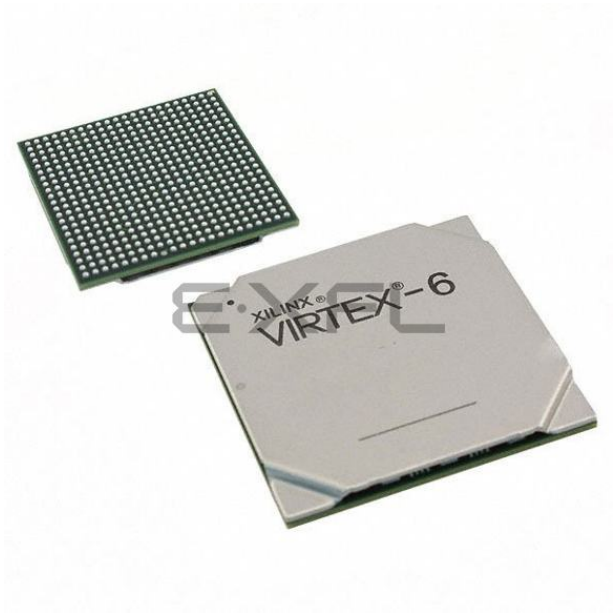
AMD Xilinx - XC6VCX130T-1FFG784I Datasheet



Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	10000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	128000
Total RAM Bits	9732096
Number of I/O	400
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.95V ~ 1.05V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	784-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	784-FCBGA (29x29)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc6vcx130t-1ffg784i

Virtex-6 CXT FPGA Documentation

In addition to the data sheet information found herein, complete and up-to-date documentation of the Virtex-6 family of FPGAs is available on the Xilinx website and available for download:

Virtex-6 FPGA Configuration Guide **(UG360)**

This all-encompassing configuration guide includes chapters on configuration interfaces (serial and parallel), multi-bitstream management, bitstream encryption, boundary-scan and JTAG configuration, and reconfiguration techniques.

Virtex-6 FPGA SelectIO Resources User Guide **(UG361)**

This guide describes the SelectIO™ resources available in all the Virtex-6 CXT devices.

Virtex-6 FPGA Clocking Resources User Guide **(UG362)**

This guide describes the clocking resources available in all the Virtex-6 CXT devices, including the MMCM and clock buffers.

Virtex-6 FPGA Memory Resources User Guide **(UG363)**

This guide describes the Virtex-6 CXT device block RAM and FIFO capabilities.

Virtex-6 FPGA CLB User Guide **(UG364)**

This guide describes the capabilities of the configurable logic blocks (CLB) available in all Virtex-6 CXT devices.

Virtex-6 FPGA DSP48E1 Slice User Guide **(UG369)**

This guide describes the architecture of the DSP48E1 slice in Virtex-6 CXT FPGAs and provides configuration examples.

Virtex-6 FPGA GTX Transceivers User Guide **(UG366)**

This guide describes the GTX transceivers available in all the Virtex-6 CXT FPGAs.

Virtex-6 FPGA Tri-Mode Ethernet MAC User Guide **(UG368)**

This guide describes the dedicated tri-mode Ethernet media access controller (TEMAC) available in all the Virtex-6 CXT FPGAs.

Virtex-6 FPGA Data Sheet: DC and Switching Characteristics **(DS152)**

Reference this data sheet when considering device migration to the Virtex-6 LXT and SXT families. It contains the DC and Switching Characteristic specifications specifically for the Virtex-6 LXT and SXT families.

Virtex-6 FPGA Packaging and Pinout Specifications **(UG365)**

These specifications includes the tables for device/package combinations and maximum I/Os, pin definitions, pinout tables, pinout diagrams, mechanical drawings, and thermal specifications of the Virtex-6 LXT and SXT families. Reference these specifications when considering device migration to the Virtex-6 LXT and SXT families.

Configuration Bitstream Overview for CXT Devices

This section contains two tables similar to those in the *Virtex-6 FPGA Configuration Guide* only updated for the CXT family. The Virtex-6 CXT FPGA bitstream contains commands to the FPGA configuration logic as well as configuration data. Table 3 gives a typical bitstream length and Table 4 gives the specific device ID codes for the Virtex-6 CXT devices.

Table 3: **Virtex-6 CXT FPGA Bitstream Length**

Device	Total Number of Configuration Bits
XC6VCX75T	26,239,328
XC6VCX130T	43,719,776
XC6VCX195T	61,552,736
XC6VCX240T	73,859,552

Table 4: **Virtex-6 CXT FPGA Device ID Codes**

Device	ID Code (Hex)
XC6VCX75T	0x042C4093
XC6VCX130T	0x042CA093
XC6VCX195T	0x042CC093
XC6VCX240T	0x042D0093

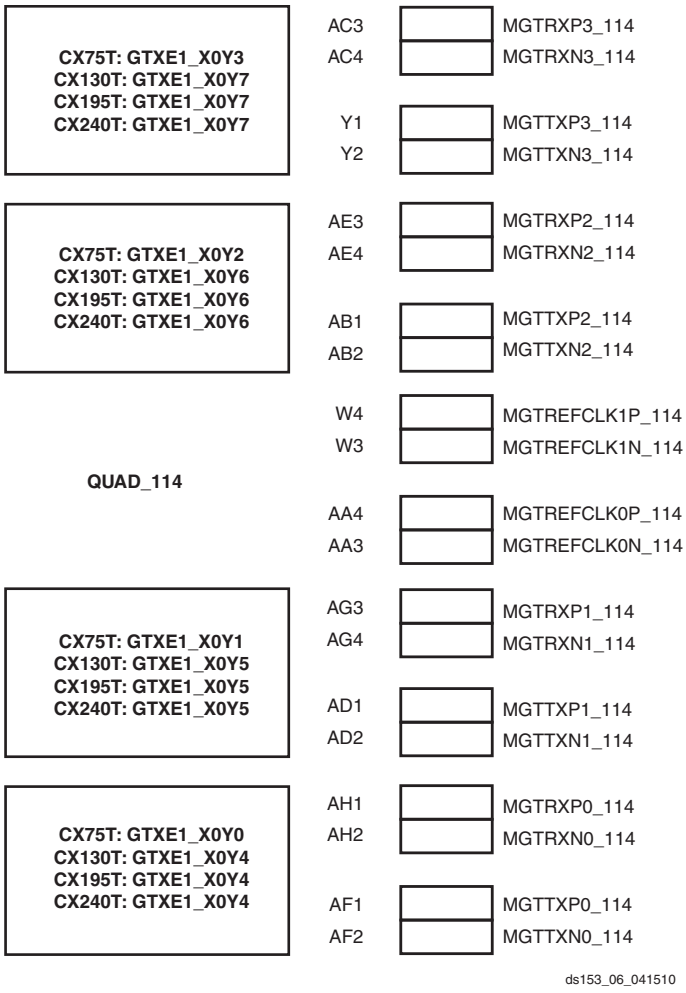


Figure 6: **Placement Diagram for the FF784 Package (3 of 3)**

Virtex-6 CXT FPGA Electrical Characteristics Introduction

Virtex-6 CXT FPGAs are available in -2 and -1 speed grades, with -2 having the highest performance. Virtex-6 CXT FPGA DC and AC characteristics are specified for both commercial and industrial grades. Except the operating temperature range or unless otherwise noted, all the DC and AC electrical parameters are the same for a particular speed grade (that is, the timing characteristics of a -1 speed grade industrial device are the same as for a -1 speed grade commercial device). However, only selected speed grades and/or devices might be available in the industrial range.

