AMD Xilinx - XC3S400-4PQ208I Datasheet

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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	896
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	8064
Total RAM Bits	294912
Number of I/O	141
Number of Gates	400000
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc3s400-4pq208i

Notice of Disclaimer

The DCI feature operates independently for each of the device's eight banks. Each bank has an 'N' reference pin (VRN) and a 'P' reference pin, (VRP), to calibrate driver and termination resistance. Only when using a DCI standard on a given bank do these two pins function as VRN and VRP. When not using a DCI standard, the two pins function as user I/Os. As shown in Figure 9, add an external reference resistor to pull the VRN pin up to V_{CCO} and another reference resistor to pull the VRP pin down to GND. Also see Figure 42, page 116. Both resistors have the same value—commonly 50Ω—with one-percent tolerance, which is either the characteristic impedance of the line or twice that, depending on the DCI standard in use. Standards having a symbol name that contains the letters "DV2" use a reference resistor value that is twice the line impedance. DCI adjusts the output driver impedance to match the reference resistors' value or half that, according to the standard. DCI always adjusts the on-chip termination resistors to directly match the reference resistors' value.

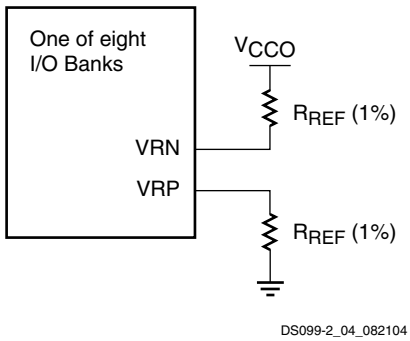


Figure 9: **Connection of Reference Resistors (R_{REF})**

The rules guiding the use of DCI standards on banks are as follows:

- No more than one DCI I/O standard with a Single Termination is allowed per bank.
- No more than one DCI I/O standard with a Split Termination is allowed per bank.
- Single Termination, Split Termination, Controlled- Impedance Driver, and Controlled-Impedance Driver with Half Impedance can co-exist in the same bank.

See also The Organization of IOBs into Banks, immediately below, and DCI: User I/O or Digitally Controlled Impedance Resistor Reference Input, page 115.

The Organization of IOBs into Banks

IOBs are allocated among eight banks, so that each side of the device has two banks, as shown in Figure 10. For all packages, each bank has independent V_{REF} lines. For example, V_{REF} Bank 3 lines are separate from the V_{REF} lines going to all other banks.

For the Very Thin Quad Flat Pack (VQ), Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQ), Fine Pitch Thin Ball Grid Array (FT), and Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FG) packages, each bank has dedicated V_{CCO} lines. For example, the V_{CCO} Bank 7 lines are separate from the V_{CCO} lines going to all other banks. Thus, Spartan-3 devices in these packages support eight independent V_{CCO} supplies.

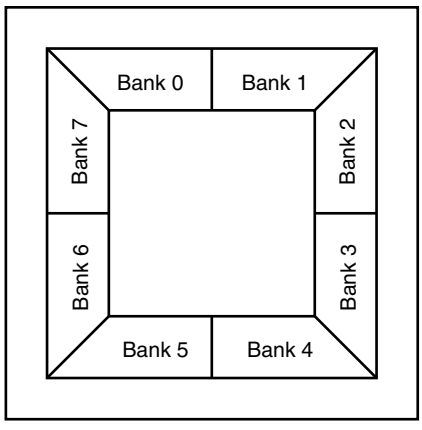
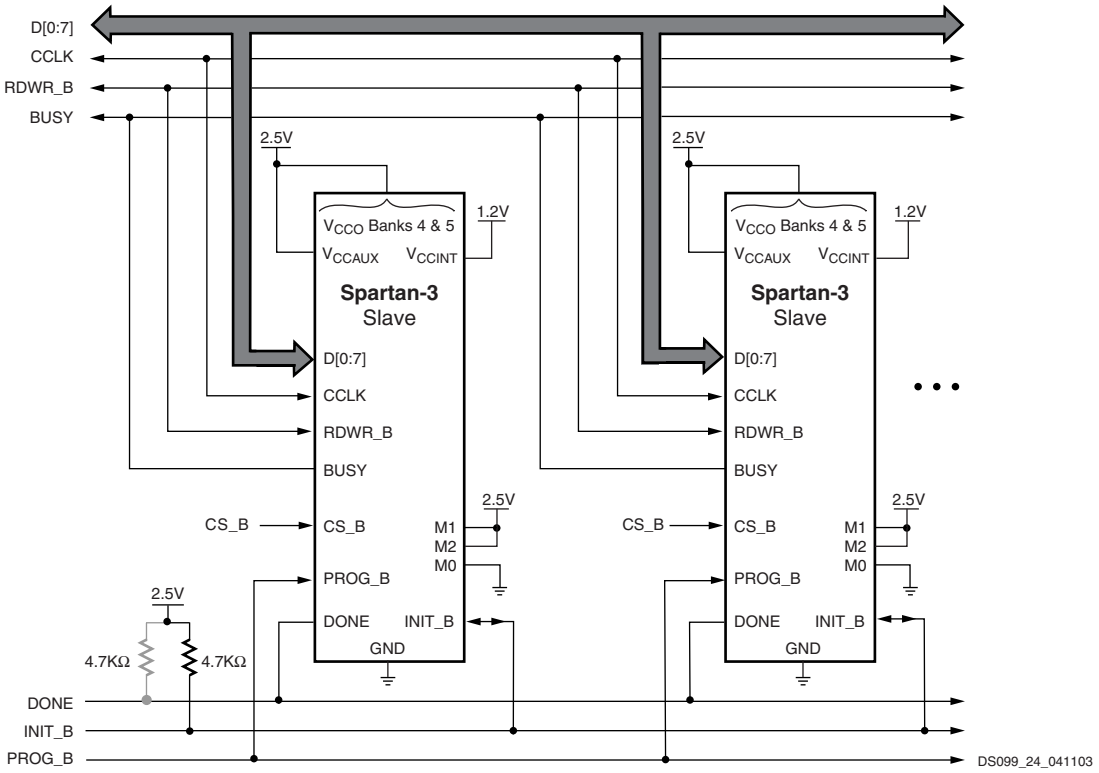


Figure 10: **Spartan-3 FPGA I/O Banks (Top View)**

(e.g. all configuration pins taken together) when operating in the User mode. This is accomplished by setting the *Persist* option to *Yes*.

Multiple FPGAs can be configured using the Slave Parallel mode and can be made to start-up simultaneously. Figure 27 shows the device connections. To configure multiple devices in this way, wire the individual CCLK, Data, RDWR_B, and BUSY pins of all the devices in parallel. The individual devices are loaded separately by deasserting the CS_B pin of each device in turn and writing the appropriate data.



Notes:

1. There are two ways to use the DONE line. First, one may set the BitGen option DriveDone to "Yes" only for the last FPGA to be configured in the chain shown above (or for the single FPGA as may be the case). This enables the DONE pin to drive High; thus, no pull-up resistor is necessary. DriveDone is set to "No" for the remaining FPGAs in the chain. Second, DriveDone can be set to "No" for all FPGAs. Then all DONE lines are open-drain and require the pull-up resistor shown in grey. In most cases, a value between 3.3KΩ to 4.7KΩ is sufficient. However, when using DONE synchronously with a long chain of FPGAs, cumulative capacitance may necessitate lower resistor values (e.g. down to 330Ω) in order to ensure a rise time within one clock cycle.
2. If the FPGAs use different configuration data files, configure them in sequence by first asserting the CS_B of one FPGA then asserting the CS_B of the other FPGA.
3. For information on how to program the FPGA using 3.3V signals and power, see 3.3V-Tolerant Configuration Interface.

