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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	2880
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	147
Number of Gates	48000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	176-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	176-TQFP (24x24)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a54sx32-2tqg176

The R-cell contains a flip-flop featuring asynchronous clear, asynchronous preset, and clock enable (using the S0 and S1 lines) control signals (Figure 1-2). The R-cell registers feature programmable clock polarity selectable on a register-by-register basis. This provides additional

flexibility while allowing mapping of synthesized functions into the SX FPGA. The clock source for the R-cell can be chosen from either the hardwired clock or the routed clock.

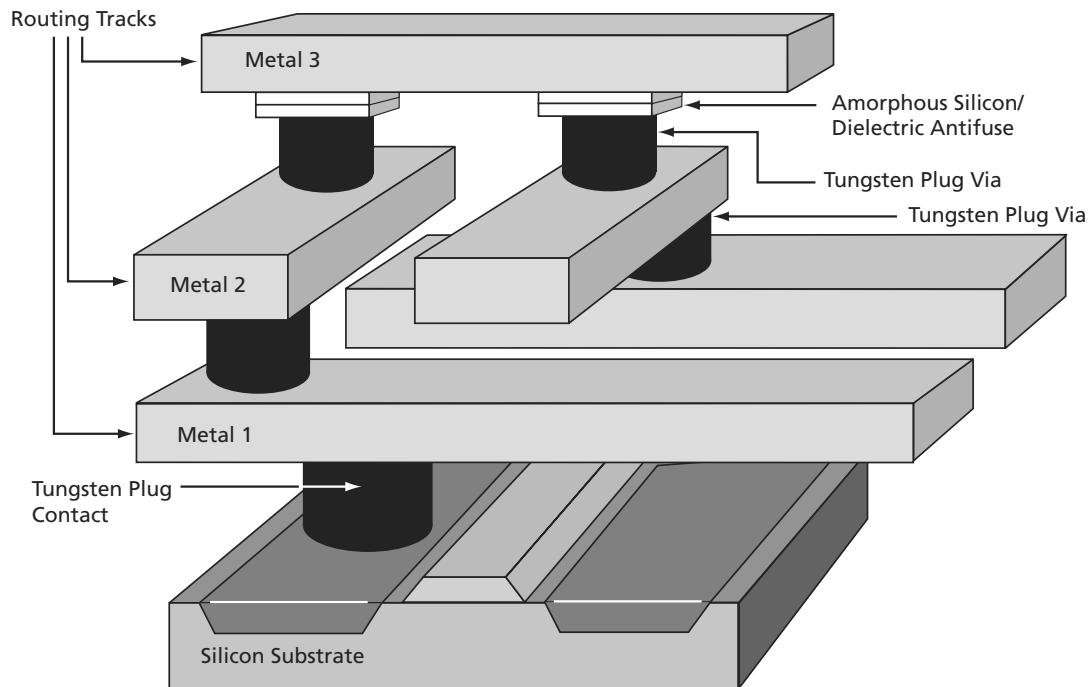


Figure 1-1 • SX Family Interconnect Elements

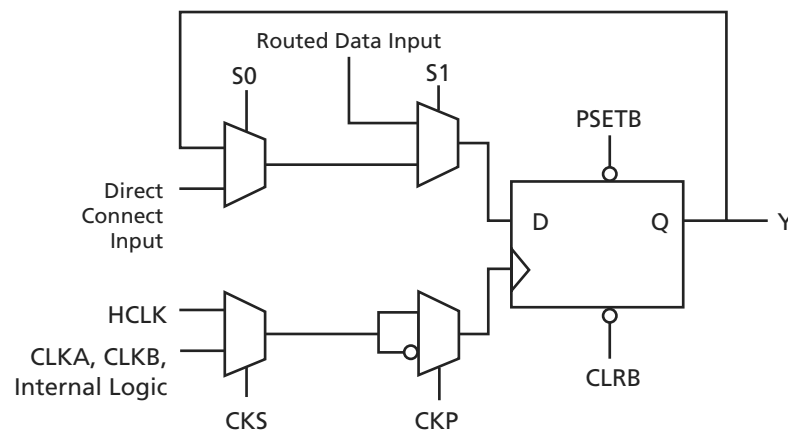


Figure 1-2 • R-Cell

The C-cell implements a range of combinational functions up to 5-inputs (Figure 1-3 on page 1-3). Inclusion of the DB input and its associated inverter function dramatically increases the number of combinational functions that can be implemented in a single module from 800 options in previous architectures to more than 4,000 in the SX architecture. An example of the improved flexibility

enabled by the inversion capability is the ability to integrate a 3-input exclusive-OR function into a single C-cell. This facilitates construction of 9-bit parity-tree functions with 2 ns propagation delays. At the same time, the C-cell structure is extremely synthesis friendly, simplifying the overall design and reducing synthesis time.

A54SX16P AC Specifications (3.3 V PCI Operation)

Table 1-9 • A54SX16P AC Specifications (3.3 V PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$I_{OH(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$0 < V_{OUT} \leq 0.3V_{CC}^1$			mA
		$0.3V_{CC} \leq V_{OUT} < 0.9V_{CC}^1$	$-12V_{CC}$		mA
		$0.7V_{CC} < V_{OUT} < V_{CC}^{1,2}$	$-17.1 + (V_{CC} - V_{OUT})$	EQ 1-3 on page 1-14	
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.7V_{CC}^2$		$-32V_{CC}$	mA
$I_{OL(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$V_{CC} > V_{OUT} \geq 0.6V_{CC}^1$			mA
		$0.6V_{CC} > V_{OUT} > 0.1V_{CC}^1$	$16V_{CC}$		mA
		$0.18V_{CC} > V_{OUT} > 0^{1,2}$	$26.7V_{OUT}$	EQ 1-4 on page 1-14	mA
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.18V_{CC}^2$		$38V_{CC}$	
I_{CL}	Low Clamp Current	$-3 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	$-25 + (V_{IN} + 1)/0.015$		mA
I_{CH}	High Clamp Current	$-3 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	$25 + (V_{IN} - V_{OUT} - 1)/0.015$		mA
$slew_R$	Output Rise Slew Rate ³	0.2V _{CC} to 0.6V _{CC} load	1	4	V/ns
$slew_F$	Output Fall Slew Rate ³	0.6V _{CC} to 0.2V _{CC} load	1	4	V/ns

