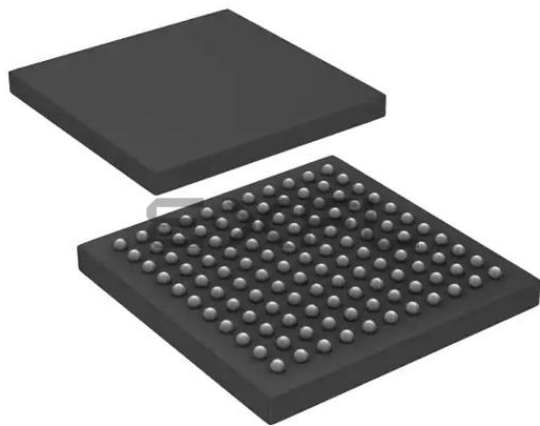




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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPs
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	83
Program Memory Size	256KB (85.5K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	12K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 32x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	121-TFBGA
Supplier Device Package	121-TFBGA (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep256mu810-e-bg

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TABLE 4-1: CPU CORE REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXX(GP/MC/MU)806/810/814 DEVICES ONLY (CONTINUED)

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
SR	0042	OA	OB	SA	SB	OAB	SAB	DA	DC	IPL2	IPL1	IPL0	RA	N	OV	Z	C	0000	
CORCON	0044	VAR	—	US<1:0>		EDT	DL<2:0>			SATA	SATB	SATDW	ACCSAT	IPL3	SFA	RND	IF	0020	
MODCON	0046	XMODEN	YMODEN	—	—	BWM<3:0>				YWM<3:0>				XWM<3:0>				0000	
XMODSRT	0048	XMODSRT<15:1>																0	0000
XMODEND	004A	XMODEND<15:1>																1	0001
YMODSRT	004C	YMODSRT<15:1>																0	0000
YMODEND	004E	YMODEND<15:1>																1	0001
XBREV	0050	BREN	XBREV<14:0>																0000
DISCNT	0052	—	—	DISCNT<13:0>														0000	
TBLPAG	0054	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TBLPAG<7:0>								0000	
MSTRPR	0058	MSTRPR<15:0>																0000	

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-51: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXGP8XX AND PIC24EPXXXGP8XX DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PMD1	0760	T5MD	T4MD	T3MD	T2MD	T1MD	—	—	DCIMD	I2C1MD	U2MD	U1MD	SPI2MD	SPI1MD	C2MD	C1MD	AD1MD	0000
PMD2	0762	IC8MD	IC7MD	IC6MD	IC5MD	IC4MD	IC3MD	IC2MD	IC1MD	OC8MD	OC7MD	OC6MD	OC5MD	OC4MD	OC3MD	OC2MD	OC1MD	0000
PMD3	0764	T9MD	T8MD	T7MD	T6MD	—	CMPMD	RTCCMD	PMPMD	CRCMD	—	—	—	U3MD	—	I2C2MD	AD2MD	0000
PMD4	0766	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U4MD	—	REFOMD	—	—	0000
PMD5	0768	IC16MD	IC15MD	IC14MD	IC13MD	IC12MD	IC11MD	IC10MD	IC9MD	OC16MD	OC15MD	OC14MD	OC13MD	OC12MD	OC11MD	OC10MD	OC9MD	0000
PMD6	076A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SPI4MD	SPI3MD	0000
PMD7	076C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DMA12MD	DMA8MD	DMA4MD	DMA0MD	—	—	—	—	0000
		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DMA13MD	DMA9MD	DMA5MD	DMA1MD	—	—	—	—	0000
		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DMA14MD	DMA10MD	DMA6MD	DMA2MD	—	—	—	—	0000
		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DMA11MD	DMA7MD	DMA3MD	—	—	—	—	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-52: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGU810/814 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PMD1	0760	T5MD	T4MD	T3MD	T2MD	T1MD	—	—	DCIMD	I2C1MD	U2MD	U1MD	SPI2MD	SPI1MD	C2MD	C1MD	AD1MD	0000
PMD2	0762	IC8MD	IC7MD	IC6MD	IC5MD	IC4MD	IC3MD	IC2MD	IC1MD	OC8MD	OC7MD	OC6MD	OC5MD	OC4MD	OC3MD	OC2MD	OC1MD	0000
PMD3	0764	T9MD	T8MD	T7MD	T6MD	—	CMPMD	RTCCMD	PMPMD	CRCMD	—	—	—	U3MD	—	I2C2MD	AD2MD	0000
PMD4	0766	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U4MD	—	REFOMD	—	—	0000
PMD5	0768	IC16MD	IC15MD	IC14MD	IC13MD	IC12MD	IC11MD	IC10MD	IC9MD	OC16MD	OC15MD	OC14MD	OC13MD	OC12MD	OC11MD	OC10MD	OC9MD	0000
PMD6	076A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SPI4MD	SPI3MD	0000
PMD7	076C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DMA12MD	DMA8MD	DMA4MD	DMA0MD	—	—	—	—	0000
		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DMA13MD	DMA9MD	DMA5MD	DMA1MD	—	—	—	—	0000
		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DMA14MD	DMA10MD	DMA6MD	DMA2MD	—	—	—	—	0000
		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DMA11MD	DMA7MD	DMA3MD	—	—	—	—	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-58: PORTC REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXX(GP/MC/MU)806 AND PIC24EPXXXGP806 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISC	0E20	TRISC15	TRISC14	TRISC13	TRISC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	F000
PORTC	0E22	RC15	RC14	RC13	RC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
LATC	0E24	LATC15	LATC14	LATC13	LATC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
ODCC	0E26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
CNENC	0E28	CNIEC15	CNIEC14	CNIEC13	CNIEC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
CNPUC	0E2A	CNPUC15	CNPUC14	CNPUC13	CNPUC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
CNPDC	0E2C	CNPDC15	CNPDC14	CNPDC13	CNPDC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
ANSELC	0E2E	—	ANSC14	ANSC13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-59: PORTD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXMU810/814 AND PIC24EPXXXGU810/814 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISD	0E30	TRISD15	TRISD14	TRISD13	TRISD12	TRISD11	TRISD10	TRISD9	TRISD8	TRISD7	TRISD6	TRISD5	TRISD4	TRISD3	TRISD2	TRISD1	TRISD0	FFFF
PORTD	0E32	RD15	RD14	RD13	RD12	RD11	RD10	RD9	RD8	RD7	RD6	RD5	RD4	RD3	RD2	RD1	RD0	xxxx
LATD	0E34	LATD15	LATD14	LATD13	LATD12	LATD11	LATD10	LATD9	LATD8	LATD7	LATD6	LATD5	LATD4	LATD3	LATD2	LATD1	LATD0	xxxx
ODCD	0E36	ODCD15	ODCD14	ODCD13	ODCD12	ODCD11	ODCD10	ODCD9	ODCD8	—	—	ODCD5	ODCD4	ODCD3	ODCD2	ODCD1	ODCD0	0000
CNEND	0E38	CNIED15	CNIED14	CNIED13	CNIED12	CNIED11	CNIED10	CNIED9	CNIED8	CNIED7	CNIED6	CNIED5	CNIED4	CNIED3	CNIED2	CNIED1	CNIED0	0000
CNPUD	0E3A	CNPUD15	CNPUD14	CNPUD13	CNPUD12	CNPUD11	CNPUD10	CNPUD9	CNPUD8	CNPUD7	CNPUD6	CNPUD5	CNPUD4	CNPUD3	CNPUD2	CNPUD1	CNPUD0	0000
CNPDD	0E3C	CNPDD15	CNPDD14	CNPDD13	CNPDD12	CNPDD11	CNPDD10	CNPDD9	CNPDD8	CNPDD7	CNPDD6	CNPDD5	CNPDD4	CNPDD3	CNPDD2	CNPDD1	CNPDD0	0000
ANSELD	0E3E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSD6	—	—	—	—	—	00C0