Figure 27: **Connection Diagram for Slave Parallel Configuration**

Revision History

Date	Version No.	Description
04/11/03	1.0	Initial Xilinx release
05/19/03	1.1	Added Block RAM column, DCMs, and multipliers to XC3S50 descriptions.
07/11/03	1.2	Explained the configuration port *Persist* option in Slave Parallel Mode (SelectMAP) section. Updated Figure 8 and Double-Data-Rate Transmission section to indicate that DDR clocking for the XC3S50 is the same as that for all other Spartan-3 devices. Updated description of I/O voltage tolerance in ESD Protection section. In Table 10, changed input termination type for DCI version of the LVCMOS standard to *None*. Added additional flexibility for making DLL connections in Figure 21 and accompanying text. In the Configuration section, inserted an explanation of how to choose power supplies for the configuration interface, including guidelines for achieving 3.3V-tolerance.
08/24/04	1.3	Showed inversion of 3-state signal (Figure 7). Clarified description of pull-up and pull-down resistors (Table 6 and page 13). Added information on operating block RAM with multipliers to page 26. Corrected output buffer name in Figure 21. Corrected description of how DOUT is synchronized to CCLK (page 47).
08/19/05	1.4	Corrected description of WRITE_FIRST and READ_FIRST in Table 13. Added note regarding address setup and hold time requirements whenever a block RAM port is enabled (Table 13). Added information in the maximum length of a Configuration daisy-chain. Added reference to XAPP453 in 3.3V-Tolerant Configuration Interface section. Added information on the STATUS[2] DCM output (Table 23). Added information on CCLK behavior and termination recommendations to Configuration. Added Additional Configuration Details section. Added Powering Spartan-3 FPGAs section. Removed GSR from Figure 31 because its timing is not programmable.
04/03/06	2.0	Updated Figure 7. Updated Figure 14. Updated Table 10. Updated Figure 22. Corrected Platform Flash supply voltage name and value in Figure 26 and Figure 28. Added No Internal Charge Pumps or Free-Running Oscillators. Corrected a few minor typographical errors.
04/26/06	2.1	Added more information on the pull-up resistors that are active during configuration to Configuration. Added information to Boundary-Scan (JTAG) Mode about potential interactions when configuring via JTAG if the mode select pins are set for other than JTAG.
05/25/07	2.2	Added Spartan-3 FPGA Design Documentation. Noted SSTL2_I_DCI 25-Ohm driver in Table 10 and Table 11. Added note that pull-down is active during boundary scan tests.
11/30/07	2.3	Updated links to documentation on xilinx.com.
06/25/08	2.4	Added HSLVDCI to Table 10. Updated formatting and links.
12/04/09	2.5	Updated HSLVDCI description in Digitally Controlled Impedance (DCI). Updated the low-voltage differential signaling V_{CCO} values in Table 10. Noted that the CP132 package is being discontinued in The Organization of IOBs into Banks. Updated rule 4 in Rules Concerning Banks. Added software version requirement in The Fixed Phase Mode.
10/29/12	3.0	Added Notice of Disclaimer. Per XCN07022, updated the discontinued FG1156 and FGG1156 package discussion throughout document. Per XCN08011, updated the discontinued CP132 and CPG132 package discussion throughout document. This product is not recommended for new designs.

DC Electrical Characteristics

In this section, specifications may be designated as Advance, Preliminary, or Production. These terms are defined as follows:

- **Advance:** Initial estimates are based on simulation, early characterization, and/or extrapolation from the characteristics of other families. Values are subject to change. Although speed grades with this designation are considered relatively stable and conservative, some under-reporting might still occur. Use as estimates, not for production.
- **Preliminary:** Based on complete early silicon characterization. Devices and speed grades with this designation are intended to give a better indication of the expected performance of production silicon. The probability of under-reported delays is greatly reduced compared to Advance data. Use as estimates, not for production.
- **Production:** These specifications are approved only after silicon has been characterized over numerous production lots. There is no under-reporting of delays, and customers receive formal notification of any subsequent changes. Parameter values are considered stable with no future changes expected.

  Production-quality systems must only use FPGA designs compiled with a Production status speed file. FPGA designs using a less mature speed file designation should only be used during system prototyping or preproduction qualification. FPGA designs with speed files designated as Advance or Preliminary should not be used in a production-quality system.

Whenever a speed file designation changes, as a device matures toward Production status, rerun the latest Xilinx ISE® software on the FPGA design to ensure that the FPGA design incorporates the latest timing information and software updates.

All parameter limits are representative of worst-case supply voltage and junction temperature conditions. **The following applies unless otherwise noted: The parameter values published in this module apply to all Spartan®-3 devices. AC and DC characteristics are specified using the same numbers for both commercial and industrial grades.** All parameters representing voltages are measured with respect to GND.

Mask and Fab Revisions

Some specifications list different values for one or more mask or fab revisions, indicated by the device top marking (see Package Marking, page 5). The revision differences involve the power ramp rates, differential DC specifications, and DCM characteristics. The most recent revision (mask rev E and GQ fab/geometry code) is errata-free with improved specifications than earlier revisions.

Mask rev E with fab rev GQ has been shipping since 2005 (see XCN05009) and has been 100% of Xilinx Spartan-3 device shipments since 2006. SCD 0974 was provided to ensure the receipt of the rev E silicon, but it is no longer needed. Parts ordered under the SCD appended “0974” to the standard part number. For example, “XC3S50-4VQ100C” became “XC3S50-4VQ100C0974”.

Table 28: **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Description	Conditions		Min	Max	Units
V_{CCINT}	Internal supply voltage relative to GND			–0.5	1.32	V
V_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary supply voltage relative to GND			–0.5	3.00	V
V_{CCO}	Output driver supply voltage relative to GND			–0.5	3.75	V
V_{REF}	Input reference voltage relative to GND			–0.5	V_{CCO} + 0.5	V
V_{IN}	Voltage applied to all User I/O pins and Dual-Purpose pins relative to GND(2,4)	Driver in a high-impedance state	Commercial	–0.95	4.4	V
			Industrial	–0.85	4.3	
	Voltage applied to all Dedicated pins relative to GND(3)		All temp. ranges	–0.5	V_{CCAUX} + 0.5	V

Table 35: **Recommended Operating Conditions for User I/Os Using Single-Ended Standards**

