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Details

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Product Status | Active |
| Core Processor | PIC |
| Core Size | 16-Bit |
| Speed | 70 MIPS |
| Connectivity | CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART |
| Peripherals | Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT |
| Number of I/O | 53 |
| Program Memory Size | 512KB (170K x 24) |
| Program Memory Type | FLASH |
| EEPROM Size | - |
| RAM Size | 24K x 16 |
| Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd) | 3V ~ 3.6V |
| Data Converters | A/D 24x10/12b |
| Oscillator Type | Internal |
| Operating Temperature | -40°C ~ 85°C (TA) |
| Mounting Type | Surface Mount |
| Package / Case | 64-TQFP |
| Supplier Device Package | 64-TQFP (10x10) |
| Purchase URL | https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24ep512gp806t-i-pt |

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

121-Pin TFBGA⁽¹⁾

● = Pins are up to 5V tolerant

PIC24EP256GU810
PIC24EP512GU810

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| A | ○ RE4 | ○ RE3 | ● RG13 | ○ RE0 | ● RG0 | ● RF1 | ○ VDD | ● NC | ● RD12 | ● RD2 | ● RD1 |
| B | ● NC | ● RG15 | ○ RE2 | ○ RE1 | ○ RA7 | ● RF0 | ○ VCAP | ● RD5 | ● RD3 | ○ VSS | ○ RC14 |
| C | ○ RE6 | ○ VDD | ● RG12 | ● RG14 | ○ RA6 | ● NC | ○ RD7 | ● RD4 | ● NC | ○ RC13 | ● RD11 |
| D | ○ RC1 | ○ RE7 | ○ RE5 | ● NC | ● NC | ● NC | ○ RD6 | ● RD13 | ● RD0 | ● NC | ● RD10 |
| E | ○ RC4 | ○ RC3 | ○ RG6 | ○ RC2 | ● NC | ● RG1 | ● NC | ● RA15 | ● RD8 | ● RD9 | ● RA14 |
| F | ● MCLR | ○ RG8 | ○ RG9 | ○ RG7 | ○ VSS | ● NC | ● NC | ○ VDD | ○ RC12 | ○ VSS | ○ RC15 |
| G | ○ RE8 | ○ RE9 | ● RA0 | ● NC | ○ VDD | ○ VSS | ○ VSS | ● NC | ● RA5 | ● RA3 | ● RA4 |
| H | ○ RB5 | ○ RB4 | ● NC | ● NC | ● NC | ○ VDD | ● NC | ● VBUS | ○ VUSB3V3 | ○ RG2 | ● RA2 |
| J | ○ RB3 | ○ RB2 | ○ RB7 | ○ AVDD | ○ RB11 | ● RA1 | ○ RB12 | ● NC | ● NC | ● RF8 | ○ RG3 |
| K | ○ RB1 | ○ RB0 | ○ RA10 | ○ RB8 | ● NC | ● RF12 | ○ RB14 | ○ VDD | ● RD15 | ● RF3 | ● RF2 |
| L | ○ RB6 | ○ RA9 | ○ AVSS | ○ RB9 | ○ RB10 | ● RF13 | ○ RB13 | ○ RB15 | ● RD14 | ● RF4 | ● RF5 |

Note 1: Refer to Table 3 for full pin names.

TABLE 4-40: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXMU814 DEVICES ONLY (CONTINUED)

| File Name | Addr. | Bit 15 | Bit 14 | Bit 13 | Bit 12 | Bit 11 | Bit 10 | Bit 9 | Bit 8 | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | All Resets |
|-----------|-------|--------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|------------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------|
| RPINR35 | 06E6 | — | IC14R<6:0> | | | | | | | | — | IC13R<6:0> | | | | | | 0000 |
| RPINR36 | 06E8 | — | IC16R<6:0> | | | | | | | | — | IC15R<6:0> | | | | | | 0000 |
| RPINR37 | 06EA | — | SYNCI1R<6:0> | | | | | | | | — | OCFCR<6:0> | | | | | | 0000 |
| RPINR38 | 06EC | — | DTCMP1R<6:0> | | | | | | | | — | SYNCI2R<6:0> | | | | | | 0000 |
| RPINR39 | 06EE | — | DTCMP3R<6:0> | | | | | | | | — | DTCMP2R<6:0> | | | | | | 0000 |
| RPINR40 | 06F0 | — | DTCMP5R<6:0> | | | | | | | | — | DTCMP4R<6:0> | | | | | | 0000 |
| RPINR41 | 06F2 | — | DTCMP7R<6:0> | | | | | | | | — | DTCMP6R<6:0> | | | | | | 0000 |
| RPINR42 | 06F4 | — | FLT6R<6:0> | | | | | | | | — | FLT5R<6:0> | | | | | | 0000 |
| RPINR43 | 06F6 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | FLT7R<6:0> | | | | | | 0000 | |

