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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, I²C, IrDA, LINbus, Microwire, SmartCard, SPI, SSP, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, CapSense, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	54
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b Slope, 16x12b SAR; D/A 2xIDAC
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/cy8c4147azi-s465

More Information

Cypress provides a wealth of data at www.cypress.com to help you to select the right PSoC device for your design, and to help you to quickly and effectively integrate the device into your design. For a comprehensive list of resources, see the knowledge base article KBA86521, How to Design with PSoC 3, PSoC 4, and PSoC 5LP. Following is an abbreviated list for PSoC 4:

- Overview: PSoC Portfolio, PSoC Roadmap
- Product Selectors: PSoC 1, PSoC 3, PSoC 4, PSoC 5LP
  In addition, PSoC Creator includes a device selection tool.
- Application notes: Cypress offers a large number of PSoC application notes covering a broad range of topics, from basic to advanced level. Recommended application notes for getting started with PSoC 4 are:
  - AN79953: Getting Started With PSoC 4
  - AN88619: PSoC 4 Hardware Design Considerations
  - AN86439: Using PSoC 4 GPIO Pins
  - AN57821: Mixed Signal Circuit Board Layout
  - AN81623: Digital Design Best Practices
  - AN73854: Introduction To Bootloaders
  - AN89610: Arm Cortex Code Optimization
  - AN85951: PSoC® 4 and PSoC Analog Coprocessor CapSense® Design Guide
- Technical Reference Manual (TRM) is in two documents:
  - Architecture TRM details each PSoC 4 functional block.
  - Registers TRM describes each of the PSoC 4 registers.
- Development Kits:
  - CY8CKIT-041-41XX PSoC 4100S CapSense Pioneer Kit, is an easy-to-use and inexpensive development platform. This kit includes connectors for Arduino™ compatible shields.
  - CY8CKIT-149 PSoC® 4100S Plus Prototyping Kit enables you to evaluate and develop with Cypress' fourth-generation, low-power CapSense solution using the PSoC 4100S Plus devices.

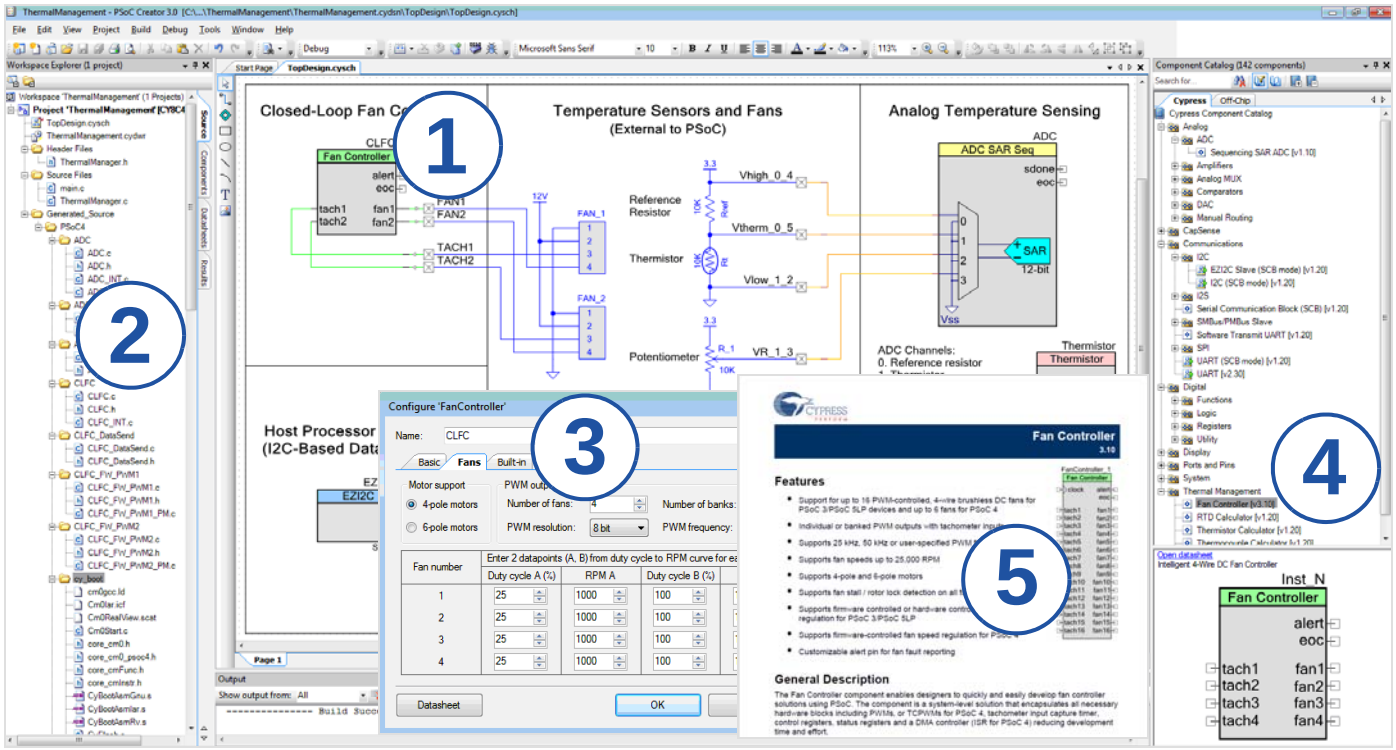
  The MiniProg3 device provides an interface for flash programming and debug.
- Software User Guide:
  - A step-by-step guide for using PSoC Creator. The software user guide shows you how the PSoC Creator build process works in detail, how to use source control with PSoC Creator, and much more.
- Component Datasheets:
  - The flexibility of PSoC allows the creation of new peripherals (components) long after the device has gone into production. Component datasheets provide all the information needed to select and use a particular component, including a functional description, API documentation, example code, and AC/DC specifications.
- Online:
  - In addition to print documentation, the Cypress PSoC forums connect you with fellow PSoC users and experts in PSoC from around the world, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

PSoC Creator

PSoC Creator is a free Windows-based Integrated Design Environment (IDE). It enables concurrent hardware and firmware design of PSoC 3, PSoC 4, and PSoC 5LP based systems. Create designs using classic, familiar schematic capture supported by over 100 pre-verified, production-ready PSoC Components; see the list of component datasheets. With PSoC Creator, you can:

1. Drag and drop component icons to build your hardware system design in the main design workspace
2. Codesign your application firmware with the PSoC hardware, using the PSoC Creator IDE C compiler
3. Configure components using the configuration tools
4. Explore the library of 100+ components
5. Review component datasheets

