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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPS
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	512KB (170K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	24K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 24x10/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-VQFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24ep512gp806-i-mr

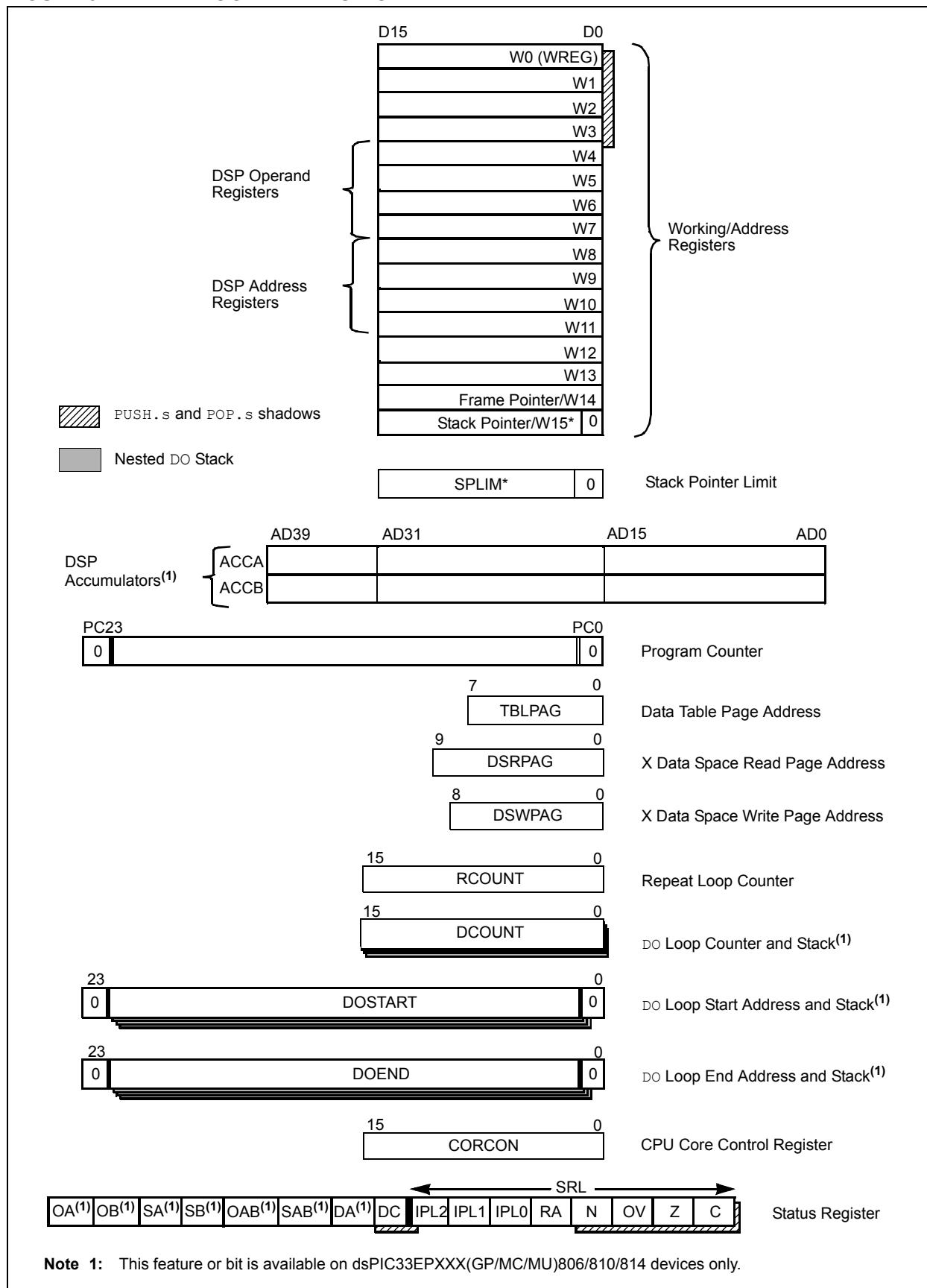
TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Type	Buffer Type	PPS	Description
VBUS ^(4,6)	I	Analog	No	USB bus power monitor.
VUSB3V3 ⁽⁴⁾	P	—	No	USB internal transceiver supply. If the USB module is not being used, this pin must be connected to VDD.
VBUSON ⁽⁴⁾	O	—	No	USB host and On-The-Go (OTG) bus power control output.
D+ ^(4,6)	I/O	Analog	No	D+ pin of internal USB transceiver.
D- ^(4,6)	I/O	Analog	No	D- pin of internal USB transceiver.
USBID ⁽⁴⁾	I	ST	No	USB OTG ID detect.
USBOEN ⁽⁴⁾	O	—	No	USB output enabled control (for external transceiver).
VBUSST ⁽⁴⁾	I	ST	No	USB boost controller overcurrent detection.
VCPCON ⁽⁴⁾	O	—	No	USB boost controller PWM signal.
VCMPST1 ⁽⁴⁾	I	ST	No	USB External Comparator 1 input.
VCMPST2 ⁽⁴⁾	I	ST	No	USB External Comparator 2 input.
VCMPST3 ⁽⁴⁾	I	ST	No	USB External Comparator 3 input.
VMIO ⁽⁴⁾	I/O	ST	No	USB differential minus input/output (external transceiver).
VPIO ⁽⁴⁾	I/O	ST	No	USB differential plus input/output (external transceiver).
DMH ⁽⁴⁾	O	—	No	D- external pull-up control output.
DPH ⁽⁴⁾	O	—	No	D+ external pull-up control output.
DMLN ⁽⁴⁾	O	—	No	D- external pull-down control output.
DPLN ⁽⁴⁾	O	—	No	D+ External Pull-down Control Output.
RCV ⁽⁴⁾	I	ST	No	USB receive input (from external transceiver).
PGED1	I/O	ST	No	Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 1.
PGEC1	I	ST	No	Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 1.
PGED2	I/O	ST	No	Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 2.
PGEC2	I	ST	No	Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 2.
PGED3	I/O	ST	No	Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 3.
PGEC3	I	ST	No	Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 3.
MCLR	I/P	ST	No	Master Clear (Reset) input. This pin is an active-low Reset to the device.
AVDD ⁽²⁾	P	P	No	Positive supply for analog modules. This pin must be connected at all times.
AVSS	P	P	No	Ground reference for analog modules.
VDD	P	—	No	Positive supply for peripheral logic and I/O pins.
VCAP	P	—	No	CPU logic filter capacitor connection.
VSS	P	—	No	Ground reference for logic and I/O pins.
VREF+	I	Analog	No	Analog voltage reference (high) input.
VREF-	I	Analog	No	Analog voltage reference (low) input.