Notes:

1. Refer to the V/I curves in Figure 1-10 on page 1-14. Switching current characteristics for REQ# and GNT# are permitted to be one half of that specified here; i.e., half size output drivers may be used on these signals. This specification does not apply to CLK and RST# which are system outputs. "Switching Current High" specification are not relevant to SERR#, INTA#, INTB#, INTC#, and INTD# which are open drain outputs.
2. Maximum current requirements must be met as drivers pull beyond the last step voltage. Equations defining these maximums (C and D) are provided with the respective diagrams in Figure 1-10 on page 1-14. The equation defined maxima should be met by design. In order to facilitate component testing, a maximum current test point is defined for each side of the output driver.
3. This parameter is to be interpreted as the cumulative edge rate across the specified range, rather than the instantaneous rate at any point within the transition range. The specified load (diagram below) is optional; i.e., the designer may elect to meet this parameter with an unloaded output per the latest revision of the PCI Local Bus Specification. However, adherence to both maximum and minimum parameters is required (the maximum is no longer simply a guideline). Rise slew rate does not apply to open drain outputs.

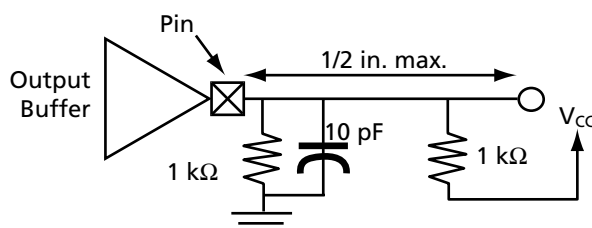


Figure 1-10 shows the 3.3 V PCI V/I curve and the minimum and maximum PCI drive characteristics of the A54SX16P device.

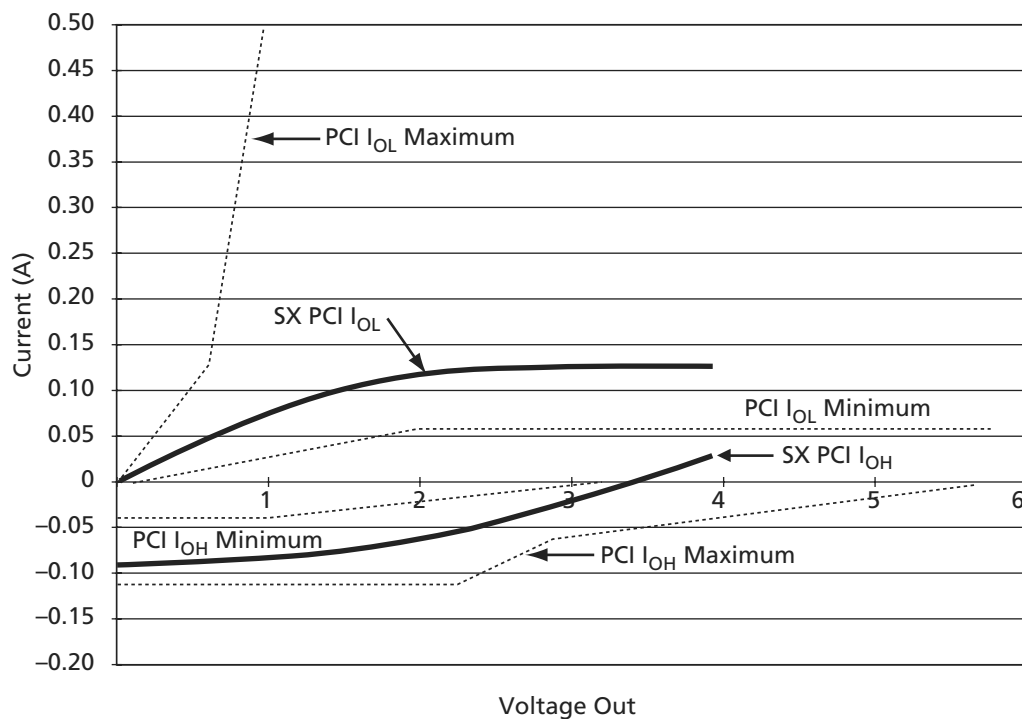


Figure 1-10 • 3.3 V PCI Curve for A54SX16P Device

$$I_{OH} = (98.0/V_{CC}) \times (V_{OUT} - V_{CC}) \times (V_{OUT} + 0.4V_{CC})$$

for $V_{CC} > V_{OUT} > 0.7 V_{CC}$

EQ 1-3

$$I_{OL} = (256/V_{CC}) \times V_{OUT} \times (V_{CC} - V_{OUT})$$

for $0 V < V_{OUT} < 0.18 V_{CC}$

EQ 1-4

Power-Up Sequencing

Table 1-10 • Power-Up Sequencing

V _{CCA}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCI}	Power-Up Sequence	Comments
A54SX08, A54SX16, A54SX32				
3.3 V	5.0 V	3.3 V	5.0 V First 3.3 V Second	No possible damage to device
			3.3 V First 5.0 V Second	Possible damage to device
A54SX16P				
3.3 V	3.3 V	3.3 V	3.3 V Only	No possible damage to device
3.3 V	5.0 V	3.3 V	5.0 V First 3.3 V Second	No possible damage to device
			3.3 V First 5.0 V Second	Possible damage to device
3.3 V	5.0 V	5.0 V	5.0 V First 3.3 V Second	No possible damage to device
			3.3 V First 5.0 V Second	No possible damage to device

Note: No inputs should be driven (high or low) before completion of power-up.

