



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	RX
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, SCI, SPI, SSI, USB OTG
Peripherals	DMA, LCD, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	44
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	64K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 11x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LFQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f51138adfm-3a">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f51138adfm-3a</a>

### 1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.2 shows a block diagram.

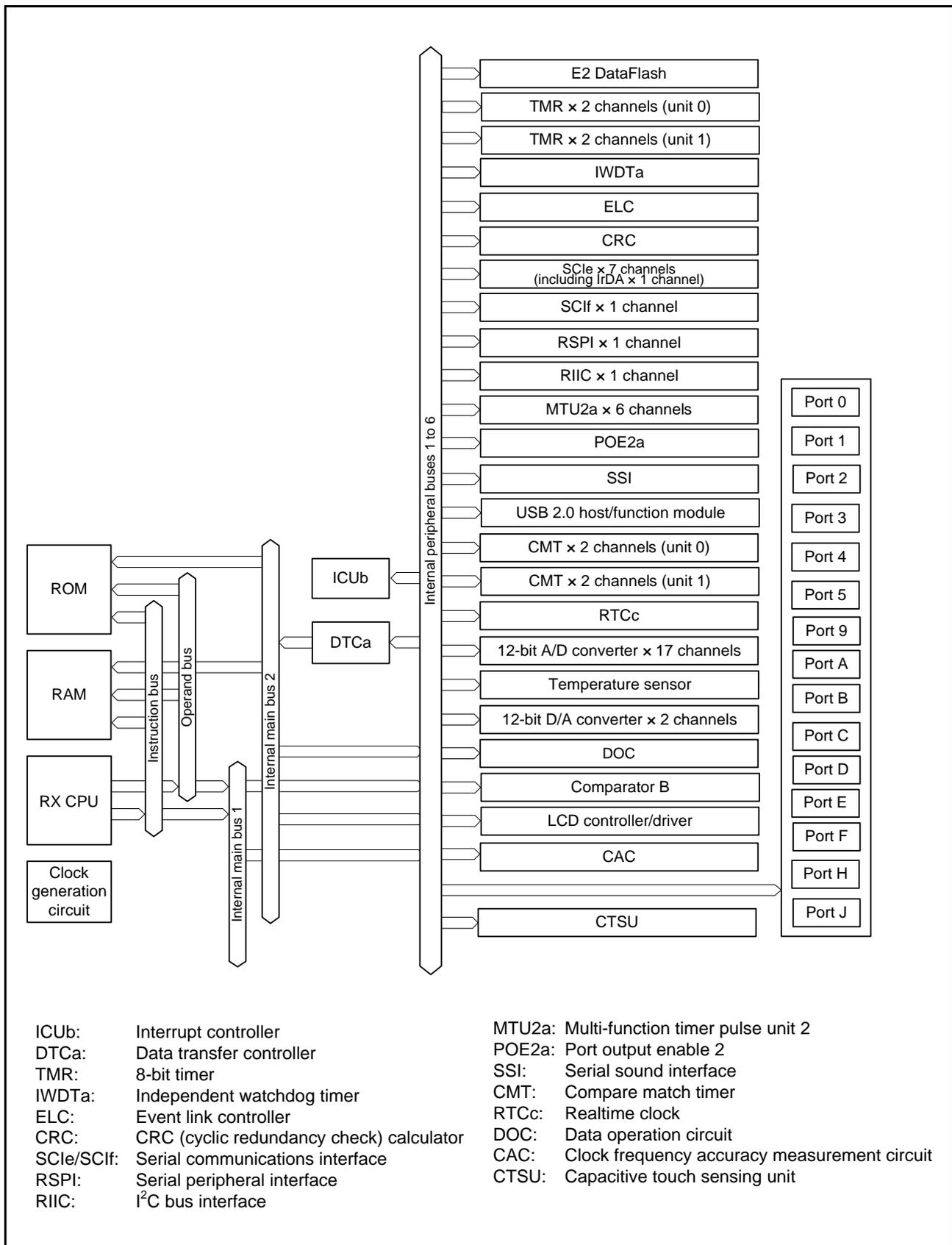


Figure 1.2 Block Diagram

**Table 1.4 Pin Functions (4/4)**

Classifications	Pin Name	I/O	Description
Comparator B	CMPB0	Input	Input pin for the analog signal to be processed by comparator B0.
	CVREFB0	Input	Analog reference voltage supply pin for comparator B0.
	CMPB1	Input	Input pin for the analog signal to be processed by comparator B1.
	CVREFB1	Input	Analog reference voltage supply pin for comparator B1.
	CMPOB0	Output	Output pin for comparator B0.
	CMPOB1	Output	Output pin for comparator B1.
LCD	VL1, VL2, VL3, VL4	I/O	Voltage pin for driving the LCD.
	CAPH, CAPL	I/O	Capacitor connection pin for the LCD controller/driver.
	COM0 to COM7	Output	Common signal output pins for the LCD controller/driver.
	SEG00 to SEG39	Output	Segment signal output pins for the LCD controller/driver.
CTSU	TS0 to TS11	Input	Capacitive touch detection pins (touch pins).
	TSCAP	I/O	Secondary power supply pin for the touch driver.
I/O ports	P02, P04, P07	I/O	3-bit input/output pins.
	P10 to P17	I/O	8-bit input/output pins.
	P20 to P27	I/O	8-bit input/output pins.
	P30 to P32, P35	I/O	4-bit input/output pins (P35 input pin).
	P40 to P44, P46	I/O	6-bit input/output pins.
	P50 to P56	I/O	7-bit input/output pins.
	P90 to P92	I/O	3-bit input/output pins.
	PA0 to PA7	I/O	8-bit input/output pins.
	PB0 to PB7	I/O	8-bit input/output pins.
	PC0 to PC7	I/O	8-bit input/output pins.
	PD0 to PD4	I/O	5-bit input/output pins.
	PE0 to PE7	I/O	8-bit input/output pins.
	PF6, PF7	I/O	2-bit input/output pins.
	PH7	Input	1-bit input pin.
PJ0, PJ2, PJ3, PJ6, PJ7	I/O	5-bit input/output pins.	

Note 1. For external clock input.

## 4. I/O Registers

This section provides information on the on-chip I/O register addresses and bit configuration. The information is given as shown below. Notes on writing to I/O registers are also given below.

### (1) I/O register addresses (address order)

- Registers are listed from the lower allocation addresses.
- Registers are classified according to module symbols.
- Numbers of cycles for access indicate numbers of cycles of the given base clock.
- Among the internal I/O register area, addresses not listed in the list of registers are reserved. Reserved addresses must not be accessed. Do not access these addresses; otherwise, the operation when accessing these bits and subsequent operations cannot be guaranteed.

### (2) Notes on writing to I/O registers

While writing to an I/O register, the CPU starts executing subsequent instructions before the I/O register write access is completed. This may cause the subsequent instructions to be executed before the write value is reflected in the operation. The examples below show how subsequent instructions must be executed after a write access to an I/O register is completed.

#### [Examples of cases requiring special care]

- The subsequent instruction must be executed while an interrupt request is disabled with the IENj bit in IERn of the ICU (interrupt request enable bit) set to 0.
- A WAIT instruction is executed immediately after the preprocessing for causing a transition to the low power consumption state.

In the above cases, after writing to an I/O register, wait until the write operation is completed using the following procedure and then execute the subsequent instruction.

- Write to an I/O register.
- Read the value in the I/O register and write it to a general register.
- Execute the operation using the value read.
- Execute the subsequent instruction.