All supply voltage and junction temperature specifications are representative of worst-case conditions. The parameters included are common to popular designs and typical applications.

All specifications are subject to change without notice.

Virtex-6 CXT FPGA DC Characteristics

Table 9: **Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)**

Symbol	Description		Units
V_{CCINT}	Internal supply voltage relative to GND	–0.5 to 1.1	V
V_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary supply voltage relative to GND	–0.5 to 3.0	V
V_{CCO}	Output drivers supply voltage relative to GND	–0.5 to 3.0	V
V_{BATT}	Key memory battery backup supply	–0.5 to 3.0	V
V_{FS}	External voltage supply for eFUSE programming(2)	–0.5 to 3.0	V
V_{REF}	Input reference voltage	–0.5 to 3.0	V
V_{IN}(3)	2.5V or below I/O input voltage relative to GND(4) (user and dedicated I/Os)	–0.5 to V_{CCO} + 0.5	V
V_{TS}	Voltage applied to 3-state 2.5V or below output(4) (user and dedicated I/Os)	–0.5 to V_{CCO} + 0.5	V
T_{STG}	Storage temperature (ambient)	–65 to 150	°C
T_{SOL}	Maximum soldering temperature(5)	+220	°C
T_j	Maximum junction temperature(5)	+125	°C

Notes:

1. Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings might cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings conditions for extended periods of time might affect device reliability.
2. When not programming eFUSE, connect V_{FS} to GND.
3. 2.5V I/O absolute maximum limit applied to DC and AC signals.
4. For I/O operation, refer to the *Virtex-6 FPGA SelectIO Resources User Guide*.
5. For soldering guidelines and thermal considerations, see *Virtex-6 FPGA Packaging and Pinout Specification*.

Table 10: **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
V_{CCINT}	Internal supply voltage relative to GND, T_j = 0°C to +85°C	0.95	1.05	V
	Internal supply voltage relative to GND, T_j = –40°C to +100°C	0.95	1.05	V
V_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary supply voltage relative to GND, T_j = 0°C to +85°C	2.375	2.625	V
	Auxiliary supply voltage relative to GND, T_j = –40°C to +100°C	2.375	2.625	V
V_{CCO}(1)(2)(3)	Supply voltage relative to GND, T_j = 0°C to +85°C	1.14	2.625	V
	Supply voltage relative to GND, T_j = –40°C to +100°C	1.14	2.625	V
V_{IN}	2.5V supply voltage relative to GND, T_j = 0°C to +85°C	GND – 0.20	2.625	V
	2.5V supply voltage relative to GND, T_j = –40°C to +100°C	GND – 0.20	2.625	V
	2.5V and below supply voltage relative to GND, T_j = 0°C to +85°C	GND – 0.20	V_{CCO} + 0.2	V
	2.5V and below supply voltage relative to GND, T_j = –40°C to +100°C	GND – 0.20	V_{CCO} + 0.2	V
I_{IN}(4)	Maximum current through any pin in a powered or unpowered bank when forward biasing the clamp diode.	–	10	mA
V_{BATT}(5)	Battery voltage relative to GND, T_j = 0°C to +85°C	1.0	2.5	V
	Battery voltage relative to GND, T_j = –40°C to +100°C	1.0	2.5	V
V_{FS}(6)	External voltage supply for eFUSE programming	2.375	2.625	V

Notes:

1. Configuration data is retained even if V_{CCO} drops to 0V.
2. Includes V_{CCO} of 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, and 2.5V.
3. The configuration supply voltage V_{CC_CONFIG} is also known as V_{CCO_0}.
4. A total of 100 mA per bank should not be exceeded.
5. V_{BATT} is required only when using bitstream encryption. If battery is not used, connect V_{BATT} to either ground or V_{CCAUX}.
6. When not programming eFUSE, connect V_{FS} to GND.
7. All voltages are relative to ground.

Table 11: **DC Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions(1)(2)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{DRINT}	Data retention V_{CCINT} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost)	0.75	–	–	V
V_{DRI}	Data retention V_{CCAUX} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost)	2.0	–	–	V
I_{REF}	V_{REF} leakage current per pin	–	–	10	µA
I_L	Input or output leakage current per pin (sample-tested)	–	–	10	µA
C_{IN}(3)	Die input capacitance at the pad	–	–	8	pF
I_{RPU}	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CCO} = 2.5V	20	–	80	µA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CCO} = 1.8V	8	–	40	µA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CCO} = 1.5V	5	–	30	µA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CCO} = 1.2V	1	–	20	µA
I_{RPD}	Pad pull-down (when selected) @ V_{IN} = 2.5V	3	–	80	µA
I_{BATT}	Battery supply current	–	–	150	nA
n	Temperature diode ideality factor	–	1.0002	–	n
r	Series resistance	–	5	–	Ω

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.
2. Maximum value specified for worst case process at 25°C.
3. This measurement represents the die capacitance at the pad, not including the package.

Power-On Power Supply Requirements

Xilinx FPGAs require a certain amount of supply current during power-on to insure proper device initialization. The actual current consumed depends on the power-on ramp rate of the power supply.

Virtex-6 CXT devices require a power-on sequence of V_{CCINT}, V_{CCAUX}, and V_{CCO}. If the requirement can not be met, then V_{CCAUX} must always be powered prior to V_{CCO}. V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCO} can be powered by the same supply, therefore, both V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCO} are permitted to ramp simultaneously. Similarly, for the power-down sequence, V_{CCO} must be powered down prior to V_{CCAUX} or if powered by the same supply, V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCO} power-down simultaneously.

Table 13 shows the minimum current, in addition to I_{CCQ}, that are required by Virtex-6 CXT devices for proper power-on and configuration. If the current minimums shown in Table 12 and Table 13 are met, the device powers on after all three supplies have passed through their power-on reset threshold voltages. The FPGA must be configured after V_{CCINT} is applied.

Once initialized and configured, use the XPOWER tools to estimate current drain on these supplies.

Table 13: **Power-On Current for Virtex-6 CXT Devices**

Device	$I_{CCINTMIN}$	$I_{CCAUXMIN}$	I_{CCOMIN}	Units
	Typ(1)	Typ(1)	Typ(1)	
XC6VCX75T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 12	I_{CCAUXQ} + 10	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VCX130T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 12	I_{CCAUXQ} + 10	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VCX195T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 12	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VCX240T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 12	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.
2. Use the XPOWER™ Estimator (XPE) spreadsheet tool (download at http://www.xilinx.com/power) to calculate maximum power-on currents.

