possible damage to device
			3.3 V First 5.0 V Second	No possible damage to device
A54SX16P				
3.3 V	3.3 V	3.3 V	3.3 V Only	No possible damage to device
3.3 V	5.0 V	3.3 V	5.0 V First 3.3 V Second	Possible damage to device
			3.3 V First 5.0 V Second	No possible damage to device
3.3 V	5.0 V	5.0 V	5.0 V First 3.3 V Second	No possible damage to device
			3.3 V First 5.0 V Second	No possible damage to device

Note: No inputs should be driven (high or low) after the beginning of the power-down sequence.

Table 1-15 • Package Thermal Characteristics

Package Type	Pin Count	θ_{JC}	θ_{JA} Still Air	θ_{JA} 300 ft/min.	Units
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)	84	12	32	22	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	144	11	32	24	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	176	11	28	21	°C/W
Very Thin Quad Flatpack (VQFP)	100	10	38	32	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) without Heat Spreader	208	8	30	23	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) with Heat Spreader	208	3.8	20	17	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array (PBGA)	272	3	20	14.5	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array (PBGA)	313	3	23	17	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array (PBGA)	329	3	18	13.5	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	144	3.8	38.8	26.7	°C/W

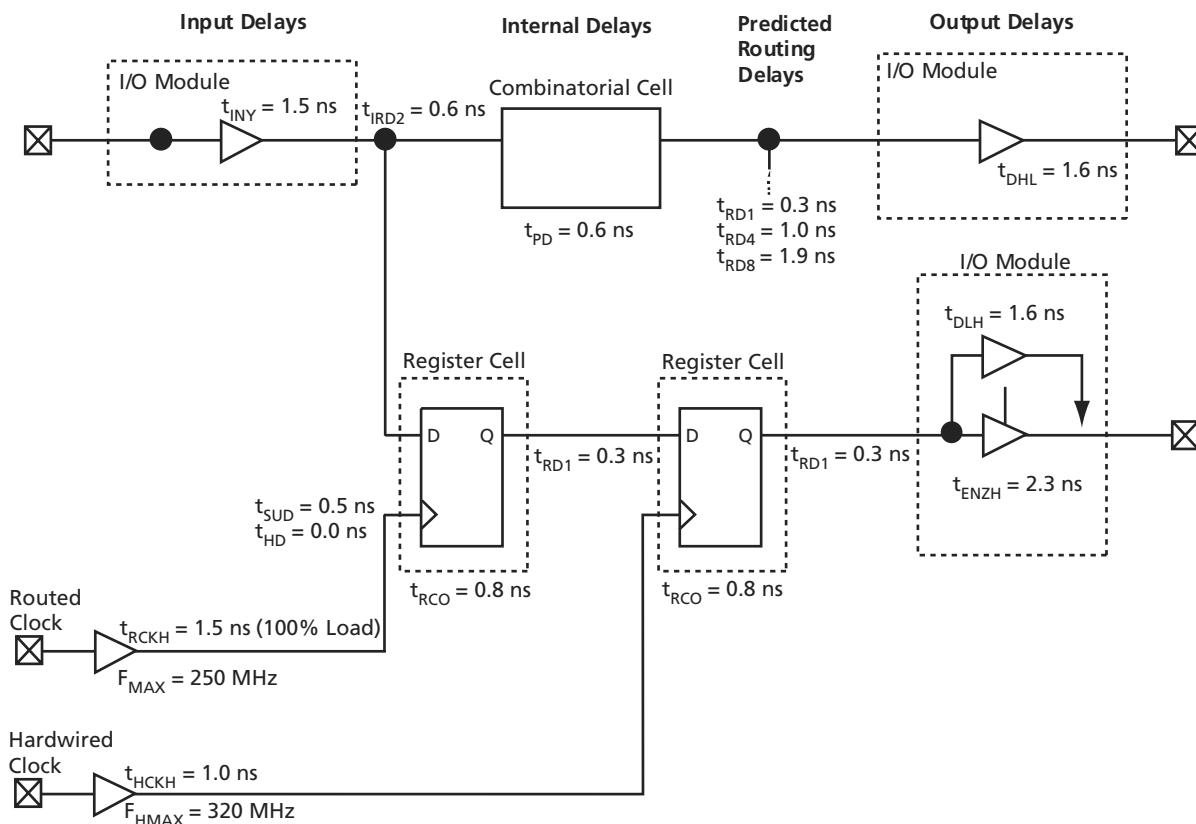
Note: SX08 does not have a heat spreader.

