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Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	7.5 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	3V ~ 3.6V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	32
Number of Macrocells	1024
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	317
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 90°C (TJ)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	484-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lc51024mv-75fn484c

Figure 1. ispXPLD 5000MX Block Diagram



Introduction

The ispXPLD 5000MX family represents a new class of device, referred to as the eXpanded Programmable Logic Devices (XPLDs). These devices extend the capability of Lattice's popular SuperWIDE ispMACH 5000 architecture by providing flexible memory capability. The family supports single- or dual-port SRAM, FIFO, and ternary CAM operation. Extra logic has also been included to allow efficient implementation of arithmetic functions. In addition, sysCLOCK PLLs and sysIO interfaces provide support for the system-level needs of designers.

The devices provide designers with a convenient one-chip solution that provides logic availability at boot-up, design security, and extreme reconfigurability. The use of advanced process technology provides industry-leading performance with combinatorial propagation delay as low as 4.0ns, 2.8ns clock-to-out delay, 2.2ns set-up time, and operating frequency up to 300MHz. This performance is coupled with low static and dynamic power consumption. The ispXPLD 5000MX architecture provides predictable deterministic timing.

The availability of 3.3, 2.5 and 1.8V versions of these devices along with the flexibility of the sysIO interface helps users meet the challenge of today's mixed voltage designs. Inputs can be safely driven up to 5.5V when an I/O bank is configured for 3.3V operation, making this family 5V tolerant. Boundary scan testability further eases integration into today's complex systems. A variety of density and package options increase the likelihood of a good fit for a particular application. Table 1 shows the members of the ispXPLD 5000MX family.

Architecture

The ispXPLD 5000MX devices consist of Multi-Function Blocks (MFBs) interconnected with a Global Routing Pool. Signals enter and leave the device via one of four sysIO banks. Figure 1 shows the block diagram of the ispXPLD

5000MX. Incoming signals may connect to the global routing pool or the registers in the MFBs. An Output Sharing Array (OSA) increases the number of I/O available to each MFB, allowing a complete function high-performance access to the I/O. There are four clock pins that drive four global clock nets within the device. Two sysCLOCK PLLs are provided to allow the synthesis of new clocks and control of clock skews.

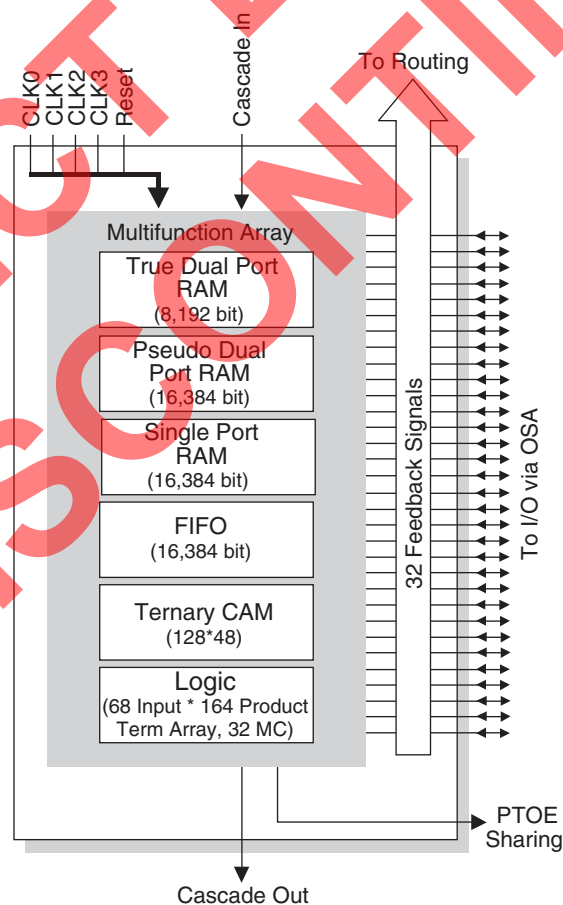
Multi-Function Block (MFB)

Each MFB in the ispXPLD 5000MX architecture can be configured in one of the six following modes. This provides a flexible approach to implementing logic and memory that allows the designer to achieve the mix of functions that are required for a particular design, maximizing resource utilization. The six modes supported by the MFB are:

- SuperWIDE Logic Mode
- True Dual-port SRAM Mode
- Pseudo Dual-port SRAM Mode
- Single-port SRAM Mode
- FIFO Mode
- Ternary CAM Mode

The MFB consists of a multi-function array and associated routing. Depending on the chosen functions the multi-function array uses up to 68 inputs from the GRP and the four global clock and reset signals. The array outputs data along with certain control functions to the macrocells. Output signals can be routed internally for use elsewhere in the device and to the sysIO banks for output. Figure 2 shows the block diagram of the MFB. The various configurations are described in more detail in the following sections.

Figure 2. MFB Block Diagram



Single-Port SRAM Mode

In Single-Port SRAM Mode the multi-function array is configured as a single-port SRAM. In this mode one ports accesses 16,384-bits of memory. Data widths of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 and 32 are supported by the MFB. Figure 11 shows the block diagram of the single-port SRAM.

Write data, address, chip select and read/write signals are always synchronous (registered.) The output data signals can be synchronous or asynchronous. Reset is asynchronous. All signals share a common clock, clock enable, and reset. Table 7 shows the possible sources for the clock, clock enable and reset signals.

Figure 11. Single-Port SRAM Block Diagram

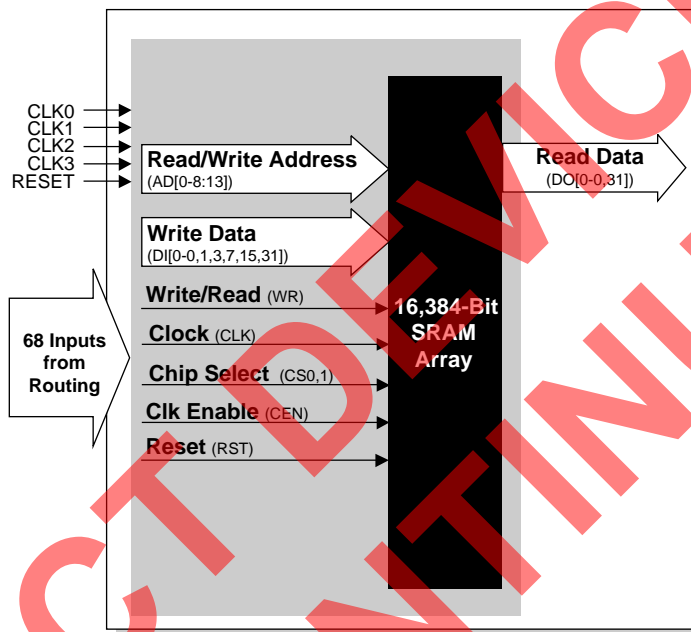


Table 7. Register Clock, Clock Enable, and Reset in Single-Port SRAM Mode

Register	Input	Source
Address, Write Data, Read Data, Read/Write, and Chip Select	Clock	CLK or one of the global clocks (CLK0 - CLK3). Each of these signals can be inverted if required.
	Clock Enable	CEN or one of the global clocks (CLK1 - CLK 2). Each of these signals can be inverted if required.
	Reset	Created by the logical OR of the global reset signal and RST. RST is routed by the multifunction array from GRP, with inversion if desired.

