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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

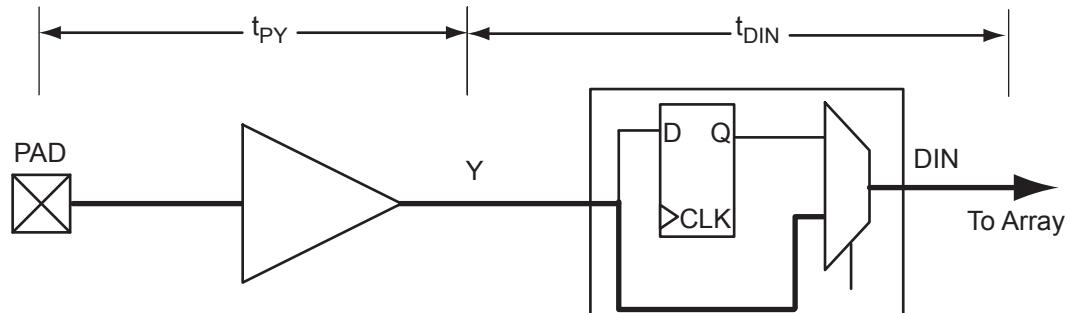
Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	36864
Number of I/O	84
Number of Gates	125000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	132-WFQFN
Supplier Device Package	132-QFN (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a3p125-2qng132



$$t_{PY} = \text{MAX}(t_{PY}(R), t_{PY}(F))$$

$$t_{DIN} = \text{MAX}(t_{DIN}(R), t_{DIN}(F))$$

I/O Interface

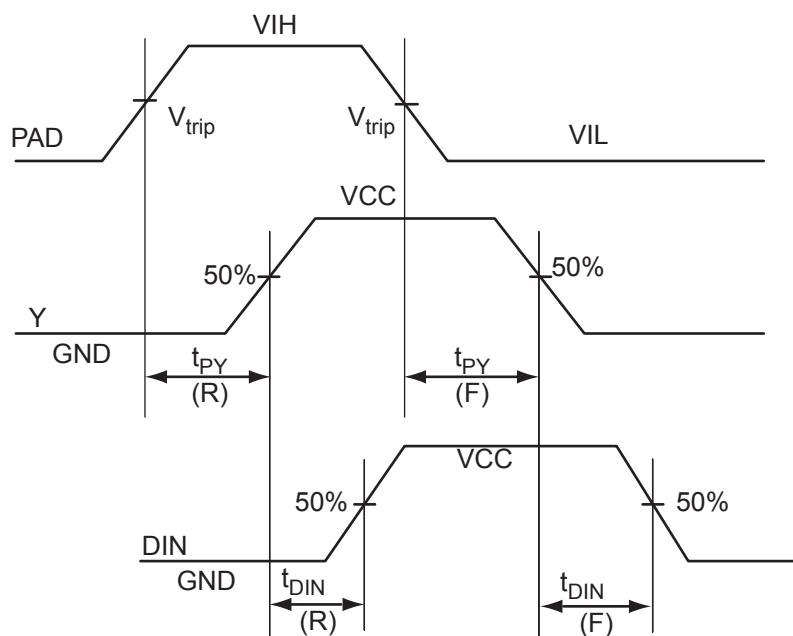


Figure 2-4 • Input Buffer Timing Model and Delays (Example)

Table 2-25 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings

–2 Speed Grade, Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst Case VCC = 1.425 V,
 Worst-Case VCCI (per standard)
 Standard Plus I/O Banks

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	Slew Rate	Capacitive Load (pF)	External Resistor	t _{DOUT} (ns)	t _{DP} (ns)	t _{DIN} (ns)	t _{PR} (ns)	t _{EOUT} (ns)	t _{ZL} (ns)	t _{ZH} (ns)	t _{LZ} (ns)	t _{HZ} (ns)	t _{ZLs} (ns)	t _{ZHs} (ns)	Units
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	35	–	0.45	2.36	0.03	0.75	0.32	2.40	1.93	2.08	2.41	4.07	3.60	ns
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ²	100 µA	12 mA	High	35	–	0.45	3.65	0.03	1.14	0.32	3.65	2.93	3.22	3.72	6.18	5.46	ns
2.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	35	–	0.45	2.39	0.03	0.97	0.32	2.44	2.35	2.11	2.32	4.11	4.02	ns
1.8 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8 mA	High	35	–	0.45	3.03	0.03	0.90	0.32	2.87	3.03	2.19	2.32	4.54	4.70	ns
1.5 V LVCMOS	4 mA	4 mA	High	35	–	0.45	3.61	0.03	1.06	0.32	3.35	3.61	2.26	2.34	5.02	5.28	ns
3.3 V PCI	Per PCI spec	–	High	10	25 ⁴	0.45	1.72	0.03	0.64	0.32	1.76	1.27	2.08	2.41	3.42	2.94	ns
3.3 V PCI-X	Per PCI-X spec	–	High	10	25 ⁴	0.45	1.72	0.03	0.62	0.32	1.76	1.27	2.08	2.41	3.42	2.94	ns

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 µA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.
4. Resistance is used to measure I/O propagation delays as defined in PCI specifications. See [Figure 2-11 on page 2-64](#) for connectivity. This resistor is not required during normal operation.

Table 2-29 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances¹
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Standard	Drive Strength	R _{PULL-DOWN} (Ω) ²	R _{PULL-UP} (Ω) ³
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	300
	4 mA	100	300
	6 mA	50	150
	8 mA	50	150
	12 mA	25	75
	16 mA	25	75
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ⁴	100 µA	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	200
	4 mA	100	200
	6 mA	50	100
	8 mA	50	100
	12 mA	25	50
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	225
	4 mA	100	112
	6 mA	50	56
	8 mA	50	56
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	224
	4 mA	100	112
3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	Per PCI/PCI-X specification	25	75

Notes:

1. These maximum values are provided for informational reasons only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on VCCI, drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. $R_{(PULL-DOWN-MAX)} = (VOLspec) / IOspec$
3. $R_{(PULL-UP-MAX)} = (VCCImax - VOHspec) / IOHspec$
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.

