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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	22
Program Memory Size	96KB (96K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	12K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 8x8/10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	32-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f104bfdfp-v0

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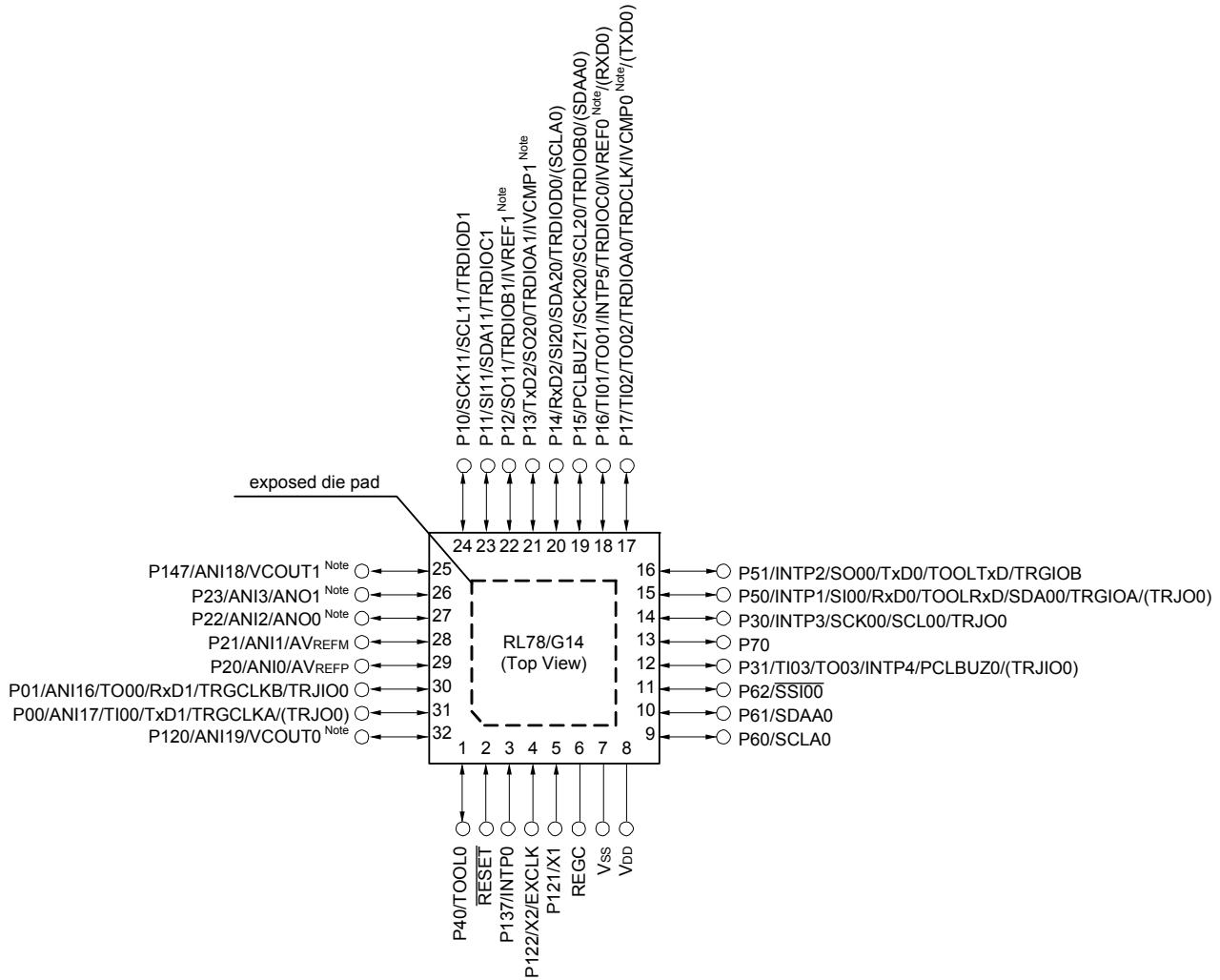
Pin count	Package	Fields of Application Note	Ordering Part Number
64 pins	64-pin plastic LQFP (12 × 12 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)	A	R5F104LCAFA#V0, R5F104LDAFA#V0, R5F104LEAFA#V0, R5F104LFAFA#V0, R5F104LGAF#V0, R5F104LHAF#V0, R5F104LJAF#V0 R5F104LCAFA#X0, R5F104LDAFA#X0, R5F104LEAFA#X0, R5F104LFAFA#X0, R5F104LGAF#X0, R5F104LHAF#X0, R5F104LJAF#X0 R5F104LKAF#30, R5F104LLAF#30 R5F104LKAF#50, R5F104LLAF#50
		D	R5F104LCDFA#V0, R5F104LDDFA#V0, R5F104LEDFA#V0, R5F104LFDF#V0, R5F104LGDF#V0, R5F104LHDFA#V0, R5F104LJDFA#V0 R5F104LCDFA#X0, R5F104LDDFA#X0, R5F104LEDFA#X0, R5F104LFDF#X0, R5F104LGDF#X0, R5F104LHDFA#X0, R5F104LJDFA#X0
		G	R5F104LCGFA#V0, R5F104LDGFA#V0, R5F104LEGFA#V0, R5F104LFGFA#V0, R5F104LGGFA#V0, R5F104LHGFA#V0, R5F104LJGFA#V0 R5F104LCGFA#X0, R5F104LDGFA#X0, R5F104LEGFA#X0, R5F104LFGFA#X0, R5F104LGGFA#X0, R5F104LHGFA#X0, R5F104LJGFA#X0 R5F104LKGF#30, R5F104LLGF#30 R5F104LKGF#50, R5F104LLGF#50
	64-pin plastic LFQFP (10 × 10 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	A	R5F104LCAFB#V0, R5F104LDAFB#V0, R5F104LEAFB#V0, R5F104LFAFB#V0, R5F104LGAFB#V0, R5F104LHAFB#V0, R5F104LJAFB#V0 R5F104LCAFB#X0, R5F104LDAFB#X0, R5F104LEAFB#X0, R5F104LFAFB#X0, R5F104LGAFB#X0, R5F104LHAFB#X0, R5F104LJAFB#X0 R5F104LKAFB#30, R5F104LLAFB#30 R5F104LKAFB#50, R5F104LLAFB#50
