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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

#### Details

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Product Status	Active
Core Processor	RS08
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI
Peripherals	LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	14
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	254 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 8x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	16-TSSOP (0.173", 4.40mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	16-TSSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/pro/item?MUrl=&PartUrl=mc9rs08kb8ctg

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



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Part Number	Package Description	Original (gold wire) package document number	Current (copper wire) package document number
MC68HC908JW32	48 QFN	98ARH99048A	98ASA00466D
MC9S08AC16			
MC9S908AC60			
MC9S08AC128			
MC9S08AW60			
MC9S08GB60A			
MC9S08GT16A			
MC9S08JM16			
MC9S08JM60			
MC9S08LL16			
MC9S08QE128			
MC9S08QE32			
MC9S08RG60			
MCF51CN128			
MC9RS08LA8	48 QFN	98ARL10606D	98ASA00466D
MC9S08GT16A	32 QFN	98ARH99035A	98ASA00473D
MC9S908QE32	32 QFN	98ARE10566D	98ASA00473D
MC9S908QE8	32 QFN	98ASA00071D	98ASA00736D
MC9S08JS16	24 QFN	98ARL10608D	98ASA00734D
MC9S08QB8			
MC9S08QG8	24 QFN	98ARL10605D	98ASA00474D
MC9S08SH8	24 QFN	98ARE10714D	98ASA00474D
MC9RS08KB12	24 QFN	98ASA00087D	98ASA00602D
MC9S08QG8	16 QFN	98ARE10614D	98ASA00671D
MC9RS08KB12	8 DFN	98ARL10557D	98ASA00672D
MC9S08QG8	1		
MC9RS08KA2	6 DFN	98ARL10602D	98ASA00735D





# 1 MCU Block Diagram

The block diagram, Figure 1, shows the structure of the MC9RS08KB12 MCU.



Figure 1. MC9RS08KB12 Series Block Diagram

# 2 Pin Assignments

This section shows the pin assignments in the packages available for the MC9RS08KB12 series.





Figure 5. MC9RS08KB12 Series 8-Pin SOIC/DFN Package

# 3 Electrical Characteristics

## 3.1 Introduction

This chapter contains electrical and timing specifications for the MC9RS08KB12 series of microcontrollers available at the time of publication.

## 3.2 Parameter Classification

The electrical parameters shown in this supplement are guaranteed by various methods. To give the customer a better understanding the following classification is used and the parameters are tagged accordingly in the tables where appropriate:

Table 2.	Parameter	Classifications
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Р	Those parameters are guaranteed during production testing on each individual device.
С	Those parameters are achieved by the design characterization by measuring a statistically relevant sample size across process variations.
т	Those parameters are achieved by design characterization on a small sample size from typical devices under typical conditions unless otherwise noted. All values shown in the typical column are within this category.



During the device qualification ESD stresses were performed for the human body model (HBM) and the charge device model (CDM).

A device is defined as a failure if after exposure to ESD pulses the device no longer meets the device specification. Complete DC parametric and functional testing is performed per the applicable device specification at room temperature followed by hot temperature, unless specified otherwise in the device specification.

Model	Description	Symbol	Value	Unit
	Series resistance	R1	1500	Ω
Human bodv	Storage capacitance	С	100	pF
body	Number of pulses per pin	_	1	—
Latab un	Minimum input voltage limit	_	-2.5	V
Latch-up	Maximum input voltage limit	_	7.5	V

Table 5. ESD and Latch-Up Test Conditions

No.	Rating <sup>1</sup>	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
1	Human body model (HBM)	V <sub>HBM</sub>	±2000	—	V
2	Charge device model (CDM)	V <sub>CDM</sub>	±500	—	V
3	Latch-up current at $T_A = 85 \ ^{\circ}C$	ILAT	±100		mA

Table 6. ESD and Latch-Up Protection Characteristics

<sup>1</sup> Parameter is achieved by design characterization on a small sample size from typical devices under typical conditions unless otherwise noted.