Table 14: **Power Supply Ramp Time**

Symbol	Description	Ramp Time	Units
V_{CCINT}	Internal supply voltage relative to GND	0.20 to 50.0	ms
V_{CCO}	Output drivers supply voltage relative to GND	0.20 to 50.0	ms
V_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary supply voltage relative to GND	0.20 to 50.0	ms

SelectIO™ DC Input and Output Levels

Values for V_{IL} and V_{IH} are recommended input voltages. Values for I_{OL} and I_{OH} are guaranteed over the recommended operating conditions at the V_{OL} and V_{OH} test points. Only selected standards are tested. These are chosen to ensure that all standards meet their specifications. The selected standards are tested at a minimum V_{CCO} with the respective V_{OL} and V_{OH} voltage levels shown. Other standards are sample tested.

Table 15: **SelectIO DC Input and Output Levels**

I/O Standard	V_{IL}		V_{IH}		V_{OL}	V_{OH}	I_{OL}	I_{OH}
	V, Min	V, Max	V, Min	V, Max	V, Max	V, Min	mA	mA
LVCMOS25, LVDCI25	–0.3	0.7	1.7	V_{CCO} + 0.3	0.4	V_{CCO} – 0.4	Note(3)	Note(3)
LVCMOS18, LVDCI18	–0.3	35% V_{CCO}	65% V_{CCO}	V_{CCO} + 0.3	0.45	V_{CCO} – 0.45	Note(4)	Note(4)
LVCMOS15, LVDCI15	–0.3	35% V_{CCO}	65% V_{CCO}	V_{CCO} + 0.3	25% V_{CCO}	75% V_{CCO}	Note(4)	Note(4)
LVCMOS12	–0.3	35% V_{CCO}	65% V_{CCO}	V_{CCO} + 0.3	25% V_{CCO}	75% V_{CCO}	Note(5)	Note(5)
HSTL I_12	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	V_{CCO} + 0.3	25% V_{CCO}	75% V_{CCO}	6.3	6.3
HSTL I(2)	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	V_{CCO} + 0.3	0.4	V_{CCO} – 0.4	8	–8
HSTL II(2)	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	V_{CCO} + 0.3	0.4	V_{CCO} – 0.4	16	–16
HSTL III(2)	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	V_{CCO} + 0.3	0.4	V_{CCO} – 0.4	24	–8
DIFF HSTL I(2)	–0.3	50% V_{CCO} – 0.1	50% V_{CCO} + 0.1	V_{CCO} + 0.3	–	–	–	–
DIFF HSTL II(2)	–0.3	50% V_{CCO} – 0.1	50% V_{CCO} + 0.1	V_{CCO} + 0.3	–	–	–	–
SSTL2 I	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	V_{CCO} + 0.3	V_{TT} – 0.61	V_{TT} + 0.61	8.1	–8.1
SSTL2 II	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	V_{CCO} + 0.3	V_{TT} – 0.81	V_{TT} + 0.81	16.2	–16.2
DIFF SSTL2 I	–0.3	50% V_{CCO} – 0.15	50% V_{CCO} + 0.15	V_{CCO} + 0.3	–	–	–	–
DIFF SSTL2 II	–0.3	50% V_{CCO} – 0.15	50% V_{CCO} + 0.15	V_{CCO} + 0.3	–	–	–	–
SSTL18 I	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	V_{CCO} + 0.3	V_{TT} – 0.47	V_{TT} + 0.47	6.7	–6.7
SSTL18 II	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	V_{CCO} + 0.3	V_{TT} – 0.60	V_{TT} + 0.60	13.4	–13.4
DIFF SSTL18 I	–0.3	50% V_{CCO} – 0.125	50% V_{CCO} + 0.125	V_{CCO} + 0.3	–	–	–	–
DIFF SSTL18 II	–0.3	50% V_{CCO} – 0.125	50% V_{CCO} + 0.125	V_{CCO} + 0.3	–	–	–	–
SSTL15	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	V_{CCO} + 0.3	V_{TT} – 0.175	V_{TT} + 0.175	14.3	14.3

Notes:

1. Tested according to relevant specifications.
2. Applies to both 1.5V and 1.8V HSTL.
3. Using drive strengths of 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, or 24 mA.
4. Using drive strengths of 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, or 16 mA.
5. Supported drive strengths of 2, 4, 6, or 8 mA.
6. For detailed interface specific DC voltage levels, see the *Virtex-6 FPGA SelectIO Resources User Guide*.

HT DC Specifications (HT_25)

Table 16: **HT DC Specifications**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCO}	Supply Voltage		2.38	2.5	2.63	V
V_{OD}	Differential Output Voltage	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	480	600	885	mV
ΔV_{OD}	Change in V_{OD} Magnitude		–15	–	15	mV
V_{OCM}	Output Common Mode Voltage	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	480	600	885	mV
ΔV_{OCM}	Change in V_{OCM} Magnitude		–15	–	15	mV
V_{ID}	Input Differential Voltage		200	600	1000	mV
ΔV_{ID}	Change in V_{ID} Magnitude		–15	–	15	mV
V_{ICM}	Input Common Mode Voltage		440	600	780	mV
ΔV_{ICM}	Change in V_{ICM} Magnitude		–15	–	15	mV

LVDS DC Specifications (LVDS_25)

Table 17: **LVDS DC Specifications**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCO}	Supply Voltage		2.38	2.5	2.63	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	–	–	1.675	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	0.825	–	–	V
V_{ODIFF}	Differential Output Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High (($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	247	350	600	mV
V_{OCM}	Output Common-Mode Voltage	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	1.075	1.250	1.425	V
V_{IDIFF}	Differential Input Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High (($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High		100	350	600	mV
V_{ICM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage		0.3	1.2	2.2	V

Extended LVDS DC Specifications (LVDSEXT_25)

Table 18: **Extended LVDS DC Specifications**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCO}	Supply Voltage		2.38	2.5	2.63	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	–	–	1.785	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	0.715	–	–	V
V_{ODIFF}	Differential Output Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High ($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	350	–	840	mV
V_{OCM}	Output Common-Mode Voltage	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	1.075	1.250	1.425	V
V_{IDIFF}	Differential Input Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High ($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High	Common-mode input voltage = 1.25V	100	–	1000	mV
V_{ICM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage	Differential input voltage = ±350 mV	0.3	1.2	2.2	V

LVPECL DC Specifications (LVPECL_25)

These values are valid when driving a 100Ω differential load only, i.e., a 100Ω resistor between the two receiver pins. The V_{OH} levels are 200 mV below standard LVPECL levels and are compatible with devices tolerant of lower common-mode ranges. Table 19 summarizes the DC output specifications of LVPECL. For more information on using LVPECL, see the *Virtex-6 FPGA SelectIO Resources User Guide*.

