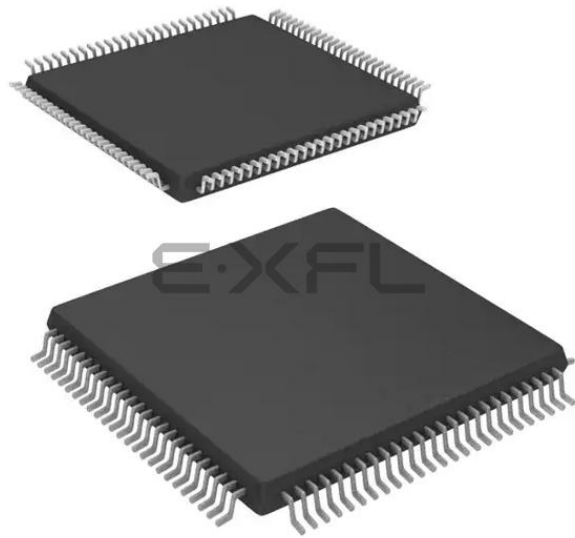




Welcome to [E·XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	160
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	1280
Total RAM Bits	65536
Number of I/O	72
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-VQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/ice65l01f-lvq100i

Programmable Logic Block (PLB)

Generally, a logic design for an iCE65 component is created using a high-level hardware description language such as Verilog or VHDL. The Lattice Semiconductor development software then synthesizes the high-level description into equivalent functions built using the programmable logic resources within each iCE65 device. Both sequential and combinational functions are constructed from an array of Programmable Logic Blocks (PLBs). Each PLB contains eight Logic Cells (LCs), as pictured in Figure 4, and share common control inputs, such as clocks, reset, and enable controls.

PLBs are connected to one another and other logic functions using the rich Programmable Interconnect resources.

Logic Cell (LC)

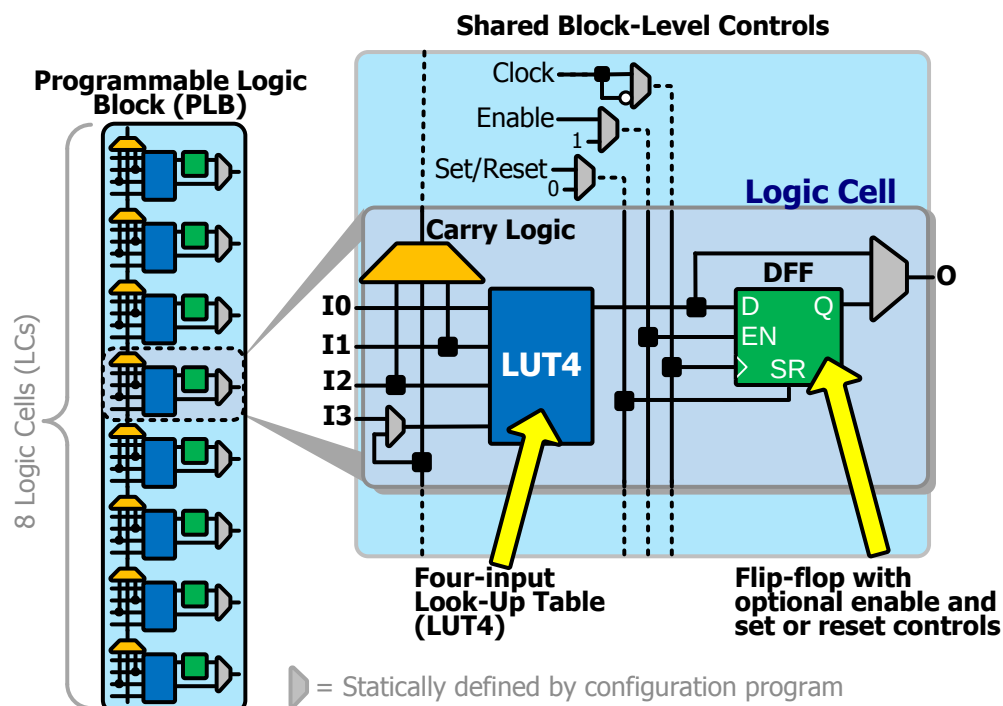
Each iCE65 device contains thousands of Logic Cells (LCs), as listed in Table 1. Each Logic Cell includes three primary logic elements, shown in Figure 4.

- A four-input **Look-Up Table (LUT4)** builds any combinational logic function, of any complexity, of up to four inputs. Similarly, the LUT4 element behaves as a 16x1 Read-Only Memory (ROM). Combine and cascade multiple LUT4s to create wider logic functions.

Figure 4: Programmable Logic Block and Logic Cell

- A **'D'-style Flip-Flop (DFF)**, with an optional clock-enable and reset control input, builds sequential logic functions. Each DFF also connects to a global reset signal that is automatically asserted immediately following device configuration.
- **Carry Logic** boosts the logic efficiency and performance of arithmetic functions, including adders, subtractors, comparators, binary counters and some wide, cascaded logic functions.

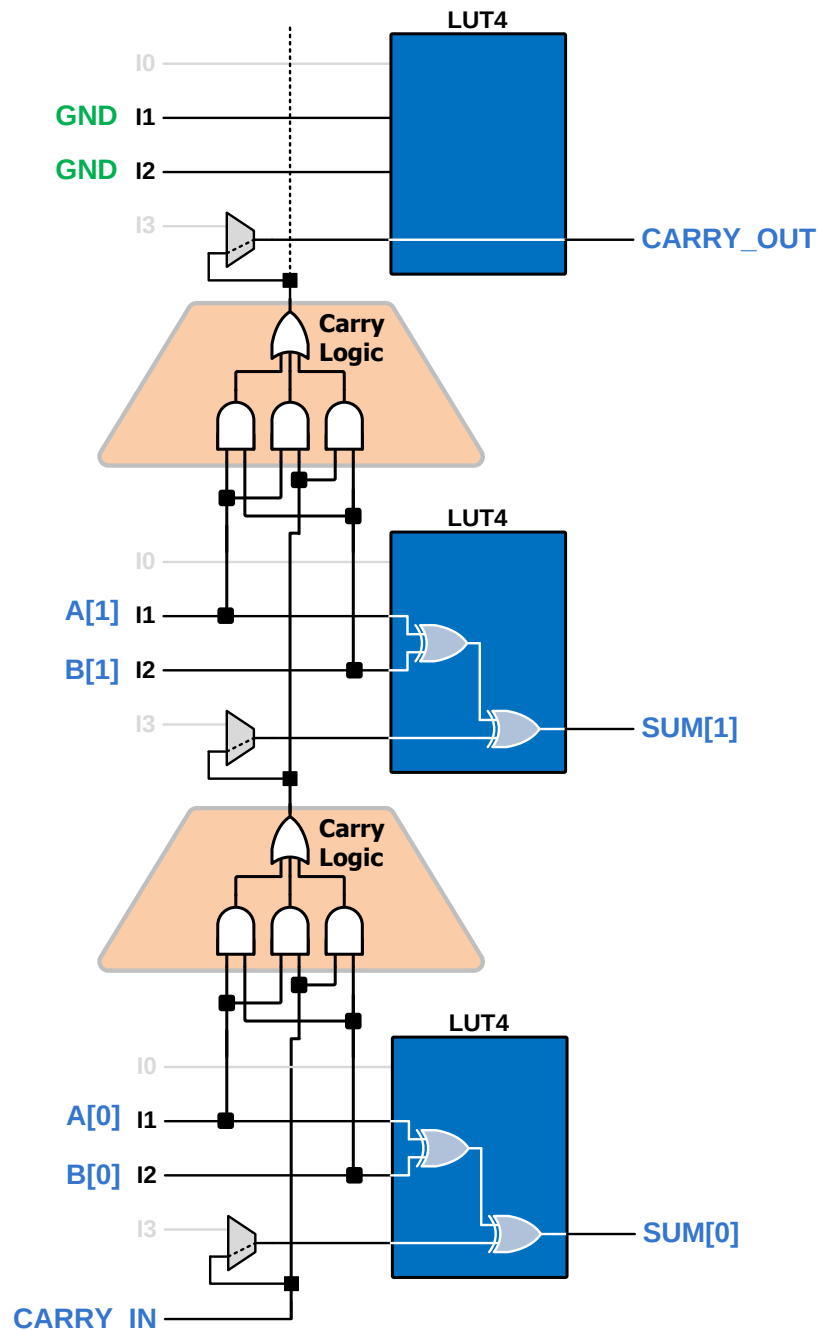
The output from a Logic Cell is available to all inputs to all eight Logic Cells within the Programmable Logic Block. Similarly, the Logic Cell output feeds into fabric to connect to other features on the iCE65 device.



