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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	42
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	336
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	68
Number of Gates	4000
Voltage - Supply	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epf8452atc100-4n

JTAG BST circuitry	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
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...and More Features

- Peripheral register for fast setup and clock-to-output delay
- Fabricated on an advanced SRAM process
- Available in a variety of packages with 84 to 304 pins (see [Table 2](#))
- Software design support and automatic place-and-route provided by the Altera® MAX+PLUS® II development system for Windows-based PCs, as well as Sun SPARCstation, HP 9000 Series 700/800, and IBM RISC System/6000 workstations
- Additional design entry and simulation support provided by EDIF 2.0.0 and 3.0.0 netlist files, library of parameterized modules (LPM), Verilog HDL, VHDL, and other interfaces to popular EDA tools from manufacturers such as Cadence, Exemplar Logic, Mentor Graphics, OrCAD, Synopsys, Synplicity, and Veribest

Table 2. FLEX 8000 Package Options & I/O Pin Count *Note (1)*

Device	84-Pin PLCC	100-Pin TQFP	144-Pin TQFP	160-Pin PQFP	160-Pin PGA	192-Pin PGA	208-Pin PQFP	225-Pin BGA	232-Pin PGA	240-Pin PQFP	280-Pin PGA	304-Pin RQFP
EPF8282A	68	78										
EPF8282AV		78										
EPF8452A	68	68		120	120							
EPF8636A	68			118		136	136					
EPF8820A			112	120		152	152	152				
EPF81188A							148		184	184		
EPF81500A										181	208	208

Note:

- (1) FLEX 8000 device package types include plastic J-lead chip carrier (PLCC), thin quad flat pack (TQFP), plastic quad flat pack (PQFP), power quad flat pack (RQFP), ball-grid array (BGA), and pin-grid array (PGA) packages.

General Description

Altera's Flexible Logic Element MatriX (FLEX®) family combines the benefits of both erasable programmable logic devices (EPLDs) and field-programmable gate arrays (FPGAs). The FLEX 8000 device family is ideal for a variety of applications because it combines the fine-grained architecture and high register count characteristics of FPGAs with the high speed and predictable interconnect delays of EPLDs. Logic is implemented in LEs that include compact 4-input look-up tables (LUTs) and programmable registers. High performance is provided by a fast, continuous network of routing resources.

FLEX 8000 devices contain an optimized microprocessor interface that permits the microprocessor to configure FLEX 8000 devices serially, in parallel, synchronously, or asynchronously. The interface also enables the microprocessor to treat a FLEX 8000 device as memory and configure the device by writing to a virtual memory location, making it very easy for the designer to create configuration software.

The FLEX 8000 family is supported by Altera's MAX+PLUS II development system, a single, integrated package that offers schematic, text—including the Altera Hardware Description Language (AHDL), VHDL, and Verilog HDL—and waveform design entry, compilation and logic synthesis, simulation and timing analysis, and device programming. The MAX+PLUS II software provides EDIF 2 0 0 and 3 0 0, library of parameterized modules (LPM), VHDL, Verilog HDL, and other interfaces for additional design entry and simulation support from other industry-standard PC- and UNIX workstation-based EDA tools. The MAX+PLUS II software runs on Windows-based PCs and Sun SPARCstation, HP 9000 Series 700/800, and IBM RISC System/6000 workstations.

The MAX+PLUS II software interfaces easily with common gate array EDA tools for synthesis and simulation. For example, the MAX+PLUS II software can generate Verilog HDL files for simulation with tools such as Cadence Verilog-XL. Additionally, the MAX+PLUS II software contains EDA libraries that use device-specific features such as carry chains, which are used for fast counter and arithmetic functions. For instance, the Synopsys Design Compiler library supplied with the MAX+PLUS II development system includes DesignWare functions that are optimized for the FLEX 8000 architecture.



For more information on the MAX+PLUS II software, go to the [*MAX+PLUS II Programmable Logic Development System & Software Data Sheet*](#).

Functional Description

The FLEX 8000 architecture incorporates a large matrix of compact building blocks called logic elements (LEs). Each LE contains a 4-input LUT that provides combinatorial logic capability and a programmable register that offers sequential logic capability. The fine-grained structure of the LE provides highly efficient logic implementation.

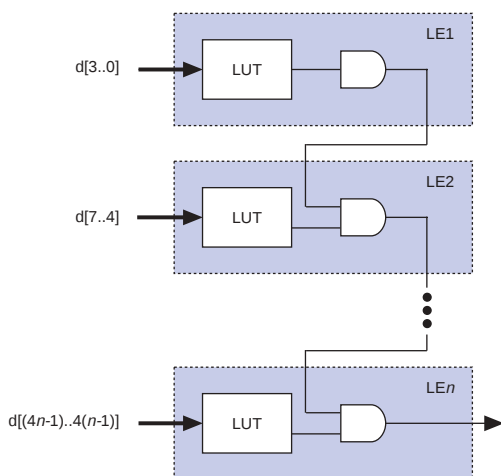
Eight LEs are grouped together to form a logic array block (LAB). Each FLEX 8000 LAB is an independent structure with common inputs, interconnections, and control signals. The LAB architecture provides a coarse-grained structure for high device performance and easy routing.

