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### **Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

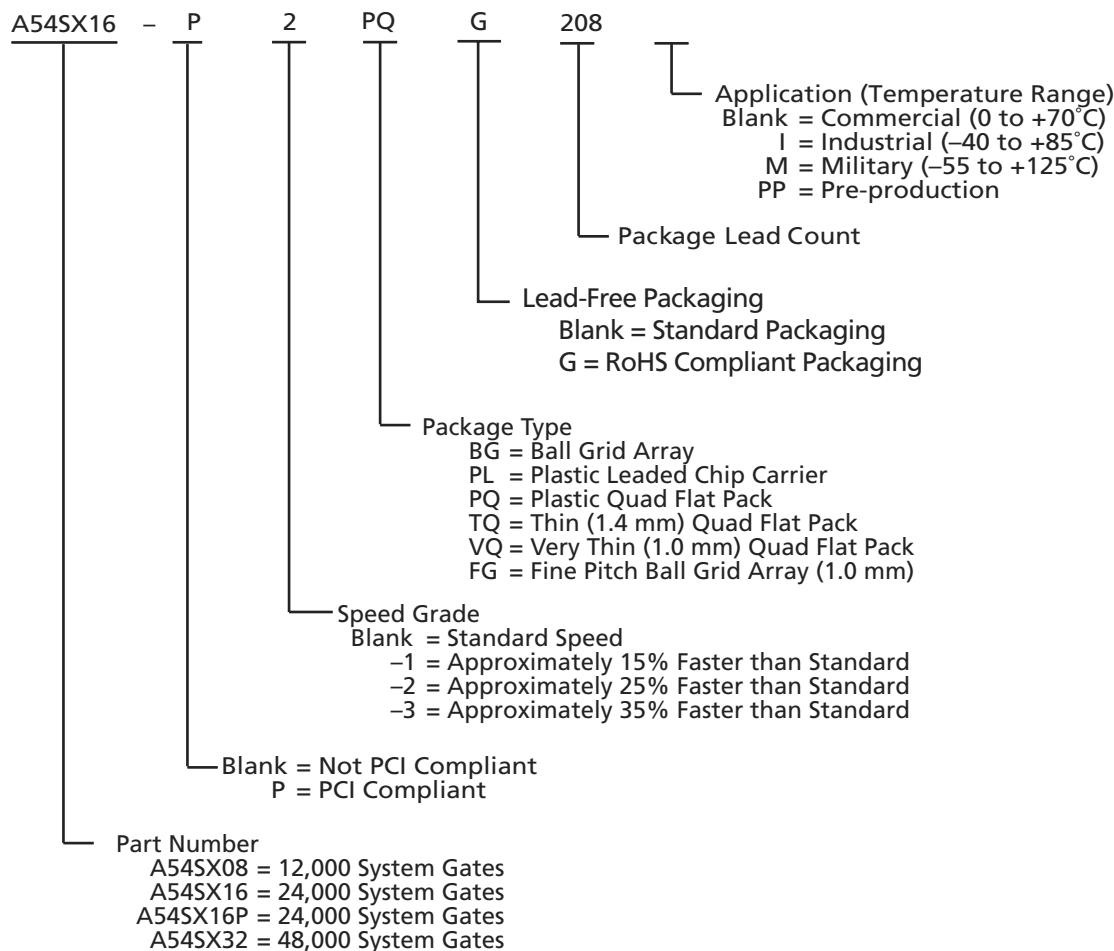
### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### **Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	2880
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	147
Number of Gates	48000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	176-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	176-TQFP (24x24)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a54sx32-2tqg176i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a54sx32-2tqg176i</a>

## Ordering Information



## Plastic Device Resources

Device	User I/Os (including clock buffers)							
	PLCC 84-Pin	VQFP 100-Pin	PQFP 208-Pin	TQFP 144-Pin	TQFP 176-Pin	PBGA 313-Pin	PBGA 329-Pin	FBGA 144-Pin
A54SX08	69	81	130	113	128	—	—	111
A54SX16	—	81	175	—	147	—	—	—
A54SX16P	—	81	175	113	147	—	—	—
A54SX32	—	—	174	113	147	249	249	—

**Note:** Package Definitions (Consult your local Actel sales representative for product availability):

PLCC = Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier

PQFP = Plastic Quad Flat Pack

TQFP = Thin Quad Flat Pack

VQFP = Very Thin Quad Flat Pack

PBGA = Plastic Ball Grid Array

FBGA = Fine Pitch (1.0 mm) Ball Grid Array

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## Chip Architecture

The SX family chip architecture provides a unique approach to module organization and chip routing that delivers the best register/logic mix for a wide variety of new and emerging applications.

## Module Organization

Actel has arranged all C-cell and R-cell logic modules into horizontal banks called *clusters*. There are two types of *clusters*: Type 1 contains two C-cells and one R-cell, while Type 2 contains one C-cell and two R-cells.

To increase design efficiency and device performance, Actel has further organized these modules into *SuperClusters* (Figure 1-4). SuperCluster 1 is a two-wide grouping of Type 1 clusters. SuperCluster 2 is a two-wide group containing one Type 1 cluster and one Type 2 cluster. SX devices feature more SuperCluster 1 modules than SuperCluster 2 modules because designers typically require significantly more combinatorial logic than flip-flops.