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

REGISTER 5-1: NVMCON: NON-VOLATILE MEMORY (NVM) CONTROL REGISTER

| R/SO-0 ⁽¹⁾ | R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾ | R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾ | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| WR | WREN | WRERR | NVMSIDL ⁽²⁾ | — | — | — | — |
| bit 15 | | | | bit 8 | | | |

| U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾ | R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾ | R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾ | R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾ |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| — | — | — | — | NVMOP<3:0> ^(3,4) | | | |
| bit 7 | | | | bit 0 | | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Legend: | SO = Settable Only bit | | |
| R = Readable bit | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' | |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15 **WR:** Write Control bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Initiates a Flash memory program or erase operation; the operation is self-timed and the bit is cleared by hardware once operation is complete
0 = Program or erase operation is complete and inactive
- bit 14 **WREN:** Write Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Enables Flash program/erase operations
0 = Inhibits Flash program/erase operations
- bit 13 **WRERR:** Write Sequence Error Flag bit⁽¹⁾
1 = An improper program or erase sequence attempt or termination has occurred (bit is set automatically on any set attempt of the WR bit)
0 = The program or erase operation completed normally
- bit 12 **NVMSIDL:** NVM Stop-in-Idle Control bit⁽²⁾
1 = Flash voltage regulator goes into Stand-by mode during Idle mode
0 = Flash voltage regulator is active during Idle mode
- bit 11-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3-0 **NVMOP<3:0>:** NVM Operation Select bits^(1,3,4)
1111 = Reserved
1110 = Reserved
1101 = Bulk erase primary program Flash memory
1100 = Reserved
1011 = Reserved
1010 = Bulk erase auxiliary program Flash memory
0011 = Memory page erase operation
0010 = Memory row program operation
0001 = Memory word program operation⁽⁵⁾
0000 = Program a single Configuration register byte

- Note 1:** These bits can only be reset on a POR.
- 2:** If this bit is set, upon exiting Idle mode, there is a delay (TVREG) before Flash memory becomes operational.
- 3:** All other combinations of NVMOP<3:0> are unimplemented.
- 4:** Execution of the PWRSAV instruction is ignored while any of the NVM operations are in progress.
- 5:** Two adjacent words are programmed during execution of this operation.

REGISTER 8-1: DMAxCON: DMA CHANNEL x CONTROL REGISTER

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| CHEN | SIZE | DIR | HALF | NULLW | — | — | — |
| bit 15 | | | | | bit 8 | | |

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|------------|-------|-------|-----|-----------|-------|
| U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| — | — | AMODE<1:0> | | — | — | MODE<1:0> | |
| bit 7 | | | | bit 0 | | | |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **CHEN:** Channel Enable bit

1 = Channel is enabled

0 = Channel is disabled

bit 14 **SIZE:** Data Transfer Size bit

1 = Byte

0 = Word

bit 13 **DIR:** Transfer Direction bit (source/destination bus select)

1 = Reads from DPSRAM (or RAM) address, writes to peripheral address

0 = Reads from peripheral address, writes to DPSRAM (or RAM) address

bit 12 **HALF:** Block Transfer Interrupt Select bit

1 = Initiates interrupt when half of the data has been moved

0 = Initiates interrupt when all of the data has been moved

bit 11 **NULLW:** Null Data Peripheral Write Mode Select bit

1 = Null data write to peripheral in addition to DPSRAM (or RAM) write (DIR bit must also be clear)

0 = Normal operation

bit 10-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 5-4 **AMODE<1:0>:** DMA Channel Addressing Mode Select bits

11 = Reserved

10 = Peripheral Indirect Addressing mode

01 = Register Indirect without Post-Increment mode

00 = Register Indirect with Post-Increment mode

bit 3-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 1-0 **MODE<1:0>:** DMA Channel Operating Mode Select bits

11 = One-Shot, Ping-Pong modes are enabled (one block transfer from/to each DMA buffer)

10 = Continuous, Ping-Pong modes are enabled

01 = One-Shot, Ping-Pong modes are disabled

00 = Continuous, Ping-Pong modes are disabled

REGISTER 9-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER^(1,3) (CONTINUED)

| | |
|-------|--|
| bit 3 | CF: Clock Fail Detect bit (read/clear by application) 1 = FSCM has detected clock failure 0 = FSCM has not detected clock failure |
| bit 2 | Unimplemented: Read as '0' |
| bit 1 | LPOSCEN: Secondary (LP) Oscillator Enable bit 1 = Enables Secondary Oscillator 0 = Disables Secondary Oscillator |
| bit 0 | OSWEN: Oscillator Switch Enable bit 1 = Requests oscillator switch to selection specified by NOSC<2:0> bits 0 = Oscillator switch is complete |

- Note 1:** Writes to this register require an unlock sequence. Refer to **Section 7. "Oscillator"** (DS70580) in the *"dsPIC33E/PIC24E Family Reference Manual"* (available from the Microchip web site) for details.
- 2:** Direct clock switches between any Primary Oscillator mode with PLL and FRCPLL mode are not permitted. This applies to clock switches in either direction. In these instances, the application must switch to FRC mode as a transition clock source between the two PLL modes.
- 3:** This register resets only on a Power-on Reset (POR).