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output Analog = Analog input P = Power
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels O = Output I = Input
 PPS = Peripheral Pin Select TTL = TTL input buffer

- Note 1:** This pin is available on dsPIC33EPXXX(MC/MU)806/810/814 devices only.
- 2:** AVDD must be connected at all times.
- 3:** These pins are input only on dsPIC33EPXXXMU8XX and PIC24EPXXXGU8XX devices.
- 4:** These pins are only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMU8XX and PIC24EPXXXGU8XX devices.
- 5:** The availability of I²C™ interfaces varies by device. Refer to the “**Pin Diagrams**” section for availability. Selection (SDAx/SCLx or ASDAx/ASCLx) is made using the device Configuration bits, ALTI2C1 and ALTI2C2 (FPOR<5:4>). See **Section 29.0 “Special Features”** for more information.
- 6:** Analog functionality is activated by enabling the USB module and is not controlled by the ANSEL register.

FIGURE 3-2: PROGRAMMER'S MODEL



REGISTER 3-1: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 7-5	IPL<2:0> : CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bits ^(2,3) 111 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 (15, user interrupts are disabled) 110 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 6 (14) 101 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 5 (13) 100 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 4 (12) 011 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 3 (11) 010 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 2 (10) 001 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 1 (9) 000 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 0 (8)
bit 4	RA : REPEAT Loop Active bit 1 = REPEAT loop in progress 0 = REPEAT loop not in progress
bit 3	N : MCU ALU Negative bit 1 = Result was negative 0 = Result was non-negative (zero or positive)
bit 2	OV : MCU ALU Overflow bit This bit is used for signed arithmetic (2's complement). It indicates an overflow of the magnitude that causes the sign bit to change state. 1 = Overflow occurred for signed arithmetic (in this arithmetic operation) 0 = No overflow occurred
bit 1	Z : MCU ALU Zero bit 1 = An operation that affects the Z bit has set it at some time in the past 0 = The most recent operation that affects the Z bit has cleared it (i.e., a non-zero result)
bit 0	C : MCU ALU Carry/Borrow bit 1 = A carry-out from the Most Significant bit of the result occurred 0 = No carry-out from the Most Significant bit of the result occurred

- Note 1:** This bit is available on dsPIC33EPXXX(GP/MC/MU)806/810/814 devices only.
- 2:** The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL, if IPL<3> = 1.
- 3:** The IPL<2:0> bits are read-only when NSTDIS = 1 (INTCON1<15>).
- 4:** A data write to the SR register can modify the SA and SB bits by either a data write to SA and SB or by clearing the SAB bit. To avoid a possible SA or SB bit write race condition, the SA and SB bits should not be modified using bit operations.