The MAX+PLUS II Compiler can create cascade chains automatically during design processing; designers can also insert cascade chain logic manually during design entry. Cascade chains longer than eight LEs are automatically implemented by linking LABs together. The last LE of an LAB cascades to the first LE of the next LAB.

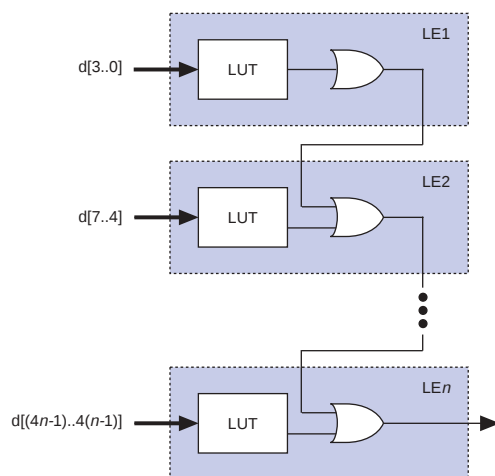
Figure 5 shows how the cascade function can connect adjacent LEs to form functions with a wide fan-in. These examples show functions of $4n$ variables implemented with n LEs. For a device with an A-2 speed grade, the LE delay is 2.4 ns; the cascade chain delay is 0.6 ns. With the cascade chain, 4.2 ns is needed to decode a 16-bit address.

Figure 5. FLEX 8000 Cascade Chain Operation

AND Cascade Chain



OR Cascade Chain



LE Operating Modes

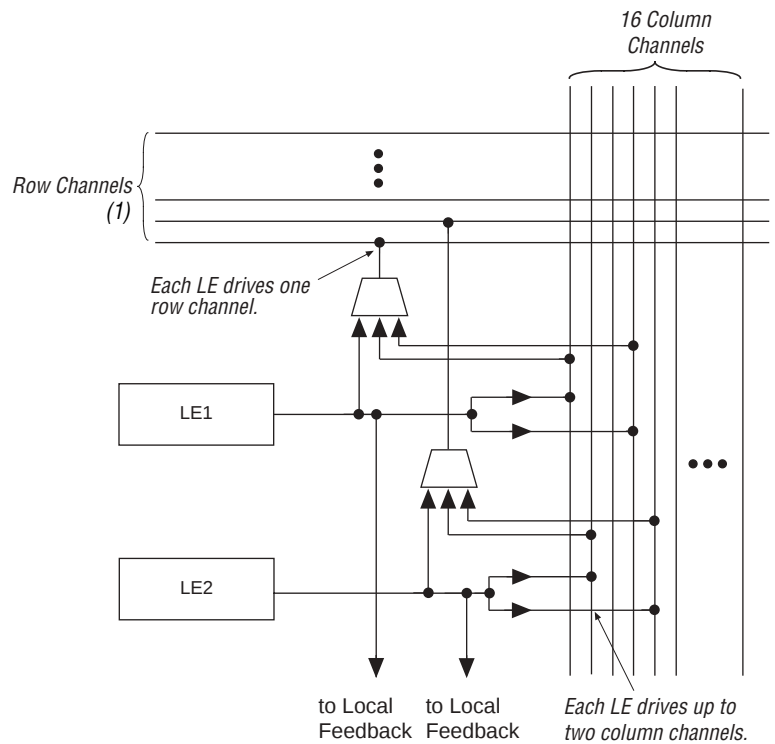
The FLEX 8000 LE can operate in one of four modes, each of which uses LE resources differently. See Figure 6. In each mode, seven of the ten available inputs to the LE—the four data inputs from the LAB local interconnect, the feedback from the programmable register, and the carry-in and cascade-in from the previous LE—are directed to different destinations to implement the desired logic function. The three remaining inputs to the LE provide clock, clear, and preset control for the register. The MAX+PLUS II software automatically chooses the appropriate mode for each application. Design performance can also be enhanced by designing for the operating mode that supports the desired application.

FastTrack Interconnect

In the FLEX 8000 architecture, connections between LEs and device I/O pins are provided by the FastTrack Interconnect, a series of continuous horizontal (row) and vertical (column) routing channels that traverse the entire FLEX 8000 device. This device-wide routing structure provides predictable performance even in complex designs. In contrast, the segmented routing structure in FPGAs requires switch matrices to connect a variable number of routing paths, which increases the delays between logic resources and reduces performance.

The LABs within FLEX 8000 devices are arranged into a matrix of columns and rows. Each row of LABs has a dedicated row interconnect that routes signals both into and out of the LABs in the row. The row interconnect can then drive I/O pins or feed other LABs in the device. **Figure 8** shows how an LE drives the row and column interconnect.