Figure 1. Multiple-Sensor Example Project in PSoC Creator

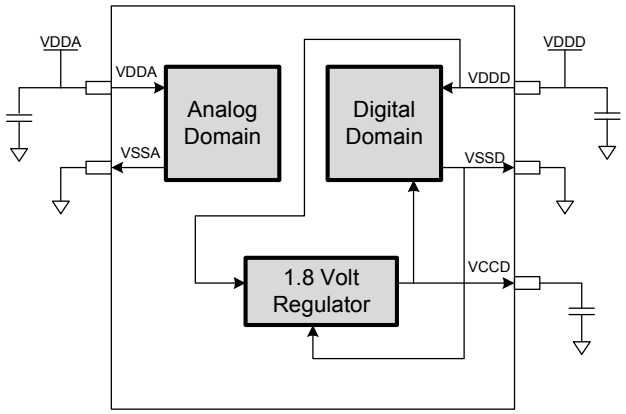


Port/Pin	Analog	Smart I/O	ACT #0	ACT #1	ACT #3	DS #2	DS #3
P2.4	sarmux[4]	SmartIo[0].io[4]	tcpwm.line[0]:1	scb[3].uart_rx:1			scb[1].spi_select1:1
P2.5	sarmux[5]	SmartIo[0].io[5]	tcpwm.line_compl[0]:1	scb[3].uart_tx:1			scb[1].spi_select2:1
P2.6	sarmux[6]	SmartIo[0].io[6]	tcpwm.line[1]:1	scb[3].uart_cts:1			scb[1].spi_select3:1
P2.7	sarmux[7]	SmartIo[0].io[7]	tcpwm.line_compl[1]:1	scb[3].uart_rts:1		lpcomp.comp[0]:0	scb[2].spi_mosi:1
P6.0			tcpwm.line[4]:1	scb[3].uart_rx:0	can.can_tx_enb_n:0	scb[3].i2c_scl:1	scb[3].spi_mosi:0
P6.1			tcpwm.line_compl[4]:1	scb[3].uart_tx:0	can.can_rx:0	scb[3].i2c_sda:1	scb[3].spi_miso:0
P6.2			tcpwm.line[5]:0	scb[3].uart_cts:0	can.can_tx:0		scb[3].spi_clk:0
P6.3			tcpwm.line_compl[5]:0	scb[3].uart_rts:0			scb[3].spi_select0:0
P6.4			tcpwm.line[6]:0			scb[4].i2c_scl	scb[3].spi_select1:0
P6.5			tcpwm.line_compl[6]:0			scb[4].i2c_sda	scb[3].spi_select2:0
P3.0		SmartIo[1].io[0]	tcpwm.line[0]:0	scb[1].uart_rx:1		scb[1].i2c_scl:2	scb[1].spi_mosi:0
P3.1		SmartIo[1].io[1]	tcpwm.line_compl[0]:0	scb[1].uart_tx:1		scb[1].i2c_sda:2	scb[1].spi_miso:0
P3.2		SmartIo[1].io[2]	tcpwm.line[1]:0	scb[1].uart_cts:1		cpuss.swd_data	scb[1].spi_clk:0
P3.3		SmartIo[1].io[3]	tcpwm.line_compl[1]:0	scb[1].uart_rts:1		cpuss.swd_clk	scb[1].spi_select0:0
P3.4		SmartIo[1].io[4]	tcpwm.line[2]:0		tcpwm.tr_in[6]		scb[1].spi_select1:0
P3.5		SmartIo[1].io[5]	tcpwm.line_compl[2]:0				scb[1].spi_select2:0
P3.6		SmartIo[1].io[6]	tcpwm.line[3]:0			scb[4].spi_select3	scb[1].spi_select3:0
P3.7		SmartIo[1].io[7]	tcpwm.line_compl[3]:0			lpcomp.comp[1]:1	scb[2].spi_miso:1
P4.0	csd.vref_ext			scb[0].uart_rx:0	can.can_rx:1	scb[0].i2c_scl:1	scb[0].spi_mosi:0
P4.1	csd.cshield			scb[0].uart_tx:0	can.can_tx:1	scb[0].i2c_sda:1	scb[0].spi_miso:0
P4.2	csd.cmod			scb[0].uart_cts:0	can.can_tx_enb_n:1	lpcomp.comp[0]:1	scb[0].spi_clk:0
P4.3	csd.csh_tank			scb[0].uart_rts:0		lpcomp.comp[1]:2	scb[0].spi_select0:0
P4.4				scb[4].uart_rx		scb[4].spi_mosi	scb[0].spi_select1:2
P4.5				scb[4].uart_tx		scb[4].spi_miso	scb[0].spi_select2:2
P4.6				scb[4].uart_cts		scb[4].spi_clk	scb[0].spi_select3:2
P4.7				scb[4].uart_rts		scb[4].spi_select0	
P5.6			tcpwm.line[7]:0			scb[4].spi_select1	scb[2].spi_select3:0
P5.7			tcpwm.line_compl[7]:0			scb[4].spi_select2	
P7.0			tcpwm.line[0]:2	scb[3].uart_rx:2		scb[3].i2c_scl:2	scb[3].spi_mosi:1
P7.1			tcpwm.line_compl[0]:2	scb[3].uart_tx:2		scb[3].i2c_sda:2	scb[3].spi_miso:1
P7.2			tcpwm.line[1]:2	scb[3].uart_cts:2			scb[3].spi_clk:1

Power

The following power system diagram shows the set of power supply pins as implemented for the PSoC 4100S Plus. The system has one regulator in Active mode for the digital circuitry. There is no analog regulator; the analog circuits run directly from the V_{DD} input.

Figure 5. Power Supply Connections



There are two distinct modes of operation. In Mode 1, the supply voltage range is 1.8 V to 5.5 V (unregulated externally; internal regulator operational). In Mode 2, the supply range is1.8 V ±5% (externally regulated; 1.71 to 1.89, internal regulator bypassed).

Mode 1: 1.8 V to 5.5 V External Supply

In this mode, PSoC 4100S Plus is powered by an external power supply that can be anywhere in the range of 1.8 to 5.5 V. This range is also designed for battery-powered operation. For example, the chip can be powered from a battery system that starts at 3.5 V and works down to 1.8 V. In this mode, the internal regulator of PSoC 4100S Plus supplies the internal logic and its output is connected to the V_{CCD} pin. The V_{CCD} pin must be bypassed to ground via an external capacitor (0.1 µF; X5R ceramic or better) and must not be connected to anything else.