## 3.6 DC Characteristics

This section includes information about power supply requirements, I/O pin characteristics, and power supply current in various operating modes.

No.	С	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
1	_	Supply voltage (run, wait and stop modes.) 0 < f <sub>Bus</sub> <10 MHz	V <sub>DD</sub>	1.8	_	5.5	V
2	С	Minimum RAM retention supply voltage applied to $V_{DD}$	V <sub>RAM</sub>	0.8 <sup>1</sup>	_	_	V
3	Р	Low-voltage detection threshold (V <sub>DD</sub> falling) (V <sub>DD</sub> rising)	V <sub>LVD</sub>	1.80 1.88	1.86 1.94	1.95 2.05	V
4	С	Power on RESET (POR) voltage	V <sub>POR</sub> <sup>1</sup>	0.9	_	1.7	V
5	С	Input high voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> > 2.3V) (all digital inputs)	V <sub>IH</sub>	$0.70 \times V_{DD}$	_	—	V
6	С	Input high voltage (1.8 V $\leq$ V <sub>DD</sub> $\leq$ 2.3 V) (all digital inputs)	V <sub>IH</sub>	$0.85 \times V_{DD}$	_	_	V
7	С	Input low voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> > 2.3 V) (all digital inputs)	V <sub>IL</sub>	—		$0.30 \times V_{DD}$	V
8	С	Input low voltage (1.8 V $\leq$ V <sub>DD</sub> $\leq$ 2.3 V) (all digital inputs)	V <sub>IL</sub>	_	_	$0.30  imes V_{DD}$	V
9	С	Input hysteresis (all digital inputs)	V <sub>hys</sub> <sup>1</sup>	$0.06 \times V_{DD}$		—	V
10	Р	Input leakage current (per pin) $V_{In} = V_{DD}$ or $V_{SS}$ , all input only pins	llinl	_	0.025	1.0	μA
11	Р	High impedance (off-state) leakage current (per pin) V <sub>In</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> or V <sub>SS</sub> , all input/output	llozl	_	0.025	1.0	μA
12	Р	Internal pullup resistors <sup>2</sup> (all port pins)	R <sub>PU</sub>	20	45	65	kΩ
13	Р	Internal pulldown resistors <sup>2</sup> (all port pins)	R <sub>PD</sub>	20	45	65	kΩ
		Output high voltage — Low drive (PTxDSn = 0) 5 V, $I_{Load} = 2 \text{ mA}$ 3 V, $I_{Load} = 1 \text{ mA}$ 1.8 V, $I_{Load} = 0.5 \text{ mA}$	Vau	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.8			V
14		Output high voltage — High drive (PTxDSn = 1) 5 V, $I_{Load} = 5 \text{ mA}$ 3 V, $I_{Load} = 3 \text{ mA}$ 1.8 V, $I_{Load} = 2 \text{ mA}$	∙он	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.8			v
15	С	Maximum total IOH for all port pins	I <sub>ОНТ</sub>	—	—	40	mA

Table 7. DC Characteristics (Temperature Range = -40 to 85°C Ambient)



No.	С	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
16	С	Output low voltage — Low drive (PTxDSn = 0) 5 V, $I_{Load} = 2 \text{ mA}$ 3 V, $I_{Load} = 1 \text{ mA}$ 1.8 V, $I_{Load} = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ Output low voltage — High drive (PTxDSn = 1) 5 V, $I_{Load} = 5 \text{ mA}$ 3 V, $I_{Load} = 3 \text{ mA}$ 1.8 V, $I_{Load} = 2 \text{ mA}$	- V <sub>OL</sub>			0.8	V
17	С	Maximum total Io∟ for all port pins	I <sub>OLT</sub>	—	—	40	mA
18	С	DC injection current <sup>3, 4, 5,6</sup> $V_{In} < V_{SS}$ , $V_{In} > V_{DD}$ Single pin limit Total MCU limit, includes sum of all stressed pins		_		0.2 0.8	mA
19	С	Input capacitance (all non-supply pins)	C <sub>In</sub>		—	7	pF

Table 7. DC Characteristics (Temperature Range = -40 to 85°C Ambient) (continued)

<sup>1</sup> This parameter is characterized and not tested on each device.