TABLE 4-8: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXGU810/814 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets		
IFS0	0800	NVMIF	DMA1IF	AD1IF	U1TXIF	U1RXIF	SPI1IF	SPI1EIF	T3IF	T2IF	OC2IF	IC2IF	DMA0IF	T1IF	OC1IF	IC1IF	INT0IF	0000		
IFS1	0802	U2TXIF	U2RXIF	INT2IF	T5IF	T4IF	OC4IF	OC3IF	DMA2IF	IC8IF	IC7IF	AD2IF	INT1IF	CNIF	CMIF	MI2C1IF	SI2C1IF	0000		
IFS2	0804	T6IF	DMA4IF	PMPIF	OC8IF	OC7IF	OC6IF	OC5IF	IC6IF	IC5IF	IC4IF	IC3IF	DMA3IF	C1IF	C1RXIF	SPI2IF	SPI2EIF	0000		
IFS3	0806	—	RTCIF	DMA5IF	DCIIF	DCIEIF	—	—	C2IF	C2RXIF	INT4IF	INT3IF	T9IF	T8IF	MI2C2IF	SI2C2IF	T7IF	0000		
IFS4	0808	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	C2TXIF	C1TXIF	DMA7IF	DMA6IF	CRCIF	U2EIF	U1EIF	—	0000		
IFS5	080A	—	—	IC9IF	OC9IF	SPI3IF	SPI3EIF	U4TXIF	U4RXIF	U4EIF	USB1IF	—	—	U3TXIF	U3RXIF	U3EIF	—	0000		
IFS7	080E	IC11IF	OC11IF	IC10IF	OC10IF	SPI4IF	SPI4EIF	DMA11IF	DMA10IF	DMA9IF	DMA8IF	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000		
IFS8	0810	—	ICDIF	IC16IF	OC16IF	IC15IF	OC15IF	IC14IF	OC14IF	IC13IF	OC13IF	—	DMA14IF	DMA13IF	DMA12IF	IC12IF	OC12IF	0000		
IEC0	0820	NVMIE	DMA1IE	AD1IE	U1TXIE	U1RXIE	SPI1IE	SPI1EIF	T3IE	T2IE	OC2IE	IC2IE	DMA0IE	T1IE	OC1IE	IC1IE	INT0IE	0000		
IEC1	0822	U2TXIE	U2RXIE	INT2IE	T5IE	T4IE	OC4IE	OC3IE	DMA2IE	IC8IE	IC7IE	AD2IE	INT1IE	CNIE	CMIE	MI2C1IE	SI2C1IE	0000		
IEC2	0824	T6IE	DMA4IE	PMPIE	OC8IE	OC7IE	OC6IE	OC5IE	IC6IE	IC5IE	IC4IE	IC3IE	DMA3IE	C1IE	C1RXIE	SPI2IE	SPI2EIF	0000		
IEC3	0826	—	RTCIE	DMA5IE	DCIIIE	DCIEIE	—	—	C2IE	C2RXIE	INT4IE	INT3IE	T9IE	T8IE	MI2C2IE	SI2C2IE	T7IE	0000		
IEC4	0828	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	C2TXIE	C1TXIE	DMA7IE	DMA6IE	CRCIE	U2EIF	U1EIF	—	0000		
IEC5	082A	—	—	IC9IE	OC9IE	SPI3IE	SPI3EIF	U4TXIE	U4RXIE	U4EIF	USB1IE	—	—	U3TXIE	U3RXIE	U3EIF	—	0000		
IEC7	082E	IC11IE	OC11IE	IC10IE	OC10IE	SPI4IE	SPI4EIF	DMA11IE	DMA10IE	DMA9IE	DMA8IE	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000		
IEC8	0830	—	ICDIE	IC16IE	OC16IE	IC15IE	OC15IE	IC14IE	OC14IE	IC13IE	OC13IE	—	DMA14IE	DMA13IE	DMA12IE	IC12IE	OC12IE	0000		
IPC0	0840	—	T1IP<2:0>		—	OC1IP<2:0>		—	IC1IP<2:0>		—		INT0IP<2:0>		4444		4444			
IPC1	0842	—	T2IP<2:0>		—	OC2IP<2:0>		—	IC2IP<2:0>		—		DMA0IP<2:0>		4444		4444			
IPC2	0844	—	U1RXIP<2:0>		—	SPI1IP<2:0>		—	SPI1EIF<2:0>		—		T3IP<2:0>		4444		4444			
IPC3	0846	—	NVMIP<2:0>		—	DMA1IP<2:0>		—	AD1IP<2:0>		—		U1TXIP<2:0>		4444		4444			
IPC4	0848	—	CNIP<2:0>		—	CMIP<2:0>		—	MI2C1IP<2:0>		—		SI2C1IP<2:0>		4444		4444			
IPC5	084A	—	IC8IP<2:0>		—	IC7IP<2:0>		—	AD2IP<2:0>		—		INT1IP<2:0>		4444		4444			
IPC6	084C	—	T4IP<2:0>		—	OC4IP<2:0>		—	OC3IP<2:0>		—		DMA2IP<2:0>		4444		4444			
IPC7	084E	—	U2TXIP<2:0>		—	U2RXIP<2:0>		—	INT2IP<2:0>		—		T5IP<2:0>		4444		4444			
IPC8	0850	—	C1IP<2:0>		—	C1RXIP<2:0>		—	SPI2IP<2:0>		—		SPI2EIP<2:0>		4444		4444			
IPC9	0852	—	IC5IP<2:0>		—	IC4IP<2:0>		—	IC3IP<2:0>		—		DMA3IP<2:0>		4444		4444			
IPC10	0854	—	OC7IP<2:0>		—	OC6IP<2:0>		—	OC5IP<2:0>		—		IC6IP<2:0>		4444		4444			
IPC11	0856	—	T6IP<2:0>		—	DMA4IP<2:0>		—	PMPIP<2:0>		—		OC8IP<2:0>		4444		4444			
IPC12	0858	—	T8IP<2:0>		—	MI2C2IP<2:0>		—	SI2C2IP<2:0>		—		T7IP<2:0>		4444		4444			
IPC13	085A	C2RXIP<2:0>		—	INT4IP<2:0>		—	INT3IP<2:0>		—		T9IP<2:0>		4444		4444		4444		
IPC14	085C	—	DCIEIP<2:0>		—	—		—	—		—		C2IP<2:0>		4004		4004		4004	
IPC15	085E	—	—	—	—	RTCIP<2:0>		—	DMA5IP<2:0>		—		DCIIP<2:0>		0444		0444		0444	
IPC16	0860	—	CRCIP<2:0>		—	U2EIP<2:0>		—	U1EIP<2:0>		—		—		—		4440		4440	
IPC17	0862	—	C2TXIP<2:0>		—	C1TXIP<2:0>		—	DMA7IP<2:0>		—		DMA6IP<2:0>		4444		4444		4444	

