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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	HCS12
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	25MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, SCI, SPI
Peripherals	PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	91
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.35V ~ 5.25V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	112-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	112-LQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/pro/item?MUrl=&PartUrl=mc9s12dj128bcpv

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- **Port M[7:6]**
PM7:6 must be configured as outputs or their pull resistors must be enabled to avoid floating inputs.
- **Port P6**
PP6 must be configured as output or its pull resistor must be enabled to avoid a floating input.
- **Port S[7:4]**
PS7:4 must be configured as outputs or their pull resistors must be enabled to avoid floating inputs.
- **PAD[15:8] (ATD1 channels)**
Out of reset the ATD1 is disabled preventing current flows in the pins. Do not modify the ATD1 registers!

Document References

The Device User Guide provides information about the MC9S12DT128B device made up of standard HCS12 blocks and the HCS12 processor core.

This document is part of the customer documentation. A complete set of device manuals also includes the HCS12 Core User Guide and all the individual Block User Guides of the implemented modules. In a effort to reduce redundancy all module specific information is located only in the respective Block User Guide. If applicable, special implementation details of the module are given in the block description sections of this document.

See **Table 0-2** for names and versions of the referenced documents throughout the Device User Guide.

Table 0-2 Document References

User Guide	Version	Document Order Number
HCS12_V1.5 Core User Guide	1.2	HCS12COREUG
Clock and Reset Generator (CRG) Block User Guide	V03	S12CRGV3/D
Enhanced Capture Timer 16 Bit 8 Channel (ECT_16B8C) Block User Guide	V01	S12ECT16B8CV1/D
Analog to Digital Converter 10 Bit 8 Channel (ATD_10B8C) Block User Guide	V02	S12ATD10B8CV2/D
Inter IC Bus (IIC) Block User Guide	V02	S12IICV2/D
Asynchronous Serial Interface (SCI) Block User Guide	V02	S12SCIV2/D
Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Block User Guide	V02	S12SPIV2/D
Pulse Width Modulator 8 Bit 8 Channel (PWM_8B8C) Block User Guide	V01	S12PWM8B8CV1/D
128K Byte Flash (FTS128K) Block User Guide	V01	S12FTS128KV1/D
2K Byte EEPROM (EETS2K) Block User Guide	V01	S12EETS2KV1/D
Byte Level Data Link Controller -J1850 (BDLC) Block User Guide	V01	S12BDLCV1/D
Motorola Scalable CAN (MSCAN) Block User Guide	V02	S12MSCANV2/D
Voltage Regulator (VREG) Block User Guide	V01	S12VREGV1/D
Port Integration Module (PIM_9DT128) Block User Guide	V01	S12PIMDT128V1/D
Byteflight (BF) Block User Guide	V01	S12BFV1/D

- SAE J1850 Class B Data Communications Network Interface
 - Compatible and ISO Compatible for Low-Speed (<125 Kbps) Serial Data Communications in Automotive Applications
- Inter-IC Bus (IIC)
 - Compatible with I2C Bus standard
 - Multi-master operation
 - Software programmable for one of 256 different serial clock frequencies
- 112-Pin LQFP and 80-Pin QFP package options
 - I/O lines with 5V input and drive capability
 - 5V A/D converter inputs
 - Operation at 50MHz equivalent to 25MHz Bus Speed
 - Development support
 - Single-wire background debug™ mode (BDM)
 - On-chip hardware breakpoints

1.3 Modes of Operation

User modes

- Normal and Emulation Operating Modes
 - Normal Single-Chip Mode
 - Normal Expanded Wide Mode
 - Normal Expanded Narrow Mode
 - Emulation Expanded Wide Mode
 - Emulation Expanded Narrow Mode
- Special Operating Modes
 - Special Single-Chip Mode with active Background Debug Mode
 - Special Test Mode (**Motorola use only**)
 - Special Peripheral Mode (**Motorola use only**)

Low power modes

- Stop Mode
- Pseudo Stop Mode
- Wait Mode

1.5.1 Detailed Register Map

\$0000 - \$000F

MEBI map 1 of 3 (Core User Guide)

Address	Name	Read:	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$0000	PORTA	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
\$0001	PORTB	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
\$0002	DDRA	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
\$0003	DDRB	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
\$0004	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$0005	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$0006	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$0007	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$0008	PORTE	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$0009	DDRE	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	Bit 2	0	0
\$000A	PEAR	Read:	NOACCE	0	PIPOE	NECLK	LSTRE	RDWE	0	0
\$000B	MODE	Read:	MODC	MODB	MODA	0	IVIS	0	EMK	EME
\$000C	PUCR	Read:	PUPKE	0	0	PUPEE	0	0	PUPBE	PUPAE
\$000D	RDRIV	Read:	RDPK	0	0	RDPE	0	0	RDPB	RDPA
\$000E	EBICTL	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ESTR
\$000F	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

\$0010 - \$0014

MMC map 1 of 4 (Core User Guide)

Address	Name	Read:	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$0010	INITRM	Read:	RAM15	RAM14	RAM13	RAM12	RAM11	0	0	RAMHAL
\$0011	INITRG	Read:	0	REG14	REG13	REG12	REG11	0	0	0
\$0012	INITEE	Read:	EE15	EE14	EE13	EE12	0	0	0	EEON
\$0013	MISC	Read:	0	0	0	0	EXSTR1	EXSTR0	ROMHM	ROMON
\$0014	MTST0 Test Only	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0