<sup>2</sup> Measurement condition for pull resistors:  $V_{In} = V_{SS}$  for pullup and  $V_{In} = V_{DD}$  for pulldown.

<sup>3</sup> All functional non-supply pins are internally clamped to  $V_{SS}$  and  $V_{DD}$  except the  $\overline{\text{RESET}}/V_{PP}$  which is internally clamped to  $V_{SS}$  only.

<sup>4</sup> Input must be current limited to the value specified. To determine the value of the required current-limiting resistor, calculate resistance values for positive and negative clamp voltages, then use the larger of the two values.

<sup>5</sup> Input must be current limited to the value specified. To determine the value of the required current-limiting resistor, calculate resistance values for positive and negative clamp voltages, then use the larger of the two values.

<sup>6</sup> This parameter is characterized and not tested on each device.



Figure 6. Typical  $V_{OH}$  vs.  $I_{OH}$  $V_{DD}$  = 5.5 V (High Drive)

MC9RS08KB12 Series MCU Data Sheet, Rev. 5





Figure 7. Typical  $V_{OH}$  vs.  $I_{OH}$  $V_{DD}$  = 5.5 V (Low Drive)



Figure 8. Typical  $V_{OH}$  vs.  $I_{OH}$  $V_{DD}$  = 3.0 V (High Drive)





Figure 9. Typical  $V_{OH}$  vs.  $I_{OH}$  $V_{DD}$  = 3.0 V (Low Drive)









Figure 13. Typical V<sub>OL</sub> vs.  $I_{OL}$ V<sub>DD</sub> = 5.5 V (Low Drive)



Figure 14. Typical  $V_{OL}$  vs.  $I_{OL}$  $V_{DD}$  = 3.0 V (High Drive)





Figure 15. Typical V<sub>OL</sub> vs.  $I_{OL}$ V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V (Low Drive)









Figure 23. Typical I<sub>OH</sub> vs.  $V_{DD}$ – $V_{OH}$  $V_{DD}$  = 1.8 V (Low Drive)



Figure 24. Typical  $I_{OL}$  vs.  $V_{OL}$  $V_{DD}$  = 5.5 V (High Drive)





Figure 29. Typical  $I_{OL}$  vs.  $V_{OL}$  $V_{DD}$  = 1.8 V (Low Drive)

## 3.7 Supply Current Characteristics

 Table 8. Supply Current Characteristics

Ν	С	Parameter	Symbol	V <sub>DD</sub> (V)	Typical	Max <sup>1</sup>	Temp. (°C)	Unit
1	Ρ	Run supply current <sup>2</sup> measured at (f <sub>Bus</sub> = 10 MHz)		5	3.45 3.48 3.53	7	-40 25 85	
2	С		RI <sub>DD10</sub>	3	3.39 3.42 3.49	_	-40 25 85	mA
3	с			1.80	2.40 2.42 2.44	_	-40 25 85	
4	С	Run supply current <sup>3</sup> measured at (f <sub>Bus</sub> = 1.25 MHz)		5	0.93 0.96 0.99	_	-40 25 85	
5	Т		RI <sub>DD1</sub>	3	0.91 0.92 0.92	_	-40 25 85	mA
6	т			1.80	0.66 0.67 0.68	_	-40 25 85	