Power-Down Sequencing

Table 1-11 • Power-Down Sequencing

V _{CCA}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCI}	Power-Down Sequence	Comments
A54SX08, A54SX16, A54SX32				
3.3 V	5.0 V	3.3 V	5.0 V First 3.3 V Second	Possible damage to device
			3.3 V First 5.0 V Second	No possible damage to device
A54SX16P				
3.3 V	3.3 V	3.3 V	3.3 V Only	No possible damage to device
3.3 V	5.0 V	3.3 V	5.0 V First 3.3 V Second	Possible damage to device
			3.3 V First 5.0 V Second	No possible damage to device
3.3 V	5.0 V	5.0 V	5.0 V First 3.3 V Second	No possible damage to device
			3.3 V First 5.0 V Second	No possible damage to device

Note: No inputs should be driven (high or low) after the beginning of the power-down sequence.

Figure 1-11 shows the characterized power dissipation numbers for the shift register design using frequencies ranging from 1 MHz to 200 MHz.

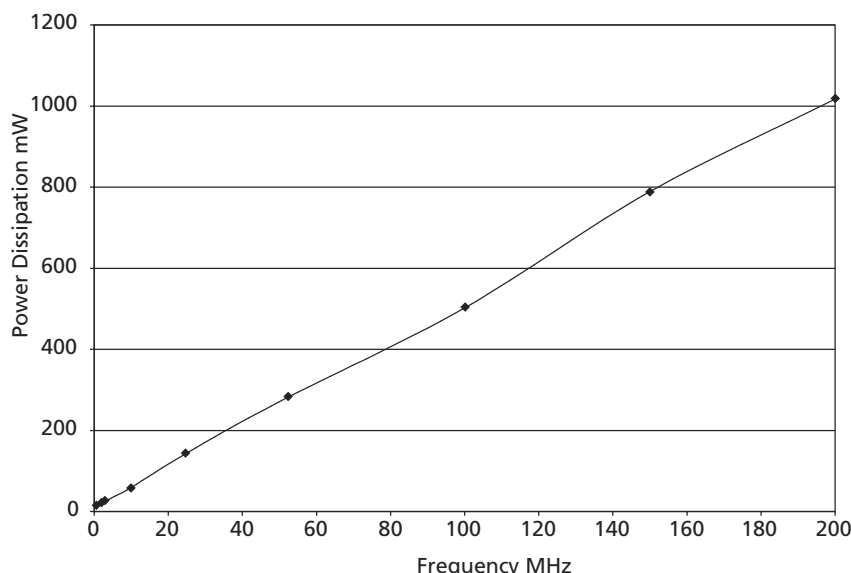


Figure 1-11 • Power Dissipation

Junction Temperature (T_j)

The temperature that you select in Designer Series software is the junction temperature, not ambient temperature. This is an important distinction because the heat generated from dynamic power consumption is usually hotter than the ambient temperature. Use the equation below to calculate junction temperature.

$$\text{Junction Temperature} = \Delta T + T_a$$

EQ 1-13

Where:

T_a = Ambient Temperature

ΔT = Temperature gradient between junction (silicon) and ambient

$$\Delta T = \theta_{ja} \times P$$

P = Power calculated from Estimating Power Consumption section

θ_{ja} = Junction to ambient of package. θ_{ja} numbers are located in the "Package Thermal Characteristics" section.

Package Thermal Characteristics

The device junction to case thermal characteristic is θ_{jc} , and the junction to ambient air characteristic is θ_{ja} . The thermal characteristics for θ_{ja} are shown with two different air flow rates.

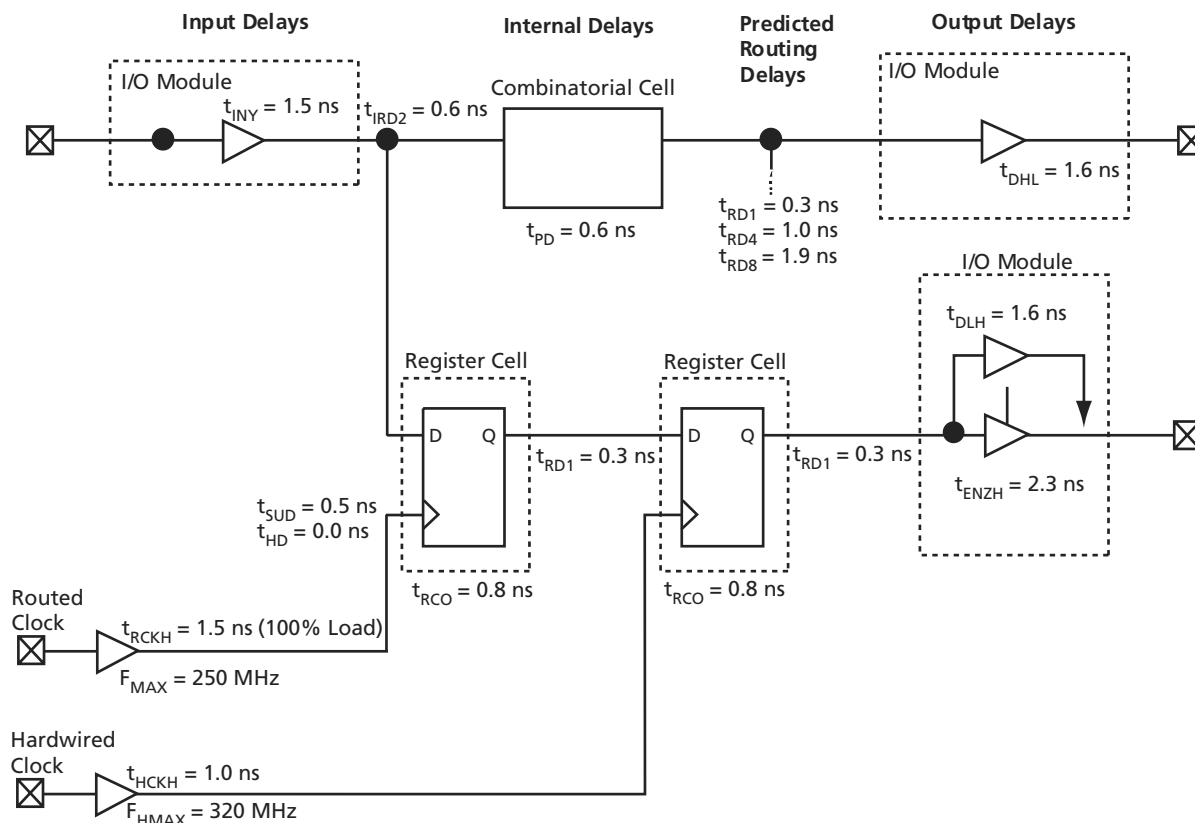
The maximum junction temperature is 150 °C.