**Table 2-34 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks**

	Drive Strength	IOSL (mA) ¹	IOSH (mA) ¹
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	27	25
	4 mA	27	25
	6 mA	54	51
	8 mA	54	51
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ²	100 µA	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	18	16
	4 mA	18	16
	6 mA	37	32
	8 mA	37	32
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	11	9
	4 mA	22	17
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	16	13

Notes:

1. $T_J = 100^\circ C$
2. Applicable to 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range. I_{OSL}/I_{OSH} dependent on the I/O buffer drive strength selected for wide range applications. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.

The length of time an I/O can withstand IOSH/IOSL events depends on the junction temperature. The reliability data below is based on a 3.3 V, 12 mA I/O setting, which is the worst case for this type of analysis.

For example, at 100°C, the short current condition would have to be sustained for more than six months to cause a reliability concern. The I/O design does not contain any short circuit protection, but such protection would only be needed in extremely prolonged stress conditions.

Table 2-35 • Duration of Short Circuit Event Before Failure

Temperature	Time before Failure
-40°C	> 20 years
0°C	> 20 years
25°C	> 20 years
70°C	5 years
85°C	2 years
100°C	0.5 years

Table 2-36 • I/O Input Rise Time, Fall Time, and Related I/O Reliability

Input Buffer	Input Rise/Fall Time (min)	Input Rise/Fall Time (max)	Reliability
LVTTL/LVCMOS	No requirement	10 ns *	20 years (110°C)
LVDS/B-LVDS/ M-LVDS/LVPECL	No requirement	10 ns *	10 years (100°C)

Note: *The maximum input rise/fall time is related to the noise induced into the input buffer trace. If the noise is low, then the rise time and fall time of input buffers can be increased beyond the maximum value. The longer the rise/fall times, the more susceptible the input signal is to the board noise. Microsemi recommends signal integrity evaluation/characterization of the system to ensure that there is no excessive noise coupling into input signals.

**Table 2-49 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks**

3.3 V LVC MOS Wide Range	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ²	IIH ³
		Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	μA	μA	Max mA ⁴	Max mA ⁴	μA ⁵	μA ⁵
100 μA	2 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	4 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	6 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	8 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVC MOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 μA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where -0.3 V < VIN < VIL.
3. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. All LVMCOS 3.3 V software macros support LVC MOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
6. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-72 • 1.8 V LVC MOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	11.33	0.04	1.20	0.43	8.72	11.33	2.24	1.52	10.96	13.57	ns
	-1	0.56	9.64	0.04	1.02	0.36	7.42	9.64	1.91	1.29	9.32	11.54	ns
	-2	0.49	8.46	0.03	0.90	0.32	6.51	8.46	1.68	1.14	8.18	10.13	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	6.48	0.04	1.20	0.43	5.48	6.48	2.65	2.60	7.72	8.72	ns
	-1	0.56	5.51	0.04	1.02	0.36	4.66	5.51	2.25	2.21	6.56	7.42	ns
	-2	0.49	4.84	0.03	0.90	0.32	4.09	4.84	1.98	1.94	5.76	6.51	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.06	0.04	1.20	0.43	3.84	4.06	2.93	3.10	6.07	6.30	ns
	-1	0.56	3.45	0.04	1.02	0.36	3.27	3.45	2.49	2.64	5.17	5.36	ns
	-2	0.49	3.03	0.03	0.90	0.32	2.87	3.03	2.19	2.32	4.54	4.70	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	4.06	0.04	1.20	0.43	3.84	4.06	2.93	3.10	6.07	6.30	ns
	-1	0.56	3.45	0.04	1.02	0.36	3.27	3.45	2.49	2.64	5.17	5.36	ns
	-2	0.49	3.03	0.03	0.90	0.32	2.87	3.03	2.19	2.32	4.54	4.70	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