Ν	С	Parameter	Symbol	V <sub>DD</sub> (V)	Typical	Max <sup>1</sup>	Temp. (°C)	Unit
7	С			5	841.13 859.98 873.69	_	-40 25 85	
8	Т	Wait mode supply current <sup>3</sup> measured at (f <sub>Bus</sub> = 2.00 MHz)	WI <sub>DD2</sub>	3	840.21 850.60 846.67	_	-40 25 85	μA
9	Т			1.80	630.64 635.10 643.67	_	-40 25 85	
10	С			5	667.86 683.38 688.02	_	-40 25 85	
11	Т	Wait mode supply current <sup>3</sup> measured at (f <sup>Bus</sup> = 1.00 MHz)	WI <sub>DD1</sub>	3	666.34 672.79 669.15	_	-40 25 85	μA
12	Т			1.80	505.39 509.28 502.52	_	-40 25 85	
13	Ρ			5	1.15 1.40 7.67	11	-40 25 85	
14	С	Stop mode supply current	SI <sub>DD</sub>	3	1.05 1.26 4.52	_	-40 25 85	μA
15	С			1.80	0.39 0.56 4.21	_	-40 25 85	
16	С			5	128.86 140.44 154.97	_	-40 25 85	
17	т	ADC adder from stop <sup>3</sup>	_	3	102.98 111.71 118.33	_	-40 25 85	μA
18	Т			1.80	54.77 66.33 74.42	_	-40 25 85	
19	С			5	14.43 15.96 16.77	_	-40 25 85	
20	Т	ACMP adder from stop (ACME = 1)	_	3	14.37 14.72 14.45	_	40 25 85	μΑ
21	Т			1.80	13.05 14.02 12.92	_	40 25 85	

#### Table 8. Supply Current Characteristics (continued)



Ν	С	Parameter	Symbol	V <sub>DD</sub> (V)	Typical	Max <sup>1</sup>	Temp. (°C)	Unit
22	С			5	0.10 0.10 0.17	_	-40 25 85	
23	Т	RTI adder from stop with 1 kHz clock source enabled <sup>4</sup>	_	3	0.02 0.06 0.02	_	-40 25 85	μΑ
24	Т			1.80	0.40 0.45 0.20	_	-40 25 85	
25	т			5	0.70 1.08 1.94	_	-40 25 85	
26	т	RTI adder from stop with 32.768KHz external clock source reference enabled	_	3	0.56 0.56 0.62	_	-40 25 85	μA
27	Т			1.80	0.70 0.86 0.50	_	-40 25 85	
28	С			5	58.93 68.27 76.60	_	-40 25 85	
29	т	LVI adder from stop (LVDE = 1 and LVDSE = 1)	_	3	58.89 61.98 63.45	_	-40 25 85	μA
30	Т			1.80	52.84 54.52 52.49		-40 25 85	

Table 8. Supply Current Characteristics (continu	ed)
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<sup>1</sup> Maximum value is measured at the nominal V<sub>DD</sub> voltage times 10% tolerance. Values given here are preliminary estimates prior to completing characterization.

<sup>2</sup> Not include any DC loads on port pins.

<sup>3</sup> Required asynchronous ADC clock and LVD to be enabled.

<sup>4</sup> Most customers are expected to find that auto-wakeup from stop can be used instead of the higher current wait mode. Wait mode typical is 672.79  $\mu$ A at 3 V and 509.28  $\mu$ A at 1.8 V with f<sub>Bus</sub> = 1 MHz.



## 3.8 External Oscillator (XOSC) Characteristics

Table 9. Oscillator Electrical Specifications (Temperature Range = -40 to 85°C Ambient)