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-60: PORTD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXX(GP/MC/MU)806 AND PIC24EPXXXGP806 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISD	0E30	—	—	—	—	TRISD11	TRISD10	TRISD9	TRISD8	TRISD7	TRISD6	TRISD5	TRISD4	TRISD3	TRISD2	TRISD1	TRISD0	0FFF
PORTD	0E32	—	—	—	—	RD11	RD10	RD9	RD8	RD7	RD6	RD5	RD4	RD3	RD2	RD1	RD0	xxxx
LATD	0E34	—	—	—	—	LATD11	LATD10	LATD9	LATD8	LATD7	LATD6	LATD5	LATD4	LATD3	LATD2	LATD1	LATD0	xxxx
ODCD	0E36	—	—	—	—	ODCD11	ODCD10	ODCD9	ODCD8	—	—	ODCD5	ODCD4	ODCD3	ODCD2	ODCD1	ODCD0	0000
CNEND	0E38	—	—	—	—	CNIED11	CNIED10	CNIED9	CNIED8	CNIED7	CNIED6	CNIED5	CNIED4	CNIED3	CNIED2	CNIED1	CNIED0	0000
CNPUD	0E3A	—	—	—	—	CNPUD11	CNPUD10	CNPUD9	CNPUD8	CNPUD7	CNPUD6	CNPUD5	CNPUD4	CNPUD3	CNPUD2	CNPUD1	CNPUD0	0000
CNPDD	0E3C	—	—	—	—	CNPDD11	CNPDD10	CNPDD9	CNPDD8	CNPDD7	CNPDD6	CNPDD5	CNPDD4	CNPDD3	CNPDD2	CNPDD1	CNPDD0	0000
ANSELD	0E3E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSD7	ANSD6	—	—	—	—	00C0

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

9.0 OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATION

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXX(GP/MC/MU)806/810/814 and PIC24EPXXX(GP/GU)810/814 families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 7. “Oscillator”** (DS70580) of the “*dsPIC33E/PIC24E Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The oscillator system provides:

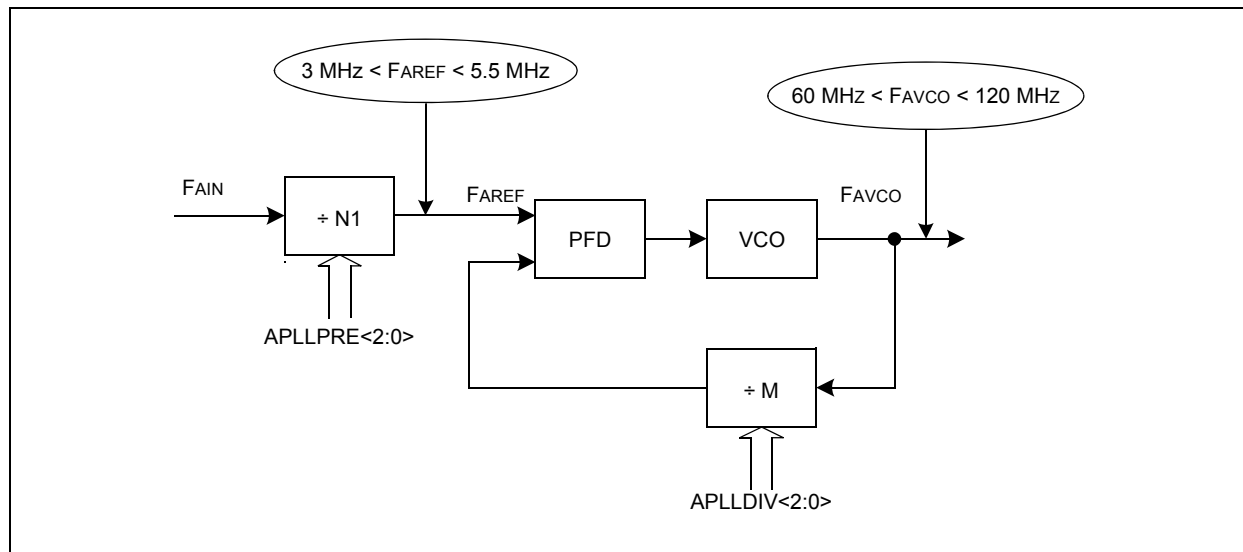
- Four external and internal oscillator options
- Auxiliary oscillator that provides clock source to the USB module (if available)
- On-chip Phase-Locked Loop (PLL) to boost internal operating frequency on select internal and external oscillator sources
- On-the-fly clock switching between various clock sources
- Doze mode for system power savings
- Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) that detects clock failure and permits safe application recovery or shutdown
- Nonvolatile Configuration bits for clock source selection