DDR Module Specifications

Input DDR Module

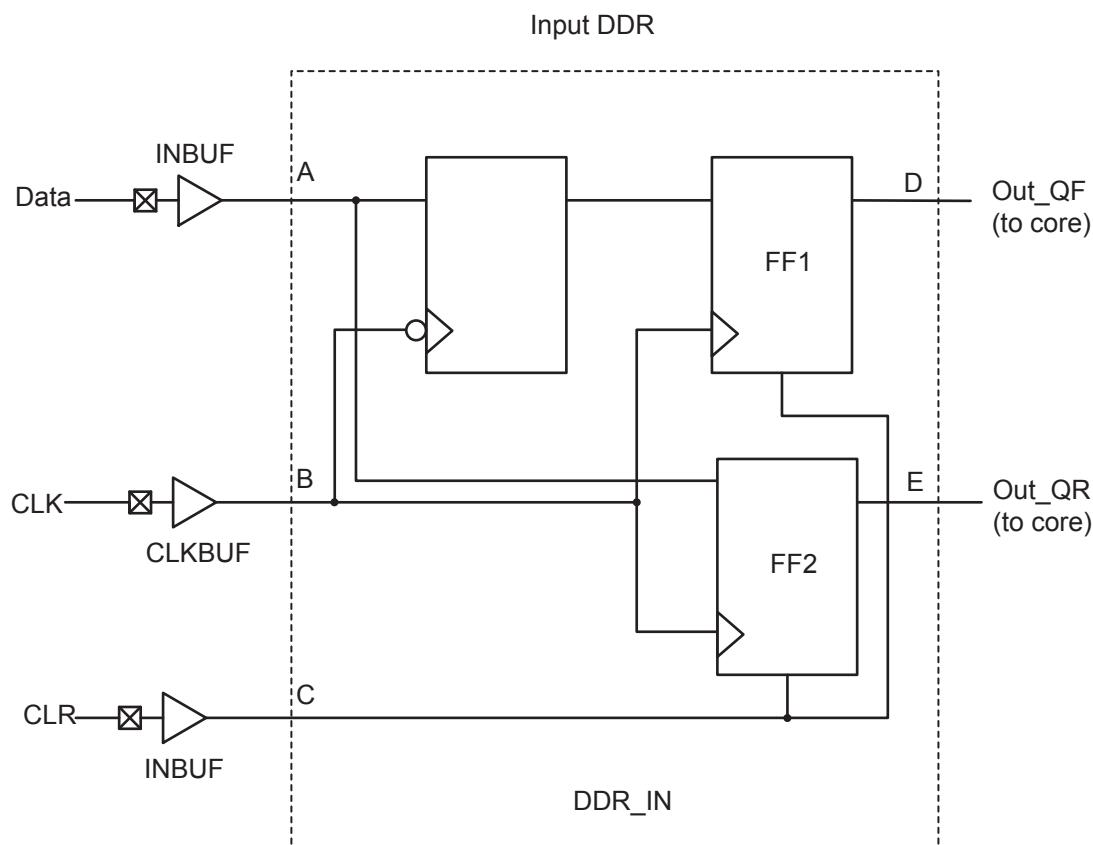


Figure 2-20 • Input DDR Timing Model

Table 2-101 • Parameter Definitions

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)
$t_{DDRICLKQ1}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QR	B, D
$t_{DDRICLKQ2}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QF	B, E
$t_{DDRISUD}$	Data Setup Time of DDR input	A, B
t_{DDRIHD}	Data Hold Time of DDR input	A, B
$t_{DDRICLR2Q1}$	Clear-to-Out Out_QR	C, D
$t_{DDRICLR2Q2}$	Clear-to-Out Out_QF	C, E
$t_{DDRIREMCLR}$	Clear Removal	C, B
$t_{DDRIRECCLR}$	Clear Recovery	C, B

Output DDR Module

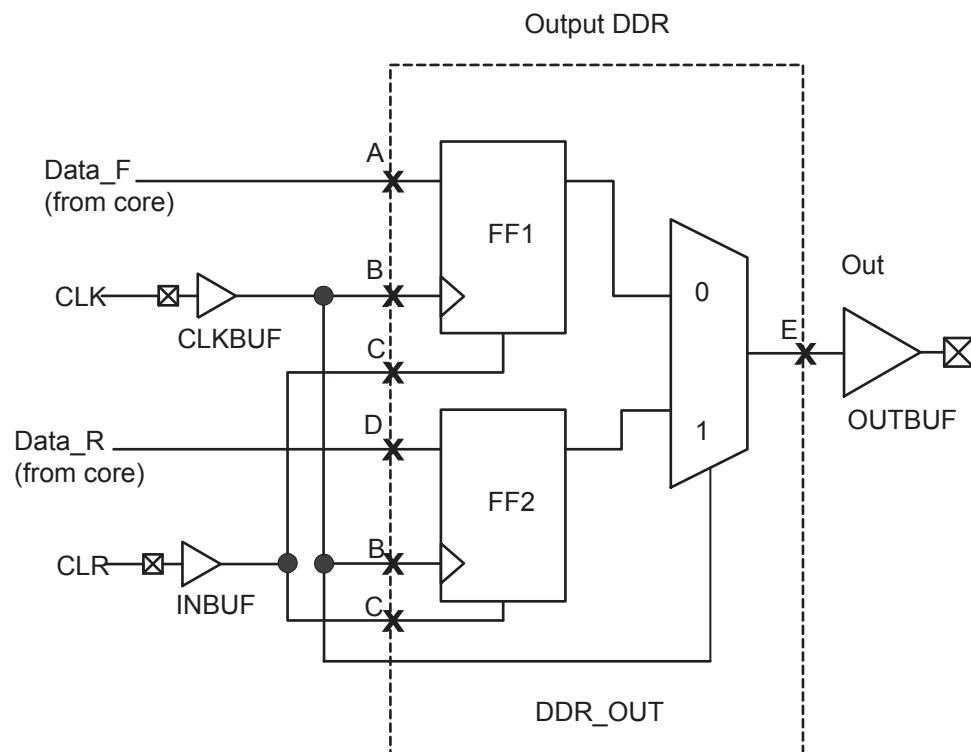


Figure 2-22 • Output DDR Timing Model

Table 2-103 • Parameter Definitions

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)
$t_{DDROCLKQ}$	Clock-to-Out	B, E
$t_{DDROCLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out	C, E
$t_{DDROREMCLR}$	Clear Removal	C, B
$t_{DDRORECCCLR}$	Clear Recovery	C, B
$t_{DDROSUD1}$	Data Setup Data_F	A, B
$t_{DDROSUD2}$	Data Setup Data_R	D, B
$t_{DDROHD1}$	Data Hold Data_F	A, B
$t_{DDROHD2}$	Data Hold Data_R	D, B