\$0040 - \$007F

ECT (Enhanced Capture Timer 16 Bit 8 Channels)

Address	Name	Read:	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$007C	TC2H (hi)	Read:	Bit 15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit 8
		Write:								
\$007D	TC2H (lo)	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$007E	TC3H (hi)	Read:	Bit 15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit 8
		Write:								
\$007F	TC3H (lo)	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								

\$0080 - \$009F

ATD0 (Analog to Digital Converter 10 Bit 8 Channel)

Address	Name	Read:	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$0080	ATD0CTL0	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0081	ATD0CTL1	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0082	ATD0CTL2	Read:	ADPU	AFFC	AWAI	ETRIGLE	ETRIGP	ETRIG	ASCIE	ASCIF
		Write:								
\$0083	ATD0CTL3	Read:	0	S8C	S4C	S2C	S1C	FIFO	FRZ1	FRZ0
		Write:								
\$0084	ATD0CTL4	Read:	SRES8	SMP1	SMP0	PRS4	PRS3	PRS2	PRS1	PRS0
		Write:								
\$0085	ATD0CTL5	Read:	DJM	DSGN	SCAN	MULT	0	CC	CB	CA
		Write:								
\$0086	ATD0STAT0	Read:	SCF	0	ETORF	FIFOR	0	CC2	CC1	CC0
		Write:								
\$0087	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0088	ATD0TEST0	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0089	ATD0TEST1	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SC
		Write:								
\$008A	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$008B	ATD0STAT1	Read:	CCF7	CCF6	CCF5	CCF4	CCF3	CCF2	CCF1	CCF0
		Write:								
\$008C	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$008D	ATD0DIEN	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$008E	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$008F	PORTAD0	Read:	Bit7	6	5	4	3	2	1	BIT 0
		Write:								
\$0090	ATD0DR0H	Read:	Bit15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit8
		Write:								
\$0091	ATD0DR0L	Read:	Bit7	Bit6	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								

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\$0080 - \$009F

ATD0 (Analog to Digital Converter 10 Bit 8 Channel)

Address	Name		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$0092	ATD0DR1H	Read:	Bit15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit8
		Write:								
\$0093	ATD0DR1L	Read:	Bit7	Bit6	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0094	ATD0DR2H	Read:	Bit15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit8
		Write:								
\$0095	ATD0DR2L	Read:	Bit7	Bit6	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0096	ATD0DR3H	Read:	Bit15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit8
		Write:								
\$0097	ATD0DR3L	Read:	Bit7	Bit6	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0098	ATD0DR4H	Read:	Bit15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit8
		Write:								
\$0099	ATD0DR4L	Read:	Bit7	Bit6	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$009A	ATD0DR5H	Read:	Bit15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit8
		Write:								
\$009B	ATD0DR5L	Read:	Bit7	Bit6	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$009C	ATD0DR6H	Read:	Bit15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit8
		Write:								
\$009D	ATD0DR6L	Read:	Bit7	Bit6	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$009E	ATD0DR7H	Read:	Bit15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit8
		Write:								
\$009F	ATD0DR7L	Read:	Bit7	Bit6	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								

\$00A0 - \$00C7

PWM (Pulse Width Modulator 8 Bit 8 Channel)

Address	Name		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$00A0	PWME	Read:	PWME7	PWME6	PWME5	PWME4	PWME3	PWME2	PWME1	PWME0
		Write:								
\$00A1	PWMPOL	Read:	PPOL7	PPOL6	PPOL5	PPOL4	PPOL3	PPOL2	PPOL1	PPOL0
		Write:								
\$00A2	PWMCLK	Read:	PCLK7	PCLK6	PCLK5	PCLK4	PCLK3	PCLK2	PCLK1	PCLK0
		Write:								
\$00A3	PWMPRCLK	Read:	0	PCKB2	PCKB1	PCKB0	0	PCKA2	PCKA1	PCKA0
		Write:								
\$00A4	PWMCAE	Read:	CAE7	CAE6	CAE5	CAE4	CAE3	CAE2	CAE1	CAE0
		Write:								
\$00A5	PWMCTL	Read:	CON67	CON45	CON23	CON01	PSWAI	PFRZ	0	0
		Write:								
\$00A6	PWMTST Test Only	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$00A7	PWMPRSC Test Only	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$00A8	PWMSCLA	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								

\$0240 - \$027F

PIM (Port Integration Module)