A simplified diagram of the oscillator system is shown in Figure 9-1.

Figure 9-3 illustrates a block diagram of the auxiliary PLL module.

Note: The auxiliary PLL module is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMU8XX and PIC24EPXXXGU8XX devices.

FIGURE 9-3: APLL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Equation 9-4 shows the relationship between the auxiliary PLL input clock frequency (F_{AIN}) and the VCO frequency (F_{VCO}).

EQUATION 9-4: F_{VCO} CALCULATION

$$F_{VCO} = F_{AIN} \times \left(\frac{M}{N1} \right)$$

REGISTER 9-2: CLKDIV: CLOCK DIVISOR REGISTER⁽²⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ROI	DOZE<2:0> ⁽³⁾			DOZEN ^(1,4)	FRCDIV<2:0>		
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-1	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PLLPOST<1:0>		—	PLLPRE<4:0>				
bit 7							bit 0

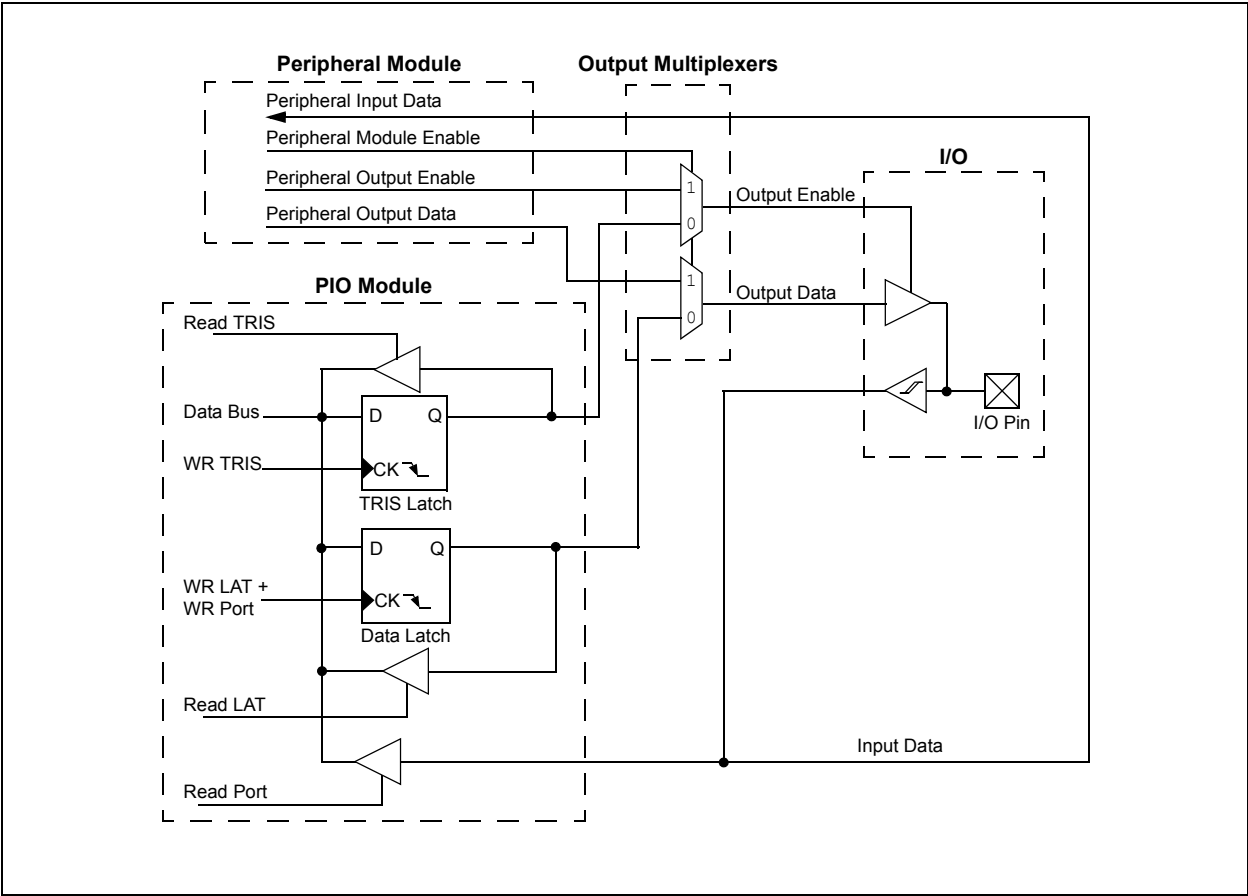
Legend:	y = Value set from Configuration bits on POR		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **ROI:** Recover on Interrupt bit
1 = Interrupts will clear the DOZEN bit and the processor clock and peripheral clock ratio is set to 1:1
0 = Interrupts have no effect on the DOZEN bit
- bit 14-12 **DOZE<2:0>:** Processor Clock Reduction Select bits⁽³⁾
111 = Fcy divided by 128
110 = Fcy divided by 64
101 = Fcy divided by 32
100 = Fcy divided by 16
011 = Fcy divided by 8 (default)
010 = Fcy divided by 4
001 = Fcy divided by 2
000 = Fcy divided by 1
- bit 11 **DOZEN:** Doze Mode Enable bit^(1,4)
1 = DOZE<2:0> field specifies the ratio between the peripheral clocks and the processor clocks
0 = Processor clock and peripheral clock ratio forced to 1:1
- bit 10-8 **FRCDIV<2:0>:** Internal Fast RC Oscillator Postscaler bits
111 = FRC divided by 256
110 = FRC divided by 64
101 = FRC divided by 32
100 = FRC divided by 16
011 = FRC divided by 8
010 = FRC divided by 4
001 = FRC divided by 2
000 = FRC divided by 1 (default)
- bit 7-6 **PLLPOST<1:0>:** PLL VCO Output Divider Select bits (also denoted as 'N2', PLL postscaler)
11 = Output divided by 8
10 = Reserved
01 = Output divided by 4 (default)
00 = Output divided by 2
- bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** This bit is cleared when the ROI bit is set and an interrupt occurs.
2: This register resets only on a Power-on Reset (POR).
3: DOZE<2:0> bits can only be written to when the DOZEN bit is clear. If DOZEN = 1, any writes to DOZE<2:0> are ignored.
4: The DOZEN bit cannot be set if DOZE<2:0> = 000. If DOZE<2:0> = 000, any attempt by user software to set the DOZEN bit is ignored.