FIFO Mode

In FIFO Mode the multi-function array is configured as a FIFO (First In First Out) buffer with built in control. The read and write clocks can be different or the same dependent on the application. Four flags show the status of the FIFO; Full, Empty, Almost Full, and Almost Empty. The thresholds for Full, Almost full and Almost empty are programmable by the user. It is possible to reset the read pointer, allowing support of frame retransmit in communications applications. If desired, the block can be used in show ahead mode allowing the early reading of the next read address.

In this mode one ports accesses 16,384-bits of memory. Data widths of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 and 32 are supported by the MFB. Figure 12 shows the block diagram of the FIFO.

Write data, write enable, flag outputs and read enable are synchronous. The Write Data, Almost Full and Full share the same clock and clock enables. Read outputs are synchronous although these can be configured in look ahead mode. The Read Data, Empty and Almost Empty signals share the same clock and clock enables. Reset is shared by all signals. Table 8 shows the possible sources for the clock, clock enable and reset signals for the various registers.

Figure 12. FIFO Block Diagram

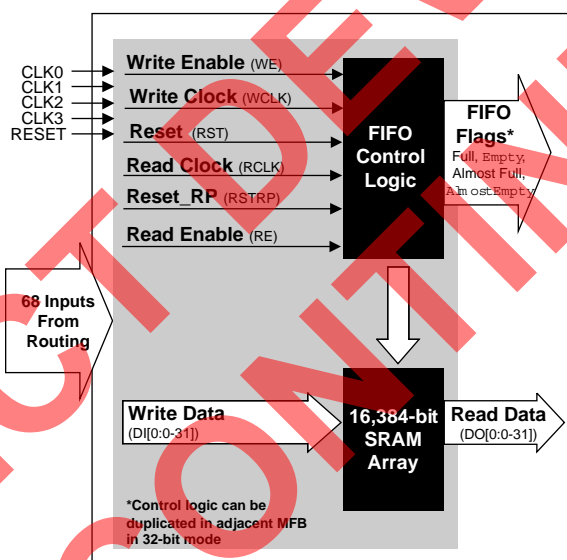


Table 8. Register Clocks, Clock Enables, and Initialization in FIFO Mode

Register	Input	Source
Write Data, Write Enable	Clock	WCLK or one of the global clocks (CLK0 - CLK3). Each of these signals can be inverted if required.
	Clock Enable	WE or one of the global clocks (CLK1 - CLK 2). Each of these signals can be inverted if required.
	Reset	N/A
Full and Almost Full Flags	Clock	WCLK or one of the global clocks (CLK0 - CLK3). Each of these signals can be inverted if required.
	Clock Enable	WE or one of the global clocks (CLK1 - CLK 2). Each of these signals can be inverted if required.
	Reset	Created by the logical OR of the global reset signal and RST. RST is routed by the multifunction array from GRP, with inversion if desired.
Read Data, Empty and Almost Empty Flags	Clock	RCLK or one of the global clocks (CLK0 - CLK3). Each of these signals can be inverted if required.
	Clock Enable	RE or one of the global clocks (CLK1 - CLK 2). Each of these signals can be inverted if required.
	Reset	Created by the logical OR of the global reset signal and RST. RST is routed by the multifunction array from GRP, with inversion if desired.

CAM Mode

In CAM Mode the multi-function array is configured as a Ternary Content Addressable Memory (CAM). CAM behaves like a reverse memory where the input is data and the output is an address. It can be used to perform a variety of high-performance look-up functions. As such, CAM has two modes of operation. In write or update mode the CAM behaves as a RAM and data is written to the supplied address. In read or compare operations data is supplied to the CAM and if this matches any of the data in the array the Match and Multiple Match (if there is more than one match) flags are set to true and the lowest address with matching data is output. The CAM contains 128 entries of 48 bits. Figure 13 shows the block diagram of the CAM.

To further enhance the flexibility of the CAM a mask register is available. If enabled during updates, bits corresponding with those set to 1 in the mask register are not updated. If enabled during compare operations, bits corresponding to those set to 1 in the mask register are not included in the compare. A write don't care signal allows don't cares to be programmed into the CAM if desired. Like other write operations the mask register controls this.

The write/comp data, write address, write enable, write chip select, and write don't care signals are synchronous. The CAM Output signals, match flag, and multimatch flag can be synchronous or asynchronous. The Enable mask register input is not latched but must meet setup and hold times relative to the write clock. All inputs must use the same clock and clock enable signals. All outputs must use the same clock and clock enable signals. Reset is common for both inputs and outputs. Table 9 shows the allowable sources for clock, clock enable, and reset for the various CAM registers.