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-10: INPUT CAPTURE 1 THROUGH INPUT CAPTURE 16 REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets					
IC1CON1	0140	—	—	ICSIDL	ICTSEL<2:0>			—	—	—	ICI<1:0>		ICOV	ICBNE	ICM<2:0>		0000						
IC1CON2	0142	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC32	ICTRIG	TRIGSTAT	—	SYNCSEL<4:0>				000D						
IC1BUF	0144	Input Capture 1 Buffer Register															xxxx						
IC1TMR	0146	Input Capture 1 Timer															0000						
IC2CON1	0148	—	—	ICSIDL	ICTSEL<2:0>			—	—	—	ICI<1:0>		ICOV	ICBNE	ICM<2:0>		0000						
IC2CON2	014A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC32	ICTRIG	TRIGSTAT	—	SYNCSEL<4:0>				000D						
IC2BUF	014C	Input Capture 2 Buffer Register															xxxx						
IC2TMR	014E	Input Capture 2 Timer															0000						
IC3CON1	0150	—	—	ICSIDL	ICTSEL<2:0>			—	—	—	ICI<1:0>		ICOV	ICBNE	ICM<2:0>		0000						
IC3CON2	0152	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC32	ICTRIG	TRIGSTAT	—	SYNCSEL<4:0>				000D						
IC3BUF	0154	Input Capture 3 Buffer Register															xxxx						
IC3TMR	0156	Input Capture 3 Timer															0000						
IC4CON1	0158	—	—	ICSIDL	ICTSEL<2:0>			—	—	—	ICI<1:0>		ICOV	ICBNE	ICM<2:0>		0000						
IC4CON2	015A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC32	ICTRIG	TRIGSTAT	—	SYNCSEL<4:0>				000D						
IC4BUF	015C	Input Capture 4 Buffer Register															xxxx						
IC4TMR	015E	Input Capture 4 Timer															0000						
IC5CON1	0160	—	—	ICSIDL	ICTSEL<2:0>			—	—	—	ICI<1:0>		ICOV	ICBNE	ICM<2:0>		0000						
IC5CON2	0162	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC32	ICTRIG	TRIGSTAT	—	SYNCSEL<4:0>				000D						
IC5BUF	0164	Input Capture 5 Buffer Register															xxxx						
IC5TMR	0166	Input Capture 5 Timer															0000						
IC6CON1	0168	—	—	ICSIDL	ICTSEL<2:0>			—	—	—	ICI<1:0>		ICOV	ICBNE	ICM<2:0>		0000						
IC6CON2	016A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC32	ICTRIG	TRIGSTAT	—	SYNCSEL<4:0>				000D						
IC6BUF	016C	Input Capture 6 Buffer Register															xxxx						
IC6TMR	016E	Input Capture 6 Timer															0000						
IC7CON1	0170	—	—	ICSIDL	ICTSEL<2:0>			—	—	—	ICI<1:0>		ICOV	ICBNE	ICM<2:0>		0000						
IC7CON2	0172	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC32	ICTRIG	TRIGSTAT	—	SYNCSEL<4:0>				000D						
IC7BUF	0174	Input Capture 7 Buffer Register															xxxx						
IC7TMR	0176	Input Capture 7 Timer															0000						
IC8CON1	0178	—	—	ICSIDL	ICTSEL<2:0>			—	—	—	ICI<1:0>		ICOV	ICBNE	ICM<2:0>		0000						
IC8CON2	017A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC32	ICTRIG	TRIGSTAT	—	SYNCSEL<4:0>				000D						
IC8BUF	017C	Input Capture 8 Buffer Register															xxxx						
IC8TMR	017E	Input Capture 8 Timer															0000						

TABLE 4-21: QEI2 REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXX(MC/MU)806/810/814 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
QEI2CON	05C0	QEIEN	—	QEISIDL	PIMOD<2:0>			IMV<1:0>		—	INTDIV<2:0>			CNTPOL	GATEN	CCM<1:0>		0000	
QEI2IOC	05C2	QCAPEN	FLTREN	QFDIV<2:0>				OUTFNC<1:0>		SWPAB	HOMPOL	IDXPOL	QEBCPOL	QEAPOL	HOME	INDEX	QEB	QEA	000x
QEI2STAT	05C4	—	—	PCHEQIRQ	PCHEQIEN	PCLEQIRQ	PCLEQIEN	POSOVIRQ	POSOVIEN	PCIIRQ	PCIEN	VELOVIRQ	VELOVIEN	HOMIRQ	HOMIEN	IDXIRQ	IDXIEN	0000	
POS2CNTL	05C6	POSCNT<15:0>														0000			
POS2CNTH	05C8	POSCNT<31:16>														0000			
POS2HLD	05CA	POSHLD<15:0>														0000			
VEL2CNT	05CC	VELCNT<15:0>														0000			
INT2TMRL	05CE	INTTMR<15:0>														0000			
INT2TMRH	05D0	INTTMR<31:16>														0000			
INT2HLDL	05D2	INTHLD<15:0>														0000			
INT2HLDH	05D4	INTHLD<31:16>														0000			
INDX2CNTL	05D6	INDXCNT<15:0>														0000			
INDX2CNTH	05D8	INDXCNT<31:16>														0000			
INDX2HLD	05DA	INDXHLD<15:0>														0000			
QEI2GECL	05DC	QEIGEC<15:0>														0000			
QEI2ICL	05DC	QEIIIC<15:0>														0000			
QEI2GECH	05DE	QEIGEC<31:16>														0000			
QEI2ICH	05DE	QEIIIC<31:16>														0000			
QEI2LECL	05E0	QEILEC<15:0>														0000			
QEI2LECH	05E2	QEILEC<31:16>														0000			