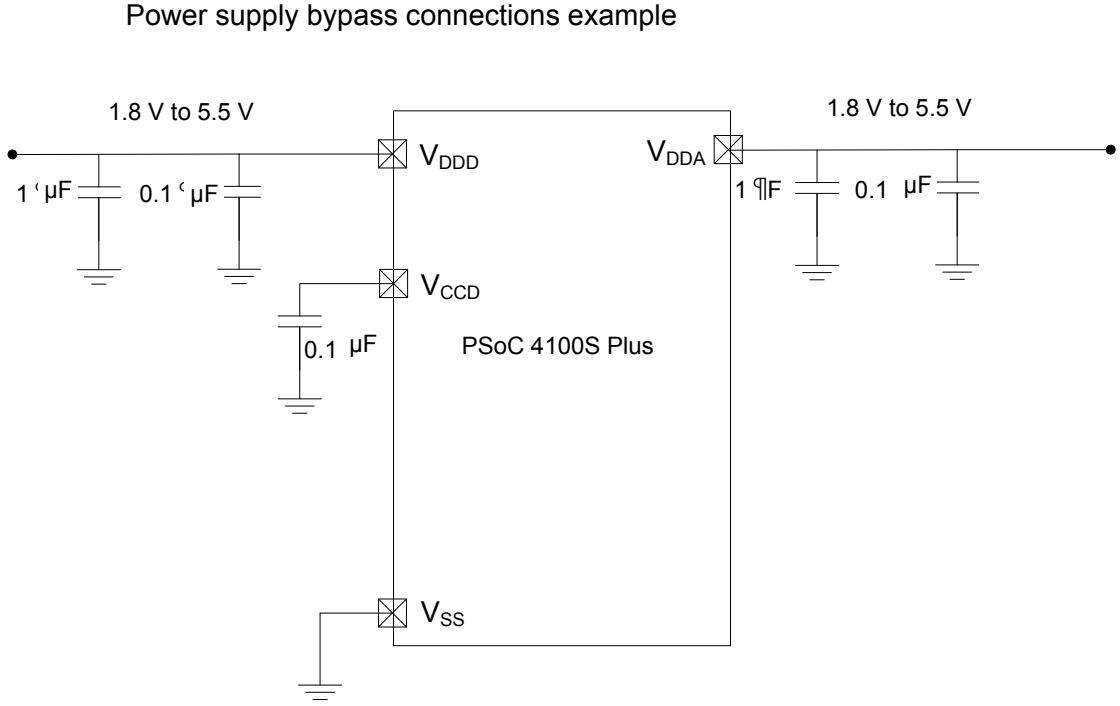
Mode 2: 1.8 V ±5% External Supply

In this mode, PSoC 4100S Plus is powered by an external power supply that must be within the range of 1.71 to 1.89 V; note that this range needs to include the power supply ripple too. In this mode, the VDD and VCCD pins are shorted together and bypassed. The internal regulator can be disabled in the firmware.

Bypass capacitors must be used from VDDD to ground. The typical practice for systems in this frequency range is to use a capacitor in the 1-µF range, in parallel with a smaller capacitor (0.1 µF, for example). Note that these are simply rules of thumb and that, for critical applications, the PCB layout, lead inductance, and the bypass capacitor parasitic should be simulated to design and obtain optimal bypassing.

An example of a bypass scheme is shown in the following diagram.

Figure 6. External Supply Range from 1.8 V to 5.5 V with Internal Regulator Active



Electrical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings[1]

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID1	V_{DDD_ABS}	Digital supply relative to V_{SS}	–0.5	–	6	V	–
SID2	V_{CCD_ABS}	Direct digital core voltage input relative to V_{SS}	–0.5	–	1.95		–
SID3	V_{GPIO_ABS}	GPIO voltage	–0.5	–	V_{DD}+0.5		–
SID4	I_{GPIO_ABS}	Maximum current per GPIO	–25	–	25	mA	–
SID5	$I_{GPIO\_injection}$	GPIO injection current, Max for V_{IH} > V_{DDD}, and Min for V_{IL} < V_{SS}	–0.5	–	0.5		Current injected per pin
BID44	ESD_HBM	Electrostatic discharge human body model	2200	–	–	V	–
BID45	ESD_CDM	Electrostatic discharge charged device model	500	–	–		–
BID46	LU	Pin current for latch-up	–140	–	140	mA	–

Device Level Specifications

All specifications are valid for –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C and T_J ≤ 100 °C, except where noted. Specifications are valid for 1.71 V to 5.5 V, except where noted.

Table 2. DC Specifications

Typical values measured at V_{DD} = 3.3 V and 25 °C.

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID53	V_{DD}	Power supply input voltage	1.8	–	5.5	V	Internally regulated supply
SID255	V_{DD}	Power supply input voltage (V_{CCD} = V_{DDD} = V_{DDA})	1.71	–	1.89		Internally unregulated supply
SID54	V_{CCD}	Output voltage (for core logic)	–	1.8	–		–
SID55	C_{EFC}	External regulator voltage bypass	–	0.1	–	µF	X5R ceramic or better
SID56	C_{EXC}	Power supply bypass capacitor	–	1	–		X5R ceramic or better
Active Mode, V_{DD} = 1.8 V to 5.5 V. Typical values measured at VDD = 3.3 V and 25 °C.							
SID10	I_{DD5}	Execute from flash; CPU at 6 MHz	–	1.8	2.4	mA	Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V
SID16	I_{DD8}	Execute from flash; CPU at 24 MHz	–	3.0	4.6		Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V
SID19	I_{DD11}	Execute from flash; CPU at 48 MHz	–	5.4	7.1		Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V

Note
1. Usage above the absolute maximum conditions listed in Table 1 may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to Absolute Maximum conditions for extended periods of time may affect device reliability. The Maximum Storage Temperature is 150 °C in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD22-A103, High Temperature Storage Life. When used below Absolute Maximum conditions but above normal operating conditions, the device may not operate to specification.

GPIO

Table 4. GPIO DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID57	V_{IH}[3]	Input voltage high threshold	0.7 × V_{DDD}	–	–	V	CMOS Input
SID58	V_{IL}	Input voltage low threshold	–	–	0.3 × V_{DDD}		CMOS Input
SID241	V_{IH}[3]	LVTTL input, V_{DDD} < 2.7 V	0.7 × V_{DDD}	–	–		–
SID242	V_{IL}	LVTTL input, V_{DDD} < 2.7 V	–	–	0.3 × V_{DDD}		–
SID243	V_{IH}[3]	LVTTL input, $V_{DDD} \geq$ 2.7 V	2.0	–	–		–
SID244	V_{IL}	LVTTL input, $V_{DDD} \geq$ 2.7 V	–	–	0.8		–
SID59	V_{OH}	Output voltage high level	V_{DDD} –0.6	–	–		I_{OH} = 4 mA at 3 V V_{DDD}
SID60	V_{OH}	Output voltage high level	V_{DDD} –0.5	–	–		I_{OH} = 1 mA at 1.8 V V_{DDD}
SID61	V_{OL}	Output voltage low level	–	–	0.6		I_{OL} = 4 mA at 1.8 V V_{DDD}
SID62	V_{OL}	Output voltage low level	–	–	0.6		I_{OL} = 10 mA at 3 V V_{DDD}
SID62A	V_{OL}	Output voltage low level	–	–	0.4		I_{OL} = 3 mA at 3 V V_{DDD}
SID63	R_{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5	kΩ	–
SID64	$R_{PULLDOWN}$	Pull-down resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5		–
SID65	I_{IL}	Input leakage current (absolute value)	–	–	2	nA	25 °C, V_{DDD} = 3.0 V
SID66	C_{IN}	Input capacitance	–	–	7	pF	–
SID67[4]	V_{HYSTTL}	Input hysteresis LVTTL	25	40	–	mV	$V_{DDD} \geq$ 2.7 V
SID68[4]	$V_{HYSCMOS}$	Input hysteresis CMOS	0.05 × V_{DDD}	–	–		V_{DD} < 4.5 V
SID68A[4]	$V_{HYSCMOS5V5}$	Input hysteresis CMOS	200	–	–		V_{DD} > 4.5 V
SID69[4]	I_{DIODE}	Current through protection diode to V_{DD}/V_{SS}	–	–	100	µA	–
SID69A[4]	I_{TOT_GPIO}	Maximum total source or sink chip current	–	–	200	mA	–