Implementing Subtractors, Decrementers

As mentioned earlier, the Carry Logic generates a High output whenever the sum of $I1 + I2 + \text{CARRY_IN}$ generates a carry. The Carry Logic does not specifically have a subtract mode. To implement a subtract function or decrement function, logically invert either the $I1$ or $I2$ input and invert the initial carry input. This performs a 2s complement subtract operation.

Figure 6: Two-bit Adder Example



If not connected to an external SPI PROM, the four pins associated with the [SPI Master Configuration Interface](#) can be used as PIO pins, supplied by the SPI_VCC input, essentially forming a fifth “mini” I/O bank. If using an SPI Flash PROM, then connect SPI_VCC to 3.3V.

I/O Banks 0, 1, 2, SPI and Bank 3 of iCE65L01

[Table 6](#) highlights the available I/O standards when using an iCE65 device, indicating the drive current options, and in which bank(s) the standard is supported. I/O Banks 0, 1, 2 and SPI interface support the same standards. I/O Bank 3 has additional capabilities in iCE65L04 and iCE65L08, including support for MDDR memory standards and LVDS differential I/O.

Table 6: I/O Standards for I/O Banks 0, 1, 2, SPI Interface Bank, and Bank 3 of iCE65L01

I/O Standard	Supply Voltage	Drive Current (mA)	Attribute Name
5V Input Tolerance	3.3V	N/A	N/A
LVCN0533	3.3V	±11	SB_LVCMOS
LVCN0525	2.5V	±8	
LVCN0518	1.8V	±5	
LVCN0515 outputs	1.5V	±4	

IBIS Models for I/O Banks 0, 1, 2 and the SPI Bank

The IBIS (I/O Buffer Information Specification) file that describes the output buffers used in I/O Banks 0, 1, 2, SPI Bank and Bank 3 of iCE65L01 is available from the following link.

- [IBIS Models for I/O Banks 0, 1, 2, SPI Bank and Bank 3 of iCE65L01](#)

I/O Bank 3 of iCE65L04 and iCE65L08

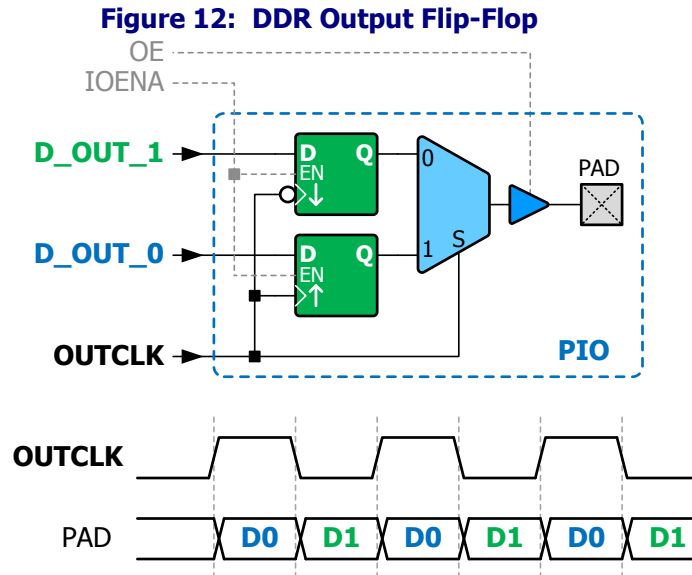
I/O Bank 3, located along the left edge of the die, has additional special I/O capabilities to support memory components and differential I/O signaling (LVDS). [Table 7](#) lists the various I/O standards supported by I/O Bank 3. The SSTL2 and SSTL18 I/O standards require the VREF voltage reference input pin which is only available on the CB284 package. Also see [Table 5I](#) for electrical characteristics.

Table 7: I/O Standards for I/O Bank 3 Only of iCE65L04 and iCE65L08

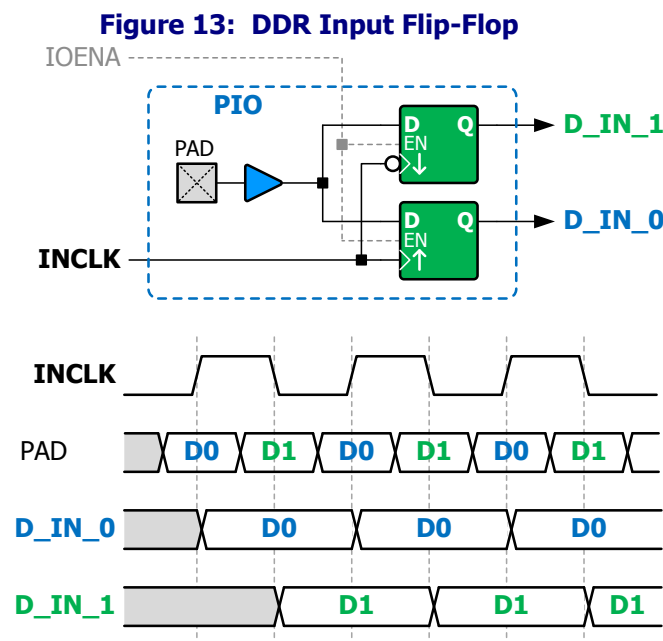
I/O Standard	Supply Voltage	VREF Pin (CB284 or DiePlus) Required?	Target Drive Current (mA)	Attribute Name
LVCN0533	3.3V	No	±8	SB_LVCMOS33_8
LVCN0525	2.5V	No	±16	SB_LVCMOS25_16
			±12	SB_LVCMOS25_12
			±8	SB_LVCMOS25_8
			±4	SB_LVCMOS25_4
LVCN0518	1.8V	No	±10	SB_LVCMOS18_10
			±8	SB_LVCMOS18_8
			±4	SB_LVCMOS18_4
			±2	SB_LVCMOS18_2
LVCN0515	1.5V	No	±4	SB_LVCMOS15_4
			±2	SB_LVCMOS15_2
SSTL2_II	2.5V	Yes	±16.2	SB_SSTL2_CLASS_2
SSTL2_I			±8.1	SB_SSTL2_CLASS_1
SSTL18_II	1.8V	Yes	±13.4	SB_SSTL18_FULL
SSTL18_I			±6.7	SB_SSTL18_HALF
MDDR	1.8V	No	±10	SB_MDDR10
			±8	SB_MDDR8
			±4	SB_MDDR4
			±2	SB_MDDR2
LVDS	2.5V	No	N/A	SB_LVDS_INPUT