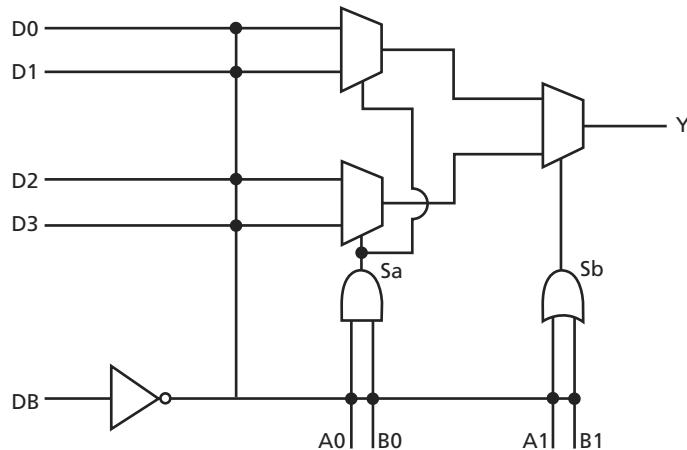


Figure 1-3 • C-Cell

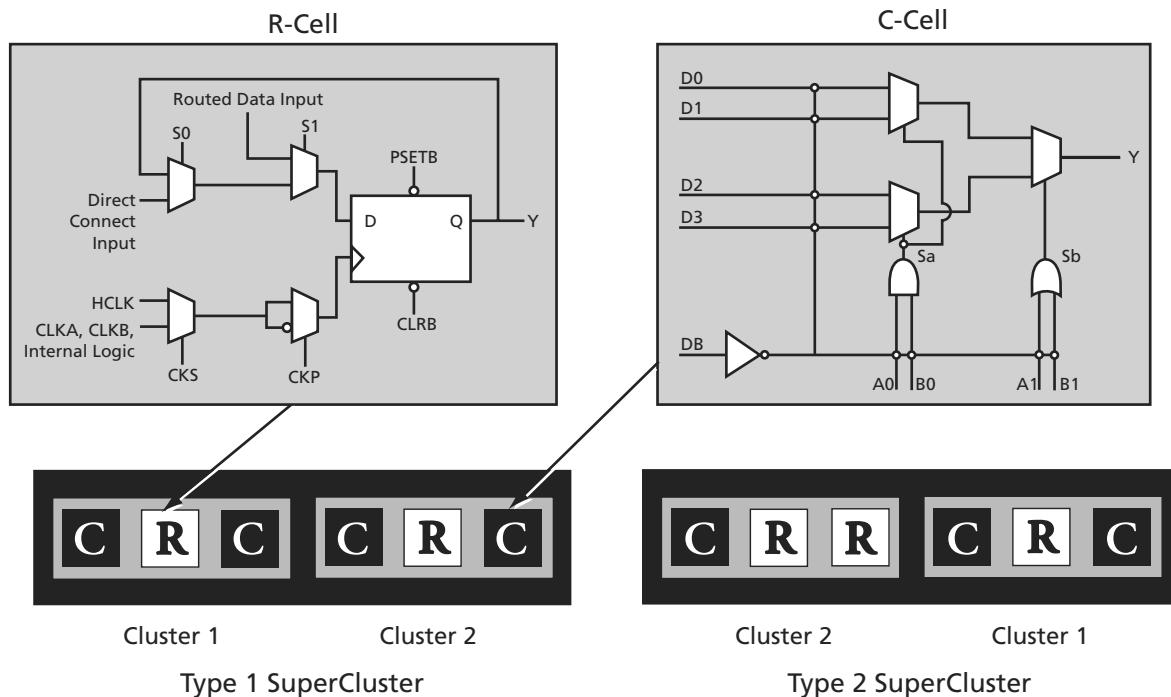


Figure 1-4 • Cluster Organization

## PCI Compliance for the SX Family

The SX family supports 3.3 V and 5.0 V PCI and is compliant with the PCI Local Bus Specification Rev. 2.1.

Table 1-6 • A54SX16P DC Specifications (5.0 V PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$V_{CCA}$	Supply Voltage for Array		3.0	3.6	V
$V_{CCR}$	Supply Voltage required for Internal Biasing		4.75	5.25	V
$V_{CCI}$	Supply Voltage for I/Os		4.75	5.25	V
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage <sup>1</sup>		2.0	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage <sup>1</sup>		-0.5	0.8	V
$I_{IH}$	Input High Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 2.7$		70	$\mu A$
$I_{IL}$	Input Low Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0.5$		-70	$\mu A$
$V_{OH}$	Output High Voltage	$I_{OUT} = -2 \text{ mA}$	2.4		V
$V_{OL}$	Output Low Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$I_{OUT} = 3 \text{ mA}, 6 \text{ mA}$		0.55	V
$C_{IN}$	Input Pin Capacitance <sup>3</sup>			10	pF
$C_{CLK}$	CLK Pin Capacitance		5	12	pF
$C_{IDSEL}$	IDSEL Pin Capacitance <sup>4</sup>			8	pF

**Notes:**

1. Input leakage currents include hi-Z output leakage for all bidirectional buffers with tristate outputs.
2. Signals without pull-up resistors must have 3 mA low output current. Signals requiring pull-up must have 6 mA; the latter include, FRAME#, IRDY#, TRDY#, DEVSEL#, STOP#, SERR#, PERR#, LOCK#, and, when used, AD[63::32], C/BE[7::4]#, PAR64, REQ64#, and ACK64#.
3. Absolute maximum pin capacitance for a PCI input is 10 pF (except for CLK).
4. Lower capacitance on this input-only pin allows for non-resistive coupling to AD[xx].

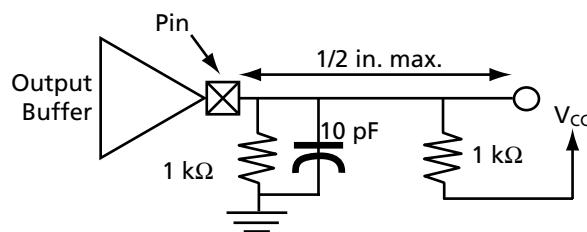
## A54SX16P AC Specifications for (PCI Operation)

Table 1-7 • A54SX16P AC Specifications for (PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$I_{OH(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$0 < V_{OUT} \leq 1.4^1$	-44		mA
		$1.4 \leq V_{OUT} < 2.4^1, 2$	$-44 + (V_{OUT} - 1.4)/0.024$		mA
		$3.1 < V_{OUT} < V_{CC}^{1, 3}$		EQ 1-1 on page 1-11	
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 3.1^3$		-142	mA
$I_{OL(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$V_{OUT} \geq 2.2^1$	95		mA
		$2.2 > V_{OUT} > 0.55^1$	$V_{OUT}/0.023$		
		$0.71 > V_{OUT} > 0^{1, 3}$		EQ 1-2 on page 1-11	mA
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.71^3$		206	mA
$I_{CL}$	Low Clamp Current	$-5 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	$-25 + (V_{IN} + 1)/0.015$		mA
slew <sub>R</sub>	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.4 V to 2.4 V load <sup>4</sup>	1	5	V/ns
slew <sub>F</sub>	Output Fall Slew Rate	2.4 V to 0.4 V load <sup>4</sup>	1	5	V/ns