Table 5. GPIO AC Specifications
(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID70	T_{RISEF}	Rise time in fast strong mode	2	–	12	ns	3.3 V V_{DDD}, Cload = 25 pF
SID71	T_{FALLF}	Fall time in fast strong mode	2	–	12		3.3 V V_{DDD}, Cload = 25 pF
SID72	T_{RISES}	Rise time in slow strong mode	10	–	60	–	3.3 V V_{DDD}, Cload = 25 pF

Notes
3. V_{IH} must not exceed V_{DDD} + 0.2 V.
4. Guaranteed by characterization.

Table 5. GPIO AC Specifications *(continued)*
(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID73	T_{FALLS}	Fall time in slow strong mode	10	–	60	–	3.3 V V_{DDD}, Cload = 25 pF
SID74	$F_{GPIOUT1}$	GPIO F_{OUT}; 3.3 V ≤ V_{DDD} ≤ 5.5 V Fast strong mode	–	–	33	MHz	90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID75	$F_{GPIOUT2}$	GPIO F_{OUT}; 1.71 V≤ V_{DDD}≤ 3.3 V Fast strong mode	–	–	16.7		90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID76	$F_{GPIOUT3}$	GPIO F_{OUT}; 3.3 V ≤ V_{DDD} ≤ 5.5 V Slow strong mode	–	–	7		90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID245	$F_{GPIOUT4}$	GPIO F_{OUT}; 1.71 V ≤ V_{DDD} ≤ 3.3 V Slow strong mode.	–	–	3.5		90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID246	F_{GPIOIN}	GPIO input operating frequency; 1.71 V ≤ V_{DDD} ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	48		90/10% V_{IO}

XRES

Table 6. XRES DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID77	V_{IH}	Input voltage high threshold	0.7 × V_{DDD}	–	–	V	CMOS Input
SID78	V_{IL}	Input voltage low threshold	–	–	0.3 × V_{DDD}		
SID79	R_{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistor	–	60	–	kΩ	–
SID80	C_{IN}	Input capacitance	–	–	7	pF	–
SID81[5]	$V_{HYSXRES}$	Input voltage hysteresis	–	100	–	mV	Typical hysteresis is 200 mV for V_{DD} > 4.5 V
SID82	I_{DIODE}	Current through protection diode to V_{DD}/V_{SS}	–	–	100	µA	

Table 7. XRES AC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID83[5]	$T_{RESETWIDTH}$	Reset pulse width	1	–	–	µs	–
BID194[5]	$T_{RESETWAKE}$	Wake-up time from reset release	–	–	2.7	ms	–

Note
5. Guaranteed by characterization.

Analog Peripherals

CTBm Opamp

Table 8. CTBm Opamp Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
	I_{DD}	Opamp block current, External load					
SID269	I_{DD_HI}	power=hi	–	1100	1850	µA	–
SID270	I_{DD_MED}	power=med	–	550	950		–
SID271	I_{DD_LOW}	power=lo	–	150	350		–
	G_{BW}	Load = 20 pF, 0.1 mA V_{DDA} = 2.7 V					
SID272	G_{BW_HI}	power=hi	6	–	–	MHz	Input and output are 0.2 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V
SID273	G_{BW_MED}	power=med	3	–	–		Input and output are 0.2 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V
SID274	G_{BW_LO}	power=lo	–	1	–		Input and output are 0.2 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V
	I_{OUT_MAX}	V_{DDA} = 2.7 V, 500 mV from rail					
SID275	$I_{OUT\_MAX\_HI}$	power=hi	10	–	–	mA	Output is 0.5 V to V_{DDA} -0.5 V
SID276	$I_{OUT\_MAX\_MID}$	power=mid	10	–	–		Output is 0.5 V to V_{DDA} -0.5 V
SID277	$I_{OUT\_MAX\_LO}$	power=lo	–	5	–		Output is 0.5 V to V_{DDA} -0.5 V
	I_{OUT}	V_{DDA} = 1.71 V, 500 mV from rail					
SID278	$I_{OUT\_MAX\_HI}$	power=hi	4	–	–	mA	Output is 0.5 V to V_{DDA} -0.5 V
SID279	$I_{OUT\_MAX\_MID}$	power=mid	4	–	–		Output is 0.5 V to V_{DDA}-0.5 V
SID280	$I_{OUT\_MAX\_LO}$	power=lo	–	2	–		Output is 0.5 V to V_{DDA}-0.5 V
	I_{DD_Int}	Opamp block current Internal Load					
SID269_I	$I_{DD\_HI\_Int}$	power=hi	–	1500	1700	µA	–
SID270_I	$I_{DD\_MED\_Int}$	power=med	–	700	900		–
SID271_I	$I_{DD\_LOW\_Int}$	power=lo	–	–	–		–
	G_{BW}	V_{DDA} = 2.7 V	–	–	–		–
SID272_I	$G_{BW\_HI\_Int}$	power=hi	8	–	–	MHz	Output is 0.25 V to V_{DDA}-0.25 V
		General opamp specs for both internal and external modes					
SID281	V_{IN}	Charge-pump on, V_{DDA} = 2.7 V	–0.05	–	V_{DDA}-0.2	V	–
SID282	V_{CM}	Charge-pump on, V_{DDA} = 2.7 V	–0.05	–	V_{DDA}-0.2		–
	V_{OUT}	V_{DDA} = 2.7 V					

Temperature Sensor

Table 11. Temperature Sensor Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details / Conditions
SID93	TSENSACC	Temperature sensor accuracy	–5	±1	5	°C	–40 to +85 °C