Double Data Rate (DDR) Flip-Flops

Each individual PIO pin optionally has two sets of double data rate (DDR) flip-flops; one input pair and one output pair. Figure 12 demonstrates the functionality of the output DDR flip-flop. Two signals from within the iCE65 device drive the DDR output flip-flop. The D_OUT_0 signal is clocked by the rising edge of the OUTCLK signal while the D_OUT_1 signal is clocked by the falling edge of the OUTCLK signal, assuming no optional clock polarity inversion. Internally, the two individual flip-flops are multiplexed together before the data appears at the pad, effectively doubling the output data rate.



Similarly, Figure 13 demonstrates the DDR input flip-flop functionality. A double data rate (DDR) signal arrives at the pad. Internally, one value is clocked by the rising edge of the INCLK signal and another value is clocked by the falling edge of the INCLK signal. The DDR data stream is effectively de-multiplexed within the PIO pin and presented to the programmable interconnect on D_IN_0 and D_IN_1.



The DDR flip-flops provide several design advantages. Internally within the iCE65 device, the clock frequency is half the effective external data rate. The lower clock frequency eases internal timing, doubling the clock period, and slashes the clock-related power in half.

Table 28: ColdBoot Select Ball/Pin Numbers by Package

ColdBoot Select	CB81	QN84	VQ100	CB132	CB196	CB284
PIO2/CBSEL0	G5	B15	41	L9	L9	R13
PIO2/CBSEL1	H5	A20	42	P10	P10	V14

When creating the initial configuration image, the Lattice development software loads the start address for up to four configuration images in the bitstream. The value on the CBSEL[1:0] pins tell the configuration controller to read a specific start address, then to load the configuration image stored at the selected address. The multiple bitstreams are stored either in the SPI Flash or in the internal NVMCM.

After configuration, the CBSEL[1:0] pins become normal PIO pins available to the application.

The Cold Boot feature allows the iCE65 to be reprogrammed for special application requirements such as the following.

- A normal operating mode and a self-test or diagnostics mode.
- Different applications based on switch settings.
- Different applications based on a card-slot ID number.

Warm Boot Configuration Option

The Warm Boot configuration is similar to the Cold Boot feature, but is completely under the control of the FPGA application.

A special design primitive, SB_WARMBOOT, allows an FPGA application to choose between four configuration images using two internal signal ports, S1 and S0, as shown in [Figure 27](#). These internal signal ports connect to programmable interconnect, which in turn can connect to PLB logic and/or PIO pins.

After selecting the desired configuration image, the application then asserts the internal signal BOOT port High to force the FPGA to restart the configuration process from the specified vector address stored in PROM.



A Warm Boot application can only jump to another configuration image that DOES NOT have Warm Boot enabled. There is no such restriction for Cold Boot applications.

Time-Out and Retry

When configuring from external SPI Flash, the iCE65 device looks for a synchronization word. If the device does not find a synchronization word within its timeout period, the device automatically attempts to restart the configuration process from the very beginning. This feature is designed to address any potential power-sequencing issues that may occur between the iCE65 device and the external PROM.

The iCE65 device attempts to reconfigure six times. If not successful after six attempts, the iCE65 FPGA automatically goes into low-power mode.

SPI Peripheral Configuration Interface

Using the SPI peripheral configuration interface, an application processor (AP) serially writes a configuration image to an iCE65 FPGA using the iCE65's SPI interface, as shown in [Figure 23](#). The iCE65's SPI configuration interface is a separate, independent I/O bank, powered by the VCC_SPI supply input. Typically, VCC_SPI is the same voltage as the application processor's I/O. The configuration control signals, CDONE and CRESET_B, are supplied by the separate I/O Bank 2 voltage input, VCCIO_2.

This same SPI peripheral interface supports programming for the iCE65's Nonvolatile Configuration Memory (NVMCM).

Supported JTAG Commands

The JTAG interface supports the IEEE 1149.1 mandatory instructions, including EXTEST, SAMPLE/PRELOAD, and BYPASS.

Package and Pinout Information

Maximum User I/O Pins by Package and by I/O Bank

Table 34 lists the maximum number of user-programmable I/O pins by package, with additional detail showing user I/O pins by I/O bank. In some cases, a smaller iCE65 device is packaged in a larger package with unconnected (N.C.) pins or balls, resulting in fewer overall I/O pins. See Table 35 for device-specific I/O counts by package.

Table 34: User I/O by Package, by I/O Bank

	CB81	QN84	VQ100	CB132	CB196	CB284
Package Leads	81	84	100	132	196	284
Package Body (mm)	5 x 5	7 x 7	14 x 14	8 x 8	8 x 8	12 x 12
Ball Array (balls)	9 x 9	N/A	N/A	14 x 14	14 x 14	22 x 22
Ball/Lead Pitch (mm)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Maximum user I/O, all I/O banks	63	67	72	95	150	222
PIO Pins in Bank 0	17	17	19	26	37	60
PIO Pins in Bank 1	16	17	19	21	38	55
PIO Pins in Bank 2	12	11	12	20	35	53
PIO Pins in Bank 3	18	18	18	24	36	50
PIO Pins in SPI Interface	4	4	4	4	4	4

Printed Circuit Board Layout Information

For information on how to use the iCE65 packages on a printed circuit board (PCB) design, consult the following application note.

- AN010: iCE65 Printed Circuit Board (PCB Layout) Guidelines

Maximum User I/O by Device and Package

Table 35 lists the maximum available user I/O by device and by package type. Not all devices are available in all packages. Similarly, smaller iCE65 devices may have unconnected balls in some packages. Devices sharing a common package have similar footprints.

