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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	81
Number of Gates	30000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	132-WFQFN
Supplier Device Package	132-QFN (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a3p030-qng132

1 – ProASIC3 Device Family Overview

General Description

ProASIC3, the third-generation family of Microsemi flash FPGAs, offers performance, density, and features beyond those of the ProASIC^{PLUS}® family. Nonvolatile flash technology gives ProASIC3 devices the advantage of being a secure, low power, single-chip solution that is Instant On. ProASIC3 is reprogrammable and offers time-to-market benefits at an ASIC-level unit cost. These features enable designers to create high-density systems using existing ASIC or FPGA design flows and tools.

ProASIC3 devices offer 1 kbit of on-chip, reprogrammable, nonvolatile FlashROM storage as well as clock conditioning circuitry based on an integrated phase-locked loop (PLL). The A3P015 and A3P030 devices have no PLL or RAM support. ProASIC3 devices have up to 1 million system gates, supported with up to 144 kbits of true dual-port SRAM and up to 300 user I/Os.

ProASIC3 devices support the ARM Cortex-M1 processor. The ARM-enabled devices have Microsemi ordering numbers that begin with M1A3P (Cortex-M1) and do not support AES decryption.

Flash Advantages

Reduced Cost of Ownership

Advantages to the designer extend beyond low unit cost, performance, and ease of use. Unlike SRAM-based FPGAs, flash-based ProASIC3 devices allow all functionality to be Instant On; no external boot PROM is required. On-board security mechanisms prevent access to all the programming information and enable secure remote updates of the FPGA logic. Designers can perform secure remote in-system reprogramming to support future design iterations and field upgrades with confidence that valuable intellectual property (IP) cannot be compromised or copied. Secure ISP can be performed using the industry-standard AES algorithm. The ProASIC3 family device architecture mitigates the need for ASIC migration at higher user volumes. This makes the ProASIC3 family a cost-effective ASIC replacement solution, especially for applications in the consumer, networking/ communications, computing, and avionics markets.

Security

The nonvolatile, flash-based ProASIC3 devices do not require a boot PROM, so there is no vulnerable external bitstream that can be easily copied. ProASIC3 devices incorporate FlashLock, which provides a unique combination of reprogrammability and design security without external overhead, advantages that only an FPGA with nonvolatile flash programming can offer.

ProASIC3 devices utilize a 128-bit flash-based lock and a separate AES key to provide the highest level of protection in the FPGA industry for intellectual property and configuration data. In addition, all FlashROM data in ProASIC3 devices can be encrypted prior to loading, using the industry-leading AES-128 (FIPS192) bit block cipher encryption standard. The AES standard was adopted by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) in 2000 and replaces the 1977 DES standard. ProASIC3 devices have a built-in AES decryption engine and a flash-based AES key that make them the most comprehensive programmable logic device security solution available today. ProASIC3 devices with AES-based security provide a high level of protection for remote field updates over public networks such as the Internet, and are designed to ensure that valuable IP remains out of the hands of system overbuilders, system cloners, and IP thieves.

ARM-enabled ProASIC3 devices do not support user-controlled AES security mechanisms. Since the ARM core must be protected at all times, AES encryption is always on for the core logic, so bitstreams are always encrypted. There is no user access to encryption for the FlashROM programming data.

Security, built into the FPGA fabric, is an inherent component of the ProASIC3 family. The flash cells are located beneath seven metal layers, and many device design and layout techniques have been used to make invasive attacks extremely difficult. The ProASIC3 family, with FlashLock and AES security, is unique in being highly resistant to both invasive and noninvasive attacks.

I/O Power-Up and Supply Voltage Thresholds for Power-On Reset (Commercial and Industrial)

Sophisticated power-up management circuitry is designed into every ProASIC®3 device. These circuits ensure easy transition from the powered-off state to the powered-up state of the device. The many different supplies can power up in any sequence with minimized current spikes or surges.

In addition, the I/O will be in a known state through the power-up sequence. The basic principle is shown in [Figure 2-2 on page 2-5](#).

There are five regions to consider during power-up.

ProASIC3 I/Os are activated only if ALL of the following three conditions are met:

1. VCC and VCCI are above the minimum specified trip points ([Figure 2-2 on page 2-5](#)).
2. VCCI > VCC – 0.75 V (typical)
3. Chip is in the operating mode.

VCCI Trip Point:

Ramping up: 0.6 V < trip_point_up < 1.2 V

Ramping down: 0.5 V < trip_point_down < 1.1 V

VCC Trip Point:

Ramping up: 0.6 V < trip_point_up < 1.1 V

Ramping down: 0.5 V < trip_point_down < 1 V

VCC and VCCI ramp-up trip points are about 100 mV higher than ramp-down trip points. This specifically built-in hysteresis prevents undesirable power-up oscillations and current surges. Note the following:

- During programming, I/Os become tristated and weakly pulled up to VCCI.
- JTAG supply, PLL power supplies, and charge pump VPUMP supply have no influence on I/O behavior.

PLL Behavior at Brownout Condition

Microsemi recommends using monotonic power supplies or voltage regulators to ensure proper power-up behavior. Power ramp-up should be monotonic at least until VCC and VCCPLLX exceed brownout activation levels. The VCC activation level is specified as 1.1 V worst-case (see [Figure 2-2 on page 2-5](#) for more details).

When PLL power supply voltage and/or VCC levels drop below the VCC brownout levels (0.75 V ± 0.25 V), the PLL output lock signal goes low and/or the output clock is lost. Refer to the "Power-Up/Down Behavior of Low Power Flash Devices" chapter of the [ProASIC3 FPGA Fabric User's Guide](#) for information on clock and lock recovery.

Internal Power-Up Activation Sequence

1. Core
2. Input buffers

Output buffers, after 200 ns delay from input buffer activation.

Thermal Characteristics

Introduction

The temperature variable in the Microsemi Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient temperature. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption cause the chip junction to be higher than the ambient temperature.