Signal Standard (IOSTANDARD)	V_{CCO}			V_{REF}			V_{IL}	V_{IH}
	Min (V)	Nom (V)	Max (V)	Min (V)	Nom (V)	Max (V)	Max (V)	Min (V)
GTL[3]	–	–	–	0.74	0.8	0.86	V_{REF} – 0.05	V_{REF} + 0.05
GTL_DCI	–	1.2	–	0.74	0.8	0.86	V_{REF} – 0.05	V_{REF} + 0.05
GTLP[3]	–	–	–	0.88	1	1.12	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1
GTLP_DCI	–	1.5	–	0.88	1	1.12	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1
HSLVDCI_15	1.4	1.5	1.6	–	0.75	–	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1
HSLVDCI_18	1.7	1.8	1.9	–	0.9	–	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1
HSLVDCI_25	2.3	2.5	2.7	–	1.25	–	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1
HSLVDCI_33	3.0	3.3	3.465	–	1.65	–	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1
HSTL_I, HSTL_I_DCI	1.4	1.5	1.6	0.68	0.75	0.9	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1
HSTL_III, HSTL_III_DCI	1.4	1.5	1.6	–	0.9	–	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1
HSTL_I_18, HSTL_I_DCI_18	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.8	0.9	1.1	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1
HSTL_II_18, HSTL_II_DCI_18	1.7	1.8	1.9	–	0.9	–	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1
HSTL_III_18, HSTL_III_DCI_18	1.7	1.8	1.9	–	1.1	–	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1
LVCMOS12	1.14	1.2	1.3	–	–	–	$0.37V_{CCO}$	$0.58V_{CCO}$
LVCMOS15, LVDCI_15, LVDCI_DV2_15	1.4	1.5	1.6	–	–	–	$0.30V_{CCO}$	$0.70V_{CCO}$
LVCMOS18, LVDCI_18, LVDCI_DV2_18	1.7	1.8	1.9	–	–	–	$0.30V_{CCO}$	$0.70V_{CCO}$
LVCMOS25[4,5], LVDCI_25, LVDCI_DV2_25[4]	2.3	2.5	2.7	–	–	–	0.7	1.7
LVCMOS33, LVDCI_33, LVDCI_DV2_33[4]	3.0	3.3	3.465	–	–	–	0.8	2.0
LVTTL	3.0	3.3	3.465	–	–	–	0.8	2.0
PCI33_3[7]	3.0	3.3	3.465	–	–	–	$0.30V_{CCO}$	$0.50V_{CCO}$
SSTL18_I, SSTL18_I_DCI	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.833	0.900	0.969	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125
SSTL18_II	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.833	0.900	0.969	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125
SSTL2_I, SSTL2_I_DCI	2.3	2.5	2.7	1.15	1.25	1.35	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15
SSTL2_II, SSTL2_II_DCI	2.3	2.5	2.7	1.15	1.25	1.35	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15

Notes:

1. Descriptions of the symbols used in this table are as follows:
   V_{CCO} – the supply voltage for output drivers as well as LVCMOS, LVTTL, and PCI inputs
   V_{REF} – the reference voltage for setting the input switching threshold
   V_{IL} – the input voltage that indicates a Low logic level
   V_{IH} – the input voltage that indicates a High logic level
2. For device operation, the maximum signal voltage (V_{IH} max) may be as high as V_{IN} max. See Table 28.
3. Because the GTL and GTLP standards employ open-drain output buffers, V_{CCO} lines do not supply current to the I/O circuit, rather this current is provided using an external pull-up resistor connected from the I/O pin to a termination voltage (V_{TT}). Nevertheless, the voltage applied to the associated V_{CCO} lines must always be at or above V_{TT} and I/O pad voltages.
4. There is approximately 100 mV of hysteresis on inputs using LVCMOS25 or LVCMOS33 standards.
5. All dedicated pins (M0-M2, CCLK, PROG_B, DONE, HSWAP_EN, TCK, TDI, TDO, and TMS) use the LVCMOS standard and draw power from the V_{CCAUX} rail (2.5V). The dual-purpose configuration pins (DIN/D0, D1-D7, CS_B, RDWR_B, BUSY/DOUT, and INIT_B) use the LVCMOS standard before the user mode. For these pins, apply 2.5V to the V_{CCO} Bank 4 and V_{CCO} Bank 5 rails at power-on and throughout configuration. For information concerning the use of 3.3V signals, see 3.3V-Tolerant Configuration Interface, page 47.
6. The Global Clock Inputs (GCLK0-GCLK7) are dual-purpose pins to which any signal standard can be assigned.
7. For more information, see XAPP457.

Table 48: **Test Methods for Timing Measurement at I/Os *(Cont'd)***

Signal Standard (IOSTANDARD)	Inputs			Outputs		Inputs and Outputs
	V_{REF} (V)	V_L (V)	V_H (V)	R_T (Ω)	V_T (V)	V_M (V)
DIFF_SSTL2_II	-	V_{ICM} – 0.75	V_{ICM} + 0.75	50	1.25	V_{ICM}
DIFF_SSTL2_II_DCI						

Notes:

1. Descriptions of the relevant symbols are as follows:
   VREF – The reference voltage for setting the input switching threshold
   VICM – The common mode input voltage
   VM – Voltage of measurement point on signal transition
   VL – Low-level test voltage at Input pin
   VH – High-level test voltage at Input pin
   RT – Effective termination resistance, which takes on a value of 1MW when no parallel termination is required
   VT – Termination voltage
2. The load capacitance (CL) at the Output pin is 0 pF for all signal standards.
3. According to the PCI specification.

The capacitive load (C_L) is connected between the output and GND. *The Output timing for all standards, as published in the speed files and the data sheet, is always based on a C_L value of zero.* High-impedance probes (less than 1 pF) are used for all measurements. Any delay that the test fixture might contribute to test measurements is subtracted from those measurements to produce the final timing numbers as published in the speed files and data sheet.

Using IBIS Models to Simulate Load Conditions in Application

IBIS Models permit the most accurate prediction of timing delays for a given application. The parameters found in the IBIS model (V_{REF}, R_{REF}, and V_{MEAS}) correspond directly with the parameters used in Table 48, V_T, R_T, and V_M. Do not confuse V_{REF} (the termination voltage) from the IBIS model with V_{REF} (the input-switching threshold) from the table. A fourth parameter, C_{REF}, is always zero. The four parameters describe all relevant output test conditions. IBIS models are found in the Xilinx development software as well as at the following link.

http://www.xilinx.com/support/download/index.htm

Simulate delays for a given application according to its specific load conditions as follows:

1. Simulate the desired signal standard with the output driver connected to the test setup shown in Figure 35. Use parameter values V_T, R_T, and V_M from Table 48. C_{REF} is zero.
2. Record the time to V_M.
3. Simulate the same signal standard with the output driver connected to the PCB trace with load. Use the appropriate IBIS model (including V_{REF}, R_{REF}, C_{REF}, and V_{MEAS} values) or capacitive value to represent the load.
4. Record the time to V_{MEAS}.
5. Compare the results of steps 2 and 4. The increase (or decrease) in delay should be added to (or subtracted from) the appropriate Output standard adjustment (Table 47) to yield the worst-case delay of the PCB trace.

Table 50: **Recommended Number of Simultaneously Switching Outputs per V_{CCO}/GND Pair *(Cont'd)***

Signal Standard (IOSTANDARD)			Package				
			VQ100	TQ144	PQ208	CP132	FT256, FG320, FG456, FG676, FG900, FG1156
LVDCI_15			6	6	6	6	14
LVDCI_DV2_15			6	6	6	6	14
HSLVDCI_15			6	6	6	6	14
LVCMOS18	Slow	2	19	13	13	29	64
		4	13	8	8	19	34
		6	8	8	8	9	22
		8	7	7	7	9	18
		12	5	5	5	5	13
		16	5	5	5	5	10
	Fast	2	13	13	13	19	36
		4	8	8	8	13	21
		6	8	8	8	8	13
		8	7	7	7	7	10
		12	5	5	5	5	9
		16	5	5	5	5	6
LVDCI_18			7	7	7	7	10
LVDCI_DV2_18			7	7	7	7	10
HSLVDCI_18			7	7	7	7	10
LVCMOS25	Slow	2	28	16	12	42	76
		4	13	10	10	19	46
		6	13	8	8	19	33
		8	7	7	7	9	24
		12	6	6	6	9	18
		16	6	6	6	6	11
		24	5	5	5	5	7
	Fast	2	17	12	12	26	42
		4	10	10	10	13	20
		6	8	8	8	13	15
		8	7	7	7	7	13
		12	6	6	6	6	11
		16	6	6	6	6	8
		24	5	5	5	5	5
LVDCI_25			7	7	7	7	11
LVDCI_DV2_25			7	7	7	7	11
HSLVDCI_25			7	7	7	7	11