Table 1-16 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors*

V_{CCA}	Junction Temperature						
	-55	-40	0	25	70	85	125
3.0	0.75	0.78	0.87	0.89	1.00	1.04	1.16
3.3	0.70	0.73	0.82	0.83	0.93	0.97	1.08
3.6	0.66	0.69	0.77	0.78	0.87	0.92	1.02

Note: *Normalized to worst-case commercial, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CCA} = 3.0 \text{ V}$

SX Timing Model



Note: Values shown for A54SX08-3, worst-case commercial conditions.

Figure 1-12 • SX Timing Model

Hardwired Clock

$$\begin{aligned}\text{External Setup} &= t_{INY} + t_{IRD1} + t_{SUD} - t_{HCKH} \\ &= 1.5 + 0.3 + 0.5 - 1.0 = 1.3 \text{ ns}\end{aligned}$$
EQ 1-15

Clock-to-Out (Pin-to-Pin)

$$\begin{aligned}&= t_{HCKH} + t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{DHL} \\ &= 1.0 + 0.8 + 0.3 + 1.6 = 3.7 \text{ ns}\end{aligned}$$
EQ 1-16

Routed Clock

$$\begin{aligned}\text{External Setup} &= t_{INY} + t_{IRD1} + t_{SUD} - t_{RCKH} \\ &= 1.5 + 0.3 + 0.5 - 1.5 = 0.8 \text{ ns}\end{aligned}$$
EQ 1-17

Clock-to-Out (Pin-to-Pin)

$$\begin{aligned}&= t_{RCKH} + t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{DHL} \\ &= 1.52 + 0.8 + 0.3 + 1.6 = 4.2 \text{ ns}\end{aligned}$$
EQ 1-18