Address	Name		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$0259	PTIP	Read:	PTIP7	PTIP6	PTIP5	PTIP4	PTIP3	PTIP2	PTIP1	PTIP0
		Write:								
\$025A	DDRP	Read:	DDRP7	DDRP6	DDRP5	DDRP4	DDRP3	DDRP2	DDRP1	DDRP0
		Write:								
\$025B	RDRP	Read:	RDRP7	RDRP6	RDRP5	RDRP4	RDRP3	RDRP2	RDRP1	RDRP0
		Write:								
\$025C	PERP	Read:	PERP7	PERP6	PERP5	PERP4	PERP3	PERP2	PERP1	PERP0
		Write:								
\$025D	PPSP	Read:	PPSP7	PPSP6	PPSP5	PPSP4	PPSP3	PPSP2	PPSP1	PPSS0
		Write:								
\$025E	PIEP	Read:	PIEP7	PIEP6	PIEP5	PIEP4	PIEP3	PIEP2	PIEP1	PIEP0
		Write:								
\$025F	PIFP	Read:	PIFP7	PIFP6	PIFP5	PIFP4	PIFP3	PIFP2	PIFP1	PIFP0
		Write:								
\$0260	PTH	Read:	PTH7	PTH6	PTH5	PTH4	PTH3	PTH2	PTH1	PTH0
		Write:								
\$0261	PTIH	Read:	PTIH7	PTIH6	PTIH5	PTIH4	PTIH3	PTIH2	PTIH1	PTIH0
		Write:								
\$0262	DDRH	Read:	DDRH7	DDRH6	DDRH5	DDRH4	DDRH3	DDRH2	DDRH1	DDRH0
		Write:								
\$0263	RDRH	Read:	RDRH7	RDRH6	RDRH5	RDRH4	RDRH3	RDRH2	RDRH1	RDRH0
		Write:								
\$0264	PERH	Read:	PERH7	PERH6	PERH5	PERH4	PERH3	PERH2	PERH1	PERH0
		Write:								
\$0265	PPSH	Read:	PPSH7	PPSH6	PPSH5	PPSH4	PPSH3	PPSH2	PPSH1	PPSH0
		Write:								
\$0266	PIEH	Read:	PIEH7	PIEH6	PIEH5	PIEH4	PIEH3	PIEH2	PIEH1	PIEH0
		Write:								
\$0267	PIFH	Read:	PIFH7	PIFH6	PIFH5	PIFH4	PIFH3	PIFH2	PIFH1	PIFH0
		Write:								
\$0268	PTJ	Read:	PTJ7	PTJ6	0	0	0	0	PTJ1	PTJ0
		Write:								
\$0269	PTIJ	Read:	PTIJ7	PTIJ6	0	0	0	0	PTIJ1	PTIJ0
		Write:								
\$026A	DDRJ	Read:	DDRJ7	DDRJ6	0	0	0	0	DDRJ1	DDRJ0
		Write:								
\$026B	RDRJ	Read:	RDRJ7	RDRJ6	0	0	0	0	RDRJ1	RDRJ0
		Write:								
\$026C	PERJ	Read:	PERJ7	PERJ6	0	0	0	0	PERJ1	PERJ0
		Write:								
\$026D	PPSJ	Read:	PPSJ7	PPSJ6	0	0	0	0	PPSJ1	PPSJ0
		Write:								
\$026E	PIEJ	Read:	PIEJ7	PIEJ6	0	0	0	0	PIEJ1	PIEJ0
		Write:								
\$026F	PIFJ	Read:	PIFJ7	PIFJ6	0	0	0	0	PIFJ1	PIFJ0
		Write:								
\$0270 - \$027F	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								

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\$02C0 - \$02FF

Reserved

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$02C0 - \$02FF	Reserved	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

\$0300 - \$035F

Byteflight

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$0300	BFMCR	Read: INITRQ	Read: MASTER	Read: ALARM	Read: SLPK	Read: SLPRQ	Read: WPULSE	Read: SSWAI	Read: INITAK
		Write:	Write:						
\$0301	BFFSIZR	Read: 0	Read: 0	Read: 0	Read: FSIZ4	Read: FSIZ3	Read: FSIZ2	Read: FSIZ1	Read: FSIZ0
		Write:	Write:						
\$0302	BFTCR1	Read: TWX0T7	Read: TWX0T6	Read: TWX0T5	Read: TWX0T4	Read: TWX0T3	Read: TWX0T2	Read: TWX0T1	Read: TWX0T0
		Write:	Write:						
\$0303	BFTCR2	Read: TWX0R7	Read: TWX0R6	Read: TWX0R5	Read: TWX0R4	Read: TWX0R3	Read: TWX0R2	Read: TWX0R1	Read: TWX0R0
		Write:	Write:						
\$0304	BFTCR3	Read: TWX0D7	Read: TWX0D6	Read: TWX0D5	Read: TWX0D4	Read: TWX0D3	Read: TWX0D2	Read: TWX0D1	Read: TWX0D0
		Write:	Write:						
\$0305	BFIDX	Read: GETIDX3	Read: GETIDX2	Read: GETIDX1	Read: GETIDX0	Read: PUTIDX3	Read: PUTIDX2	Read: PUTIDX1	Read: PUTIDX0
		Write:	Write:						
\$0306	BFRISR	Read: RCVFIF	Read: RXIF	Read: SYNAIF	Read: SYNIF	Read: SLMMIF	Read: 0	Read: XSYNIF	Read: OPTDF
		Write:	Write:						
\$0307	BFGISR	Read: TXIF	Read: OVRNIF	Read: ERRIF	Read: SYNEIF	Read: SYNLIF	Read: ILLPIF	Read: LOCKIF	Read: WAKEIF
		Write:	Write:						
\$0308	BFRIER	Read: RCVFIE	Read: RXIE	Read: SYNAIE	Read: SYNIE	Read: SLMMIE	Read: 0	Read: XSYNIE	Read: 0
		Write:	Write:						
\$0309	BFGIER	Read: TXIE	Read: OVRNIE	Read: ERRIE	Read: SYNEIE	Read: SYNLIE	Read: ILLPIE	Read: LOCKIE	Read: WAKEIE
		Write:	Write:						
\$030A	BFRIVEC	Read: 0	Read: 0	Read: 0	Read: 0	Read: RIVEC3	Read: RIVEC2	Read: RIVEC1	Read: RIVEC0
		Write:	Write:						
\$030B	BFTIVEC	Read: 0	Read: 0	Read: 0	Read: 0	Read: TIVEC3	Read: TIVEC2	Read: TIVEC1	Read: TIVEC0
		Write:	Write:						
\$030C	BFFIDAC	Read: FIDAC7	Read: FIDAC6	Read: FIDAC5	Read: FIDAC4	Read: FIDAC3	Read: FIDAC2	Read: FIDAC1	Read: FIDAC0
		Write:	Write:						
\$030D	BFFIDMR	Read: FIDMR7	Read: FIDMR6	Read: FIDMR5	Read: FIDMR4	Read: FIDMR3	Read: FIDMR2	Read: FIDMR1	Read: FIDMR0
		Write:	Write:						
\$030E	BFMVR	Read: MVR7	Read: MVR6	Read: MVR5	Read: MVR4	Read: MVR3	Read: MVR2	Read: MVR1	Read: MVR0
		Write:	Write:						
\$030F	Reserved	Read: 0	Read: 0						
		Write:	Write:						
\$0310	BFPCTLBF	Read: PMEREN	Read: 0	Read: PSLMEN	Read: PERREN	Read: PROKEN	Read: PSYNEN	Read: 0	Read: BFEN
		Write:	Write:						
\$0311	Reserved	Read: 0	Read: 0						
		Write:	Write:						
\$0312	BFBUFLOCK	Read: 0	Read: TXBUFL OCK	Read: RXBUFL OCK					
		Write:	Write:						
\$0313	Reserved for Test	Read: 0	Read: 0						
		Write:	Write:						
\$0314	BFFIDRJ	Read: FIDRJ7	Read: FIDRJ6	Read: FIDRJ5	Read: FIDRJ4	Read: FIDRJ3	Read: FIDRJ2	Read: FIDRJ1	Read: FIDRJ0
		Write:	Write:						