**Notes:**

1. Refer to the  $V/I$  curves in Figure 1-9 on page 1-11. Switching current characteristics for REQ# and GNT# are permitted to be one half of that specified here; i.e., half-size output drivers may be used on these signals. This specification does not apply to CLK and RST#, which are system outputs. "Switching Current High" specifications are not relevant to SERR#, INTA#, INTB#, INTC#, and INTD#, which are open drain outputs.
2. Note that this segment of the minimum current curve is drawn from the AC drive point directly to the DC drive point rather than toward the voltage rail (as is done in the pull-down curve). This difference is intended to allow for an optional N-channel pull-up.
3. Maximum current requirements must be met as drivers pull beyond the last step voltage. Equations defining these maximums (A and B) are provided with the respective diagrams in Figure 1-9 on page 1-11. The equation defined maxima should be met by design. In order to facilitate component testing, a maximum current test point is defined for each side of the output driver.
4. This parameter is to be interpreted as the cumulative edge rate across the specified range, rather than the instantaneous rate at any point within the transition range. The specified load (diagram below) is optional; i.e., the designer may elect to meet this parameter with an unloaded output per revision 2.0 of the PCI Local Bus Specification. However, adherence to both maximum and minimum parameters is now required (the maximum is no longer simply a guideline). Since adherence to the maximum slew rate was not required prior to revision 2.1 of the specification, there may be components in the market for some time that have faster edge rates; therefore, motherboard designers must bear in mind that rise and fall times faster than this specification could occur, and should ensure that signal integrity modeling accounts for this. Rise slew rate does not apply to open drain outputs.



## A54SX16P AC Specifications (3.3 V PCI Operation)

Table 1-9 • A54SX16P AC Specifications (3.3 V PCI Operation)

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Units</b>
$I_{OH(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$0 < V_{OUT} \leq 0.3V_{CC}$ <sup>1</sup>			mA
		$0.3V_{CC} \leq V_{OUT} < 0.9V_{CC}$ <sup>1</sup>	-12 $V_{CC}$		mA
		$0.7V_{CC} < V_{OUT} < V_{CC}$ <sup>1, 2</sup>	-17.1 + ( $V_{CC} - V_{OUT}$ )	EQ 1-3 on page 1-14	
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.7V_{CC}$ <sup>2</sup>		-32 $V_{CC}$	mA
$I_{OL(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$V_{CC} > V_{OUT} \geq 0.6V_{CC}$ <sup>1</sup>			mA
		$0.6V_{CC} > V_{OUT} > 0.1V_{CC}$ <sup>1</sup>	16 $V_{CC}$		mA
		$0.18V_{CC} > V_{OUT} > 0$ <sup>1, 2</sup>	26.7 $V_{OUT}$	EQ 1-4 on page 1-14	mA
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.18V_{CC}$ <sup>2</sup>		38 $V_{CC}$	
$I_{CL}$	Low Clamp Current	$-3 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	-25 + ( $V_{IN} + 1$ )/0.015		mA
$I_{CH}$	High Clamp Current	$-3 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	25 + ( $V_{IN} - V_{OUT} - 1$ )/0.015		mA
slew <sub>R</sub>	Output Rise Slew Rate <sup>3</sup>	0.2 $V_{CC}$ to 0.6 $V_{CC}$ load	1	4	V/ns
slew <sub>F</sub>	Output Fall Slew Rate <sup>3</sup>	0.6 $V_{CC}$ to 0.2 $V_{CC}$ load	1	4	V/ns

**Notes:**

1. Refer to the  $V/I$  curves in Figure 1-10 on page 1-14. Switching current characteristics for REQ# and GNT# are permitted to be one half of that specified here; i.e., half size output drivers may be used on these signals. This specification does not apply to CLK and RST# which are system outputs. "Switching Current High" specification are not relevant to SERR#, INTA#, INTB#, INTC#, and INTD# which are open drain outputs.
2. Maximum current requirements must be met as drivers pull beyond the last step voltage. Equations defining these maximums (C and D) are provided with the respective diagrams in Figure 1-10 on page 1-14. The equation defined maxima should be met by design. In order to facilitate component testing, a maximum current test point is defined for each side of the output driver.
3. This parameter is to be interpreted as the cumulative edge rate across the specified range, rather than the instantaneous rate at any point within the transition range. The specified load (diagram below) is optional; i.e., the designer may elect to meet this parameter with an unloaded output per the latest revision of the PCI Local Bus Specification. However, adherence to both maximum and minimum parameters is required (the maximum is no longer simply a guideline). Rise slew rate does not apply to open drain outputs.

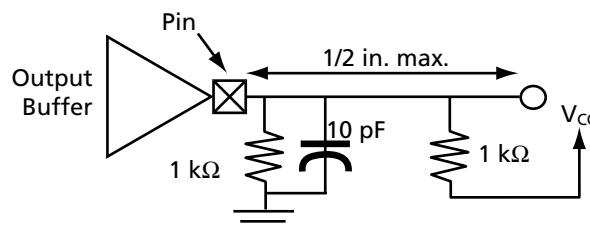


Figure 1-10 shows the 3.3 V PCI V/I curve and the minimum and maximum PCI drive characteristics of the A54SX16P device.