Table 70: **Spartan-3 FPGA Pin Definitions**

Pin Name	Direction	Description
I/O: General-purpose I/O pins		
I/O	User-defined as input, output, bidirectional, three-state output, open-drain output, open-source output	**User I/O:** Unrestricted single-ended user-I/O pin. Supports all I/O standards except the differential standards.
I/O_Lxxy_#	User-defined as input, output, bidirectional, three-state output, open-drain output, open-source output	**User I/O, Half of Differential Pair:** Unrestricted single-ended user-I/O pin or half of a differential pair. Supports all I/O standards including the differential standards.
DUAL: Dual-purpose configuration pins		
IO_Lxxy_#/DIN/D0, IO_Lxxy_#/D1, IO_Lxxy_#/D2, IO_Lxxy_#/D3, IO_Lxxy_#/D4, IO_Lxxy_#/D5, IO_Lxxy_#/D6, IO_Lxxy_#/D7	Input during configuration Possible bidirectional I/O after configuration if SelectMap port is retained Otherwise, user I/O after configuration	**Configuration Data Port:** In Parallel (SelectMAP) modes, D0-D7 are byte-wide configuration data pins. These pins become user I/Os after configuration unless the SelectMAP port is retained via the Persist bitstream option. In Serial modes, DIN (D0) serves as the single configuration data input. This pin becomes a user I/O after configuration unless retained by the Persist bitstream option.
IO_Lxxy_#/CS_B	Input during Parallel mode configuration Possible input after configuration if SelectMap port is retained Otherwise, user I/O after configuration	**Chip Select for Parallel Mode Configuration:** In Parallel (SelectMAP) modes, this is the active-Low Chip Select signal. This pin becomes a user I/O after configuration unless the SelectMAP port is retained via the Persist bitstream option.
IO_Lxxy_#/RDWR_B	Input during Parallel mode configuration Possible input after configuration if SelectMap port is retained Otherwise, user I/O after configuration	**Read/Write Control for Parallel Mode Configuration:** In Parallel (SelectMAP) modes, this is the active-Low Write Enable, active-High Read Enable signal. This pin becomes a user I/O after configuration unless the SelectMAP port is retained via the Persist bitstream option.
IO_Lxxy_#/ BUSY/DOUT	Output during configuration Possible output after configuration if SelectMap port is retained Otherwise, user I/O after configuration	**Configuration Data Rate Control for Parallel Mode, Serial Data Output for Serial Mode:** In Parallel (SelectMAP) modes, BUSY throttles the rate at which configuration data is loaded. This pin becomes a user I/O after configuration unless the SelectMAP port is retained via the Persist bitstream option. In Serial modes, DOUT provides preamble and configuration data to downstream devices in a multi-FPGA daisy-chain. This pin becomes a user I/O after configuration.
IO_Lxxy_#/INIT_B	Bidirectional (open-drain) during configuration User I/O after configuration	**Initializing Configuration Memory/Detected Configuration Error:** When Low, this pin indicates that configuration memory is being cleared. When held Low, this pin delays the start of configuration. After this pin is released or configuration memory is cleared, the pin goes High. During configuration, a Low on this output indicates that a configuration data error occurred. This pin always has an internal pull-up resistor to VCCO_4 or VCCO_BOTTOM during configuration, regardless of the HSWAP_EN pin. This pin becomes a user I/O after configuration.
DCI: Digitally Controlled Impedance reference resistor input pins		
IO_Lxxy_#/VRN_# or IO/VRN_#	Input when using DCI Otherwise, same as I/O	**DCI Reference Resistor for NMOS I/O Transistor (per bank):** If using DCI, a 1% precision impedance-matching resistor is connected between this pin and the VCCO supply for this bank. Otherwise, this pin is a user I/O.
IO_Lxxy_#/VRP_# or IO/VRP_#	Input when using DCI Otherwise, same as I/O	**DCI Reference Resistor for PMOS I/O Transistor (per bank):** If using DCI, a 1% precision impedance-matching resistor is connected between this pin and the ground supply. Otherwise, this pin is a user I/O.

Table 79: **Pin Behavior After Power-Up, During Configuration *(Cont'd)***

Pin Name	Configuration Mode Settings <M2:M1:M0>					Bitstream Configuration Option
	Serial Modes		SelectMap Parallel Modes		JTAG Mode <1:0:1>	
	Master <0:0:0>	Slave <1:1:1>	Master <0:1:1>	Slave <1:1:0>		
JTAG: JTAG interface pins (pull-up resistor to VCCAUX always active during configuration, regardless of HSWAP_EN pin)						
TDI	TDI (I)	TDI (I)	TDI (I)	TDI (I)	TDI (I)	TdiPin
TMS	TMS (I)	TMS (I)	TMS (I)	TMS (I)	TMS (I)	TmsPin
TCK	TCK (I)	TCK (I)	TCK (I)	TCK (I)	TCK (I)	TckPin
TDO	TDO (O)	TDO (O)	TDO (O)	TDO (O)	TDO (O)	TdoPin

Table 89: **CP132 Package Pinout *(Cont'd)***

Bank	XC3S50 Pin Name	CP132 Ball	Type
2	IO_L24P_2	G13	I/O
2	IO_L40N_2	G14	I/O
2	IO_L40P_2/VREF_2	H12	VREF
3	IO_L01N_3/VRP_3	N13	DCI
3	IO_L01P_3/VRN_3	N14	DCI
3	IO_L20N_3	L12	I/O
3	IO_L20P_3	M14	I/O
3	IO_L22N_3	L14	I/O
3	IO_L22P_3	L13	I/O
3	IO_L23N_3	K13	I/O
3	IO_L23P_3/VREF_3	K12	VREF
3	IO_L24N_3	J12	I/O
3	IO_L24P_3	K14	I/O
3	IO_L40N_3/VREF_3	H14	VREF
3	IO_L40P_3	J13	I/O
4	IO/VREF_4	N12	VREF
4	IO_L01N_4/VRP_4	P12	DCI
4	IO_L01P_4/VRN_4	M11	DCI
4	IO_L27N_4/DIN/D0	M10	DUAL
4	IO_L27P_4/D1	N10	DUAL
4	IO_L30N_4/D2	N9	DUAL
4	IO_L30P_4/D3	P9	DUAL
4	IO_L31N_4/INIT_B	M8	DUAL
4	IO_L31P_4/DOUT/BUSY	N8	DUAL
4	IO_L32N_4/GCLK1	P8	GCLK
4	IO_L32P_4/GCLK0	M7	GCLK
5	IO_L01N_5/RDWR_B	P2	DUAL
5	IO_L01P_5/CS_B	N2	DUAL
5	IO_L27N_5/VREF_5	M4	VREF
5	IO_L27P_5	P3	I/O
5	IO_L28N_5/D6	P4	DUAL
5	IO_L28P_5/D7	N4	DUAL
5	IO_L31N_5/D4	M6	DUAL
5	IO_L31P_5/D5	P5	DUAL
5	IO_L32N_5/GCLK3	P7	GCLK
5	IO_L32P_5/GCLK2	P6	GCLK
6	IO_L01N_6/VRP_6	L3	DCI
6	IO_L01P_6/VRN_6	M1	DCI
6	IO_L20N_6	K3	I/O
6	IO_L20P_6	K2	I/O