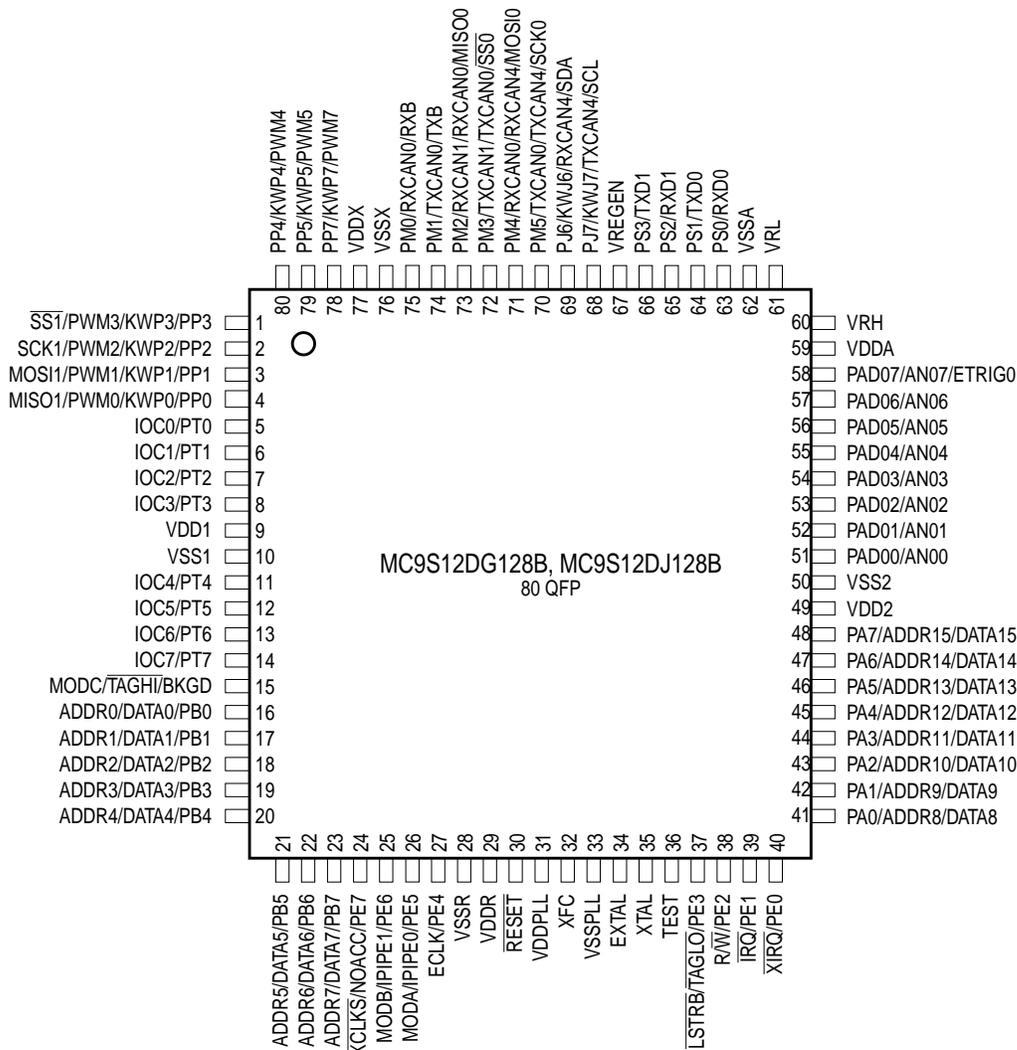


Figure 2-2 Pin Assignments in 80 QFP for MC9S12DG128B, MC9S12DJ128B Bondout

2.3.6 PAD[15] / AN1[7] / ETRIG1 — Port AD Input Pin [15]

PAD15 is a general purpose input pin and analog input of the analog to digital converter ATD1. It can act as an external trigger input for the ATD1.