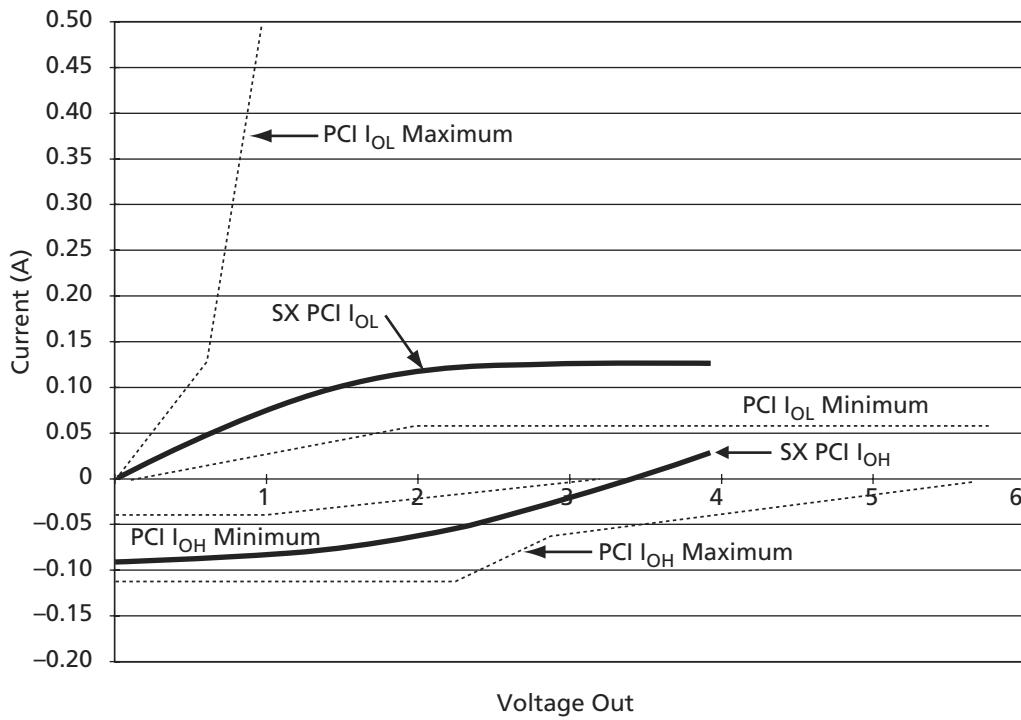


Figure 1-10 • 3.3 V PCI Curve for A54SX16P Device

$$I_{OH} = (98.0V_{CC}) \times (V_{OUT} - V_{CC}) \times (V_{OUT} + 0.4V_{CC})$$

for  $V_{CC} > V_{OUT} > 0.7 V_{CC}$

EQ 1-3

$$I_{OL} = (256V_{CC}) \times V_{OUT} \times (V_{CC} - V_{OUT})$$

for  $0 V < V_{OUT} < 0.18 V_{CC}$

EQ 1-4

**Step 1: Define Terms Used in Formula**

<b>Module</b>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	3.3
Number of logic modules switching at f <sub>m</sub> (Used 50%)	m	264
Average logic modules switching rate f <sub>m</sub> (MHz) (Guidelines: f/10)	f <sub>m</sub>	20
Module capacitance C <sub>EQM</sub> (pF)	C <sub>EQM</sub>	4.0
<b>Input Buffer</b>		
Number of input buffers switching at f <sub>n</sub>	n	1
Average input switching rate f <sub>n</sub> (MHz) (Guidelines: f/5)	f <sub>n</sub>	40
Input buffer capacitance C <sub>EQI</sub> (pF)	C <sub>EQI</sub>	3.4
<b>Output Buffer</b>		
Number of output buffers switching at f <sub>p</sub>	p	1
Average output buffers switching rate f <sub>p</sub> (MHz) (Guidelines: f/10)	f <sub>p</sub>	20
Output buffers buffer capacitance C <sub>EQO</sub> (pF)	C <sub>EQO</sub>	4.7
Output Load capacitance C <sub>L</sub> (pF)	C <sub>L</sub>	35
<b>RCLKA</b>		
Number of Clock loads q <sub>1</sub>	q <sub>1</sub>	528
Capacitance of routed array clock (pF)	C <sub>EQCR</sub>	1.6
Average clock rate (MHz)	f <sub>q1</sub>	200
Fixed capacitance (pF)	r <sub>1</sub>	138
<b>RCLKB</b>		
Number of Clock loads q <sub>2</sub>	q <sub>2</sub>	0
Capacitance of routed array clock (pF)	C <sub>EQCR</sub>	1.6
Average clock rate (MHz)	f <sub>q2</sub>	0
Fixed capacitance (pF)	r <sub>2</sub>	138
<b>HCLK</b>		
Number of Clock loads	s <sub>1</sub>	0
Variable capacitance of dedicated array clock (pF)	C <sub>EQHV</sub>	0.615
Fixed capacitance of dedicated array clock (pF)	C <sub>EQHF</sub>	96
Average clock rate (MHz)	f <sub>s1</sub>	0

**Step 2: Calculate Dynamic Power Consumption**

V <sub>CCA</sub> × V <sub>CCA</sub>	10.89
m × f <sub>m</sub> × C <sub>EQM</sub>	0.02112
n × f <sub>n</sub> × C <sub>EQI</sub>	0.000136
p × f <sub>p</sub> × (C <sub>EQO</sub> +C <sub>L</sub> )	0.000794
0.5 (q <sub>1</sub> × C <sub>EQCR</sub> × f <sub>q1</sub> ) + (r <sub>1</sub> × f <sub>q1</sub> )	0.11208
0.5(q <sub>2</sub> × C <sub>EQCR</sub> × f <sub>q2</sub> ) + (r <sub>2</sub> × f <sub>q2</sub> )	0
0.5 (s <sub>1</sub> × C <sub>EQHV</sub> × f <sub>s1</sub> ) + (C <sub>EQHF</sub> × f <sub>s1</sub> )	0
P <sub>AC</sub> = 1.461 W	

**Step 3: Calculate DC Power Dissipation****DC Power Dissipation**

$$P_{DC} = (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCA} + (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCR} + (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCI} + X \times V_{OL} \times I_{OL} + Y(V_{CCI} - V_{OH}) \times V_{OH}$$

EQ 1-12

For a rough estimate of DC Power Dissipation, only use P<sub>DC</sub> = (I<sub>standby</sub>) × V<sub>CCA</sub>. The rest of the formula provides a very small number that can be considered negligible.

$$P_{DC} = (I_{standby}) \times V_{CCA}$$

$$P_{DC} = .55 \text{ mA} \times 3.3 \text{ V}$$

$$P_{DC} = 0.001815 \text{ W}$$

**Step 4: Calculate Total Power Consumption**

$$P_{Total} = P_{AC} + P_{DC}$$

$$P_{Total} = 1.461 + 0.001815$$

$$P_{Total} = 1.4628 \text{ W}$$

**Step 5: Compare Estimated Power Consumption against Characterized Power Consumption**

The estimated total power consumption for this design is 1.46 W. The characterized power consumption for this design at 200 MHz is 1.0164 W.

Figure 1-11 shows the characterized power dissipation numbers for the shift register design using frequencies ranging from 1 MHz to 200 MHz.