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-25: ADC1 and ADC2 REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
ADC2BUF9	0352																	xxxx
ADC2BUFA	0354																	xxxx
ADC2BUFB	0356																	xxxx
ADC2BUFC	0358																	xxxx
ADC2BUFD	035A																	xxxx
ADC2BUFE	035C																	xxxx
ADC2BUFF	035E																	xxxx
AD2CON1	0360	ADON	—	ADSIDL	ADDMABM	—	—	FORM<1:0>		SSRC<2:0>	SSRCG	SIMSAM	ASAM	SAMP	DONE	0000		
AD2CON2	0362		VCFG<2:0>		—	—	CSCNA	CHPS<1:0>	BUFS	—		SMPI<3:0>		BUFM	ALTS	0000		
AD2CON3	0364	ADRC	—	—			SAMC<4:0>					ADCS<7:0>					0000	
AD2CHS123	0366	—	—	—	—	—	CH123NB<1:0>	CH123SB	—	—	—	—	—	CH123NA<1:0>	CH123SA	0000		
AD2CHS0	0368	CH0NB	—	—			CH0SB<4:0>		CH0NA	—	—			CH0SA<4:0>		0000		
AD2CSSL	0270	CSS15	CSS14	CSS13	CSS12	CSS11	CSS10	CSS9	CSS8	CSS7	CSS6	CSS5	CSS4	CSS3	CSS2	CSS1	CSS0	0000
AD2CON4	0272	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADDMAEN	—	—	—	—	—	DMABL<2:0>		0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: These bits are not available on dsPIC33EP256MU806 devices.

4.6 Modulo Addressing (dsPIC33EPXXMU806/810/814 Devices Only)

Modulo Addressing mode is a method of providing an automated means to support circular data buffers using hardware. The objective is to remove the need for software to perform data address boundary checks when executing tightly looped code, as is typical in many DSP algorithms.

Modulo Addressing can operate in either data or Program Space (since the Data Pointer mechanism is essentially the same for both). One circular buffer can be supported in each of the X (which also provides the pointers into Program Space) and Y data spaces. Modulo Addressing can operate on any W Register Pointer. However, it is not advisable to use W14 or W15 for Modulo Addressing since these two registers are used as the Stack Frame Pointer and Stack Pointer, respectively.

In general, any particular circular buffer can be configured to operate in only one direction as there are certain restrictions on the buffer start address (for incrementing buffers), or end address (for decrementing buffers), based upon the direction of the buffer.

The only exception to the usage restrictions is for buffers that have a power-of-two length. As these buffers satisfy the start and end address criteria, they can operate in a bidirectional mode (that is, address boundary checks are performed on both the lower and upper address boundaries).

4.6.1 START AND END ADDRESS

The Modulo Addressing scheme requires that a starting and ending address be specified and loaded into the 16-bit Modulo Buffer Address registers: XMDSRT, XMODEND, YMDSRT and YMODEND (see Table 4-1).

Note: Y space Modulo Addressing EA calculations assume word-sized data (LSb of every EA is always clear).

The length of a circular buffer is not directly specified. It is determined by the difference between the corresponding start and end addresses. The maximum possible length of the circular buffer is 32K words (64 Kbytes).

4.6.2 W ADDRESS REGISTER SELECTION

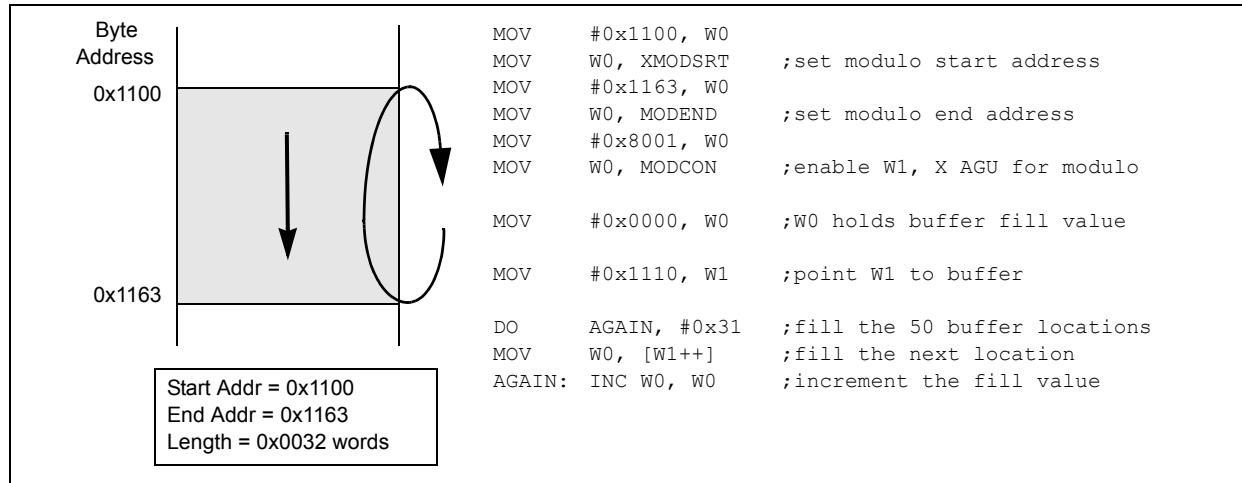
The Modulo and Bit-Reversed Addressing Control register, MODCON<15:0>, contains enable flags as well as a W register field to specify the W Address registers. The XWM and YWM fields select the registers that operate with Modulo Addressing:

- If XWM = 1111, X RAGU and X WAGU Modulo Addressing is disabled.
- If YWM = 1111, Y AGU Modulo Addressing is disabled.

The X Address Space Pointer W register (XWM), to which Modulo Addressing is to be applied, is stored in MODCON<3:0> (see Table 4-1). Modulo Addressing is enabled for X data space when XWM is set to any value other than '1111' and the XMODEN bit is set at MODCON<15>.

The Y Address Space Pointer W register (YWM) to which Modulo Addressing is to be applied is stored in MODCON<7:4>. Modulo Addressing is enabled for Y data space when YWM is set to any value other than '1111' and the YMODEN bit is set at MODCON<14>.