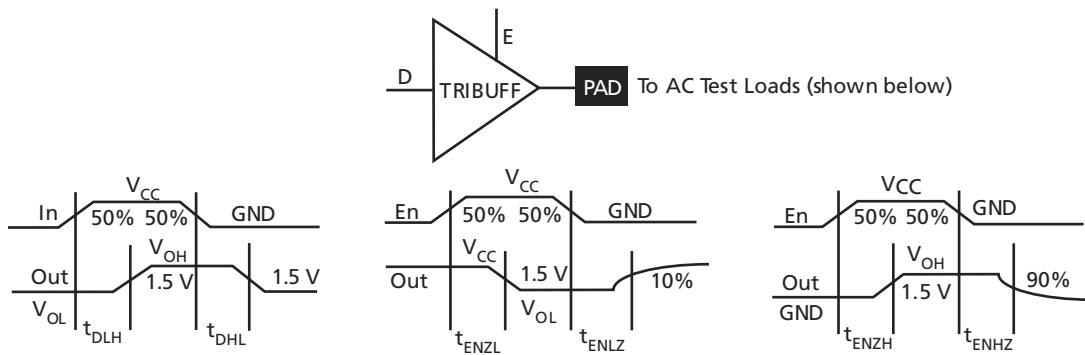


Figure 1-13 • Output Buffer Delays

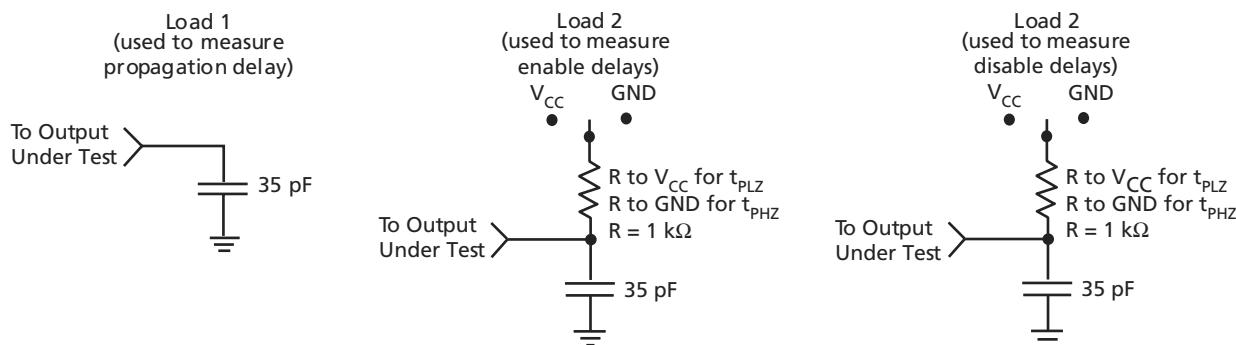


Figure 1-14 • AC Test Loads

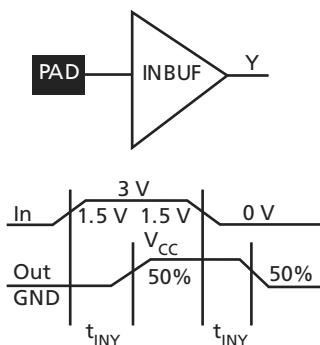


Figure 1-15 • Input Buffer Delays

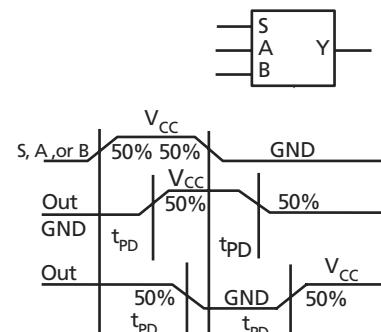


Figure 1-16 • C-Cell Delays

Table 1-17 • A54SX08 Timing Characteristics (Continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75$ V, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0$ V, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Network										
t_{HCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (pad to R-Cell input)	1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		ns
t_{HCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (pad to R-Cell input)	1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.1		0.2		0.2		0.2		ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	2.7		3.1		3.6		4.2		ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	350		320		280		240		MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks										
t_{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		ns
t_{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (light load) (pad to R-Cell Input)	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t_{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t_{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		ns
t_{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t_{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.5		1.8		2.0		2.3		ns
t_{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width HIGH	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t_{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width LOW	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (light load)	0.1		0.2		0.2		0.2		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% load)	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% load)	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		ns
TTL Output Module Timing1										
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad LOW to HIGH	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad HIGH to LOW	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1		2.4		2.8		3.2		ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.3		2.7		3.1		3.6		ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns

Note:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

Table 1-19 • A54SX16P Timing Characteristics (Continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75$ V, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0$ V, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL/PCI Output Module Timing										
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad LOW to HIGH	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad HIGH to LOW		1.9		2.2		2.4		2.9	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H		1.5		1.7		1.9		2.3	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z		2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.4	ns
PCI Output Module Timing³										
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad LOW to HIGH	1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad HIGH to LOW		1.7		2.0		2.2		2.6	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L		0.8		1.0		1.1		1.3	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H		1.2		1.2		1.5		1.8	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z		1.1		1.3		1.5		1.7	ns
TTL Output Module Timing										
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad LOW to HIGH	2.1		2.5		2.8		3.3		ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad HIGH to LOW		2.0		2.3		2.6		3.1	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L		2.5		2.9		3.2		3.8	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H		3.0		3.5		3.9		4.6	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z		2.3		2.7		3.1		3.6	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.4	ns

Note:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.
- Delays based on 10 pF loading.