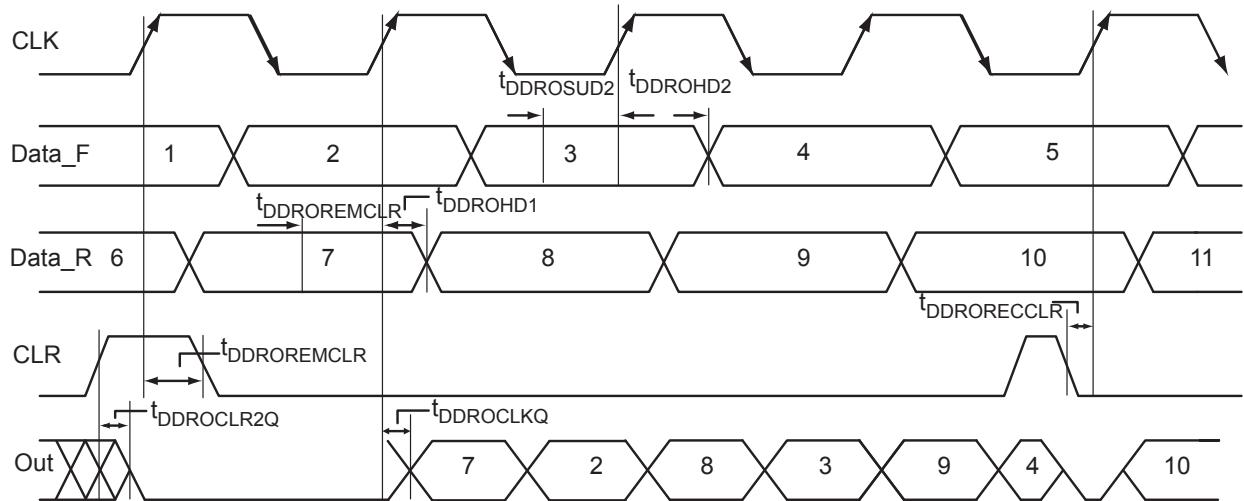


Figure 2-23 • Output DDR Timing Diagram

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-104 • Output DDR Propagation Delays

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
$t_{DDROCLKQ}$	Clock-to-Out of DDR for Output DDR	0.70	0.80	0.94	ns
$t_{DDROSUD1}$	Data_F Data Setup for Output DDR	0.38	0.43	0.51	ns
$t_{DDROSUD2}$	Data_R Data Setup for Output DDR	0.38	0.43	0.51	ns
$t_{DDROHD1}$	Data_F Data Hold for Output DDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{DDROHD2}$	Data_R Data Hold for Output DDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{DDROCLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out for Output DDR	0.80	0.91	1.07	ns
$t_{DDROREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for Output DDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{DDRORECCCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for Output DDR	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{DDROWCLR1}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for Output DDR	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{DDROCKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output DDR	0.36	0.41	0.48	ns
$t_{DDROCKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output DDR	0.32	0.37	0.43	ns
F_{DDOMAX}	Maximum Frequency for the Output DDR	350	309	263	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

3 – Pin Descriptions

Supply Pins

GND**Ground**

Ground supply voltage to the core, I/O outputs, and I/O logic.

GNDQ**Ground (quiet)**

Quiet ground supply voltage to input buffers of I/O banks. Within the package, the GNDQ plane is decoupled from the simultaneous switching noise originated from the output buffer ground domain. This minimizes the noise transfer within the package and improves input signal integrity. GNDQ must always be connected to GND on the board.

VCC**Core Supply Voltage**

Supply voltage to the FPGA core, nominally 1.5 V. VCC is required for powering the JTAG state machine in addition to VJTAG. Even when a device is in bypass mode in a JTAG chain of interconnected devices, both VCC and VJTAG must remain powered to allow JTAG signals to pass through the device.

VCCI_{Bx}**I/O Supply Voltage**

Supply voltage to the bank's I/O output buffers and I/O logic. Bx is the I/O bank number. There are up to eight I/O banks on low power flash devices plus a dedicated VJTAG bank. Each bank can have a separate VCCI connection. All I/Os in a bank will run off the same VCCI_{Bx} supply. VCCI can be 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, or 3.3 V, nominal voltage. In general, unused I/O banks should have their corresponding VCCI_X pins tied to GND. If an output pad is terminated to ground through any resistor and if the corresponding VCCI_X is left floating, then the leakage current to ground is ~ 0uA. However, if an output pad is terminated to ground through any resistor and the corresponding VCCI_X grounded, then the leakage current to ground is ~ 3 uA. For unused banks the aforementioned behavior is to be taken into account while deciding if it's better to float VCCI_X of unused bank or tie it to GND.

VMV_x**I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)**

Quiet supply voltage to the input buffers of each I/O bank. x is the bank number. Within the package, the VMV plane biases the input stage of the I/Os in the I/O banks. This minimizes the noise transfer within the package and improves input signal integrity. Each bank must have at least one VMV connection, and no VMV should be left unconnected. All I/Os in a bank run off the same VMV_x supply. VMV is used to provide a quiet supply voltage to the input buffers of each I/O bank. VMV_x can be 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, or 3.3 V, nominal voltage. Unused I/O banks should have their corresponding VMV pins tied to GND. VMV and VCCI should be at the same voltage within a given I/O bank. Used VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins of the same bank (i.e., VMV0 to VCCI_{B0}, VMV1 to VCCI_{B1}, etc.).

VCCPLA/B/C/D/E/F PLL Supply Voltage

Supply voltage to analog PLL, nominally 1.5 V.

When the PLLs are not used, the Designer place-and-route tool automatically disables the unused PLLs to lower power consumption. The user should tie unused VCCPLx and VCOMPLx pins to ground. Microsemi recommends tying VCCPLx to VCC and using proper filtering circuits to decouple VCC noise from the PLLs. Refer to the PLL Power Supply Decoupling section of the "Clock Conditioning Circuits in IGLOO and ProASIC3 Devices" chapter of the *ProASIC3 FPGA Fabric User's Guide* for a complete board solution for the PLL analog power supply and ground.

There is one VCCPLF pin on ProASIC3 devices.