Table 19: **LVPECL DC Specifications**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	V_{CC} – 1.025	1.545	V_{CC} – 0.88	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	V_{CC} – 1.81	0.795	V_{CC} – 1.62	V
V_{ICM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage	0.6	–	2.2	V
V_{IDIFF}	Differential Input Voltage(1)(2)	0.100	–	1.5	V

Notes:

1. Recommended input maximum voltage not to exceed V_{CCAUX} + 0.2V.
2. Recommended input minimum voltage not to go below –0.5V.

eFUSE Read Endurance

Table 20 lists the maximum number of read cycle operations expected. For more information, see the *Virtex-6 FPGA Configuration User Guide*.

Table 20: **eFUSE Read Endurance**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
DNA_CYCLES	Number of DNA_PORT READ operations or JTAG ISC_DNA read command operations. Unaffected by SHIFT operations.	30,000,000				Read Cycles
AES_CYCLES	Number of JTAG FUSE_KEY or FUSE_CNTL read command operations. Unaffected by SHIFT operations.	30,000,000				Read Cycles

GTX Transceiver Specifications

GTX Transceiver DC Characteristics

Table 21: **Absolute Maximum Ratings for GTX Transceivers(1)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
MGTAVCC	Analog supply voltage for the GTX transmitter and receiver circuits relative to GND	–0.5	1.1	V
MGTAVTT	Analog supply voltage for the GTX transmitter and receiver termination circuits relative to GND	–0.5	1.32	V
MGTAVTTRCAL	Analog supply voltage for the resistor calibration circuit of the GTX transceiver column	–0.5	1.32	V
V_{IN}	Receiver (RXP/RXN) and Transmitter (TXP/TXN) absolute input voltage	–0.5	1.32	V
$V_{MGTREFCLK}$	Reference clock absolute input voltage	–0.5	1.32	V

Notes:

1. Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings might cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings conditions for extended periods of time might affect device reliability.

Table 22: **Recommended Operating Conditions for GTX Transceivers(1)(2)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
MGTAVCC	Analog supply voltage for the GTX transmitter and receiver circuits relative to GND	0.95	1.0	1.06	V
MGTAVTT	Analog supply voltage for the GTX transmitter and receiver termination circuits relative to GND	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
MGTAVTTRCAL	Analog supply voltage for the resistor calibration circuit of the GTX transceiver column	1.14	1.2	1.26	V

Notes:

1. Each voltage listed requires the filter circuit described in *Virtex-6 FPGA GTX Transceivers User Guide*.
2. Voltages are specified for the temperature range of T_j = –40°C to +100°C.

Table 23: **GTX Transceiver Supply Current (per Lane) (1)(2)**

Symbol	Description	Typ	Max	Units
$I_{MGTAVTT}$	MGTAVTT supply current for one GTX transceiver	55.9	Note 2	mA
$I_{MGTAVCC}$	MGTAVCC supply current for one GTX transceiver	56.1		mA
$MGTR_{REF}$	Precision reference resistor for internal calibration termination	100.0 ± 1% tolerance		Ω

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C, with a 3.125 Gb/s line rate.
2. Values for currents other than the values specified in this table can be obtained by using the XPOWER Estimator (XPE) or XPOWER Analyzer (XPA) tools.

Table 24: **GTX Transceiver Quiescent Supply Current (per Lane)(1)(2)(3)**

Symbol	Description	Typ(4)	Max	Units
$I_{MGTAVTTQ}$	Quiescent MGTAVTT supply current for one GTX transceiver	0.9	Note 2	mA
$I_{MGTAVCCQ}$	Quiescent MGTAVCC supply current for one GTX transceiver	3.5		mA

Notes:

1. Device powered and unconfigured.
2. Currents for conditions other than values specified in this table can be obtained by using the XPOWER Estimator (XPE) or XPOWER Analyzer (XPA) tools.
3. GTX transceiver quiescent supply current for an entire device can be calculated by multiplying the values in this table by the number of available GTX transceivers.
4. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.

Switching Characteristics

All values represented in this data sheet are based on the speed specification (version 1.08). Switching characteristics are specified on a per-speed-grade basis and can be designated as Advance, Preliminary, or Production. Each designation is defined as follows:

Advance

These specifications are based on simulations only and are typically available soon after device design specifications are frozen. Although speed grades with this designation are considered relatively stable and conservative, some under-reporting might still occur.

Preliminary

These specifications are based on complete ES (engineering sample) silicon characterization. Devices and speed grades with this designation are intended to give a better indication of the expected performance of production silicon. The probability of under-reporting delays is greatly reduced as compared to Advance data.

Production

These specifications are released once enough production silicon of a particular device family member has been characterized to provide full correlation between specifications and devices over numerous production lots. There is no under-reporting of delays, and customers receive formal notification of any subsequent changes. Typically, the slowest speed grades transition to Production before faster speed grades.

All specifications are always representative of worst-case supply voltage and junction temperature conditions.

Since individual family members are produced at different times, the migration from one category to another depends completely on the status of the fabrication process for each device.

Table 36 correlates the current status of each Virtex-6 CXT device on a per speed grade basis.

Table 36: **Virtex-6 CXT Device/Speed Grade Designations**

Device	Speed Grade Designations		
	Advance	Preliminary	Production
XC6VCX75T			-2, -1
XC6VCX130T			-2, -1
XC6VCX195T			-2, -1
XC6VCX240T			-2, -1

Testing of Switching Characteristics

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Internal timing parameters are derived from measuring internal test patterns. Listed below are representative values.

For more specific, more precise, and worst-case guaranteed data, use the values reported by the static timing analyzer and back-annotate to the simulation net list. Unless otherwise noted, values apply to all Virtex-6 CXT devices.

Production Silicon and ISE Software Status

In some cases, a particular family member (and speed grade) is released to production before a speed specification is released with the correct label (Advance, Preliminary, Production). Any labeling discrepancies are corrected in subsequent speed specification releases. Table 37 lists the production released Virtex-6 family member, speed grade, and the minimum corresponding supported speed specification version and ISE software revisions. The ISE® software and speed specifications listed are the minimum releases required for production. All subsequent releases of software and speed specifications are valid.