#### Example of instructions

- Byte-size I/O registers

```
MOV.L #SFR_ADDR, R1
MOV.B #SFR_DATA, [R1]
CMP [R1].UB, R1
;; Next process
```

- Word-size I/O registers

```
MOV.L #SFR_ADDR, R1
MOV.W #SFR_DATA, [R1]
CMP [R1].W, R1
;; Next process
```

**Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (3/23)**

Address	Module Symbol	Register Name	Register Symbol	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access States
0008 707Ah	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 122	IR122	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 707Bh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 123	IR123	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 707Ch	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 124	IR124	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 707Dh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 125	IR125	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 707Eh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 126	IR126	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 707Fh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 127	IR127	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7080h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 128	IR128	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7081h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 129	IR129	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7082h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 130	IR130	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7083h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 131	IR131	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7084h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 132	IR132	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7085h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 133	IR133	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7086h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 134	IR134	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7087h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 135	IR135	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7088h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 136	IR136	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7089h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 137	IR137	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 708Ah	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 138	IR138	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 708Bh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 139	IR139	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 708Ch	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 140	IR140	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 708Dh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 141	IR141	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70AAh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 170	IR170	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70ABh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 171	IR171	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70AEh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 174	IR174	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70AFh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 175	IR175	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70B0h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 176	IR176	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70B1h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 177	IR177	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70B2h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 178	IR178	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70B3h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 179	IR179	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70B4h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 180	IR180	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70B5h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 181	IR181	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70B6h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 182	IR182	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70B7h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 183	IR183	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70B8h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 184	IR184	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70B9h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 185	IR185	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70BAh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 186	IR186	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70BBh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 187	IR187	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70BCh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 188	IR188	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70BDh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 189	IR189	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70D6h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 214	IR214	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70D7h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 215	IR215	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70D8h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 216	IR216	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70D9h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 217	IR217	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70DAh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 218	IR218	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70DBh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 219	IR219	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70DCh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 220	IR220	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70DDh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 221	IR221	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70DEh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 222	IR222	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70DFh	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 223	IR223	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70E0h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 224	IR224	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70E1h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 225	IR225	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70E2h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 226	IR226	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70E3h	ICU	Interrupt Request Register 227	IR227	8	8	2 ICLK

**Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (7/23)**

Address	Module Symbol	Register Name	Register Symbol	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access States
0008 737Bh	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 123	IPR123	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 737Dh	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 125	IPR125	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 737Fh	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 127	IPR127	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7381h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 129	IPR129	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7385h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 133	IPR133	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7386h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 134	IPR134	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 738Ah	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 138	IPR138	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 738Bh	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 139	IPR139	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73AAh	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 170	IPR170	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73ABh	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 171	IPR171	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73AEh	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 174	IPR174	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73B1h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 177	IPR177	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73B4h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 180	IPR180	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73B7h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 183	IPR183	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73BAh	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 186	IPR186	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73D6h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 214	IPR214	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73DAh	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 218	IPR218	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73DEh	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 222	IPR222	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73E2h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 226	IPR226	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73E6h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 230	IPR230	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73EAh	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 234	IPR234	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73EEh	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 238	IPR238	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73F2h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 242	IPR242	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73F3h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 243	IPR243	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73F4h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 244	IPR244	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73F5h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 245	IPR245	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73F6h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 246	IPR246	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73F7h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 247	IPR247	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73F8h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 248	IPR248	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 73F9h	ICU	Interrupt Source Priority Register 249	IPR249	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7500h	ICU	IRQ Control Register 0	IRQCR0	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7501h	ICU	IRQ Control Register 1	IRQCR1	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7502h	ICU	IRQ Control Register 2	IRQCR2	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7503h	ICU	IRQ Control Register 3	IRQCR3	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7504h	ICU	IRQ Control Register 4	IRQCR4	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7505h	ICU	IRQ Control Register 5	IRQCR5	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7506h	ICU	IRQ Control Register 6	IRQCR6	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7507h	ICU	IRQ Control Register 7	IRQCR7	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7510h	ICU	IRQ Pin Digital Filter Enable Register 0	IRQFLTE0	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7514h	ICU	IRQ Pin Digital Filter Setting Register 0	IRQFLTC0	16	16	2 ICLK
0008 7580h	ICU	Non-Maskable Interrupt Status Register	NMISR	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7581h	ICU	Non-Maskable Interrupt Enable Register	NMIER	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7582h	ICU	Non-Maskable Interrupt Status Clear Register	NMICLR	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7583h	ICU	NMI Pin Interrupt Control Register	NMICR	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7590h	ICU	NMI Pin Digital Filter Enable Register	NMIFLTE	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7594h	ICU	NMI Pin Digital Filter Setting Register	NMIFLTC	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 8000h	CMT	Compare Match Timer Start Register 0	CMSTR0	16	16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 8002h	CMT0	Compare Match Timer Control Register	CMCR	16	16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 8004h	CMT0	Compare Match Timer Counter	CMCNT	16	16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 8006h	CMT0	Compare Match Timer Constant Register	CMCOR	16	16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 8008h	CMT1	Compare Match Timer Control Register	CMCR	16	16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 800Ah	CMT1	Compare Match Timer Counter	CMCNT	16	16	2 or 3 PCLKB

**Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (15/23)**

Address	Module Symbol	Register Name	Register Symbol	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access States
0008 B10Bh	ELC	Event Link Setting Register 10	ELSR10	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B10Dh	ELC	Event Link Setting Register 12	ELSR12	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B10Fh	ELC	Event Link Setting Register 14	ELSR14	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B110h	ELC	Event Link Setting Register 15	ELSR15	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B112h	ELC	Event Link Setting Register 17	ELSR17	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B113h	ELC	Event Link Setting Register 18	ELSR18	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B114h	ELC	Event Link Setting Register 19	ELSR19	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B115h	ELC	Event Link Setting Register 20	ELSR20	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B117h	ELC	Event Link Setting Register 22	ELSR22	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B119h	ELC	Event Link Setting Register 24	ELSR24	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B11Ah	ELC	Event Link Setting Register 25	ELSR25	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B11Fh	ELC	Event Link Option Setting Register A	ELOPA	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B120h	ELC	Event Link Option Setting Register B	ELOPB	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B121h	ELC	Event Link Option Setting Register C	ELOPC	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B122h	ELC	Event Link Option Setting Register D	ELOPD	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B123h	ELC	Port Group Setting Register 1	PGR1	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B125h	ELC	Port Group Control Register 1	PGC1	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B127h	ELC	Port Buffer Register 1	PDBF1	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B129h	ELC	Event Link Port Setting Register 0	PEL0	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B12Ah	ELC	Event Link Port Setting Register 1	PEL1	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B12Dh	ELC	Event Link Software Event Generation Register	ELSEGR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B300h	SCI12	Serial Mode Register	SMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B301h	SCI12	Bit Rate Register	BRR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B302h	SCI12	Serial Control Register	SCR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B303h	SCI12	Transmit Data Register	TDR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B304h	SCI12	Serial Status Register	SSR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B305h	SCI12	Receive Data Register	RDR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B306h	SCI12	Smart Card Mode Register	SCMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B307h	SCI12	Serial Extended Mode Register	SEMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B308h	SCI12	Noise Filter Setting Register	SNFR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B309h	SCI12	I <sup>2</sup> C Mode Register 1	SIMR1	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B30Ah	SCI12	I <sup>2</sup> C Mode Register 2	SIMR2	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B30Bh	SCI12	I <sup>2</sup> C Mode Register 3	SIMR3	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B30Ch	SCI12	I <sup>2</sup> C Status Register	SISR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B30Dh	SCI12	SPI Mode Register	SPMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B320h	SCI12	Extended Serial Mode Enable Register	ESMER	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B321h	SCI12	Control Register 0	CR0	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B322h	SCI12	Control Register 1	CR1	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B323h	SCI12	Control Register 2	CR2	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B324h	SCI12	Control Register 3	CR3	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B325h	SCI12	Port Control Register	PCR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B326h	SCI12	Interrupt Control Register	ICR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B327h	SCI12	Status Register	STR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B328h	SCI12	Status Clear Register	STCR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B329h	SCI12	Control Field 0 Data Register	CF0DR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B32Ah	SCI12	Control Field 0 Compare Enable Register	CF0CR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B32Bh	SCI12	Control Field 0 Receive Data Register	CF0RR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B32Ch	SCI12	Primary Control Field 1 Data Register	PCF1DR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B32Dh	SCI12	Secondary Control Field 1 Data Register	SCF1DR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B32Eh	SCI12	Control Field 1 Compare Enable Register	CF1CR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B32Fh	SCI12	Control Field 1 Receive Data Register	CF1RR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 B330h	SCI12	Timer Control Register	TCR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB

**Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (17/23)**

Address	Module Symbol	Register Name	Register Symbol	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access States
0008 C04Bh	PORTB	Port Input Data Register	PIDR	8	8	3 or 4 PCLKB cycles when reading, 2 or 3 PCLKB cycles when writing
0008 C04Ch	PORTC	Port Input Data Register	PIDR	8	8	3 or 4 PCLKB cycles when reading, 2 or 3 PCLKB cycles when writing
0008 C04Dh	PORTD	Port Input Data Register	PIDR	8	8	3 or 4 PCLKB cycles when reading, 2 or 3 PCLKB cycles when writing
0008 C04Eh	PORTE	Port Input Data Register	PIDR	8	8	3 or 4 PCLKB cycles when reading, 2 or 3 PCLKB cycles when writing
0008 C04Fh	PORTF	Port Input Data Register	PIDR	8	8	3 or 4 PCLKB cycles when reading, 2 or 3 PCLKB cycles when writing
0008 C051h	PORTH	Port Input Data Register	PIDR	8	8	3 or 4 PCLKB cycles when reading, 2 or 3 PCLKB cycles when writing
0008 C052h	PORTJ	Port Input Data Register	PIDR	8	8	3 or 4 PCLKB cycles when reading, 2 or 3 PCLKB cycles when writing
0008 C060h	PORT0	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C061h	PORT1	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C062h	PORT2	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C063h	PORT3	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C064h	PORT4	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C065h	PORT5	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C069h	PORT9	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C06Ah	PORTA	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C06Bh	PORTB	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C06Ch	PORTC	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C06Dh	PORTD	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C06Eh	PORTE	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C06Fh	PORTF	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C071h	PORTH	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C072h	PORTJ	Port Mode Register	PMR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C080h	PORT0	Open Drain Control Register 0	ODR0	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C081h	PORT0	Open Drain Control Register 1	ODR1	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C082h	PORT1	Open Drain Control Register 0	ODR0	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C083h	PORT1	Open Drain Control Register 1	ODR1	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C084h	PORT2	Open Drain Control Register 0	ODR0	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C085h	PORT2	Open Drain Control Register 1	ODR1	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C086h	PORT3	Open Drain Control Register 0	ODR0	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C08Ah	PORT5	Open Drain Control Register 0	ODR0	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C08Bh	PORT5	Open Drain Control Register 1	ODR1	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C094h	PORTA	Open Drain Control Register 0	ODR0	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C095h	PORTA	Open Drain Control Register 1	ODR1	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C096h	PORTB	Open Drain Control Register 0	ODR0	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C097h	PORTB	Open Drain Control Register 1	ODR1	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C098h	PORTC	Open Drain Control Register 0	ODR0	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C099h	PORTC	Open Drain Control Register 1	ODR1	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C09Ch	PORTE	Open Drain Control Register 0	ODR0	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C09Dh	PORTE	Open Drain Control Register 1	ODR1	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C0A4h	PORTJ	Open Drain Control Register 0	ODR0	8	8, 16	2 or 3 PCLKB
0008 C0C0h	PORT0	Pull-Up Control Register	PCR	8	8	2 or 3 PCLKB

## 5.2 DC Characteristics

**Table 5.3 DC Characteristics (1)**Conditions:  $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{VCC} = \text{VCC\_USB} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{AVCC0} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $\text{VSS} = \text{AVSS0} = \text{VSS\_USB} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -40$  to  $+105^\circ\text{C}$ 

Item		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions		
Schmitt trigger input voltage	RIIC input pin (except for SMBus, 5 V tolerant)	$V_{IH}$	$\text{VCC} \times 0.7$	—	5.8	V			
	Ports P16, P17, port PA6, port PB0 (5 V tolerant)		$\text{VCC} \times 0.8$	—	5.8				
	Ports P02, P04, P07, ports P10 to P15, ports P20 to P27, ports P30 to P32, P35, ports P50 to P56, ports PA0 to PA5, PA7, ports PB1 to PB7, ports PC0 to PC7, ports PD0 to PD4, ports PE0 to PE7, ports PF6, PF7, port PH7, ports PJ0*1, PJ2*1, PJ3, RES#		$\text{VCC} \times 0.8$	—	$\text{VCC} + 0.3$				
	RIIC input pin (except for SMBus)	$V_{IL}$	-0.3	—	$\text{VCC} \times 0.3$	V			
	Other than RIIC input pin		-0.3	—	$\text{VCC} \times 0.2$				
	RIIC input pin (except for SMBus)	$\Delta V_T$	$\text{VCC} \times 0.05$	—	—	V			
	Other than RIIC input pin		$\text{VCC} \times 0.1$	—	—				
Input voltage (except for Schmitt trigger input pins)	MD	$V_{IH}$	$\text{VCC} \times 0.9$	—	$\text{VCC} + 0.3$	V			
	XTAL (external clock input)		$\text{VCC} \times 0.8$	—	$\text{VCC} + 0.3$				
	Ports P40 to P44, P46, ports P90 to P92, ports PJ6, PJ7		$\text{AVCC0} \times 0.7$	—	$\text{AVCC0} + 0.3$				
	RIIC input pin (SMBus)		2.1	—	$\text{VCC} + 0.3$				
	MD	$V_{IL}$	-0.3	—	$\text{VCC} \times 0.1$				
	XTAL (external clock input)		-0.3	—	$\text{VCC} \times 0.2$				
	Ports P40 to P44, P46, ports P90 to P92, ports PJ6, PJ7		-0.3	—	$\text{AVCC0} \times 0.3$				
	RIIC input pin (SMBus)		-0.3	—	0.8				

Note 1. There are restrictions on AVCC0 and VCC depending on the usage conditions for the 12-bit D/A converter and I/O ports. When using ports PJ0 and PJ2 multiplexed with DA0 and DA1 as general I/O ports, make sure that  $\text{VCC} \leq \text{AVCC0}$ .

**Table 5.4 DC Characteristics (2)**Conditions:  $1.8\text{ V} \leq VCC = VCC\_USB < 2.7\text{ V}$ ,  $1.8\text{ V} \leq AVCC0 < 2.7\text{ V}$ ,  $VSS = AVSS0 = VSS\_USB = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -40\text{ to }+105^\circ\text{C}$ 

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Schmitt trigger input voltage	Ports P16, P17, port PA6, port PB0 (5 V tolerant)	$V_{IH}$	$VCC \times 0.8$	—	5.8	V
	Ports P02, P04, P07, ports P10 to P15, ports P20 to P27, ports P30 to P32, P35, ports P50 to P56, ports PA0 to PA5, PA7 ports PB1 to PB7, ports PC0 to PC7, ports PD0 to PD4, ports PE0 to PE7, ports PF6, PF7, port PH7, ports PJ0*1, PJ2*1, PJ3, RES#		$VCC \times 0.8$	—	$VCC + 0.3$	
	All pins	$V_{IL}$	-0.3	—	$VCC \times 0.2$	
	All pins	$\Delta V_T$	$VCC \times 0.01$	—	—	
Input voltage (except for Schmitt trigger input pins)	MD	$V_{IH}$	$VCC \times 0.9$	—	$VCC + 0.3$	V
	XTAL (external clock input)		$VCC \times 0.8$	—	$VCC + 0.3$	
	Ports P40 to P44, P46, ports P90 to P92, ports PJ6, PJ7		$AVCC0 \times 0.7$	—	$AVCC0 + 0.3$	
	MD	$V_{IL}$	-0.3	—	$VCC \times 0.1$	
	XTAL (external clock input)		-0.3	—	$VCC \times 0.2$	
	Ports P40 to P44, P46, ports P90 to P92, ports PJ6, PJ7		-0.3	—	$AVCC0 \times 0.3$	

Note 1. There are restrictions on AVCC0 and VCC depending on the usage conditions for the 12-bit D/A converter and I/O ports. When using ports PJ0 and PJ2 multiplexed with DA0 and DA1 as general I/O ports, make sure that  $VCC \leq AVCC0$ .

**Table 5.5 DC Characteristics (3)**Conditions:  $1.8\text{ V} \leq VCC = VCC\_USB \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $1.8\text{ V} \leq AVCC0 \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $VSS = AVSS0 = VSS\_USB = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -40\text{ to }+105^\circ\text{C}$ 

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Input leakage current	RES#, MD, port P35, port PH7	$ I_{in} $	—	—	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$ $V_{in} = 0\text{ V}$ , VCC
Three-state leakage current (off-state)	Ports for 5 V tolerant	$ I_{TSI} $	—	—	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$ $V_{in} = 0\text{ V}$ , 5.8 V
	Pins other than above		—	—	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$ $V_{in} = 0\text{ V}$ , VCC
Input capacitance	All input pins (except for port P16, port P35, USB0_DM, USB0_DP)	$C_{in}$	—	—	15	$\text{pF}$ $V_{in} = 0\text{ V}$ Frequency: 1 MHz $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$
	Port P16, port P35, USB0_DM, USB0_DP		—	—	30	

**Table 5.6 DC Characteristics (4)**Conditions:  $1.8\text{ V} \leq VCC = VCC\_USB \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $1.8\text{ V} \leq AVCC0 \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $VSS = AVSS0 = VSS\_USB = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -40\text{ to }+105^\circ\text{C}$ 

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Input pull-up resistor	All ports (except for ports P35, PH7)	$R_U$	10	20	100	$\text{k}\Omega$ $V_{in} = 0\text{ V}$