VCOMPLA/B/C/D/E/F PLL Ground

Ground to analog PLL power supplies. When the PLLs are not used, the Designer place-and-route tool automatically disables the unused PLLs to lower power consumption. The user should tie unused VCCPLx and VCOMPLx pins to ground.

There is one VCOMPLF pin on ProASIC3 devices.

In critical applications, an upset in the JTAG circuit could allow entrance to an undesired JTAG state. In such cases, Microsemi recommends tying off TRST to GND through a resistor placed close to the FPGA pin.

Note that to operate at all VJTAG voltages, $500\ \Omega$ to $1\ k\Omega$ will satisfy the requirements.

Special Function Pins

NC No Connect

This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device. These pins can be driven to any voltage or can be left floating with no effect on the operation of the device.

DC Do Not Connect

This pin should not be connected to any signals on the PCB. These pins should be left unconnected.

Related Documents

User's Guides

ProASIC FPGA Fabric User's Guide

http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/PA3_UG.pdf

Packaging

The following documents provide packaging information and device selection for low power flash devices.

Product Catalog

http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/ProdCat_PIB.pdf

Lists devices currently recommended for new designs and the packages available for each member of the family. Use this document or the datasheet tables to determine the best package for your design, and which package drawing to use.

Package Mechanical Drawings

<http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/PckgMechDrwngs.pdf>

This document contains the package mechanical drawings for all packages currently or previously supplied by Actel. Use the bookmarks to navigate to the package mechanical drawings.

Additional packaging materials are at <http://www.microsemi.com/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>.

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
A1	IO01RSB1
A2	IO81RSB1
A3	NC
A4	IO80RSB1
A5	GEC0/IO77RSB1
A6	NC
A7	GEB0/IO75RSB1
A8	IO73RSB1
A9	NC
A10	VCC
A11	IO71RSB1
A12	IO68RSB1
A13	IO63RSB1
A14	IO60RSB1
A15	NC
A16	IO59RSB1
A17	IO57RSB1
A18	VCC
A19	IO54RSB1
A20	IO52RSB1
A21	IO49RSB1
A22	IO48RSB1
A23	IO47RSB1
A24	TDI
A25	TRST
A26	IO44RSB0
A27	NC
A28	IO43RSB0
A29	IO42RSB0
A30	IO40RSB0
A31	IO39RSB0
A32	GDC0/IO36RSB0
A33	NC
A34	VCC
A35	IO34RSB0
A36	IO31RSB0

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
A37	IO26RSB0
A38	IO23RSB0
A39	NC
A40	IO22RSB0
A41	IO20RSB0
A42	IO18RSB0
A43	VCC
A44	IO15RSB0
A45	IO12RSB0
A46	IO10RSB0
A47	IO09RSB0
A48	IO06RSB0
B1	IO02RSB1
B2	IO82RSB1
B3	GND
B4	IO79RSB1
B5	NC
B6	GND
B7	IO74RSB1
B8	NC
B9	GND
B10	IO70RSB1
B11	IO67RSB1
B12	IO64RSB1
B13	IO61RSB1
B14	GND
B15	IO58RSB1
B16	IO56RSB1
B17	GND
B18	IO53RSB1
B19	IO50RSB1
B20	GND
B21	IO46RSB1
B22	TMS
B23	TDO
B24	IO45RSB0

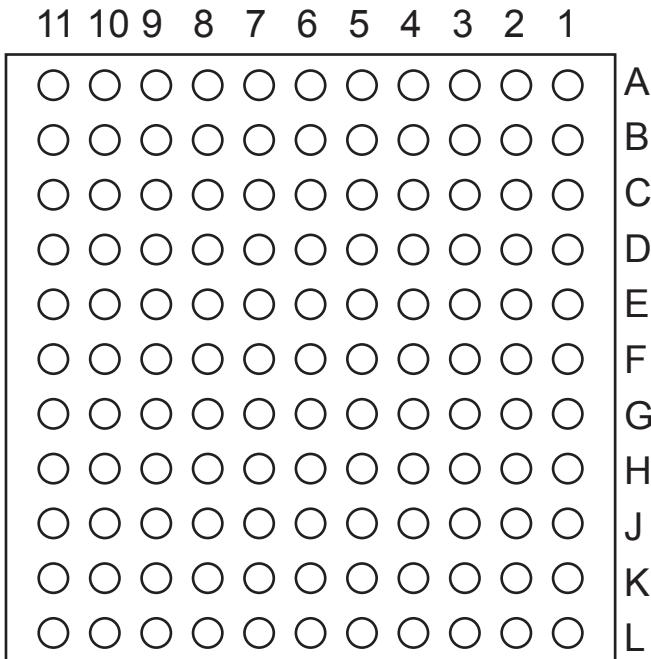
QN132	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
B25	GND
B26	NC
B27	IO41RSB0
B28	GND
B29	GDA0/IO37RSB0
B30	NC
B31	GND
B32	IO33RSB0
B33	IO30RSB0
B34	IO27RSB0
B35	IO24RSB0
B36	GND
B37	IO21RSB0
B38	IO19RSB0
B39	GND
B40	IO16RSB0
B41	IO13RSB0
B42	GND
B43	IO08RSB0
B44	IO05RSB0
C1	IO03RSB1
C2	IO00RSB1
C3	NC
C4	IO78RSB1
C5	GEA0/IO76RSB1
C6	NC
C7	NC
C8	VCCIB1
C9	IO69RSB1
C10	IO66RSB1
C11	IO65RSB1
C12	IO62RSB1
C13	NC
C14	NC
C15	IO55RSB1
C16	VCCIB1

