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### **Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### **Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	348
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	95
Number of Gates	14000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TC)
Package / Case	144-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx09-pq144m">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx09-pq144m</a>

	(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 70°C) . . . . .	81
Table 46	Configuration of Unused I/Os . . . . .	86
Table 47	PL44 . . . . .	88
Table 48	PL68 . . . . .	90
Table 49	PL84 . . . . .	92
Table 50	PQ 100 . . . . .	95
Table 51	PQ144 . . . . .	99
Table 52	PQ160 . . . . .	104
Table 53	PQ208 . . . . .	109
Table 54	PQ240 . . . . .	115
Table 55	VQ80 . . . . .	122
Table 56	VQ100 . . . . .	125
Table 57	TQ176 . . . . .	128
Table 58	CQ208 . . . . .	134
Table 59	CQ256 . . . . .	140
Table 60	BG272 . . . . .	147
Table 61	PG132 . . . . .	155
Table 62	CQ172 . . . . .	160

## 3 40MX and 42MX FPGAs

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### 3.1 General Description

Microsemi's 40MX and 42MX families offer a cost-effective design solution at 5V. The MX devices are single-chip solutions and provide high performance while shortening the system design and development cycle. MX devices can integrate and consolidate logic implemented in multiple programmable array logics (PALs), complex programmable logic devices (CPLDs), and FPGAs. Example applications include high-speed controllers and address decoding, peripheral bus interfaces, digital signal processor (DSP), and co-processor functions.

The MX device architecture is based on Microsemi's patented antifuse technology implemented in a 0.45 $\mu$ m triple-metal CMOS process. With capacities ranging from 3,000 to 54,000 system gates, the MX devices provide performance up to 250 MHz, are live on power-up and have one-fifth the standby power consumption of comparable FPGAs. MX FPGAs provide up to 202 user I/Os and are available in a wide variety of packages and speed grades.

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices also feature multiPlex I/Os, which support mixed-voltage systems, enable programmable peripheral component interconnect (PCI), deliver high-performance operation at both 5.0V and 3.3V, and provide a low-power mode. The devices are fully compliant with the PCI local bus specification (version 2.1). They deliver 200 MHz on-chip operation and 6.1 ns clock-to-output performance.

The 42MX24 and 42MX36 devices include system-level features such as IEEE Standard 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary Scan Testing and fast wide-decode modules. In addition, the A42MX36 device offers dual-port SRAM for implementing fast first in first out (FIFOs), last in first out (LIFOs), and temporary data storage. The storage elements can efficiently address applications requiring wide data path manipulation and can perform transformation functions such as those required for telecommunications, networking, and DSP.

All MX devices are fully tested over automotive and military temperature ranges. In addition, the largest member of the family, the A42MX36, is available in both CQ208 and CQ256 ceramic packages screened to MIL-STD-883 levels. For easy prototyping and conversion from plastic to ceramic, the CQ208 and PQ208 devices are pin-compatible.

### 3.2 MX Architectural Overview

The MX devices are composed of fine-grained building blocks that enable fast, efficient logic designs. All devices within these families are composed of logic modules, I/O modules, routing resources and clock networks, which are the building blocks for fast logic designs. In addition, the A42MX36 device contains embedded dual-port SRAM modules, which are optimized for high-speed data path functions such as FIFOs, LIFOs and scratch pad memory. A42MX24 and A42MX36 also contain wide-decode modules.

#### 3.2.1 Logic Modules

The 40MX logic module is an eight-input, one-output logic circuit designed to implement a wide range of logic functions with efficient use of interconnect routing resources.(see the following figures).

The logic module can implement the four basic logic functions (NAND, AND, OR and NOR) in gates of two, three, or four inputs. The logic module can also implement a variety of D-latches, exclusivity functions, AND-ORs and OR-ANDs. No dedicated hard-wired latches or flip-flops are required in the array; latches and flip-flops can be constructed from logic modules whenever required in the application.