SAR ADC

Table 12. SAR ADC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SAR ADC DC Specifications							
SID94	A_RES	Resolution	–	–	12	bits	
SID95	A_CHNLS_S	Number of channels - single ended	–	–	16		
SID96	A-CHNKS_D	Number of channels - differential	–	–	4		Diff inputs use neighboring I/O
SID97	A-MONO	Monotonicity	–	–	–		Yes
SID98	A_GAINERR	Gain error	–	–	±0.1	%	With external reference
SID99	A_OFFSET	Input offset voltage	–	–	2	mV	Measured with 1-V reference
SID100	A_ISAR	Current consumption	–	–	1	mA	
SID101	A_VINS	Input voltage range - single ended	V_{SS}	–	V_{DDA}	V	
SID102	A_VIND	Input voltage range - differential	V_{SS}	–	V_{DDA}	V	
SID103	A_INRES	Input resistance	–	–	2.2	KΩ	
SID104	A_INCAP	Input capacitance	–	–	10	pF	
SID260	VREFSAR	Trimmed internal reference to SAR	–	–	TBD	V	
SAR ADC AC Specifications							
SID106	A_PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio	70	–	–	dB	
SID107	A_CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	66	–	–	dB	Measured at 1 V
SID108	A_SAMP	Sample rate	–	–	1	Msps	
SID109	A_SNR	Signal-to-noise and distortion ratio (SINAD)	65	–	–	dB	F_{IN} = 10 kHz
SID110	A_BW	Input bandwidth without aliasing	–	–	A_samp/2	kHz	
SID111	A_INL	Integral non linearity. V_{DD} = 1.71 to 5.5, 1 Msps	–1.7	–	2	LSB	V_{REF} = 1 to V_{DD}
SID111A	A_INL	Integral non linearity. V_{DDD} = 1.71 to 3.6, 1 Msps	–1.5	–	1.7	LSB	V_{REF} = 1.71 to V_{DD}
SID111B	A_INL	Integral non linearity. V_{DD} = 1.71 to 5.5, 500 ksps	–1.5	–	1.7	LSB	V_{REF} = 1 to V_{DD}
SID112	A_DNL	Differential non linearity. V_{DD} = 1.71 to 5.5, 1 Msps	–1	_	2.2	LSB	V_{REF} = 1 to V_{DD}
SID112A	A_DNL	Differential non linearity. V_{DD} = 1.71 to 3.6, 1 Msps	–1	_	2	LSB	V_{REF} = 1.71 to V_{DD}
SID112B	A_DNL	Differential non linearity. V_{DD} = 1.71 to 5.5, 500 ksps	–1	_	2.2	LSB	V_{REF} = 1 to V_{DD}
SID113	A_THD	Total harmonic distortion	–	–	–65	dB	Fin = 10 kHz
SID261	FSARINTREF	SAR operating speed without external reference bypass	_	_	100	ksps	12-bit resolution

Table 14. 10-bit CapSense ADC Specifications *(continued)*

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SIDA109	A_SND	Signal-to-noise and Distortion ratio (SINAD)	–	61	–	dB	With 10-Hz input sine wave, external 2.4-V reference, V_{REF} (2.4 V) mode
SIDA110	A_BW	Input bandwidth without aliasing	–	–	22.4	KHz	8-bit resolution
SIDA111	A_INL	Integral Non Linearity. 1 ksps	–	–	2	LSB	V_{REF} = 2.4 V or greater
SIDA112	A_DNL	Differential Non Linearity. 1 ksps	–	–	1	LSB	

Digital Peripherals

Timer Counter Pulse-Width Modulator (TCPWM)

Table 15. TCPWM Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID.TCPWM.1	ITCPWM1	Block current consumption at 3 MHz	–	–	45	µA	All modes (TCPWM)
SID.TCPWM.2	ITCPWM2	Block current consumption at 12 MHz	–	–	155		All modes (TCPWM)
SID.TCPWM.2A	ITCPWM3	Block current consumption at 48 MHz	–	–	650		All modes (TCPWM)
SID.TCPWM.3	$TCPWM_{FREQ}$	Operating frequency	–	–	Fc	MHz	Fc max = CLK_SYS Maximum = 48 MHz
SID.TCPWM.4	$TPWM_{ENEXT}$	Input trigger pulse width	2/Fc	–	–	ns	For all trigger events[7]
SID.TCPWM.5	$TPWM_{EXT}$	Output trigger pulse widths	2/Fc	–	–		Minimum possible width of Overflow, Underflow, and CC (Counter equals Compare value) outputs
SID.TCPWM.5A	TC_{RES}	Resolution of counter	1/Fc	–	–		Minimum time between successive counts
SID.TCPWM.5B	PWM_{RES}	PWM resolution	1/Fc	–	–		Minimum pulse width of PWM Output
SID.TCPWM.5C	Q_{RES}	Quadrature inputs resolution	1/Fc	–	–		Minimum pulse width between Quadrature phase inputs

I^2C

Table 16. Fixed I^2C DC Specifications[7]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID149	I_{I2C1}	Block current consumption at 100 kHz	–	–	50	µA	–
SID150	I_{I2C2}	Block current consumption at 400 kHz	–	–	135		–
SID151	I_{I2C3}	Block current consumption at 1 Mbps	–	–	310		–
SID152	I_{I2C4}	I^2C enabled in Deep Sleep mode	–	1	–		

Table 17. Fixed I^2C AC Specifications[7]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID153	F_{I2C1}	Bit rate	–	–	1	Msps	–

Note
7. Guaranteed by characterization.

SPI

Table 18. SPI DC Specifications[8]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID163	ISPI1	Block current consumption at 1 Mbps	–	–	360	µA	–
SID164	ISPI2	Block current consumption at 4 Mbps	–	–	560		–
SID165	ISPI3	Block current consumption at 8 Mbps	–	–	600		–

Table 19. SPI AC Specifications[8]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID166	FSPI	SPI Operating frequency (Master; 6X Oversampling)	–	–	8	MHz	
Fixed SPI Master Mode AC Specifications							
SID167	TDMO	MOSI Valid after SClock driving edge	–	–	15	ns	–
SID168	TDSI	MISO Valid before SClock capturing edge	20	–	–		Full clock, late MISO sampling
SID169	THMO	Previous MOSI data hold time	0	–	–		Referred to Slave capturing edge
Fixed SPI Slave Mode AC Specifications							
SID170	TDMI	MOSI Valid before Sclock Capturing edge	40	–	–	ns	–
SID171	TDSO	MISO Valid after Sclock driving edge	–	–	42 + 3*Tcpu		$T_{CPU} = 1/F_{CPU}$
SID171A	TDSO_EXT	MISO Valid after Sclock driving edge in Ext. Clk mode	–	–	48		–
SID172	THSO	Previous MISO data hold time	0	–	–		–
SID172A	TSSELSSCK	SSEL Valid to first SCK Valid edge	–	–	100	ns	–

UART

Table 20. UART DC Specifications[8]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID160	I_{UART1}	Block current consumption at 100 Kbps	–	–	55	µA	–
SID161	I_{UART2}	Block current consumption at 1000 Kbps	–	–	312	µA	–

Table 21. UART AC Specifications[8]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID162	F_{UART}	Bit rate	–	–	1	Mbps	–

Note
8. Guaranteed by characterization.