REGISTER 10-2: PMD2: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 2 (CONTINUED)

| | |
|-------|--|
| bit 3 | OC4MD: Output Compare 4 Module Disable bit 1 = Output Compare 4 module is disabled 0 = Output Compare 4 module is enabled |
| bit 2 | OC3MD: Output Compare 3 Module Disable bit 1 = Output Compare 3 module is disabled 0 = Output Compare 3 module is enabled |
| bit 1 | OC2MD: Output Compare 2 Module Disable bit 1 = Output Compare 2 module is disabled 0 = Output Compare 2 module is enabled |
| bit 0 | OC1MD: Output Compare 1 Module Disable bit 1 = Output Compare 1 module is disabled 0 = Output Compare 1 module is enabled |

REGISTER 11-43: RPINR43: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 43

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| bit 15 | | | | | | bit 8 | |

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| — | FLT7R<6:0> | | | | | | |
| bit 7 | | | | | | bit 0 | |

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
bit 6-0 **FLT7R<6:0>:** Assign PWM Fault 7 to the Corresponding RPN/RPIN Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)
1111111 = Input tied to RP127
.
.
.
0000001 = Input tied to CMP1
0000000 = Input tied to Vss

REGISTER 11-44: RPOR0: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 0

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| — | — | RP65R<5:0> | | | | | |
| bit 15 | | | | | | bit 8 | |

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| — | — | RP64R<5:0> | | | | | |
| bit 7 | | | | | | bit 0 | |

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
bit 13-8 **RP65R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP65 Output Pin bits
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)
bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
bit 5-0 **RP64R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP64 Output Pin bits
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

15.2 Output Compare Control Registers

REGISTER 15-1: OCxCON1: OUTPUT COMPARE x CONTROL REGISTER 1

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----|--------|-------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| — | — | OCSIDL | OCTSEL<2:0> | | | ENFLTC | ENFLTB |
| bit 15 | | | | | | | bit 8 |

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|------------|------------|------------|----------|----------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0, HSC | R/W-0, HSC | R/W-0, HSC | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ENFLTA | OCFLTC | OCFLTB | OCFLTA | TRIGMODE | OCM<2:0> | | |
| bit 7 | | | | | | bit 0 | |

| | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Legend: | HCS = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit | | |
| R = Readable bit | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' | |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **OCSIDL:** Stop Output Compare x in Idle Mode Control bit
 1 = Output Compare x Halts in CPU Idle mode
 0 = Output Compare x continues to operate in CPU Idle mode
- bit 12-10 **OCTSEL<2:0>:** Output Compare x Clock Select bits
 111 = Peripheral clock (FP)
 110 = Reserved
 101 = Reserved
 100 = Clock source of T1CLK is the clock source of OCx (only the synchronous clock is supported)
 011 = Clock source of T5CLK is the clock source of OCx
 010 = Clock source of T4CLK is the clock source of OCx
 001 = Clock source of T3CLK is the clock source of OCx
 000 = Clock source of T2CLK is the clock source of OCx
- bit 9 **ENFLTC:** Fault C Input Enable bit
 1 = Output Compare Fault C input (OCFC) is enabled
 0 = Output Compare Fault C input (OCFC) is disabled
- bit 8 **ENFLTB:** Fault B Input Enable bit
 1 = Output Compare Fault B input (OCFB) is enabled
 0 = Output Compare Fault B input (OCFB) is disabled
- bit 7 **ENFLTA:** Fault A Input Enable bit
 1 = Output Compare Fault A input (OCFA) is enabled
 0 = Output Compare Fault A input (OCFA) is disabled
- bit 6 **OCFLTC:** PWM Fault C Condition Status bit
 1 = PWM Fault C condition on OCFC pin has occurred
 0 = No PWM Fault C condition on OCFC pin has occurred
- bit 5 **OCFLTB:** PWM Fault B Condition Status bit
 1 = PWM Fault B condition on OCFB pin has occurred
 0 = No PWM Fault B condition on OCFB pin has occurred
- bit 4 **OCFLTA:** PWM Fault A Condition Status bit
 1 = PWM Fault A condition on OCFA pin has occurred
 0 = No PWM Fault A condition on OCFA pin has occurred
- bit 3 **TRIGMODE:** Trigger Status Mode Select bit
 1 = TRIGSTAT (OCxCON2<6>) is cleared when OCxRS = OCxTMR or in software
 0 = TRIGSTAT is cleared only by software

Note 1: OCxR and OCxRS are double-buffered in PWM mode only.

REGISTER 16-1: PTCON: PWM TIME BASE CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

| | |
|---------|---|
| bit 6-4 | <p>SYNCSRC<2:0>: Synchronous Source Selection bits⁽¹⁾</p> <p>111 = Reserved</p> <p>•</p> <p>•</p> <p>•</p> <p>010 = Reserved</p> <p>001 = SYNCI2</p> <p>000 = SYNCI1</p> |
| bit 3-0 | <p>SEVTPS<3:0>: PWM Special Event Trigger Output Postscaler Select bits⁽¹⁾</p> <p>1111 = 1:16 Postscaler generates Special Event Trigger on every sixteenth compare match event</p> <p>•</p> <p>•</p> <p>•</p> <p>0001 = 1:2 Postscaler generates Special Event Trigger on every second compare match event</p> <p>0000 = 1:1 Postscaler generates Special Event Trigger on every compare match event</p> |

Note 1: These bits should be changed only when PTEN = 0. In addition, when using the SYNCIx feature, the user application must program the Period register with a value that is slightly larger than the expected period of the external synchronization input signal.