Additionally, the back-annotation flow is compatible with all the major simulators and the simulation results can be cross-probed with Silicon Explorer II, Microsemi's integrated verification and logic analysis tool. Another tool included in the Libero software is the SmartGen macro builder, which easily creates popular and commonly used logic functions for implementation into your schematic or HDL design.

Microsemi's Libero software is compatible with the most popular FPGA design entry and verification tools from companies such as Mentor Graphics, Synopsys, and Cadence design systems.

See the Libero IDE web content at [www.microsemi.com/soc/products/software/libero/default.aspx](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/software/libero/default.aspx) for further information on licensing and current operating system support.

## 3.6 Related Documents

The following sections give the list of related documents which can be referred for this datasheet.

### 3.6.1 Application Notes

- *AC278: BSDL Files Format Description*
- *AC225: Programming Antifuse Devices*
- *AC168: Implementation of Security in Microsemi Antifuse FPGAs*

### 3.6.2 User Guides and Manuals

- *Antifuse Macro Library Guide*
- *Silicon Sculptor Programmers User Guide*

### 3.6.3 Miscellaneous

*Libero IDE Flow Diagram*

## 3.7 5.0 V Operating Conditions

The following tables show 5.0 V operating conditions.

**Table 12 • Absolute Maximum Ratings for 40MX Devices\***

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	-0.5 to VCC+0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	-0.5 to VCC+0.5	V
t <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

**Note:** \*Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

**Table 13 • Absolute Maximum Ratings for 42MX Devices\***

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCCI	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	-0.5 to +7.0	V
VCCA	DC Supply Voltage for Array	-0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	-0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	-0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
t <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

### 3.9.1 Mixed 5.0V/3.3V Electrical Specifications

**Table 22 • Mixed 5.0V/3.3V Electrical Specifications**

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Commercial –F		Industrial		Military		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VOH <sup>1</sup>	IOH = –10 mA	2.4		2.4						V
	IOH = –4 mA					2.4		2.4		V
VOL <sup>1</sup>	IOL = 10 mA	0.5		0.5						V
	IOL = 6 mA					0.4		0.4		V
VIL		–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
VIH <sup>2</sup>		2.0	VCCA + 0.3	2.0	VCCA + 0.3	2.0	VCCA + 0.3	2.0	VCCA + 0.3	V
IL	VIN = 0.5 V		–10		–10		–10		–10	μA
IH	VIN = 2.7 V		–10		–10		–10		–10	μA
Input Transition Time, T <sub>R</sub> and T <sub>F</sub>			500		500		500		500	ns
C <sub>IO</sub> I/O Capacitance			10		10		10		10	pF
Standby Current, ICC <sup>3</sup>	A42MX09		5		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX16		6		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX24, A42MX36		20		25		25		25	mA
Low Power Mode Standby Current			0.5		ICC – 5.0		ICC – 5.0		ICC – 5.0	mA
I/O I/O source sink current	Can be derived from the <i>IBIS model</i> ( <a href="http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/ibis.html">http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/ibis.html</a> )									

1. Only one output tested at a time. VCCI = min.
2. VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V
3. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCCI or GND

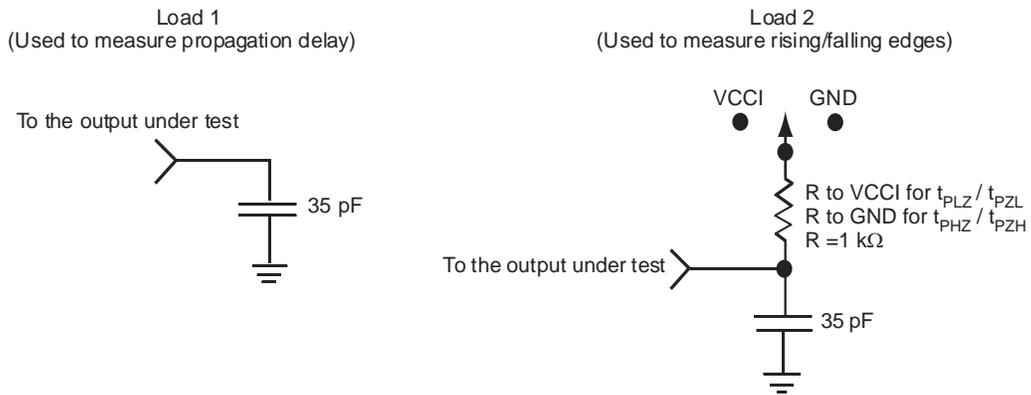
### 3.9.2 Output Drive Characteristics for 5.0 V PCI Signaling