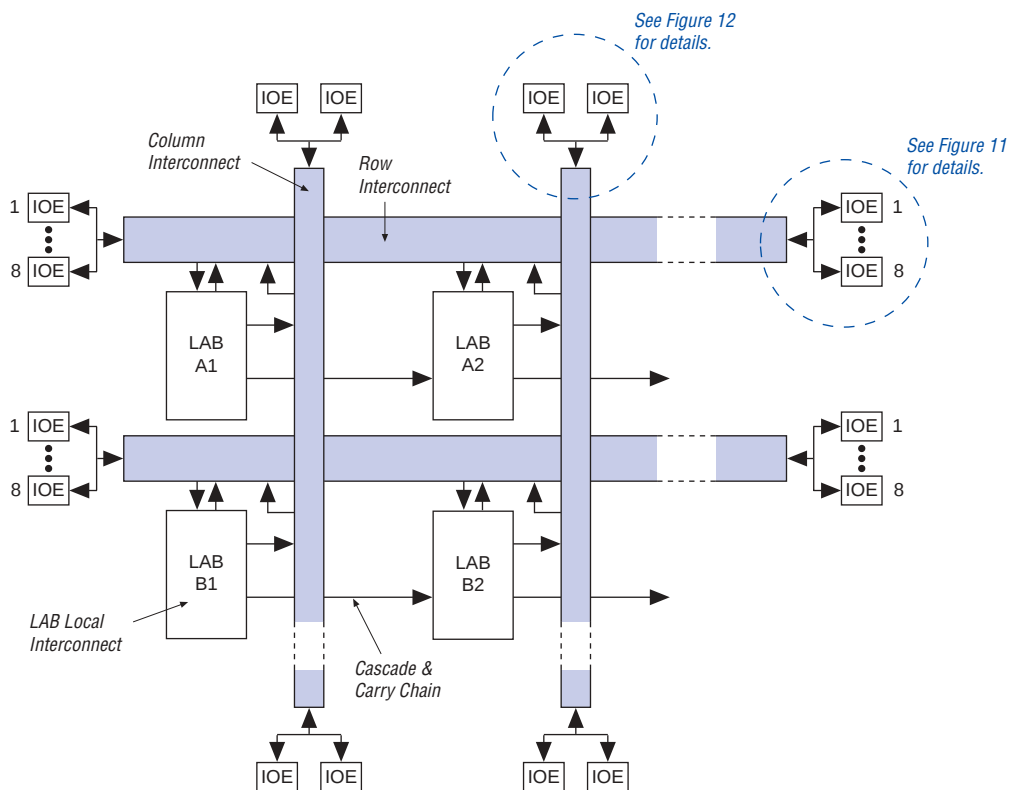
Figure 8. FLEX 8000 LAB Connections to Row & Column Interconnect



Note:
(1) See [Table 4](#) for the number of row channels.

Figure 9. FLEX 8000 Device Interconnect Resources

Each LAB is named according to its physical row (A, B, C, etc.) and column (1, 2, 3, etc.) position within the device.

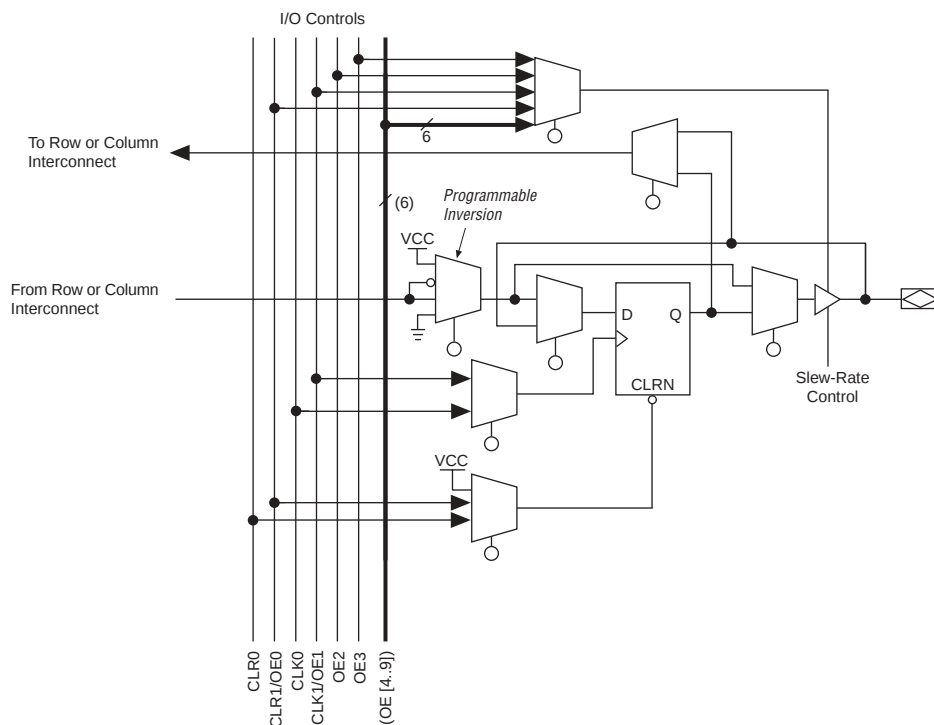


I/O Element

An IOE contains a bidirectional I/O buffer and a register that can be used either as an input register for external data that requires a fast setup time, or as an output register for data that requires fast clock-to-output performance. IOEs can be used as input, output, or bidirectional pins. The MAX+PLUS II Compiler uses the programmable inversion option to automatically invert signals from the row and column interconnect where appropriate. [Figure 10](#) shows the IOE block diagram.

Figure 10. FLEX 8000 IOE

Numbers in parentheses are for EPF81500A devices only.