EQ can be used to calculate junction temperature.

$$T_J = \text{Junction Temperature} = \Delta T + T_A$$

where:

T_A = Ambient Temperature

ΔT = Temperature gradient between junction (silicon) and ambient $\Delta T = \theta_{ja} * P$

θ_{ja} = Junction-to-ambient of the package. θ_{ja} numbers are located in [Table 2-5 on page 2-6](#).

P = Power dissipation

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

N_{S-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design.

P_{AC1} , P_{AC2} , P_{AC3} , and P_{AC4} are device-dependent.

Sequential Cells Contribution— P_{S-CELL}

$$P_{S-CELL} = N_{S-CELL} * (P_{AC5} + \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC6}) * F_{CLK}$$

N_{S-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design. When a multi-tile sequential cell is used, it should be accounted for as 1.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

Combinatorial Cells Contribution— P_{C-CELL}

$$P_{C-CELL} = N_{C-CELL} * \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC7} * F_{CLK}$$

N_{C-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

Routing Net Contribution— P_{NET}

$$P_{NET} = (N_{S-CELL} + N_{C-CELL}) * \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC8} * F_{CLK}$$

N_{S-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design.

N_{C-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

I/O Input Buffer Contribution— P_{INPUTS}

$$P_{INPUTS} = N_{INPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * P_{AC9} * F_{CLK}$$

N_{INPUTS} is the number of I/O input buffers used in the design.

α_2 is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

I/O Output Buffer Contribution— $P_{OUTPUTS}$

$$P_{OUTPUTS} = N_{OUTPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * \beta_1 * P_{AC10} * F_{CLK}$$

$N_{OUTPUTS}$ is the number of I/O output buffers used in the design.

α_2 is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

β_1 is the I/O buffer enable rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-17 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

Table 2-45 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V

Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
	–2	0.49	3.29	0.03	0.75	0.32	3.36	2.80	1.79	2.01	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-46 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V

Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	9.46	0.04	1.00	0.43	9.64	8.54	2.07	2.04	ns
	–1	0.56	8.05	0.04	0.85	0.36	8.20	7.27	1.76	1.73	ns
	–2	0.49	7.07	0.03	0.75	0.32	7.20	6.38	1.55	1.52	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	9.46	0.04	1.00	0.43	9.64	8.54	2.07	2.04	ns
	–1	0.56	8.05	0.04	0.85	0.36	8.20	7.27	1.76	1.73	ns
	–2	0.49	7.07	0.03	0.75	0.32	7.20	6.38	1.55	1.52	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	6.57	0.04	1.00	0.43	6.69	5.98	2.40	2.57	ns
	–1	0.56	5.59	0.04	0.85	0.36	5.69	5.09	2.04	2.19	ns
	–2	0.49	4.91	0.03	0.75	0.32	5.00	4.47	1.79	1.92	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	6.57	0.04	1.00	0.43	6.69	5.98	2.40	2.57	ns
	–1	0.56	5.59	0.04	0.85	0.36	5.69	5.09	2.04	2.19	ns
	–2	0.49	4.91	0.03	0.75	0.32	5.00	4.47	1.79	1.92	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-49 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	Equiv. Software Default	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ²	IIH ³
Drive Strength	Drive Strength Option ¹	Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	μA	μA	Max mA ⁴	Max mA ⁴	μA ⁵	μA ⁵
100 μA	2 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	4 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	6 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	8 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 μA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where −0.3 V < VIN < VIL.
3. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
6. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-50 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$
 Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
100 μA	4 mA	Std.	0.60	11.84	0.04	1.02	0.43	11.84	10.00	4.10	4.04	15.23	13.40	ns
		–1	0.51	10.07	0.04	0.86	0.36	10.07	8.51	3.48	3.44	12.96	11.40	ns
		–2	0.45	8.84	0.03	0.76	0.32	8.84	7.47	3.06	3.02	11.38	10.00	ns
100 μA	6 mA	Std.	0.60	7.59	0.04	1.02	0.43	7.59	6.18	4.62	4.95	10.98	9.57	ns
		–1	0.51	6.45	0.04	0.86	0.36	6.45	5.25	3.93	4.21	9.34	8.14	ns
		–2	0.45	5.67	0.03	0.76	0.32	5.67	4.61	3.45	3.70	8.20	7.15	ns
100 μA	8 mA	Std.	0.60	7.59	0.04	1.02	0.43	7.59	6.18	4.62	4.95	10.98	9.57	ns
		–1	0.51	6.45	0.04	0.86	0.36	6.45	5.25	3.93	4.21	9.34	8.14	ns
		–2	0.45	5.67	0.03	0.76	0.32	5.67	4.61	3.45	3.70	8.20	7.15	ns
100 μA	12 mA	Std.	0.60	5.46	0.04	1.02	0.43	5.46	4.29	4.97	5.54	8.86	7.68	ns
		–1	0.51	4.65	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.65	3.65	4.22	4.71	7.53	6.54	ns
		–2	0.45	4.08	0.03	0.76	0.32	4.08	3.20	3.71	4.14	6.61	5.74	ns
100 μA	16 mA	Std.	0.60	5.15	0.04	1.02	0.43	5.15	3.89	5.04	5.69	8.55	7.29	ns
		–1	0.51	4.38	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.38	3.31	4.29	4.84	7.27	6.20	ns
		–2	0.45	3.85	0.03	0.76	0.32	3.85	2.91	3.77	4.25	6.38	5.44	ns
100 μA	24 mA	Std.	0.60	4.75	0.04	1.02	0.43	4.75	3.22	5.14	6.28	8.15	6.61	ns
		–1	0.51	4.04	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.04	2.74	4.37	5.34	6.93	5.62	ns
		–2	0.45	3.55	0.03	0.76	0.32	3.55	2.40	3.84	4.69	6.09	4.94	ns