		D	R5F104LCDFB#V0, R5F104LDDFB#V0, R5F104LEDFB#V0, R5F104LFDFB#V0, R5F104LGDFB#V0, R5F104LHDFB#V0, R5F104LJDFB#V0 R5F104LCDFB#X0, R5F104LDDFB#X0, R5F104LEDFB#X0, R5F104LFDFB#X0, R5F104LGDFB#X0, R5F104LHDFB#X0, R5F104LJDFB#X0
		G	R5F104LCGFB#V0, R5F104LDGFB#V0, R5F104LEGFB#V0, R5F104LFGFB#V0, R5F104LGGFB#V0, R5F104LHGFB#V0, R5F104LJGFB#V0 R5F104LCGFB#X0, R5F104LDGFB#X0, R5F104LEGFB#X0, R5F104LFGFB#X0, R5F104LGGFB#X0, R5F104LHGFB#X0, R5F104LJGFB#X0 R5F104LKGF#30, R5F104LLGF#30 R5F104LKGF#50, R5F104LLGF#50
	64-pin plastic FLGA (5 × 5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	A	R5F104LCALA#U0, R5F104LDALA#U0, R5F104LEALA#U0, R5F104LFALA#U0, R5F104LGALA#U0, R5F104LHALA#U0, R5F104LJALA#U0 R5F104LCALA#W0, R5F104LDALA#W0, R5F104LEALA#W0, R5F104LFALA#W0, R5F104LGALA#W0, R5F104LHALA#W0, R5F104LJALA#W0 R5F104LKALA#U0, R5F104LLALA#U0 R5F104LKALA#W0, R5F104LLALA#W0
		G	R5F104LCGLA#U0, R5F104LDGLA#U0, R5F104LEGLA#U0, R5F104LFGLA#U0, R5F104LGGLA#U0, R5F104LHGLA#U0, R5F104LJGLA#U0, R5F104LKGLA#U0, R5F104LLGLA#U0 R5F104LCGLA#W0, R5F104LDGLA#W0, R5F104LEGLA#W0, R5F104LFGLA#W0, R5F104LGGLA#W0, R5F104LHGLA#W0, R5F104LJGLA#W0, R5F104LKGLA#W0, R5F104LLGLA#W0
	64-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.8 mm pitch)	A	R5F104LCAP#V0, R5F104LDAFP#V0, R5F104LEAfp#V0, R5F104LFAFP#V0, R5F104LGAFP#V0, R5F104LHAFP#V0, R5F104LJAFP#V0 R5F104LCAP#X0, R5F104LDAFP#X0, R5F104LEAfp#X0, R5F104LFAFP#X0, R5F104LGAFP#X0, R5F104LHAFP#X0, R5F104LJAFP#X0
		D	R5F104LCDFP#V0, R5F104LDDFP#V0, R5F104LEDFP#V0, R5F104LFDFP#V0, R5F104LGDFP#V0, R5F104LHDFP#V0, R5F104LJDFP#V0 R5F104LCDFP#X0, R5F104LDDFP#X0, R5F104LEDFP#X0, R5F104LFDFP#X0, R5F104LGDFP#X0, R5F104LHDFP#X0, R5F104LJDFP#X0
		G	R5F104LCGFP#V0, R5F104LDGFP#V0, R5F104LEGFP#V0, R5F104LFGFP#V0, R5F104LGGFP#V0, R5F104LHGFP#V0, R5F104LJGFP#V0 R5F104LCGFP#X0, R5F104LDGFP#X0, R5F104LEGFP#X0, R5F104LFGFP#X0, R5F104LGGFP#X0, R5F104LHGFP#X0, R5F104LJGFP#X0