MX PCI device I/O drivers were designed specifically for high-performance PCI systems. Figure 16, page 30 shows the typical output drive characteristics of the MX devices. MX output drivers are compliant with the PCI Local Bus Specification.

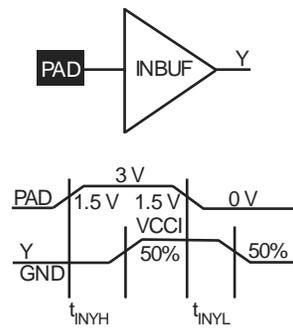
**Table 23 • DC Specification (5.0 V PCI Signaling)<sup>1</sup>**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	PCI		MX		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VCCI	Supply Voltage for I/Os		4.75	5.25	4.75	5.25 <sup>2</sup>	V
VIH <sup>3</sup>	Input High Voltage		2.0	VCC + 0.5	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	V
VIL	Input Low Voltage		–0.5	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
IIH	Input High Leakage Current	VIN = 2.7 V		70		10	μA
IIL	Input Low Leakage Current	VIN=0.5 V		–70		–10	μA
VOH	Output High Voltage	IOUT = –2 mA IOUT = –6 mA	2.4		3.84		V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	IOUT = 3 mA, 6 mA		0.55		0.33	V

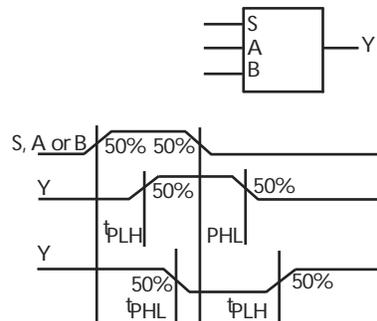
**Figure 22 • AC Test Loads**



**Figure 23 • Input Buffer Delays**



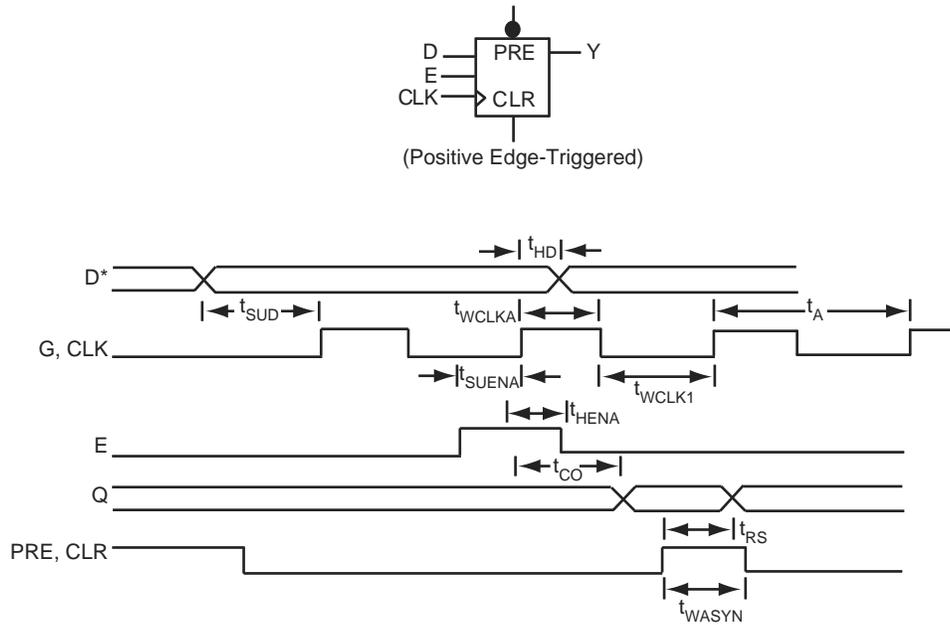
**Figure 24 • Module Delays**



### 3.10.2 Sequential Module Timing Characteristics

The following figure shows sequential module timing characteristics.