A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for a TQFP 176-pin package at commercial temperature and still air is as follows:

$$\text{Maximum Power Allowed} = \frac{\text{Max. junction temp. (°C)} - \text{Max. ambient temp. (°C)}}{\theta_{ja} \text{ (°C/W)}} = \frac{150^\circ\text{C} - 70^\circ\text{C}}{28^\circ\text{C/W}} = 2.86 \text{ W}$$

EQ 1-14

SX Timing Model



Note: Values shown for A54SX08-3, worst-case commercial conditions.

Figure 1-12 • SX Timing Model

Hardwired Clock

$$\begin{aligned} \text{External Setup} &= t_{INY} + t_{IRD1} + t_{SUD} - t_{HCKH} \\ &= 1.5 + 0.3 + 0.5 - 1.0 = 1.3 \text{ ns} \end{aligned}$$

EQ 1-15

Clock-to-Out (Pin-to-Pin)

$$\begin{aligned} &= t_{HCKH} + t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{DHL} \\ &= 1.0 + 0.8 + 0.3 + 1.6 = 3.7 \text{ ns} \end{aligned}$$

EQ 1-16

Routed Clock

$$\begin{aligned} \text{External Setup} &= t_{INY} + t_{IRD1} + t_{SUD} - t_{RCKH} \\ &= 1.5 + 0.3 + 0.5 - 1.5 = 0.8 \text{ ns} \end{aligned}$$

EQ 1-17

Clock-to-Out (Pin-to-Pin)

$$\begin{aligned} &= t_{RCKH} + t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{DHL} \\ &= 1.52 + 0.8 + 0.3 + 1.6 = 4.2 \text{ ns} \end{aligned}$$