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-61 • 2.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
4 mA	Std.	0.60	11.40	0.04	1.31	0.43	11.22	11.40	2.68	2.20	13.45	13.63	ns
	–1	0.51	9.69	0.04	1.11	0.36	9.54	9.69	2.28	1.88	11.44	11.60	ns
	–2	0.45	8.51	0.03	0.98	0.32	8.38	8.51	2.00	1.65	10.05	10.18	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.60	7.96	0.04	1.31	0.43	8.11	7.81	3.05	2.89	10.34	10.05	ns
	–1	0.51	6.77	0.04	1.11	0.36	6.90	6.65	2.59	2.46	8.80	8.55	ns
	–2	0.45	5.94	0.03	0.98	0.32	6.05	5.84	2.28	2.16	7.72	7.50	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.60	7.96	0.04	1.31	0.43	8.11	7.81	3.05	2.89	10.34	10.05	ns
	–1	0.51	6.77	0.04	1.11	0.36	6.90	6.65	2.59	2.46	8.80	8.55	ns
	–2	0.45	5.94	0.03	0.98	0.32	6.05	5.84	2.28	2.16	7.72	7.50	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.60	6.18	0.04	1.31	0.43	6.29	5.92	3.30	3.32	8.53	8.15	ns
	–1	0.51	5.26	0.04	1.11	0.36	5.35	5.03	2.81	2.83	7.26	6.94	ns
	–2	0.45	4.61	0.03	0.98	0.32	4.70	4.42	2.47	2.48	6.37	6.09	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.60	5.76	0.04	1.31	0.43	5.87	5.53	3.36	3.44	8.11	7.76	ns
	–1	0.51	4.90	0.04	1.11	0.36	4.99	4.70	2.86	2.92	6.90	6.60	ns
	–2	0.45	4.30	0.03	0.98	0.32	4.38	4.13	2.51	2.57	6.05	5.80	ns
24 mA	Std.	0.60	5.51	0.04	1.31	0.43	5.50	5.51	3.43	3.87	7.74	7.74	ns
	–1	0.51	4.68	0.04	1.11	0.36	4.68	4.68	2.92	3.29	6.58	6.59	ns
	–2	0.45	4.11	0.03	0.98	0.32	4.11	4.11	2.56	2.89	5.78	5.78	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Fully Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Clear

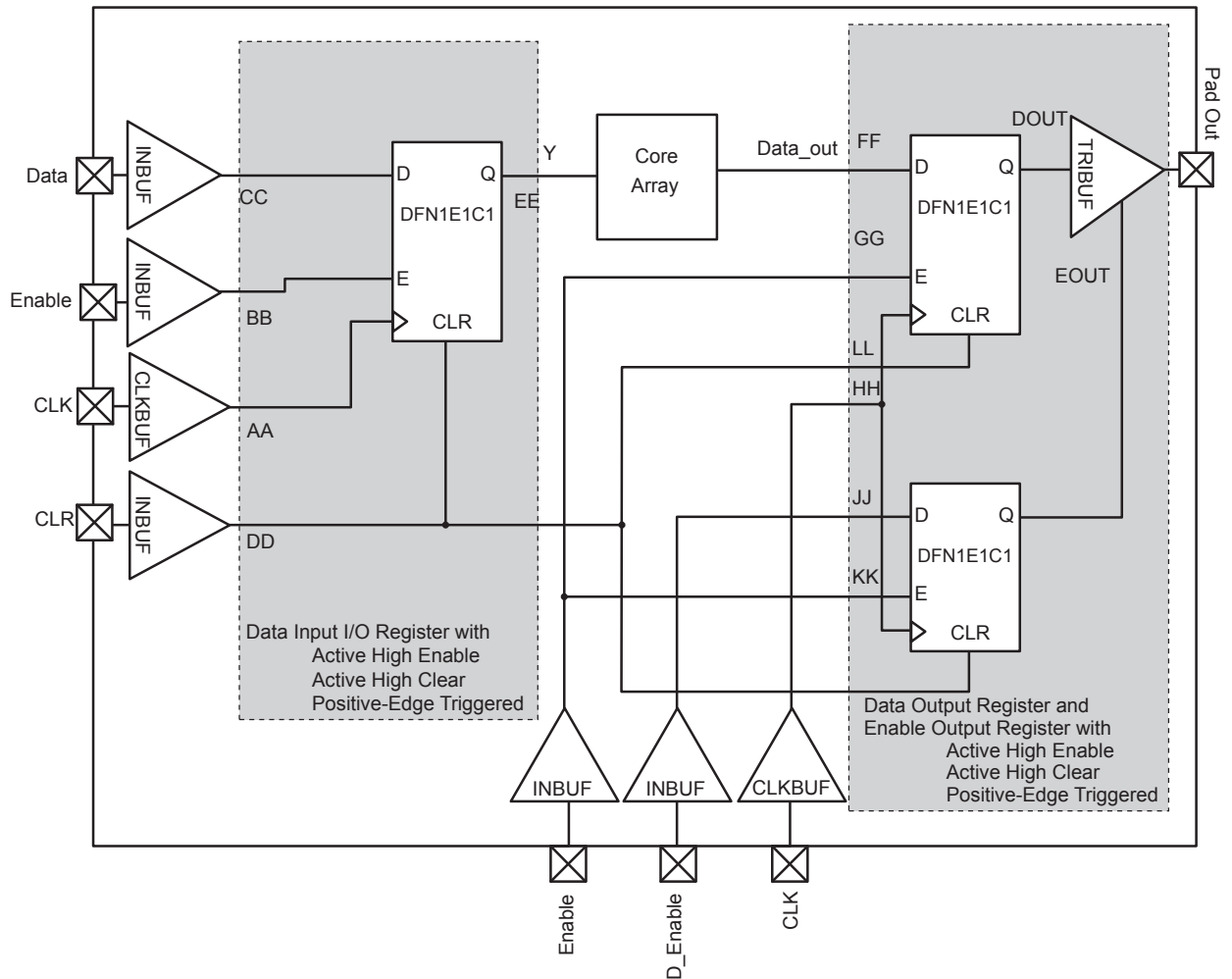


Figure 2-16 • Timing Model of the Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Clear