REGISTER 16-6: STCON2: PWM SECONDARY CLOCK DIVIDER SELECT REGISTER 2

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| bit 15 | | | | | | | bit 8 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------------|-------|-------|
| U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| — | — | — | — | — | PCLKDIV<2:0> ⁽¹⁾ | | |
| bit 7 | | | | | | | bit 0 |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 2-0 **PCLKDIV<2:0>:** PWM Input Clock Prescaler (Divider) Select bits⁽¹⁾

111 = Reserved

110 = Divide-by-64

101 = Divide-by-32

100 = Divide-by-16

011 = Divide-by-8

010 = Divide-by-4

001 = Divide-by-2

000 = Divide-by-1, maximum PWM timing resolution (power-on default)

Note 1: These bits should be changed only when PTEN = 0. Changing the clock selection during operation will yield unpredictable results.

REGISTER 16-7: STPER: SECONDARY MASTER TIME BASE PERIOD REGISTER⁽¹⁾

| | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| STPER<15:8> | | | | | | | |
| bit 15 | | | | | | | bit 8 |

| | | | | | | | |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| STPER<7:0> | | | | | | | |
| bit 7 | | | | | | | bit 0 |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **STPER<15:0>:** Secondary Master Time Base (PMTMR) Period Value bits

17.0 QUADRATURE ENCODER INTERFACE (QEI) MODULE (dsPIC33EPXXX(MC/MU)8XX DEVICES ONLY)

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXX(GP/MC/MU)806/810/814 and PIC24EPXXX(GP/GU)810/814 families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 15. “Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI)”** (DS70601) of the “*dsPIC33E/PIC24E Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

This chapter describes the Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI) module and associated operational modes. The QEI module provides the interface to incremental encoders for obtaining mechanical position data.

The operational features of the QEI module include:

- 32-Bit Position Counter
- 32-Bit Index Pulse Counter
- 32-Bit Interval Timer
- 16-Bit Velocity Counter
- 32-Bit Position Initialization/Capture/Compare High Register
- 32-Bit Position Compare Low Register
- x4 Quadrature Count mode
- External Up/Down Count mode
- External Gated Count mode
- External Gated Timer mode
- Internal Timer mode

Figure 17-1 illustrates the QEI block diagram.

Note: An ‘x’ used in the names of pins, control/status bits and registers denotes a particular Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI) module number (x = 1 or 2).

17.2 QEI Control Registers

REGISTER 17-1: QEIXCON: QEIX CONTROL REGISTER

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----|---------|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------------------------|-------|
| R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| QEIEN | — | QEISIDL | PIMOD<2:0> ⁽¹⁾ | | | IMV<1:0> ⁽²⁾ | |
| bit 15 | | | | | | | bit 8 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|----------------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|----------|-------|
| U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| — | INTDIV<2:0> ⁽³⁾ | | | CNTPOL | GATEN | CCM<1:0> | |
| bit 7 | | | | bit 0 | | | |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **QEIEN:** Quadrature Encoder Interface Module Counter Enable bit
 1 = Module counters are enabled
 0 = Module counters are disabled, but SFRs can be read or written to
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **QEISIDL:** QEI Stop in Idle Mode bit
 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode
 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-10 **PIMOD<2:0>:** Position Counter Initialization Mode Select bits⁽¹⁾
 111 = Reserved
 110 = Modulo Count mode for position counter
 101 = Resets the position counter when the position counter equals the QEIXGEC register
 100 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of the QEIXIC register
 011 = First index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of the QEIXIC register
 010 = Next index input event initializes the position counter with contents of the QEIXIC register
 001 = Every index input event resets the position counter
 000 = Index input event does not affect position counter
- bit 9-8 **IMV<1:0>:** Index Match Value bits⁽²⁾
 11 = Index match occurs when QEB = 1 and QEA = 1
 10 = Index match occurs when QEB = 1 and QEA = 0
 01 = Index match occurs when QEB = 0 and QEA = 1
 00 = Index input event does not affect position counter
- bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: When CCM = 10 or CCM = 11, all of the QEI counters operate as timers and the PIMOD<2:0> bits are ignored.

2: When CCM = 00, and QEA and QEB values match Index Match Value (IMV), the POSCNTNTH and POSCNTL registers are reset.

3: The selected clock rate should be at least twice the expected maximum quadrature count rate.

20.0 UNIVERSAL ASYNCHRONOUS RECEIVER TRANSMITTER (UART)

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXX(GP/MC/MU)806/810/814 and PIC24EPXXX(GP/GU)810/814 families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 17. "UART"** (DS70582) of the "*dsPIC33E/PIC24E Family Reference Manual*", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 "Memory Organization"** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The dsPIC33EPXXX(GP/MC/MU)806/810/814 and PIC24EPXXX(GP/GU)810/814 family of devices contains four UART modules.

The Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART) module is one of the serial I/O modules available in the dsPIC33EPXXX(GP/MC/MU)806/810/814 and PIC24EPXXX(GP/GU)810/814 device family. The UART is a full-duplex, asynchronous system that can communicate with peripheral devices, such as personal computers, LIN/J2602, RS-232 and RS-485 interfaces. The module also supports a hardware flow control option with the UxCTS and UxRTS pins, and also includes an IrDA® encoder and decoder.