Table 35: Maximum User I/O by Device and Package

Package	Device		
	iCE65L01	iCE65L04	iCE65L08
CB81	63	—	—
QN84	67	—	—
VQ100	72	72	—
CB132	93	95	—
CB196	—	150	150
CB284	—	176	222

iCE65 Pin Descriptions

Table 36 lists the various iCE65 pins, alphabetically by name. The table indicates the directionality of the signal and the associated I/O bank. The table also indicates if the signal has an internal pull-up resistor enabled during configuration. Finally, the table describes the function of the pin.

Table 36: iCE65 Pin Description

Signal Name	Direction	I/O Bank	Pull-up during Config	Description
CDONE	Output	2	Yes	Configuration Done. Dedicated output. Includes a permanent weak pull-up resistor to VCCIO_2 . If driving external devices with CDONE output, connect a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor to VCCIO_2 .
CRESET_B	Input	2	No	Configuration Reset, active Low. Dedicated input. No internal pull-up resistor. Either actively drive externally or connect a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor to VCCIO_2 .
GBIN0/PIO0 GBIN1/PIO0	Input/IO	0	Yes	Global buffer input from I/O Bank 0. Optionally, a full-featured PIO pin.
GBIN2/PIO1 GBIN3/PIO1	Input/IO	1	Yes	Global buffer input from I/O Bank 1. Optionally, a full-featured PIO pin.
GBIN4/PIO2 GBIN5/PIO2	Input/IO	2	Yes	Global buffer input from I/O Bank 2. Optionally, a full-featured PIO pin.
GBIN6/PIO3	Input/IO	3	No	Global buffer input from I/O Bank 3. Optionally, a full-featured PIO pin.
GBIN7/PIO3	Input/IO	3	No	Global buffer input from I/O Bank 3. Optionally, a full-featured PIO pin. Optionally, a differential clock input using the associated differential input pin.
GND	Supply	All	N/A	Ground. All must be connected.
PIOx_yy	I/O	0,1,2	Yes	Programmable I/O pin defined by the iCE65 configuration bitstream. The 'x' number specifies the I/O bank number in which the I/O pin resides. The 'yy' number specifies the I/O number in that bank.
PIO2/CBSEL0	Input/IO	2	Yes	Optional ColdBoot configuration SElect input, if ColdBoot mode is enabled. A full-featured PIO pin after configuration.
PIO2/CBSEL1	Input/IO	2	Yes	Optional ColdBoot configuration SElect input, if ColdBoot mode is enabled. A full-featured PIO pin after configuration.
PIO3_yy/ DPwwz	I/O	3	No	Programmable I/O pin that is also half of a differential I/O pair. Only available in I/O Bank 3. The 'yy' number specifies the I/O number in that bank. The 'ww' number indicates the differential I/O pair. The 'z' indicates the polarity of the pin in the differential pair. 'A'=negative input. 'B'=positive input.
PIOS/SPI_SO	I/O	SPI	Yes	SPI Serial Output. A full-featured PIO pin after configuration.
PIOS /SPI_SI	I/O	SPI	Yes	SPI Serial Input. A full-featured PIO pin after configuration.
PIOS / SPI_SS_B	I/O	SPI	Yes	SPI Slave Select. Active Low. Includes an internal weak pull-up resistor to SPI_VCC during configuration. During configuration, the logic level sampled on this pin determines the configuration mode used by the iCE65 device, as shown in Figure 20 . An input when sampled at the start of configuration. An input when in SPI Peripheral configuration mode (SPI_SS_B = Low). An output when in SPI Flash configuration mode. A full-featured PIO pin after configuration.
PIOS/ SPI_SCK	I/O	SPI	Yes	SPI Slave Clock. An input when in SPI Peripheral configuration mode (SPI_SS_B = Low). An output when in SPI Flash configuration mode. A full-featured PIO pin after configuration.
TDI	Input	1	No	JTAG Test Data Input. If using the JTAG interface, use a 10kΩ pull-up resistor to VCCIO_1 . Tie off to GND when unused.

iCE65 Ultra Low-Power mobileFPGA™ Family

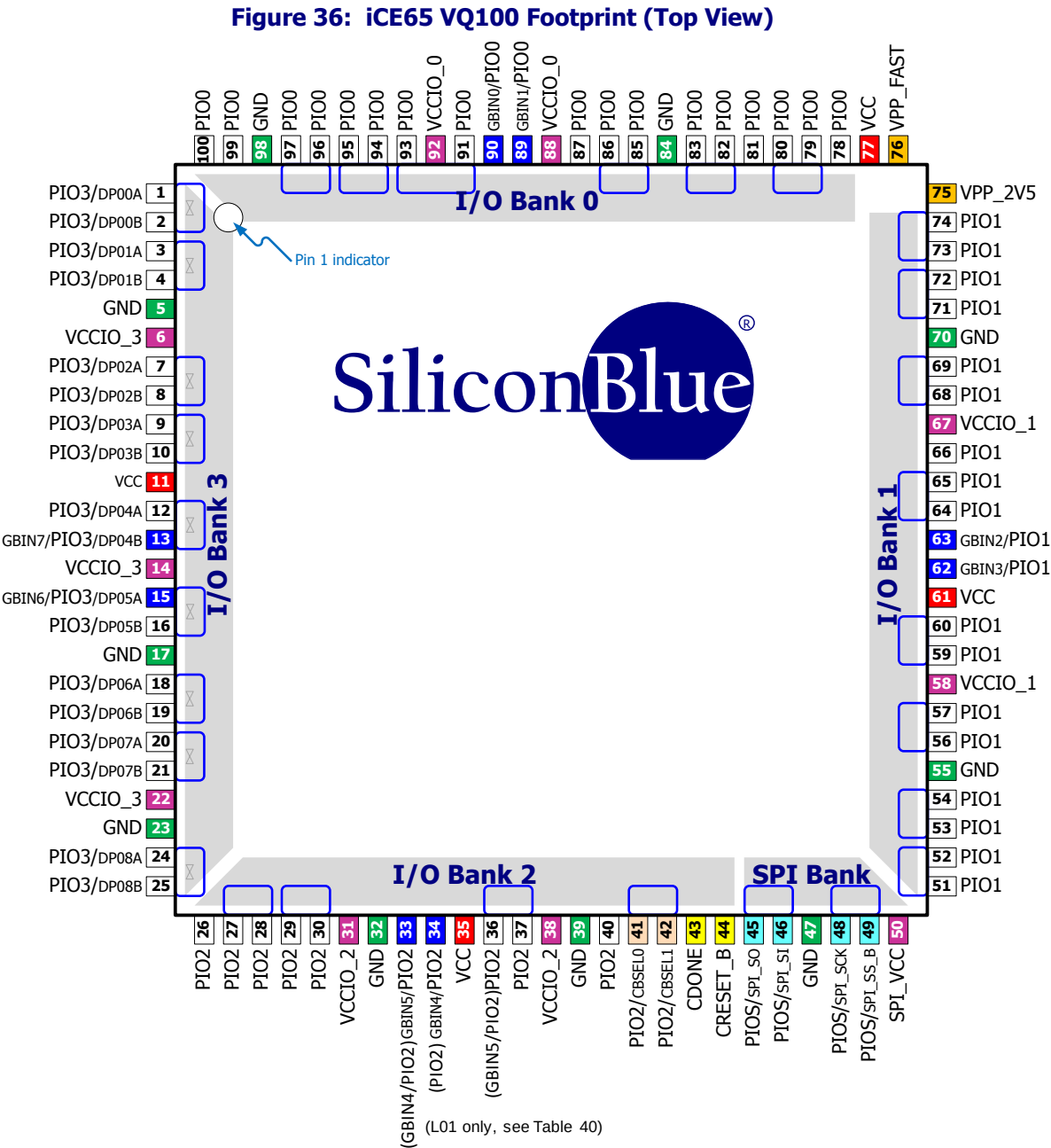
Ball Function	Ball Number	Pin Type	Bank
PIO3	B1	PIO	3
PIO3	B2	PIO	3
PIO3	B3	PIO	3
PIO3	C1	PIO	3
PIO3	C2	PIO	3
PIO3	C3	PIO	3
GBIN7/PIO3	D1	GBIN	3
PIO3	D2	PIO	3
PIO3	D3	PIO	3
GBIN6/PIO3	E1	GBIN	3
PIO3	E2	PIO	3
PIO3	E3	PIO	3
PIO3	F2	PIO	3
PIO3	F3	PIO	3
PIO3	G1	PIO	3
PIO3	G2	PIO	3
PIO3	H1	PIO	3
PIO3	H2	PIO	3
VCCIO_3	F1	VCCIO	3
PIOS/SPI_SO	H7	SPI	SPI
PIOS/SPI_SI	J7	SPI	SPI
PIOS/SPI_SCK	J8	SPI	SPI
PIOS/SPI_SS_B	H8	SPI	SPI
SPI_VCC	H9	SPI	SPI
GND	A1	GND	GND
GND	A9	GND	GND
GND	J9	GND	GND
GND	J1	GND	GND
GND	E4	GND	GND
GND	E5	GND	GND
GND	F4	GND	GND
GND	F5	GND	GND
VCC	A5	VCC	VCC
VCC	J5	VCC	VCC
VPP_2V5	B9	VPP	VPP