Table 2-121 • A3P250 FIFO 1k×4**Worst Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	–2	–1	Std.	Units
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN Setup Time	4.05	4.61	5.42	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{BKS}	BLK Setup Time	0.19	0.22	0.26	ns
t_{BKH}	BLK Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{DS}	Input Data (WD) Setup Time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
t_{DH}	Input Data (WD) Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (flow-through)	2.36	2.68	3.15	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pipelined)	0.89	1.02	1.20	ns
t_{RCKEF}	RCLK High to Empty Flag Valid	1.72	1.96	2.30	ns
t_{WCKFF}	WCLK High to Full Flag Valid	1.63	1.86	2.18	ns
t_{CKAF}	Clock High to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.19	7.05	8.29	ns
t_{RSTFG}	RESET Low to Empty/Full Flag Valid	1.69	1.93	2.27	ns
t_{RSTAF}	RESET Low to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.13	6.98	8.20	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (flow-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
t_{REMRSTB}	RESET Removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
t_{RECRSTB}	RESET Recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
t_{MPWRSTB}	RESET Minimum Pulse Width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency for FIFO	310	272	231	MHz

QN68	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
1	IO82RSB1
2	IO80RSB1
3	IO78RSB1
4	IO76RSB1
5	GEC0/IO73RSB1
6	GEA0/IO72RSB1
7	GEB0/IO71RSB1
8	VCC
9	GND
10	VCCIB1
11	IO68RSB1
12	IO67RSB1
13	IO66RSB1
14	IO65RSB1
15	IO64RSB1
16	IO63RSB1
17	IO62RSB1
18	IO60RSB1
19	IO58RSB1
20	IO56RSB1
21	IO54RSB1
22	IO52RSB1
23	IO51RSB1
24	VCC
25	GND
26	VCCIB1
27	IO50RSB1
28	IO48RSB1
29	IO46RSB1
30	IO44RSB1
31	IO42RSB1
32	TCK
33	TDI
34	TMS
35	VPUMP
36	TDO

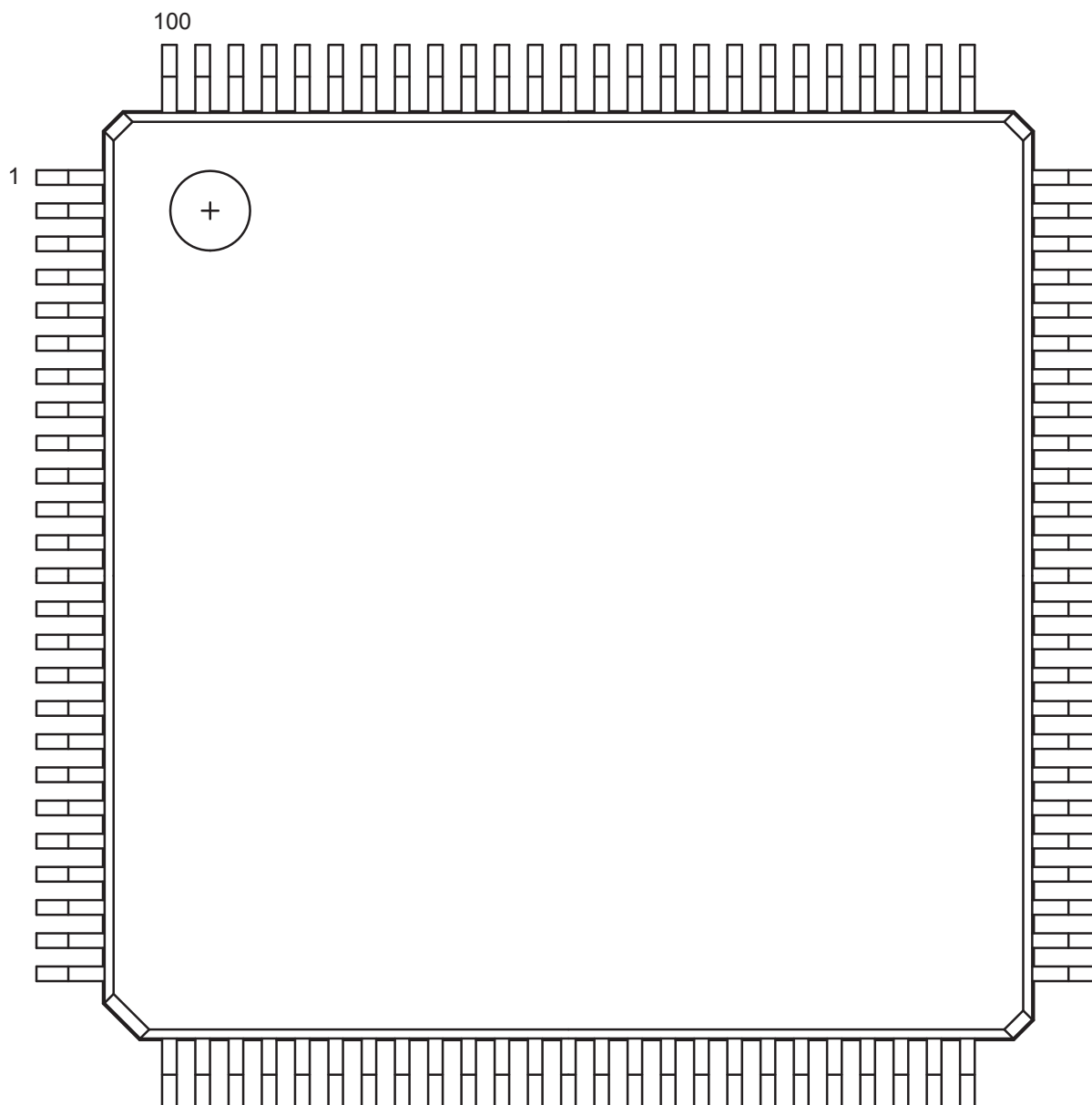
QN68	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
37	TRST
38	VJTAG
39	IO40RSB0
40	IO37RSB0
41	GDB0/IO34RSB0
42	GDA0/IO33RSB0
43	GDC0/IO32RSB0
44	VCCIB0
45	GND
46	VCC
47	IO31RSB0
48	IO29RSB0
49	IO28RSB0
50	IO27RSB0
51	IO25RSB0
52	IO24RSB0
53	IO22RSB0
54	IO21RSB0
55	IO19RSB0
56	IO17RSB0
57	IO15RSB0
58	IO14RSB0
59	VCCIB0
60	GND
61	VCC
62	IO12RSB0
63	IO10RSB0
64	IO08RSB0
65	IO06RSB0
66	IO04RSB0
67	IO02RSB0
68	IO00RSB0