Table 96: **FT256 Package Pinout *(Cont'd)***

Bank	XC3S200, XC3S400, XC3S1000 Pin Name	FT256 Pin Number	Type
2	VCCO_2	G11	VCCO
2	VCCO_2	H11	VCCO
2	VCCO_2	H12	VCCO
3	IO	K15	I/O
3	IO_L01N_3/VRP_3	P16	DCI
3	IO_L01P_3/VRN_3	R16	DCI
3	IO_L16N_3	P15	I/O
3	IO_L16P_3	P14	I/O
3	IO_L17N_3	N16	I/O
3	IO_L17P_3/VREF_3	N15	VREF
3	IO_L19N_3	M14	I/O
3	IO_L19P_3	N14	I/O
3	IO_L20N_3	M16	I/O
3	IO_L20P_3	M15	I/O
3	IO_L21N_3	L13	I/O
3	IO_L21P_3	M13	I/O
3	IO_L22N_3	L15	I/O
3	IO_L22P_3	L14	I/O
3	IO_L23N_3	K12	I/O
3	IO_L23P_3/VREF_3	L12	VREF
3	IO_L24N_3	K14	I/O
3	IO_L24P_3	K13	I/O
3	IO_L39N_3	J14	I/O
3	IO_L39P_3	J13	I/O
3	IO_L40N_3/VREF_3	J16	VREF
3	IO_L40P_3	K16	I/O
3	VCCO_3	J11	VCCO
3	VCCO_3	J12	VCCO
3	VCCO_3	K11	VCCO
4	IO	T12	I/O
4	IO	T14	I/O
4	IO/VREF_4	N12	VREF
4	IO/VREF_4	P13	VREF
4	IO/VREF_4	T10	VREF
4	IO_L01N_4/VRP_4	R13	DCI
4	IO_L01P_4/VRN_4	T13	DCI
4	IO_L25N_4	P12	I/O
4	IO_L25P_4	R12	I/O
4	IO_L27N_4/DIN/D0	M11	DUAL
4	IO_L27P_4/D1	N11	DUAL

FG456: 456-lead Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array

The 456-lead fine-pitch ball grid array package, FG456, supports four different Spartan-3 devices, including the XC3S400, the XC3S1000, the XC3S1500, and the XC3S2000. The footprints for the XC3S1000, the XC3S1500, and the XC3S2000 are identical, as shown in Table 100 and Figure 51. The XC3S400, however, has fewer I/O pins which consequently results in 69 unconnected pins on the FG456 package, labeled as "N.C." In Table 100 and Figure 51, these unconnected pins are indicated with a black diamond symbol (◆).

All the package pins appear in Table 100 and are sorted by bank number, then by pin name. Pairs of pins that form a differential I/O pair appear together in the table. The table also shows the pin number for each pin and the pin type, as defined earlier.

If there is a difference between the XC3S400 pinout and the pinout for the XC3S1000, the XC3S1500, or the XC3S2000, then that difference is highlighted in Table 100. If the table entry is shaded grey, then there is an unconnected pin on the XC3S400 that maps to a user-I/O pin on the XC3S1000, XC3S1500, and XC3S2000. If the table entry is shaded tan, then the unconnected pin on the XC3S400 maps to a VREF-type pin on the XC3S1000, the XC3S1500, or the XC3S2000. If the other VREF pins in the bank all connect to a voltage reference to support a special I/O standard, then also connect the N.C. pin on the XC3S400 to the same VREF voltage. This provides maximum flexibility as you could potentially migrate a design from the XC3S400 device to an XC3S1000, an XC3S1500, or an XC3S2000 FPGA without changing the printed circuit board.

An electronic version of this package pinout table and footprint diagram is available for download from the Xilinx website at http://www.xilinx.com/support/documentation/data_ sheets/s3_pin.zip.

Pinout Table

Table 100: **FG456 Package Pinout**

Bank	3S400 Pin Name	3S1000, 3S1500, 3S2000 Pin Name	FG456 Pin Number	Type
0	IO	IO	A10	I/O
0	IO	IO	D9	I/O
0	IO	IO	D10	I/O
0	IO	IO	F6	I/O
0	IO/VREF_0	IO/VREF_0	A3	VREF
0	IO/VREF_0	IO/VREF_0	C7	VREF
0	N.C. (◆)	IO/VREF_0	E5	VREF
0	IO/VREF_0	IO/VREF_0	F7	VREF
0	IO_L01N_0/VRP_0	IO_L01N_0/VRP_0	B4	DCI
0	IO_L01P_0/VRN_0	IO_L01P_0/VRN_0	A4	DCI
0	IO_L06N_0	IO_L06N_0	D5	I/O
0	IO_L06P_0	IO_L06P_0	C5	I/O
0	IO_L09N_0	IO_L09N_0	B5	I/O
0	IO_L09P_0	IO_L09P_0	A5	I/O
0	IO_L10N_0	IO_L10N_0	E6	I/O
0	IO_L10P_0	IO_L10P_0	D6	I/O
0	IO_L15N_0	IO_L15N_0	C6	I/O
0	IO_L15P_0	IO_L15P_0	B6	I/O
0	IO_L16N_0	IO_L16N_0	E7	I/O
0	IO_L16P_0	IO_L16P_0	D7	I/O
0	N.C. (◆)	IO_L19N_0	B7	I/O
0	N.C. (◆)	IO_L19P_0	A7	I/O

Table 103: **FG676 Package Pinout *(Cont'd)***

Bank	XC3S1000 Pin Name	XC3S1500 Pin Name	XC3S2000 Pin Name	XC3S4000 Pin Name	XC3S5000 Pin Name	FG676 Pin Number	Type
4	IO_L22N_4/VREF_4	IO_L22N_4/VREF_4	IO_L22N_4/VREF_4	IO_L22N_4/VREF_4	IO_L22N_4/VREF_4	AD17	VREF
4	IO_L22P_4	IO_L22P_4	IO_L22P_4	IO_L22P_4	IO_L22P_4	AB17	I/O
4	N.C. (◆)	IO_L23N_4	IO_L23N_4	IO_L23N_4	IO_L23N_4	AE17	I/O
4	N.C. (◆)	IO_L23P_4	IO_L23P_4	IO_L23P_4	IO_L23P_4	AF17	I/O
4	IO_L24N_4	IO_L24N_4	IO_L24N_4	IO_L24N_4	IO_L24N_4	Y16	I/O
4	IO_L24P_4	IO_L24P_4	IO_L24P_4	IO_L24P_4	IO_L24P_4	AA16	I/O
4	IO_L25N_4	IO_L25N_4	IO_L25N_4	IO_L25N_4	IO_L25N_4	AB16	I/O
4	IO_L25P_4	IO_L25P_4	IO_L25P_4	IO_L25P_4	IO_L25P_4	AC16	I/O
4	N.C. (◆)	IO_L26N_4	IO_L26N_4	IO_L26N_4	IO_L26N_4	AE16	I/O
4	N.C. (◆)	IO_L26P_4/VREF_4	IO_L26P_4/VREF_4	IO_L26P_4/VREF_4	IO_L26P_4/VREF_4	AF16	VREF
4	IO_L27N_4/DIN/D0	IO_L27N_4/DIN/D0	IO_L27N_4/DIN/D0	IO_L27N_4/DIN/D0	IO_L27N_4/DIN/D0	Y15	DUAL
4	IO_L27P_4/D1	IO_L27P_4/D1	IO_L27P_4/D1	IO_L27P_4/D1	IO_L27P_4/D1	W14	DUAL
4	IO_L28N_4	IO_L28N_4	IO_L28N_4	IO_L28N_4	IO_L28N_4	AA15	I/O
4	IO_L28P_4	IO_L28P_4	IO_L28P_4	IO_L28P_4	IO_L28P_4	AB15	I/O
4	IO_L29N_4	IO_L29N_4	IO_L29N_4	IO_L29N_4	IO_L29N_4	AE15	I/O
4	IO_L29P_4	IO_L29P_4	IO_L29P_4	IO_L29P_4	IO_L29P_4	AF15	I/O
4	IO_L30N_4/D2	IO_L30N_4/D2	IO_L30N_4/D2	IO_L30N_4/D2	IO_L30N_4/D2	Y14	DUAL
4	IO_L30P_4/D3	IO_L30P_4/D3	IO_L30P_4/D3	IO_L30P_4/D3	IO_L30P_4/D3	AA14	DUAL
4	IO_L31N_4/INIT_B	IO_L31N_4/INIT_B	IO_L31N_4/INIT_B	IO_L31N_4/INIT_B	IO_L31N_4/INIT_B	AC14	DUAL
4	IO_L31P_4/ DOUT/BUSY	IO_L31P_4/ DOUT/BUSY	IO_L31P_4/ DOUT/BUSY	IO_L31P_4/ DOUT/BUSY	IO_L31P_4/ DOUT/BUSY	AD14	DUAL
4	IO_L32N_4/GCLK1	IO_L32N_4/GCLK1	IO_L32N_4/GCLK1	IO_L32N_4/GCLK1	IO_L32N_4/GCLK1	AE14	GCLK
4	IO_L32P_4/GCLK0	IO_L32P_4/GCLK0	IO_L32P_4/GCLK0	IO_L32P_4/GCLK0	IO_L32P_4/GCLK0	AF14	GCLK
4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	AD16	VCCO
4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	AD20	VCCO
4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	U14	VCCO
4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	V14	VCCO
4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	V15	VCCO
4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	V16	VCCO
4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	W17	VCCO
4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	VCCO_4	W18	VCCO
5	IO	IO	IO	IO	IO	AA7	I/O
5	IO	IO	IO	IO	IO	AA13	I/O
5	IO	IO	IO	IO	IO_L17P_5[3]	AB9	I/O
5	N.C. (◆)	IO	IO	IO	IO_L17N_5[3]	AC9	I/O
5	IO	IO	IO	IO	IO	AC11	I/O
5	IO	IO	IO	IO	IO	AD10	I/O
5	IO	IO	IO	IO	IO	AD12	I/O
5	IO	IO	IO	IO	IO	AF4	I/O
5	IO	IO	IO	IO	IO	Y8	I/O
5	IO/VREF_5	IO/VREF_5	IO/VREF_5	IO/VREF_5	IO/VREF_5	AF5	VREF
5	IO/VREF_5	IO/VREF_5	IO/VREF_5	IO/VREF_5	IO/VREF_5	AF13	VREF
5	IO_L01N_5/RDWR_B	IO_L01N_5/RDWR_B	IO_L01N_5/RDWR_B	IO_L01N_5/RDWR_B	IO_L01N_5/RDWR_B	AC5	DUAL