Figure 25 • Flip-Flops and Latches

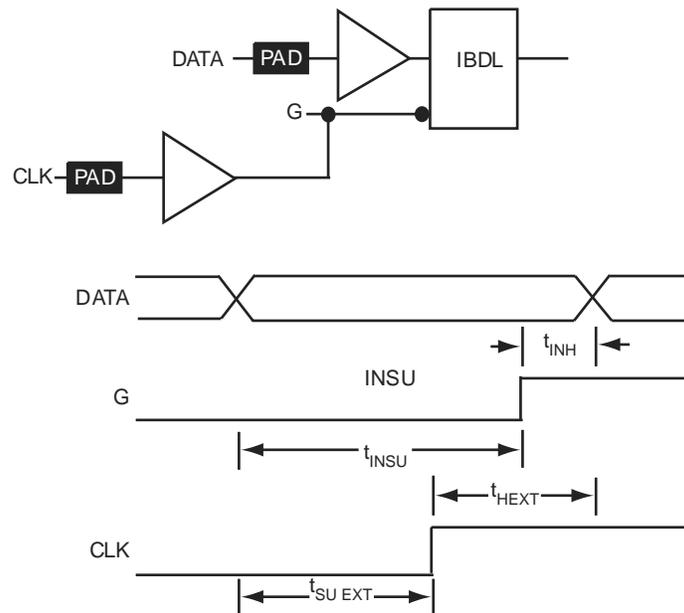


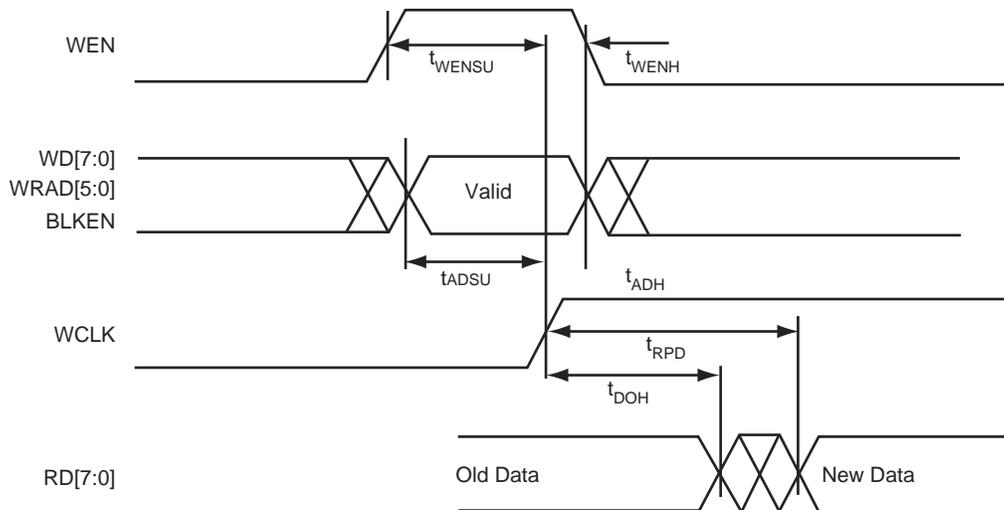
**Note:** \*D represents all data functions involving A, B, and S for multiplexed flip-flops.

### 3.10.3 Sequential Timing Characteristics

The following figures show sequential timing characteristics.