EQ 1-18

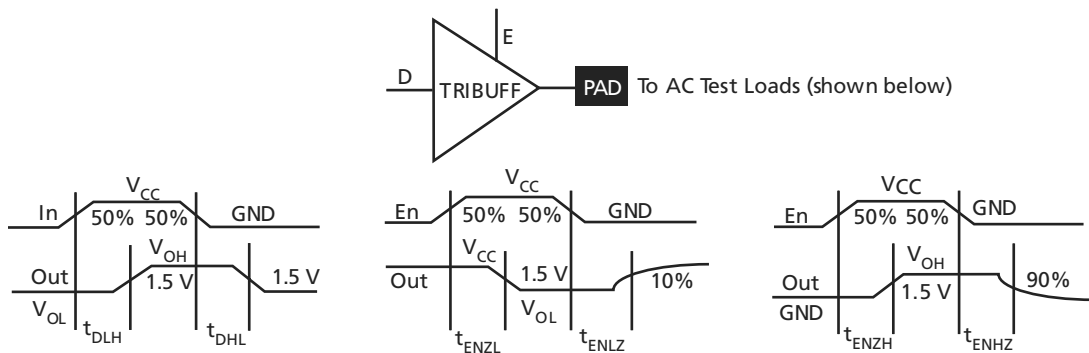


Figure 1-13 • Output Buffer Delays

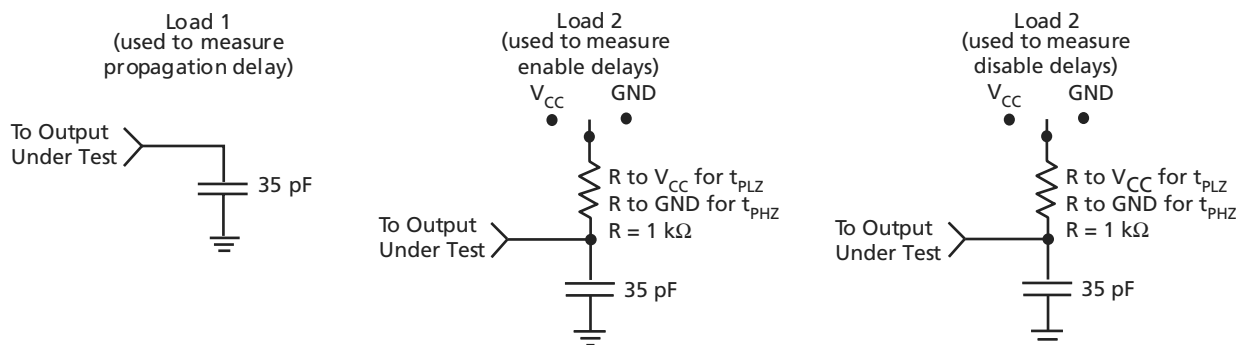


Figure 1-14 • AC Test Loads

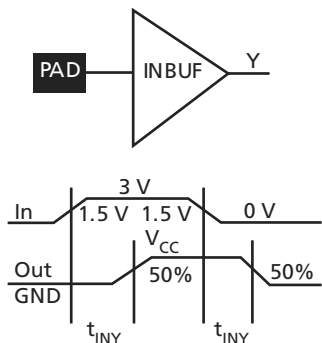


Figure 1-15 • Input Buffer Delays

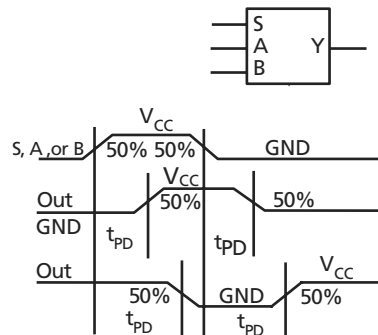


Figure 1-16 • C-Cell Delays

Register Cell Timing Characteristics

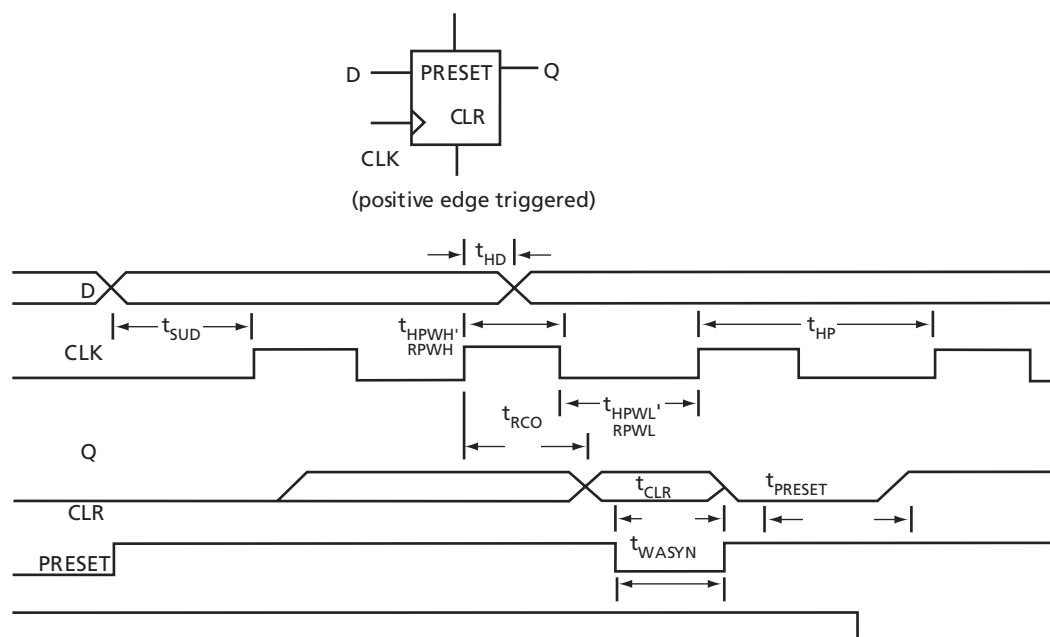


Figure 1-17 • Flip-Flops

Timing Characteristics

Timing characteristics for SX devices fall into three categories: family-dependent, device-dependent, and design-dependent. The input and output buffer characteristics are common to all SX family members. Internal routing delays are device-dependent. Design dependency means actual delays are not determined until after placement and routing of the user's design is complete. Delay values may then be determined by using the DirectTime Analyzer utility or performing simulation with post-layout delays.

Critical Nets and Typical Nets

Propagation delays are expressed only for typical nets, which are used for initial design performance evaluation. Critical net delays can then be applied to the most time-critical paths. Critical nets are determined by net property assignment prior to placement and routing. Up to 6% of the nets in a design may be designated as critical, while 90% of the nets in a design are typical.

Long Tracks

Some nets in the design use long tracks. Long tracks are special routing resources that span multiple rows, columns, or modules. Long tracks employ three and sometimes five antifuse connections. This increases capacitance and resistance, resulting in longer net delays for macros connected to long tracks. Typically up to 6 percent of nets in a fully utilized device require long tracks. Long tracks contribute approximately 4 ns to 8.4 ns delay. This additional delay is represented statistically in higher fanout ($FO = 24$) routing delays in the datasheet specifications section.

Timing Derating

SX devices are manufactured in a CMOS process. Therefore, device performance varies according to temperature, voltage, and process variations. Minimum timing parameters reflect maximum operating voltage, minimum operating temperature, and best-case processing. Maximum timing parameters reflect minimum operating voltage, maximum operating temperature, and worst-case processing.

A54SX08 Timing Characteristics

Table 1-17 • A54SX08 Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays ¹										
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		ns
Predicted Routing Delays ²										
t _{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		ns
t _{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		ns
t _{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	2.8		3.2		3.7		4.3		ns
R-Cell Timing										
t _{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.8		1.1		1.2		1.4		ns
t _{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
t _{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.7		0.8		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
Input Module Propagation Delays										
t _{INYH}	Input Data Pad-to-Y HIGH	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t _{INYL}	Input Data Pad-to-Y LOW	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays ²										
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		ns
t _{IRD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	2.8		3.2		3.7		4.3		ns

Note:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

Table 1-18 • A54SX16 Timing Characteristics (Continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCR} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Network										
t _{HCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (pad to R-Cell input)	1.2		1.4		1.5		1.8		ns
t _{HCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (pad to R-Cell input)	1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.2		0.2		0.3		0.3		ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.7		3.1		3.6		4.2		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	350		320		280		240		MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks										
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (light load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.1		2.5		2.8		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (50% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input LOW to HIGH (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	1.8		2.1		2.4		2.8		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input HIGH to LOW (100% load) (pad to R-Cell input)	2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{RPWH}	Min. Pulse Width HIGH	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RPWL}	Min. Pulse Width LOW	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (light load)	0.5		0.5		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% load)	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% load)	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
TTL Output Module Timing ³										
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad LOW to HIGH	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad HIGH to LOW	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1		2.4		2.8		3.2		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.3		2.7		3.1		3.6		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		ns

Notes:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading, except t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} . For t_{ENZL} and t_{ENZH} , the loading is 5 pF.