**Table 5.7 DC Characteristics (5) (1/2)**

Conditions: 1.8 V ≤ VCC = VCC\_USB ≤ 3.6 V, 1.8 V ≤ AVCC0 ≤ 3.6 V, VSS = AVSS0 = VSS\_USB = 0 V, T<sub>a</sub> = -40 to +105°C

Item					Symbol	Typ *4	Max	Unit	Test Conditions		
Supply current*1	High-speed operating mode	Normal operating mode	No peripheral operation*2	ICLK = 32 MHz	I <sub>CC</sub>	3.6	—	mA			
				ICLK = 16 MHz		2.4	—				
				ICLK = 8 MHz		1.8	—				
			All peripheral operation: Normal*3	ICLK = 32 MHz		14.0	—				
				ICLK = 16 MHz		7.9	—				
				ICLK = 8 MHz		4.9	—				
			All peripheral operation: Max.*3	ICLK = 32 MHz		—	30.0				
				Sleep mode		No peripheral operation*2	ICLK = 32 MHz			1.9	—
							ICLK = 16 MHz			1.5	—
		ICLK = 8 MHz	1.3				—				
		All peripheral operation: Normal*3	ICLK = 32 MHz	8.2		—					
			ICLK = 16 MHz	4.8		—					
			ICLK = 8 MHz	3.1		—					
		Deep sleep mode	No peripheral operation*2	ICLK = 32 MHz		1.1	—				
				ICLK = 16 MHz		0.95	—				
	ICLK = 8 MHz			0.86	—						
	All peripheral operation: Normal*3		ICLK = 32 MHz	6.4	—						
			ICLK = 16 MHz	3.8	—						
			ICLK = 8 MHz	2.4	—						
	Increase during flash rewrite*5						2.5	—			
	Middle-speed operating modes		Normal operating mode	No peripheral operation*6	ICLK = 12 MHz	I <sub>CC</sub>	2.1	—		mA	
					ICLK = 8 MHz		1.4	—			
		ICLK = 1 MHz			0.77		—				
		All peripheral operation: Normal*7		ICLK = 12 MHz	6.3		—				
				ICLK = 8 MHz	4.6		—				
				ICLK = 1 MHz	1.6		—				
		All peripheral operation: Max.*7		ICLK = 12 MHz	—		14.2				
Sleep mode				No peripheral operation*6	ICLK = 12 MHz		1.4	—			
					ICLK = 8 MHz		0.90	—			
		ICLK = 1 MHz			0.68		—				
All peripheral operation: Normal*7		ICLK = 12 MHz		3.9	—						
		ICLK = 8 MHz		2.9	—						
		ICLK = 1 MHz		1.4	—						
Deep sleep mode		No peripheral operation*6		ICLK = 12 MHz	1.1		—				
				ICLK = 8 MHz	0.63		—				
			ICLK = 1 MHz	0.55	—						
		All peripheral operation: Normal*7	ICLK = 12 MHz	3.3	—						
			ICLK = 8 MHz	2.4	—						
			ICLK = 1 MHz	1.2	—						
Increase during flash rewrite*5						2.5	—				

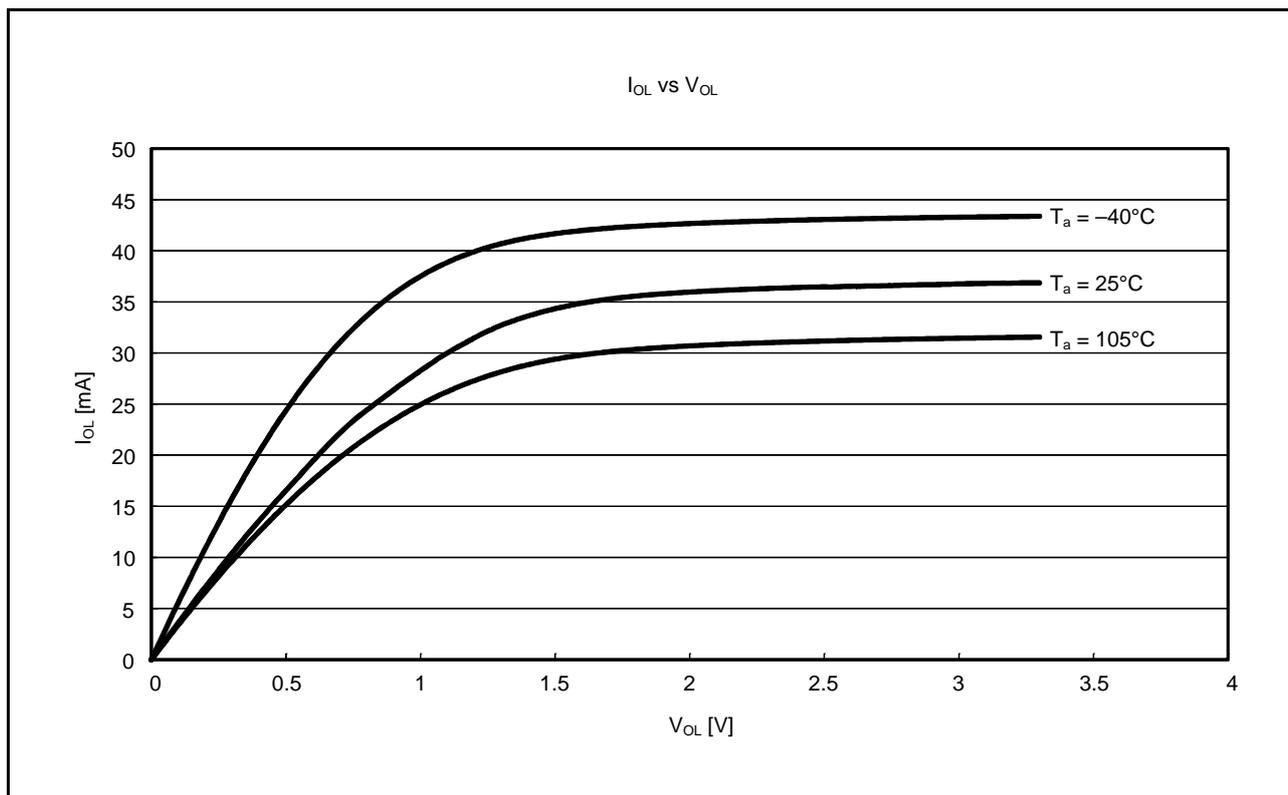


Figure 5.13  $V_{OL}$  and  $I_{OL}$  Temperature Characteristics of RIIC Output Pin at  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$  (Reference Data)

**Table 5.22 Clock Timing**Conditions:  $1.8\text{ V} \leq \text{VCC} = \text{VCC\_USB} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $1.8\text{ V} \leq \text{AVCC0} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $\text{VSS} = \text{AVSS0} = \text{VSS\_USB} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -40\text{ to }+105^\circ\text{C}$ 

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	
XTAL external clock input cycle time	$t_{\text{Xcyc}}$	50	—	—	ns	Figure 5.18	
XTAL external clock input high pulse width	$t_{\text{XH}}$	20	—	—	ns		
XTAL external clock input low pulse width	$t_{\text{XL}}$	20	—	—	ns		
XTAL external clock rising time	$t_{\text{Xr}}$	—	—	5	ns		
XTAL external clock falling time	$t_{\text{Xf}}$	—	—	5	ns		
XTAL external clock input wait time*1	$t_{\text{EXWT}}$	0.5	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$	Figure 5.19	
Main clock oscillator oscillation frequency	$f_{\text{MAIN}}$	$2.4 \leq \text{VCC} \leq 3.6$	1	—	20		MHz
		$1.8 \leq \text{VCC} < 2.4$	1	—	8		
Main clock oscillator stabilization time (crystal)*2	$t_{\text{MAINOSC}}$	—	3	—	ms	Figure 5.19	
Main clock oscillator stabilization time (ceramic resonator)*2	$t_{\text{MAINOSC}}$	—	50	—	$\mu\text{s}$		
LOCO clock oscillation frequency	$f_{\text{LOCO}}$	3.44	4.0	4.56	MHz	Figure 5.20	
LOCO clock oscillation stabilization time	$t_{\text{LOCO}}$	—	—	0.5	$\mu\text{s}$		
IWDT-dedicated clock oscillation frequency	$f_{\text{ILOCO}}$	12.75	15	17.25	kHz	Figure 5.21	
IWDT-dedicated clock oscillation stabilization time	$t_{\text{ILOCO}}$	—	—	50	$\mu\text{s}$		
HOCO clock oscillation frequency	$f_{\text{HOCO}}$		31.52	32	32.48	MHz	$T_a = -40\text{ to }85^\circ\text{C}$
			31.68	32	32.32		$T_a = -20\text{ to }85^\circ\text{C}$
			31.36	32	32.64		$T_a = -40\text{ to }105^\circ\text{C}$
HOCO clock oscillation stabilization time	$t_{\text{HOCO}}$	—	—	56	$\mu\text{s}$	Figure 5.23	
PLL input frequency*3	$f_{\text{PLLIN}}$	4	—	8	MHz	Figure 5.24	
PLL circuit oscillation frequency*3	$f_{\text{PLL}}$	32	—	48	MHz		
PLL clock oscillation stabilization time	$t_{\text{PLL}}$	—	—	50	$\mu\text{s}$	Figure 5.24	
PLL free-running oscillation frequency	$f_{\text{PLLFR}}$	—	8	—	MHz		
USBPLL input frequency*5	$f_{\text{PLLIN}}$	—	6, 8*6	—	MHz		
USBPLL circuit oscillation frequency*5	$f_{\text{PLL}}$	—	48*6	—	MHz		
USBPLL clock oscillation stabilization time	$t_{\text{PLL}}$	—	—	50	$\mu\text{s}$	Figure 5.24	
Sub-clock oscillator oscillation frequency*7	$f_{\text{SUB}}$	—	32.768	—	kHz		
Sub-clock oscillation stabilization time*4	$t_{\text{SUBOSC}}$	—	0.5	—	s	Figure 5.25	