Figure 13. CAM Mode

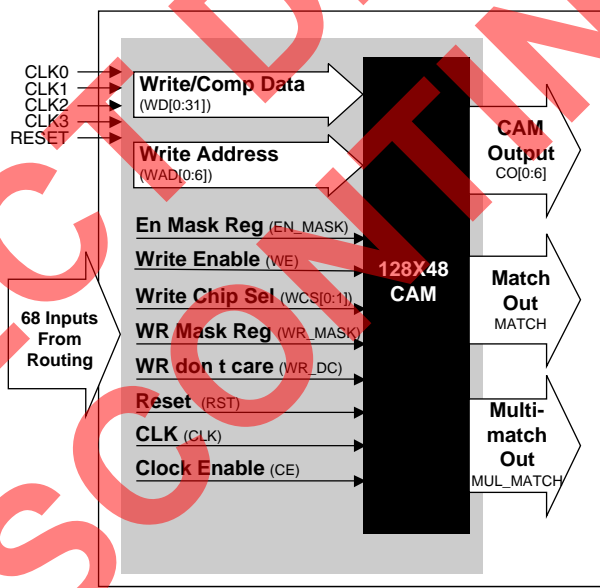


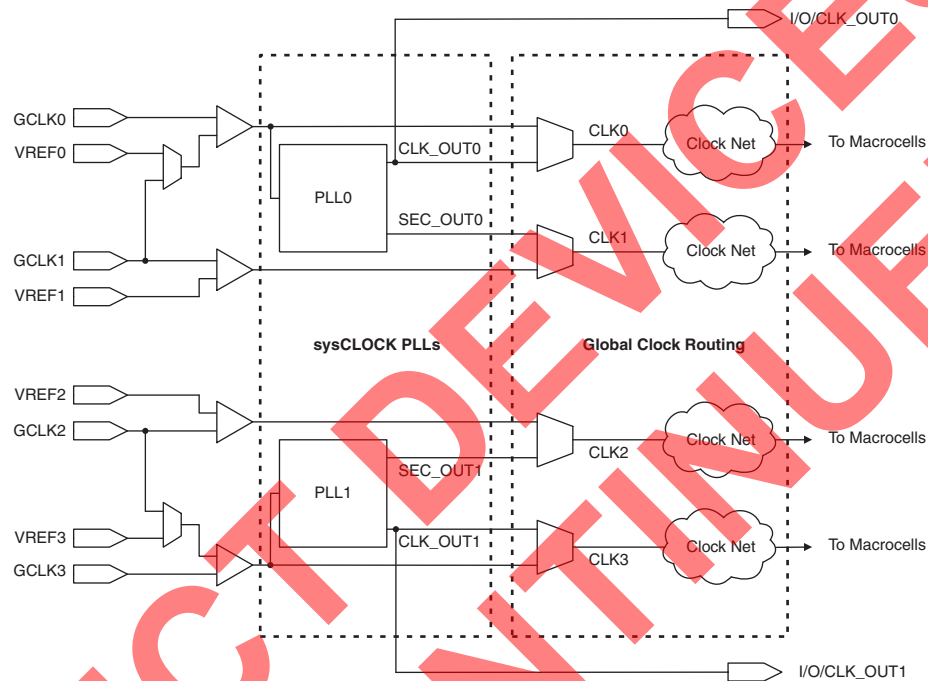
Table 9. Register Clocks, Clock Enables, and Initialization in CAM Mode

Register	Input	Source
Write data, Write address, Enable mask register, Write enable, write chip select, and write don't care, CAM Output, Match, and Multimatch	Clock	CLK or one of the global clocks (CLK0 - CLK3). Each of these signals can be inverted if required.
	Clock Enable	WE or one of the global clocks (CLK1 - CLK 2). Each of these signals can be inverted if required.
	Reset	Created by the logical OR of the global reset signal and RST. RST is routed by the multifunction array from GRP, with inversion if desired

Clock Distribution

The ispXPLD 5000MX family has four dedicated clock input pins: GCLK0-GCLK3. GCLK0 and GCLK3 can be routed through a PLL circuit or routed directly to the internal clock nets. The internal clock nets (CLK0-CLK3) are directly related to the dedicated clock pins (see Secondary Clock Divider exception when using the sysCLOCK circuit). These feed the registers in the MFBs. Note at each register there is the option of inverting the clock if required. Figure 14 shows the clock distribution network.

Figure 14. Clock Distribution Network



sysCLOCK PLL

The sysCLOCK PLL circuitry consists of Phase-Lock Loops (PLLs) and the various dividers, reset and feedback signals associated with the PLLs. This feature gives the user the ability to synthesize clock frequencies and generate multiple clock signals for routing within the device. Furthermore, it can generate clock signals that are de-skewed either at the board level or the device level.

The ispXPLD 5000MX devices provide two PLL circuits. PLL0 receives its clock inputs from GCLK 0 and provides outputs to CLK 0 (CLK 1 when using the secondary clock). PLL1 operates with signals from GCLK 3 and CLK 3 (CLK 2 when using the secondary clock). The optional outputs CLK_OUT can be routed to an I/O pin. The optional PLL_LOCK output is routed into the GRP. The optional input PLL_RST can be routed either from the GRP or directly from an I/O pin. The optional PLL_FBK into can be routed directly from a pin. Figure 15 shows the ispXPLD 5000MX PLL block diagram. Figure 16 shows the connection of optional inputs and outputs.

Figure 17. I/O Cell



Table 10. Shared PTOE Segments

Device	MFBs Associated With Segments
ispXPLD 5256MX	(A, B, C, D) (E, F, G, H)
ispXPLD 5512MX	(A, B, C, D) (E, F, G, H) (I, J, K, L) (M, N, O, P)
ispXPLD 5768MX	(A, B, C, D) (E, F, G, H) (I, J, K, L) (M, N, O, P) (Q, R, S, T) (U, V, W, Z)
ispXPLD 51024MX	(A, B, C, D) (E, F, G, H) (I, J, K, L) (M, N, O, P) (Q, R, S, T) (U, V, W, Z) (Y, Z, AA, AB) (AC, AD, AE, AF)

sysIO Standards

Each I/O within a bank is individually configurable based on the V_{CCO} and V_{REF} settings. Some standards also require the use of an external termination voltage. Table 12 lists the sysIO standards with the typical values for V_{CCO} , V_{REF} and V_{TT} . For more information on the sysIO capability, refer to TN1000, [sysIO Usage Guidelines for Lattice Devices](#).

Table 11. Number of I/Os per Bank

Device	Maximum Number of I/Os per Bank (n)
ispXPLD 5256MX	36
ispXPLD 5512MX	68
ispXPLD 5768MX	96
ispXPLD 51024MX	96