Figure 26 • Input Buffer Latches



**Figure 33 • 42MX SRAM Asynchronous Read Operation—Type 2 (Write Address Controlled)**

### 3.10.7 Predictable Performance: Tight Delay Distributions

Propagation delay between logic modules depends on the resistive and capacitive loading of the routing tracks, the interconnect elements, and the module inputs being driven. Propagation delay increases as the length of routing tracks, the number of interconnect elements, or the number of inputs increases.

From a design perspective, the propagation delay can be statistically correlated or modeled by the fanout (number of loads) driven by a module. Higher fanout usually requires some paths to have longer routing tracks.

The MX FPGAs deliver a tight fanout delay distribution, which is achieved in two ways: by decreasing the delay of the interconnect elements and by decreasing the number of interconnect elements per path.

Microsemi's patented antifuse offers a very low resistive/capacitive interconnect. The antifuses, fabricated in 0.45  $\mu\text{m}$  lithography, offer nominal levels of 100  $\Omega$  resistance and 7.0 fF capacitance per antifuse.

MX fanout distribution is also tight due to the low number of antifuses required for each interconnect path. The proprietary architecture limits the number of antifuses per path to a maximum of four, with 90 percent of interconnects using only two antifuses.

## 3.11 Timing Characteristics

Device timing characteristics fall into three categories: family-dependent, device-dependent, and design-dependent. The input and output buffer characteristics are common to all MX devices. Internal routing delays are device-dependent; actual delays are not determined until after place-and-route of the user's design is complete. Delay values may then be determined by using the Designer software utility or by performing simulation with post-layout delays.

### 3.11.1 Critical Nets and Typical Nets

Propagation delays are expressed only for typical nets, which are used for initial design performance evaluation. Critical net delays can then be applied to the most timing critical paths. Critical nets are determined by net property assignment in Microsemi's Designer software prior to placement and routing. Up to 6% of the nets in a design may be designated as critical.

**Table 37 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation)**  
**(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C) (continued)**

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>Input Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>1</sup></b>												
t <sub>IRD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay		2.9		3.3		3.8		4.5		6.3	ns
t <sub>IRD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay		3.6		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
t <sub>IRD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay		4.4		5.0		5.7		6.7		9.4	ns
t <sub>IRD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay		5.1		5.9		6.7		7.8		11.0	ns
t <sub>IRD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay		8.0		9.3		10.5		12.4		17.2	ns
<b>Global Clock Network</b>												
t <sub>CKH</sub>	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 16	6.4		7.4		8.4		9.9		13.8	ns
		FO = 128	6.4		7.4		8.4		9.9		13.8	
t <sub>CKL</sub>	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 16	6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	ns
		FO = 128	6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	
t <sub>PWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 16	3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns
		FO = 128	3.3		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1	
t <sub>PWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 16	3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns
		FO = 128	3.3		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1	
t <sub>CKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew	FO = 16	0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2	ns
		FO = 128	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.6	
t <sub>P</sub>	Minimum Period	FO = 16	6.5		7.5		8.5		10.1		14.1	ns
		FO = 128	6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency	FO = 16	113		105		96		83		50	MHz
		FO = 128	109		101		92		80		48	
<b>TTL Output Module Timing<sup>4</sup></b>												
t <sub>DLH</sub>	Data-to-Pad HIGH		4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.0	ns
t <sub>DHL</sub>	Data-to-Pad LOW		5.6		6.4		7.3		8.6		12.0	ns
t <sub>ENZH</sub>	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		5.2		6.0		6.9		8.1		11.3	ns
t <sub>ENZL</sub>	Enable Pad Z to LOW		6.6		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1	ns
t <sub>ENHZ</sub>	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		11.1		12.8		14.5		17.1		23.9	ns
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z		8.2		9.5		10.7		12.6		17.7	ns
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Delta LOW to HIGH		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
d <sub>THL</sub>	Delta HIGH to LOW		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF

**Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)**  
**(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C) (continued)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>WASYN</sub> Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.5		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t <sub>A</sub> Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	3.5		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1		ns
t <sub>INH</sub> Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>INSU</sub> Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.6		ns
t <sub>OUTH</sub> Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>OUTSU</sub> Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.6		ns
f <sub>MAX</sub> Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		268		244		224		195		117	MHz