Note For the fields of application, refer to **Figure 1 - 1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G14**.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

1.3.2 32-pin products

- 32-pin plastic HWQFN (5 × 5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



Note Mounted on the 96 KB or more code flash memory products.

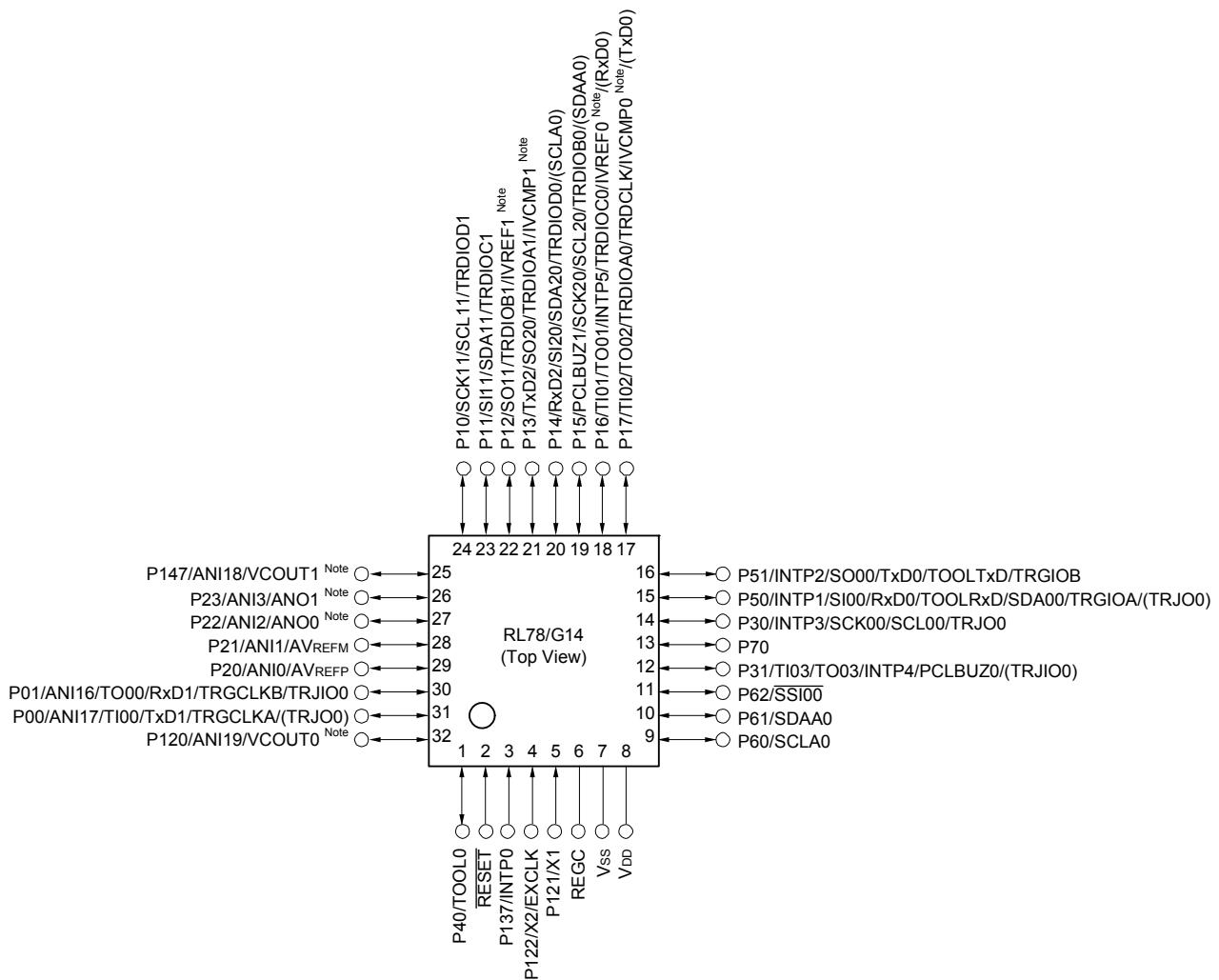
Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss pin via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remark 1. For pin identification, see [1.4 Pin Identification](#).