Package Pin Assignments

84-Pin PLCC

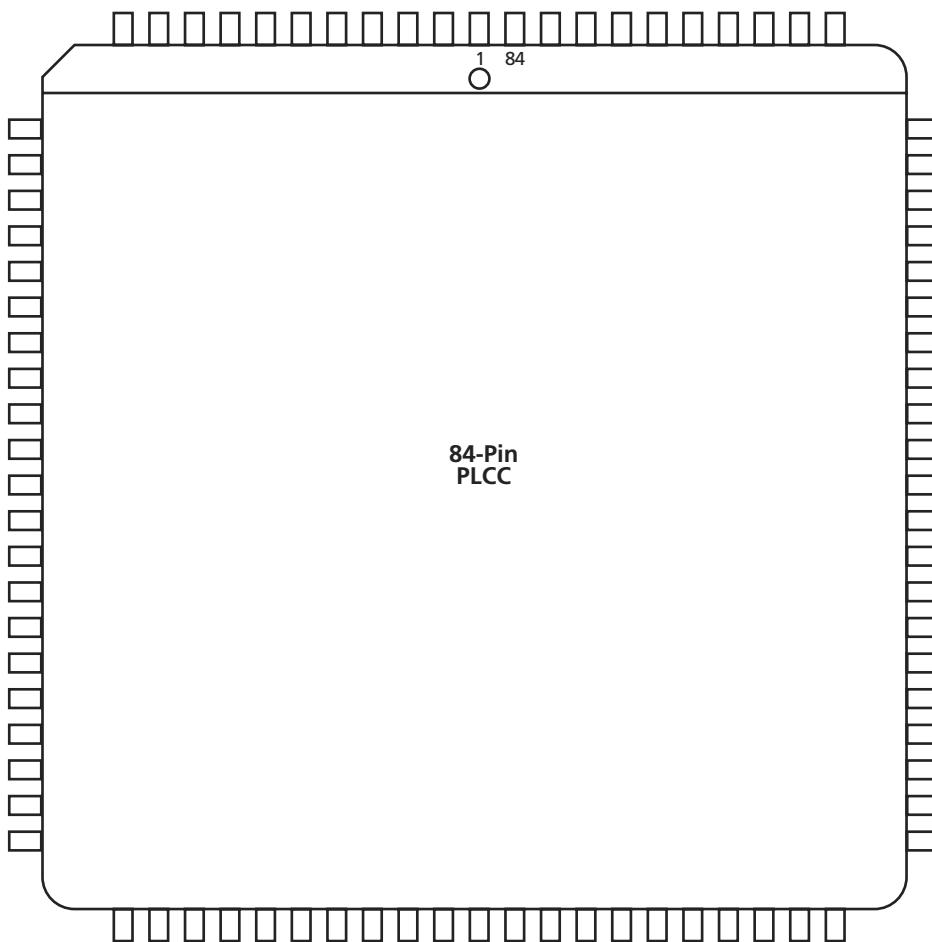


Figure 2-1 • 84-Pin PLCC (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

84-Pin PLCC	
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function
1	V _{CCR}
2	GND
3	V _{CCA}
4	PRA, I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	V _{CCI}
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	TCK, I/O
12	TDI, I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	TMS
17	I/O
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	I/O
22	I/O
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	GND
28	V _{CCI}
29	I/O
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	I/O
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O

84-Pin PLCC	
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function
36	I/O
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	PRB, I/O
41	V _{CCA}
42	GND
43	V _{CCR}
44	I/O
45	HCLK
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	TDO, I/O
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	I/O
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	V _{CCA}
60	V _{CCI}
61	GND
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	I/O
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	V _{CCA}
69	GND
70	I/O

84-Pin PLCC	
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function
71	I/O
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	I/O
80	I/O
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	CLKA
84	CLKB

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	NC	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	NC	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O	I/O
11	TMS	TMS	TMS
12	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	NC	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	NC	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	NC	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	NC	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
26	GND	GND	GND
27	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
28	GND	GND	GND
29	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	NC	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	NC	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O

Note: * Note that Pin 65 in the A54SX32—PQ208 is a no connect (NC).

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	NC	I/O	I/O
40	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
41	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	I/O	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	NC	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	NC	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	GND	GND	GND
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
61	NC	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	NC	I/O	I/O
65*	I/O	I/O	NC*
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	NC	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	NC	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
145	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
146	GND	GND	GND
147	I/O	I/O	I/O
148	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
149	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	I/O
151	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	I/O	I/O	I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	I/O	I/O	I/O
155	NC	I/O	I/O
156	NC	I/O	I/O
157	GND	GND	GND
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	I/O	I/O
162	I/O	I/O	I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
165	I/O	I/O	I/O
166	I/O	I/O	I/O
167	NC	I/O	I/O
168	I/O	I/O	I/O
169	I/O	I/O	I/O
170	NC	I/O	I/O
171	I/O	I/O	I/O
172	I/O	I/O	I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O
176	NC	I/O	I/O
177	I/O	I/O	I/O
178	I/O	I/O	I/O
179	I/O	I/O	I/O
180	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
181	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
182	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
183	GND	GND	GND
184	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
185	GND	GND	GND
186	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
187	I/O	I/O	I/O
188	I/O	I/O	I/O
189	NC	I/O	I/O
190	I/O	I/O	I/O
191	I/O	I/O	I/O
192	NC	I/O	I/O
193	I/O	I/O	I/O
194	I/O	I/O	I/O
195	NC	I/O	I/O
196	I/O	I/O	I/O
197	I/O	I/O	I/O
198	NC	I/O	I/O
199	I/O	I/O	I/O
200	I/O	I/O	I/O
201	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
202	NC	I/O	I/O
203	NC	I/O	I/O
204	I/O	I/O	I/O
205	NC	I/O	I/O
206	I/O	I/O	I/O
207	I/O	I/O	I/O
208	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

Note: * Note that Pin 65 in the A54SX32—PQ208 is a no connect (NC).