NOTES:

FIGURE 11-1: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF A TYPICAL SHARED PORT STRUCTURE



NOTES:

REGISTER 16-22: LEBCONx: LEADING-EDGE BLANKING CONTROL REGISTER x

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0
PHR	PHF	PLR	PLF	FLTLEBEN	CLLEBEN	—	—
bit 15						bit 8	
U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	BCH ⁽¹⁾	BCL ⁽¹⁾	BPHH	BPHL	BPLH	BPLL
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **PHR:** PWMxH Rising Edge Trigger Enable bit
1 = Rising edge of PWMxH will trigger Leading-Edge Blanking counter
0 = Leading-Edge Blanking ignores rising edge of PWMxH
- bit 14 **PHF:** PWMxH Falling Edge Trigger Enable bit
1 = Falling edge of PWMxH will trigger Leading-Edge Blanking counter
0 = Leading-Edge Blanking ignores falling edge of PWMxH
- bit 13 **PLR:** PWMxL Rising Edge Trigger Enable bit
1 = Rising edge of PWMxL will trigger Leading-Edge Blanking counter
0 = Leading-Edge Blanking ignores rising edge of PWMxL
- bit 12 **PLF:** PWMxL Falling Edge Trigger Enable bit
1 = Falling edge of PWMxL will trigger Leading-Edge Blanking counter
0 = Leading-Edge Blanking ignores falling edge of PWMxL
- bit 11 **FLTLEBEN:** Fault Input Leading-Edge Blanking Enable bit
1 = Leading-Edge Blanking is applied to selected Fault input
0 = Leading-Edge Blanking is not applied to selected Fault input
- bit 10 **CLLEBEN:** Current-Limit Leading-Edge Blanking Enable bit
1 = Leading-Edge Blanking is applied to selected current-limit input
0 = Leading-Edge Blanking is not applied to selected current-limit input
- bit 9-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5 **BCH:** Blanking in Selected Blanking Signal High Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = State blanking (of current-limit and/or Fault input signals) when selected blanking signal is high
0 = No blanking when selected blanking signal is high
- bit 4 **BCL:** Blanking in Selected Blanking Signal Low Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = State blanking (of current-limit and/or Fault input signals) when selected blanking signal is low
0 = No blanking when selected blanking signal is low
- bit 3 **BPHH:** Blanking in PWMxH High Enable bit
1 = State blanking (of current-limit and/or Fault input signals) when PWMxH output is high
0 = No blanking when PWMxH output is high
- bit 2 **BPHL:** Blanking in PWMxH Low Enable bit
1 = State blanking (of current-limit and/or Fault input signals) when PWMxH output is low
0 = No blanking when PWMxH output is low
- bit 1 **BPLH:** Blanking in PWMxL High Enable bit
1 = State blanking (of current-limit and/or Fault input signals) when PWMxL output is high
0 = No blanking when PWMxL output is high
- bit 0 **BPLL:** Blanking in PWMxL Low Enable bit
1 = State blanking (of current-limit and/or Fault input signals) when PWMxL output is low
0 = No blanking when PWMxL output is low

Note 1: The blanking signal is selected via the BLANKSELx bits in the AUXCONx register.

REGISTER 21-26: CxTRmnCON: ECANx TX/RX BUFFER m CONTROL REGISTER
(m = 0, 2, 4, 6; n = 1, 3, 5, 7)

R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
TXENn	TXABTn	TXLARBn	TXERRn	TXREQn	RTRENn	TXnPRI<1:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
TXENm	TXABTm ⁽¹⁾	TXLARBm ⁽¹⁾	TXERRm ⁽¹⁾	TXREQm	RTRENm	TXmPRI<1:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-8 See definition for bits 7-0, controls Buffer n
- bit 7 **TXENm**: TX/RX Buffer Selection bit
1 = Buffer TRBn is a transmit buffer
0 = Buffer TRBn is a receive buffer
- bit 6 **TXABTm**: Message Aborted bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Message was aborted
0 = Message completed transmission successfully
- bit 5 **TXLARBm**: Message Lost Arbitration bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Message lost arbitration while being sent
0 = Message did not lose arbitration while being sent
- bit 4 **TXERRm**: Error Detected During Transmission bit⁽¹⁾
1 = A bus error occurred while the message was being sent
0 = A bus error did not occur while the message was being sent
- bit 3 **TXREQm**: Message Send Request bit
1 = Requests that a message be sent; the bit automatically clears when the message is successfully sent
0 = Clearing the bit to '0' while set requests a message abort
- bit 2 **RTRENm**: Auto-Remote Transmit Enable bit
1 = When a remote transmit is received, TXREQm will be set
0 = When a remote transmit is received, TXREQm will be unaffected
- bit 1-0 **TXmPRI<1:0>**: Message Transmission Priority bits
11 = Highest message priority
10 = High intermediate message priority
01 = Low intermediate message priority
00 = Lowest message priority

Note 1: This bit is cleared when TXREQm is set.