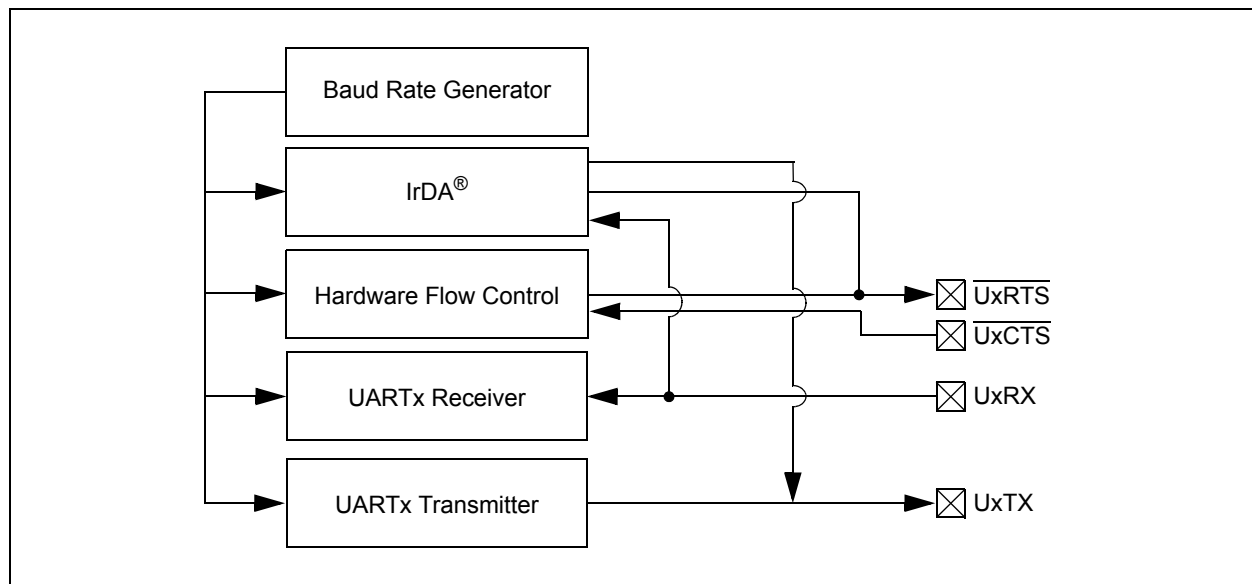
The primary features of the UARTx module are:

- Full-Duplex, 8 or 9-Bit Data Transmission through the UxTX and UxRX Pins
- Even, Odd or No Parity Options (for 8-bit data)
- One or Two Stop bits
- Hardware Flow Control Option with $\overline{\text{UxCTS}}$ and $\overline{\text{UxRTS}}$ Pins
- Fully Integrated Baud Rate Generator with 16-Bit Prescaler
- Baud Rates Ranging from 4.375 Mbps to 67 bps at 16x mode at 70 MIPS
- Baud Rates Ranging from 17.5 Mbps to 267 bps at 4x mode at 70 MIPS
- 4-Deep First-In First-Out (FIFO) Transmit Data Buffer
- 4-Deep FIFO Receive Data Buffer
- Parity, Framing and Buffer Overrun Error Detection
- Support for 9-bit mode with Address Detect (9th bit = 1)
- Transmit and Receive Interrupts
- A Separate Interrupt for All UARTx Error Conditions
- Loopback mode for Diagnostic Support
- Support for Sync and Break Characters
- Support for Automatic Baud Rate Detection
- IrDA® Encoder and Decoder Logic
- 16x Baud Clock Output for IrDA Support

A simplified block diagram of the UARTx module is shown in Figure 20-1. The UARTx module consists of these key hardware elements:

- Baud Rate Generator
- Asynchronous Transmitter
- Asynchronous Receiver

FIGURE 20-1: UARTx SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM



REGISTER 22-5: UxCON: USB CONTROL REGISTER (DEVICE MODE)

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| bit 15 | | | | | | | bit 8 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|----------|--------|-----|-----------------------|--------|--------|-------|
| U-0 | R-x, HSC | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| — | SE0 | PKTDIS | — | HOSTEN ⁽¹⁾ | RESUME | PPBRST | USBEN |
| bit 7 | | | | | | | bit 0 |

| | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Legend: | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' | | |
| R = Readable bit | W = Writable bit | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit | |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6 **SE0:** Live Single-Ended Zero Flag bit
1 = Single-ended zero is active on the USB bus
0 = No single-ended zero is detected
- bit 5 **PKTDIS:** Packet Transfer Disable bit
1 = SIE token and packet processing are disabled; automatically set when a SETUP token is received
0 = SIE token and packet processing are enabled
- bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3 **HOSTEN:** USB Host Mode Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = USB host capability is enabled; pull-downs on D+ and D- are activated in hardware
0 = USB host capability is disabled
- bit 2 **RESUME:** USB Resume Signaling Enable bit
1 = Resume signaling is activated
0 = Resume signaling is disabled
- bit 1 **PPBRST:** Ping-Pong Buffers Reset bit
1 = Resets all Ping-Pong Buffer Pointers to the EVEN buffer descriptor banks
0 = Ping-Pong Buffer Pointers are not reset
- bit 0 **USBEN:** USB Module Enable bit
1 = USB module and supporting circuitry are enabled (device attached); D+ pull-up is activated in hardware
0 = USB module and supporting circuitry are disabled (device detached)

Note 1: This bit should be '0' in Device mode.