**Table 39 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation)**  
**(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C) (continued)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>RD4</sub> FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.9		2.1		2.4		2.9		4.0		ns
t <sub>RD8</sub> FO = 8 Routing Delay	3.2		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7		ns
<b>Logic Module Sequential Timing<sup>3, 4</sup></b>											
t <sub>SUD</sub> Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9		ns
t <sub>HD</sub> Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>SUENA</sub> Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2		ns
t <sub>HENA</sub> Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>WCLKA</sub> Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t <sub>WASYN</sub> Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	6.2		6.9		7.8		9.2		12.9		ns
t <sub>A</sub> Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	5.0		5.6		6.2		7.1		9.9		ns
t <sub>INH</sub> Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>INSU</sub> Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
t <sub>OUTH</sub> Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>OUTSU</sub> Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
f <sub>MAX</sub> Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency	161		146		135		117		70		MHz

**Table 40 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)**  
**(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C) (continued)**

Parameter / Description			-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>PWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	3.2	3.5	4.0	4.7	6.6	ns					
		FO = 384	3.7	4.1	4.6	5.4	7.6	ns					
t <sub>CKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew	FO = 32	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	ns					
		FO = 384	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	ns					
t <sub>SUEXT</sub>	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns					
		FO = 384	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns					
t <sub>HEXT</sub>	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	2.8	3.1	5.5	4.1	5.7	ns					
		FO = 384	3.2	3.5	4.0	4.7	6.6	ns					
t <sub>P</sub>	Minimum Period	FO = 32	4.2	4.67	5.1	5.8	9.7	ns					
		FO = 384	4.6	5.1	5.6	6.4	10.7	ns					
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32	237	215	198	172	103	MHz					
		FO = 384	215	195	179	156	94	MHz					

**Table 43 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation)**  
**(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C) (continued)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>TTL Output Module Timing<sup>5</sup></b>											
t <sub>LH</sub>	I/O Latch Output Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns
t <sub>LCO</sub>	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O	7.7	8.5	9.6	11.3	15.9					ns
t <sub>ACO</sub>	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O	14.8	16.5	18.7	22.0	30.8					ns
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.10					ns/pF
d <sub>THL</sub>	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.08					ns/pF
<b>CMOS Output Module Timing<sup>5</sup></b>											
t <sub>DLH</sub>	Data-to-Pad HIGH	4.8	5.3	5.5	6.4	9.0					ns
t <sub>DHL</sub>	Data-to-Pad LOW	3.5	3.9	4.1	4.9	6.8					ns
t <sub>ENZH</sub>	Enable Pad Z to HIGH	3.6	4.0	4.5	5.3	7.4					ns
t <sub>ENZL</sub>	Enable Pad Z to LOW	3.4	4.0	5.0	5.8	8.2					ns
t <sub>ENHZ</sub>	Enable Pad HIGH to Z	7.2	8.0	9.0	10.7	14.9					ns
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z	6.7	7.5	8.5	9.9	13.9					ns
t <sub>GLH</sub>	G-to-Pad HIGH	6.8	7.6	8.6	10.1	14.2					ns
t <sub>GHL</sub>	G-to-Pad LOW	6.8	7.6	8.6	10.1	14.2					ns
t <sub>LSU</sub>	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.4					ns
t <sub>LH</sub>	I/O Latch Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					ns
t <sub>LCO</sub>	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O	7.7	8.5	9.6	11.3	15.9					ns
t <sub>ACO</sub>	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O	14.8	16.5	18.7	22.0	30.8					ns
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.10					ns/pF
d <sub>THL</sub>	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.08					ns/pF
t <sub>HEXT</sub>	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32 FO = 486	3.9 4.6	4.3 5.2	4.9 5.8	5.7 6.9	8.1 9.6				ns ns
t <sub>P</sub>	Minimum Period (1/f <sub>MAX</sub> )	FO = 32 FO = 486	7.8 8.6	8.7 9.5	9.5 10.4	10.8 11.9	18.2 19.9				ns ns