Num	С	Rating	Symbol	Min	Typical <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit
1	с	Oscillator crystal or resonator (EREFS = 1, ERCLKEN = 1) Low range (RANGE = 0) High range (RANGE = 1) FEE or FBE mode <sup>2</sup> High range (RANGE = 1, HGO = 1) FBELP mode High range (RANGE = 1, HGO = 0) FBELP mode	f <sub>lo</sub> f <sub>hi</sub> f <sub>hi-hgo</sub> f <sub>hi-lp</sub>	32 1 1 1	 	38.4 5 16 8	kHz MHz MHz MHz
2	D	Load capacitors	C <sub>1,</sub> C <sub>2</sub>	See crystal or resonator manufacturer's recommendation.			or
3	D	Feedback resistor Low range (32 kHz to 100 kHz) High range (1 MHz to 16 MHz)	R <sub>F</sub>		10 1		MΩ
4	D	Series resistor Low range, low gain (RANGE = 0, HGO = 0) Low range, high gain (RANGE = 0, HGO = 1) High range, low gain (RANGE = 1, HGO = 0) High range, high gain (RANGE = 1, HGO = 1) $\geq 8 \text{ MHz}$ 4 MHz 1 MHz	R <sub>S</sub>		0 100 0 0 0 0		kΩ
5	с	Crystal start-up time <sup>3</sup> Low range, low gain (RANGE = 0, HGO = 0) Low range, high gain (RANGE = 0, HGO = 1) High range, low gain (RANGE = 1, HGO = 0) <sup>4</sup> High range, high gain (RANGE = 1, HGO = 1) <sup>4</sup>	t CSTL-LP CSTL-HGO CSTH-LP CSTH-HGO		200 400 5 20		ms
6	D	Square wave input clock frequency (EREFS = 0, ERCLKEN = 1) FEE or FBE mode <sup>2</sup> FBELP mode	f <sub>extal</sub>	0.03125 0	_	5 40	MHz

<sup>1</sup> Typical data was characterized at 5.0 V, 25 °C or is recommended value.

<sup>2</sup> The input clock source must be divided using RDIV to within the range of 31.25 kHz to 39.0625 kHz.

<sup>3</sup> This parameter is characterized and not tested on each device. Proper PC board layout procedures must be followed to achieve specifications.

<sup>4</sup> 4 MHz crystal.



## 3.9 AC Characteristics

This section describes AC timing characteristics for each peripheral system.



### 3.9.2 TPM/MTIM Module Timing

Synchronizer circuits determine the shortest input pulses that can be recognized or the fastest clock that can be used as the optional external source to the timer counter. These synchronizers operate from the current bus rate clock.

Num	С	Rating	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit
1	D	External clock frequency	f <sub>TPMext</sub>	DC	f <sub>Bus</sub> /4	MHz
2	D	External clock period	t <sub>TPMext</sub>	4	—	t <sub>cyc</sub>
3	D	External clock high time	t <sub>clkh</sub>	1.5	—	t <sub>cyc</sub>
4	D	External clock low time	t <sub>clkl</sub>	1.5	—	t <sub>cyc</sub>
5	D	Input capture pulse width	t <sub>ICPW</sub>	1.5	—	t <sub>cyc</sub>





Figure 32. Timer External Clock



Figure 33. Timer Input Capture Pulse

## 3.10 Analog Comparator (ACMP) Electrical

#### Table 12. Analog Comparator Electrical Specifications

Num	С	Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
1	D	Supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	1.80	_	5.5	V
2	Р	Supply current (active)	I <sub>DDAC</sub>	_	20	35	μA
3	D	Analog input voltage <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>AIN</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> – 0.3	_	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
4	С	Analog input offset voltage <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>AIO</sub>	_	20	40	mV
5	С	Analog Comparator hysteresis <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>H</sub>	3.0	9.0	15.0	mV
6	С	Analog source impedance <sup>1</sup>	R <sub>AS</sub>	_	_	10	kΩ
7	Р	Analog input leakage current	I <sub>ALKG</sub>	_	_	1.0	μA
8	С	Analog Comparator initialization delay	t <sub>AINIT</sub>		_	1.0	μS



Characteristic	Conditions	Symb	Min	Typ <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit	Comment
ADC	High speed (ADLPC=0)	f <sub>ADCK</sub>	0.4		8.0	MHz	
clock Freq.	Low power (ADLPC=1)		0.4		4.0		

Typical values assume  $V_{DDAD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , Temp = 25 °C,  $f_{ADCK} = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$  unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only and are not tested in production.