Row-to-IOE Connections

Figure 11 illustrates the connection between row interconnect channels and IOEs. An input signal from an IOE can drive two separate row channels. When an IOE is used as an output, the signal is driven by an n -to-1 multiplexer that selects the row channels. The size of the multiplexer varies with the number of columns in a device. EPF81500A devices use a 27-to-1 multiplexer; EPF81188A, EPF8820A, EPF8636A, and EPF8452A devices use a 21-to-1 multiplexer; and EPF8282A and EPF8282AV devices use a 13-to-1 multiplexer. Eight IOEs are connected to each side of the row channels.

Table 8. JTAG Timing Parameters & Values

Symbol	Parameter	EPF8282A EPF8282AV EPF8636A EPF8820A EPF81500A		Unit
		Min	Max	
t_{JCP}	TCK clock period	100		ns
t_{JCH}	TCK clock high time	50		ns
t_{JCL}	TCK clock low time	50		ns
t_{JPSU}	JTAG port setup time	20		ns
t_{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	45		ns
t_{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output		25	ns
t_{JPZX}	JTAG port high-impedance to valid output		25	ns
t_{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high-impedance		25	ns
t_{JSSU}	Capture register setup time	20		ns
t_{JSH}	Capture register hold time	45		ns
t_{JSCO}	Update register clock to output		35	ns
t_{JSZX}	Update register high-impedance to valid output		35	ns
t_{JSXZ}	Update register valid output to high-impedance		35	ns



For detailed information on JTAG operation in FLEX 8000 devices, refer to *Application Note 39 (IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary-Scan Testing in Altera Devices)*.

Generic Testing

Each FLEX 8000 device is functionally tested and specified by Altera. Complete testing of each configurable SRAM bit and all logic functionality ensures 100% configuration yield. AC test measurements for FLEX 8000 devices are made under conditions equivalent to those shown in *Figure 15*. Designers can use multiple test patterns to configure devices during all stages of the production flow.

Table 10. FLEX 8000 5.0-V Device Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CCINT}	Supply voltage for internal logic and input buffers	(3), (4)	4.75 (4.50)	5.25 (5.50)	V
V_{CCIO}	Supply voltage for output buffers, 5.0-V operation	(3), (4)	4.75 (4.50)	5.25 (5.50)	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 3.3-V operation	(3), (4)	3.00 (3.00)	3.60 (3.60)	V
V_I	Input voltage		-0.5	$V_{CCINT} + 0.5$	V
V_O	Output voltage		0	V_{CCIO}	V
T_A	Operating temperature	For commercial use	0	70	° C
		For industrial use	-40	85	° C
t_R	Input rise time			40	ns
t_F	Input fall time			40	ns

Table 11. FLEX 8000 5.0-V Device DC Operating Conditions Notes (5), (6)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage		2.0		$V_{CCINT} + 0.5$	V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage		-0.5		0.8	V
V_{OH}	5.0-V high-level TTL output voltage	$I_{OH} = -4$ mA DC (7) $V_{CCIO} = 4.75$ V	2.4			V
	3.3-V high-level TTL output voltage	$I_{OH} = -4$ mA DC (7) $V_{CCIO} = 3.00$ V	2.4			V
	3.3-V high-level CMOS output voltage	$I_{OH} = -0.1$ mA DC (7) $V_{CCIO} = 3.00$ V	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$			V
V_{OL}	5.0-V low-level TTL output voltage	$I_{OL} = 12$ mA DC (7) $V_{CCIO} = 4.75$ V			0.45	V
	3.3-V low-level TTL output voltage	$I_{OL} = 12$ mA DC (7) $V_{CCIO} = 3.00$ V			0.45	V
	3.3-V low-level CMOS output voltage	$I_{OL} = 0.1$ mA DC (7) $V_{CCIO} = 3.00$ V			0.2	V
I_I	Input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or ground	-10		10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tri-state output off-state current	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or ground	-40		40	μA
I_{CC0}	V_{CC} supply current (standby)	$V_I =$ ground, no load		0.5	10	mA

Table 12. FLEX 8000 5.0-V Device Capacitance *Note (8)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		10	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_{OUT} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		10	pF

Notes to tables:

- (1) See the *Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet*.
- (2) Minimum DC input is -0.5 V . During transitions, the inputs may undershoot to -2.0 V or overshoot to 7.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns .
- (3) The maximum V_{CC} rise time is 100 ms .
- (4) Numbers in parentheses are for industrial-temperature-range devices.
- (5) Typical values are for $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$.
- (6) These values are specified in Table 10 on page 28.
- (7) The I_{OH} parameter refers to high-level TTL or CMOS output current; the I_{OL} parameter refers to low-level TTL or CMOS output current.
- (8) Capacitance is sample-tested only.

Tables 13 through 16 provide information on absolute maximum ratings, recommended operating conditions, operating conditions, and capacitance for 3.3-V FLEX 8000 devices.