Supply Current

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ. ³	Max.	Units
ispXPLD 5256						
$I_{CC}^{1,2}$	Operating Power Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 3.3V, f = 1.0MHz$	—	26	—	mA
		$V_{CC} = 2.5V, f = 1.0MHz$	—	26	—	mA
		$V_{CC} = 1.8V, f = 1.0MHz$	—	16	—	mA
I_{CCO}	Standby Power Supply Current (per I/O Bank)	$V_{CCO} = 3.3V, f = 1.0MHz, \text{ unloaded}$	—	4	—	mA
		$V_{CCO} = 2.5V, f = 1.0MHz, \text{ unloaded}$	—	4	—	mA
		$V_{CCO} = 1.8V, f = 1.0MHz, \text{ unloaded}$	—	3	—	mA
I_{CCP}	PLL Power Supply Current (per PLL Bank)	$V_{CCP} = 3.3V, f = 10MHz$	—	11	—	mA
		$V_{CCP} = 2.5V, f = 10MHz$	—	11	—	mA
		$V_{CCP} = 1.8V, f = 10MHz$	—	3	—	mA
I_{CCJ}	Standby IEEE 1149.1 TAP Power Supply Current	$V_{CCJ} = 3.3V$	—	1	—	mA
		$V_{CCJ} = 2.5V$	—	1	—	mA
		$V_{CCJ} = 1.8V$	—	1	—	mA
ispXPLD 5512						
$I_{CC}^{1,2}$	Operating Power Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 3.3V, f = 1.0MHz$	—	33	—	mA
		$V_{CC} = 2.5V, f = 1.0MHz$	—	33	—	mA
		$V_{CC} = 1.8V, f = 1.0MHz$	—	22	—	mA
I_{CCO}	Standby Power Supply Current (per I/O Bank)	$V_{CCO} = 3.3V, f = 1.0MHz, \text{ unloaded}$	—	4	—	mA
		$V_{CCO} = 2.5V, f = 1.0MHz, \text{ unloaded}$	—	4	—	mA
		$V_{CCO} = 1.8V, f = 1.0MHz, \text{ unloaded}$	—	3	—	mA
I_{CCP}	PLL Power Supply Current (per PLL Bank)	$V_{CCP} = 3.3V, f = 10MHz$	—	11	—	mA
		$V_{CCP} = 2.5V, f = 10MHz$	—	11	—	mA
		$V_{CCP} = 1.8V, f = 10MHz$	—	3	—	mA
I_{CCJ}	Standby IEEE 1149.1 TAP Power Supply Current	$V_{CCJ} = 3.3V$	—	1	—	mA
		$V_{CCJ} = 2.5V$	—	1	—	mA
		$V_{CCJ} = 1.8V$	—	1	—	mA
ispXPLD 5768						
$I_{CC}^{1,2}$	Operating Power Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 3.3V, f = 1.0MHz$	—	40	—	mA
		$V_{CC} = 2.5V, f = 1.0MHz$	—	40	—	mA
		$V_{CC} = 1.8V, f = 1.0MHz$	—	30	—	mA
I_{CCO}	Standby Power Supply Current (per I/O Bank)	$V_{CCO} = 3.3V, f = 1.0MHz, \text{ unloaded}$	—	4	—	mA
		$V_{CCO} = 2.5V, f = 1.0MHz, \text{ unloaded}$	—	4	—	mA
		$V_{CCO} = 1.8V, f = 1.0MHz, \text{ unloaded}$	—	3	—	mA
I_{CCP}	PLL Power Supply Current (per PLL Bank)	$V_{CCP} = 3.3V, f = 10MHz$	—	11	—	mA
		$V_{CCP} = 2.5V, f = 10MHz$	—	11	—	mA
		$V_{CCP} = 1.8V, f = 10MHz$	—	3	—	mA
I_{CCJ}	Standby IEEE 1149.1 TAP Power Supply Current	$V_{CCJ} = 3.3V$	—	1	—	mA
		$V_{CCJ} = 2.5V$	—	1	—	mA
		$V_{CCJ} = 1.8V$	—	1	—	mA

Supply Current (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ. ³	Max.	Units
ispXPLD 51024						
$I_{CC}^{1,2}$	Operating Power Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 3.3V, f = 1.0MHz$	—	75	—	mA
		$V_{CC} = 2.5V, f = 1.0MHz$	—	75	—	mA
		$V_{CC} = 1.8V, f = 1.0MHz$	—	55	—	mA
I_{CCO}	Standby Power Supply Current (per I/O Bank)	$V_{CCO} = 3.3V, f = 1.0MHz, \text{ unloaded}$	—	4	—	mA
		$V_{CCO} = 2.5V, f = 1.0MHz, \text{ unloaded}$	—	4	—	mA
		$V_{CCO} = 1.8V, f = 1.0MHz, \text{ unloaded}$	—	3	—	mA
I_{CCP}	PLL Power Supply Current (per PLL Bank)	$V_{CCP} = 3.3V, f = 10MHz$	—	11	—	mA
		$V_{CCP} = 2.5V, f = 10MHz$	—	11	—	mA
		$V_{CCP} = 1.8V, f = 10MHz$	—	3	—	mA
I_{CCJ}	Standby IEEE 1149.1 TAP Power Supply Current	$V_{CCJ} = 3.3V$	—	1	—	mA
		$V_{CCJ} = 2.5V$	—	1	—	mA
		$V_{CCJ} = 1.8V$	—	1	—	mA

1. Device configured with 16-bit counters.

2. I_{CC} varies with specific device configuration and operating frequency.3. $T_A = 25^\circ C$

ispXPLD 5000MX Family Internal Switching Characteristics (Continued)

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Base Parameter	-4		-45		-5		-52		-75		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{CASC}	Additional Delay for PT Cascading between MFBs	—	—	0.71	—	0.80	—	0.89	—	0.92	—	1.33	ns
t _{CICOMFB}	Carry Chain Delay, MFB to MFB	—	—	0.35	—	0.39	—	0.44	—	0.46	—	0.66	ns
t _{CICOMC}	Carry Chain Delay, Macro-Cell to Macro-Cell	—	—	0.10	—	0.11	—	0.13	—	0.13	—	0.19	ns
t _{FLAG}	Routing Delay for Extended Function Flags	—	—	2.62	—	2.94	—	3.27	—	3.40	—	4.91	ns
t _{FLAGEXP}	Additional Flag Delay when Expanding Data Widths	t _{FLAGFULL} , t _{FLAGAFULL} , t _{FLAGEMPTY} , t _{FLAGAEMPTY}	—	2.57	—	2.89	—	3.21	—	3.34	—	4.82	ns
t _{SUM}	Counter Sum Delay	t _{PTSA}	—	0.80	—	0.90	—	1.00	—	1.04	—	1.50	ns
Optional Adjusters													
t _{BLA}	Block Loading Adder	t _{ROUTE}	—	0.04	—	0.04	—	0.05	—	0.05	—	0.07	ns
t _{EXP}	PT Expander Adder	t _{ROUTE}	—	0.53	—	0.60	—	0.66	—	0.69	—	0.99	ns
t _{INDIO}	Additional Delay for the Input Register	t _{INREG}	—	0.50	—	0.56	—	0.63	—	0.65	—	0.94	ns
t _{PLL_SEC_DELAY}	Secondary PLL Output Delay	t _{PLL_DELAY}	—	0.91	—	0.91	—	0.91	—	0.91	—	0.91	ns
t _{INEXP}	MFB Input Extender	t _{ROUTE}	—	0.62	—	0.70	—	0.78	—	0.81	—	1.16	ns
Input and Output Buffer Delays													
t _{IOI}	Input Buffer Selection Adder	t _{GCLK_IN} , t _{IN} , t _{GOE} , t _{RST}	Refer to sysIO Adjuster Tables										ns
t _{IOO}	Output Buffer Selection Adder	t _{BUF}											ns
FIFO													
t _{FIFOWCLKS}	Write Data Setup before Write Clock Time	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.22	—	-0.22	—	-0.21	—	ns
t _{FIFOWCLKH}	Write Data Hold after Write Clock Time	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	ns
t _{FIFOCLKSKEW}	Opposite Clock Cycle Delay	—	—	1.40	—	1.40	—	1.76	—	1.76	—	1.83	ns
t _{FIFOFULL}	Write Clock to Full Flag Delay	—	—	3.08	—	3.08	—	3.85	—	3.85	—	4.00	ns
t _{FIFOAFULL}	Write Clock to Almost Full Flag Delay	—	—	3.08	—	3.08	—	3.86	—	3.86	—	4.01	ns
t _{FIFOEMPTY}	Read Clock to Empty Flag Delay	—	—	3.08	—	3.08	—	3.86	—	3.86	—	4.01	ns
t _{FIFOAEMPTY}	Read Clock to Almost Empty Flag Delay	—	—	3.08	—	3.08	—	3.86	—	3.86	—	4.01	ns

ispXPLD 5000MX Family Internal Switching Characteristics (Continued)