CS121	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
A1	GNDQ
A2	IO01RSB0
A3	GAA1/IO03RSB0
A4	GAC1/IO07RSB0
A5	IO15RSB0
A6	IO13RSB0
A7	IO17RSB0
A8	GBB1/IO22RSB0
A9	GBA1/IO24RSB0
A10	GNDQ
A11	VMV0
B1	GAA2/IO95RSB1
B2	IO00RSB0
B3	GAA0/IO02RSB0
B4	GAC0/IO06RSB0
B5	IO08RSB0
B6	IO12RSB0
B7	IO16RSB0
B8	GBC1/IO20RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO21RSB0
B10	GBB2/IO27RSB0
B11	GBA2/IO25RSB0
C1	IO89RSB1
C2	GAC2/IO91RSB1
C3	GAB1/IO05RSB0
C4	GAB0/IO04RSB0
C5	IO09RSB0
C6	IO14RSB0
C7	GBA0/IO23RSB0
C8	GBC0/IO19RSB0
C9	IO26RSB0
C10	IO28RSB0
C11	GBC2/IO29RSB0
D1	IO88RSB1
D2	IO90RSB1
D3	GAB2/IO93RSB1

CS121	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
D4	IO10RSB0
D5	IO11RSB0
D6	IO18RSB0
D7	IO32RSB0
D8	IO31RSB0
D9	GCA2/IO41RSB0
D10	IO30RSB0
D11	IO33RSB0
E1	IO87RSB1
E2	GFC0/IO85RSB1
E3	IO92RSB1
E4	IO94RSB1
E5	VCC
E6	VCCIB0
E7	GND
E8	GCC0/IO36RSB0
E9	IO34RSB0
E10	GCB1/IO37RSB0
E11	GCC1/IO35RSB0
F1	VCOMPLF
F2	GFB0/IO83RSB1
F3	GFA0/IO82RSB1
F4	GFC1/IO86RSB1
F5	VCCIB1
F6	VCC
F7	VCCIB0
F8	GCB2/IO42RSB0
F9	GCC2/IO43RSB0
F10	GCB0/IO38RSB0
F11	GCA1/IO39RSB0
G1	VCCPLF
G2	GFB2/IO79RSB1
G3	GFA1/IO81RSB1
G4	GFB1/IO84RSB1
G5	GND
G6	VCCIB1

CS121	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
G7	VCC
G8	GDC0/IO46RSB0
G9	GDA1/IO49RSB0
G10	GDB0/IO48RSB0
G11	GCA0/IO40RSB0
H1	IO75RSB1
H2	IO76RSB1
H3	GFC2/IO78RSB1
H4	GFA2/IO80RSB1
H5	IO77RSB1
H6	GEC2/IO66RSB1
H7	IO54RSB1
H8	GDC2/IO53RSB1
H9	VJTAG
H10	TRST
H11	IO44RSB0
J1	GEC1/IO74RSB1
J2	GEC0/IO73RSB1
J3	GEB1/IO72RSB1
J4	GEA0/IO69RSB1
J5	GEB2/IO67RSB1
J6	IO62RSB1
J7	GDA2/IO51RSB1
J8	GDB2/IO52RSB1
J9	TDI
J10	TDO
J11	GDC1/IO45RSB0
K1	GEB0/IO71RSB1
K2	GFA1/IO70RSB1
K3	GFA2/IO68RSB1
K4	IO64RSB1
K5	IO60RSB1
K6	IO59RSB1
K7	IO56RSB1
K8	TCK
K9	TMS

VQ100 – Top View



Note

For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

VQ100		VQ100		VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function	Pin Number	A3P030 Function	Pin Number	A3P030 Function
1	GND	37	VCC	73	IO27RSB0
2	IO82RSB1	38	GND	74	IO26RSB0
3	IO81RSB1	39	VCCIB1	75	IO25RSB0
4	IO80RSB1	40	IO49RSB1	76	IO24RSB0
5	IO79RSB1	41	IO47RSB1	77	IO23RSB0
6	IO78RSB1	42	IO46RSB1	78	IO22RSB0
7	IO77RSB1	43	IO45RSB1	79	IO21RSB0
8	IO76RSB1	44	IO44RSB1	80	IO20RSB0
9	GND	45	IO43RSB1	81	IO19RSB0
10	IO75RSB1	46	IO42RSB1	82	IO18RSB0
11	IO74RSB1	47	TCK	83	IO17RSB0
12	GEC0/IO73RSB1	48	TDI	84	IO16RSB0
13	GEA0/IO72RSB1	49	TMS	85	IO15RSB0
14	GEB0/IO71RSB1	50	NC	86	IO14RSB0
15	IO70RSB1	51	GND	87	VCCIB0
16	IO69RSB1	52	VPUMP	88	GND
17	VCC	53	NC	89	VCC
18	VCCIB1	54	TDO	90	IO12RSB0
19	IO68RSB1	55	TRST	91	IO10RSB0
20	IO67RSB1	56	VJTAG	92	IO08RSB0
21	IO66RSB1	57	IO41RSB0	93	IO07RSB0
22	IO65RSB1	58	IO40RSB0	94	IO06RSB0
23	IO64RSB1	59	IO39RSB0	95	IO05RSB0
24	IO63RSB1	60	IO38RSB0	96	IO04RSB0
25	IO62RSB1	61	IO37RSB0	97	IO03RSB0
26	IO61RSB1	62	IO36RSB0	98	IO02RSB0
27	IO60RSB1	63	GDB0/IO34RSB0	99	IO01RSB0
28	IO59RSB1	64	GDA0/IO33RSB0	100	IO00RSB0
29	IO58RSB1	65	GDC0/IO32RSB0		
30	IO57RSB1	66	VCCIB0		
31	IO56RSB1	67	GND		
32	IO55RSB1	68	VCC		
33	IO54RSB1	69	IO31RSB0		
34	IO53RSB1	70	IO30RSB0		
35	IO52RSB1	71	IO29RSB0		
36	IO51RSB1	72	IO28RSB0		