Table 37: **Virtex-6 CXT Device/Production Software and Speed Specification Release**

Device	Speed Grade Designations	
	-2	-1
XC6VCX75T	ISE 12.2 (with speed file patch) v1.06	
XC6VCX130T	ISE 12.1 v1.04	
XC6VCX195T	ISE 12.2 (with speed file patch) v1.06	
XC6VCX240T	ISE 12.1 v1.04	

Notes:

1. Blank entries indicate a device and/or speed grade in advance or preliminary status.

Output Serializer/Deserializer Switching Characteristics

Table 45: **OSERDES Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade		Units
		-2	-1	
Setup/Hold				
T_{OSDCK_D}/T_{OSCKD_D}	D input Setup/Hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.31/–0.12	0.31/–0.12	ns
T_{OSDCK_T}/T_{OSCKD_T}(1)	T input Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.56/–0.08	0.56/–0.08	ns
$T_{OSDCK\_T2}/T_{OSCKD\_T2}$(1)	T input Setup/Hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.31/–0.08	0.31/–0.08	ns
$T_{OSCCK\_OCE}/T_{OSCKC\_OCE}$	OCE input Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.22/–0.05	0.22/–0.05	ns
T_{OSCCK_S}	SR (Reset) input Setup with respect to CLKDIV	0.07	0.07	ns
$T_{OSCCK\_TCE}/T_{OSCKC\_TCE}$	TCE input Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.21/–0.05	0.21/–0.05	ns
Sequential Delays				
T_{OSCKO_OQ}	Clock to out from CLK to OQ	0.82	0.82	ns
T_{OSCKO_TQ}	Clock to out from CLK to TQ	0.82	0.82	ns
Combinatorial				
T_{OSDO_TTQ}	T input to TQ Out	0.97	0.97	ns

Notes:

1. T_{OSDCK_T2} and T_{OSCKD_T2} are reported as T_{OSDCK_T}/T_{OSCKD_T} in the TRACE report.

Input/Output Delay Switching Characteristics

Table 46: **Input/Output Delay Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade		Units
		-2	-1	
IDELAYCTRL				
T_{DLYCCO_RDY}	Reset to Ready for IDELAYCTRL	3	3	µs
$F_{IDELAYCTRL\_REF}$	REFCLK frequency	200	200	MHz
IDELAYCTRL_REF_PRECISION	REFCLK precision	±10	±10	MHz
$T_{IDELAYCTRL\_RPW}$	Minimum Reset pulse width	50	50	ns
IODELAY				
$T_{IDELAYRESOLUTION}$	IODELAY Chain Delay Resolution	1/(32 x 2 x F_{REF})		ps
$T_{IDELAYPAT\_JIT}$	Pattern dependent period jitter in delay chain for clock pattern.(1)	0	0	ps per tap
	Pattern dependent period jitter in delay chain for random data pattern.(2)	±5	±5	ps per tap
	Pattern dependent period jitter in delay chain for random data pattern.(3)	±9	±9	ps per tap
$T_{IODELAY\_CLK\_MAX}$	Maximum frequency of CLK input to IODELAY	300	300	MHz
T_{IODCCK_CE} / T_{IODCKC_CE}	CE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CK	0.65/–0.09	0.65/–0.09	ns
T_{IODCK_INC}/ T_{IODCKC_INC}	INC pin Setup/Hold with respect to CK	0.31/–0.00	0.31/–0.00	ns
T_{IODCCK_RST}/ T_{IODCKC_RST}	RST pin Setup/Hold with respect to CK	0.69/–0.08	0.69/–0.08	ns
T_{IODDO_T}	TSCONTROL delay to MUXE/MUXF switching and through IODELAY	Note 4	Note 4	ps
$T_{IODDO\_IDATAIN}$	Propagation delay through IODELAY	Note 4	Note 4	ps
$T_{IODDO\_ODATAIN}$	Propagation delay through IODELAY	Note 4	Note 4	ps

Notes:

1. When HIGH_PERFORMANCE mode is set to TRUE or FALSE.
2. When HIGH_PERFORMANCE mode is set to TRUE
3. When HIGH_PERFORMANCE mode is set to FALSE.
4. Delay depends on IODELAY tap setting. See the TRACE report for actual values.

CLB Switching Characteristics

Table 47: **CLB Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade		Units
		-2	-1	
Combinatorial Delays				
T_{ILO}	An – Dn LUT address to A	0.08	0.08	ns, Max
	An – Dn LUT address to AMUX/CMUX	0.23	0.25	ns, Max
	An – Dn LUT address to BMUX_A	0.37	0.41	ns, Max
T_{ITO}	An – Dn inputs to A – D Q outputs	0.79	0.91	ns, Max
T_{AXA}	AX inputs to AMUX output	0.42	0.48	ns, Max
T_{AXB}	AX inputs to BMUX output	0.47	0.53	ns, Max
T_{AXC}	AX inputs to CMUX output	0.52	0.60	ns, Max
T_{AXD}	AX inputs to DMUX output	0.55	0.63	ns, Max

CLB Distributed RAM Switching Characteristics (SLICEM Only)

Table 48: **CLB Distributed RAM Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade		Units
		-2	-1	
Sequential Delays				
T_{SHCKO}	Clock to A – B outputs	1.36	1.56	ns, Max
T_{SHCKO_1}	Clock to AMUX – BMUX outputs	1.71	1.96	ns, Max
Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK				
T_{DS}/T_{DH}	A – D inputs to CLK	0.88/0.22	1.01/0.26	ns, Min
T_{AS}/T_{AH}	Address An inputs to clock	0.27/0.70	0.31/0.80	ns, Min
T_{WS}/T_{WH}	WE input to clock	0.40/–0.01	0.46/0.00	ns, Min
T_{CECK}/T_{CKCE}	CE input to CLK	0.41/–0.02	0.48/–0.01	ns, Min
Clock CLK				
T_{MPW}	Minimum pulse width	1.00	1.15	ns, Min
T_{MCP}	Minimum clock period	2.00	2.30	ns, Min

Notes:

1. A Zero “0” Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values cannot be guaranteed “best-case”, but if a “0” is listed, there is no positive hold time.
2. T_{SHCKO} also represents the CLK to XMUX output. Refer to the TRACE report for the CLK to XMUX path.

CLB Shift Register Switching Characteristics (SLICEM Only)

Table 49: **CLB Shift Register Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade		Units
		-2	-1	
Sequential Delays				
T_{REG}	Clock to A – D outputs	1.58	1.82	ns, Max
T_{REG_MUX}	Clock to AMUX – DMUX output	1.93	2.22	ns, Max
T_{REG_M31}	Clock to DMUX output via M31 output	1.55	1.78	ns, Max
Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK				
T_{WS}/T_{WH}	WE input	0.09/–0.01	0.10/0.00	ns, Min
T_{CECK}/T_{CKCE}	CE input to CLK	0.10/–0.02	0.11/–0.01	ns, Min
T_{DS}/T_{DH}	A – D inputs to CLK	0.94/0.24	1.08/0.28	ns, Min
Clock CLK				
T_{MPW}	Minimum pulse width	0.85	0.98	ns, Min

Notes:

1. A Zero “0” Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values cannot be guaranteed “best-case”, but if a “0” is listed, there is no positive hold time.

Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics

Table 50: **Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade		Units
		-2	-1	
Block RAM and FIFO Clock-to-Out Delays				
T_{RCKO_DO} and $T_{RCKO\_DO\_REG}$[1]	Clock CLK to DOUT output (without output register)[2][3]	2.08	2.39	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to DOUT output (with output register)[4][5]	0.75	0.86	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_DO\_ECC}$ and $T_{RCKO\_DO\_ECC\_REG}$	Clock CLK to DOUT output with ECC (without output register)[2][3]	3.30	3.79	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to DOUT output with ECC (with output register)[4][5]	0.86	0.98	ns, Max
T_{RCKO_CASC} and $T_{RCKO\_CASC\_REG}$	Clock CLK to DOUT output with Cascade (without output register)[2]	3.18	3.65	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to DOUT output with Cascade (with output register)[4]	1.58	1.81	ns, Max
T_{RCKO_FLAGS}	Clock CLK to FIFO flags outputs[6]	0.91	1.05	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_POINTERS}$	Clock CLK to FIFO pointers outputs[7]	1.09	1.25	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_RDCOUNT}$	Clock CLK to FIFO Read Counter	1.09	1.25	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_WRCOUNT}$	Clock CLK to FIFO Write Counter	1.09	1.25	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_SDBIT\_ECC}$ and $T_{RCKO\_SDBIT\_ECC\_REG}$	Clock CLK to BITERR (with output register)	0.76	0.87	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to BITERR (without output register)	2.84	3.26	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_PARITY\_ECC}$	Clock CLK to ECCPARITY in ECC encode only mode	1.06	1.21	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_RDADDR\_ECC}$ and $T_{RCKO\_RDADDR\_ECC\_REG}$	Clock CLK to RDADDR output with ECC (without output register)	0.90	1.03	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to RDADDR output with ECC (with output register)	0.92	1.06	ns, Max
Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK				
$T_{RCCK\_ADDR}/T_{RCKC\_ADDR}$	ADDR inputs[8]	0.62/0.32	0.72/0.37	ns, Min
T_{RDCK_DI}/T_{RCKD_DI}	DIN inputs[9]	1.11/0.34	1.28/0.39	ns, Min
$T_{RDCK\_DI\_ECC}/T_{RCKD\_DI\_ECC}$	DIN inputs with block RAM ECC in standard mode[9]	0.59/0.34	0.68/0.39	ns, Min
	DIN inputs with block RAM ECC encode only[9]	0.85/0.34	0.97/0.39	ns, Min
	DIN inputs with FIFO ECC in standard mode[9]	1.02/0.34	1.17/0.39	ns, Min
$T_{RCCK\_CLK}/T_{RCKC\_CLK}$	Inject single/double bit error in ECC mode	1.20/0.29	1.38/0.33	ns, Min
$T_{RCCK\_RDEN}/T_{RCKC\_RDEN}$	Block RAM Enable (EN) input	0.41/0.30	0.47/0.34	ns, Min
$T_{RCCK\_REGCE}/T_{RCKC\_REGCE}$	CE input of output register	0.22/0.31	0.25/0.35	ns, Min
$T_{RCCK\_RSTREG}/T_{RCKC\_RSTREG}$	Synchronous RSTREG input	0.28/0.26	0.32/0.29	ns, Min
$T_{RCCK\_RSTRAM}/T_{RCKC\_RSTRAM}$	Synchronous RSTRAM input	0.41/0.27	0.47/0.31	ns, Min
T_{RCCK_WE}/T_{RCKC_WE}	Write Enable (WE) input (block RAM only)	0.52/0.35	0.60/0.40	ns, Min
$T_{RCCK\_WREN}/T_{RCKC\_WREN}$	WREN FIFO inputs	0.55/0.30	0.64/0.34	ns, Min
$T_{RCCK\_RDEN}/T_{RCKC\_RDEN}$	RDEN FIFO inputs	0.55/0.30	0.63/0.34	ns, Min
Reset Delays				
T_{RCO_FLAGS}	Reset RST to FIFO Flags/Pointers[10]	1.10	1.27	ns, Max
$T_{RCCK\_RSTREG}/T_{RCKC\_RSTREG}$	FIFO reset timing[11]	0.28/0.26	0.32/0.29	ns, Min

Table 51: **DSP48E1 Switching Characteristics *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade		Units
		-2	-1	
Combinatorial Delays from Input Pins to Cascading Output Pins				
$T_{DSPDO\_\{A; B\}\_\{ACOUT; BCOUT\}}$	{A, B} input to {ACOUT, BCOUT} output	0.65	0.75	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_\{A, B\}\_\{PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT\}\_MULT}$	{A, B} input to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output using multiplier	5.24	6.03	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_D\_\{PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT\}\_MULT}$	D input to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output using multiplier	4.94	5.68	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_\{A, B\}\_\{PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT\}}$	{A, B} input to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output not using multiplier	2.19	2.52	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_\_\{C, CARRYIN\}\_\{PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT,MULTSIGNOUT\}}$	{C, CARRYIN} input to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output	1.95	2.25	ns
Combinatorial Delays from Cascading Input Pins to All Output Pins				
$T_{DSPDO\_\{ACIN, BCIN\}\_\{P, CARRYOUT\}\_MULT}$	{ACIN, BCIN} input to {P, CARRYOUT} output using multiplier	4.97	5.72	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_\{ACIN, BCIN\}\_\{P, CARRYOUT}$	{ACIN, BCIN} input to {P, CARRYOUT} output not using multiplier	1.92	2.21	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_\{ACIN; BCIN\}\_\{ACOUT; BCOUT\}}$	{ACIN, BCIN} input to {ACOUT, BCOUT} output	0.49	0.57	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_\{ACIN, BCIN\}\_\{PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT\}\_MULT}$	{ACIN, BCIN} input to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output using multiplier	5.10	5.86	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_\{ACIN, BCIN\}\_\{PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT\}}$	{ACIN, BCIN} input to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output not using multiplier	2.05	2.35	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_\{PCIN, CARRYCASCIN, MULTSIGNIN\}\_ \{P, CARRYOUT\}}$	{PCIN, CARRYCASCIN, MULTSIGNIN} input to {P, CARRYOUT} output	1.60	1.83	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_\{PCIN, CARRYCASCIN, MULTSIGNIN\}\_ \{PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT\}}$	{PCIN, CARRYCASCIN, MULTSIGNIN} input to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output	1.72	1.98	ns
Clock to Outs from Output Register Clock to Output Pins				
$T_{DSPCKO\_\{P, CARRYOUT\}\_PREG}$	CLK (PREG) to {P, CARRYOUT} output	0.50	0.57	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_\{PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT\}\_PREG}$	CLK (PREG) to {CARRYCASCOUT, PCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output	0.50	0.66	ns
Clock to Outs from Pipeline Register Clock to Output Pins				
$T_{DSPCKO\_\{P, CARRYOUT\}\_MREG}$	CLK (MREG) to {P, CARRYOUT} output	2.30	2.65	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_\{PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT\}\_MREG}$	CLK (MREG) to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output	2.43	2.79	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_\{P, CARRYOUT\}\_ADREG\_MULT}$	CLK (ADREG) to {P, CARRYOUT} output	3.72	4.72	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_\{PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT\}\_ADREG\_MULT}$	CLK (ADREG) to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output	3.84	4.42	ns
Clock to Outs from Input Register Clock to Output Pins				
$T_{DSPCKO\_\{P, CARRYOUT\}\_\{AREG, BREG\}\_MULT}$	CLK (AREG, BREG) to {P, CARRYOUT} output using multiplier	5.36	6.16	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_\{P, CARRYOUT\}\_\{AREG, BREG\}}$	CLK (AREG, BREG) to {P, CARRYOUT} output not using multiplier	2.27	2.61	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_\{P, CARRYOUT\}\_CREG}$	CLK (CREG) to {P, CARRYOUT} output	2.27	2.61	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_\{P, CARRYOUT\}\_DREG\_MULT}$	CLK (DREG) to {P, CARRYOUT} output	5.25	6.04	ns