REGISTER 23-7: ADxCHS0: ADCx INPUT CHANNEL 0 SELECT REGISTER

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----|-----|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CH0NB | — | — | CH0SB<4:0> ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| bit 15 | | | | | | | bit 8 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CH0NA | — | — | CH0SA<4:0> ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| bit 7 | | | | | | | bit 0 |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **CH0NB:** Channel 0 Negative Input Select for Sample B bit
Same definition as bit 7.
- bit 14-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12-8 **CH0SB<4:0>:** Channel 0 Positive Input Select for Sample B bits⁽¹⁾
Same definition as bits<4:0>.
- bit 7 **CH0NA:** Channel 0 Negative Input Select for Sample A bit
1 = Channel 0 negative input is AN1
0 = Channel 0 negative input is VREFL
- bit 6-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4-0 **CH0SA<4:0>:** Channel 0 Positive Input Select for Sample A bits⁽¹⁾
11111 = Channel 0 positive input is AN31
11110 = Channel 0 positive input is AN30
.
.
.
00010 = Channel 0 positive input is AN2
00001 = Channel 0 positive input is AN1
00000 = Channel 0 positive input is AN0

Note 1: The AN16 through AN31 pins are not available for the ADC2 module. The AN16 through AN23 pins are not available for dsPIC33EP256MU806 (64-pin) devices.

REGISTER 25-3: CMxMSKSRC: COMPARATOR x MASK SOURCE SELECT CONTROL REGISTER

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|--------------|-------|-------|------|
| U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | RW-0 |
| — | — | — | — | SELSRCC<3:0> | | | |
| bit 15 | | | | bit 8 | | | |

| | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SELSRCB<3:0> | | | | SELSRCA<3:0> | | | |
| bit 7 | | | | bit 0 | | | |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11-8 **SELSRCC<3:0>:** Mask C Input Select bits

1111 = FLT4
 1110 = FLT2
 1101 = PWM7H
 1100 = PWM7L
 1011 = PWM6H
 1010 = PWM6L
 1001 = PWM5H
 1000 = PWM5L
 0111 = PWM4H
 0110 = PWM4L
 0101 = PWM3H
 0100 = PWM3L
 0011 = PWM2H
 0010 = PWM2L
 0001 = PWM1H
 0000 = PWM1L

bit 7-4 **SELSRCB<3:0>:** Mask B Input Select bits

1111 = FLT4
 1110 = FLT2
 1101 = PWM7H
 1100 = PWM7L
 1011 = PWM6H
 1010 = PWM6L
 1001 = PWM5H
 1000 = PWM5L
 0111 = PWM4H
 0110 = PWM4L
 0101 = PWM3H
 0100 = PWM3L
 0011 = PWM2H
 0010 = PWM2L
 0001 = PWM1H
 0000 = PWM1L

**REGISTER 28-3: PMADDR: PARALLEL MASTER PORT ADDRESS REGISTER
(MASTER MODES ONLY)⁽¹⁾**

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|-------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CS2 | CS1 | ADDR<13:8> | | | | | |
| bit 15 | | | | | | | bit 8 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ADDR<7:0> | | | | | | | |
| bit 7 | | | | | | | bit 0 |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at Reset

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **CS2:** Chip Select 2 bit
 If PMCON<7:6> = 10 or 01:
 1 = Chip Select 2 is active
 0 = Chip Select 2 is inactive
 If PMCON<7:6> = 11 or 00:
 Bit functions as ADDR<15>.

bit 14 **CS1:** Chip Select 1 bit
 If PMCON<7:6> = 10:
 1 = Chip Select 1 is active
 0 = Chip Select 1 is inactive
 If PMCON<7:6> = 11 or 0x:
 Bit functions as ADDR<14>.

bit 13-0 **ADDR<13:0>:** Destination Address bits

Note 1: In Enhanced Slave mode, PMADDR functions as PMDOUT1, one of the two Data Buffer registers.