Package Pin Assignments

84-Pin PLCC

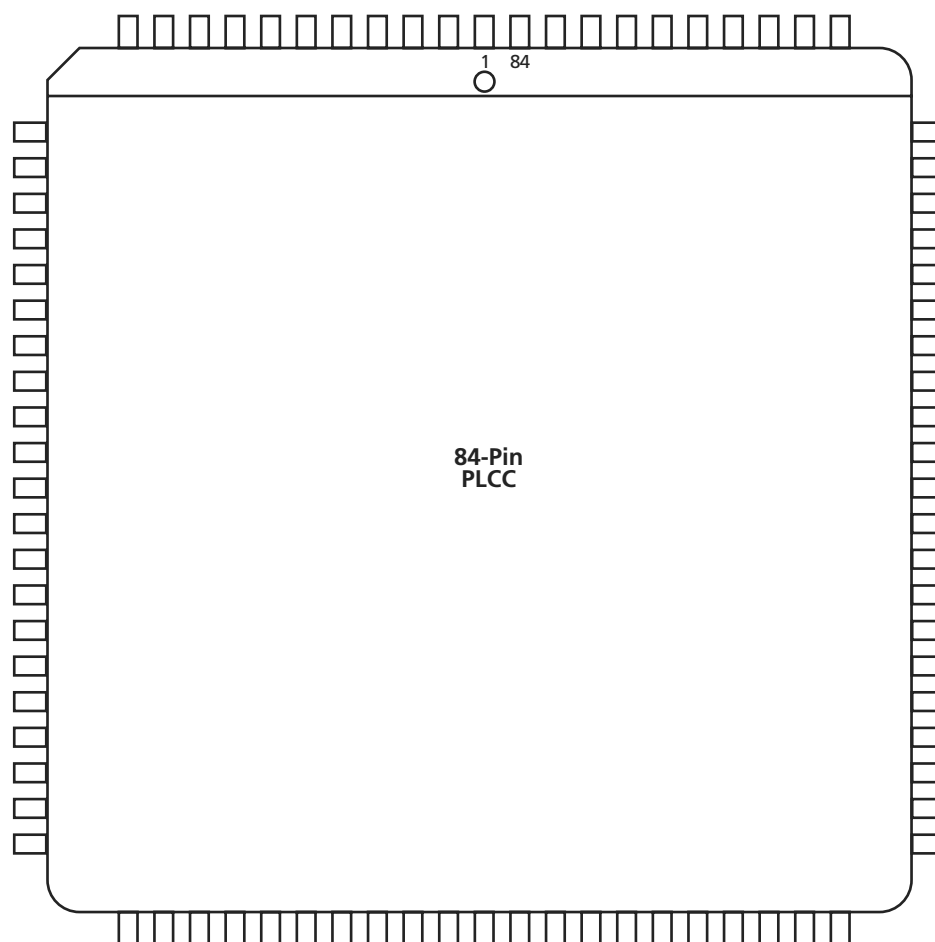


Figure 2-1 • 84-Pin PLCC (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

84-Pin PLCC	
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function
1	V _{CCR}
2	GND
3	V _{CCA}
4	PRA, I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	V _{CCI}
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	TCK, I/O
12	TDI, I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	TMS
17	I/O
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	I/O
22	I/O
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	GND
28	V _{CCI}
29	I/O
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	I/O
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O

84-Pin PLCC	
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function
36	I/O
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	PRB, I/O
41	V _{CCA}
42	GND
43	V _{CCR}
44	I/O
45	HCLK
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	TDO, I/O
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	I/O
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	V _{CCA}
60	V _{CCI}
61	GND
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	I/O
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	V _{CCA}
69	GND
70	I/O

84-Pin PLCC	
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function
71	I/O
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	I/O
80	I/O
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	CLKA
84	CLKB

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
145	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
146	GND	GND	GND
147	I/O	I/O	I/O
148	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
149	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	I/O
151	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	I/O	I/O	I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	I/O	I/O	I/O
155	NC	I/O	I/O
156	NC	I/O	I/O
157	GND	GND	GND
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	I/O	I/O
162	I/O	I/O	I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
165	I/O	I/O	I/O
166	I/O	I/O	I/O
167	NC	I/O	I/O
168	I/O	I/O	I/O
169	I/O	I/O	I/O
170	NC	I/O	I/O
171	I/O	I/O	I/O
172	I/O	I/O	I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O
176	NC	I/O	I/O
177	I/O	I/O	I/O
178	I/O	I/O	I/O
179	I/O	I/O	I/O
180	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA

208-Pin PQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
181	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
182	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
183	GND	GND	GND
184	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
185	GND	GND	GND
186	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
187	I/O	I/O	I/O
188	I/O	I/O	I/O
189	NC	I/O	I/O
190	I/O	I/O	I/O
191	I/O	I/O	I/O
192	NC	I/O	I/O
193	I/O	I/O	I/O
194	I/O	I/O	I/O
195	NC	I/O	I/O
196	I/O	I/O	I/O
197	I/O	I/O	I/O
198	NC	I/O	I/O
199	I/O	I/O	I/O
200	I/O	I/O	I/O
201	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
202	NC	I/O	I/O
203	NC	I/O	I/O
204	I/O	I/O	I/O
205	NC	I/O	I/O
206	I/O	I/O	I/O
207	I/O	I/O	I/O
208	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

Note: * Note that Pin 65 in the A54SX32—PQ208 is a no connect (NC).