Note 1. Time until the clock can be used after the main clock oscillator stop bit (MOSCCR.MOSTP) is set to 0 (operating) when the external clock is stable.

Note 2. Reference values when an 8-MHz resonator is used.

When specifying the main clock oscillator stabilization time, set the MOSCWTCR register with a stabilization time value that is equal to or greater than the resonator-manufacturer-recommended value.

After changing the setting of the MOSCCR.MOSTP bit so that the main clock oscillator operates, read the OSCOVFSR.MOOVF flag to confirm that it has become 1, and then start using the main clock.

Note 3. The VCC range should be 2.4 to 3.6 V when the PLL is used.

Note 4. After changing the setting of the SOSCCR.SOSTP bit or RCR3.RTCEN bit so that the sub-clock oscillator operates, only start using the sub-clock after the sub-clock oscillation stabilization wait time that is equal to or greater than the oscillator-manufacturer-recommended value has elapsed.

Reference value when a 32.768-kHz resonator is used.

Note 5. The VCC range should be 3.0 to 3.6 V when the USBPLL is used.

Note 6. The input frequency can be set to 6 or 8 MHz only and the oscillation frequency can be set to 48 MHz only.

Note 7. Only 32.768 kHz can be used.

### 5.3.3 Timing of Recovery from Low Power Consumption Modes

**Table 5.24 Timing of Recovery from Low Power Consumption Modes (1)**

Conditions:  $1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} = V_{CC\_USB} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $1.8\text{ V} \leq AV_{CC0} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS0} = V_{SS\_USB} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -40$  to  $+105^\circ\text{C}$

		Item		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Recovery time from software standby mode*1	High-speed mode	Crystal connected to main clock oscillator	Main clock oscillator operating*2	t <sub>SBYMC</sub>	—	2	3	ms	Figure 5.29
			Main clock oscillator and PLL circuit operating*3	t <sub>SBYPC</sub>	—	2	3	ms	
		External clock input to main clock oscillator	Main clock oscillator operating*4	t <sub>SBYEX</sub>	—	35	50	μs	
			Main clock oscillator and PLL circuit operating*5	t <sub>SBYPE</sub>	—	70	95	μs	
		Sub-clock oscillator operating		t <sub>SBYSC</sub>	—	650	800	μs	
		HOCO clock oscillator operating*6		t <sub>SBYHO</sub>	—	40	55	μs	
		LOCO clock oscillator operating		t <sub>SBYLO</sub>	—	40	55	μs	

Note: When the division ratios of PCLKB, PCLKD, FCLK, and ICLK are all set to 1.

Note 1. The recovery time varies depending on the state of each oscillator when the WAIT instruction is executed. The recovery time when multiple oscillators are operating varies depending on the operating state of the oscillators that are not selected as the system clock source. This applies when only the oscillator listed in each item is operating and the other oscillators are stopped.

Note 2. When the frequency of the crystal is 20 MHz.

When the main clock oscillator wait control register (MOSCWTCR) is set to 04h.

Note 3. When the frequency of PLL is 32 MHz.

When the main clock oscillator wait control register (MOSCWTCR) is set to 04h.

Note 4. When the frequency of the external clock is 20 MHz.

When the main clock oscillator wait control register (MOSCWTCR) is set to 00h.

Note 5. When the frequency of PLL is 32 MHz.

When the main clock oscillator wait control register (MOSCWTCR) is set to 00h.

Note 6. When the frequency of HOCO is 32 MHz.

When the high-speed clock oscillator wait control register (HOCOWTCR) is set to 05h.

**Table 5.25 Timing of Recovery from Low Power Consumption Modes (2)**

Conditions:  $1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} = V_{CC\_USB} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $1.8\text{ V} \leq AV_{CC0} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS0} = V_{SS\_USB} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -40$  to  $+105^\circ\text{C}$

		Item		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Recovery time from software standby mode*1	Middle-speed mode	Crystal connected to main clock oscillator	Main clock oscillator operating*2	t <sub>SBYMC</sub>	—	2	3	ms	Figure 5.29
			Main clock oscillator and PLL circuit operating*3	t <sub>SBYPC</sub>	—	2	3	ms	
		External clock input to main clock oscillator	Main clock oscillator operating*4	t <sub>SBYEX</sub>	—	3	4	μs	
			Main clock oscillator and PLL circuit operating*5	t <sub>SBYPE</sub>	—	65	85	μs	
		Sub-clock oscillator operating		t <sub>SBYSC</sub>	—	600	750	μs	
		HOCO clock oscillator operating*6		t <sub>SBYHO</sub>	—	40	50	μs	
		LOCO clock oscillator operating		t <sub>SBYLO</sub>	—	4.8	7	μs	

Note: When the division ratios of PCLKB, PCLKD, FCLK, and ICLK are all set to 1.

Note 1. The recovery time varies depending on the state of each oscillator when the WAIT instruction is executed. The recovery time when multiple oscillators are operating varies depending on the operating state of the oscillators that are not selected as the system clock source. This applies when only the oscillator listed in each item is operating and the other oscillators are stopped.

Note 2. When the frequency of the crystal is 12 MHz.

When the main clock oscillator wait control register (MOSCWTCR) is set to 04h.

Note 3. When the frequency of PLL is 12 MHz.

When the main clock oscillator wait control register (MOSCWTCR) is set to 04h.

Note 4. When the frequency of the external clock is 12 MHz.

When the main clock oscillator wait control register (MOSCWTCR) is set to 00h.

Note 5. When the frequency of PLL is 12 MHz.

When the main clock oscillator wait control register (MOSCWTCR) is set to 00h.

## 5.3.5 Timing of On-Chip Peripheral Modules

**Table 5.30 Timing of On-Chip Peripheral Modules (1)**Conditions:  $1.8\text{ V} \leq VCC = VCC\_USB \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $1.8\text{ V} \leq AVCC0 \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $VSS = AVSS0 = VSS\_USB = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -40\text{ to }+105^\circ\text{C}$ 