Figure 34. ADC Input Impedance Equivalency Diagram

Table 15. 10-Bit ADC Characteristics	(V <sub>REFH</sub> =	V <sub>DDAD</sub> ,	V <sub>REFL</sub> =	: V <sub>SSAD</sub> , 2.7	′ V < V <sub>DDAD</sub>	< 5.5 V)
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С	Characteristic	Conditions	Symb	Min	Typ <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit	Comment
Т	Supply Current ADLPC = 1 ADLSMP = 1 ADCO = 1		I <sub>DDAD</sub>	_	133	_	μA	
Т	Supply Current ADLPC = 1 ADLSMP = 0 ADCO = 1		I <sub>DDAD</sub>	_	218	_	μA	
Т	Supply Current ADLPC = 0 ADLSMP = 1 ADCO = 1		I <sub>DDAD</sub>	_	327	_	μA	



С	Characteristic	Conditions	Symb	Min	Typ <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit	Comment
С	Supply Current ADLPC = 0 ADLSMP = 0 ADCO = 1		I <sub>DDAD</sub>	_	0.582	1	mA	
С	ADC	High Speed (ADLPC = 0)	f <sub>ADACK</sub>	2	3.3	5	MHz	t <sub>ADACK</sub> =
	Asynchronous Clock Source	Low Power (ADLPC = 1)		1.25	2	3.3	-	<sup>1/f</sup> ADACK
D	Conversion	Short Sample (ADLSMP = 0)	t <sub>ADC</sub>	—	20	—	ADCK	See reference
	sample time)	Long Sample (ADLSMP = 1)		—	40	—	cycles	conversion
	Sample Time	Short Sample (ADLSMP = 0)	t <sub>ADS</sub>	—	3.5	—	ADCK	time variances
D		Long Sample (ADLSMP = 1)		_	23.5	—	cycles	
С	Total	10-bit mode	E <sub>TUE</sub>	—	±1.5	±3.5	LSB <sup>2</sup>	Includes
	Error	8-bit mode		—	±0.7	±1.5	-	quantization
Т	Differential	10-bit mode	DNL	—	±0.5	±1.0	LSB <sup>2</sup>	
	Non-Linearity	8-bit mode		—	±0.3	±0.5		
		Mon	otonicity and	d No-Missi	ng-Codes	guarantee	b	
С	Integral	10-bit mode	INL	—	±0.5	±1.0	LSB <sup>2</sup>	
	Non-Linearity	8-bit mode		—	±0.3	±0.5		
Ρ	Zero-Scale	10-bit mode	E <sub>ZS</sub>	—	±1.5	±2.5	LSB <sup>2</sup>	$V_{ADIN} = V_{SSA}$
	Error	8-bit mode		—	±0.5	±0.7		
Ρ	Full-Scale Error	10-bit mode	E <sub>FS</sub>	—	±1	±1.5	LSB <sup>2</sup>	$V_{ADIN} = V_{DDA}$
		8-bit mode		—	±0.5	±0.5		
D	Quantization	10-bit mode	EQ	—	_	±0.5	LSB <sup>2</sup>	
	Error	8-bit mode		—	_	±0.5		
D	Input Leakage	10-bit mode	E <sub>IL</sub>	_	±0.2	±2.5	LSB <sup>2</sup>	Pad leakage <sup>2</sup> *
	Error	8-bit mode			±0.1	±1	]	MAS

#### Table 15. 10-Bit ADC Characteristics ( $V_{REFH} = V_{DDAD}$ , $V_{REFL} = V_{SSAD}$ , 2.7 V < $V_{DDAD}$ < 5.5 V)

<sup>1</sup> Typical values assume V<sub>DDAD</sub> = 5.0 V, Temp = 25 °C, f<sub>ADCK</sub> = 1.0 MHz unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only and are not tested in production.