1. For dual-module macros, use t<sub>PD1</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>PDn</sub>, t<sub>CO</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>PDn</sub>, or t<sub>PD1</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>SUD</sub>, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

**Table 44 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)**  
**(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C) (continued)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>TTL Output Module Timing<sup>5</sup></b>											
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.9	5.5	6.2	7.3	10.2	ns			
t <sub>GLH</sub>	G-to-Pad HIGH		2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.1	ns			
t <sub>GHL</sub>	G-to-Pad LOW		2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.1	ns			
t <sub>LSU</sub>	I/O Latch Output Set-Up		0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	ns			
t <sub>LH</sub>	I/O Latch Output Hold		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns			
t <sub>LCO</sub>	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.7	6.3	7.1	8.4	11.8	ns			
t <sub>ACO</sub>	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.8	8.6	9.8	11.5	16.1	ns			
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.07	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.14	ns/pF			
d <sub>THL</sub>	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.07	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.14	ns/pF			

**Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation)**  
**(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C) (continued)**

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>Synchronous SRAM Operations</b>												
t <sub>ADH</sub>	Address/Data Hold Time	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns
t <sub>RENSU</sub>	Read Enable Set-Up	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.8	1.8	ns
t <sub>RENH</sub>	Read Enable Hold	4.8	5.3	5.3	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	9.8	9.8	ns
t <sub>WENSU</sub>	Write Enable Set-Up	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.8	4.8	5.6	5.6	5.6	7.8	7.8	ns
t <sub>WENH</sub>	Write Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns
t <sub>BENS</sub>	Block Enable Set-Up	3.9	4.3	4.3	4.9	4.9	5.7	5.7	5.7	8.0	8.0	ns
t <sub>BENH</sub>	Block Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns
<b>Asynchronous SRAM Operations</b>												
t <sub>RPD</sub>	Asynchronous Access Time		11.3	12.6	12.6	14.3	14.3	16.8	16.8	23.5	23.5	ns
t <sub>RDADV</sub>	Read Address Valid	12.3	12.3	13.7	13.7	15.5	15.5	18.2	18.2	25.5	25.5	ns
t <sub>ADSU</sub>	Address/Data Set-Up Time	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.8	3.4	3.4	4.8	4.8	ns
t <sub>ADH</sub>	Address/Data Hold Time	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns
t <sub>RENSUA</sub>	Read Enable Set-Up to Address Valid	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.8	1.8	ns
t <sub>RENHA</sub>	Read Enable Hold	4.8	4.8	5.3	5.3	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	9.8	9.8	ns
t <sub>WENSU</sub>	Write Enable Set-Up	3.8	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.8	4.8	5.6	5.6	7.8	7.8	ns
t <sub>WENH</sub>	Write Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns
t <sub>DOH</sub>	Data Out Hold Time		1.8	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.5	2.5	3.5	3.5	ns
<b>Input Module Propagation Delays</b>												
t <sub>INPY</sub>	Input Data Pad-to-Y		1.4	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.1	2.1	3.0	3.0	ns
t <sub>INGO</sub>	Input Latch Gate-to-Output		2.0	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.9	2.9	4.1	4.1	ns
t <sub>INH</sub>	Input Latch Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns
t <sub>INSU</sub>	Input Latch Set-Up	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.4	ns
t <sub>ILA</sub>	Latch Active Pulse Width	6.5	6.5	7.3	7.3	8.2	8.2	9.7	9.7	13.5	13.5	ns

**Table 55 • VQ80 (continued)**

<b>VQ80</b>		
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A40MX02 Function</b>	<b>A40MX04 Function</b>
13	VCC	VCC
14	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O
17	NC	I/O
18	NC	I/O
19	NC	I/O
20	VCC	VCC
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	GND	GND
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O
33	VCC	VCC
34	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O
41	NC	I/O
42	NC	I/O
43	NC	I/O
44	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	GND	GND
48	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O