Item			Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit*1	Test Conditions	
I/O ports	Input data pulse width		$t_{PRW}$	1.5	—	$t_{Pcyc}$	Figure 5.33	
MTU2	Input capture input pulse width	Single-edge setting	$t_{TICW}$	1.5	—	$t_{Pcyc}$	Figure 5.34	
		Both-edge setting		2.5	—			
	Timer clock pulse width	Single-edge setting	$t_{TCKWH}$ , $t_{TCKWL}$	1.5	—	$t_{Pcyc}$	Figure 5.35	
	Both-edge setting	2.5		—				
	Phase counting mode	2.5		—				
POE	POE# input pulse width		$t_{POEW}$	1.5	—	$t_{Pcyc}$	Figure 5.36	
TMR	Timer clock pulse width	Asynchronous	$t_{TMCWH}$ ,	1.5	—	$t_{Pcyc}$	Figure 5.37	
		Clock synchronous	$t_{TMCWL}$	2.5	—			
SCI	Input clock cycle	Asynchronous	$t_{Scyc}$	4	—	$t_{Pcyc}$	Figure 5.38	
		Clock synchronous		6	—			
	Input clock pulse width		$t_{SCKW}$	0.4	0.6	$t_{Scyc}$		
	Input clock rise time		$t_{SCKr}$	—	20	ns		
	Input clock fall time		$t_{SCKf}$	—	20	ns		
	Output clock cycle	Asynchronous	$t_{Scyc}$	16	—	$t_{Pcyc}$	Figure 5.39 C = 30 pF	
		Clock synchronous		4	—			
	Output clock pulse width		$t_{SCKW}$	0.4	0.6	$t_{Scyc}$		
	Output clock rise time		$t_{SCKr}$	—	20	ns		
	Output clock fall time		$t_{SCKf}$	—	20	ns		
	Transmit data delay time (master)	Clock synchronous		$t_{TXD}$	—	40	ns	
		Transmit data delay time (slave)	Clock synchronous		2.7 V or above	—	65	ns
	1.8 V or above			—	100	ns		
	Receive data setup time (master)	Clock synchronous	2.7 V or above	$t_{RXS}$	65	—	ns	
			1.8 V or above		90	—	ns	
Receive data setup time (slave)	Clock synchronous		$t_{RXS}$	40	—	ns		
Receive data hold time	Clock synchronous		$t_{RXH}$	40	—	ns		
A/D converter	Trigger input pulse width		$t_{TRGW}$	1.5	—	$t_{Pcyc}$	Figure 5.40	
CAC	CACREF input pulse width	$t_{Pcyc} \leq t_{cac}^*2$	$t_{CACREF}$	$4.5 t_{cac} + 3 t_{Pcyc}$	—	ns		
		$t_{Pcyc} > t_{cac}^*2$		$5 t_{cac} + 6.5 t_{Pcyc}$				
CLKOUT	CLKOUT pin output cycle*4	VCC = 2.7 V or above	$t_{Ccyc}$	125	—	ns	Figure 5.41	
		VCC = 1.8 V or above		250				
	CLKOUT pin high pulse width*3	VCC = 2.7 V or above	$t_{CH}$	35	—	ns		
		VCC = 1.8 V or above		70				
	CLKOUT pin low pulse width*3	VCC = 2.7 V or above	$t_{CL}$	35	—	ns		
		VCC = 1.8 V or above		70				
	CLKOUT pin output rise time	VCC = 2.7 V or above	$t_{Cr}$	—	15	ns		
		VCC = 1.8 V or above		30				
CLKOUT pin output fall time	VCC = 2.7 V or above	$t_{Cf}$	—	15	ns			
	VCC = 1.8 V or above		30					

Note 1.  $t_{Pcyc}$ : PCLK cycleNote 2.  $t_{cac}$ : CAC count clock source cycle

Note 3. When the LOCO is selected as the clock output source (CKOCR.CKOSSEL[2:0] bits = 000b), set the clock output division ratio selection to divided by 2 (CKOCR.CKODIV[2:0] bits = 001b).

Note 4. When the XTAL external clock input or an oscillator is used with divided by 1 (CKOCR.CKOSSEL[2:0] bits = 010b and CKOCR.CKODIV[2:0] bits = 000b) to output from CLKOUT, the above should be satisfied with an input duty cycle of 45 to 55%.

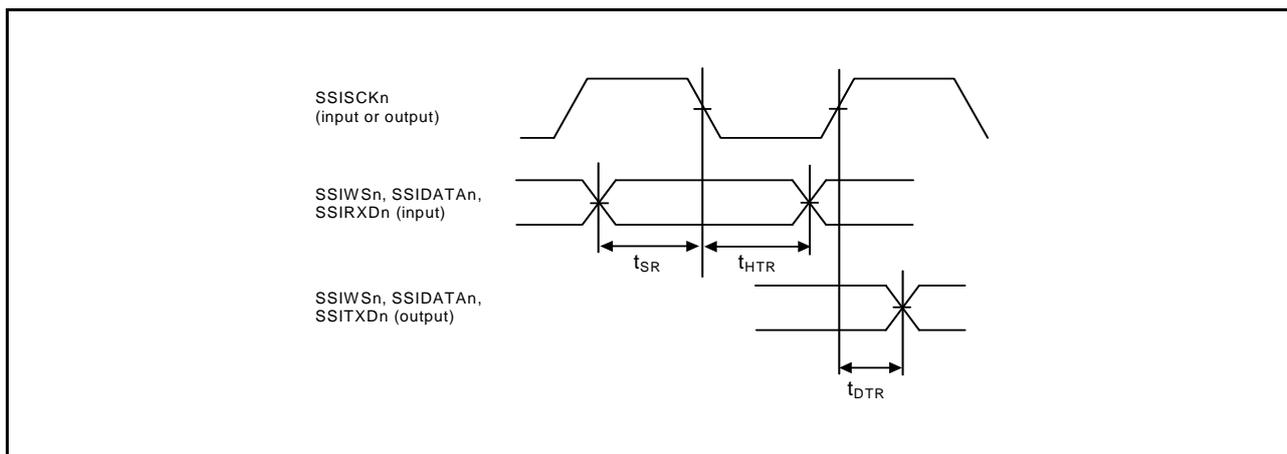


Figure 5.52 Transmission/Reception Timing (Synchronized with SSISCKn Falling Edge)

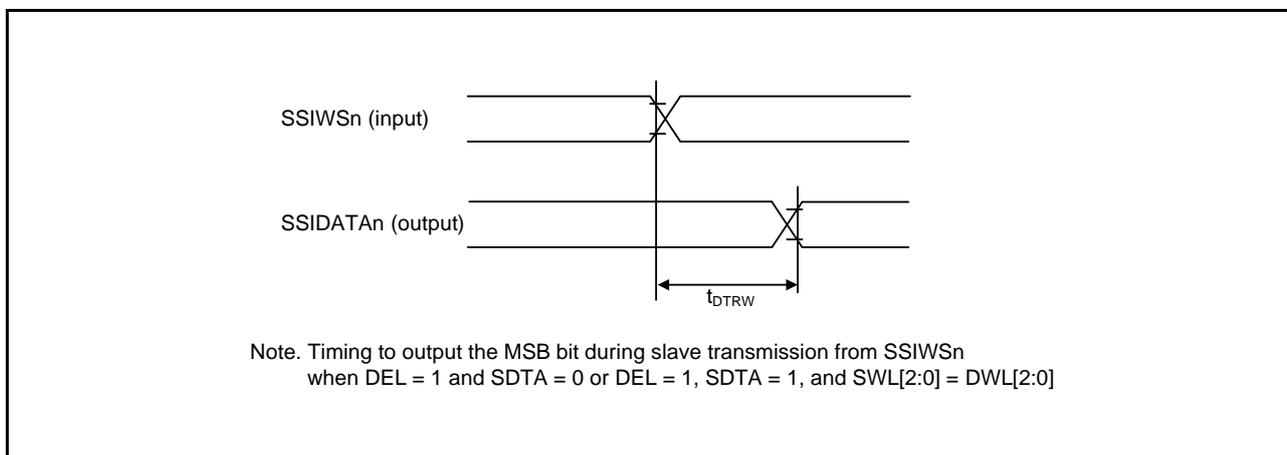


Figure 5.53 SSIDATA Output Delay After SSIWSn Changing Edge

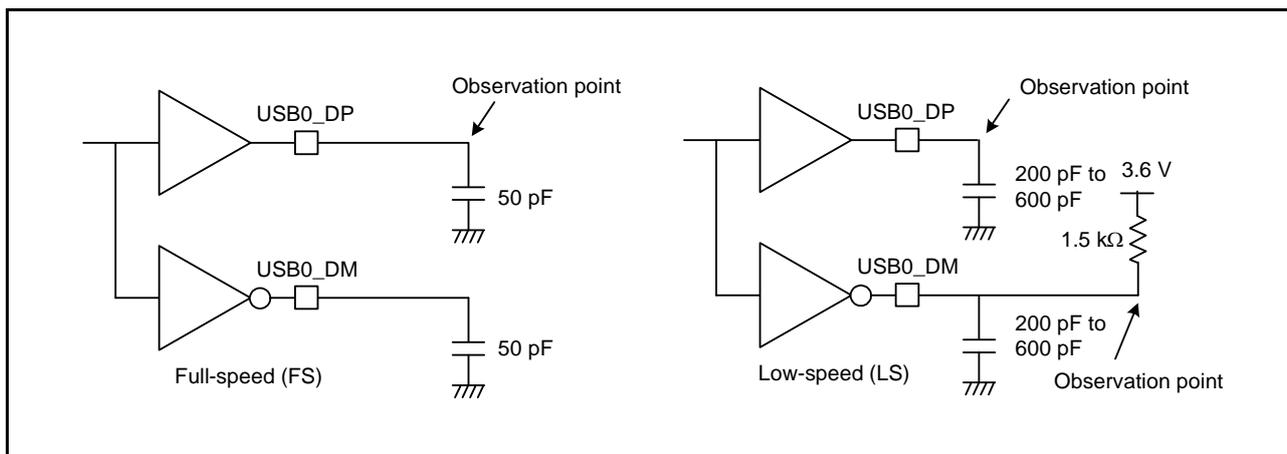


Figure 5.55 Test Circuit

**Table 5.40 A/D Conversion Characteristics (4)**

Conditions:  $2.0\text{ V} \leq VCC = VCC\_USB \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $2.0\text{ V} \leq AVCC0 \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $VSS = AVSS0 = VSS\_USB = 0\text{ V}$ ,  
 ADHVREFCNT.OCSVSEL = 1 (internal reference voltage selected as high-side reference voltage),  
 PJ7PFS.ASEL = 0 (AVSS0 pin selected as low-side reference power supply ground pin)  
 $T_a = -40\text{ to }+105^\circ\text{C}$