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	NC	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O
10	TMS	TMS	TMS
11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
12	NC	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O
21	GND	GND	GND
22	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
23	GND	GND	GND
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
33	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
34	I/O	I/O	I/O

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	NC	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	NC	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	GND	GND	GND
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	NC	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	NC	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
65	GND	GND	GND
66	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
67	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
68	I/O	I/O	I/O

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
141	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	I/O	I/O	I/O
145	I/O	I/O	I/O
146	I/O	I/O	I/O
147	I/O	I/O	I/O
148	I/O	I/O	I/O
149	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	I/O
151	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
153	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
154	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}	V _{CCR}
155	GND	GND	GND
156	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

176-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	A54SX16, A54SX16P Function	A54SX32 Function
157	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	I/O	I/O
162	I/O	I/O	I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	I/O	I/O	I/O
165	I/O	I/O	I/O
166	I/O	I/O	I/O
167	I/O	I/O	I/O
168	NC	I/O	I/O
169	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
170	I/O	I/O	I/O
171	NC	I/O	I/O
172	NC	I/O	I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O
176	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

313-Pin PBGA		313-Pin PBGA		313-Pin PBGA		313-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function	Pin Number	A54SX32 Function
H20	I/O	L25	I/O	R5	I/O	V10	I/O
H22	V _{CCI}	M2	I/O	R7	I/O	V12	I/O
H24	I/O	M4	I/O	R9	I/O	V14	I/O
J1	I/O	M6	I/O	R11	I/O	V16	NC
J3	I/O	M8	I/O	R13	GND	V18	I/O
J5	I/O	M10	I/O	R15	I/O	V20	I/O
J7	NC	M12	GND	R17	I/O	V22	V _{CCA}
J9	I/O	M14	GND	R19	I/O	V24	V _{CCI}
J11	I/O	M16	V _{CCI}	R21	I/O	W1	I/O
J13	CLKA	M18	I/O	R23	I/O	W3	I/O
J15	I/O	M20	I/O	R25	I/O	W5	I/O
J17	I/O	M22	I/O	T2	I/O	W7	NC
J19	I/O	M24	I/O	T4	I/O	W9	I/O
J21	GND	N1	I/O	T6	I/O	W11	I/O
J23	I/O	N3	V _{CCA}	T8	I/O	W13	V _{CCI}
J25	I/O	N5	V _{CCR}	T10	I/O	W15	I/O
K2	I/O	N7	I/O	T12	I/O	W17	I/O
K4	I/O	N9	V _{CCI}	T14	HCLK	W19	I/O
K6	I/O	N11	GND	T16	I/O	W21	I/O
K8	V _{CCI}	N13	GND	T18	I/O	W23	I/O
K10	I/O	N15	GND	T20	I/O	W25	I/O
K12	I/O	N17	I/O	T22	I/O	Y2	I/O
K14	I/O	N19	I/O	T24	I/O	Y4	I/O
K16	I/O	N21	I/O	U1	I/O	Y6	I/O
K18	I/O	N23	V _{CCR}	U3	I/O	Y8	I/O
K20	V _{CCA}	N25	V _{CCA}	U5	V _{CCI}	Y10	I/O
K22	I/O	P2	I/O	U7	I/O	Y12	I/O
K24	I/O	P4	I/O	U9	I/O	Y14	I/O
L1	I/O	P6	I/O	U11	I/O	Y16	I/O
L3	I/O	P8	I/O	U13	I/O	Y18	I/O
L5	I/O	P10	I/O	U15	I/O	Y20	NC
L7	I/O	P12	GND	U17	I/O	Y22	I/O
L9	I/O	P14	GND	U19	I/O	Y24	NC
L11	I/O	P16	I/O	U21	I/O		
L13	GND	P18	I/O	U23	I/O		
L15	I/O	P20	NC	U25	I/O		
L17	I/O	P22	I/O	V2	V _{CCA}		
L19	I/O	P24	I/O	V4	I/O		
L21	I/O	R1	I/O	V6	I/O		
L23	I/O	R3	I/O	V8	I/O		

329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA		329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A545X32 Function	Pin Number	A545X32 Function	Pin Number	A545X32 Function	Pin Number	A545X32 Function
D3	I/O	F22	I/O	K20	I/O	N11	GND
D4	TCK, I/O	F23	I/O	K21	I/O	N12	GND
D5	I/O	G1	I/O	K22	I/O	N13	GND
D6	I/O	G2	I/O	K23	I/O	N14	GND
D7	I/O	G3	I/O	L1	I/O	N20	NC
D8	I/O	G4	I/O	L2	I/O	N21	I/O
D9	I/O	G20	I/O	L3	I/O	N22	I/O
D10	I/O	G21	I/O	L4	V _{CCR}	N23	I/O
D11	V _{CCA}	G22	I/O	L10	GND	P1	I/O
D12	V _{CCR}	G23	GND	L11	GND	P2	I/O
D13	I/O	H1	I/O	L12	GND	P3	I/O
D14	I/O	H2	I/O	L13	GND	P4	I/O
D15	I/O	H3	I/O	L14	GND	P10	GND
D16	I/O	H4	I/O	L20	V _{CCR}	P11	GND
D17	I/O	H20	V _{CCA}	L21	I/O	P12	GND
D18	I/O	H21	I/O	L22	I/O	P13	GND
D19	I/O	H22	I/O	L23	NC	P14	GND
D20	I/O	H23	I/O	M1	I/O	P20	I/O
D21	I/O	J1	NC	M2	I/O	P21	I/O
D22	I/O	J2	I/O	M3	I/O	P22	I/O
D23	I/O	J3	I/O	M4	V _{CCA}	P23	I/O
E1	V _{CCI}	J4	I/O	M10	GND	R1	I/O
E2	I/O	J20	I/O	M11	GND	R2	I/O
E3	I/O	J21	I/O	M12	GND	R3	I/O
E4	I/O	J22	I/O	M13	GND	R4	I/O
E20	I/O	J23	I/O	M14	GND	R20	I/O
E21	I/O	K1	I/O	M20	V _{CCA}	R21	I/O
E22	I/O	K2	I/O	M21	I/O	R22	I/O
E23	I/O	K3	I/O	M22	I/O	R23	I/O
F1	I/O	K4	I/O	M23	V _{CCI}	T1	I/O
F2	TMS	K10	GND	N1	I/O	T2	I/O
F3	I/O	K11	GND	N2	I/O	T3	I/O
F4	I/O	K12	GND	N3	I/O	T4	I/O
F20	I/O	K13	GND	N4	I/O	T20	I/O
F21	I/O	K14	GND	N10	GND	T21	I/O