**Table 57 • TQ176 (continued)**

<b>TQ176</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>	<b>A42MX24 Function</b>
50	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	NC	VCCI	VCCI
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	NC	I/O	I/O
55	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
56	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
57	NC	NC	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
60	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
61	NC	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	NC	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	NC	I/O	I/O
67	GND	GND	GND
68	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
69	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
70	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	NC	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	NC	NC	WD, I/O
78	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O
80	NC	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	NC	VCCI	VCCI
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
85	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
86	NC	I/O	I/O

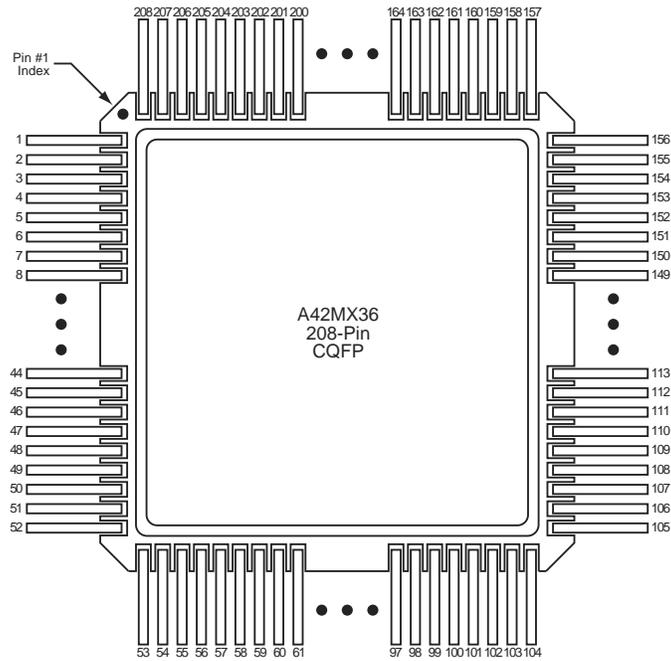
**Table 57 • TQ176 (continued)**

<b>TQ176</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>	<b>A42MX24 Function</b>
87	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	GND	GND	GND
90	I/O	I/O	I/O
91	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	NC	I/O	I/O
97	NC	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	NC	NC	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	NC	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	GND	GND	GND
107	NC	I/O	I/O
108	NC	I/O	TCK, I/O
109	LP	LP	LP
110	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
111	GND	GND	GND
112	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
113	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
114	NC	I/O	I/O
115	NC	I/O	I/O
116	NC	VCCA	VCCA
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	NC	NC	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O

**Table 57 • TQ176 (continued)**

<b>TQ176</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>	<b>A42MX24 Function</b>
159	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
161	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
162	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	I/O	I/O	I/O
165	NC	NC	WD, I/O
166	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
167	I/O	I/O	I/O
168	NC	I/O	I/O
169	I/O	I/O	I/O
170	NC	VCCI	VCCI
171	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
172	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
176	I/O	I/O	I/O

**Figure 49 • CQ208**



**Table 58 • CQ208 (continued)**

<b>CQ208</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	I/O
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	I/O
124	I/O
125	I/O
126	GND
127	I/O
128	TCK, I/O
129	LP
130	VCCA
131	GND
132	VCCI
133	VCCA
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	VCCA
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O

**Table 60 • BG272 (continued)**

<b>BG272</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
A6	I/O
A7	WD, I/O
A8	WD, I/O
A9	I/O
A10	I/O
A11	CLKA
A12	I/O
A13	I/O
A14	I/O
A15	I/O
A16	WD, I/O
A17	I/O
A18	I/O
A19	GND
A20	GND
B1	GND
B2	GND
B3	DCLK, I/O
B4	I/O
B5	I/O
B6	I/O
B7	WD, I/O
B8	I/O
B9	PRB, I/O
B10	I/O
B11	I/O
B12	WD, I/O
B13	I/O
B14	I/O
B15	WD, I/O
B16	I/O
B17	WD, I/O
B18	I/O
B19	GND
B20	GND
C1	I/O
C2	MODE