Table 13. FLEX 8000 3.3-V Device Absolute Maximum Ratings *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	With respect to ground (2)	-2.0	5.3	V
V_I	DC input voltage		-2.0	5.3	V
I_{OUT}	DC output current, per pin		-25	25	mA
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	No bias	-65	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{AMB}	Ambient temperature	Under bias	-65	135	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_J	Junction temperature	Plastic packages, under bias		135	$^\circ\text{C}$

Table 14. FLEX 8000 3.3-V Device Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	(3)	3.0	3.6	V
V_I	Input voltage		-0.3	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
V_O	Output voltage		0	V_{CC}	V
T_A	Operating temperature	For commercial use	0	70	$^\circ\text{C}$
t_R	Input rise time			40	ns
t_F	Input fall time			40	ns

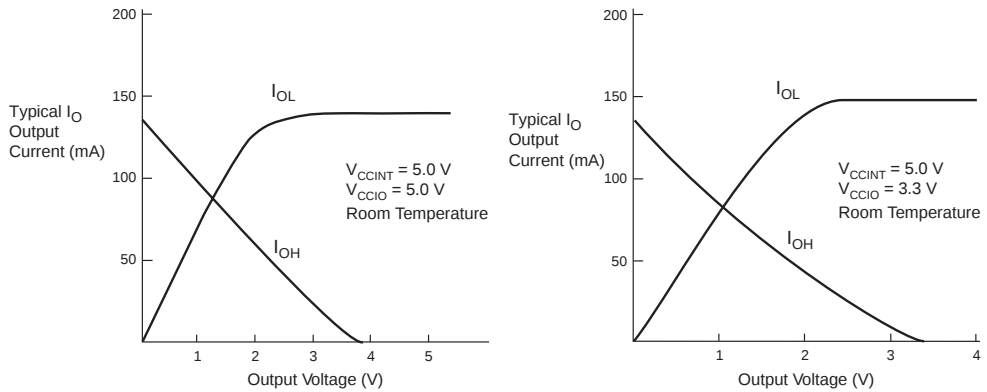
Figure 16. Output Drive Characteristics of 5.0-V FLEX 8000 Devices (Except EPF8282A)

Figure 17 shows the typical output drive characteristics of 5.0-V EPF8282A devices. The output driver is compliant with *PCI Local Bus Specification, Revision 2.2*.

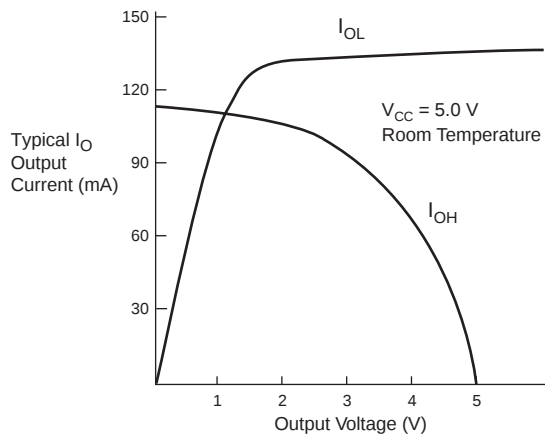
Figure 17. Output Drive Characteristics of EPF8282A Devices with 5.0-V V_{CCIO} 

Figure 18 shows the typical output drive characteristics of EPF8282AV devices.

Table 17. FLEX 8000 Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter
t_{IOD}	IOE register data delay
t_{IOC}	IOE register control signal delay
t_{IOE}	Output enable delay
t_{IOCO}	IOE register clock-to-output delay
t_{IOCOMB}	IOE combinatorial delay
t_{IOSU}	IOE register setup time before clock; IOE register recovery time after asynchronous clear
t_{IOH}	IOE register hold time after clock
t_{IOCLR}	IOE register clear delay
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay, slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (2)
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay, slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (2)
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay, slow slew rate = on, $C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (3)
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay, $C1 = 5\text{ pF}$
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay, slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (2)
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay, slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (2)
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay, slow slew rate = on, $C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (3)

Table 18. FLEX 8000 LE Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter
t_{LUT}	LUT delay for data-in
t_{CLUT}	LUT delay for carry-in
t_{RLUT}	LUT delay for LE register feedback
t_{GATE}	Cascade gate delay
t_{CASC}	Cascade chain routing delay
t_{CICO}	Carry-in to carry-out delay
t_{CGEN}	Data-in to carry-out delay
t_{CGENR}	LE register feedback to carry-out delay
t_C	LE register control signal delay
t_{CH}	LE register clock high time
t_{CL}	LE register clock low time
t_{CO}	LE register clock-to-output delay
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay
t_{SU}	LE register setup time before clock; LE register recovery time after asynchronous preset, clear, or load
t_H	LE register hold time after clock
t_{PRE}	LE register preset delay
t_{CLR}	LE register clear delay

Table 24. EPF8282A LE Timing Parameters

Symbol	Speed Grade						Unit
	A-2		A-3		A-4		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{LUT}		2.0		2.5		3.2	ns
t_{CLUT}		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t_{RLUT}		0.9		1.1		1.5	ns
t_{GATE}		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t_{CASC}		0.6		0.7		0.9	ns
t_{CICO}		0.4		0.5		0.6	ns
t_{CGEN}		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{CGENR}		0.9		1.1		1.5	ns
t_C		1.6		2.0		2.5	ns
t_{CH}	4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t_{CL}	4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t_{CO}		0.4		0.5		0.6	ns
t_{COMB}		0.4		0.5		0.6	ns
t_{SU}	0.8		1.1		1.2		ns
t_H	0.9		1.1		1.5		ns
t_{PRE}		0.6		0.7		0.8	ns
t_{CLR}		0.6		0.7		0.8	ns