144-Pin FBGA

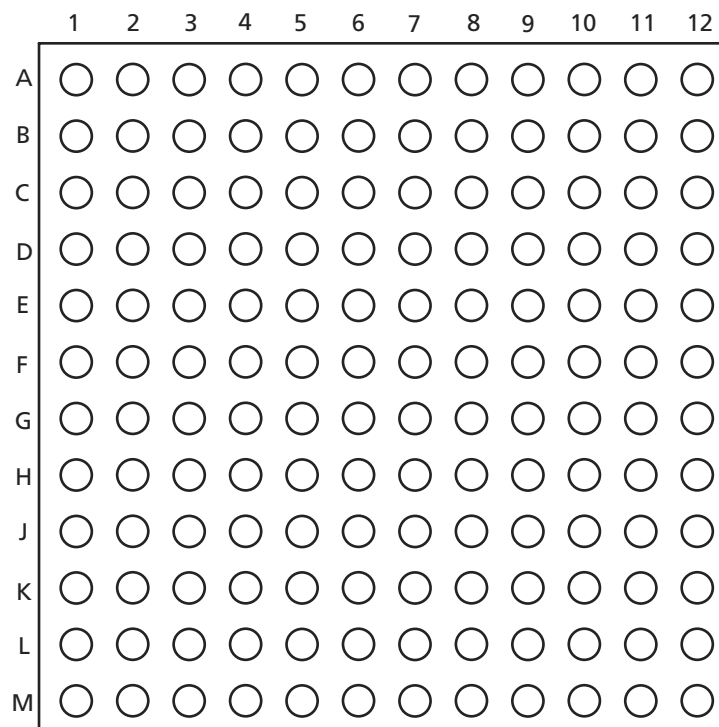


Figure 2-8 • 144-Pin FBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

144-Pin FBGA		144-Pin FBGA		144-Pin FBGA		144-Pin FBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	Pin Number	A54SX08 Function	Pin Number	A54SX08 Function
A1	I/O	D1	I/O	G1	I/O	K1	I/O
A2	I/O	D2	V _{CCI}	G2	GND	K2	I/O
A3	I/O	D3	TDI, I/O	G3	I/O	K3	I/O
A4	I/O	D4	I/O	G4	I/O	K4	I/O
A5	V _{CCA}	D5	I/O	G5	GND	K5	I/O
A6	GND	D6	I/O	G6	GND	K6	I/O
A7	CLKA	D7	I/O	G7	GND	K7	GND
A8	I/O	D8	I/O	G8	V _{CCI}	K8	I/O
A9	I/O	D9	I/O	G9	I/O	K9	I/O
A10	I/O	D10	I/O	G10	I/O	K10	GND
A11	I/O	D11	I/O	G11	I/O	K11	I/O
A12	I/O	D12	I/O	G12	I/O	K12	I/O
B1	I/O	E1	I/O	H1	I/O	L1	GND
B2	GND	E2	I/O	H2	I/O	L2	I/O
B3	I/O	E3	I/O	H3	I/O	L3	I/O
B4	I/O	E4	I/O	H4	I/O	L4	I/O
B5	I/O	E5	TMS	H5	V _{CCA}	L5	I/O
B6	I/O	E6	V _{CCI}	H6	V _{CCA}	L6	I/O
B7	CLKB	E7	V _{CCI}	H7	V _{CCI}	L7	HCLK
B8	I/O	E8	V _{CCI}	H8	V _{CCI}	L8	I/O
B9	I/O	E9	V _{CCA}	H9	V _{CCA}	L9	I/O
B10	I/O	E10	I/O	H10	I/O	L10	I/O
B11	GND	E11	GND	H11	I/O	L11	I/O
B12	I/O	E12	I/O	H12	V _{CCR}	L12	I/O
C1	I/O	F1	I/O	J1	I/O	M1	I/O
C2	I/O	F2	I/O	J2	I/O	M2	I/O
C3	TCK, I/O	F3	V _{CCR}	J3	I/O	M3	I/O
C4	I/O	F4	I/O	J4	I/O	M4	I/O
C5	I/O	F5	GND	J5	I/O	M5	I/O
C6	PRA, I/O	F6	GND	J6	PRB, I/O	M6	I/O
C7	I/O	F7	GND	J7	I/O	M7	V _{CCA}
C8	I/O	F8	V _{CCI}	J8	I/O	M8	I/O
C9	I/O	F9	I/O	J9	I/O	M9	I/O
C10	I/O	F10	GND	J10	I/O	M10	I/O
C11	I/O	F11	I/O	J11	I/O	M11	TDO, I/O
C12	I/O	F12	I/O	J12	V _{CCA}	M12	I/O