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO155UDB3
3	IO155VDB3
4	GAB2/IO154UDB3
5	IO154VDB3
6	GAC2/IO153UDB3
7	IO153VDB3
8	IO152UDB3
9	IO152VDB3
10	IO151UDB3
11	IO151VDB3
12	IO150PDB3
13	IO150NDB3
14	IO149PDB3
15	IO149NDB3
16	VCC
17	GND
18	VCCIB3
19	IO148PDB3
20	IO148NDB3
21	GFC1/IO147PDB3
22	GFC0/IO147NDB3
23	GFB1/IO146PDB3
24	GFB0/IO146NDB3
25	VCOMPLF
26	GFA0/IO145NPB3
27	VCCPLF
28	GFA1/IO145PPB3
29	GND
30	GFA2/IO144PDB3
31	IO144NDB3
32	GFB2/IO143PDB3
33	IO143NDB3
34	GFC2/IO142PDB3
35	IO142NDB3
36	NC

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
37	IO141PSB3
38	IO140PDB3
39	IO140NDB3
40	VCCIB3
41	GND
42	IO138PDB3
43	IO138NDB3
44	GEC1/IO137PDB3
45	GEC0/IO137NDB3
46	GEB1/IO136PDB3
47	GEB0/IO136NDB3
48	GEA1/IO135PDB3
49	GEA0/IO135NDB3
50	VMV3
51	GNDQ
52	GND
53	VMV2
54	NC
55	GEA2/IO134RSB2
56	GEB2/IO133RSB2
57	GEC2/IO132RSB2
58	IO131RSB2
59	IO130RSB2
60	IO129RSB2
61	IO128RSB2
62	VCCIB2
63	IO125RSB2
64	IO123RSB2
65	GND
66	IO121RSB2
67	IO119RSB2
68	IO117RSB2
69	IO115RSB2
70	IO113RSB2
71	VCC
72	VCCIB2

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
73	IO112RSB2
74	IO111RSB2
75	IO110RSB2
76	IO109RSB2
77	IO108RSB2
78	IO107RSB2
79	IO106RSB2
80	IO104RSB2
81	GND
82	IO102RSB2
83	IO101RSB2
84	IO100RSB2
85	IO99RSB2
86	IO98RSB2
87	IO97RSB2
88	VCC
89	VCCIB2
90	IO94RSB2
91	IO92RSB2
92	IO90RSB2
93	IO88RSB2
94	IO86RSB2
95	IO84RSB2
96	GDC2/IO82RSB2
97	GND
98	GDB2/IO81RSB2
99	GDA2/IO80RSB2
100	GNDQ
101	TCK
102	TDI
103	TMS
104	VMV2
105	GND
106	VPUMP
107	NC
108	TDO

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO174PDB3
3	IO174NDB3
4	GAB2/IO173PDB3
5	IO173NDB3
6	GAC2/IO172PDB3
7	IO172NDB3
8	IO171PDB3
9	IO171NDB3
10	IO170PDB3
11	IO170NDB3
12	IO169PDB3
13	IO169NDB3
14	IO168PDB3
15	IO168NDB3
16	VCC
17	GND
18	VCCIB3
19	IO166PDB3
20	IO166NDB3
21	GFC1/IO164PDB3
22	GFC0/IO164NDB3
23	GFB1/IO163PDB3
24	GFB0/IO163NDB3
25	VCOMPLF
26	GFA0/IO162NPB3
27	VCCPLF
28	GFA1/IO162PPB3
29	GND
30	GFA2/IO161PDB3
31	IO161NDB3
32	GFB2/IO160PDB3
33	IO160NDB3
34	GFC2/IO159PDB3
35	IO159NDB3
36	VCC

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
37	IO152PDB3
38	IO152NDB3
39	IO150PSB3
40	VCCIB3
41	GND
42	IO147PDB3
43	IO147NDB3
44	GEC1/IO146PDB3
45	GEC0/IO146NDB3
46	GEB1/IO145PDB3
47	GEB0/IO145NDB3
48	GEA1/IO144PDB3
49	GEA0/IO144NDB3
50	VMV3
51	GNDQ
52	GND
53	VMV2
54	GEA2/IO143RSB2
55	GEB2/IO142RSB2
56	GEC2/IO141RSB2
57	IO140RSB2
58	IO139RSB2
59	IO138RSB2
60	IO137RSB2
61	IO136RSB2
62	VCCIB2
63	IO135RSB2
64	IO133RSB2
65	GND
66	IO131RSB2
67	IO129RSB2
68	IO127RSB2
69	IO125RSB2
70	IO123RSB2
71	VCC
72	VCCIB2

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
73	IO120RSB2
74	IO119RSB2
75	IO118RSB2
76	IO117RSB2
77	IO116RSB2
78	IO115RSB2
79	IO114RSB2
80	IO112RSB2
81	GND
82	IO111RSB2
83	IO110RSB2
84	IO109RSB2
85	IO108RSB2
86	IO107RSB2
87	IO106RSB2
88	VCC
89	VCCIB2
90	IO104RSB2
91	IO102RSB2
92	IO100RSB2
93	IO98RSB2
94	IO96RSB2
95	IO92RSB2
96	GDC2/IO91RSB2
97	GND
98	GDB2/IO90RSB2
99	GDA2/IO89RSB2
100	GNDQ
101	TCK
102	TDI
103	TMS
104	VMV2
105	GND
106	VPUMP
107	GNDQ
108	TDO