Table 107: **FG900 Package Pinout *(Cont'd)***

Bank	XC3S2000 Pin Name	XC3S4000, XC3S5000 Pin Name	FG900 Pin Number	Type
1	IO_L05P_1	IO_L05P_1	F25	I/O
1	IO_L06N_1/VREF_1	IO_L06N_1/VREF_1	C24	VREF
1	IO_L06P_1	IO_L06P_1	D24	I/O
1	IO_L07N_1	IO_L07N_1	A24	I/O
1	IO_L07P_1	IO_L07P_1	B24	I/O
1	IO_L08N_1	IO_L08N_1	H23	I/O
1	IO_L08P_1	IO_L08P_1	G24	I/O
1	IO_L09N_1	IO_L09N_1	F23	I/O
1	IO_L09P_1	IO_L09P_1	G23	I/O
1	IO_L10N_1/VREF_1	IO_L10N_1/VREF_1	C23	VREF
1	IO_L10P_1	IO_L10P_1	D23	I/O
1	IO_L11N_1	IO_L11N_1	A23	I/O
1	IO_L11P_1	IO_L11P_1	B23	I/O
1	IO_L12N_1	IO_L12N_1	H22	I/O
1	IO_L12P_1	IO_L12P_1	J22	I/O
1	IO_L13N_1	IO_L13N_1	F22	I/O
1	IO_L13P_1	IO_L13P_1	E23	I/O
1	IO_L14N_1	IO_L14N_1	D22	I/O
1	IO_L14P_1	IO_L14P_1	E22	I/O
1	IO_L15N_1	IO_L15N_1	A22	I/O
1	IO_L15P_1	IO_L15P_1	B22	I/O
1	IO_L16N_1	IO_L16N_1	F21	I/O
1	IO_L16P_1	IO_L16P_1	G21	I/O
1	IO_L17N_1/VREF_1	IO_L17N_1/VREF_1	B21	VREF
1	IO_L17P_1	IO_L17P_1	C21	I/O
1	IO_L18N_1	IO_L18N_1	G20	I/O
1	IO_L18P_1	IO_L18P_1	H20	I/O
1	IO_L19N_1	IO_L19N_1	E20	I/O
1	IO_L19P_1	IO_L19P_1	F20	I/O
1	IO_L20N_1	IO_L20N_1	C20	I/O
1	IO_L20P_1	IO_L20P_1	D20	I/O
1	IO_L21N_1	IO_L21N_1	A20	I/O
1	IO_L21P_1	IO_L21P_1	B20	I/O
1	IO_L22N_1	IO_L22N_1	J19	I/O
1	IO_L22P_1	IO_L22P_1	K19	I/O
1	IO_L23N_1	IO_L23N_1	G19	I/O
1	IO_L23P_1	IO_L23P_1	H19	I/O
1	IO_L24N_1	IO_L24N_1	E19	I/O
1	IO_L24P_1	IO_L24P_1	F19	I/O
1	IO_L25N_1	IO_L25N_1	C19	I/O

Table 110: **FG1156 Package Pinout *(Cont'd)***

Bank	XC3S4000 Pin Name	XC3S5000 Pin Name	FG1156 Pin Number	Type
0	IO_L23P_0	IO_L23P_0	J15	I/O
0	IO_L24N_0	IO_L24N_0	G15	I/O
0	IO_L24P_0	IO_L24P_0	F15	I/O
0	IO_L25N_0	IO_L25N_0	D15	I/O
0	IO_L25P_0	IO_L25P_0	C15	I/O
0	IO_L26N_0	IO_L26N_0	B15	I/O
0	IO_L26P_0/VREF_0	IO_L26P_0/VREF_0	A15	VREF
0	IO_L27N_0	IO_L27N_0	G16	I/O
0	IO_L27P_0	IO_L27P_0	F16	I/O
0	IO_L28N_0	IO_L28N_0	C16	I/O
0	IO_L28P_0	IO_L28P_0	B16	I/O
0	IO_L29N_0	IO_L29N_0	J17	I/O
0	IO_L29P_0	IO_L29P_0	H17	I/O
0	IO_L30N_0	IO_L30N_0	G17	I/O
0	IO_L30P_0	IO_L30P_0	F17	I/O
0	IO_L31N_0	IO_L31N_0	D17	I/O
0	IO_L31P_0/VREF_0	IO_L31P_0/VREF_0	C17	VREF
0	IO_L32N_0/GCLK7	IO_L32N_0/GCLK7	B17	GCLK
0	IO_L32P_0/GCLK6	IO_L32P_0/GCLK6	A17	GCLK
0	N.C. (◆)	IO_L33N_0	D7	I/O
0	N.C. (◆)	IO_L33P_0	C7	I/O
0	N.C. (◆)	IO_L34N_0	B7	I/O
0	N.C. (◆)	IO_L34P_0	A7	I/O
0	IO_L35N_0	IO_L35N_0	E8	I/O
0	IO_L35P_0	IO_L35P_0	D8	I/O
0	IO_L36N_0	IO_L36N_0	B8	I/O
0	IO_L36P_0	IO_L36P_0	A8	I/O
0	IO_L37N_0	IO_L37N_0	D10	I/O
0	IO_L37P_0	IO_L37P_0	C10	I/O
0	IO_L38N_0	IO_L38N_0	B10	I/O
0	IO_L38P_0	IO_L38P_0	A10	I/O
0	N.C. (◆)	IO_L39N_0	G11	I/O
0	N.C. (◆)	IO_L39P_0	F11	I/O
0	N.C. (◆)	IO_L40N_0	B11	I/O
0	N.C. (◆)	IO_L40P_0	A11	I/O
0	VCCO_0	VCCO_0	B13	VCCO
0	VCCO_0	VCCO_0	C4	VCCO
0	VCCO_0	VCCO_0	C8	VCCO
0	VCCO_0	VCCO_0	D11	VCCO
0	VCCO_0	VCCO_0	D16	VCCO