2.3.7 PAD[14:8] / AN1[6:0] — Port AD Input Pins [14:8]

PAD14 - PAD8 are general purpose input pins and analog inputs of the analog to digital converter ATD1.

2.3.8 PAD[7] / AN0[7] / ETRIG0 — Port AD Input Pin [7]

PAD7 is a general purpose input pin and analog input of the analog to digital converter ATD0. It can act as an external trigger input for the ATD0.

2.3.9 PAD[6:0] / AN0[6:0] — Port AD Input Pins [6:0]

PAD6 - PAD0 are general purpose input pins and analog inputs of the analog to digital converter ATD0.

2.3.10 PA[7:0] / ADDR[15:8] / DATA[15:8] — Port A I/O Pins

PA7-PA0 are general purpose input or output pins. In MCU expanded modes of operation, these pins are used for the multiplexed external address and data bus.

2.3.11 PB[7:0] / ADDR[7:0] / DATA[7:0] — Port B I/O Pins

PB7-PB0 are general purpose input or output pins. In MCU expanded modes of operation, these pins are used for the multiplexed external address and data bus.

2.3.12 PE7 / NOACC / \overline{XCLKS} — Port E I/O Pin 7

PE7 is a general purpose input or output pin. During MCU expanded modes of operation, the NOACC signal, when enabled, is used to indicate that the current bus cycle is an unused or “free” cycle. This signal will assert when the CPU is not using the bus.

The \overline{XCLKS} is an input signal which controls whether a crystal in combination with the internal Colpitts (low power) oscillator is used or whether Pierce oscillator/external clock circuitry is used. The state of this pin is latched at the rising edge of \overline{RESET} . If the input is a logic low the EXTAL pin is configured for an external clock drive. If input is a logic high an oscillator circuit is configured on EXTAL and XTAL. Since this pin is an input with a pull-up device during reset, if the pin is left floating, the default configuration is an oscillator circuit on EXTAL and XTAL.

2.3.13 PE6 / MODB / IPIPE1 — Port E I/O Pin 6

PE6 is a general purpose input or output pin. It is used as a MCU operating mode select pin during reset. The state of this pin is latched to the MODB bit at the rising edge of $\overline{\text{RESET}}$. This pin is shared with the instruction queue tracking signal IPIPE1. This pin is an input with a pull-down device which is only active when $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is low.

2.3.14 PE5 / MODA / IPIPE0 — Port E I/O Pin 5

PE5 is a general purpose input or output pin. It is used as a MCU operating mode select pin during reset. The state of this pin is latched to the MODA bit at the rising edge of $\overline{\text{RESET}}$. This pin is shared with the instruction queue tracking signal IPIPE0. This pin is an input with a pull-down device which is only active when $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is low.

2.3.15 PE4 / ECLK — Port E I/O Pin 4

PE4 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to drive the internal bus clock ECLK. ECLK can be used as a timing reference.

2.3.16 PE3 / $\overline{\text{LSTRB}}$ / $\overline{\text{TAGLO}}$ — Port E I/O Pin 3

PE3 is a general purpose input or output pin. In MCU expanded modes of operation, $\overline{\text{LSTRB}}$ can be used for the low-byte strobe function to indicate the type of bus access and when instruction tagging is on, $\overline{\text{TAGLO}}$ is used to tag the low half of the instruction word being read into the instruction queue.

2.3.17 PE2 / $\overline{\text{R/W}}$ — Port E I/O Pin 2

PE2 is a general purpose input or output pin. In MCU expanded modes of operations, this pin drives the read/write output signal for the external bus. It indicates the direction of data on the external bus.

2.3.18 PE1 / $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ — Port E Input Pin 1

PE1 is a general purpose input pin and the maskable interrupt request input that provides a means of applying asynchronous interrupt requests. This will wake up the MCU from STOP or WAIT mode.

2.3.19 PE0 / $\overline{\text{XIRQ}}$ — Port E Input Pin 0

PE0 is a general purpose input pin and the non-maskable interrupt request input that provides a means of applying asynchronous interrupt requests. This will wake up the MCU from STOP or WAIT mode.

2.3.20 PH7 / KWH7 — Port H I/O Pin 7

PH7 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode.

2.3.21 PH6 / KWH6 — Port H I/O Pin 6

PH6 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode.

2.3.22 PH5 / KWH5 — Port H I/O Pin 5

PH5 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode.

2.3.23 PH4 / KWH4 — Port H I/O Pin 2

PH4 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode.

2.3.24 PH3 / KWH3 / $\overline{SS1}$ — Port H I/O Pin 3

PH3 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode. It can be configured as slave select pin \overline{SS} of the Serial Peripheral Interface 1 (SPI1).

2.3.25 PH2 / KWH2 / SCK1 — Port H I/O Pin 2

PH2 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode. It can be configured as serial clock pin SCK of the Serial Peripheral Interface 1 (SPI1).

2.3.26 PH1 / KWH1 / MOSI1 — Port H I/O Pin 1

PH1 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode. It can be configured as master output (during master mode) or slave input pin (during slave mode) MOSI of the Serial Peripheral Interface 1 (SPI1).