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
K1	GEB0/IO109RSB1
K2	GEA1/IO108RSB1
K3	GEA0/IO107RSB1
K4	GEA2/IO106RSB1
K5	IO100RSB1
K6	IO98RSB1
K7	GND
K8	IO73RSB1
K9	GDC2/IO72RSB1
K10	GND
K11	GDA0/IO66RSB0
K12	GDB0/IO64RSB0
L1	GND
L2	VMV1
L3	GEB2/IO105RSB1
L4	IO102RSB1
L5	VCCIB1
L6	IO95RSB1
L7	IO85RSB1
L8	IO74RSB1
L9	TMS
L10	VJTAG
L11	VMV1
L12	TRST
M1	GNDQ
M2	GEC2/IO104RSB1
M3	IO103RSB1
M4	IO101RSB1
M5	IO97RSB1
M6	IO94RSB1
M7	IO86RSB1
M8	IO75RSB1
M9	TDI
M10	VCCIB1
M11	VPUMP
M12	GNDQ

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
A1	GNDQ
A2	VMV0
A3	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
A5	IO16RSB0
A6	GND
A7	IO29RSB0
A8	VCC
A9	IO33RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO39RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO40RSB0
A12	GNDQ
B1	GAB2/IO117UDB3
B2	GND
B3	GAA0/IO00RSB0
B4	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B5	IO14RSB0
B6	IO19RSB0
B7	IO22RSB0
B8	IO30RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO37RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO38RSB0
B11	GND
B12	VMV1
C1	IO117VDB3
C2	GFA2/IO107PPB3
C3	GAC2/IO116UDB3
C4	VCC
C5	IO12RSB0
C6	IO17RSB0
C7	IO24RSB0
C8	IO31RSB0
C9	IO34RSB0
C10	GBA2/IO41PDB1
C11	IO41NDB1
C12	GBC2/IO43PPB1

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
D1	IO112NDB3
D2	IO112PDB3
D3	IO116VDB3
D4	GAA2/IO118UPB3
D5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
D6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
D7	GBC0/IO35RSB0
D8	GBC1/IO36RSB0
D9	GBB2/IO42PDB1
D10	IO42NDB1
D11	IO43NPB1
D12	GCB1/IO49PPB1
E1	VCC
E2	GFC0/IO110NDB3
E3	GFC1/IO110PDB3
E4	VCCIB3
E5	IO118VPB3
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GCC1/IO48PDB1
E9	VCCIB1
E10	VCC
E11	GCA0/IO50NDB1
E12	IO51NDB1
F1	GFB0/IO109NPB3
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GFB1/IO109PPB3
F4	IO107NPB3
F5	GND
F6	GND
F7	GND
F8	GCC0/IO48NDB1
F9	GCB0/IO49NPB1
F10	GND
F11	GCA1/IO50PDB1
F12	GCA2/IO51PDB1

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
G1	GFA1/IO108PPB3
G2	GND
G3	VCCPLF
G4	GFA0/IO108NPB3
G5	GND
G6	GND
G7	GND
G8	GDC1/IO58UPB1
G9	IO53NDB1
G10	GCC2/IO53PDB1
G11	IO52NDB1
G12	GCB2/IO52PDB1
H1	VCC
H2	GFB2/IO106PDB3
H3	GFC2/IO105PSB3
H4	GEC1/IO100PDB3
H5	VCC
H6	IO79RSB2
H7	IO65RSB2
H8	GDB2/IO62RSB2
H9	GDC0/IO58VPB1
H10	VCCIB1
H11	IO54PSB1
H12	VCC
J1	GEB1/IO99PDB3
J2	IO106NDB3
J3	VCCIB3
J4	GEC0/IO100NDB3
J5	IO88RSB2
J6	IO81RSB2
J7	VCC
J8	TCK
J9	GDA2/IO61RSB2
J10	TDO
J11	GDA1/IO60UDB1
J12	GDB1/IO59UDB1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
A1	GND
A2	GAA0/IO00RSB0
A3	GAA1/IO01RSB0
A4	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A5	IO11RSB0
A6	IO16RSB0
A7	IO18RSB0
A8	IO28RSB0
A9	IO34RSB0
A10	IO37RSB0
A11	IO41RSB0
A12	IO43RSB0
A13	GBB1/IO57RSB0
A14	GBA0/IO58RSB0
A15	GBA1/IO59RSB0
A16	GND
B1	GAB2/IO173PDB3
B2	GAA2/IO174PDB3
B3	GNDQ
B4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
B5	IO13RSB0
B6	IO14RSB0
B7	IO21RSB0
B8	IO27RSB0
B9	IO32RSB0
B10	IO38RSB0
B11	IO42RSB0
B12	GBC1/IO55RSB0
B13	GBB0/IO56RSB0
B14	IO52RSB0
B15	GBA2/IO60PDB1
B16	IO60NDB1
C1	IO173NDB3
C2	IO174NDB3
C3	VMV3
C4	IO07RSB0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
C5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
C6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
C7	IO20RSB0
C8	IO24RSB0
C9	IO33RSB0
C10	IO39RSB0
C11	IO44RSB0
C12	GBC0/IO54RSB0
C13	IO51RSB0
C14	VMV0
C15	IO61NPB1
C16	IO63PDB1
D1	IO171NDB3
D2	IO171PDB3
D3	GAC2/IO172PDB3
D4	IO06RSB0
D5	GNDQ
D6	IO10RSB0
D7	IO19RSB0
D8	IO26RSB0
D9	IO30RSB0
D10	IO40RSB0
D11	IO45RSB0
D12	GNDQ
D13	IO50RSB0
D14	GBB2/IO61PPB1
D15	IO53RSB0
D16	IO63NDB1
E1	IO166PDB3
E2	IO167NPB3
E3	IO172NDB3
E4	IO169NDB3
E5	VMV0
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	IO25RSB0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
E9	IO31RSB0
E10	VCCIB0
E11	VCCIB0
E12	VMV1
E13	GBC2/IO62PDB1
E14	IO67PPB1
E15	IO64PPB1
E16	IO66PDB1
F1	IO166NDB3
F2	IO168NPB3
F3	IO167PPB3
F4	IO169PDB3
F5	VCCIB3
F6	GND
F7	VCC
F8	VCC
F9	VCC
F10	VCC
F11	GND
F12	VCCIB1
F13	IO62NDB1
F14	IO64NPB1
F15	IO65PPB1
F16	IO66NDB1
G1	IO165NDB3
G2	IO165PDB3
G3	IO168PPB3
G4	GFC1/IO164PPB3
G5	VCCIB3
G6	VCC
G7	GND
G8	GND
G9	GND
G10	GND
G11	VCC
G12	VCCIB1