Table 25. EPF8282A External Timing Parameters

Symbol	Speed Grade						Unit
	A-2		A-3		A-4		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{DRR}		15.8		19.8		24.8	ns
t _{ODH}	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns

Table 30. EPF8452A I/O Element Timing Parameters

Symbol	Speed Grade						Unit
	A-2		A-3		A-4		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IOD}		0.7		0.8		0.9	ns
t_{IOC}		1.7		1.8		1.9	ns
t_{IOE}		1.7		1.8		1.9	ns
t_{IOCO}		1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{IOCOMB}		0.3		0.2		0.1	ns
t_{IOSU}	1.4		1.6		1.8		ns
t_{IOH}	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{IOCLR}		1.2		1.2		1.2	ns
t_{IN}		1.5		1.6		1.7	ns
t_{OD1}		1.1		1.4		1.7	ns
t_{OD2}		—		—		—	ns
t_{OD3}		4.6		4.9		5.2	ns
t_{XZ}		1.4		1.6		1.8	ns
t_{ZX1}		1.4		1.6		1.8	ns
t_{ZX2}		—		—		—	ns
t_{ZX3}		4.9		5.1		5.3	ns

Table 31. EPF8452A Interconnect Timing Parameters

Symbol	Speed Grade						Unit
	A-2		A-3		A-4		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{LABCASC}$		0.3		0.4		0.4	ns
$t_{LABCARRY}$		0.3		0.4		0.4	ns
t_{LOCAL}		0.5		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{ROW}		5.0		5.0		5.0	ns
t_{COL}		3.0		3.0		3.0	ns
t_{DIN_C}		5.0		5.0		5.5	ns
t_{DIN_D}		7.0		7.0		7.5	ns
t_{DIN_IO}		5.0		5.0		5.5	ns

Table 32. EPF8452A LE Timing Parameters

Symbol	Speed Grade						Unit
	A-2		A-3		A-4		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{LUT}		2.0		2.3		3.0	ns
t_{CLUT}		0.0		0.2		0.1	ns
t_{RLUT}		0.9		1.6		1.6	ns
t_{GATE}		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t_{CASC}		0.6		0.7		0.9	ns
t_{CICO}		0.4		0.5		0.6	ns
t_{CGEN}		0.4		0.9		0.8	ns
t_{CGENR}		0.9		1.4		1.5	ns
t_C		1.6		1.8		2.4	ns
t_{CH}	4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t_{CL}	4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t_{CO}		0.4		0.5		0.6	ns
t_{COMB}		0.4		0.5		0.6	ns
t_{SU}	0.8		1.0		1.1		ns
t_H	0.9		1.1		1.4		ns
t_{PRE}		0.6		0.7		0.8	ns
t_{CLR}		0.6		0.7		0.8	ns

Table 33. EPF8452A External Timing Parameters

Symbol	Speed Grade						Unit
	A-2		A-3		A-4		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{DRR}		16.0		20.0		25.0	ns
t _{ODH}	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns

Table 36. EPF8636A LE Timing Parameters

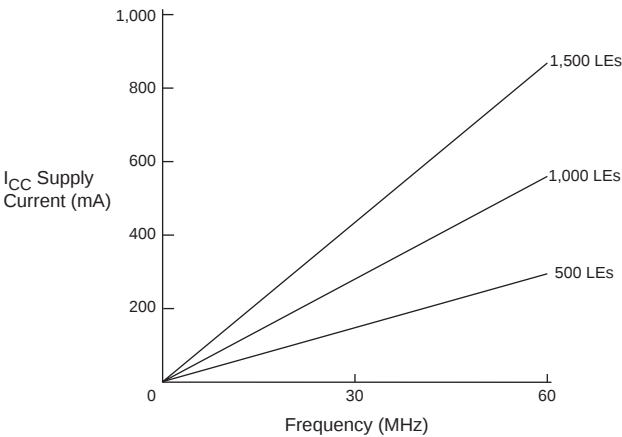
Symbol	Speed Grade						Unit
	A-2		A-3		A-4		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{LUT}		2.0		2.3		3.0	ns
t_{CLUT}		0.0		0.2		0.1	ns
t_{RLUT}		0.9		1.6		1.6	ns
t_{GATE}		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t_{CASC}		0.6		0.7		0.9	ns
t_{CICO}		0.4		0.5		0.6	ns
t_{CGEN}		0.4		0.9		0.8	ns
t_{CGENR}		0.9		1.4		1.5	ns
t_C		1.6		1.8		2.4	ns
t_{CH}	4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t_{CL}	4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t_{CO}		0.4		0.5		0.6	ns
t_{COMB}		0.4		0.5		0.6	ns
t_{SU}	0.8		1.0		1.1		ns
t_H	0.9		1.1		1.4		ns
t_{PRE}		0.6		0.7		0.8	ns
t_{CLR}		0.6		0.7		0.8	ns