Clock Buffers and Networks

Table 53: **Global Clock Switching Characteristics (Including BUFGCTRL)**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade		Units
		-2	-1	
$T_{BCCCK\_CE}/T_{BCCKC\_CE}$(1)	CE pins Setup/Hold	0.16/0.00	0.16/0.00	ns
T_{BCCCK_S}/T_{BCCKC_S}(1)	S pins Setup/Hold	0.16/0.00	0.16/0.00	ns
T_{BCCKO_O}(2)	BUFGCTRL delay from I0/I1 to O	0.10	0.10	ns
Maximum Frequency				
F_{MAX}	Global clock tree (BUFG)	700	700	MHz

Notes:

1. T_{BCCCK_CE} and T_{BCCKC_CE} must be satisfied to assure glitch-free operation of the global clock when switching between clocks. These parameters do not apply to the BUFGMUX_VIRTEX4 primitive that assures glitch-free operation. The other global clock setup and hold times are optional; only needing to be satisfied if device operation requires simulation matches on a cycle-for-cycle basis when switching between clocks.
2. T_{BGCKO_O} (BUFG delay from I0 to O) values are the same as T_{BCCKO_O} values.

Table 54: **Input/Output Clock Switching Characteristics (BUFIO)**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade		Units
		-2	-1	
T_{BIOCKO_O}	Clock to out delay from I to O	0.18	0.18	ns
Maximum Frequency				
F_{MAX}	I/O clock tree (BUFIO)	710	710	MHz

Clock Switching Characteristics

The parameters in this section provide the necessary values for calculating timing budgets for Virtex-6 CXT FPGA clock transmitter and receiver data-valid windows.

Table 64: **Duty Cycle Distortion and Clock-Tree Skew**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade		Units
			-2	-1	
T_{DCD_CLK}	Global Clock Tree Duty Cycle Distortion(1)	All	0.12	0.12	ns
T_{CKSKEW}	Global Clock Tree Skew(2)	XC6VCX75T	0.18	0.18	ns
		XC6VCX130T	0.29	0.29	ns
		XC6VCX195T	0.31	0.31	ns
		XC6VCX240T	0.31	0.31	ns
T_{DCD_BUFIO}	I/O clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.08	0.08	ns
$T_{BUFIOSKEW}$	I/O clock tree skew across one clock region	All	0.03	0.03	ns
$T_{BUFIOSKEW2}$	I/O clock tree skew across three clock regions	All	0.22	0.22	ns
T_{DCD_BUFR}	Regional clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.15	0.15	ns

Notes:

1. These parameters represent the worst-case duty cycle distortion observable at the pins of the device using LVDS output buffers. For cases where other I/O standards are used, IBIS can be used to calculate any additional duty cycle distortion that might be caused by asymmetrical rise/fall times.
2. The T_{CKSKEW} value represents the worst-case clock-tree skew observable between sequential I/O elements. Significantly less clock-tree skew exists for I/O registers that are close to each other and fed by the same or adjacent clock-tree branches. Use the Xilinx FPGA_Editor and Timing Analyzer tools to evaluate clock skew specific to your application.

Table 65: **Package Skew**

Symbol	Description	Device	Package	Value	Units
$T_{PKGSKEW}$	Package Skew(1)	XC6VCX75T	FF484		ps
			FF784		ps
		XC6VCX130T	FF484	95	ps
			FF784	146	ps
			FF1156	165	ps
		XC6VCX195T	FF784		ps
			FF1156		ps
		XC6VCX240T	FF784	146	ps
			FF1156	182	ps

Notes:

1. These values represent the worst-case skew between any two SelectIO resources in the package: shortest flight time to longest flight time from Pad to Ball (7.0 ps per mm).
2. Package trace length information is available for these device/package combinations. This information can be used to deskew the package.

Table 66: **Sample Window**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade		Units
			-2	-1	
T_{SAMP}	Sampling Error at Receiver Pins(1)	All	610	610	ps
T_{SAMP_BUFIO}	Sampling Error at Receiver Pins using BUFIO(2)	All	400	400	ps

Notes:

1. This parameter indicates the total sampling error of Virtex-6 CXT FPGA DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the MMCM to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements include:
   - CLK0 MMCM jitter
   - MMCM accuracy (phase offset)
   - MMCM phase shift resolution

   These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.
2. This parameter indicates the total sampling error of Virtex-6 CXT FPGA DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the BUFIO clock network and IODELAY to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.

Table 67: **Pin-to-Pin Setup/Hold and Clock-to-Out**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade		Units
		-2	-1	
Data Input Setup and Hold Times Relative to a Forwarded Clock Input Pin Using BUFIO				
T_{PSCS}/T_{PHCS}	Setup/Hold of I/O clock	–0.33/1.31	–0.33/1.31	ns
Pin-to-Pin Clock-to-Out Using BUFIO				
$T_{ICKOFCS}$	Clock-to-Out of I/O clock	5.19	5.19	ns

Revision History

The following table shows the revision history for this document:

Date	Version	Description of Revisions
07/08/09	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.
02/05/10	1.1	Removed Figure 11: Placement Diagram for the FF1156 Package (5 of 5) from page 11 as there are only 16 GTX transceivers in the FF1156 package. Corrected the placement diagrams in Figure 2 through Figure 10.