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
A1	GAB2/IO117UPB3
A2	IO117VPB3
A3	VCCIB3
A4	GFC1/IO110PDB3
A5	GFB0/IO109NPB3
A6	VCCPLF
A7	GFA1/IO108PPB3
A8	GFC2/IO105PPB3
A9	IO103NDB3
A10	VCC
A11	GEA1/IO98PPB3
A12	GEA0/IO98NPB3
A13	GEC2/IO95RSB2
A14	IO91RSB2
A15	VCC
A16	IO90RSB2
A17	IO87RSB2
A18	IO85RSB2
A19	IO82RSB2
A20	IO76RSB2
A21	IO70RSB2
A22	VCC
A23	GDB2/IO62RSB2
A24	TDI
A25	TRST
A26	GDC1/IO58UDB1
A27	VCC
A28	IO54NDB1
A29	IO52NDB1
A30	GCA2/IO51PPB1
A31	GCA0/IO50NPB1
A32	GCB1/IO49PDB1
A33	IO47NSB1
A34	VCC
A35	IO41NPB1
A36	GBA2/IO41PPB1

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
A37	GBB1/IO38RSB0
A38	GBC0/IO35RSB0
A39	VCCIB0
A40	IO28RSB0
A41	IO22RSB0
A42	IO18RSB0
A43	IO14RSB0
A44	IO11RSB0
A45	IO07RSB0
A46	VCC
A47	GAC1/IO05RSB0
A48	GAB0/IO02RSB0
B1	IO118VDB3
B2	GAC2/IO116UDB3
B3	GND
B4	GFC0/IO110NDB3
B5	VCOMPLF
B6	GND
B7	GFB2/IO106PSB3
B8	IO103PDB3
B9	GND
B10	GEB0/IO99NDB3
B11	VMV3
B12	GEB2/IO96RSB2
B13	IO92RSB2
B14	GND
B15	IO89RSB2
B16	IO86RSB2
B17	GND
B18	IO78RSB2
B19	IO72RSB2
B20	GND
B21	GNDQ
B22	TMS
B23	TDO
B24	GDC0/IO58VDB1

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
B25	GND
B26	IO54PDB1
B27	GCB2/IO52PDB1
B28	GND
B29	GCB0/IO49NDB1
B30	GCC1/IO48PDB1
B31	GND
B32	GBB2/IO42PDB1
B33	VMV1
B34	GBA0/IO39RSB0
B35	GBC1/IO36RSB0
B36	GND
B37	IO26RSB0
B38	IO21RSB0
B39	GND
B40	IO13RSB0
B41	IO08RSB0
B42	GND
B43	GAC0/IO04RSB0
B44	GNDQ
C1	GAA2/IO118UDB3
C2	IO116VDB3
C3	VCC
C4	GFB1/IO109PPB3
C5	GFA0/IO108NPB3
C6	GFA2/IO107PSB3
C7	IO105NPB3
C8	VCCIB3
C9	GEB1/IO99PDB3
C10	GNDQ
C11	GEA2/IO97RSB2
C12	IO94RSB2
C13	VCCIB2
C14	IO88RSB2
C15	IO84RSB2
C16	IO80RSB2

CS121 – Bottom View



Note: *The die attach paddle center of the package is tied to ground (GND).*

Note

For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO155UDB3
3	IO155VDB3
4	GAB2/IO154UDB3
5	IO154VDB3
6	GAC2/IO153UDB3
7	IO153VDB3
8	IO152UDB3
9	IO152VDB3
10	IO151UDB3
11	IO151VDB3
12	IO150PDB3
13	IO150NDB3
14	IO149PDB3
15	IO149NDB3
16	VCC
17	GND
18	VCCIB3
19	IO148PDB3
20	IO148NDB3
21	GFC1/IO147PDB3
22	GFC0/IO147NDB3
23	GFB1/IO146PDB3
24	GFB0/IO146NDB3
25	VCOMPLF
26	GFA0/IO145NPB3
27	VCCPLF
28	GFA1/IO145PPB3
29	GND
30	GFA2/IO144PDB3
31	IO144NDB3
32	GFB2/IO143PDB3
33	IO143NDB3
34	GFC2/IO142PDB3
35	IO142NDB3
36	NC

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
37	IO141PSB3
38	IO140PDB3
39	IO140NDB3
40	VCCIB3
41	GND
42	IO138PDB3
43	IO138NDB3
44	GEC1/IO137PDB3
45	GEC0/IO137NDB3
46	GEB1/IO136PDB3
47	GEB0/IO136NDB3
48	GEA1/IO135PDB3
49	GEA0/IO135NDB3
50	VMV3
51	GNDQ
52	GND
53	VMV2
54	NC
55	GEA2/IO134RSB2
56	GEB2/IO133RSB2
57	GEC2/IO132RSB2
58	IO131RSB2
59	IO130RSB2
60	IO129RSB2
61	IO128RSB2
62	VCCIB2
63	IO125RSB2
64	IO123RSB2
65	GND
66	IO121RSB2
67	IO119RSB2
68	IO117RSB2
69	IO115RSB2
70	IO113RSB2
71	VCC
72	VCCIB2

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
73	IO112RSB2
74	IO111RSB2
75	IO110RSB2
76	IO109RSB2
77	IO108RSB2
78	IO107RSB2
79	IO106RSB2
80	IO104RSB2
81	GND
82	IO102RSB2
83	IO101RSB2
84	IO100RSB2
85	IO99RSB2
86	IO98RSB2
87	IO97RSB2
88	VCC
89	VCCIB2
90	IO94RSB2
91	IO92RSB2
92	IO90RSB2
93	IO88RSB2
94	IO86RSB2
95	IO84RSB2
96	GDC2/IO82RSB2
97	GND
98	GDB2/IO81RSB2
99	GDA2/IO80RSB2
100	GNDQ
101	TCK
102	TDI
103	TMS
104	VMV2
105	GND
106	VPUMP
107	NC
108	TDO