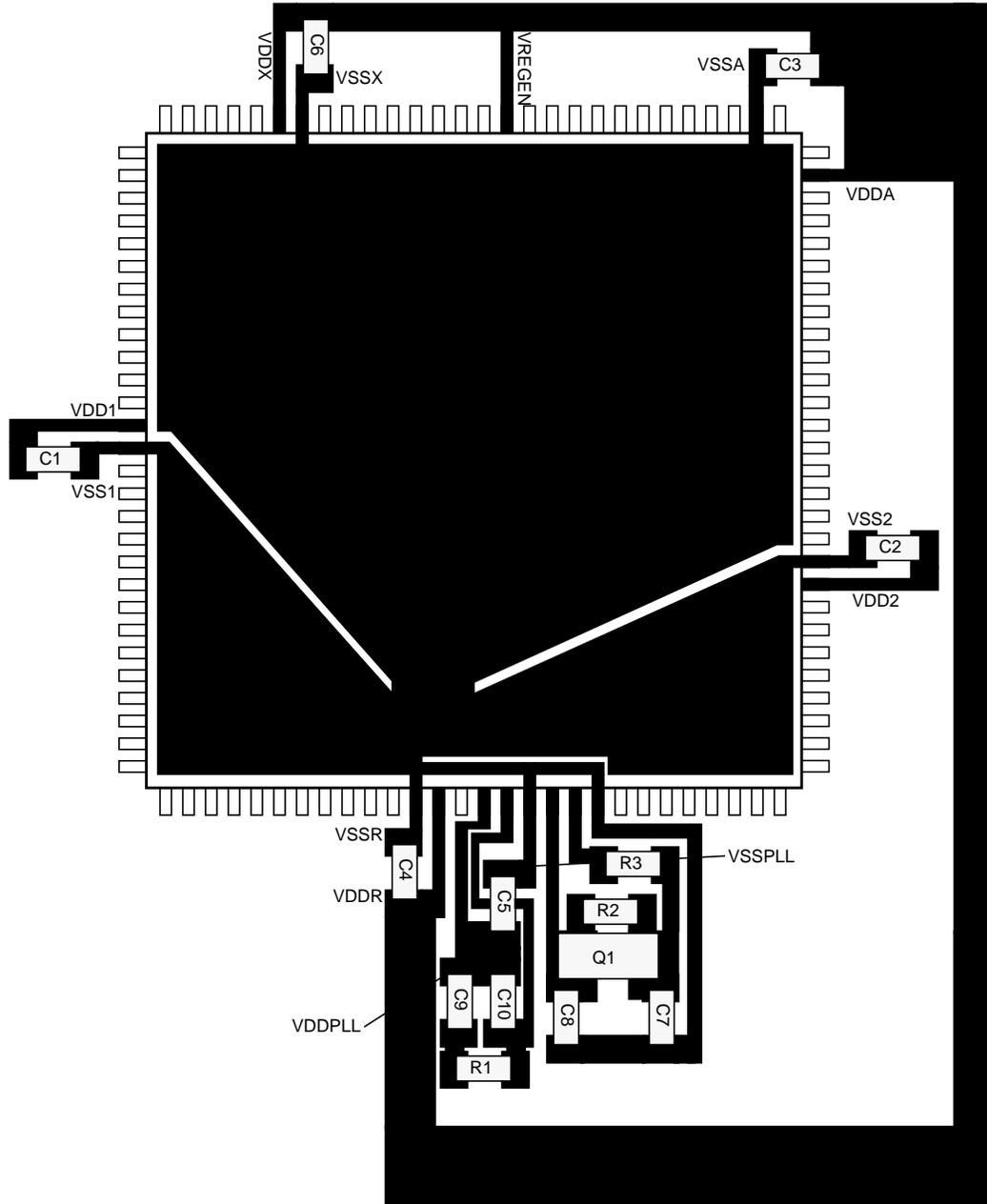
2.3.27 PH0 / KWH0 / MISO1 — Port H I/O Pin 0

PH0 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode. It can be configured as master input (during master mode) or slave output (during slave mode) pin MISO of the Serial Peripheral Interface 1 (SPI1).

2.3.28 PJ7 / KWJ7 / TXCAN4 / SCL — PORT J I/O Pin 7

PJ7 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode. It can be configured as the transmit pin TXCAN for the Motorola Scalable Controller Area Network controller 4 (CAN4) or the serial clock pin SCL of the IIC module.

Figure 22-3 Recommended PCB Layout for 112LQFP Pierce Oscillator



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calculations refer to *Section A.1.8 Power Dissipation and Thermal Characteristics*.

Table A-4 Operating Conditions

Rating	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I/O, Regulator and Analog Supply Voltage	V _{DD5}	4.5	5	5.25	V
Digital Logic Supply Voltage ¹	V _{DD}	2.35	2.5	2.75	V
PLL Supply Voltage ²	V _{DDPLL}	2.25	2.5	2.75	V
Voltage Difference VDDX to VDDR and VDDA	ΔV _{DDX}	-0.1	0	0.1	V
Voltage Difference VSSX to VSSR and VSSA	ΔV _{VSSX}	-0.1	0	0.1	V
Oscillator	f _{osc}	0.5	-	16	MHz
Bus Frequency	f _{bus}	0.5	-	25	MHz
MC9S12DT128BC					
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T _J	-40	-	100	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range ²	T _A	-40	27	85	°C
MC9S12DT128BV					
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T _J	-40	-	120	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range ²	T _A	-40	27	105	°C
MC9S12DT128BM					
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T _J	-40	-	140	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range ²	T _A	-40	27	125	°C

NOTES:

1. The device contains an internal voltage regulator to generate the logic and PLL supply out of the I/O supply. The absolute maximum ratings apply when this regulator is disabled and the device is powered from an external source.
2. Please refer to **Section A.1.8 Power Dissipation and Thermal Characteristics** for more details about the relation between ambient temperature T_A and device junction temperature T_J.