Date	Version	Description of Revisions
06/08/10	1.2	Revised GTX Transceivers in CXT Devices, page 5. Added V_{FS} and revised the V_{IN} and V_{TS} values in Table 9, page 11. Added V_{FS} and note 6 to Table 10. Revised description of C_{IN} in Table 11, including adding note 3. Updated Table 13 including adding note 2. Removed DIFF SSTL15 and added values to SSTL15 in Table 15. Updated Table 16 through Table 19. Added eFUSE Read Endurance section. Updated entire GTX Transceivers in CXT Devices section. Changed specifications of PCI Express in Table 34. In Table 35, removed RLDRAM II and revised and added values to other interface performance specifications. Updated speed specification to v1.04 with appropriate changes to Table 36. Revised the IOB switching characteristics in Table 38. Updated values in Table 39 and note 4 in Table 41. ILOGIC (Table 42), OLOGIC (Table 43), ISERDES (Table 44), and OSERDES (Table 45) switching characteristics changes. Revised $T_{IODELAY\_CLK\_MAX}$ and $T_{IDELAYPAT\_JIT}$ in Table 46. Revised CLB switching characteristics and added T_{SHCKO} to Table 47and revised CLB switching characteristics in Table 48 and Table 49. In Table 50, removed $T_{RCKO\_RDCOUNT}$ and $T_{RCKO\_WRCOUNT}$, removed $T_{RCKO\_PARITY\_ECC}$: Clock CLK to ECCPARITY in standard ECC mode, revised $T_{RDCK\_DI\_ECC}$/$T_{RCKD\_DI\_ECC}$, $T_{RCKO\_POINTERS}$, and revised F_{MAX} and $F_{MAX\_CASCADE}$ switching characteristics. Multiple changes to configuration specifications in Table 52. Revised switching characteristics and global clock tree (BUFG) F_{MAX} in Table 53. Revised switching characteristics and I/O clock tree (BUFIO) F_{MAX} in Table 54. Added note 1 to Table 55. Revised the F_{MAX} horizontal clock tree (BUFH) in Table 56. Multiple changes to MMCM specifications in Table 57 including F_{INMAX} and F_{OUTMAX}. Updated switching characteristics in Table 58 through Table 63. Removed T_{DCD_BUFH} and $T_{BUFHSKEW}$ from Table 64.
06/30/10	1.3	Production release of XC6VCX130T and XC6VCX240T in Table 36 and Table 37. Updated -1 speed grade SDR values in Table 35. Updated BUFIO F_{MAX} specification in Table 54. Added Note 6 to Table 57.
07/28/10	1.4	Production release of XC6VCX75T and XC6VCX195T in Table 36 and Table 37 using ISE 12.2 software with speed file v1.06 using the *Speed File Patch*. Updated PCI compliance on page 1. Added values to Table 13. In Table 25, update $V_{CMOUTDC}$ equation to MGTAVTT – DV_{PPOUT}/4. Updated F_{MAX} in Table 53, Table 54, and Table 56. Updated F_{INMAX} and F_{OUTMAX} in Table 57. Updated values in Table 61, Table 62, and Table 63.
10/14/10	1.5	Moved data sheet to Production status on the first page. Updated speed file with ISE 12.3 software with speed file v1.08 using the *Speed File Patch.* In Table 51, updated values for $T_{DSPCKO\_\{PCOUT,}$ CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT}_PREG.
02/11/11	1.6	Updated Table 10 to include the industrial range specifications. Added Note 12 to Table 50. Revised T_{BPICCO} values in Table 52. Updated range description for F_{INDUTY} in Table 57 and added note 8. The following revisions are due to specification changes as described in XCN11009, *Virtex-6 FPGA: Data Sheet, User Guides, and JTAG ID Updates*. In Table 52, updated the values for T_{SMCCKW}, T_{SPIDCC}, T_{SPICCM}, and $T_{SPICCFC}$. In Table 57: MMCM Specification, added bandwidth settings to F_{PFDMIN} and added note 1.

Notice of Disclaimer

THE XILINX HARDWARE FPGA AND CPLD DEVICES REFERRED TO HEREIN (“PRODUCTS”) ARE SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE XILINX LIMITED WARRANTY WHICH CAN BE VIEWED AT http://www.xilinx.com/warranty.htm. THIS LIMITED WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO ANY USE OF PRODUCTS IN AN APPLICATION OR ENVIRONMENT THAT IS NOT WITHIN THE SPECIFICATIONS STATED IN THE XILINX DATA SHEET. ALL SPECIFICATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED OR INTENDED TO BE FAIL-SAFE OR FOR USE IN ANY APPLICATION REQUIRING FAIL-SAFE PERFORMANCE, SUCH AS LIFE-SUPPORT OR SAFETY DEVICES OR SYSTEMS, OR ANY OTHER APPLICATION THAT INVOKES THE POTENTIAL RISKS OF DEATH, PERSONAL INJURY, OR PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE (“CRITICAL APPLICATIONS”). USE OF PRODUCTS IN CRITICAL APPLICATIONS IS AT THE SOLE RISK OF CUSTOMER, SUBJECT TO APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

CRITICAL APPLICATIONS DISCLAIMER

XILINX PRODUCTS (INCLUDING HARDWARE, SOFTWARE AND/OR IP CORES) ARE NOT DESIGNED OR INTENDED TO BE FAIL-SAFE, OR FOR USE IN ANY APPLICATION REQUIRING FAIL-SAFE PERFORMANCE, SUCH AS IN LIFE-SUPPORT OR SAFETY DEVICES OR SYSTEMS, CLASS III MEDICAL DEVICES, NUCLEAR FACILITIES, APPLICATIONS RELATED TO THE DEPLOYMENT OF AIRBAGS, OR ANY OTHER APPLICATIONS THAT COULD LEAD TO DEATH, PERSONAL INJURY OR SEVERE PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE (INDIVIDUALLY AND COLLECTIVELY, “CRITICAL APPLICATIONS”). FURTHERMORE, XILINX PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED OR INTENDED FOR USE IN ANY APPLICATIONS THAT AFFECT CONTROL OF A VEHICLE OR AIRCRAFT, UNLESS THERE IS A FAIL-SAFE OR REDUNDANCY FEATURE (WHICH DOES NOT INCLUDE USE OF SOFTWARE IN THE XILINX DEVICE TO IMPLEMENT THE REDUNDANCY) AND A WARNING SIGNAL UPON FAILURE TO THE OPERATOR. CUSTOMER AGREES, PRIOR TO USING OR DISTRIBUTING ANY SYSTEMS THAT INCORPORATE XILINX PRODUCTS, TO THOROUGHLY TEST THE SAME FOR SAFETY PURPOSES. TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, CUSTOMER ASSUMES THE SOLE RISK AND LIABILITY OF ANY USE OF XILINX PRODUCTS IN CRITICAL APPLICATIONS.

AUTOMOTIVE APPLICATIONS DISCLAIMER

XILINX PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED OR INTENDED TO BE FAIL-SAFE, OR FOR USE IN ANY APPLICATION REQUIRING FAIL-SAFE PERFORMANCE, SUCH AS APPLICATIONS RELATED TO: (I) THE DEPLOYMENT OF AIRBAGS, (II) CONTROL OF A VEHICLE, UNLESS THERE IS A FAIL-SAFE OR REDUNDANCY FEATURE (WHICH DOES NOT INCLUDE USE OF SOFTWARE IN THE XILINX DEVICE TO IMPLEMENT THE REDUNDANCY) AND A WARNING SIGNAL UPON FAILURE TO THE OPERATOR, OR (III) USES THAT COULD LEAD TO DEATH OR PERSONAL INJURY. CUSTOMER ASSUMES THE SOLE RISK AND LIABILITY OF ANY USE OF XILINX PRODUCTS IN SUCH APPLICATIONS.