Table 37. EPF8636A External Timing Parameters

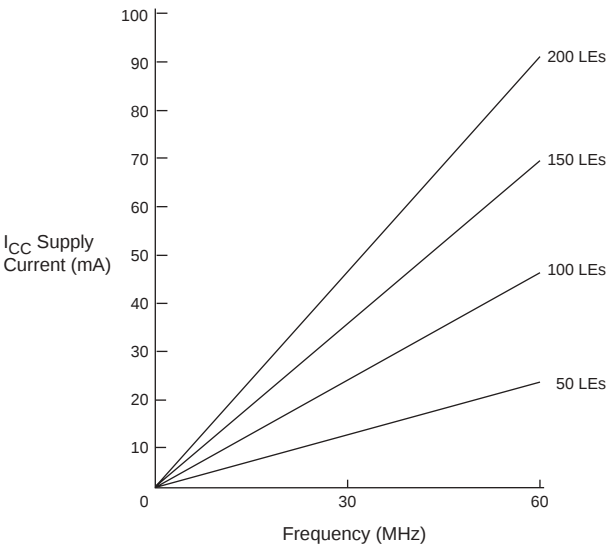
Symbol	Speed Grade						Unit
	A-2		A-3		A-4		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{DRR}		16.0		20.0		25.0	ns
t _{ODH}	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns

Figure 20. FLEX 8000 $I_{CCACTIVE}$ vs. Operating Frequency

5.0-V FLEX 8000 Devices



3.3-V FLEX 8000 Devices



Configuration & Operation



The FLEX 8000 architecture supports several configuration schemes to load a design into the device(s) on the circuit board. This section summarizes the device operating modes and available device configuration schemes.

For more information, go to [Application Note 33 \(Configuring FLEX 8000 Devices\)](#) and [Application Note 38 \(Configuring Multiple FLEX 8000 Devices\)](#).

Table 53. FLEX 8000 160-, 192- & 208-Pin Package Pin-Outs (Part 1 of 2)

Pin Name	160-Pin PQFP EPF8452A	160-Pin PQFP EPF8636A	192-Pin PGA EPF8636A EPF8820A	208-Pin PQFP EPF8636A (1)	208-Pin PQFP EPF8820A (1)	208-Pin PQFP EPF81188A (1)
nSP (2)	120	1	R15	207	207	5
MSEL0 (2)	117	3	T15	4	4	21
MSEL1 (2)	84	38	T3	49	49	33
nSTATUS (2)	37	83	B3	108	108	124
nCONFIG (2)	40	81	C3	103	103	107
DCLK (2)	1	120	C15	158	158	154
CONF_DONE (2)	4	118	B15	153	153	138
nWS	30	89	C5	114	114	118
nRS	71	50	B5	66	116	121
RDCLK	73	48	C11	64	137	137
nCS	29	91	B13	116	145	142
CS	27	93	A16	118	148	144
RDYnBUSY	125	155	A8	201	127	128
CLKUSR	76	44	A10	59	134	134
ADD17	78	43	R5	57	43	46
ADD16	91	33	U3	43	42	45
ADD15	92	31	T5	41	41	44
ADD14	94	29	U4	39	40	39
ADD13	95	27	R6	37	39	37
ADD12	96	24	T6	31	35	36
ADD11	97	23	R7	30	33	31
ADD10	98	22	T7	29	31	30
ADD9	99	21	T8	28	29	29
ADD8	101	20	U9	24	25	26
ADD7	102	19	U10	23	23	25
ADD6	103	18	U11	22	21	24
ADD5	104	17	U12	21	19	18
ADD4	105	13	R12	14	14	17
ADD3	106	11	U14	12	13	16
ADD2	109	9	U15	10	11	10
ADD1	110	7	R13	8	10	9
ADD0	123	157	U16	203	9	8
DATA7	144	137	H17	178	178	177
DATA6	150	132	G17	172	176	175
DATA5	152	129	F17	169	174	172

Table 54. FLEX 8000 225-, 232-, 240-, 280- & 304-Pin Package Pin-Outs (Part 1 of 3)

Pin Name	225-Pin BGA EPF8820A	232-Pin PGA EPF81188A	240-Pin PQFP EPF81188A	240-Pin PQFP EPF81500A	280-Pin PGA EPF81500A	304-Pin RQFP EPF81500A
nSP (2)	A15	C14	237	237	W1	304
MSEL0 (2)	B14	G15	21	19	N1	26
MSEL1 (2)	R15	L15	40	38	H3	51
nSTATUS (2)	P2	L3	141	142	G19	178
nCONFIG (2)	R1	R4	117	120	B18	152
DCLK (2)	B2	C4	184	183	U18	230
CONF_DONE (2)	A1	G3	160	161	M16	204
nWS	L4	P1	133	134	F18	167
nRS	K5	N1	137	138	G18	171
RDCLK	F1	G2	158	159	M17	202
nCS	D1	E2	166	167	N16	212
CS	C1	E3	169	170	N18	215
RDYnBUSY	J3	K2	146	147	J17	183
CLKUSR	G2	H2	155	156	K19	199
ADD17	M14	R15	58	56	E3	73
ADD16	L12	T17	56	54	E2	71
ADD15	M15	P15	54	52	F4	69
ADD14	L13	M14	47	45	G1	60
ADD13	L14	M15	45	43	H2	58
ADD12	K13	M16	43	41	H1	56
ADD11	K15	K15	36	34	J3	47
ADD10	J13	K17	34	32	K3	45
ADD9	J15	J14	32	30	K4	43
ADD8	G14	J15	29	27	L1	34
ADD7	G13	H17	27	25	L2	32
ADD6	G11	H15	25	23	M1	30
ADD5	F14	F16	18	16	N2	20
ADD4	E13	F15	16	14	N3	18
ADD3	D15	F14	14	12	N4	16
ADD2	D14	D15	7	5	U1	8
ADD1	E12	B17	5	3	U2	6
ADD0	C15	C15	3	1	V1	4
DATA7	A7	A7	205	199	W13	254
DATA6	D7	D8	203	197	W14	252
DATA5	A6	B7	200	196	W15	250