Item	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	
Frequency	1	—	2	MHz		
Resolution	—	—	12	Bit		
Internal reference voltage	1.36	1.43	1.50	V		
Conversion time*1 (Operation at PCLKD = 2 MHz)	Permissible signal source impedance (Max.) = 5.0 k $\Omega$	16 (1.5)*2	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$	High-precision channel ADCSR.ADHSC bit = 0 ADSSTRn.SST[7:0] bits = 02h
		17.5 (3.0)*2	—	—		Normal-precision channel ADCSR.ADHSC bit = 0 ADSSTRn.SST[7:0] bits = 05h
Analog input effective range	0	—	Internal reference voltage	V		
Offset error	—	—	$\pm 24.0$	LSB		
DNL differential nonlinearity error	—	$\pm 16.0$	—	LSB		
INL integral nonlinearity error	—	$\pm 16.0$	$\pm 32.0$	LSB		

Note: The characteristics apply when no pin functions other than A/D converter input are used. Absolute accuracy includes quantization errors. Offset error, full-scale error, DNL differential nonlinearity error, and INL integral nonlinearity error do not include quantization errors.

Note 1. The conversion time is the sum of the sampling time and the comparison time. As the test conditions, the number of sampling states is indicated.

Note 2. The value in parentheses indicates the sampling time.

**Table 5.41 A/D Converter Channel Classification**

Classification	Channel	Conditions	Remarks
High-precision channel	AN000 to AN007, AN021	$AVCC0 = 1.8\text{ to }3.6\text{ V}$	Pins AN000 to AN007 and AN021 cannot be used as digital outputs when the A/D converter is in use.
Normal-precision channel	AN008 to AN015		
Internal reference voltage input channel	Internal reference voltage	$AVCC0 = 2.0\text{ to }3.6\text{ V}$	
Temperature sensor input channel	Temperature sensor output	$AVCC0 = 2.0\text{ to }3.6\text{ V}$	

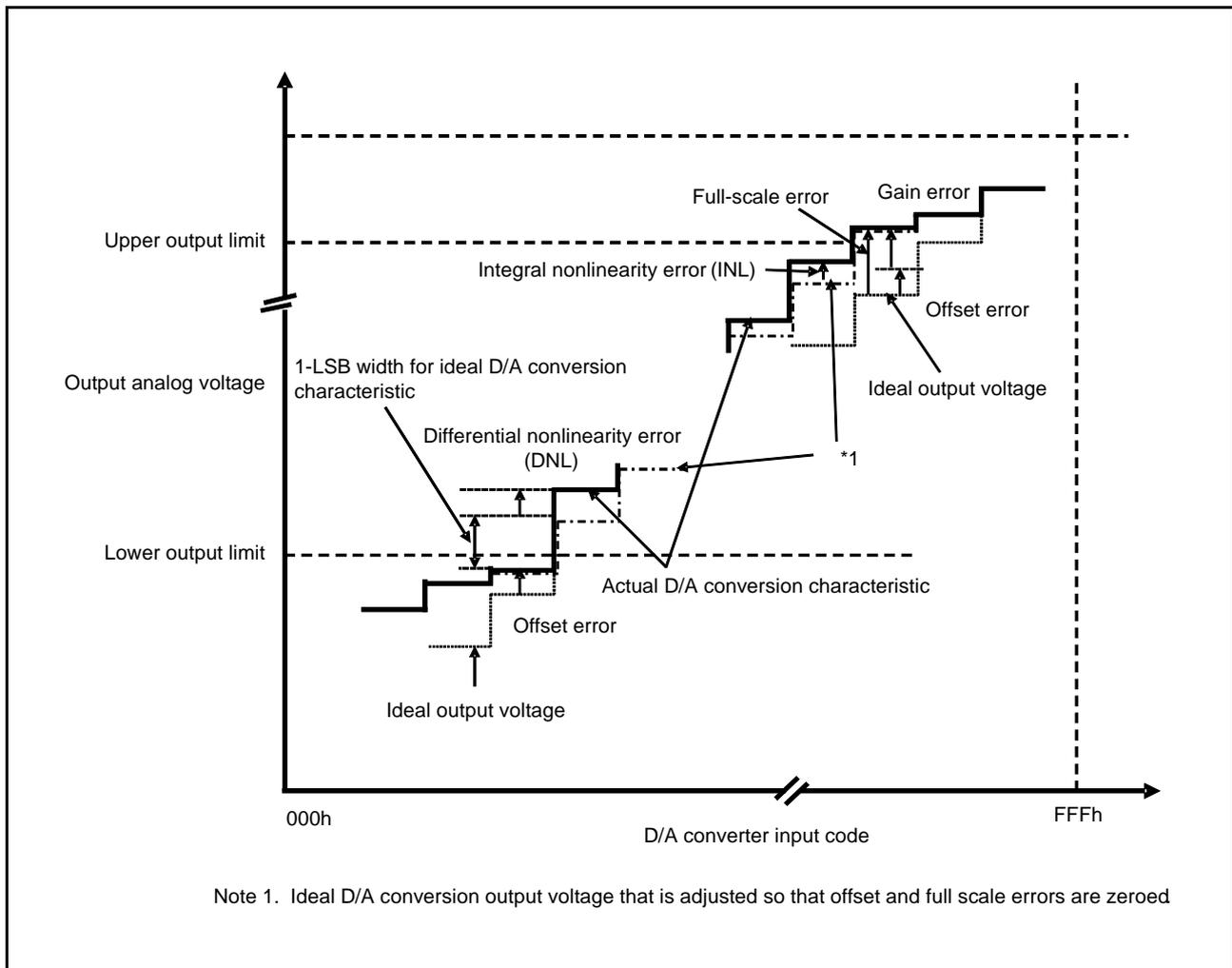
**Table 5.42 A/D Internal Reference Voltage Characteristics**

Conditions:  $2.0\text{ V} \leq VCC = VCC\_USB \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $2.0\text{ V} \leq AVCC0 \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $VSS = AVSS0 = VSS\_USB = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -40\text{ to }+105^\circ\text{C}$

Item	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Internal reference voltage input channel*2	1.36	1.43	1.50	V	

Note 1. The internal reference voltage cannot be selected for input channels when  $AVCC0 < 2.0\text{ V}$ .

Note 2. The A/D internal reference voltage indicates the voltage when the internal reference voltage is input to the A/D converter.



**Figure 5.58 Illustration of D/A Converter Characteristic Terms**

### Integral nonlinearity error (INL)

Integral nonlinearity error is the maximum deviation between the ideal output voltage based on the ideal conversion characteristic when the measured offset and full-scale errors are zeroed, and the actual output voltage.