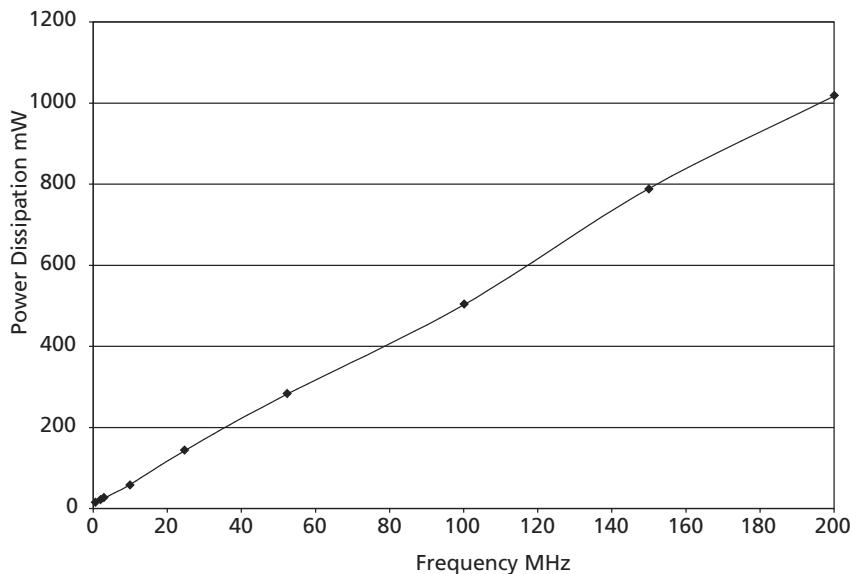


Figure 1-11 • Power Dissipation

## Junction Temperature ( $T_j$ )

The temperature that you select in Designer Series software is the junction temperature, not ambient temperature. This is an important distinction because the heat generated from dynamic power consumption is usually hotter than the ambient temperature. Use the equation below to calculate junction temperature.

$$\text{Junction Temperature} = \Delta T + T_a \quad EQ\ 1-13$$

Where:

$T_a$  = Ambient Temperature

$\Delta T$  = Temperature gradient between junction (silicon) and ambient

$$\Delta T = \theta_{ja} \times P$$

$P$  = Power calculated from Estimating Power Consumption section

$\theta_{ja}$  = Junction to ambient of package.  $\theta_{ja}$  numbers are located in the "Package Thermal Characteristics" section.

## Package Thermal Characteristics

The device junction to case thermal characteristic is  $\theta_{jc}$ , and the junction to ambient air characteristic is  $\theta_{ja}$ . The thermal characteristics for  $\theta_{ja}$  are shown with two different air flow rates.

The maximum junction temperature is 150 °C.

A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for a TQFP 176-pin package at commercial temperature and still air is as follows:

$$\text{Maximum Power Allowed} = \frac{\text{Max. junction temp. (°C)} - \text{Max. ambient temp. (°C)}}{\theta_{ja} (\text{°C/W})} = \frac{150^\circ\text{C} - 70^\circ\text{C}}{28^\circ\text{C/W}} = 2.86 \text{ W}$$

EQ 1-14

## A54SX08 Timing Characteristics

Table 1-17 • A54SX08 Timing Characteristics  
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions,  $V_{CCR} = 4.75$  V,  $V_{CCA}, V_{CCI} = 3.0$  V,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	'-3' Speed		'-2' Speed		'-1' Speed		'Std' Speed		<b>Units</b>
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>C-Cell Propagation Delays<sup>1</sup></b>										
$t_{PD}$	Internal Array Module	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		ns
<b>Predicted Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>										
$t_{RD1}$	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		ns
$t_{RD2}$	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
$t_{RD3}$	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
$t_{RD4}$	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		ns
$t_{RD8}$	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		ns
$t_{RD12}$	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		ns
$t_{RD16}$	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		ns
$t_{RD32}$	FO = 12 Routing Delay	2.8		3.2		3.7		4.3		ns
<b>R-Cell Timing</b>										
$t_{RCO}$	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.8		1.1		1.2		1.4		ns
$t_{CLR}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		ns
$t_{PRESET}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		ns
$t_{SUD}$	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.7		0.8		ns
$t_{HD}$	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
$t_{WASYN}$	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
<b>Input Module Propagation Delays</b>										
$t_{INYH}$	Input Data Pad-to-Y HIGH	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
$t_{INYL}$	Input Data Pad-to-Y LOW	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		ns
<b>Input Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>										
$t_{IRD1}$	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
$t_{IRD2}$	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		ns
$t_{IRD3}$	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		ns
$t_{IRD4}$	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.0		1.2		1.4		1.6		ns
$t_{IRD8}$	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		ns
$t_{IRD12}$	FO = 12 Routing Delay	2.8		3.2		3.7		4.3		ns

**Note:**

- For dual-module macros, use  $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$ ,  $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$ , or  $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$ , whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

<b>84-Pin PLCC</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08 Function</b>
1	V <sub>CCR</sub>
2	GND
3	V <sub>CCA</sub>
4	PRA, I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	V <sub>CCI</sub>
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	TCK, I/O
12	TDI, I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	TMS
17	I/O
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	I/O
22	I/O
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	GND
28	V <sub>CCI</sub>
29	I/O
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	I/O
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O

<b>84-Pin PLCC</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08 Function</b>
36	I/O
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	PRB, I/O
41	V <sub>CCA</sub>
42	GND
43	V <sub>CCR</sub>
44	I/O
45	HCLK
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	TDO, I/O
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	I/O
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	V <sub>CCA</sub>
60	V <sub>CCI</sub>
61	GND
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	I/O
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	V <sub>CCA</sub>
69	GND
70	I/O

<b>84-Pin PLCC</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08 Function</b>
71	I/O
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	I/O
80	I/O
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	CLKA
84	CLKB

<b>208-Pin PQFP</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08 Function</b>	<b>A54SX16, A54SX16P Function</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
145	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
146	GND	GND	GND
147	I/O	I/O	I/O
148	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
149	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	I/O
151	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	I/O	I/O	I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	I/O	I/O	I/O
155	NC	I/O	I/O
156	NC	I/O	I/O
157	GND	GND	GND
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	I/O	I/O
162	I/O	I/O	I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
165	I/O	I/O	I/O
166	I/O	I/O	I/O
167	NC	I/O	I/O
168	I/O	I/O	I/O
169	I/O	I/O	I/O
170	NC	I/O	I/O
171	I/O	I/O	I/O
172	I/O	I/O	I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O
176	NC	I/O	I/O
177	I/O	I/O	I/O
178	I/O	I/O	I/O
179	I/O	I/O	I/O
180	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA

<b>208-Pin PQFP</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08 Function</b>	<b>A54SX16, A54SX16P Function</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
181	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
182	V <sub>CCR</sub>	V <sub>CCR</sub>	V <sub>CCR</sub>
183	GND	GND	GND
184	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
185	GND	GND	GND
186	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
187	I/O	I/O	I/O
188	I/O	I/O	I/O
189	NC	I/O	I/O
190	I/O	I/O	I/O
191	I/O	I/O	I/O
192	NC	I/O	I/O
193	I/O	I/O	I/O
194	I/O	I/O	I/O
195	NC	I/O	I/O
196	I/O	I/O	I/O
197	I/O	I/O	I/O
198	NC	I/O	I/O
199	I/O	I/O	I/O
200	I/O	I/O	I/O
201	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
202	NC	I/O	I/O
203	NC	I/O	I/O
204	I/O	I/O	I/O
205	NC	I/O	I/O
206	I/O	I/O	I/O
207	I/O	I/O	I/O
208	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

**Note:** \* Note that Pin 65 in the A54SX32—PQ208 is a no connect (NC).

## 144-Pin TQFP

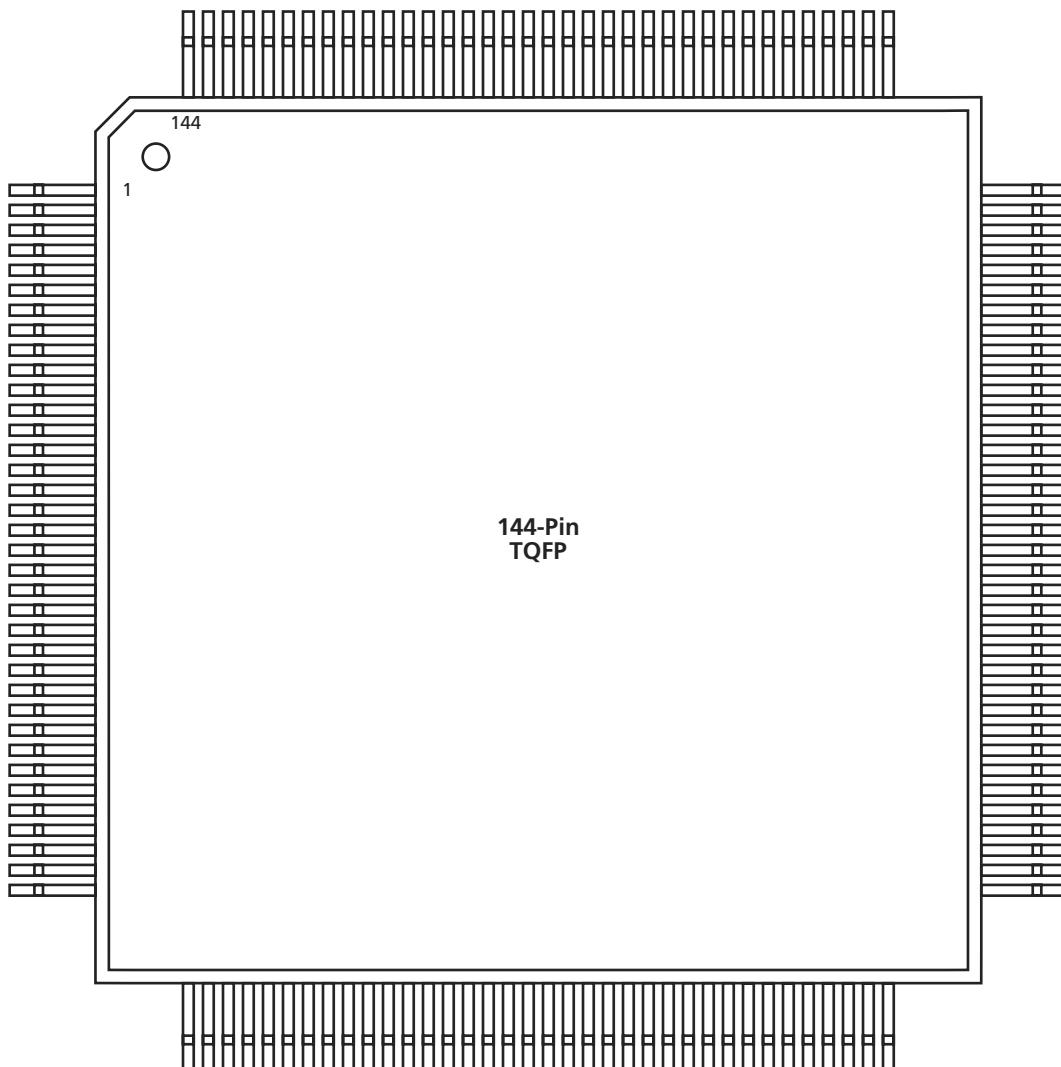


Figure 2-3 • 144-Pin TQFP (Top View)

### Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

<b>144-Pin TQFP</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08 Function</b>	<b>A54SX16P Function</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
73	GND	GND	GND
74	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O
79	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
80	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
81	GND	GND	GND
82	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
90	V <sub>CCR</sub>	V <sub>CCR</sub>	V <sub>CCR</sub>
91	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
99	GND	GND	GND
100	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	GND	GND	GND
102	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
103	I/O	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	I/O	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	I/O	I/O	I/O

<b>144-Pin TQFP</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08 Function</b>	<b>A54SX16P Function</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
109	GND	GND	GND
110	I/O	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	I/O	I/O	I/O
115	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
116	I/O	I/O	I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
126	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
127	V <sub>CCR</sub>	V <sub>CCR</sub>	V <sub>CCR</sub>
128	GND	GND	GND
129	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
130	I/O	I/O	I/O
131	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
132	I/O	I/O	I/O
133	I/O	I/O	I/O
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
141	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

<b>176-Pin TQFP</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08 Function</b>	<b>A54SX16, A54SX16P Function</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	NC	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O
10	TMS	TMS	TMS
11	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
12	NC	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O
21	GND	GND	GND
22	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
23	GND	GND	GND
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
33	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
34	I/O	I/O	I/O

<b>176-Pin TQFP</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08 Function</b>	<b>A54SX16, A54SX16P Function</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	NC	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	NC	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	GND	GND	GND
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	NC	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	NC	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
65	GND	GND	GND
66	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
67	V <sub>CCR</sub>	V <sub>CCR</sub>	V <sub>CCR</sub>
68	I/O	I/O	I/O