TABLE 32-41: SPI2 MAXIMUM DATA/CLOCK RATE SUMMARY

| AC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended | | |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|
| Maximum Data Rate | Master Transmit Only (Half-Duplex) | Master Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex) | Slave Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex) | CKE | CKP | SMP |
| 15 MHz | Table 32-42 | — | — | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 |
| 10 MHz | — | Table 32-43 | — | 1 | 0,1 | 1 |
| 10 MHz | — | Table 32-44 | — | 0 | 0,1 | 1 |
| 15 MHz | — | — | Table 32-45 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 11 MHz | — | — | Table 32-46 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 15 MHz | — | — | Table 32-47 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 11 MHz | — | — | Table 32-48 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

FIGURE 32-23: SPI2 MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY, CKE = 0) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

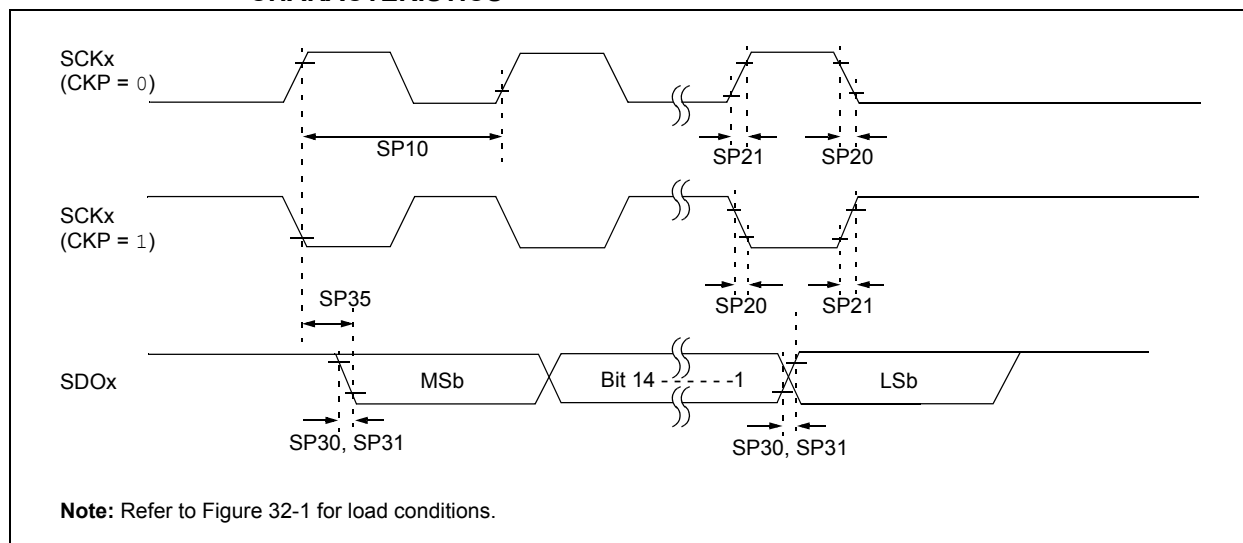
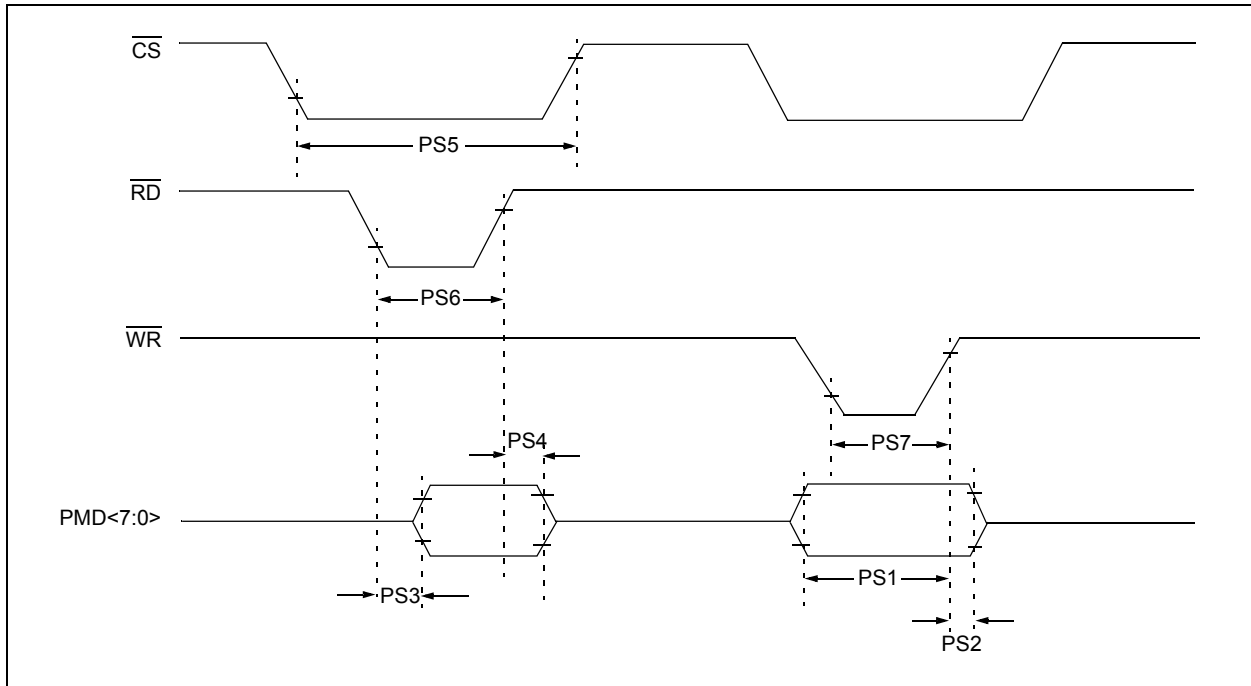