Table 54. FLEX 8000 225-, 232-, 240-, 280- & 304-Pin Package Pin-Outs (Part 2 of 3)

Pin Name	225-Pin BGA EPF8820A	232-Pin PGA EPF81188A	240-Pin PQFP EPF81188A	240-Pin PQFP EPF81500A	280-Pin PGA EPF81500A	304-Pin RQFP EPF81500A
DATA4	A5	C7	198	194	W16	248
DATA3	B5	D7	196	193	W17	246
DATA2	E6	B5	194	190	V16	243
DATA1	D5	A3	191	189	U16	241
DATA0	C4	A2	189	187	V17	239
SDOUT (3)	K1	N2	135	136	F19	169
TDI	F15 (4)	–	–	63 (14)	B1 (14)	80 (14)
TDO	J2 (4)	–	–	117	C17	149
TCK (6)	J14 (4)	–	–	116 (14)	A19 (14)	148 (14)
TMS	J12 (4)	–	–	64 (14)	C2 (14)	81 (14)
TRST (7)	P14	–	–	115 (14)	A18 (14)	145 (14)
Dedicated Inputs (10)	F4, L1, K12, E15	C1, C17, R1, R17	10, 51, 130, 171	8, 49, 131, 172	F1, F16, P3, P19	12, 64, 164, 217
VCCINT (5.0 V)	F5, F10, E1, L2, K4, M12, P15, H13, H14, B15, C13	E4, H4, L4, P12, L14, H14, E14, R14, U1	20, 42, 64, 66, 114, 128, 150, 172, 236	18, 40, 60, 62, 91, 114, 129, 151, 173, 209, 236	B17, D3, D15, E8, E10, E12, E14, R7, R9, R11, R13, R14, T14	24, 54, 77, 144, 79, 115, 162, 191, 218, 266, 301
VCCIO (5.0 V or 3.3 V)	H3, H2, P6, R6, P10, N10, R14, N13, H15, H12, D12, A14, B10, A10, B6, C6, A2, C3, M4, R2	N10, M13, M5, K13, K5, H13, H5, F5, E10, E8, N8, F13	19, 41, 65, 81, 99, 116, 140, 162, 186, 202, 220, 235	17, 39, 61, 78, 94, 108, 130, 152, 174, 191, 205, 221, 235	D14, E7, E9, E11, E13, R6, R8, R10, R12, T13, T15	22, 53, 78, 99, 119, 137, 163, 193, 220, 244, 262, 282, 300

Table 54. FLEX 8000 225-, 232-, 240-, 280- & 304-Pin Package Pin-Outs (Part 3 of 3)

Pin Name	225-Pin BGA EPF8820A	232-Pin PGA EPF81188A	240-Pin PQFP EPF81188A	240-Pin PQFP EPF81500A	280-Pin PGA EPF81500A	304-Pin RQFP EPF81500A
GND	B1, D4, E14, F7, F8, F9, F12, G6, G7, G8, G9, G10, H1, H4, H5, H6, H7, H8, H9, H10, H11, J6, J7, J8, J9, J10, K6, K7, K8, K9, K11, L15, N3, P1	A1, D6, E11, E7, E9, G4, G5, G13, G14, J5, J13, K4, K14, L5, L13, N4, N7, N9, N11, N14	8, 9, 30, 31, 52, 53, 72, 90, 108, 115, 129, 139, 151, 161, 173, 185, 187, 193, 211, 229	6, 7, 28, 29, 50, 51, 71, 85, 92, 101, 118, 119, 140, 141, 162, 163, 184, 185, 186, 198, 208, 214, 228	D4, D5, D16, E4, E5, E6, E15, E16, F5, F15, G5, G15, H5, H15, J5, J15, K5, K15, L5, L15, M5, M15, N5, N15, P4, P5, P15, P16, R4, R5, R15, R16, T4, T5, T16, U17	9, 11, 36, 38, 65, 67, 90, 108, 116, 128, 150, 151, 175, 177, 206, 208, 231, 232, 237, 253, 265, 273, 291
No Connect (N.C.)	—	—	61, 62, 119, 120, 181, 182, 239, 240	—	—	10, 21, 23, 25, 35, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 52, 55, 66, 68, 146, 147, 161, 173, 174, 176, 187, 188, 189, 190, 192, 194, 195, 205, 207, 219, 221, 233, 234, 235, 236, 302, 303
Total User I/O Pins (9)	148	180	180	177	204	204