Table 110: **FG1156 Package Pinout *(Cont'd)***

Bank	XC3S4000 Pin Name	XC3S5000 Pin Name	FG1156 Pin Number	Type
1	IO_L27N_1	IO_L27N_1	F19	I/O
1	IO_L27P_1	IO_L27P_1	G19	I/O
1	IO_L28N_1	IO_L28N_1	B19	I/O
1	IO_L28P_1	IO_L28P_1	C19	I/O
1	IO_L29N_1	IO_L29N_1	J18	I/O
1	IO_L29P_1	IO_L29P_1	K18	I/O
1	IO_L30N_1	IO_L30N_1	G18	I/O
1	IO_L30P_1	IO_L30P_1	H18	I/O
1	IO_L31N_1/VREF_1	IO_L31N_1/VREF_1	D18	VREF
1	IO_L31P_1	IO_L31P_1	E18	I/O
1	IO_L32N_1/GCLK5	IO_L32N_1/GCLK5	B18	GCLK
1	IO_L32P_1/GCLK4	IO_L32P_1/GCLK4	C18	GCLK
1	N.C. (◆)	IO_L33N_1	C28	I/O
1	N.C. (◆)	IO_L33P_1	D28	I/O
1	N.C. (◆)	IO_L34N_1	A28	I/O
1	N.C. (◆)	IO_L34P_1	B28	I/O
1	N.C. (◆)	IO_L35N_1	J24	I/O
1	N.C. (◆)	IO_L35P_1	K24	I/O
1	N.C. (◆)	IO_L36N_1	F24	I/O
1	N.C. (◆)	IO_L36P_1	G24	I/O
1	IO_L37N_1	IO_L37N_1	J20	I/O
1	IO_L37P_1	IO_L37P_1	K20	I/O
1	IO_L38N_1	IO_L38N_1	F20	I/O
1	IO_L38P_1	IO_L38P_1	G20	I/O
1	IO_L39N_1	IO_L39N_1	C20	I/O
1	IO_L39P_1	IO_L39P_1	D20	I/O
1	IO_L40N_1	IO_L40N_1	A20	I/O
1	IO_L40P_1	IO_L40P_1	B20	I/O
1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	B22	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	C27	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	C31	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	D19	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	D24	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	F22	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	G27	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	H20	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	H24	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	M19	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	M20	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	M21	VCCO

Table 110: **FG1156 Package Pinout *(Cont'd)***

Bank	XC3S4000 Pin Name	XC3S5000 Pin Name	FG1156 Pin Number	Type
3	IO_L03P_3	IO_L03P_3	AK32	I/O
3	IO_L04N_3	IO_L04N_3	AJ32	I/O
3	IO_L04P_3	IO_L04P_3	AJ31	I/O
3	IO_L05N_3	IO_L05N_3	AJ34	I/O
3	IO_L05P_3	IO_L05P_3	AJ33	I/O
3	IO_L06N_3	IO_L06N_3	AH30	I/O
3	IO_L06P_3	IO_L06P_3	AH29	I/O
3	IO_L07N_3	IO_L07N_3	AG30	I/O
3	IO_L07P_3	IO_L07P_3	AG29	I/O
3	IO_L08N_3	IO_L08N_3	AG34	I/O
3	IO_L08P_3	IO_L08P_3	AG33	I/O
3	IO_L09N_3	IO_L09N_3	AF29	I/O
3	IO_L09P_3/VREF_3	IO_L09P_3/VREF_3	AF28	VREF
3	IO_L10N_3	IO_L10N_3	AF31	I/O
3	IO_L10P_3	IO_L10P_3	AG31	I/O
3	IO_L11N_3	IO_L11N_3	AF33	I/O
3	IO_L11P_3	IO_L11P_3	AF32	I/O
3	IO_L12N_3	IO_L12N_3	AE26	I/O
3	IO_L12P_3	IO_L12P_3	AF27	I/O
3	IO_L13N_3/VREF_3	IO_L13N_3/VREF_3	AE28	VREF
3	IO_L13P_3	IO_L13P_3	AE27	I/O
3	IO_L14N_3	IO_L14N_3	AE30	I/O
3	IO_L14P_3	IO_L14P_3	AE29	I/O
3	IO_L15N_3	IO_L15N_3	AE32	I/O
3	IO_L15P_3	IO_L15P_3	AE31	I/O
3	IO_L16N_3	IO_L16N_3	AE34	I/O
3	IO_L16P_3	IO_L16P_3	AE33	I/O
3	IO_L17N_3	IO_L17N_3	AD26	I/O
3	IO_L17P_3/VREF_3	IO_L17P_3/VREF_3	AD25	VREF
3	IO_L19N_3	IO_L19N_3	AD34	I/O
3	IO_L19P_3	IO_L19P_3	AD33	I/O
3	IO_L20N_3	IO_L20N_3	AC25	I/O
3	IO_L20P_3	IO_L20P_3	AC24	I/O
3	IO_L21N_3	IO_L21N_3	AC28	I/O
3	IO_L21P_3	IO_L21P_3	AC27	I/O
3	IO_L22N_3	IO_L22N_3	AC30	I/O
3	IO_L22P_3	IO_L22P_3	AC29	I/O
3	IO_L23N_3	IO_L23N_3	AC32	I/O
3	IO_L23P_3/VREF_3	IO_L23P_3/VREF_3	AC31	VREF
3	IO_L24N_3	IO_L24N_3	AB25	I/O

Table 110: **FG1156 Package Pinout *(Cont'd)***

Bank	XC3S4000 Pin Name	XC3S5000 Pin Name	FG1156 Pin Number	Type
7	IO_L01P_7/VRN_7	IO_L01P_7/VRN_7	C2	DCI
7	IO_L02N_7	IO_L02N_7	D1	I/O
7	IO_L02P_7	IO_L02P_7	D2	I/O
7	IO_L03N_7/VREF_7	IO_L03N_7/VREF_7	E2	VREF
7	IO_L03P_7	IO_L03P_7	E3	I/O
7	IO_L04N_7	IO_L04N_7	F3	I/O
7	IO_L04P_7	IO_L04P_7	F4	I/O
7	IO_L05N_7	IO_L05N_7	F1	I/O
7	IO_L05P_7	IO_L05P_7	F2	I/O
7	IO_L06N_7	IO_L06N_7	G5	I/O
7	IO_L06P_7	IO_L06P_7	G6	I/O
7	IO_L07N_7	IO_L07N_7	H5	I/O
7	IO_L07P_7	IO_L07P_7	H6	I/O
7	IO_L08N_7	IO_L08N_7	H1	I/O
7	IO_L08P_7	IO_L08P_7	H2	I/O
7	IO_L09N_7	IO_L09N_7	J6	I/O
7	IO_L09P_7	IO_L09P_7	J7	I/O
7	IO_L10N_7	IO_L10N_7	J4	I/O
7	IO_L10P_7/VREF_7	IO_L10P_7/VREF_7	H4	VREF
7	IO_L11N_7	IO_L11N_7	J2	I/O
7	IO_L11P_7	IO_L11P_7	J3	I/O
7	IO_L12N_7	IO_L12N_7	K9	I/O
7	IO_L12P_7	IO_L12P_7	J8	I/O
7	IO_L13N_7	IO_L13N_7	K7	I/O
7	IO_L13P_7	IO_L13P_7	K8	I/O
7	IO_L14N_7	IO_L14N_7	K5	I/O
7	IO_L14P_7	IO_L14P_7	K6	I/O
7	IO_L15N_7	IO_L15N_7	K3	I/O
7	IO_L15P_7	IO_L15P_7	K4	I/O
7	IO_L16N_7	IO_L16N_7	K1	I/O
7	IO_L16P_7/VREF_7	IO_L16P_7/VREF_7	K2	VREF
7	IO_L17N_7	IO_L17N_7	L9	I/O
7	IO_L17P_7	IO_L17P_7	L10	I/O
7	IO_L19N_7/VREF_7	IO_L19N_7/VREF_7	L1	VREF
7	IO_L19P_7	IO_L19P_7	L2	I/O
7	IO_L20N_7	IO_L20N_7	M10	I/O
7	IO_L20P_7	IO_L20P_7	M11	I/O
7	IO_L21N_7	IO_L21N_7	M7	I/O
7	IO_L21P_7	IO_L21P_7	M8	I/O
7	IO_L22N_7	IO_L22N_7	M5	I/O