FIGURE 4-10: MODULO ADDRESSING OPERATION EXAMPLE



bit 1	I2C2MD: I2C2 Module Disable bit 1 = I2C2 module is disabled 0 = I2C2 module is enabled
bit 0	AD2MD: ADC2 Module Disable bit 1 = ADC2 module is disabled 0 = ADC2 module is enabled

Note 1: This bit is available in dsPIC33EPXXX(MC/MU)806/810/814 devices only.

REGISTER 11-28: RPINR28: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 28

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	U4CTSR<6:0>						
bit 15	bit 8						

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	U4RXR<6:0>						
bit 7	bit 0						

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 14-8 **U4CTSR<6:0>:** Assign UART4 Clear-to-Send (U4CTS) to the Corresponding RPn/RPIn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111111 = Input tied to RP127

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 6-0 **U4RXR<6:0>:** Assign UART4 Receive (U4RX) to the Corresponding RPn/RPIn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111111 = Input tied to RP127

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

REGISTER 11-59: RPOR15: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 15

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
—	—			RP127R<5:0>							
bit 15											bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
—	—			RP126R<5:0>							
bit 7											bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 13-8 **RP127R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP127 Output Pin bits
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 5-0 **RP126R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP126 Output Pin bits
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

REGISTER 16-2: PTCON2: PWM PRIMARY MASTER CLOCK DIVIDER SELECT REGISTER 2

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	PCLKDIV<2:0> ⁽¹⁾		
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 2-0 **PCLKDIV<2:0>:** PWM Input Clock Prescaler (Divider) Select bits⁽¹⁾

111 = Reserved

110 = Divide-by-64

101 = Divide-by-32

100 = Divide-by-16

011 = Divide-by-8

010 = Divide-by-4

001 = Divide-by-2

000 = Divide-by-1, maximum PWM timing resolution (power-on default)

Note 1: These bits should be changed only when PTEN = 0. Changing the clock selection during operation will yield unpredictable results.

REGISTER 16-3: PTPER: PRIMARY MASTER TIME BASE PERIOD REGISTER

R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
PTPER<15:8>							
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTPER<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0

PTPER<15:0>: Primary Master Time Base (PMTMR) Period Value bits

REGISTER 16-21: FCLCONx: PWMx FAULT CURRENT-LIMIT CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 7-3	FLTSRC<4:0> : Fault Control Signal Source Select bits for PWM Generator # ^(2,3)
	11111 = Reserved
	•
	•
	•
	01011 = Reserved
	01010 = Comparator 3
	01001 = Comparator 2
	01000 = Comparator 1
	00111 = Reserved
	00110 = Fault 7
	00101 = Fault 6
	00100 = Fault 5
	00011 = Fault 4
	00010 = Fault 3
	00001 = Fault 2
	00000 = Fault 1
bit 2	FLTPOL : Fault Polarity bit for PWM Generator # ⁽¹⁾
	1 = The selected Fault source is active-low
	0 = The selected Fault source is active-high
bit 1-0	FLTMOD<1:0> : Fault Mode bits for PWM Generator #
	11 = Fault input is disabled
	10 = Reserved
	01 = The selected Fault source forces PWMxH, PWMxL pins to FLTDAT values (cycle)
	00 = The selected Fault source forces PWMxH, PWMxL pins to FLTDAT values (latched condition)

- Note 1:** These bits should be changed only when PTEN = 0. Changing the clock selection during operation will yield unpredictable results.
- 2:** When Independent Fault mode is enabled (IFLTMOD = 1) and Fault 1 is used for Fault mode (FLTSRC<4:0> = 01000), the Current-Limit Control Source Select bits (CLSRC<4:0>) should be set to an unused current-limit source to prevent the current-limit source from disabling both the PWMxH and PWMxL outputs.
- 3:** When Independent Fault mode is enabled (IFLTMOD = 1) and Fault 1 is used for Current-Limit mode (CLSRC<4:0> = 01000), the Fault Control Source Select bits (FLTSRC<4:0>) should be set to an unused Fault source to prevent Fault 1 from disabling both the PWMxL and PWMxH outputs.

REGISTER 21-10: CxCFG2: ECANx BAUD RATE CONFIGURATION REGISTER 2

U-0	R/W-x	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	WAKFIL	—	—	—	SEG2PH<2:0>		
bit 15							

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
SEG2PHTS	SAM	SEG1PH<2:0>			PRSEG<2:0>		
bit 7							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 14 **WAKFIL:** Select CAN Bus Line Filter for Wake-up bit
 1 = Uses CAN bus line filter for wake-up
 0 = CAN bus line filter is not used for wake-up
- bit 13-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10-8 **SEG2PH<2:0>:** Phase Segment 2 bits
 111 = Length is 8 x TQ
 .
 .
 .
 000 = Length is 1 x TQ
- bit 7 **SEG2PHTS:** Phase Segment 2 Time Select bit
 1 = Freely programmable
 0 = Maximum of SEG1PH bits or Information Processing Time (IPT), whichever is greater
- bit 6 **SAM:** Sample of the CAN Bus Line bit
 1 = Bus line is sampled three times at the sample point
 0 = Bus line is sampled once at the sample point
- bit 5-3 **SEG1PH<2:0>:** Phase Segment 1 bits
 111 = Length is 8 x TQ
 .
 .
 .
 000 = Length is 1 x TQ
- bit 2-0 **PRSEG<2:0>:** Propagation Time Segment bits
 111 = Length is 8 x TQ
 .
 .
 .
 000 = Length is 1 x TQ

REGISTER 22-20: UxEIE: USB ERROR INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER (DEVICE MODE)