<sup>2</sup> Based on input pad leakage current. Refer to pad electricals.



С	Characteristic	Conditions	Symb	Min	Typ <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit	Comment
Т	Supply Current ADLPC = 1 ADLSMP = 1 ADCO = 1	8-bit mode	I <sub>DDAD</sub>		88		μA	
Т	Supply Current ADLPC = 1 ADLSMP = 0 ADCO = 1	8-bit mode	I <sub>DDAD</sub>	_	152	—	μA	
Т	Supply Current ADLPC = 0 ADLSMP = 1 ADCO = 1	8-bit mode	I <sub>DDAD</sub>		214	_	μA	
Т	Supply Current ADLPC = 0 ADLSMP = 0 ADCO = 1	8-bit mode	I <sub>DDAD</sub>		390	_	μA	
С	ADC	High Speed (ADLPC = 0)	f <sub>ADACK</sub>	2	3.3	5	MHz	t <sub>ADACK</sub> =
	Asynchronous Clock Source	Low Power (ADLPC = 1)		1.25	2	3.3		1/fadack
D	Conversion Time (Including sample time)	Short Sample (ADLSMP = 0)	t <sub>ADC</sub>	—	20	_	ADCK	See reference manual for conversion
		Long Sample (ADLSMP = 1)		—	40	—	cycles	
	Sample Time	Short Sample (ADLSMP = 0)	t <sub>ADS</sub>	—	3.5	—	ADCK	time variances
D		Long Sample (ADLSMP = 1)		_	23.5	_	cycles	
С	Total	10-bit mode	E <sub>TUE</sub>	—	—	—	LSB <sup>2</sup>	Includes
	Unadjusted Error	8-bit mode		_	±3.5	—		quantization
Т	Differential	10-bit mode	DNL	_	_	_	LSB <sup>2</sup>	
	Non-Linearity	8-bit mode		—	±1.0	_		
		Mon	otonicity and	d No-Missi	ng-Codes	guaranteed	b	
С	Integral	10-bit mode	INL	—	—	—	LSB <sup>2</sup>	
	Non-Linearity	8-bit mode		—	±1.5	—		
С	Zero-Scale	10-bit mode	E <sub>ZS</sub>	—	—	—	LSB <sup>2</sup>	$V_{ADIN} = V_{SSA}$
	Error	8-bit mode		—	±1.5	—		
С	Full-Scale Error	10-bit mode	E <sub>FS</sub>	_	_	_	LSB <sup>2</sup>	$V_{ADIN} = V_{DDA}$
		8-bit mode		_	±1.0	_		
D	Quantization	10-bit mode	EQ	_	_	_	LSB <sup>2</sup>	
		8-bit mode		—	_	±0.5		

able 16. 10-Bit ADC Characteristics (V <sub>RE</sub>	<sub>=H</sub> = V <sub>DDAD</sub> , V <sub>REFL</sub>	= V <sub>SSAD</sub> , 1.8 V <	$V_{DDAD} < 2.7 V$ )
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## 3.14 EMC Performance

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) performance is highly dependant on the environment in which the MCU resides. Board design and layout, circuit topology choices, location and characteristics of external components as well as MCU software operation all play a significant role in EMC performance. The system designer should consult Freescale applications notes such as AN2321, AN1050, AN1263, AN2764, and AN1259 for advice and guidance specifically targeted at optimizing EMC performance.

### 3.14.1 Radiated Emissions

Microcontroller radiated RF emissions are measured from 150 kHz to 1 GHz using the TEM/GTEM Cell method in accordance with the IEC 61967-2 and SAE J1752/3 standards. The measurement is performed with the microcontroller installed on a custom EMC evaluation board while running specialized EMC test software. The radiated emissions from the microcontroller are measured in a TEM cell in two package orientations (North and East).