VQ100 Very-thin Quad Flat Package

The VQ100 package is a very-thin quad-flat package with 0.5 mm lead pitch. The iCE65L01 and iCE65L04 devices are available in this package.

Footprint Diagram

Figure 36 shows the footprint diagram for the 100-lead very-thin quad-flat package (VQ100). See Table 40 for a complete, detailed pinout for the 100-lead very-thin quad-flat package. The signal pins are also grouped into the four I/O Banks and the SPI interface.



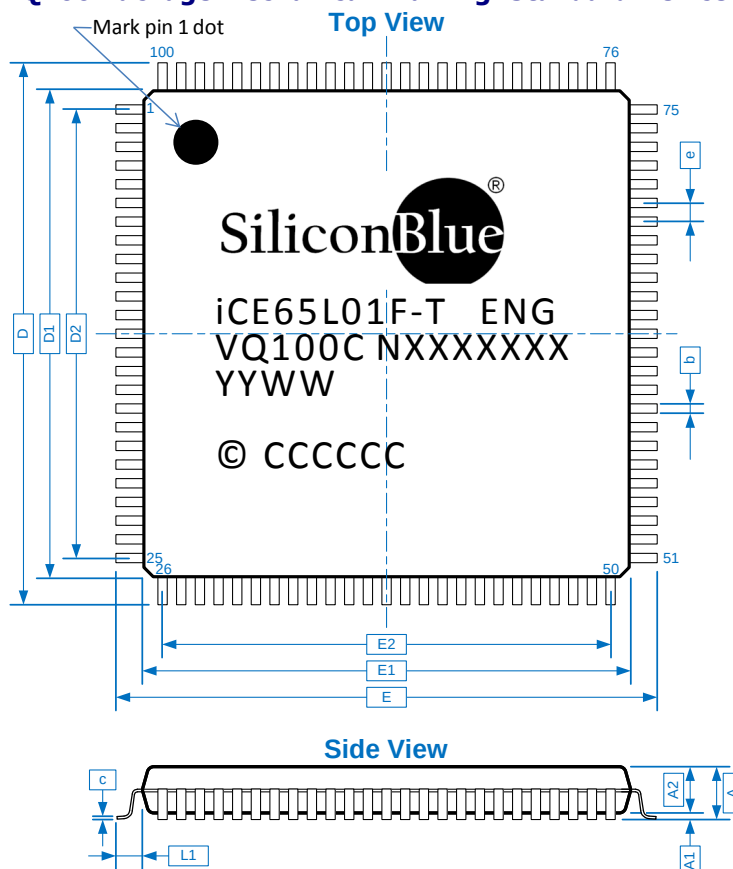
Pinout Table

Table 39 provides a detailed pinout table for the VQ100 package. Pins are generally arranged by I/O bank, then by pin function. The table also highlights the differential I/O pairs in I/O Bank 3. The VQ100 package has no JTAG pins.

Pin Function	Pin Number	Type	Bank
VCC	61	VCC	VCC
VCC	77	VCC	VCC
VPP_2V5	75	VPP	VPP
VPP_FAST	76	VPP	VPP

Package Mechanical Drawing

Figure 37: VQ100 Package Mechanical Drawing: Standard Device Marking



Description	Symbol	Min.	Nominal	Max.	Units
Leads per Edge	X		25		Leads
	Y		25		
Number of Signal Leads	n		100		
Maximum Size (lead tip to lead tip)	X	E	16.0		mm
	Y	D	16.0		
Body Size	X	E1	14.0		
	Y	D1	14.0		
Edge Pin Center to Center	X	E2	12.0		
	Y	D2	12.0		
Lead Pitch	e		0.50		
Lead Width	b	0.17	0.20	0.27	
Total Package Height	A		1.20		
Stand Off	A1	0.05		0.15	
Body Thickness	A2	0.95	1.00	1.05	
Lead Length	L1		1.00		
Lead Thickness	c		0.20		
Coplanarity			0.08		

Top Marking Format

Line	Content	Description
1	Logo	Logo
2	iCE65L01F	Part number
	-T	Power/Speed
	ENG	Engineering
3	VQ100C NXXXXXXX	Package type and Lot number
4	YYWW	Date Code
5	N/A	Blank
6	© CCCCCC	Country