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
BTSEE	BUSACCEE	DMAEE	BTOEE	DFN8EE	CRC16EE	CRC5EE	PIDEE
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 7 **BTSEE:** Bit Stuff Error Interrupt Enable bit1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabledbit 6 **BUSACCEE:** Bus Access Error Interrupt Enable bit1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabledbit 5 **DMAEE:** DMA Error Interrupt Enable bit1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabledbit 4 **BTOEE:** Bus Turnaround Time-out Error Interrupt Enable bit1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabledbit 3 **DFN8EE:** Data Field Size Error Interrupt Enable bit1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabledbit 2 **CRC16EE:** CRC16 Failure Interrupt Enable bit1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabledbit 1 **CRC5EE:** CRC5 Host Error Interrupt Enable bit1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabledbit 0 **PIDEE:** PID Check Failure Interrupt Enable bit1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled

REGISTER 23-3: AD2CON2: ADC2 CONTROL REGISTER 2

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
		VCFG<2:0>	—	—	CSCNA	CHPS<1:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

R-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
BUFS	—		SMPI<3:0>		BUFM	ALTS	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **VCFG<2:0>:** Converter Voltage Reference Configuration bits

	VREFH	VREFL
000	AVDD	Avss
001	External VREF+	Avss
010	AVDD	External VREF-
011	External VREF+	External VREF-
1xx	AVDD	Avss

bit 12-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 10 **CSCNA:** Input Scan Select bit

1 = Scans inputs for CH0+ during Sample A bit

0 = Does not scan inputs

bit 9-8 **CHPS<1:0>:** Channel Select bitsWhen AD12B = 1, CHPS<1:0> is: U-0, Unimplemented, Read as '0':

1x = Converts CH0, CH1, CH2 and CH3

01 = Converts CH0 and CH1

00 = Converts CH0

bit 7 **BUFS:** Buffer Fill Status bit (only valid when BUFM = 1)

1 = ADC is currently filling the second half of the buffer; the user application should access data in the first half of the buffer

0 = ADC is currently filling the first half of the buffer; the user application should access data in the second half of the buffer

bit 6-2 **SMPI<3:0>:** Increment Rate bitsWhen ADDMAEN = 0:

1111 = Generates interrupt after completion of every 16th sample/conversion operation

1110 = Generates interrupt after completion of every 15th sample/conversion operation

•

•

•

0001 = Generates interrupt after completion of every 2nd sample/conversion operation

0000 = Generates interrupt after completion of every sample/conversion operation

When ADDMAEN = 1:

1111 = Increments the DMA address after completion of every 16th sample/conversion operation

1110 = Increments the DMA address after completion of every 15th sample/conversion operation

•

•

•

0001 = Increments the DMA address after completion of every 2nd sample/conversion operation

0000 = Increments the DMA address after completion of every sample/conversion operation

REGISTER 23-5: ADxCON4: ADCx CONTROL REGISTER 4

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADDMAEN
bit 15							

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	DMABL<2:0>		
bit 7							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 8 **ADDMAEN:** ADC DMA Enable bit

1 = Conversion results are stored in ADCxBUF0 register for transferring to RAM using DMA

0 = Conversion results are stored in ADCxBUF0 through ADCxBUFF registers; DMA will not be used

bit 7-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 2-0 **DMABL<2:0>:** Selects Number of DMA Buffer Locations per Analog Input bits

111 = Allocates 128 words of buffer to each analog input

110 = Allocates 64 words of buffer to each analog input

101 = Allocates 32 words of buffer to each analog input

100 = Allocates 16 words of buffer to each analog input

011 = Allocates 8 words of buffer to each analog input

010 = Allocates 4 words of buffer to each analog input

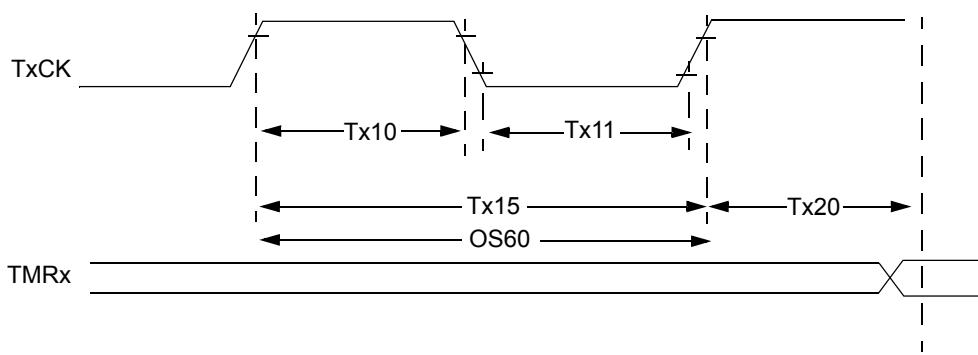
001 = Allocates 2 words of buffer to each analog input

000 = Allocates 1 word of buffer to each analog input

REGISTER 25-3: CM_xMSKSRC: COMPARATOR x MASK SOURCE SELECT CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 3-0 **SELSRCA<3:0>**: Mask A Input Select bits

1111 =	FLT4
1110 =	FLT2
1101 =	PWM7H
1100 =	PWM7L
1011 =	PWM6H
1010 =	PWM6L
1001 =	PWM5H
1000 =	PWM5L
0111 =	PWM4H
0110 =	PWM4L
0101 =	PWM3H
0100 =	PWM3L
0011 =	PWM2H
0010 =	PWM2L
0001 =	PWM1H
0000 =	PWM1L