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Base Parameter	-4		-45		-5		-52		-75		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{PDPRWH}	R/W Hold time after Clock Time	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	ns
t _{PDPDATAS}	Data Setup before Clock Time	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.22	—	-0.22	—	-0.21	—	ns
t _{PDPDATAH}	Data Hold time after Clock Time	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	ns
t _{PDPRLKO}	Read Clock to Output Delay	—	—	5.08	—	5.02	—	5.66	—	5.45	—	8.54	ns
t _{PDPCLKSKEW}	Opposite Clock Cycle Delay	—	1.40	—	1.40	—	1.76	—	1.76	—	1.83	—	ns
t _{P DPRSTO}	Reset to RAM Output Delay	—	—	3.30	—	3.30	—	4.13	—	4.13	—	4.29	ns
t _{P DPRSTR}	Reset Recovery Time	—	1.20	—	1.20	—	1.50	—	1.50	—	1.56	—	ns
t _{P DPRSTPW}	Reset Pulse Width	—	0.14	—	0.14	—	0.18	—	0.18	—	0.19	—	ns
Dual Port RAM													
t _{DPMSAS}	Memory Select A Setup Before R/W A Time	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.21	—	ns
t _{DPMSAH}	Memory Select Hold time after R/W A Time	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	ns
t _{DPCEAS}	Clock Enable A Setup before Clock A Time	—	3.72	—	3.72	—	3.72	—	3.72	—	4.84	—	ns
t _{DPCEAH}	Clock Enable A Hold time after Clock A Time	—	-2.95	—	-2.95	—	-2.95	—	-2.95	—	-2.27	—	ns
t _{DPADDAS}	Address A Setup before Clock A Time	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.21	—	ns
t _{DPADDAH}	Address A Hold time after Clock A Time	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	ns
t _{DPRWAS}	R/W A Setup before Clock A Time	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.21	—	ns
t _{DPRWAH}	R/W A Hold time after Clock A Time	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	ns
t _{DPDATAAS}	Write Data A Setup before Clock A Time	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.21	—	ns
t _{DPDATAAH}	Write Data A Hold time after Clock A Time	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	ns
t _{DPMSBS}	Memory Select B Setup Before R/W B Time	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.21	—	ns
t _{DPMSBH}	Memory Select Hold time after R/W B Time	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	-0.01	—	ns

ispXPLD 5000MX Power Supply and NC Connections¹

SELECT DEVICES
DISCONTINUED

Signals	208 PQFP ⁴	256 fpBGA ^{3,5}	484 fpBGA, 5 ³	672 fpBGA ^{3,5}
VCC	10, 49, 76, 114, 153, 180	D4, D13, F6, F11, L6, L11, N4, N13	A17, A6, AA2, AA21, AB17, AB6, B2, B21, D19, D4, F1, F22, G10, G11, G12, G13, K16, K7, L16, L7, M16, M7, T10, T11, T12, T13, T14, T9, U1, U22, W19, W4	AA21, AA6, F21, F6, G20, G7, J13, J14, K13, K14, L13, L14, M13, M14, N10, N11, N12, N15, N16, N17, N18, N9, P10, P11, P12, P15, P16, P17, P18, P9, R13, R14, T13, T14, U13, U14, V13, V14, Y20, Y7
VCCO0	5, 17, 189, 204	A1, F7, G6	B9, C3, G8, G9, H7, J2, J7, P4	H10, H11, H8, H9, J8, J9, K8, L8, M8, N8
VCCO1	42, 57, 72	K6, L7, T1	AA9, R7, T3, T8, Y3	P8, R8, T8, U8, V8, W9, W10, W11, W8, W9
VCCO2	85, 100, 107, 121	K11, L10, T16	AA14, R16, T15, T20, Y20	P19, R19, T19, U19, V18, V19, W12, W13, W14, W15, W16, W17, W18, W19
VCCO3	146, 161, 176	A16, F10, G11	B14, C20, G14, G15, H16, J16, J21, P19	H12, H13, H14, H15, H16, H17, H18, H19, J18, J19, K19, L19, M19, N19
VCCP	136	J16	M22	N25
VCCJ	27	J1	M1	N4
GND	15, 29, 44, 81, 119, 148, 185, 7, 19, 191, 205, 40, 56, 70, 87, 101, 109, 123, 144, 160, 174	K1, C3, C14, E5, E12, G7, G8, G9, G10, H7, H8, H9, H10, J7, J8, J9, J10, K7, K8, K9, K10, M5, M12, P3	N1, A1, A2, A21, A22, AA1, AA22, AB1, AB22, B1, B22, C15, C8, D11, D12, E18, E5, F17, F6, G16, G7, H10, H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H20, H3, H8, H9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, J15, J8, J9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K8, K9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L19, L4, L8, L9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M19, M4, M9, N10, N11, N12, N13, N14, N9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P9, R10, R11, R12, R13, R14, R15, R8, R9, T16, T7, W11, W12, Y15, Y8	A11, A16, A2, A25, AE1, AE2, AE25, AE26, AF11, AF16, AF2, AF25, B1, B2, B25, B26, J10, J11, J12, J15, J16, J17, K10, K11, K12, K15, K16, K17, K18, K9, L1, L10, L11, L12, L15, L16, L17, L18, L26, L9, M10, M11, M12, M15, M16, M17, M18, M9, N13, N14, P13, P14, R10, R11, R12, R15, R16, R17, R18, R9, T1, T10, T11, T12, T15, T16, T17, T18, T26, T9, U10, U11, U12, U15, U16, U17, U18, U9, V10, V11, V12, V15, V16, V17
GNDP	134	K16	N22	P26
NC ²	—	5256MX: A2, A11, A12, A15, B2, B12, B15, B16, C4, C12, C15, C16, D1, D11, D14, D15, D16, E1, E4, E10, E11, E13, E14, F4, F5, F12, F13, L1, L4, M3, M7, M13, N2, N6, P1, P2, P5, P6, P13, P14, P15, P16, R1, R2, R4, R5, R6, R16, T2, T3, T4, T5, T6 5512MX/5768MX: L1	5512MX: P1, AA19, AB2, AB21, J17, J6, K1, K17, K18, K19, K2, K20, K21, K22, K3, K4, K5, K6, L1, L17, L18, L2, L20, L21, L22, L3, L5, L6, M15, M17, M18, M2, M20, M21, M3, M5, M6, M8, N15, N17, N18, N19, N2, N20, N21, N3, N4, N5, N6, N8, P15, P17, P18, P2, P21, P22, P5, P6, P8, U17, U6, V18, V5, W6 5768MX/51024MX: None	A12, A13, A14, A15, AA10, AA11, AA12, AA13, AA14, AA15, AA16, AA17, AA7, AB10, AB11, AB12, AB13, AB14, AB15, AB16, AB17, AC10, AC11, AC12, AC13, AC14, AC15, AC16, AC17, AD11, AD12, AD13, AD14, AD15, AD16, AE11, AE12, AE13, AE14, AE15, AE16, AF12, AF13, AF14, AF15, B11, B12, B13, B14, B15, B16, C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C3, D10, D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, E10, E11, E12, E13, E14, E15, E16, E17, E6, E7, E8, F10, F11, F12, F13, F14, F15, F16, F17, G10, G11, G12, G13, G14, G15, G16, G17, Y10, Y11, Y12, Y13, Y14, Y15, Y16, Y17