Thermal Resistance

Junction-to-Ambient θ_{JA} ($^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$)	
0 LFM	200 LFM
38	32

iCE65 Ultra Low-Power mobileFPGA™ Family

Ball Function	Ball Number	Pin Type	Bank
PIO0	A5	PIO	0
PIO0	A6	PIO	0
PIO0	A8	PIO	0
PIO0	A10	PIO	0
PIO0	B3	PIO	0
PIO0	B4	PIO	0
PIO0	B5	PIO	0
PIO0	B8	PIO	0
PIO0	B9	PIO	0
PIO0	C5	PIO	0
PIO0	C7	PIO	0
PIO0	C8	PIO	0
PIO0	C9	PIO	0
PIO0	D5	PIO	0
PIO0	D7	PIO	0
PIO0	E5	PIO	0
PIO0	E6	PIO	0
PIO0	E7	PIO	0
PIO0	F7	PIO	0
VCCIO_0	B7	VCCIO	0
GBIN2/PIO1	F9	GBIN	1
GBIN3/PIO1	F8	GBIN	1
PIO1	A11	PIO	1
PIO1	B11	PIO	1
PIO1	C11	PIO	1
PIO1	D8	PIO	1
PIO1	D9	PIO	1
PIO1	D10	PIO	1
PIO1	D11	PIO	1
PIO1	E8	PIO	1
PIO1	E9	PIO	1
PIO1	E11	PIO	1
PIO1	F10	PIO	1
PIO1	G7	PIO	1
PIO1	G8	PIO	1
PIO1	G9	PIO	1
PIO1	G10	PIO	1
PIO1	H7	PIO	1
PIO1	H8	PIO	1
PIO1	H9	PIO	1
PIO1	H10	PIO	1
VCCIO_1	E10	VCCIO	1
CDONE	J7	CONFIG	2
CRESET_B	K7	CONFIG	2
GBIN4/PIO2	L8	GBIN	2
GBIN5/PIO2	L9	GBIN	2
PIO2	H4	PIO	2
PIO2	H5	PIO	2
PIO2	H11	PIO	2
PIO2	J4	PIO	2
PIO2	J5	PIO	2

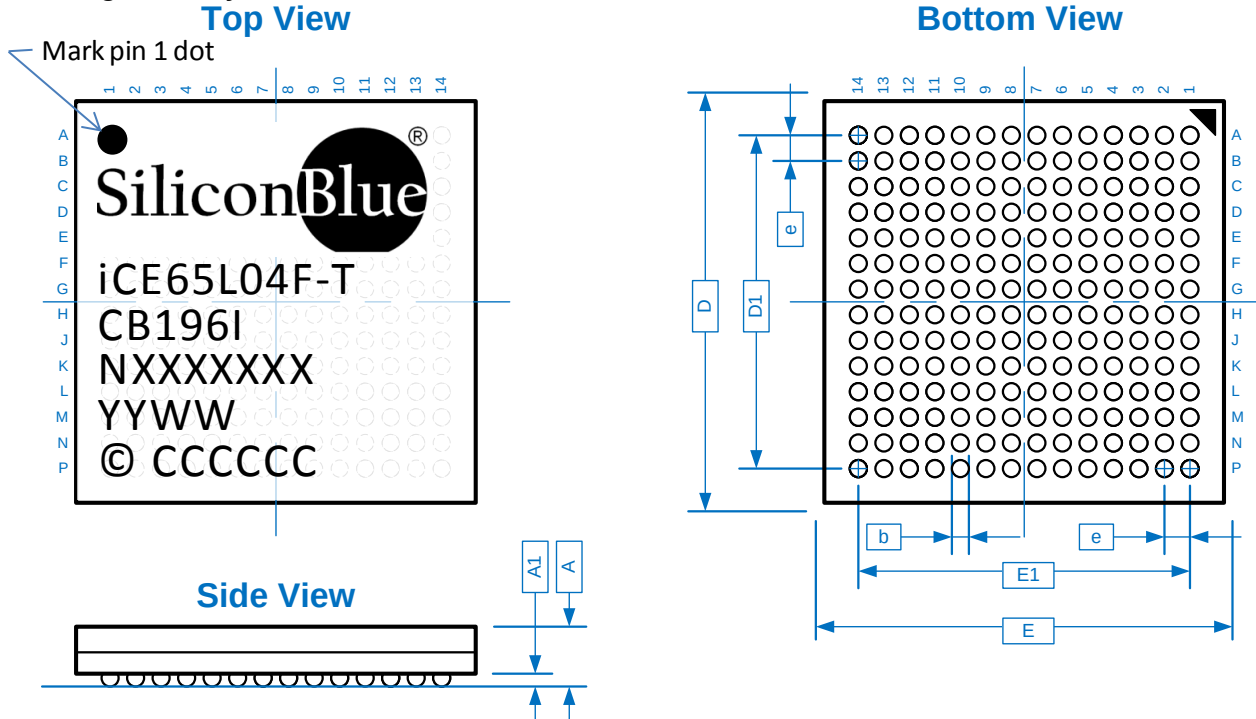
iCE65 Ultra Low-Power mobileFPGA™ Family

Ball Function	Ball Number	Pin Type	Bank
PIO1	H12	PIO	1
PIO1	J11	PIO	1
PIO1	J12	PIO	1
PIO1	K11	PIO	1
PIO1	K12	PIO	1
PIO1	K14	PIO	1
PIO1	L14	PIO	1
TCK	L12	JTAG	1
TDI	M12	JTAG	1
TDO	N14	JTAG	1
TMS	P14	JTAG	1
TRST_B	M14	JTAG	1
VCCIO_1	F9	VCCIO	1
VCCIO_1	H14	VCCIO	1
CDONE	M10	CONFIG	2
CRESET_B	L10	CONFIG	2
GBIN4/PIO2	P8	GBIN	2
GBIN5/PIO2	P7	GBIN	2
PIO2	L4	PIO	2
PIO2	L5	PIO	2
PIO2	L6	PIO	2
PIO2	L7	PIO	2
PIO2	L8	PIO	2
PIO2	M3	PIO	2
PIO2	M4	PIO	2
PIO2	M6	PIO	2
PIO2	M7	PIO	2
PIO2	M8	PIO	2
PIO2	M9	PIO	2
PIO2	P2	PIO	2
PIO2	P3	PIO	2
PIO2	P4	PIO	2
PIO2	P5	PIO	2
PIO2	P9	PIO	2
PIO2/CBSEL0	L9	PIO	2
PIO2/CBSEL1	P10	PIO	2
VCCIO_2	J9	PIO	2
VCCIO_2	M5	PIO	2
PIO3/DP00A	B1	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP00B	C1	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP01A	C3	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP01B	D3	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP02A	D4	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP02B	E4	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP03A	D1	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP03B	E1	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP04A	F4	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP04B	F3	DPIO	3
L01/L04: GBIN6/PIO3 L08: GBIN6/DP06A	H1	GBIN	3