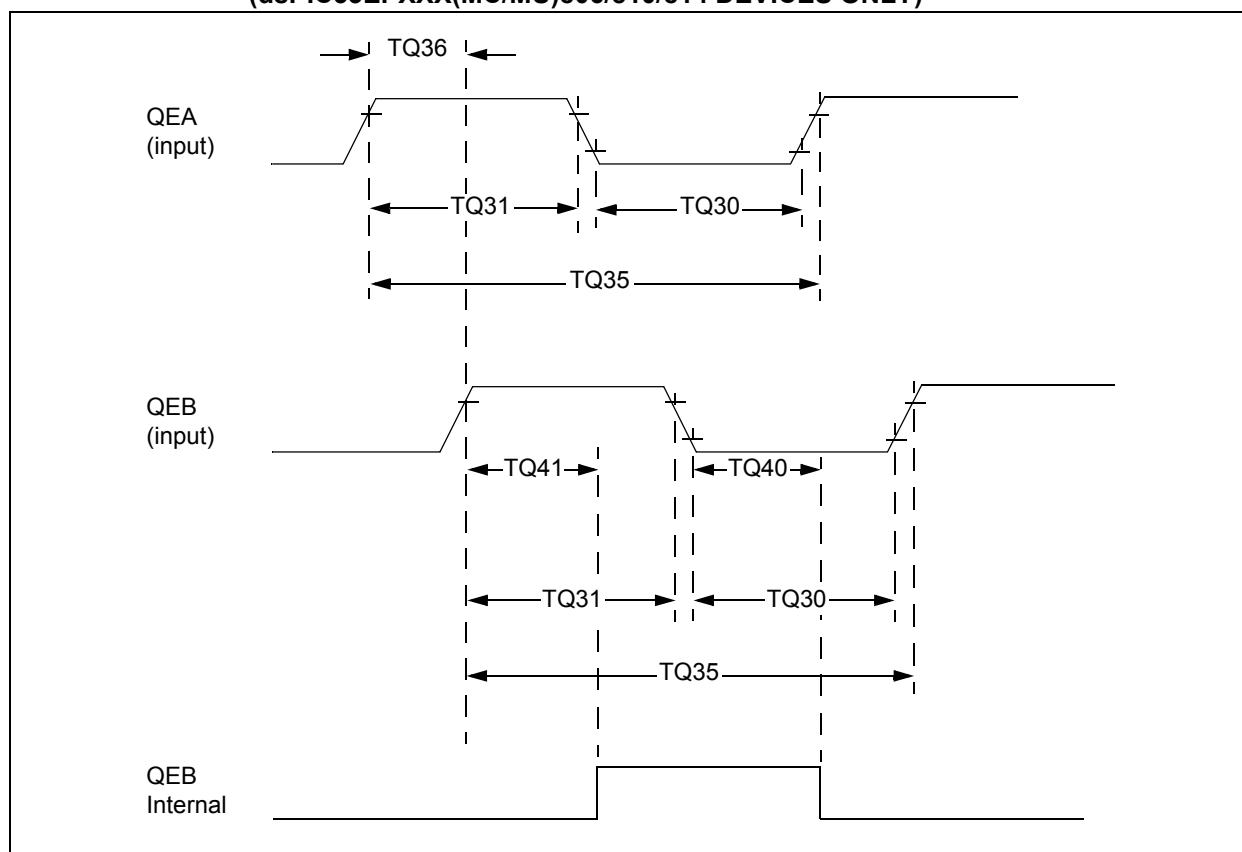
FIGURE 32-6: TIMER1-TIMER9 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**TABLE 32-23: TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS⁽¹⁾**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended					
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽²⁾	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
TA10	T _{TXH}	TxCK High Time	Synchronous mode	Greater of: 20 or (TCY + 20)/N	—	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter TA15, N = prescaler value (1, 8, 64, 256)
			Asynchronous	35	—	—	ns	
TA11	T _{TXL}	TxCK Low Time	Synchronous mode	Greater of: 20 or (TCY + 20)/N	—	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter TA15, N = prescaler value (1, 8, 64, 256)
			Asynchronous	10	—	—	ns	
TA15	T _{TXP}	TxCK Input Period	Synchronous mode	Greater of: 40 or (2 TCY + 40)/N	—	—	ns	N = prescale value (1, 8, 64, 256)
OS60	F _{t1}	SOSC1/T1CK Oscillator Input Frequency Range (oscillator enabled by setting bit, TCS (T1CON<1>))	DC	—	50	kHz		
TA20	T _{CKEXTMRL}	Delay from External TxCK Clock Edge to Timer Increment	0.75 TCY + 40	—	1.75 TCY + 40	ns		

Note 1: Timer1 is a Type A.

2: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

**FIGURE 32-13: QEA/QEB INPUT CHARACTERISTICS
(dsPIC33EPXXX(MC/MU)806/810/814 DEVICES ONLY)**



**TABLE 32-31: QUADRATURE DECODER TIMING REQUIREMENTS
(dsPIC33EPXXX(MC/MU)806/810/814 DEVICES ONLY)**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)			
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
TQ30	TQUL	Quadrature Input Low Time	6 TCY	—	ns	
TQ31	TQUH	Quadrature Input High Time	6 TCY	—	ns	
TQ35	TQWIN	Quadrature Input Period	12 TCY	—	ns	
TQ36	TQUP	Quadrature Phase Period	3 TCY	—	ns	
TQ40	TQUFL	Filter Time to Recognize Low with Digital Filter	$3 * N * TCY$	—	ns	$N = 1, 2, 4, 16, 32, 64, 128 \text{ and } 256$ (Note 3)
TQ41	TQUFH	Filter Time to Recognize High with Digital Filter	$3 * N * TCY$	—	ns	$N = 1, 2, 4, 16, 32, 64, 128 \text{ and } 256$ (Note 3)

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in "Typ" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

3: N = Index Channel Digital Filter Clock Divide Select bits. Refer to **Section 15. "Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI)"** (DS70601) in the "dsPIC33E/PIC24E Family Reference Manual". Please see the Microchip web site for the latest family reference manual sections.