144-Pin TQFP

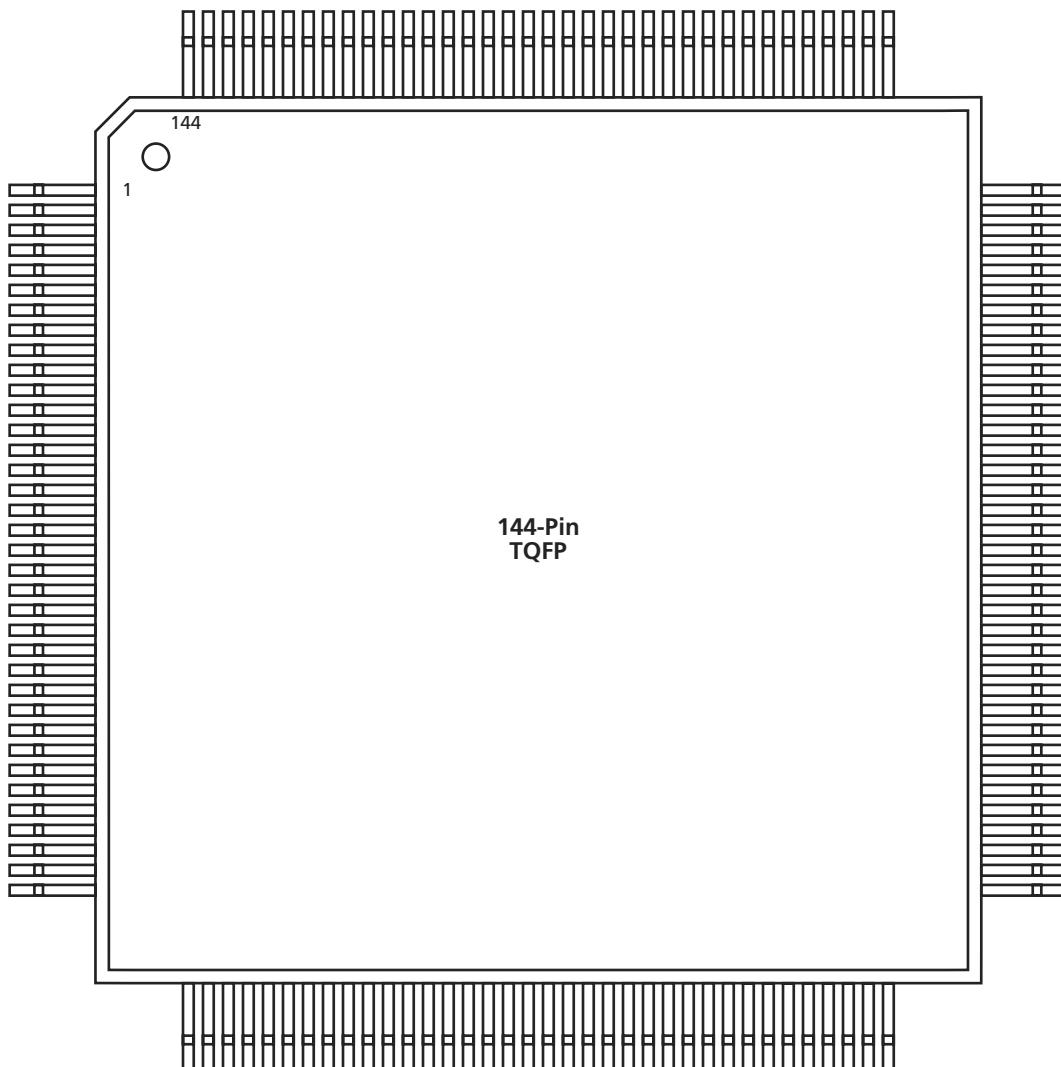


Figure 2-3 • 144-Pin TQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	NC	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O
10	TMS	TMS	TMS
11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
12	NC	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O
21	GND	GND	GND
22	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
23	GND	GND	GND
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
33	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
34	I/O	I/O	I/O

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	NC	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	NC	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	GND	GND	GND
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	NC	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	NC	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
65	GND	GND	GND
66	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
67	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
68	I/O	I/O	I/O