1. All grounds must be electrically connected at the board level.

2. NC pins should not be connected to any active signals, V_{CC} or GND.

3. Balls for GND, V_{CC} and V_{CCOx} are connected within the substrate to their respective common signals. Pin orientation A1 starts from the upper left corner of the top side view with alphabetical order ascending vertically and numerical order ascending horizontally.

4. Pin orientation follows the conventional counter-clockwise order from pin 1 marking of the topside view.

5. Internal GNDs and I/O GNDs (Bank 0 - Bank 3) are connected inside package. V_{CCO} balls connect to four power planes within the package, one each for V_{CCOx}.

ispXPLD 5512MX Logic Signal Connections (Continued)

sysIO Bank	LVDS Pair	Primary Macrocell/ Function	Alternate Outputs		Alternate Input	208 PQFP Pin Number	256 fpBGA Ball Number	484 fpBGA Ball Number
			Macrocell 1	Macrocell 2				
0	96N	M12	M23	O23	M13	196	B5	A10
0	96P	M10	M22	O22	M11	197	A3	A9
0	97N	M8	M21	O21	M9	198	B4	C9
0	97P	M6	M20	O20	M7	199	B3	D9
0	98N	M5	M19	O19	—	200	C5	F9
0	98P	M4	M18	O18	—	201	C6	E9
0	99N	M2	M1	O1	M3	202	D5	A8
—	—	V _{CC00}	—	—	—	—	V _{CC00}	V _{CC00}
0	99P	M0	M0	O0	M1	203	D6	B8
—	—	GND (Bank 0)	—	—	—	—	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)
0	100N	N30	O29	—	N31	—	—	A7
0	100P	N28	O28	—	N29	—	—	B7
0	101N	N26	O27	—	N27	—	—	A5
0	101P	N24	O26	—	N25	—	—	B5
0	102N	N22	O25	—	N23	—	—	B6
0	102P	N21	O24	—	—	—	—	C7
0	103N	N20	O23	—	—	—	—	E8
0	103P	N18	O22	—	N19	—	—	E7
0	104N	N16	O21	—	N17	—	—	E6
0	104P	N14	O20	—	N15	—	—	D6
0	105N	N12	O19	—	N13	—	—	D8
—	—	V _{CC00}	—	—	—	204	V _{CC00}	V _{CC00}
0	105P	N10	O18	—	N11	—	—	F8
—	—	GND (Bank 0)	—	—	—	205	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)
0	106N	N8	O17	—	N9	—	—	F7
0	106P	N6	O16	—	N7	—	—	D7
0	107N	N5	O15	—	—	206	A2	C6
0	107P	N4	O14	—	—	207	B2	C5
0	108N	N2	O13	—	N3	—	—	C4
0	108P	N0	O12	—	N1	—	—	D5

1. Not available for differential pair.

Global Clock LVDS pair options: GCLK0 and GCLK1, as well as GCLK2 and GCLK3, can be paired together to receive differential clocks; where GCLK0 and GCLK3 are the positive LVDS inputs.

ispXPLD 5768MX Logic Signal Connections

sysIO Bank	LVDS Pair	Primary Macrocell/ Function	Alternate Outputs		Alternate Inputs	256 fpBGA Ball Number	484 fpBGA Ball Number
			Macrocell 1	Macrocell 2			
0	127N	S22	S11	T18	S23	C4	B4
0	127P	S20	S10	T16	S21	E4	A4
0	128N	S18	Q17	S17	S19	B1	B3
0	128P	S16	Q16	S16	S17	C1	A3
0	129N	S14	Q15	S15	S15	D3	F5
-	-	VCCO0	-	-	-	VCCO0	VCCO0
0	129P	S12	Q14	S14	S13	C2	G6
-	-	GND (Bank 0)	-	-	-	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)
0	130N	S10	Q13	S13	S11	E3	H6
0	130P	S8	Q12	S12	S9	D2	G5
0	131N	S6	S9	T14	S7	—	D3
0	131P	S4	S8	T12	S5	—	D2
0	132N	S2	S7	T10	S3	—	E4
-	-	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	VCC
0	132P	S0	S6	T8	S1	—	E3
-	-	GND	-	-	-	GND	GND
0	133N	T30	S5	T6	T31	—	F4
0	133P	T28	S4	T4	T29	—	G4
0	134N	T26	S3	T2	T27	—	C2
-	-	VCCO0	-	-	-	VCCO0	VCCO0
0	134P	T24	S2	T0	T25	—	C1
-	-	GND (Bank 0)	-	-	-	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)
0	135N	T22	S1	-	T23	D1	F3
0	135P	T20	S0	-	T21	E1	G3
0	136N	T18	S31	-	T19	F4	H4
-	-	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	VCC
0	136P	T16	S30	-	T17	F5	J4
0	137N	T14	Q11	S11	T15	E2	H5
0	137P	T12/CLK_OUT0	Q10	S10	T13	F2	J5
0	138N	T10	Q9	S9	T11	F1	E2
0	138P	T8	Q8	S8	T9	G1	F2
-	-	GND	-	-	-	GND	GND
0	139N	T6	Q7	S7	T7	F3	D1
-	-	VCCO0	-	-	-	VCCO0	VCCO0
0	139P	T4	Q6	S6	T5	G5	E1
-	-	GND (Bank 0)	-	-	-	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)
0	140N	T2	Q5	S5	T3	H5	J3
0	140P	T0/PLL_RST0	Q4	S4	T1	G4	H2
0	141N	U30	U31	W31	U31	G3	G2
0	141P	U28/PLL_FBK0	U30	W30	U29	H3	G1
0	142N	U26	U29	W29	U27	—	J6
0	142P	U24	U28	W28	U25	—	K4

ispXPLD 5768MX Logic Signal Connections (Continued)