Note: The buffers, SID, EID, DLC, Data Field and Receive Status registers are located in DMA RAM.

REGISTER 22-6: UxCON: USB CONTROL REGISTER (HOST MODE)

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15						bit 8	

R-x, HSC	R-x, HSC	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
JSTATE	SE0	TOKBUSY	USBRST	HOSTEN	RESUME	PPBRST	SOFEN
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **JSTATE:** Live Differential Receiver J State Flag bit

1 = J state (differential '0' in low-speed, differential '1' in full-speed) is detected on the USB
0 = No J state is detected

bit 6 **SE0:** Live Single-Ended Zero Flag bit

1 = Single-ended zero is active on the USB bus
0 = No single-ended zero is detected

bit 5 **TOKBUSY:** Token Busy Status bit

1 = Token is being executed by the USB module in On-The-Go state
0 = No token is being executed

bit 4 **USBRST:** USB Reset bit

1 = USB Reset has been generated; for Software Reset, application must set this bit for 50 ms and then clear it
0 = USB Reset is terminated

bit 3 **HOSTEN:** USB Host Mode Enable bit

1 = USB host capability is enabled; pull-downs on D+ and D- are activated in hardware
0 = USB host capability is disabled

bit 2 **RESUME:** USB Resume Signaling Enable bit

1 = Resume signaling is activated; software must set the bit for 10 ms and then clear to enable remote wake-up
0 = Resume signaling is disabled

bit 1 **PPBRST:** Ping-Pong Buffers Reset bit

1 = Resets all Ping-Pong Buffer Pointers to the EVEN buffer descriptor banks
0 = Ping-Pong Buffer Pointers are not reset

bit 0 **SOFEN:** USB Start-of-Frame (SOF) Enable bit

1 = Start-of-Frame token is sent every one 1 ms
0 = Start-of-Frame token is disabled

REGISTER 22-25: UxBDTP3: USB BUFFER DESCRIPTION TABLE REGISTER 3

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
BDTPTRU<31:24>							
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **BDTPTRU<31:24>:** Endpoint BDT Start Address bits
 Defines bits 31-24 of the 32-bit endpoint buffer descriptor table start address.

REGISTER 22-26: UxPWMCON: USB V_{Bus} PWM GENERATOR CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PWMEN	—	—	—	—	—	PWMPOL	CNTEN
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **PWMEN:** PWM Enable bit

1 = PWM generator is enabled

0 = PWM generator is disabled; output is held in the Reset state specified by PWMPOL

bit 14-10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 9 **PWMPOL:** PWM Polarity bit

1 = PWM output is active-low and resets high

0 = PWM output is active-high and resets low

bit 8 **CNTEN:** PWM Counter Enable bit

1 = Counter is enabled

0 = Counter is disabled

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

24.0 DATA CONVERTER INTERFACE (DCI) MODULE

Note 1: This data sheet is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “Section 20. Data Converter Interface (DCI)” (DS70356) of the “dsPIC33E/PIC24E Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to Section 4.0 “Memory Organization” in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

24.1 Module Introduction

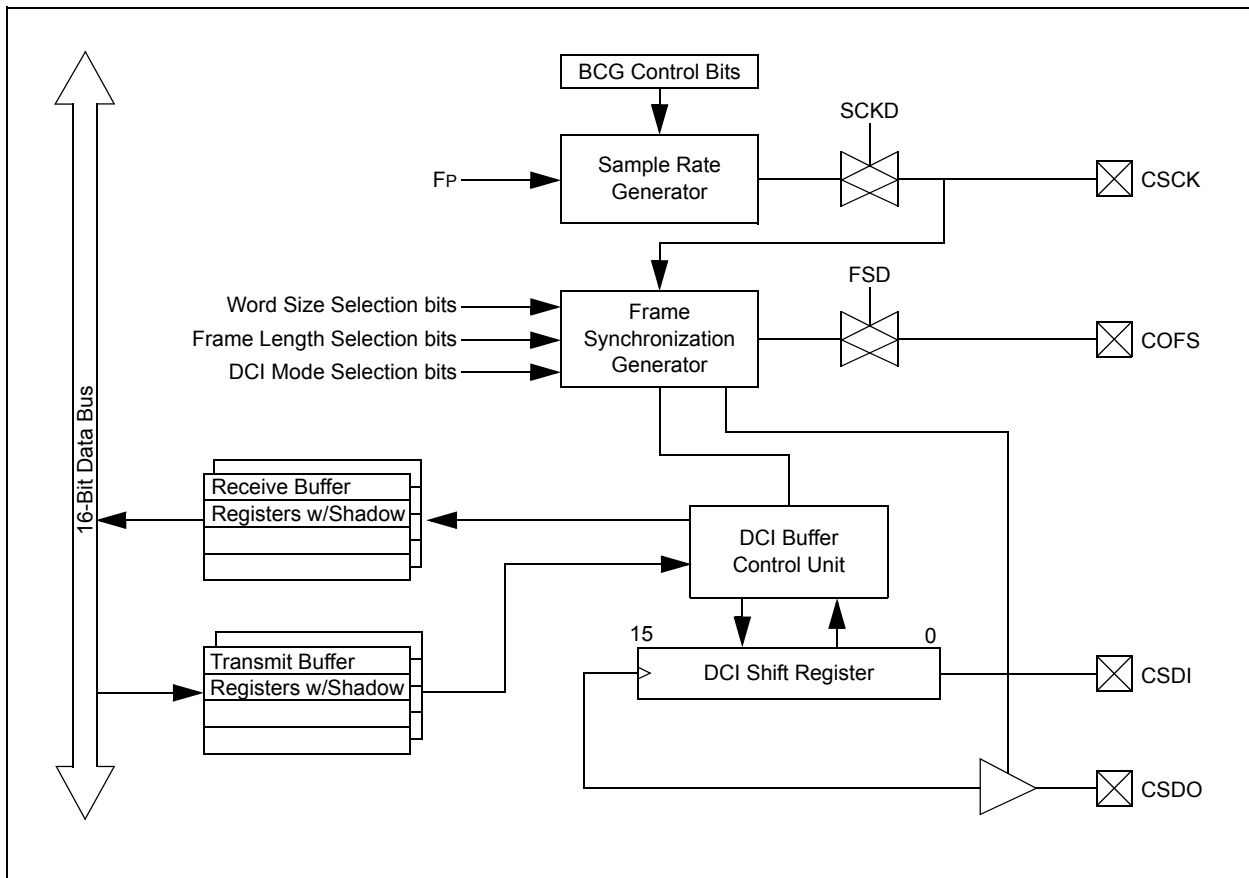
The Data Converter Interface (DCI) module allows simple interfacing of devices, such as audio coder/decoders (Codecs), ADC and D/A Converters. The following interfaces are supported:

- Framed Synchronous Serial Transfer (Single or Multi-Channel)
- Inter-IC Sound (I²S) Interface
- AC-Link Compliant mode

General features include:

- Programmable word size up to 16 bits
- Supports up to 16 time slots, for a maximum frame size of 256 bits
- Data buffering for up to 4 samples without CPU overhead

FIGURE 24-1: DCI MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



27.0 PROGRAMMABLE CYCLIC REDUNDANCY CHECK (CRC) GENERATOR

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXX(GP/MC/MU)806/810/814 and PIC24EPXXX(GP/GU)810/814 families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 27. “Programmable Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)”** (DS70346) of the “dsPIC33E/PIC24E Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The programmable CRC generator offers the following features:

- User-Programmable (up to 32nd order) Polynomial CRC Equation
- Interrupt Output
- Data FIFO

The programmable CRC generator provides a hardware implemented method of quickly generating checksums for various networking and security applications. It offers the following features:

- User-Programmable CRC Polynomial Equation, up to 32 bits
- Programmable Shift Direction (little or big-endian)
- Independent Data and Polynomial Lengths
- Configurable Interrupt Output
- Data FIFO

A simplified block diagram of the CRC generator is shown in Figure 27-1. A simple version of the CRC shift engine is shown in Figure 27-2.