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function
1	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	TMS	TMS
8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
9	GND	GND
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O
34	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function
35	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
36	GND	GND
37	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
38	I/O	I/O
39	HCLK	HCLK
40	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O
49	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
50	I/O	I/O
51	GND	GND
52	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O
57	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
58	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
59	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O
67	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
68	GND	GND

100-Pin VQFP		
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function
69	GND	GND
70	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O
79	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O
82	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
83	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O
87	CLKA	CLKA
88	CLKB	CLKB
89	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
90	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
91	GND	GND
92	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
93	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O
100	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

313-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
H20	I/O
H22	V _{CCI}
H24	I/O
J1	I/O
J3	I/O
J5	I/O
J7	NC
J9	I/O
J11	I/O
J13	CLKA
J15	I/O
J17	I/O
J19	I/O
J21	GND
J23	I/O
J25	I/O
K2	I/O
K4	I/O
K6	I/O
K8	V _{CCI}
K10	I/O
K12	I/O
K14	I/O
K16	I/O
K18	I/O
K20	V _{CCA}
K22	I/O
K24	I/O
L1	I/O
L3	I/O
L5	I/O
L7	I/O
L9	I/O
L11	I/O
L13	GND
L15	I/O
L17	I/O
L19	I/O
L21	I/O
L23	I/O

313-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
L25	I/O
M2	I/O
M4	I/O
M6	I/O
M8	I/O
M10	I/O
M12	GND
M14	GND
M16	V _{CCI}
M18	I/O
M20	I/O
M22	I/O
M24	I/O
N1	I/O
N3	V _{CCA}
N5	V _{CCR}
N7	I/O
N9	V _{CCI}
N11	GND
N13	GND
N15	GND
N17	I/O
N19	I/O
N21	I/O
N23	V _{CCR}
N25	V _{CCA}
P2	I/O
P4	I/O
P6	I/O
P8	I/O
P10	I/O
P12	GND
P14	GND
P16	I/O
P18	I/O
P20	NC
P22	I/O
P24	I/O
R1	I/O
R3	I/O

313-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
R5	I/O
R7	I/O
R9	I/O
R11	I/O
R13	GND
R15	I/O
R17	I/O
R19	I/O
R21	I/O
R23	I/O
R25	I/O
T2	I/O
T4	I/O
T6	I/O
T8	I/O
T10	I/O
T12	I/O
T14	HCLK
T16	I/O
T18	I/O
T20	I/O
T22	I/O
T24	I/O
U1	I/O
U3	I/O
U5	V _{CCI}
U7	I/O
U9	I/O
U11	I/O
U13	I/O
U15	I/O
U17	I/O
U19	I/O
U21	I/O
U23	I/O
U25	I/O
V2	V _{CCA}
V4	I/O
V6	I/O
V8	I/O

313-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
V10	I/O
V12	I/O
V14	I/O
V16	NC
V18	I/O
V20	I/O
V22	V _{CCA}
V24	V _{CCI}
W1	I/O
W3	I/O
W5	I/O
W7	NC
W9	I/O
W11	I/O
W13	V _{CCI}
W15	I/O
W17	I/O
W19	I/O
W21	I/O
W23	I/O
W25	I/O
Y2	I/O
Y4	I/O
Y6	I/O
Y8	I/O
Y10	I/O
Y12	I/O
Y14	I/O
Y16	I/O
Y18	I/O
Y20	NC
Y22	I/O
Y24	NC

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
T22	I/O
T23	I/O
U1	I/O
U2	I/O
U3	V_{CCA}
U4	I/O
U20	I/O
U21	V_{CCA}
U22	I/O
U23	I/O
V1	V_{CCI}
V2	I/O
V3	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
V4	I/O
V20	I/O
V21	I/O
V22	I/O
V23	I/O
W1	I/O
W2	I/O
W3	I/O
W4	I/O
W20	I/O
W21	I/O
W22	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
W23	NC
Y1	NC
Y2	I/O
Y3	I/O
Y4	GND
Y5	I/O
Y6	I/O
Y7	I/O
Y8	I/O
Y9	I/O
Y10	I/O
Y11	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
Y12	V_{CCA}
Y13	V_{CCR}
Y14	I/O
Y15	I/O
Y16	I/O
Y17	I/O
Y18	I/O
Y19	I/O
Y20	GND
Y21	I/O
Y22	I/O
Y23	I/O

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