sysIO Bank	LVDS Pair	Primary Macrocell/ Function	Alternate Outputs		Alternate Inputs	256 fpBGA Ball Number	484 fpBGA Ball Number
			Macrocell 1	Macrocell 2			
0	143N	U22	U27	W27	U23	—	K6
-	-	VCCO0	-	-	-	VCCO0	VCCO0
0	143P	U20	U26	W26	U21	—	K3
-	-	GND (Bank 0)	-	-	-	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)
0	144N	U18	U25	W25	U19	—	K5
0	144P	U16	U24	W24	U17	—	K2
0	145N	U14	U23	W23	U15	—	L5
0	145P	U12	U22	W22	U13	—	K1
0	146N	U10	U21	W21	U11	—	L6
0	146P	U8	U20	W20	U9	—	L1
0	147N	U6	U19	W19	U7	—	M5
0	147P	U4	U18	W18	U5	—	L2
0	148N	U2	U17	W17	U3	—	N5
-	-	VCCO0	-	-	-	VCCO0	VCCO0
0	148P	U0	U16	W16	U1	—	L3
-	-	GND (Bank 0)	-	-	-	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)
0	149N	W30	U15	W15	W31	—	M6
0	149P	W28	U14	W14	W29	—	M2
0	150N	W26	U13	W13	W27	—	P5
-	-	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	VCC
0	150P	W24	U12	W12	W25	—	P6
0	151N	W22	U11	W11	W23	—	M3
0	151P	W20	U10	W10	W21	—	N6
0	152N	W18	U9	W9	W19	—	N2
0	152P	W16	U8	W8	W17	—	P1
-	-	GND	-	-	-	GND	GND
0	153N	W14	U7	W7	W15	—	N3
-	-	VCCO0	-	-	-	VCCO0	VCCO0
0	153P	W12	U6	W6	W13	—	M8
-	-	GND (Bank 0)	-	-	-	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)
0	154N	W10	U5	W5	W11	—	N8
0	154P	W8	U4	W4	-	—	P2
0	155N	W6	U3	W3	W7	—	P8
0	155P	W4	U2	W2	W5	—	N4
0	156N	W2	U1	W1	W3	G2	H1
0	156P	W0	U0	W0	W1	H1	J1
-	GCLK0P	GCLK0	-	-	-	H2	N7
-	-	VCCJ	-	-	-	See Power Supply and NC Connections Table	
-	GCLK0N	GCLK1	-	-	-	J2	P7
-	-	GND	-	-	-	GND	GND
-	-	TDI	-	-	-	H6	R1
-	-	TMS	-	-	-	H4	R2

ispXPLD 5768MX Logic Signal Connections (Continued)

sysIO Bank	LVDS Pair	Primary Macrocell/ Function	Alternate Outputs		Alternate Inputs	256 fpBGA Ball Number	484 fpBGA Ball Number
			Macrocell 1	Macrocell 2			
2	29N	E2	F1	H1	E3	T12	AA12
-	-	GND	-	-	-	GND	GND
2	30P	E4	F2	H2	E5	P10	Y12
2	30N	E6	F3	H3	E7	R10	AA13
2	31P	E8	F4	H4	E9	R11	V12
-	-	VCCO2	-	-	-	VCCO2	VCCO2
2	31N	E10	F5	H5	E11	M10	U12
-	-	GND (Bank 2)	-	-	-	GND (Bank 2)	GND (Bank 2)
2	32P	E12	F6	H6	E13	M11	AB13
2	32N	E14	F7	H7	E15	T13	Y13
2	33P	E16	H0	-	E17	P11	V13
2	33N	E18/VREF2	H1	-	E19	T14	W13
2	34P	E20	F8	H8	E21	R12	V14
2	34N	E22	F9	H9	E23	R13	W14
2	35P	E24	F10	H10	E25	N11	Y14
2	35N	E26	F11	H11	E27	T15	AB14
2	36P	E28	F12	H12	E29	R14	AB15
2	36N	E30	F13	H13	E31	N12	AA15
2	37P	F0	F14	H14	F1	P12	U13
-	-	VCCO2	-	-	-	VCCO2	VCCO2
2	37N	F2	F15	H15	F3	R15	U14
-	-	GND (Bank 2)	-	-	-	GND (Bank 2)	GND (Bank 2)
2	38P	F4	H2	E0	F5	—	W15
2	38N	F6	H3	E2	F7	—	W16
2	39P	F8	H4	E4	F9	—	Y16
2	39N	F10	H5	E6	F11	—	AA16
2	40P	F12	H6	E8	F13	—	AB16
2	40N	F14	H7	E10	F15	—	AA17
2	41P	F16	H8	E12	F17	—	Y17
2	41N	F18	H9	E16	F19	—	AA18
2	42P	F20	H10	E20	F21	—	W17
-	-	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	VCC
2	42N	F22	H11	E22	F23	—	W18
-	-	GND	-	-	-	GND	GND
2	43P	F24	H12	-	F25	—	V15
-	-	VCCO2	-	-	-	VCCO2	VCCO2
2	43N	F26	H13	-	F27	—	U15
-	-	GND (Bank 2)	-	-	-	GND (Bank 2)	GND (Bank 2)
2	44P	F28	H14	-	F29	P13	Y18
2	44N	F30	H15	-	F31	P15	V17
2	45P	G0	H16	-	G1	M13	V16
2	45N	G2	H17	-	G3	P14	U16
2	46P	G4	H18	-	G5	—	AB18

ispXPLD 5768MX Logic Signal Connections (Continued)

sysIO Bank	LVDS Pair	Primary Macrocell/ Function	Alternate Outputs		Alternate Inputs	256 fpBGA Ball Number	484 fpBGA Ball Number
			Macrocell 1	Macrocell 2			
2	46N	G6	H19	-	G7	—	AB19
2	47P	G8	H20	-	G9	—	AA19
-	-	VCCO2	-	-	-	VCCO2	VCCO2
2	47N	G10	H21	-	G11	—	U17
-	-	GND (Bank 2)	-	-	-	GND (Bank 2)	GND (Bank 2)
2	48P	G12	H22	-	G13	—	V18
2	48N	G14	H23	-	G15	—	AB21
2	49P	G16	H24	-	G17	—	U18
2	49N	G18	H25	-	G19	—	T17
2	50P	G20	H26	-	G21	R16	AB20
2	50N	G22	H27	-	G23	P16	AA20
2	51P	G24	H28	-	G25	N15	Y19
-	-	VCCO2	-	-	-	VCCO2	VCCO2
2	51N	G26	H29	-	G27	N14	V19
-	-	GND (Bank 2)	-	-	-	GND (Bank 2)	GND (Bank 2)
2	52P	G28	F16	H16	G29	N16	T18
2	52N	G30	F17	H17	G31	M16	R17
2	53P	H0	F18	H18	H1	M14	U19
2	53N	H2	F19	H19	H3	M15	T19
2	54P	H4	H30	E24	H5	—	V20
-	-	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	VCC
2	54N	H6	H31	E26	H7	—	U20
2	55P	H8	F20	H20	H9	L13	W20
2	55N	H10	F21	H21	H11	L12	Y21
2	56P	H12	F22	H22	H13	L15	R18
2	56N	H14	F23	H23	H15	L16	R19
-	-	GND	-	-	-	GND	GND
2	57P	H16	F24	H24	H17	L14	W21
-	-	VCCO2	-	-	-	VCCO2	VCCO2
2	57N	H18	F25	H25	H19	K15	Y22
-	-	GND (Bank 2)	-	-	-	GND (Bank 2)	GND (Bank 2)
2	58P	H20	F26	H26	H21	K14	R20
2	58N	H22	F27	H27	H23	K12	P20
2	59P	H24	F28	H28	H25	K13	T21
2	59N	H26	F29	H29	H27	J13	R21
2	60P	H28	F30	H30	H29	J14	U21
2	60N	H30	F31	H31	H31	J12	V21
-	-	TOE	-	-	-	J15	W22
-	-	RESET	-	-	-	J11	V22
-	-	GOE0	-	-	-	H11	T22
-	-	GOE1	-	-	-	H13	R22
-	-	GNDP	-	-	-	See Power Supply and NC Connections Table	