FIGURE 27-1: PROGRAMMABLE CRC BLOCK DIAGRAM

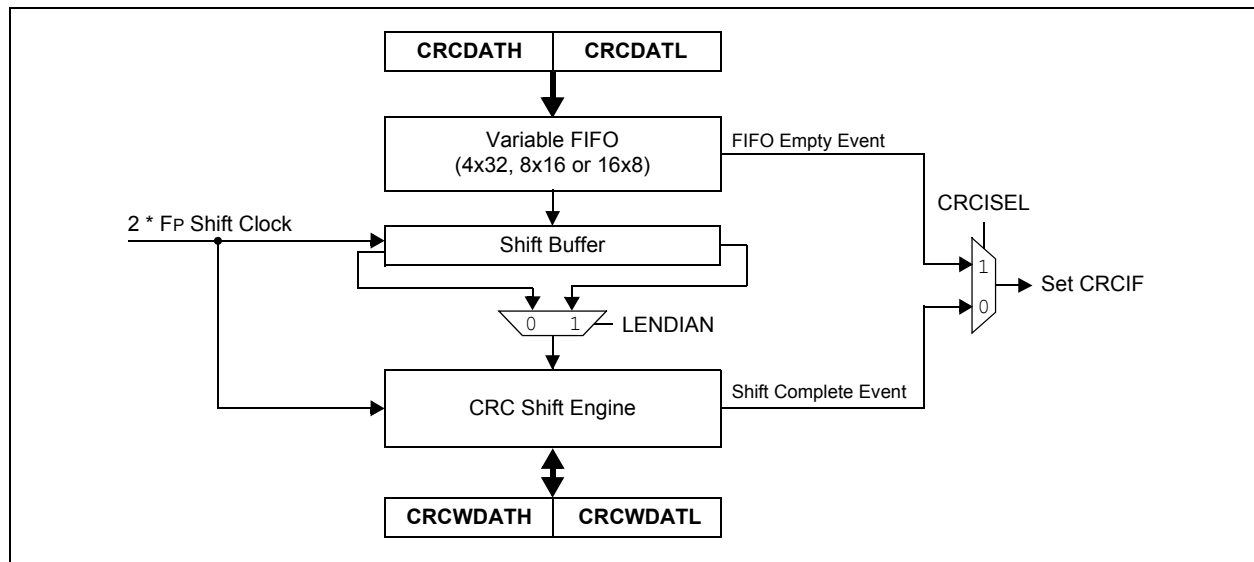


FIGURE 27-2: CRC SHIFT ENGINE DETAIL

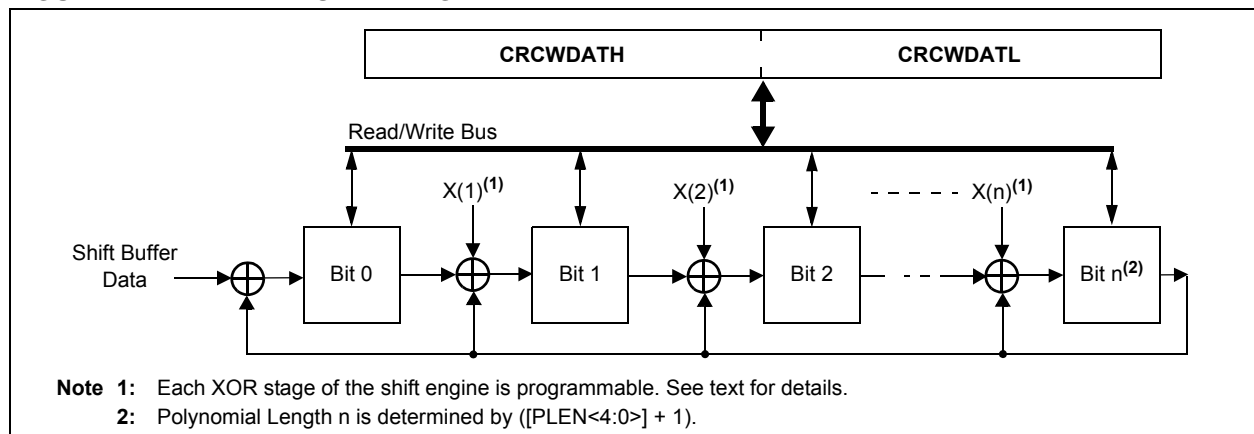


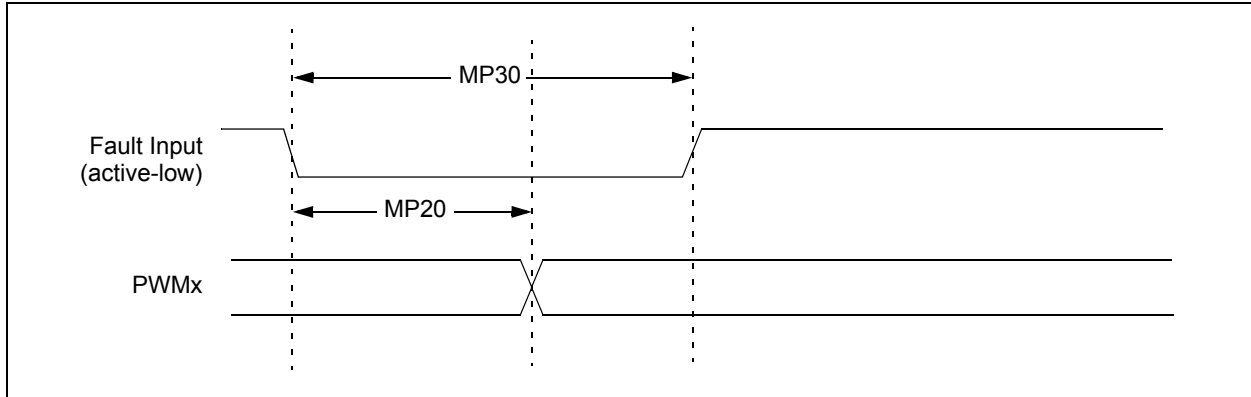
TABLE 30-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)

Base Instr #	Assembly Mnemonic	Assembly Syntax	Description	# of Words	# of Cycles ⁽²⁾	Status Flags Affected
25	DAW	DAW Wn	Wn = decimal adjust Wn	1	1	C
26	DEC	DEC f	$f = f - 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		DEC f, WREG	WREG = $f - 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		DEC Ws, Wd	Wd = Ws - 1	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
27	DEC2	DEC2 f	$f = f - 2$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		DEC2 f, WREG	WREG = $f - 2$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		DEC2 Ws, Wd	Wd = Ws - 2	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
28	DISI	DISI #lit14	Disable Interrupts for k instruction cycles	1	1	None
29	DIV	DIV.S Wm, Wn	Signed 16/16-bit Integer Divide	1	18	N,Z,C,OV
		DIV.SD Wm, Wn	Signed 32/16-bit Integer Divide	1	18	N,Z,C,OV
		DIV.U Wm, Wn	Unsigned 16/16-bit Integer Divide	1	18	N,Z,C,OV
		DIV.UD Wm, Wn	Unsigned 32/16-bit Integer Divide	1	18	N,Z,C,OV
30	DIVF	DIVF Wm, Wn ⁽¹⁾	Signed 16/16-bit Fractional Divide	1	18	N,Z,C,OV
31	DO	DO #lit15, Expr ⁽¹⁾	Do code to PC + Expr, lit15 + 1 times	2	2	None
		DO Wn, Expr ⁽¹⁾	Do code to PC + Expr, (Wn) + 1 times	2	2	None
32	ED	ED Wm*Wm, Acc, Wx, Wy, Wxd ⁽¹⁾	Euclidean Distance (no accumulate)	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
33	EDAC	EDAC Wm*Wm, Acc, Wx, Wy, Wxd ⁽¹⁾	Euclidean Distance	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
34	EXCH	EXCH Wns, Wnd	Swap Wns with Wnd	1	1	None
35	FBCL	FBCL Ws, Wnd	Find Bit Change from Left (MSb) Side	1	1	C
36	FF1L	FF1L Ws, Wnd	Find First One from Left (MSb) Side	1	1	C
37	FF1R	FF1R Ws, Wnd	Find First One from Right (LSb) Side	1	1	C
38	GOTO	GOTO Expr	Go to address	2	4	None
		GOTO Wn	Go to indirect	1	4	None
		GOTO.L Wn	Go to indirect (long address)	1	4	None
39	INC	INC f	$f = f + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		INC f, WREG	WREG = $f + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		INC Ws, Wd	Wd = Ws + 1	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
40	INC2	INC2 f	$f = f + 2$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		INC2 f, WREG	WREG = $f + 2$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		INC2 Ws, Wd	Wd = Ws + 2	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
41	IOR	IOR f	$f = f .IOR. WREG$	1	1	N,Z
		IOR f, WREG	WREG = $f .IOR. WREG$	1	1	N,Z
		IOR #lit10, Wn	Wd = lit10 .IOR. Wd	1	1	N,Z
		IOR Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Wb .IOR. Ws	1	1	N,Z
		IOR Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = Wb .IOR. lit5	1	1	N,Z
42	LAC	LAC Wso, #Slit4, Acc	Load Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
43	LNK	LNK #lit14	Link Frame Pointer	1	1	SFA
44	LSR	LSR f	$f = \text{Logical Right Shift } f$	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		LSR f, WREG	WREG = Logical Right Shift f	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		LSR Ws, Wd	Wd = Logical Right Shift Ws	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		LSR Wb, Wns, Wnd	Wnd = Logical Right Shift Wb by Wns	1	1	N,Z
		LSR Wb, #lit5, Wnd	Wnd = Logical Right Shift Wb by lit5	1	1	N,Z
45	MAC	MAC Wm*Wn, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd, AWB ⁽¹⁾	Multiply and Accumulate	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
		MAC Wm*Wm, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd ⁽¹⁾	Square and Accumulate	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB

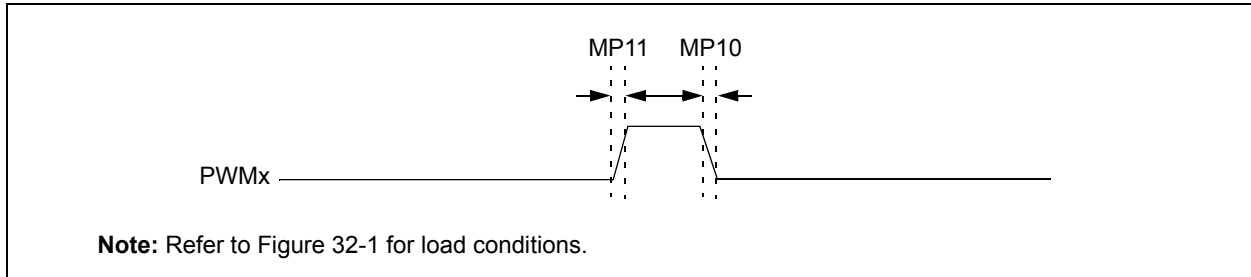
Note 1: This instruction is available in dsPIC33EPXXX(GP/MC/MU)806/810/814 devices only.

Note 2: Read and Read-Modify-Write (e.g., bit operations and logical operations) on non-CPU SFRs incur an additional instruction cycle.

**FIGURE 32-11: HIGH-SPEED PWMx MODULE FAULT TIMING CHARACTERISTICS
(dsPIC33EPXXX(MC/MU)806/810/814 DEVICES ONLY)**



**FIGURE 32-12: HIGH-SPEED PWMx MODULE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS
(dsPIC33EPXXX(MC/MU)806/810/814 DEVICES ONLY)**



**TABLE 32-30: HIGH-SPEED PWMx MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS
(dsPIC33EPXXX(MC/MU)806/810/814 DEVICES ONLY)**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
MP10	T _{FPWM}	PWM Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32
MP11	T _{RPWM}	PWM Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31
MP20	T _{FD}	Fault Input ↓ to PWM I/O Change	—	—	15	ns	
MP30	T _{FH}	Fault Input Pulse Width	15	—	—	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

TABLE 32-46: SPI2 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 1, SMP = 0) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	TscP	Maximum SCKx Input Frequency	—	—	11	MHz	See Note 3
SP72	TscF	SCKx Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP73	TscR	SCKx Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP30	TdoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP31	TdoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2sch, TdoV2scL	SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2sch, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP50	TssL2sch, TssL2scL	$\overline{SSx}$ ↓ to SCKx ↑ or SCKx ↓ Input	120	—	—	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SSx}$ ↑ to SDOx Output, High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	See Note 4
SP52	Tsch2ssH, TscL2ssH	$\overline{SSx}$ ↑ after SCKx Edge	1.5 TCY + 40	—	—	ns	See Note 4
SP60	TssL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after $\overline{SSx}$ Edge	—	—	50	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

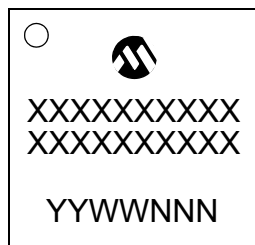
2: Data in “Typ” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 91 ns. Therefore, the SCKx clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.

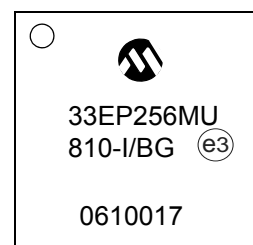
4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

34.1 Package Marking Information (Continued)

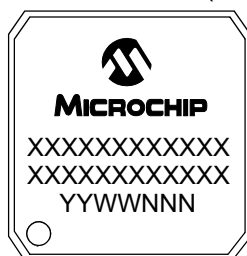
121-Lead TFBGA (10x10x1.2 mm)



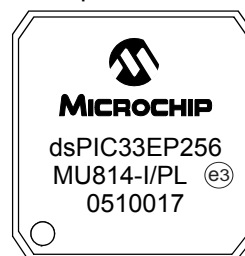
Example



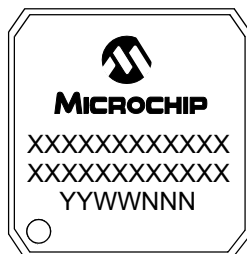
144-Lead LQFP (20x20x1.4 mm)



Example



144-Lead TQFP (16x16x1 mm)



Example