<b>313-Pin PBGA</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
A1	GND
A3	NC
A5	I/O
A7	I/O
A9	I/O
A11	I/O
A13	V <sub>CCR</sub>
A15	I/O
A17	I/O
A19	I/O
A21	I/O
A23	NC
A25	GND
AA1	I/O
AA3	I/O
AA5	NC
AA7	I/O
AA9	NC
AA11	I/O
AA13	I/O
AA15	I/O
AA17	I/O
AA19	I/O
AA21	I/O
AA23	NC
AA25	I/O
AB2	NC
AB4	NC
AB6	I/O
AB8	I/O
AB10	I/O
AB12	I/O
AB14	I/O
AB16	I/O
AB18	V <sub>CCI</sub>
AB20	NC
AB22	I/O
AB24	I/O
AC1	I/O
AC3	I/O

<b>313-Pin PBGA</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
AC5	I/O
AC7	I/O
AC9	I/O
AC11	I/O
AC13	V <sub>CCR</sub>
AC15	I/O
AC17	I/O
AC19	I/O
AC21	I/O
AC23	I/O
AC25	NC
AD2	GND
AD4	I/O
AD6	V <sub>CCI</sub>
AD8	I/O
AD10	I/O
AD12	PRB, I/O
AD14	I/O
AD16	I/O
AD18	I/O
AD20	I/O
AD22	NC
AD24	I/O
AE1	NC
AE3	I/O
AE5	I/O
AE7	I/O
AE9	I/O
AE11	I/O
AE13	V <sub>CCA</sub>
AE15	I/O
AE17	I/O
AE19	I/O
AE21	I/O
AE23	TDO, I/O
AE25	GND
B2	TCK, I/O
B4	I/O
B6	I/O
B8	I/O

<b>313-Pin PBGA</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
B10	I/O
B12	I/O
B14	I/O
B16	I/O
B18	I/O
B20	I/O
B22	I/O
B24	I/O
C1	TDI, I/O
C3	I/O
C5	NC
C7	I/O
C9	I/O
C11	I/O
C13	V <sub>CCI</sub>
C15	I/O
C17	I/O
C19	V <sub>CCI</sub>
C21	I/O
C23	I/O
C25	NC
D2	I/O
D4	NC
D6	I/O
D8	I/O
D10	I/O
D12	I/O
D14	I/O
D16	I/O
D18	I/O
D20	I/O
D22	I/O
D24	NC
E1	I/O
E3	NC
E5	I/O
E7	I/O
E9	I/O
E11	I/O
E13	V <sub>CCA</sub>

<b>313-Pin PBGA</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
E15	I/O
E17	I/O
E19	I/O
E21	I/O
E23	I/O
E25	I/O
F2	I/O
F4	I/O
F6	NC
F8	I/O
F10	NC
F12	I/O
F14	I/O
F16	NC
F18	I/O
F20	I/O
F22	I/O
F24	I/O
G1	I/O
G3	TMS
G5	I/O
G7	I/O
G9	V <sub>CCI</sub>
G11	I/O
G13	CLKB
G15	I/O
G17	I/O
G19	I/O
G21	I/O
G23	I/O
G25	I/O
H2	I/O
H4	I/O
H6	I/O
H8	I/O
H10	I/O
H12	PRA, I/O
H14	I/O
H16	I/O
H18	NC

## 329-Pin PBGA

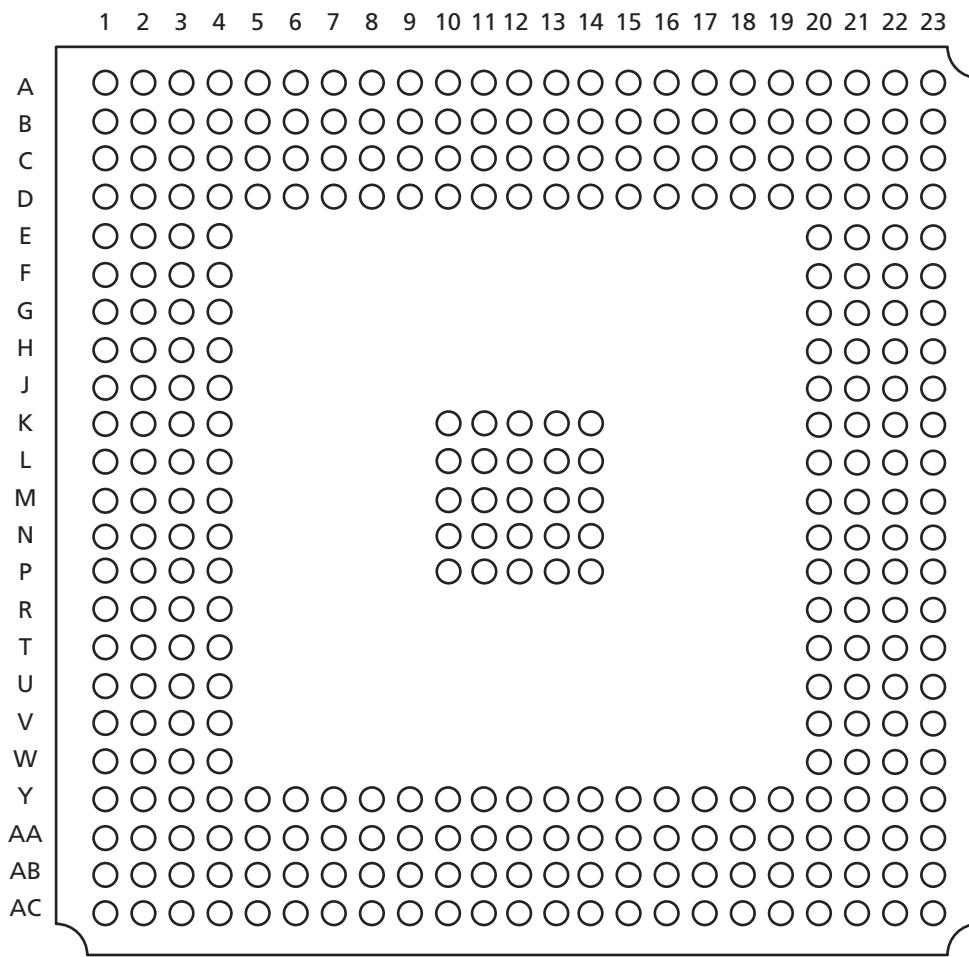


Figure 2-7 • 329-Pin PBGA (Top View)

### Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

<b>329-Pin PBGA</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
A1	GND
A2	GND
A3	V <sub>CCI</sub>
A4	NC
A5	I/O
A6	I/O
A7	V <sub>CCI</sub>
A8	NC
A9	I/O
A10	I/O
A11	I/O
A12	I/O
A13	CLKB
A14	I/O
A15	I/O
A16	I/O
A17	I/O
A18	I/O
A19	I/O
A20	I/O
A21	NC
A22	V <sub>CCI</sub>
A23	GND
AA1	V <sub>CCI</sub>
AA2	I/O
AA3	GND
AA4	I/O
AA5	I/O
AA6	I/O
AA7	I/O
AA8	I/O
AA9	I/O
AA10	I/O
AA11	I/O
AA12	I/O

<b>329-Pin PBGA</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
AA13	I/O
AA14	I/O
AA15	I/O
AA16	I/O
AA17	I/O
AA18	I/O
AA19	I/O
AA20	TDO, I/O
AA21	V <sub>CCI</sub>
AA22	I/O
AA23	V <sub>CCI</sub>
AB1	I/O
AB2	GND
AB3	I/O
AB4	I/O
AB5	I/O
AB6	I/O
AB7	I/O
AB8	I/O
AB9	I/O
AB10	I/O
AB11	PRB, I/O
AB12	I/O
AB13	HCLK
AB14	I/O
AB15	I/O
AB16	I/O
AB17	I/O
AB18	I/O
AB19	I/O
AB20	I/O
AB21	I/O
AB22	GND
AB23	I/O
AC1	GND

<b>329-Pin PBGA</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
AC2	V <sub>CCI</sub>
AC3	NC
AC4	I/O
AC5	I/O
AC6	I/O
AC7	I/O
AC8	I/O
AC9	V <sub>CCI</sub>
AC10	I/O
AC11	I/O
AC12	I/O
AC13	I/O
AC14	I/O
AC15	NC
AC16	I/O
AC17	I/O
AC18	I/O
AC19	I/O
AC20	I/O
AC21	NC
AC22	V <sub>CCI</sub>
AC23	GND
B1	V <sub>CCI</sub>
B2	GND
B3	I/O
B4	I/O
B5	I/O
B6	I/O
B7	I/O
B8	I/O
B9	I/O
B10	I/O
B11	I/O
B12	PRA, I/O
B13	CLKA

<b>329-Pin PBGA</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX32 Function</b>
B14	I/O
B15	I/O
B16	I/O
B17	I/O
B18	I/O
B19	I/O
B20	I/O
B21	I/O
B22	GND
B23	V <sub>CCI</sub>
C1	NC
C2	TDI, I/O
C3	GND
C4	I/O
C5	I/O
C6	I/O
C7	I/O
C8	I/O
C9	I/O
C10	I/O
C11	I/O
C12	I/O
C13	I/O
C14	I/O
C15	I/O
C16	I/O
C17	I/O
C18	I/O
C19	I/O
C20	I/O
C21	V <sub>CCI</sub>
C22	GND
C23	NC
D1	I/O
D2	I/O

## 144-Pin FBGA

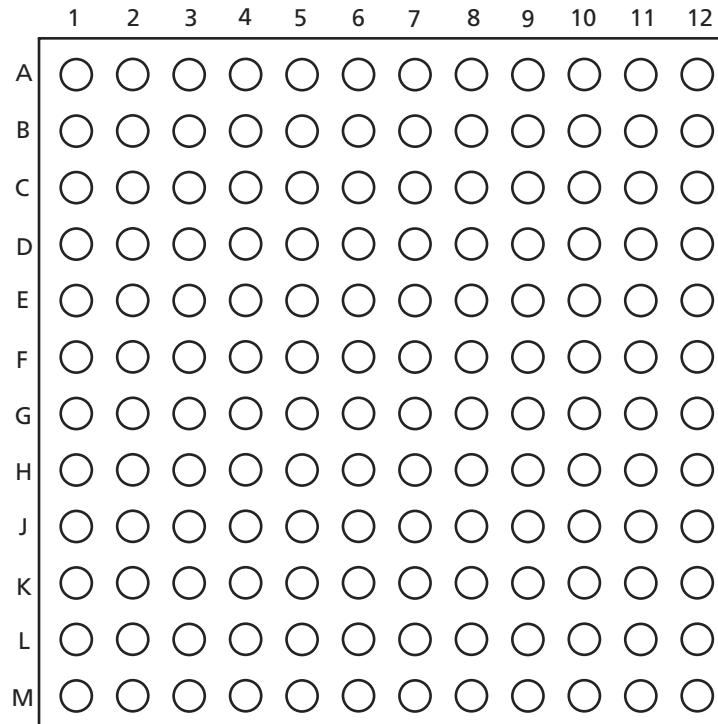


Figure 2-8 • 144-Pin FBGA (Top View)

### Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Package Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

# Datasheet Information

## List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in the current version of the document.

Previous Version	Changes in Current Version (v3.2)	Page
v3.1 (June 2003)	The "Ordering Information" was updated to include RoHS information.	1-ii
	The Product Plan was removed since all products have been released.	N/A
	Information concerning the TRST pin in the "Probe Circuit Control Pins" section was removed.	1-6
	The "Dedicated Test Mode" section is new.	1-6
	The "Programming" section is new.	1-7
	A note was added to the "Power-Up Sequencing" table.	1-15
	A note was added to the "Power-Down Sequencing" table. The 3.3 V comments were updated for the following devices: A54SX08, A54SX16, A54SX32.	1-15
	U11 and U13 were added to the "313-Pin PBGA" table.	2-17
v3.0.1	Storage temperature in Table 1-3 was updated.	1-7
	Table 1-1 was updated.	1-5

## Datasheet Categories

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheets are published before data has been fully characterized. Datasheets are designated as "Product Brief," "Advanced," "Production," and "Datasheet Supplement." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

### Product Brief

The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advanced or production) containing general product information. This brief gives an overview of specific device and family information.

### Advanced

This datasheet version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production.

### Unmarked (production)

This datasheet version contains information that is considered to be final.

### Datasheet Supplement

The datasheet supplement gives specific device information for a derivative family that differs from the general family datasheet. The supplement is to be used in conjunction with the datasheet to obtain more detailed information and for specifications that do not differ between the two families.

## International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) and Export Administration Regulations (EAR)

The products described in this datasheet are subject to the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) or the Export Administration Regulations (EAR). They may require an approved export license prior to their export. An export can include a release or disclosure to a foreign national inside or outside the United States.