A.1.8 Power Dissipation and Thermal Characteristics

Power dissipation and thermal characteristics are closely related. The user must assure that the maximum operating junction temperature is not exceeded. The average chip-junction temperature (T_J) in °C can be obtained from:

$$T_J = T_A + (P_D \cdot \Theta_{JA})$$

T_J = Junction Temperature, [°C]

T_A = Ambient Temperature, [°C]

A.2 ATD Characteristics

This section describes the characteristics of the analog to digital converter.

A.2.1 ATD Operating Characteristics

The **Table A-8** shows conditions under which the ATD operates.

The following constraints exist to obtain full-scale, full range results:

$V_{SSA} \leq V_{RL} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{RH} \leq V_{DDA}$. This constraint exists since the sample buffer amplifier can not drive beyond the power supply levels that it ties to. If the input level goes outside of this range it will effectively be clipped.

Table A-8 ATD Operating Characteristics

Conditions are shown in Table A-4 unless otherwise noted							
Num	C	Rating	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
1	D	Reference Potential Low High	V_{RL} V_{RH}	V_{SSA} $V_{DDA}/2$		$V_{DDA}/2$ V_{DDA}	V V
2	C	Differential Reference Voltage ¹	$V_{RH}-V_{RL}$	4.50	5.00	5.25	V
3	D	ATD Clock Frequency	f_{ATDCLK}	0.5		2.0	MHz
4	D	ATD 10-Bit Conversion Period Clock Cycles ² Conv, Time at 2.0MHz ATD Clock f_{ATDCLK}	N_{CONV10} T_{CONV10}	14 7		28 14	Cycles μs
5	D	ATD 8-Bit Conversion Period Clock Cycles ⁽²⁾ Conv, Time at 2.0MHz ATD Clock f_{ATDCLK}	N_{CONV8} T_{CONV8}	12 6		26 13	Cycles μs
6	D	Stop Recovery Time ($V_{DDA}=5.0$ Volts)	t_{SR}			20	μs
7	P	Reference Supply current (Both ATD modules on)	I_{REF}			0.75	mA
8	P	Reference Supply current (Only one ATD module on)	I_{REF}			0.375	mA

NOTES:

1. Full accuracy is not guaranteed when differential voltage is less than 4.50V
2. The minimum time assumes a final sample period of 2 ATD clocks cycles while the maximum time assumes a final sample period of 16 ATD clocks.

A.2.2 Factors influencing accuracy

Three factors – source resistance, source capacitance and current injection – have an influence on the accuracy of the ATD.

A.2.2.1 Source Resistance:

Due to the input pin leakage current as specified in **Table A-6** in conjunction with the source resistance there will be a voltage drop from the signal source to the ATD input. The maximum source resistance R_S

Table A-19 SPI Slave Mode Timing Characteristics

Conditions are shown in **Table A-4** unless otherwise noted, CLOAD = 200pF on all outputs

Num	C	Rating	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
1	P	Operating Frequency	f_{op}	DC		1/4	f_{bus}
1	P	SCK Period $t_{sck} = 1./f_{op}$	t_{sck}	4		2048	t_{bus}
2	D	Enable Lead Time	t_{lead}	1			t_{cyc}
3	D	Enable Lag Time	t_{lag}	1			t_{cyc}
4	D	Clock (SCK) High or Low Time	t_{wsck}	$t_{cyc} - 30$			ns
5	D	Data Setup Time (Inputs)	t_{su}	25			ns
6	D	Data Hold Time (Inputs)	t_{hi}	25			ns
7	D	Slave Access Time	t_a			1	t_{cyc}
8	D	Slave MISO Disable Time	t_{dis}			1	t_{cyc}
9	D	Data Valid (after SCK Edge)	t_v			25	ns
10	D	Data Hold Time (Outputs)	t_{ho}	0			ns
11	D	Rise Time Inputs and Outputs	t_r			25	ns
12	D	Fall Time Inputs and Outputs	t_f			25	ns