Ball Function	Ball Number	Pin Type	Bank
PIO2 (◆)	<i>ICE65L04:</i> N8 <i>ICE65L08:</i> L7	PIO	2
PIO2	N9	PIO	2
PIO2	N11	PIO	2
PIO2	N12	PIO	2
PIO2	N13	PIO	2
PIO2	P1	PIO	2
PIO2	P2	PIO	2
PIO2	P3	PIO	2
PIO2	P4	PIO	2
PIO2	P7	PIO	2
PIO2	P8	PIO	2
PIO2	P9	PIO	2
PIO2/CBSEL0	L9	PIO	2
PIO2/CBSEL1	P10	PIO	2
VCCIO_2	J9	VCCIO	2
VCCIO_2	M5	VCCIO	2
VCCIO_2	N10	VCCIO	2
PIO3/DP00A	C1	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP00B	B1	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP01A	D3	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP01B	C3	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP02A	D1	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP02B	D2	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP03A (◆)	<i>ICE65L04:</i> E1 <i>ICE65L08:</i> E2	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP03B (◆)	<i>ICE65L04:</i> E2 <i>ICE65L04:</i> E1	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP04A	D4	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP04B	E4	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP05A (◆)	<i>ICE65L04:</i> F3 <i>ICE65L08:</i> F4	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP05B (◆)	<i>ICE65L04:</i> F4 <i>ICE65L08:</i> F3	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP06A	F5	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP06B	E5	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP07A (◆)	<i>ICE65L04:</i> G2 <i>ICE65L08:</i> H4	DPIO	3
GBIN7/PIO3/DP07B (◆)	<i>ICE65L04:</i> G1 <i>ICE65L08:</i> H3	GBIN	3
GBIN6/PIO3/DP08A	H1	GBIN	3
PIO3/DP08B	H2	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP09A	G3	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP09B	G4	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP10A	J1	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP10B	J2	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP11A (◆)	<i>ICE65L04:</i> H4 <i>ICE65L08:</i> G1	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP11B (◆)	<i>ICE65L04:</i> H3 <i>ICE65L08:</i> G2	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP12A	K2	DPIO	3
PIO3/DP12B	J3	DPIO	3

Figure 47:
(a) iCE65L04 CB196 Package Mechanical Drawing

CB196: 8 x8 mm, 196-ball, 0.5 mm ball-pitch, fully-populated, chip-scale ball grid array



Description		Symbol	Min.	Nominal	Max.	Units
Number of Ball Columns	X			14		Columns
Number of Ball Rows	Y			14		Rows
Number of Signal Balls		n		196		Balls
Body Size	X	E	7.90	8.00	8.10	mm
	Y	D	7.90	8.00	8.10	
Ball Pitch		e	—	0.50	—	
Ball Diameter		b	0.27	—	0.37	
Edge Ball Center to Center	X	E1	—	6.50	—	
	Y	D1	—	6.50	—	
Package Height		A	—	—	1.00	
Stand Off		A1	0.16	—	0.26	

Top Marking Format

Line	Content	Description
1	Logo	Logo
2	iCE65L04F	Part number
	-T	Power/Speed
3	CB196I	Package type
	ENG	Engineering
4	NXXXXXXX	Lot Number
5	YYWW	Date Code
6	© CCCCCC	Country

Thermal Resistance

Junction-to-Ambient θ_{JA} (°C/W)	
0 LFM	200 LFM
42	34

Ball Function	Ball Number	Pin Type by Device		Bank	CB132 Ball Equivalent
	ice65L04 ice65L08	ice65L04	ice65L08		
PIO1	L15	PIO	PIO	1	G11
PIO1	L16	PIO	PIO	1	G12
PIO1 (●)	L22	N.C.	PIO	1	—
PIO1	M15	PIO	PIO	1	H11
PIO1	M16	PIO	PIO	1	H12
PIO1	M20	PIO	PIO	1	—
PIO1 (●)	M22	N.C.	PIO	1	—
PIO1	N15	PIO	PIO	1	J11
PIO1	N16	PIO	PIO	1	J12
PIO1	N22	PIO	PIO	1	—
PIO1	P15	PIO	PIO	1	K11
PIO1	P16	PIO	PIO	1	K12
PIO1	P18	PIO	PIO	1	K14
PIO1	P20	PIO	PIO	1	—
PIO1	P22	PIO	PIO	1	—
PIO1	R18	PIO	PIO	1	L14
PIO1	R20	PIO	PIO	1	—
PIO1	R22	PIO	PIO	1	—
PIO1	T20	PIO	PIO	1	—
PIO1	T22	PIO	PIO	1	—
PIO1	U20	PIO	PIO	1	—
PIO1 (●)	U22	N.C.	PIO	1	—
PIO1	V20	PIO	PIO	1	—
PIO1 (●)	V22	N.C.	PIO	1	—
PIO1	W20	PIO	PIO	1	—
PIO1 (●)	W22	N.C.	PIO	1	—
PIO1 (●)	Y22	N.C.	PIO	1	—
TCK	R16	JTAG	JTAG	1	L12
TDI	T16	JTAG	JTAG	1	M12
TDO	U18	JTAG	JTAG	1	N14
TMS	V18	JTAG	JTAG	1	P14
TRST_B	T18	JTAG	JTAG	1	M14
VCCIO_1	H22	VCCIO	VCCIO	1	—
VCCIO_1	J20	VCCIO	VCCIO	1	—
VCCIO_1	K13	VCCIO	VCCIO	1	F9
VCCIO_1	M18	VCCIO	VCCIO	1	H14
CDONE	T14	CONFIG	CONFIG	2	M10
CRESET_B	R14	CONFIG	CONFIG	2	L10
GBIN4/PIO2	V12	GBIN	GBIN	2	P7
GBIN5/PIO2	V11	GBIN	GBIN	2	P8
PIO2	R8	PIO	PIO	2	L4
PIO2	R9	PIO	PIO	2	L5
PIO2	R10	PIO	PIO	2	L6
PIO2	R11	PIO	PIO	2	L7
PIO2	R12	PIO	PIO	2	L8
PIO2	T7	PIO	PIO	2	M3
PIO2	T8	PIO	PIO	2	M4
PIO2	T10	PIO	PIO	2	M6
PIO2	T11	PIO	PIO	2	M7
PIO2	T12	PIO	PIO	2	M8