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
A1	GND
A2	GAA0/IO00RSB0
A3	GAA1/IO01RSB0
A4	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A5	IO07RSB0
A6	IO10RSB0
A7	IO11RSB0
A8	IO15RSB0
A9	IO20RSB0
A10	IO25RSB0
A11	IO29RSB0
A12	IO33RSB0
A13	GBB1/IO38RSB0
A14	GBA0/IO39RSB0
A15	GBA1/IO40RSB0
A16	GND
B1	GAB2/IO117UDB3
B2	GAA2/IO118UDB3
B3	NC
B4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
B5	IO06RSB0
B6	IO09RSB0
B7	IO12RSB0
B8	IO16RSB0
B9	IO21RSB0
B10	IO26RSB0
B11	IO30RSB0
B12	GBC1/IO36RSB0
B13	GBB0/IO37RSB0
B14	NC
B15	GBA2/IO41PDB1
B16	IO41NDB1
C1	IO117VDB3
C2	IO118VDB3
C3	NC
C4	NC

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
C5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
C6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
C7	IO13RSB0
C8	IO17RSB0
C9	IO22RSB0
C10	IO27RSB0
C11	IO31RSB0
C12	GBC0/IO35RSB0
C13	IO34RSB0
C14	NC
C15	IO42NPB1
C16	IO44PDB1
D1	IO114VDB3
D2	IO114UDB3
D3	GAC2/IO116UDB3
D4	NC
D5	GNDQ
D6	IO08RSB0
D7	IO14RSB0
D8	IO18RSB0
D9	IO23RSB0
D10	IO28RSB0
D11	IO32RSB0
D12	GNDQ
D13	NC
D14	GBB2/IO42PPB1
D15	NC
D16	IO44NDB1
E1	IO113PDB3
E2	NC
E3	IO116VDB3
E4	IO115UDB3
E5	VMV0
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	IO19RSB0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
E9	IO24RSB0
E10	VCCIB0
E11	VCCIB0
E12	VMV1
E13	GBC2/IO43PDB1
E14	IO46RSB1
E15	NC
E16	IO45PDB1
F1	IO113NDB3
F2	IO112PPB3
F3	NC
F4	IO115VDB3
F5	VCCIB3
F6	GND
F7	VCC
F8	VCC
F9	VCC
F10	VCC
F11	GND
F12	VCCIB1
F13	IO43NDB1
F14	NC
F15	IO47PPB1
F16	IO45NDB1
G1	IO111NDB3
G2	IO111PDB3
G3	IO112NPB3
G4	GFC1/IO110PPB3
G5	VCCIB3
G6	VCC
G7	GND
G8	GND
G9	GND
G10	GND
G11	VCC
G12	VCCIB1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
P9	IO98RSB2
P10	IO95RSB2
P11	IO88RSB2
P12	IO84RSB2
P13	TCK
P14	VPUMP
P15	TRST
P16	GDA0/IO79VDB1
R1	GEA1/IO135PDB3
R2	GEA0/IO135NDB3
R3	IO127RSB2
R4	GEC2/IO132RSB2
R5	IO123RSB2
R6	IO118RSB2
R7	IO112RSB2
R8	IO106RSB2
R9	IO100RSB2
R10	IO96RSB2
R11	IO89RSB2
R12	IO85RSB2
R13	GDB2/IO81RSB2
R14	TDI
R15	NC
R16	TDO
T1	GND
T2	IO126RSB2
T3	GEB2/IO133RSB2
T4	IO124RSB2
T5	IO116RSB2
T6	IO113RSB2
T7	IO107RSB2
T8	IO105RSB2
T9	IO102RSB2
T10	IO97RSB2
T11	IO92RSB2
T12	GDC2/IO82RSB2

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
T13	IO86RSB2
T14	GDA2/IO80RSB2
T15	TMS
T16	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
E21	NC
E22	NC
F1	NC
F2	NC
F3	NC
F4	IO154VDB3
F5	IO155VDB3
F6	IO11RSB0
F7	IO07RSB0
F8	GAC0/IO04RSB0
F9	GAC1/IO05RSB0
F10	IO20RSB0
F11	IO24RSB0
F12	IO33RSB0
F13	IO39RSB0
F14	IO45RSB0
F15	GBC0/IO54RSB0
F16	IO48RSB0
F17	VMV0
F18	IO61NPB1
F19	IO63PDB1
F20	NC
F21	NC
F22	NC
G1	NC
G2	NC
G3	NC
G4	IO151VDB3
G5	IO151UDB3
G6	GAC2/IO153UDB3
G7	IO06RSB0
G8	GNDQ
G9	IO10RSB0
G10	IO19RSB0
G11	IO26RSB0
G12	IO30RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
G13	IO40RSB0
G14	IO46RSB0
G15	GNDQ
G16	IO47RSB0
G17	GBB2/IO61PPB1
G18	IO53RSB0
G19	IO63NDB1
G20	NC
G21	NC
G22	NC
H1	NC
H2	NC
H3	VCC
H4	IO150PDB3
H5	IO08RSB0
H6	IO153VDB3
H7	IO152VDB3
H8	VMV0
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO25RSB0
H12	IO31RSB0
H13	VCCIB0
H14	VCCIB0
H15	VMV1
H16	GBC2/IO62PDB1
H17	IO65RSB1
H18	IO52RSB0
H19	IO66PDB1
H20	VCC
H21	NC
H22	NC
J1	NC
J2	NC
J3	NC
J4	IO150NDB3