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
R17	GDB1/IO87PPB1
R18	GDC1/IO86PDB1
R19	IO84NDB1
R20	VCC
R21	IO81NDB1
R22	IO82PDB1
T1	IO152PDB3
T2	IO152NDB3
T3	NC
T4	IO150NDB3
T5	IO147PPB3
T6	GEC1/IO146PPB3
T7	IO140RSB2
T8	GNDQ
T9	GEA2/IO143RSB2
T10	IO126RSB2
T11	IO120RSB2
T12	IO108RSB2
T13	IO103RSB2
T14	IO99RSB2
T15	GNDQ
T16	IO92RSB2
T17	VJTAG
T18	GDC0/IO86NDB1
T19	GDA1/IO88PDB1
T20	NC
T21	IO83PDB1
T22	IO82NDB1
U1	IO149PDB3
U2	IO149NDB3
U3	NC
U4	GEB1/IO145PDB3
U5	GEB0/IO145NDB3
U6	VMV2
U7	IO138RSB2
U8	IO136RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
U9	IO131RSB2
U10	IO124RSB2
U11	IO119RSB2
U12	IO107RSB2
U13	IO104RSB2
U14	IO97RSB2
U15	VMV1
U16	TCK
U17	VPUMP
U18	TRST
U19	GDA0/IO88NDB1
U20	NC
U21	IO83NDB1
U22	NC
V1	NC
V2	NC
V3	GND
V4	GEA1/IO144PDB3
V5	GEA0/IO144NDB3
V6	IO139RSB2
V7	GEC2/IO141RSB2
V8	IO132RSB2
V9	IO127RSB2
V10	IO121RSB2
V11	IO114RSB2
V12	IO109RSB2
V13	IO105RSB2
V14	IO98RSB2
V15	IO96RSB2
V16	GDB2/IO90RSB2
V17	TDI
V18	GNDQ
V19	TDO
V20	GND
V21	NC
V22	NC

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
W1	NC
W2	IO148PDB3
W3	NC
W4	GND
W5	IO137RSB2
W6	GEB2/IO142RSB2
W7	IO134RSB2
W8	IO125RSB2
W9	IO123RSB2
W10	IO118RSB2
W11	IO115RSB2
W12	IO111RSB2
W13	IO106RSB2
W14	IO102RSB2
W15	GDC2/IO91RSB2
W16	IO93RSB2
W17	GDA2/IO89RSB2
W18	TMS
W19	GND
W20	NC
W21	NC
W22	NC
Y1	VCCIB3
Y2	IO148NDB3
Y3	NC
Y4	NC
Y5	GND
Y6	NC
Y7	NC
Y8	VCC
Y9	VCC
Y10	NC
Y11	NC
Y12	NC
Y13	NC
Y14	VCC

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 10 (continued)	"TBD" for 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range in Table 2-28 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances ¹ through Table 2-30 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances ¹ was replaced by "Same as regular 3.3 V" (SAR 33852).	2-26 to 2-28
	The equations in the notes for Table 2-31 • I/O Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistances were corrected (SAR 32470).	2-28
	"TBD" for 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range in Table 2-32 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL through Table 2-34 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL was replaced by "Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS" (SAR 33852).	2-29 to 2-31
	In the " 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range " section, values were added to Table 2-47 through Table 2-49 for IOSL and IOSH, replacing "TBD" (SAR 33852).	2-39 to 2-40
	The following sentence was deleted from the " 2.5 V LVCMOS " section (SAR 24916): "It uses a 5 V–tolerant input buffer and push-pull output buffer."	2-47
	The table notes were revised for Table 2-90 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels (SAR 33859).	2-66
	Values were added for $F_{DDRIMAX}$ and F_{DDOMAX} in Table 2-102 • Input DDR Propagation Delays and Table 2-104 • Output DDR Propagation Delays (SAR 23919).	2-78, 2-80
	Table 2-115 • ProASIC3 CCC/PLL Specification was updated. A note was added to indicate that when the CCC/PLL core is generated by Microsemi core generator software, not all delay values of the specified delay increments are available (SAR 25705).	2-90
	The following figures were deleted (SAR 29991). Reference was made to a new application note, <i>Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based cSoCs and FPGAs</i> , which covers these cases in detail (SAR 21770). Figure 2-34 • Write Access after Write onto Same Address Figure 2-35 • Read Access after Write onto Same Address Figure 2-35 • Read Access after Write onto Same Address The port names in the SRAM " Timing Waveforms ", SRAM " Timing Characteristics " tables, Figure 2-39 • FIFO Reset , and the FIFO " Timing Characteristics " tables were revised to ensure consistency with the software names (SARs 29991, 30510).	2-92, 2-94, 2-99 2-102
July 2010	The " Pin Descriptions " chapter has been added (SAR 21642).	3-1
	Package names used in the " Package Pin Assignments " section were revised to match standards given in Package Mechanical Drawings (SAR 27395).	4-1
July 2010	The versioning system for datasheets has been changed. Datasheets are assigned a revision number that increments each time the datasheet is revised. The " ProASIC3 Device Status " table on page IV indicates the status for each device in the device family.	N/A