Memory

Table 24. Flash DC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID173	V_{PE}	Erase and program voltage	1.71	–	5.5	V	–

Table 25. Flash AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID174	$T_{ROWWRITE}$[10]	Row (block) write time (erase and program)	–	–	20	ms	Row (block) = 256 bytes
SID175	$T_{ROWERASE}$[10]	Row erase time	–	–	16		–
SID176	$T_{ROWPROGRAM}$[10]	Row program time after erase	–	–	4		–
SID178	$T_{BULKERASE}$[10]	Bulk erase time (64 KB)	–	–	35		–
SID180[11]	$T_{DEVPROG}$[10]	Total device program time	–	–	7	Seconds	–
SID181[11]	F_{END}	Flash endurance	100 K	–	–	Cycles	–
SID182[11]	F_{RET}	Flash retention. $T_A \leq 55$ °C, 100 K P/E cycles	20	–	–	Years	–
SID182A[11]	–	Flash retention. $T_A \leq 85$ °C, 10 K P/E cycles	10	–	–		–
SID256	TWS48	Number of Wait states at 48 MHz	2	–	–		CPU execution from Flash
SID257	TWS24	Number of Wait states at 24 MHz	1	–	–		CPU execution from Flash

System Resources

Power-on Reset (POR)

Table 26. Power On Reset (PRES)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID.CLK#6	SR_POWER_UP	Power supply slew rate	1	–	67	V/ms	At power-up
SID185[11]	$V_{RISEIPOR}$	Rising trip voltage	0.80	–	1.5	V	–
SID186[11]	$V_{FALLIPOR}$	Falling trip voltage	0.70	–	1.4		–

Table 27. Brown-out Detect (BOD) for V_{CCD}

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID190[11]	$V_{FALLPPOR}$	BOD trip voltage in active and sleep modes	1.48	–	1.62	V	–
SID192[11]	$V_{FALLDPSLP}$	BOD trip voltage in Deep Sleep	1.11	–	1.5		–

Notes
10. It can take as much as 20 milliseconds to write to Flash. During this time the device should not be Reset, or Flash operations will be interrupted and cannot be relied on to have completed. Reset sources include the XRES pin, software resets, CPU lockup states and privilege violations, improper power supply levels, and watchdogs. Make certain that these are not inadvertently activated.
11. Guaranteed by characterization.

Smart I/O

Table 38. Smart I/O Pass-through Time (Delay in Bypass Mode)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details / Conditions
SID252	PRG_BYPASS	Max delay added by Smart I/O in bypass mode	–	–	1.6	ns	

CAN

Table 39. CAN Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID420	IDD_CAN	Block current consumption	–	–	200	µA	
SID421	CAN_bits	CAN Bit rate	–	–	1	Mbps	Min 8-MHZ clock

Ordering Information

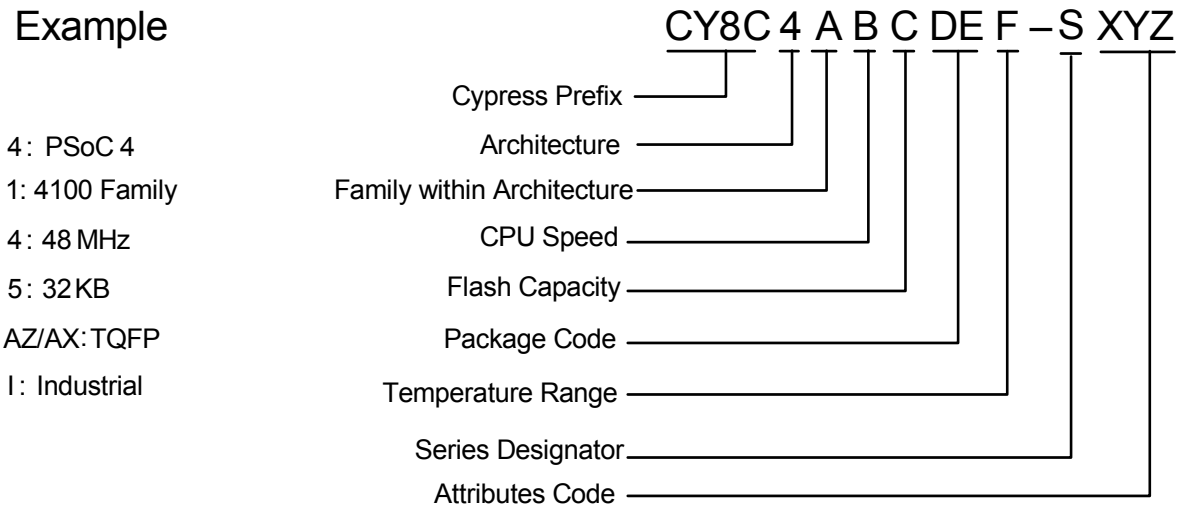
The marketing part numbers for the PSoC 4100S Plus devices are listed in the following table.

Category	MPN	Features															Packages		
		Max CPU Speed (MHz)	Flash (KB)	SRAM (KB)	Op-amp (CTBm)	CSD	10-bit CSD ADC	12-bit SAR ADC	SAR ADC Sample Rate	LP Comparators	TCPWM Blocks	SCB Blocks	ECO	CAN Controller	Smart I/Os	GPIO	44-TQFP (0.8-mm pitch)	64-TQFP (0.5-mm pitch)	64-TQFP (0.8-mm pitch)
4126	CY8C4126AXI-S443	24	64	8	2	0	1	1	806 ksps	2	8	4	✔	0	24	36	✔	–	–
	CY8C4126AZI-S445	24	64	8	2	0	1	1	806 ksps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	✔	–
	CY8C4126AXI-S445	24	64	8	2	0	1	1	806 ksps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	–	✔
	CY8C4126AZI-S455	24	64	8	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	✔	–
	CY8C4126AXI-S455	24	64	8	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	–	✔
4146	CY8C4146AXI-S443	48	64	8	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	4	✔	0	24	36	✔	–	–
	CY8C4146AZI-S445	48	64	8	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	✔	–
	CY8C4146AXI-S445	48	64	8	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	–	✔
	CY8C4146AXI-S453	48	64	8	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	4	✔	0	24	36	✔	–	–
	CY8C4146AZI-S455	48	64	8	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	✔	–
	CY8C4146AXI-S455	48	64	8	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	–	✔
4127	CY8C4127AXI-S443	24	128	16	2	0	1	1	806 ksps	2	8	4	✔	0	24	36	✔	–	–
	CY8C4127AZI-S445	24	128	16	2	0	1	1	806 ksps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	✔	–
	CY8C4127AXI-S445	24	128	16	2	0	1	1	806 ksps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	–	✔
	CY8C4127AXI-S453	24	128	16	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	8	4	✔	0	24	36	✔	–	–
	CY8C4127AZI-S455	24	128	16	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	✔	–
	CY8C4127AXI-S455	24	128	16	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	–	✔
4147	CY8C4147AXI-S443	48	128	16	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	4	✔	0	24	36	✔	–	–
	CY8C4147AZI-S445	48	128	16	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	✔	–
	CY8C4147AXI-S445	48	128	16	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	–	✔
	CY8C4147AXI-S453	48	128	16	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	4	✔	0	24	36	✔	–	–
	CY8C4147AZI-S455	48	128	16	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	✔	–
	CY8C4147AXI-S455	48	128	16	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	5	✔	0	24	54	–	–	✔
	CY8C4147AZI-S465	48	128	16	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	5	✔	1	24	54	–	✔	–
	CY8C4147AXI-S465	48	128	16	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	5	✔	1	24	54	–	–	✔
	CY8C4147AZI-S475	48	128	16	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	5	✔	1	24	54	–	✔	–
	CY8C4147AXI-S475	48	128	16	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	8	5	✔	1	24	54	–	–	✔