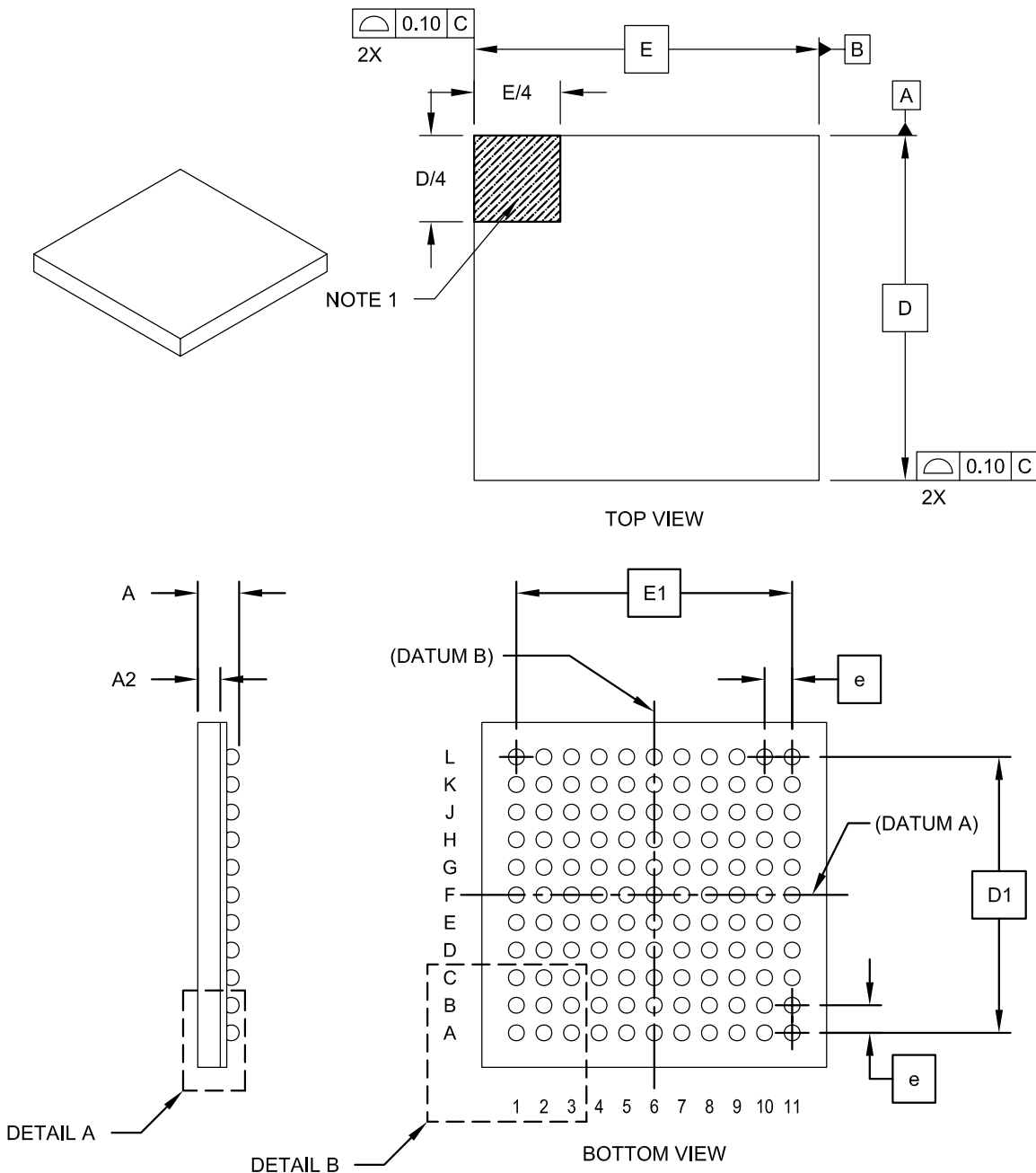
FIGURE 32-42: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT TIMING**TABLE 32-65: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS | | | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended | | | | |
|--------------------|----------|---|---|------|------|-------|------------|
| Param. | Symbol | Characteristic ⁽¹⁾ | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
| PS1 | TdtV2wrH | Data In Valid Before \overline{WR} or \overline{CS} Inactive (setup time) | 20 | — | — | ns | |
| PS2 | TwrH2dtI | \overline{WR} or \overline{CS} Inactive to Data In Invalid (hold time) | 20 | — | — | ns | |
| PS3 | TrdL2dtV | \overline{RD} and \overline{CS} to Active Data Out Valid | — | — | 80 | ns | |
| PS4 | TrdH2dtI | \overline{RD} or \overline{CS} Inactive to Data Out Invalid | 10 | — | 30 | ns | |
| PS5 | Tcs | \overline{CS} Active Time | 33.33 | — | — | ns | |
| PS6 | Twr | \overline{RD} Active Time | 33.33 | — | — | ns | |
| PS7 | Trd | \overline{WR} Active Time | 33.33 | — | — | ns | |

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

121-Lead Plastic Thin Profile Ball Grid Array (BG) - 10x10x1.10 mm Body [TFBGA–Formerly XBGA]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-148 Rev D Sheet 1 of 2