### Differential nonlinearity error (DNL)

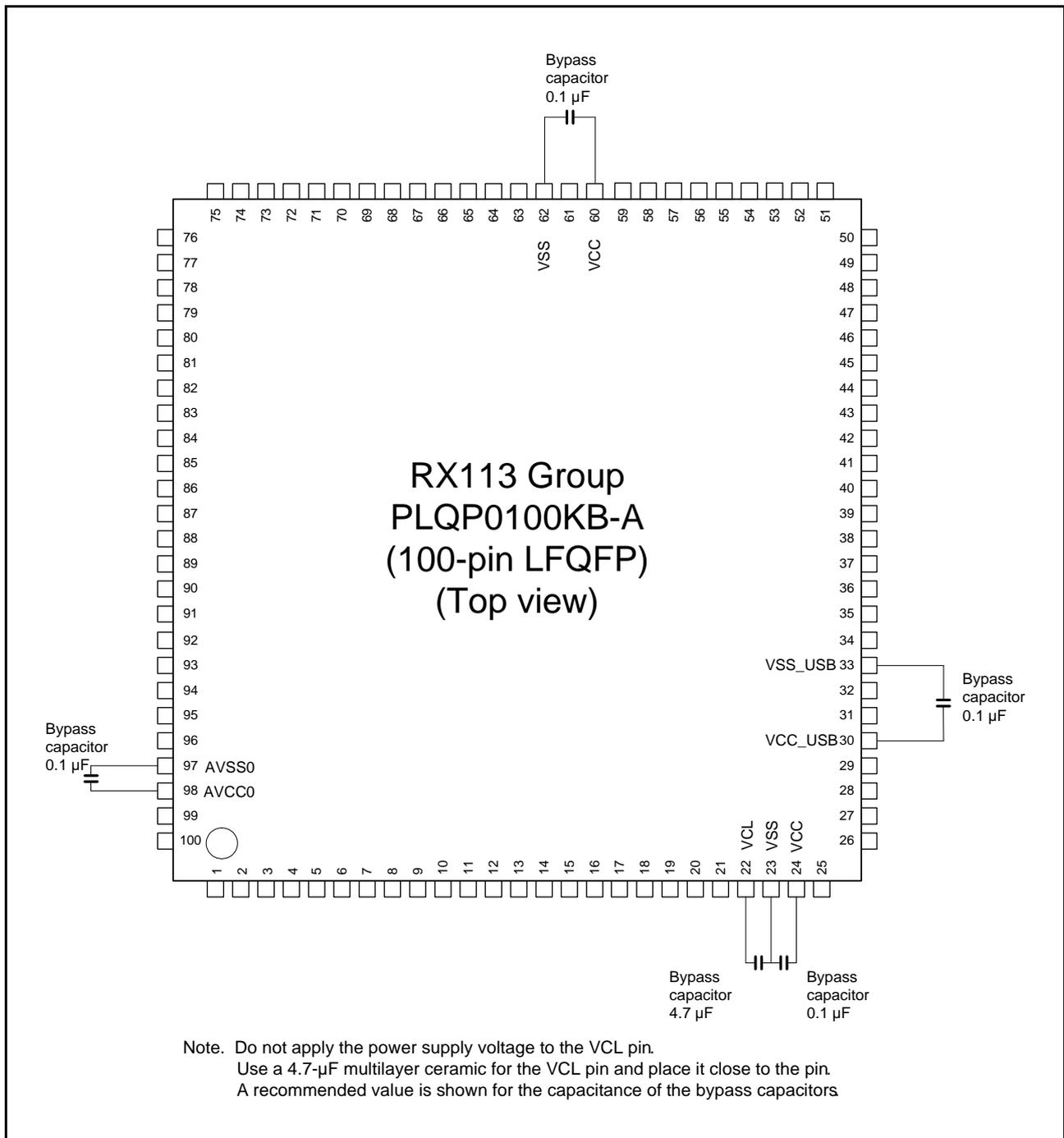
Differential nonlinearity error is the difference between 1-LSB voltage width based on the ideal D/A conversion characteristics and the width of the actual output voltage.

### Offset error

Offset error is the difference between the highest actual output voltage that falls below the lower output limit and the ideal output voltage based on the input code.

### Full-scale error

Full-scale error is the difference between the lowest actual output voltage that exceeds the upper output limit and the ideal output voltage based on the input code.



**Figure 5.67 Connecting Capacitors (100-pin LQFP)**

## Notice

1. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation of these circuits, software, and information in the design of your equipment. Renesas Electronics assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
2. Renesas Electronics has used reasonable care in preparing the information included in this document, but Renesas Electronics does not warrant that such information is error free. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability whatsoever for any damages incurred by you resulting from errors in or omissions from the information included herein.
3. Renesas Electronics does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of Renesas Electronics or others.
4. You should not alter, modify, copy, or otherwise misappropriate any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part. Renesas Electronics assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by you or third parties arising from such alteration, modification, copy or otherwise misappropriation of Renesas Electronics product.
5. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following two quality grades: "Standard" and "High Quality". The recommended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below.  
"Standard": Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; and industrial robots etc.  
"High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control systems; anti-disaster systems; anti-crime systems; and safety equipment etc.  
Renesas Electronics products are neither intended nor authorized for use in products or systems that may pose a direct threat to human life or bodily injury (artificial life support devices or systems, surgical implantations etc.), or may cause serious property damages (nuclear reactor control systems, military equipment etc.). You must check the quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product before using it in a particular application. You may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application for which it is not intended. Renesas Electronics shall not be in any way liable for any damages or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product for which the product is not intended by Renesas Electronics.
6. You should use the Renesas Electronics products described in this document within the range specified by Renesas Electronics, especially with respect to the maximum rating, operating supply voltage range, movement power voltage range, heat radiation characteristics, installation and other product characteristics. Renesas Electronics shall have no liability for malfunctions or damages arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products beyond such specified ranges.
7. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of its products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Further, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. Please be sure to implement safety measures to guard them against the possibility of physical injury, and injury or damage caused by fire in the event of the failure of a Renesas Electronics product, such as safety design for hardware and software including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult, please evaluate the safety of the final products or systems manufactured by you.
8. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. Please use Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
9. Renesas Electronics products and technology may not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations. You should not use Renesas Electronics products or technology described in this document for any purpose relating to military applications or use by the military, including but not limited to the development of weapons of mass destruction. When exporting the Renesas Electronics products or technology described in this document, you should comply with the applicable export control laws and regulations and follow the procedures required by such laws and regulations.
10. It is the responsibility of the buyer or distributor of Renesas Electronics products, who distributes, disposes of, or otherwise places the product with a third party, to notify such third party in advance of the contents and conditions set forth in this document, Renesas Electronics assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by you or third parties as a result of unauthorized use of Renesas Electronics products.
11. This document may not be reproduced or duplicated in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics.
12. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products, or if you have any other inquiries.

(Note 1) "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.

(Note 2) "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.



### SALES OFFICES

Renesas Electronics Corporation

<http://www.renesas.com>

Refer to "<http://www.renesas.com/>" for the latest and detailed information.

#### Renesas Electronics America Inc.

2801 Scott Boulevard Santa Clara, CA 95050-2549, U.S.A.  
Tel: +1-408-588-6000, Fax: +1-408-588-6130

#### Renesas Electronics Canada Limited

9251 Yonge Street, Suite 8309 Richmond Hill, Ontario Canada L4C 9T3  
Tel: +1-905-237-2004

#### Renesas Electronics Europe Limited

Dukes Meadow, Millboard Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5FH, U.K  
Tel: +44-1628-585-100, Fax: +44-1628-585-900

#### Renesas Electronics Europe GmbH

Arcadiastrasse 10, 40472 Düsseldorf, Germany  
Tel: +49-211-6503-0, Fax: +49-211-6503-1327

#### Renesas Electronics (China) Co., Ltd.

Room 1709, Quantum Plaza, No.27 ZhiChunLu Haidian District, Beijing 100191, P.R.China  
Tel: +86-10-8235-1155, Fax: +86-10-8235-7679

#### Renesas Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Unit 301, Tower A, Central Towers, 555 Langao Road, Putuo District, Shanghai, P. R. China 200333  
Tel: +86-21-2226-0888, Fax: +86-21-2226-0999

#### Renesas Electronics Hong Kong Limited

Unit 1601-1611, 16/F., Tower 2, Grand Century Place, 193 Prince Edward Road West, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hong Kong  
Tel: +852-2265-6688, Fax: +852 2886-9022

#### Renesas Electronics Taiwan Co., Ltd.

13F, No. 363, Fu Shing North Road, Taipei 10543, Taiwan  
Tel: +886-2-8175-9600, Fax: +886 2-8175-9670

#### Renesas Electronics Singapore Pte. Ltd.

80 Bendemeer Road, Unit #06-02 Hyflux Innovation Centre, Singapore 339949  
Tel: +65-6213-0200, Fax: +65-6213-0300

#### Renesas Electronics Malaysia Sdn.Bhd.

Unit 1207, Block B, Menara Amcorp, Amcorp Trade Centre, No. 18, Jln Persiaran Barat, 46050 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia  
Tel: +60-3-7955-9390, Fax: +60-3-7955-9510

#### Renesas Electronics India Pvt. Ltd.

No.77C, 100 Feet Road, HAL II Stage, Indiranagar, Bangalore, India  
Tel: +91-80-67208700, Fax: +91-80-67208777

#### Renesas Electronics Korea Co., Ltd.

12F., 234 Teheran-ro, Gangnam-Gu, Seoul, 135-080, Korea  
Tel: +82-2-558-3737, Fax: +82-2-558-5141