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
J5	IO149NPB3
J6	IO09RSB0
J7	IO152UDB3
J8	VCCIB3
J9	GND
J10	VCC
J11	VCC
J12	VCC
J13	VCC
J14	GND
J15	VCCIB1
J16	IO62NDB1
J17	IO49RSB0
J18	IO64PPB1
J19	IO66NDB1
J20	NC
J21	NC
J22	NC
K1	NC
K2	NC
K3	NC
K4	IO148NDB3
K5	IO148PDB3
K6	IO149PPB3
K7	GFC1/IO147PPB3
K8	VCCIB3
K9	VCC
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K13	GND
K14	VCC
K15	VCCIB1
K16	GCC1/IO67PPB1
K17	IO64NPB1
K18	IO73PDB1

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
K19	IO73NDB1
K20	NC
K21	NC
K22	NC
L1	NC
L2	NC
L3	NC
L4	GFB0/IO146NPB3
L5	GFA0/IO145NDB3
L6	GFB1/IO146PPB3
L7	VCOMPLF
L8	GFC0/IO147NPB3
L9	VCC
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L13	GND
L14	VCC
L15	GCC0/IO67NPB1
L16	GCB1/IO68PPB1
L17	GCA0/IO69NPB1
L18	NC
L19	GCB0/IO68NPB1
L20	NC
L21	NC
L22	NC
M1	NC
M2	NC
M3	NC
M4	GFA2/IO144PPB3
M5	GFA1/IO145PDB3
M6	VCCPLF
M7	IO143NDB3
M8	GFB2/IO143PDB3
M9	VCC
M10	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
M11	GND
M12	GND
M13	GND
M14	VCC
M15	GCB2/IO71PPB1
M16	GCA1/IO69PPB1
M17	GCC2/IO72PPB1
M18	NC
M19	GCA2/IO70PDB1
M20	NC
M21	NC
M22	NC
N1	NC
N2	NC
N3	NC
N4	GFC2/IO142PDB3
N5	IO144NPB3
N6	IO141PPB3
N7	IO120RSB2
N8	VCCIB3
N9	VCC
N10	GND
N11	GND
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	VCC
N15	VCCIB1
N16	IO71NPB1
N17	IO74RSB1
N18	IO72NPB1
N19	IO70NDB1
N20	NC
N21	NC
N22	NC
P1	NC
P2	NC

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
P3	NC
P4	IO142NDB3
P5	IO141NPB3
P6	IO125RSB2
P7	IO139RSB3
P8	VCCIB3
P9	GND
P10	VCC
P11	VCC
P12	VCC
P13	VCC
P14	GND
P15	VCCIB1
P16	GDB0/IO78VPB1
P17	IO76VDB1
P18	IO76UDB1
P19	IO75PDB1
P20	NC
P21	NC
P22	NC
R1	NC
R2	NC
R3	VCC
R4	IO140PDB3
R5	IO130RSB2
R6	IO138NPB3
R7	GEC0/IO137NPB3
R8	VMV3
R9	VCCIB2
R10	VCCIB2
R11	IO108RSB2
R12	IO101RSB2
R13	VCCIB2
R14	VCCIB2
R15	VMV2
R16	IO83RSB2

Revision	Changes	Page
Advance v0.6 (continued)	The "RESET" section was updated.	2-25
	The "WCLK and RCLK" section was updated.	2-25
	The "RESET" section was updated.	2-25
	The "RESET" section was updated.	2-27
	The "Introduction" of the "Advanced I/Os" section was updated.	2-28
	The "I/O Banks" section is new. This section explains the following types of I/Os: Advanced Standard+ Standard Table 2-12 • Automotive ProASIC3 Bank Types Definition and Differences is new. This table describes the standards listed above.	2-29
	PCI-X 3.3 V was added to the Compatible Standards for 3.3 V in Table 2-11 • VCCI Voltages and Compatible Standards	2-29
	Table 2-13 • ProASIC3 I/O Features was updated.	2-30
	The "Double Data Rate (DDR) Support" section was updated to include information concerning implementation of the feature.	2-32
	The "Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protection" section was updated to include testing information.	2-35
	Level 3 and 4 descriptions were updated in Table 2-43 • I/O Hot-Swap and 5 V Input Tolerance Capabilities in ProASIC3 Devices.	2-64
	The notes in Table 2-43 • I/O Hot-Swap and 5 V Input Tolerance Capabilities in ProASIC3 Devices were updated.	2-64
	The "Simultaneous Switching Outputs (SSOs) and Printed Circuit Board Layout" section is new.	2-41
	A footnote was added to Table 2-14 • Maximum I/O Frequency for Single-Ended and Differential I/Os in All Banks in Automotive ProASIC3 Devices (maximum drive strength and high slew selected).	2-30
	Table 2-18 • Automotive ProASIC3 I/O Attributes vs. I/O Standard Applications	2-45
	Table 2-50 • ProASIC3 Output Drive (OUT_DRIVE) for Standard I/O Bank Type (A3P030 device)	2-83
	Table 2-51 • ProASIC3 Output Drive for Standard+ I/O Bank Type was updated.	2-84
	Table 2-54 • ProASIC3 Output Drive for Advanced I/O Bank Type was updated.	2-84
	The "x" was updated in the "User I/O Naming Convention" section.	2-48
	The "VCC Core Supply Voltage" pin description was updated.	2-50
	The "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" pin description was updated to include information concerning leaving the pin unconnected.	2-50
	The "VJTAG JTAG Supply Voltage" pin description was updated.	2-50
	The "VPUMP Programming Supply Voltage" pin description was updated to include information on what happens when the pin is tied to ground.	2-50
	The "I/O User Input/Output" pin description was updated to include information on what happens when the pin is unused.	2-50
	The "JTAG Pins" section was updated to include information on what happens when the pin is unused.	2-51