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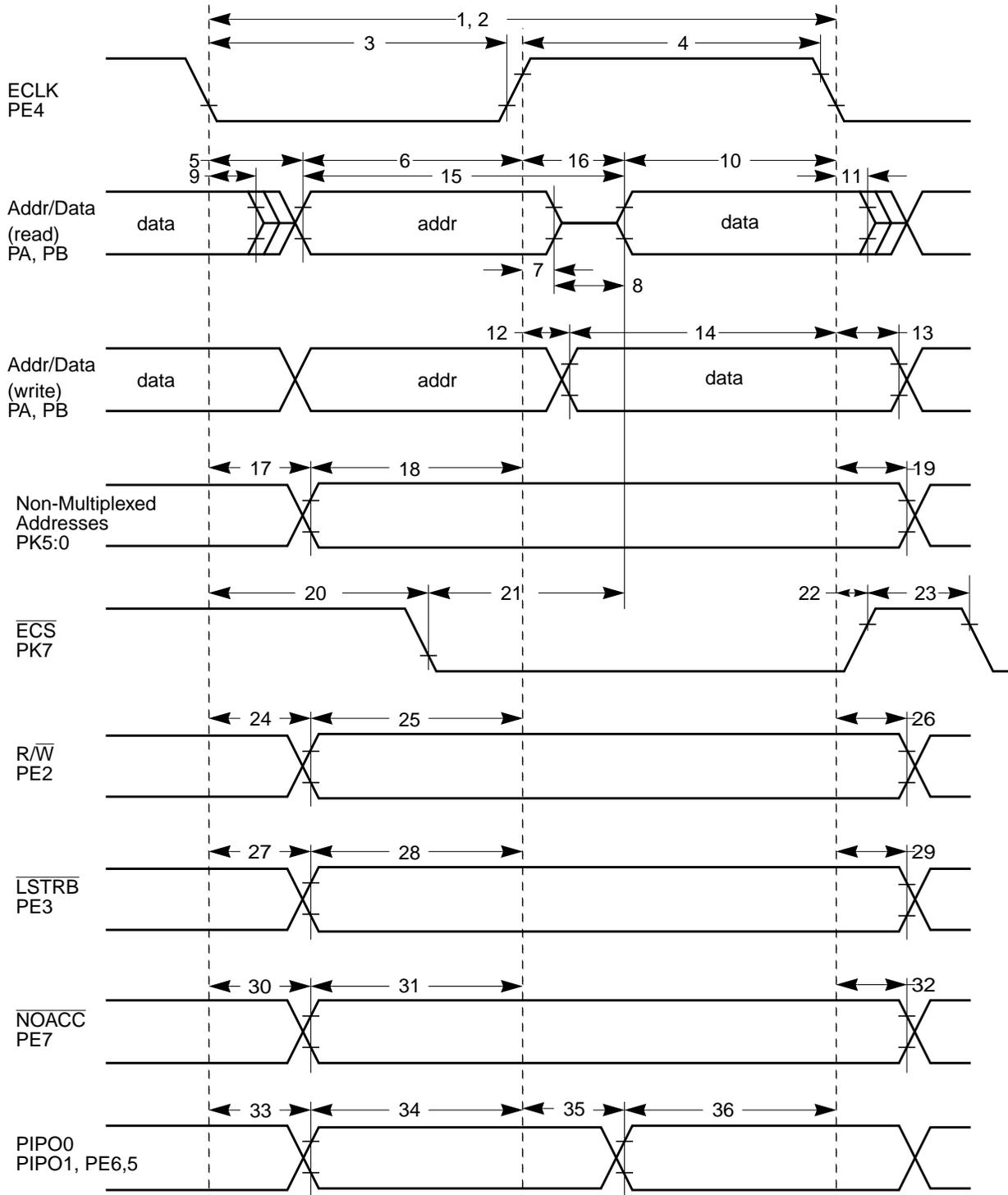


Figure A-9 General External Bus Timing

Table A-20 Expanded Bus Timing Characteristics

Conditions are shown in **Table A-4** unless otherwise noted, $C_{LOAD} = 50pF$

Num	C	Rating	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
1	P	Frequency of operation (E-clock)	f_o	0		25.0	MHz
2	P	Cycle time	t_{cyc}	40			ns
3	D	Pulse width, E low	PW_{EL}	19			ns
4	D	Pulse width, E high ¹	PW_{EH}	19			ns
5	D	Address delay time	t_{AD}			8	ns
6	D	Address valid time to E rise ($PW_{EL}-t_{AD}$)	t_{AV}	11			ns
7	D	Muxed address hold time	t_{MAH}	2			ns
8	D	Address hold to data valid	t_{AHDS}	7			ns
9	D	Data hold to address	t_{DHA}	2			ns
10	D	Read data setup time	t_{DSR}	13			ns
11	D	Read data hold time	t_{DHR}	0			ns
12	D	Write data delay time	t_{DDW}			7	ns
13	D	Write data hold time	t_{DHW}	2			ns
14	D	Write data setup time ⁽¹⁾ ($PW_{EH}-t_{DDW}$)	t_{DSW}	12			ns
15	D	Address access time ⁽¹⁾ ($t_{cyc}-t_{AD}-t_{DSR}$)	t_{ACCA}	19			ns
16	D	E high access time ⁽¹⁾ ($PW_{EH}-t_{DSR}$)	t_{ACCE}	6			ns
17	D	Non-multiplexed address delay time	t_{NAD}			6	ns
18	D	Non-muxed address valid to E rise ($PW_{EL}-t_{NAD}$)	t_{NAV}	15			ns
19	D	Non-multiplexed address hold time	t_{NAH}	2			ns
20	D	Chip select delay time	t_{CSD}			16	ns
21	D	Chip select access time ⁽¹⁾ ($t_{cyc}-t_{CSD}-t_{DSR}$)	t_{ACCS}	11			ns
22	D	Chip select hold time	t_{CSH}	2			ns
23	D	Chip select negated time	t_{CSN}	8			ns
24	D	Read/write delay time	t_{RWD}			7	ns
25	D	Read/write valid time to E rise ($PW_{EL}-t_{RWD}$)	t_{RWV}	14			ns
26	D	Read/write hold time	t_{RWH}	2			ns
27	D	Low strobe delay time	t_{LSD}			7	ns
28	D	Low strobe valid time to E rise ($PW_{EL}-t_{LSD}$)	t_{LSV}	14			ns
29	D	Low strobe hold time	t_{LSH}	2			ns
30	D	NOACC strobe delay time	t_{NOD}			7	ns
31	D	NOACC valid time to E rise ($PW_{EL}-t_{NOD}$)	t_{NOV}	14			ns