iCE65L04 Pad Name	DiePlus				Pad	X (μm)	Y (μm)
	VQ100	CB132	CB196	CB284			
PIO3_18/DP09A	12	—	G2	L3	29	129.40	1,627.75
GBIN7/PIO3_19/DP09B	13	G1	G1	L5	30	231.40	1,592.74
VCCIO_3	14	J6	J6	N10	31	129.40	1,557.75
VREF	N/A	N/A	N/A	M1	32	231.40	1,522.74
GND	—	—	A9	N1	33	129.40	1,487.75
GBIN6/PIO3_20/DP10A	15	H1	H1	M5	34	231.40	1,452.74
PIO3_21/DP10B	16	—	H2	M3	35	129.40	1,417.75
GND	17	H7	A9	M11	36	231.40	1,382.74
PIO3_22/DP11A	—	—	G3	N3	37	129.40	1,347.75
PIO3_23/DP11B	—	—	G4	P3	38	231.40	1,312.74
VCCIO_3	—	—	K1	R3	39	129.40	1,277.75
VCCIO_3	—	—	—	—	40	231.40	1,242.74
GND	—	—	A9	T3	41	129.40	1,207.75
GND	—	—	—	—	42	231.40	1,172.74
PIO3_24/DP12A	—	—	J1	U3	43	129.40	1,137.75
PIO3_25/DP12B	—	—	J2	V3	44	231.40	1,102.74
GND	—	—	A9	V1	45	129.40	1,067.75
PIO3_26/DP13A	—	—	H4	W3	46	231.40	1,032.74
PIO3_27/DP13B	—	—	H3	Y3	47	129.40	997.75
PIO3_28/DP14A	18	G3	K2	L7	48	231.40	962.74
PIO3_29/DP14B	19	G4	J3	L8	49	129.40	927.75
PIO3_30/DP15A	—	H3	H5	M7	50	231.40	892.74
PIO3_31/DP15B	—	H4	G5	M8	51	129.40	857.75
VCC	—	J4	F2	N8	52	231.40	822.74
PIO3_32/DP16A	20	J3	L1	N7	53	129.40	787.75
PIO3_33/DP16B	21	J1	L2	N5	54	231.40	752.74
VCCIO_3	22	K1	K1	P5	55	129.40	717.75
VCCIO_3	—	—	—	—	56	231.40	682.74
GND	23	L3	L3	R7	57	129.40	637.75
GND	—	—	—	—	58	231.40	592.74
PIO3_34/DP17A	—	K3	M1	P7	59	129.40	547.75
PIO3_35/DP17B	—	K4	M2	P8	60	231.40	502.74
PIO3_36/DP18A	24	L1	K3	R5	61	129.40	457.75
PIO3_37/DP18B	25	M1	K4	T5	62	231.40	412.74
PIO3_38/DP19A	—	N1	N1	U5	63	129.40	367.75
PIO3_39/DP19B	—	P1	N2	V5	64	231.40	322.74
PIO2_00	—	—	—	AB2	65	545.00	139.20
PIO2_01	—	P2	L4	V6	66	595.00	37.20
PIO2_02	—	M3	M3	T7	67	645.00	139.20
GND	—	—	C2	AB5	68	695.00	37.20
PIO2_03	26	L4	P1	R8	69	745.00	139.20
PIO2_04	27	P3	N3	V7	70	795.00	37.20
PIO2_05	28	M4	P2	T8	71	845.00	139.20
PIO2_06	29	L5	L5	R9	72	895.00	37.20
PIO2_07	30	P4	M4	V8	73	930.00	139.20

iCE65L08 Pad Name	Available Packages		DiePlus		
	CB196	CB284	Pad	X (μm)	Y (μm)
PIO2_28	—	Y13	132	2,062.5	139.5
GBIN5/PIO2_29	M7	V11	133	2,097.5	37.5
GBIN4/PIO2_30	N8	V12	134	2,132.5	139.5
GND	J8	Y12	135	2,167.5	37.5
GND	—	—	136	2,202.5	139.5
PIO2_31	P8	Y14	137	2,237.5	37.5
PIO2_32	—	AB15	138	2,272.5	139.5
PIO2_33	M8	V13	139	2,307.5	37.5
PIO2_34	—	AB16	140	2,342.5	139.5
PIO2_35	L8	Y15	141	2,377.5	37.5
PIO2_36	—	AB17	142	2,412.5	139.5
PIO2_37	N9	AB18	143	2,447.5	37.5
PIO2_38	—	AB19	144	2,482.5	139.5
PIO2_39	—	AB20	145	2,517.5	37.5
PIO2_40	—	AB21	146	2,552.5	139.5
PIO2_41	—	Y17	147	2,587.5	37.5
PIO2_42	—	AB22	148	2,622.5	139.5
PIO2_43	—	Y18	149	2,657.5	37.5
PIO2_44	P9	Y19	150	2,692.5	139.5
VCC	N7	N11	151	2,727.5	37.5
VCC	—	—	152	2,762.5	139.5
PIO2_45	M9	Y20	153	2,797.5	37.5
PIO2_46	K8	T11	154	2,832.5	139.5
VCCIO_2	J9	N13	155	2,867.5	37.5
VCCIO_2	—	—	156	2,902.5	139.5
PIO2_47	N11	R11	157	2,937.5	37.5
GND	J8	M12	158	2,972.5	139.5
GND	—	—	159	3,007.5	37.5
PIO2_48	N12	T12	160	3,042.5	139.5
PIO2_49	K9	R12	161	3,077.5	37.5
PIO2_50	N13	T13	162	3,112.5	139.5
PIO2_51/CBSEL0	L9	R13	163	3,147.5	37.5
PIO2_52/CBSEL1	P10	V14	164	3,182.5	139.5
CDONE	M10	T14	165	3,217.5	37.5
CRESET_B	L10	R14	166	3,260.0	139.5
PIOS_00/SPI_SO	M11	T15	167	3,320.0	37.5
PIOS_01/SPI_SI	P11	V15	168	3,370.0	139.5
GND	J8	Y16	169	3,420.0	37.5
GND	—	—	170	3,470.0	139.5
PIOS_02/SPI_SCK	P12	V16	171	3,520.0	37.5
PIOS_03/SPI_SS_B	P13	V17	172	3,570.0	139.5
VCC	—	—	173	3,620.0	37.5
VCC	—	—	174	3,670.0	139.5
SPI_VCC	L11	R15	175	3,720.0	37.5
SPI_VCC	—	—	176	3,770.0	139.5

iCE65L08 Pad Name	Available Packages		DiePlus		
	CB196	CB284	Pad	X (μm)	Y (μm)
PI00_42	C5	A5	316	1,559.48	4,054.5
PI00_43	B5	G9	317	1,524.48	4,156.5
PI00_44	A4	A3	318	1,489.48	4,054.5
PI00_45	—	A4	319	1,454.48	4,156.5
PI00_46	—	A2	320	1,419.48	4,054.5
PI00_47	—	C7	321	1,384.48	4,156.5
PI00_48	—	C6	322	1,331.98	4,054.5
VCCIO_0	A8	K10	323	1,281.98	4,156.5
VCCIO_0	—	—	324	1,231.98	4,054.5
PI00_49	—	E8	325	1,181.98	4,156.5
PI00_50	B4	A1	326	1,131.98	4,054.5
PI00_51	C4	E7	327	1,081.98	4,156.5
PI00_52	A3	C5	328	1,031.98	4,054.5
PI00_53	B3	E6	329	981.98	4,156.5
PI00_54	D5	C3	330	931.98	4,054.5
GND	A9	L11	331	881.98	4,156.5
GND	—	—	332	831.98	4,054.5
PI00_55	B2	G8	333	781.98	4,156.5
PI00_56	A2	C4	334	731.98	4,054.5
PI00_57	A1	H10	335	681.98	4,156.5
PI00_58	—	E5	336	631.98	4,054.5
PI00_59	—	H9	337	581.98	4,156.5

Notes

© 2012 Lattice Semiconductor Corp. All Lattice trademarks, registered trademarks, patents, and disclaimers are as listed at www.latticesemi.com/legal. All other brand or product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders. The specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.



Lattice Semiconductor Corporation
5555 N.E. Moore Court
Hillsboro, Oregon 97124-6421
United States of America

Tel: +1 503 268 8000
Fax: +1 503 268 8347