The nomenclature used in the preceding table is based on the following part numbering convention:

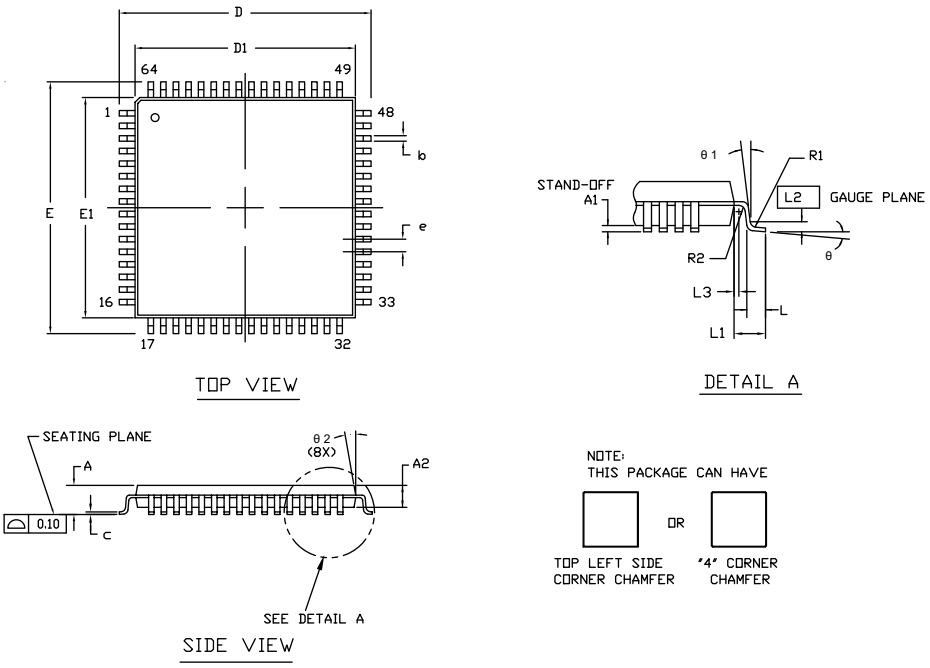
Field	Description	Values	Meaning
CY8C	Cypress Prefix		
4	Architecture	4	PSoC 4
A	Family	1	4100 Family
B	CPU Speed	2	24 MHz
		4	48 MHz
C	Flash Capacity	4	16 KB
		5	32 KB
		6	64 KB
		7	128 KB
DE	Package Code	AX	TQFP (0.8-mm pitch)
		AZ	TQFP (0.5-mm pitch)
		LQ	QFN
		PV	SSOP
		FN	CSP
F	Temperature Range	I	Industrial
S	Series Designator	S	PSoC 4 S-Series
		M	PSoC 4 M-Series
		L	PSoC 4 L-Series
		BL	PSoC 4 BLE-Series
XYZ	Attributes Code	000-999	Code of feature set in the specific family

The following is an example of a part number:



Package Diagrams

Figure 7. 64-pin TQFP Package (0.8-mm Pitch) Outline



SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	—	—	1.60
A1	0.05	—	0.15
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45
D	15.75	16.00	16.25
D1	13.95	14.00	14.05
E	15.75	16.00	16.25
E1	13.95	14.00	14.05
R1	0.08	—	0.20
R2	0.08	—	0.20
θ	0°	—	7°
θ1	0°	—	—
θ2	11°	12°	13°
c	—	—	0.20
b	0.30	0.35	0.40
L	0.45	0.60	0.75
L1	1.00 REF		
L2	0.25 BSC		
L3	0.20	—	—
e	0.80 TYP		

NOTE:
1. JEDEC STD REF MS-026
2. BODY LENGTH DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.0098 in (0.25 mm) PER SIDE BODY LENGTH DIMENSIONS ARE MAX PLASTIC BODY SIZE INCLUDING MOLD MISMATCH
3. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS

51-85046 *H

Figure 8. 64-pin TQFP Package (0.5-mm Pitch) Outline

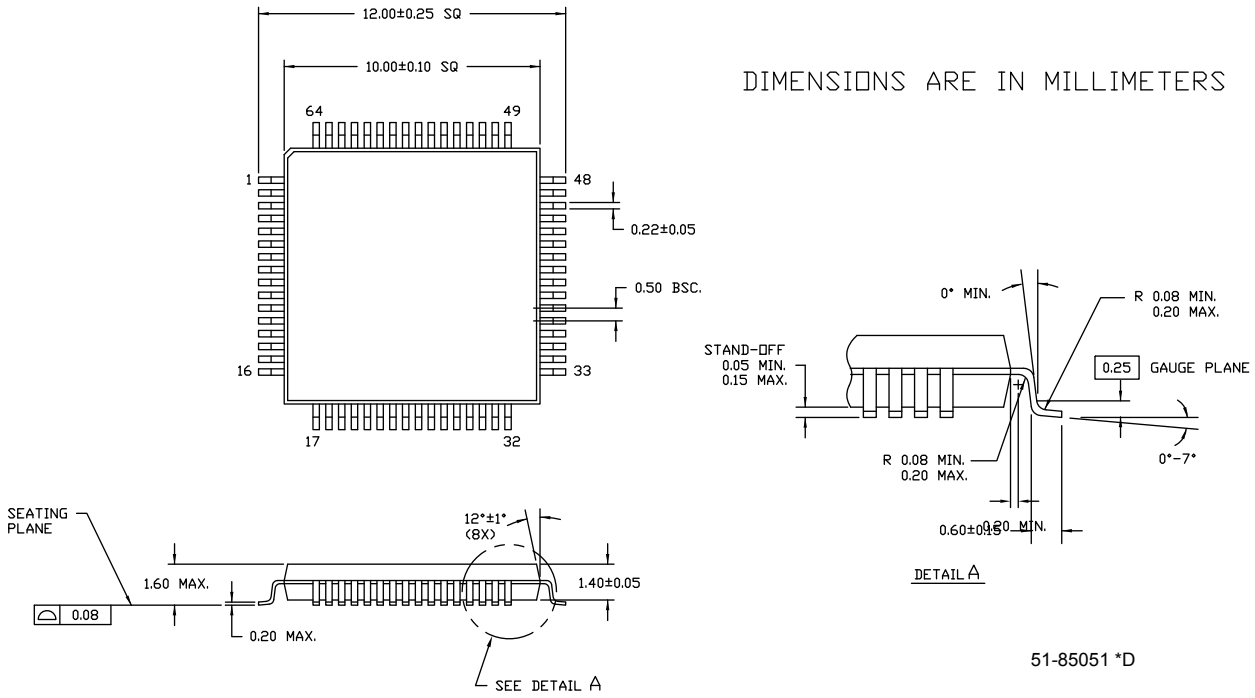
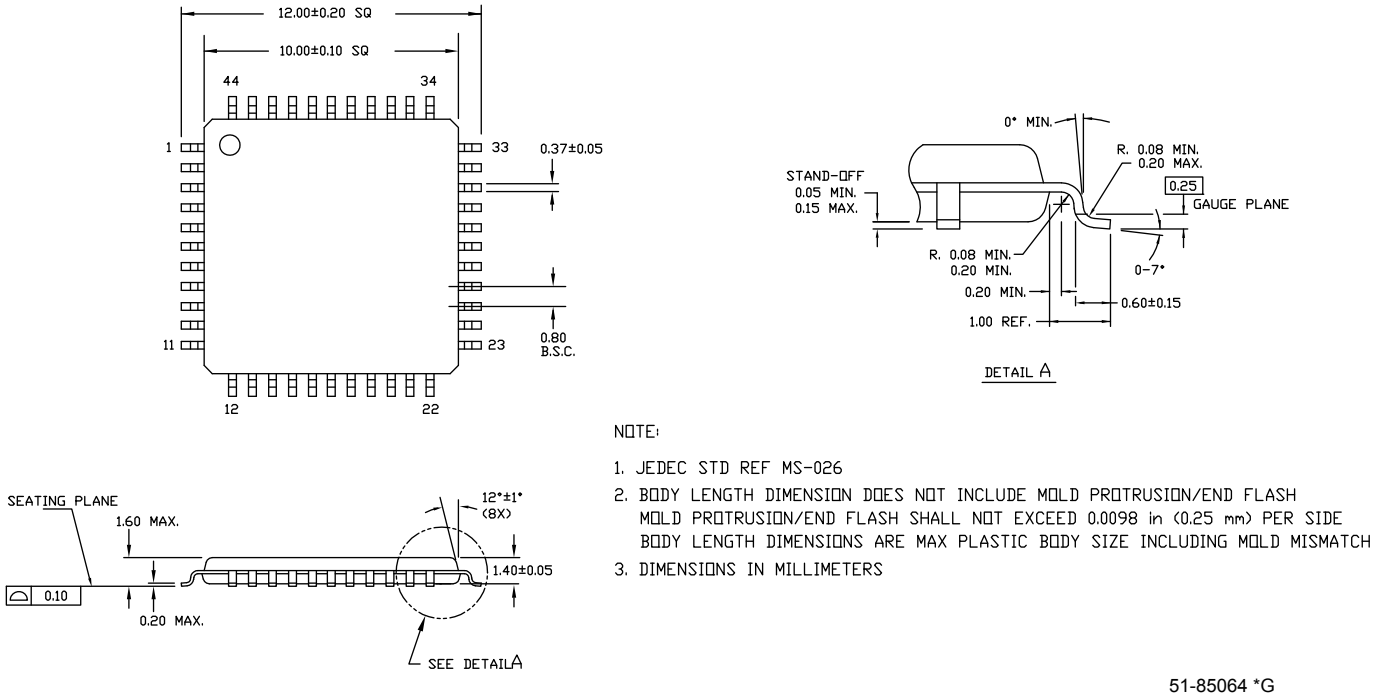


Figure 9. 44-Pin TQFP Package Outline



NOTE:

1. JEDEC STD REF MS-026
2. BODY LENGTH DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH
   MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.0098 in (0.25 mm) PER SIDE
   BODY LENGTH DIMENSIONS ARE MAX PLASTIC BODY SIZE INCLUDING MOLD MISMATCH
3. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS

51-85064 *G

Acronyms

Table 44. Acronyms Used in this Document

Acronym	Description
abus	analog local bus
ADC	analog-to-digital converter
AG	analog global
AHB	AMBA (advanced microcontroller bus architecture) high-performance bus, an Arm data transfer bus
ALU	arithmetic logic unit
AMUXBUS	analog multiplexer bus
API	application programming interface
APSR	application program status register
Arm®	advanced RISC machine, a CPU architecture
ATM	automatic thump mode
BW	bandwidth
CAN	Controller Area Network, a communications protocol
CMRR	common-mode rejection ratio
CPU	central processing unit
CRC	cyclic redundancy check, an error-checking protocol
DAC	digital-to-analog converter, see also IDAC, VDAC
DFB	digital filter block
DIO	digital input/output, GPIO with only digital capabilities, no analog. See GPIO.
DMIPS	Dhrystone million instructions per second
DMA	direct memory access, see also TD
DNL	differential nonlinearity, see also INL
DNU	do not use
DR	port write data registers
DSI	digital system interconnect
DWT	data watchpoint and trace
ECC	error correcting code
ECO	external crystal oscillator
EEPROM	electrically erasable programmable read-only memory
EMI	electromagnetic interference
EMIF	external memory interface
EOC	end of conversion
EOF	end of frame
EPSR	execution program status register
ESD	electrostatic discharge

Table 44. Acronyms Used in this Document *(continued)*

Acronym	Description
ETM	embedded trace macrocell
FIR	finite impulse response, see also IIR
FPB	flash patch and breakpoint
FS	full-speed
GPIO	general-purpose input/output, applies to a PSoC pin
HVI	high-voltage interrupt, see also LVI, LVD
IC	integrated circuit
IDAC	current DAC, see also DAC, VDAC
IDE	integrated development environment
I^2C, or IIC	Inter-Integrated Circuit, a communications protocol
IIR	infinite impulse response, see also FIR
ILO	internal low-speed oscillator, see also IMO
IMO	internal main oscillator, see also ILO
INL	integral nonlinearity, see also DNL
I/O	input/output, see also GPIO, DIO, SIO, USBIO
IPOR	initial power-on reset
IPSR	interrupt program status register
IRQ	interrupt request
ITM	instrumentation trace macrocell
LCD	liquid crystal display
LIN	Local Interconnect Network, a communications protocol.
LR	link register
LUT	lookup table
LVD	low-voltage detect, see also LVI
LVI	low-voltage interrupt, see also HVI
LVTTL	low-voltage transistor-transistor logic
MAC	multiply-accumulate
MCU	microcontroller unit
MISO	master-in slave-out
NC	no connect
NMI	nonmaskable interrupt
NRZ	non-return-to-zero
NVIC	nested vectored interrupt controller
NVL	nonvolatile latch, see also WOL
opamp	operational amplifier
PAL	programmable array logic, see also PLD

Revision History

Description Title: PSoC® 4: PSoC 4100S Plus Datasheet Programmable System-on-Chip (PSoC) Document Number: 002-19966				
Revision	**ECN**	**Orig. of Change**	**Submission Date**	**Description of Change**
*E	5995731	WKA	12/15/2017	New release
*F	6069640	JIAO	02/13/2018	Updated Pinouts and DC Specifications.
*G	6169676	WKA	05/09/2018	Updated Clock Diagram to show Watchdog details and clock divider information. Removed preliminary statement in Pinouts.

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