ispXPLD 5000MB (2.5V) Lead-Free Commercial Devices

Device	Part Number	Macrocells	Voltage (V)	t _{PD} (ns)	Package	Pin/Ball Count	I/O	Grade
LC5256MB	LC5256MB-4FN256C	256	2.5	4.0	Lead-free fpBGA	256	141	C
	LC5256MB-5FN256C	256	2.5	5.0	Lead-free fpBGA	256	141	C
	LC5256MB-75FN256C	256	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	141	C
LC5512MB	LC5512MB-45QN208C	512	2.5	4.5	Lead-free PQFP	208	149	C
	LC5512MB-75QN208C	512	2.5	7.5	Lead-free PQFP	208	149	C
	LC5512MB-45FN256C	512	2.5	4.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	193	C
	LC5512MB-75FN256C	512	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	193	C
	LC5512MB-45FN484C	512	2.5	4.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	253	C
	LC5512MB-75FN484C	512	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	253	C
LC5768MB	LC5768MB-5FN256C	768	2.5	5.0	Lead-free fpBGA	256	193	C
	LC5768MB-75FN256C	768	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	193	C
	LC5768MB-5FN484C	768	2.5	5.0	Lead-free fpBGA	484	317	C
	LC5768MB-75FN484C	768	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	317	C
LC51024MB	LC51024MB-52FN484C	1024	2.5	5.2	Lead-free fpBGA	484	317	C
	LC51024MB-75FN484C	1024	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	317	C
	LC51024MB-52FN672C	1024	2.5	5.2	Lead-free fpBGA	672	381	C
	LC51024MB-75FN672C	1024	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	672	381	C

ispXPLD 5000MB (2.5V) Lead-Free Industrial Devices

Device	Part Number	Macrocells	Voltage (V)	t _{PD} (ns)	Package	Pin/Ball Count	I/O	Grade
LC5256MB	LC5256MB-5FN256I	256	2.5	5.0	Lead-free fpBGA	256	141	I
	LC5256MB-75FN256I	256	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	141	I
LC5512MB	LC5512MB-75QN208I	512	2.5	7.5	Lead-free PQFP	208	149	I
	LC5512MB-75FN256I	512	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	193	I
	LC5512MB-75FN484I	512	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	253	I
LC5768MB	LC5768MB-75FN256I	768	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	193	I
	LC5768MB-75FN484I	768	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	317	I
LC51024MB	LC51024MB-75FN484I	1024	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	317	I
	LC51024MB-75FN672I	1024	2.5	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	672	381	I

ispXPLD 5000MV (3.3V) Lead-Free Commercial Devices

Device	Part Number	Macrocells	Voltage (V)	t _{PD} (ns)	Package	Pin/Ball Count	I/O	Grade
LC5256MV	LC5256MV-4FN256C	256	3.3	4.0	Lead-free fpBGA	256	141	C
	LC5256MV-5FN256C	256	3.3	5.0	Lead-free fpBGA	256	141	C
	LC5256MV-75FN256C	256	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	141	C

ispXPLD 5000MV (3.3V) Lead-Free Commercial Devices (Continued)

Device	Part Number	Macrocells	Voltage (V)	t _{PD} (ns)	Package	Pin/Ball Count	I/O	Grade
LC5512MV	LC5512MV-45QN208C	512	3.3	4.5	Lead-free PQFP	208	149	C
	LC5512MV-75QN208C	512	3.3	7.5	Lead-free PQFP	208	149	C
	LC5512MV-45FN256C	512	3.3	4.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	193	C
	LC5512MV-75FN256C	512	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	193	C
	LC5512MV-45FN484C	512	3.3	4.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	253	C
	LC5512MV-75FN484C	512	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	253	C
LC5768MV	LC5768MV-5FN256C	768	3.3	5.0	Lead-free fpBGA	256	193	C
	LC5768MV-75FN256C	768	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	193	C
	LC5768MV-5FN484C	768	3.3	5.0	Lead-free fpBGA	484	317	C
	LC5768MV-75FN484C	768	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	317	C
LC51024MV	LC51024MV-52FN484C	1024	3.3	5.2	Lead-free fpBGA	484	317	C
	LC51024MV-75FN484C	1024	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	317	C
	LC51024MV-52FN672C	1024	3.3	5.2	Lead-free fpBGA	672	381	C
	LC51024MV-75FN672C	1024	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	672	381	C

ispXPLD 5000MV (3.3V) Lead-Free Industrial Devices

Device	Part Number	Macrocells	Voltage (V)	t _{PD} (ns)	Package	Pin/Ball Count	I/O	Grade
LC5256MV	LC5256MV-5FN256I	256	3.3	5.0	Lead-free fpBGA	256	141	I
	LC5256MV-75FN256I	256	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	141	I
LC5512MV	LC5512MV-75QN208I	512	3.3	7.5	Lead-free PQFP	208	149	I
	LC5512MV-75FN256I	512	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	193	I
	LC5512MV-75FN484I	512	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	253	I
LC5768MV	LC5768MV-75FN256I	768	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	193	I
	LC5768MV-75FN484I	768	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	317	I
LC51024MV	LC51024MV-75FN484I	1024	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	484	317	I
	LC51024MV-75FN672I	1024	3.3	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	672	381	I

For Further Information

In addition to this data sheet, the following technical notes may be helpful when designing with the ispXPLD 5000MX family:

- TN1000 – [sysIO Usage Guidelines for Lattice Devices](#)
- TN1003 – [sysCLOCK PLL Usage Guide for ispXPGA, ispGDX2, ispXPLD and ispMACH 5000VG Devices](#)
- TN1031 – [Power Estimation in ispXPLD 5000MX Devices](#)
- TN1030 – [Using Memory in ispXPLD 5000MX Devices](#)
- TN1026 – [ispXP Configuration Usage Guidelines](#)