All Devices

Top Right Corner of FG1156 Package (Top View)

12	**DUAL:** Configuration pin, then possible user I/O	16	**DCI:** User I/O or reference resistor input for bank	8	**GCLK:** User I/O or global clock buffer input
7	**CONFIG:** Dedicated configuration pins	4	**JTAG:** Dedicated JTAG port pins	104	**VCCO:** Output voltage supply for bank
40	**VCCINT:** Internal core voltage supply (+1.2V)	32	**VCCAUX:** Auxiliary voltage supply (+2.5V)	184	**GND:** Ground

Bank 1

18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	
I/O	GND	I/O L40N_1	I/O L26N_1	GND	I/O L19N_1	I/O L15N_1	I/O L14N_1	GND	I/O L08N_1	I/O L34N_1 ◆	I/O L05N_1	GND	I/O L02N_1	I/O L01N_1 VRP_1	GND	GND	A
I/O L32N_1 GCLK5	I/O L28N_1	I/O L40P_1	I/O L26P_1	VCCO_1	I/O L19P_1	I/O L15P_1	I/O L14P_1	I/O	I/O L08P_1	I/O L34P_1 ◆	I/O L05P_1	I/O L03N_1	I/O L02P_1	I/O L01P_1 VRN_1	GND	GND	B
I/O L32P_1 GCLK4	I/O L28P_1	I/O L39N_1	I/O L25N_1	I/O L22N_1	I/O	GND	I/O L13N_1	I/O L10N_1 VREF_1	VCCO_1	I/O L33N_1 ◆	I/O L04N_1	I/O L03P_1	VCCO_1	GND	I/O L01N_2 VRP_2	I/O L01P_2 VRN_2	C
I/O L31N_1 VREF_1	VCCO_1	I/O L39P_1	I/O L25P_1	I/O L22P_1	I/O L18N_1	VCCO_1	I/O L13P_1	I/O L10P_1	I/O L07N_1	I/O L33P_1 ◆	I/O L04P_1	IO VREF_1	TCK	VCCO_2	I/O L02N_2	I/O L02P_2	D
I/O L31P_1	GND	VCCAUX	I/O	GND	I/O L18P_1	VCCAUX	I/O	GND	I/O L07P_1	I/O L06N_1 VREF_1	VCCAUX	GND	TDO	I/O L03N_2 VREF_2	I/O L03P_2	GND	E
I/O	I/O L27N_1	I/O L38N_1	I/O L24N_1	VCCO_1	I/O L17N_1 VREF_1	I/O L36N_1 ◆	I/O L12N_1	I/O L09N_1	I/O	I/O L06P_1	I/O	VCCAUX	I/O L04N_2	I/O L04P_2	I/O L41N_2	I/O L41P_2	F
I/O L30N_1	I/O L27P_1	I/O L38P_1	I/O L24P_1	I/O L21N_1	I/O L17P_1	I/O L36P_1 ◆	I/O L12P_1	I/O L09P_1	VCCO_1	GND	I/O L05N_2	I/O L05P_2	I/O L42N_2 ◆	I/O L42P_2 ◆	I/O	I/O	G
I/O L30P_1	VCCAUX	VCCO_1	I/O L23N_1	I/O L21P_1	I/O	VCCO_1	I/O L11N_1	I/O	TMS	VCCO_2	I/O L06N_2	I/O L06P_2	I/O L09N_2 VREF_2	VCCO_2	I/O L07N_2	I/O L07P_2	H
I/O L29N_1	GND	I/O L37N_1	I/O L23P_1	GND	I/O L16N_1	I/O L35N_1 ◆	I/O L11P_1	I/O ◆	I/O L11N_2	I/O L08N_2	I/O L08P_2	GND	I/O L09P_2	I/O L10N_2	I/O L10P_2	GND	J
I/O L29P_1	I/O	I/O L37P_1	IO VREF_1	I/O L20N_1	I/O L16P_1	I/O L35P_1 ◆	GND	I/O L11P_2	I/O L12N_2	I/O L12P_2	I/O L13N_2	I/O L13P_2 VREF_2	I/O L14N_2	I/O L14P_2	I/O L15N_2	I/O L15P_2	K
IO VREF_1	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O L20P_1	I/O ◆	I/O	I/O L16N_2	I/O L16P_2	VCCO_2	I/O L17N_2 ◆	I/O L17P_2 VREF_2 ◆	VCCAUX	VCCO_2	GND	I/O L45N_2	I/O L45P_2	L
VCCINT	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	VCCO_1	VCCINT	I/O L46N_2	I/O L46P_2	I/O L21N_2	I/O L47N_2	I/O L47P_2	I/O L19N_2	I/O L19P_2	I/O L20N_2	I/O L20P_2	I/O L48N_2	I/O L48P_2	M
GND	VCCINT	VCCINT	VCCINT	VCCINT	VCCO_2	I/O L24N_2	I/O L21P_2	GND	I/O L22N_2	I/O L22P_2	VCCO_2	GND	I/O L23N_2 VREF_2	I/O L23P_2	VCCO_2	GND	N
GND	GND	GND	GND	VCCINT	VCCO_2	I/O L24P_2	I/O L49N_2 ◆	I/O L49P_2 ◆	I/O L50N_2	I/O L50P_2	I/O L26N_2	I/O L26P_2	I/O L27N_2	I/O L27P_2	I/O L28N_2	I/O L28P_2	P
GND	GND	GND	GND	VCCINT	VCCO_2	I/O L29N_2	I/O L29P_2	I/O L33N_2	VCCO_2	I/O L30N_2	I/O L30P_2	VCCAUX	I/O L31N_2	I/O L31P_2	I/O L32N_2	I/O L32P_2	R
GND	GND	GND	GND	VCCINT	VCCO_2	I/O L51N_2 ◆	I/O L33P_2	GND	VCCAUX	I/O L34N_2 VREF_2	I/O L34P_2	GND	VCCO_2	I/O L35N_2	I/O L35P_2	GND	T
GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	VCCINT	I/O L51P_2 ◆	I/O	I/O	I/O L37N_2	I/O L37P_2	I/O L38N_2	I/O L38P_2	I/O L39N_2	I/O L39P_2	I/O L40N_2	I/O L40P_2 VREF_2	U

Bank 2

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Figure 58: FG1156 Package Footprint (Top View) Continued