Remark 2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1).

Remark 3. It is recommended to connect an exposed die pad to Vss.

- 32-pin plastic LQFP (7×7 mm, 0.8 mm pitch)



Note Mounted on the 96 KB or more code flash memory products.

Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss pin via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

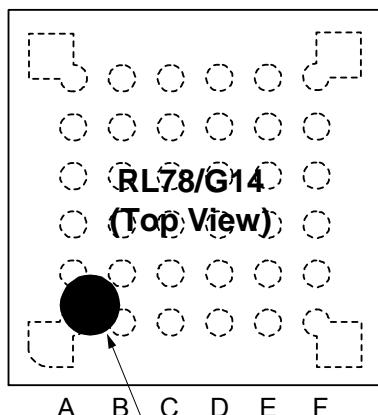
Remark 1. For pin identification, see **1.4 Pin Identification**.

Remark 2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1).

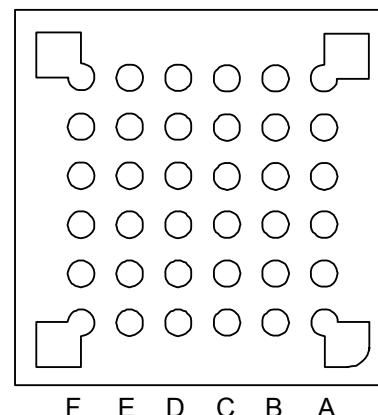
1.3.3 36-pin products

- 36-pin plastic WFLGA (4×4 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)

Top View



Bottom View



INDEX MARK

	A	B	C	D	E	F	
6	P60/SCLA0	V _{DD}	P121/X1	P122/X2/EXCLK	P137/INTP0	P40/TOOL0	6
5	P62/SS100	P61/SDAA0	V _{SS}	REGC	RESET	P120/ANI19/ VCOUT0 Note	5
4	P72/SO21	P71/SI21/ SDA21	P14/RxD2/SI20/ SDA20/TRDIO0/ (SCLA0)	P31/TI03/TO03/ INTP4/PCLBUZ0/ (TRJ00)	P00/TI00/TxD1/ TRGCLKA/ (TRJ00)	P01/TO00/ RxD1/TRGCLKB/ (TRJ00)	4
3	P50/INTP1/ SI00/RxD0/ TOOLRxD/ SDA00/TRGIOA/ (TRJ00)	P70/SCK21/ SCL21	P15/PCLBUZ1/ SCK20/SCL20/ TRDIOB0/ (SDAA0)	P22/ANI2/ ANO0 Note	P20/ANI0/ AVREFP	P21/ANI1/ AVREFM	3
2	P30/INTP3/ SCK00/SCL00/ TRJ00	P16/TI01/TO01/ INTP5/TRDIOC0/ IVREF0 Note/ (RxD0)	P12/SO11/ TRDIOB1/ IVREF1 Note	P11/SI11/ SDA11/ TRDIOC1	P24/ANI4	P23/ANI3/ ANO1 Note	2
1	P51/INTP2/ SO00/TxD0/ TOOLTxD/ TRGIOB	P17/TI02/TO02/ TRDIOA0/ TRDCLK/ IVCMP0 Note/ (TxD0)	P13/TxD2/ SO20/TRDIOA1/ IVCMP1 Note	P10/SCK11/ SCL11/ TRDIOD1	P147/ANI18/ VCOUT1 Note	P25/ANI5	1

Note Mounted on the 96 KB or more code flash memory products.

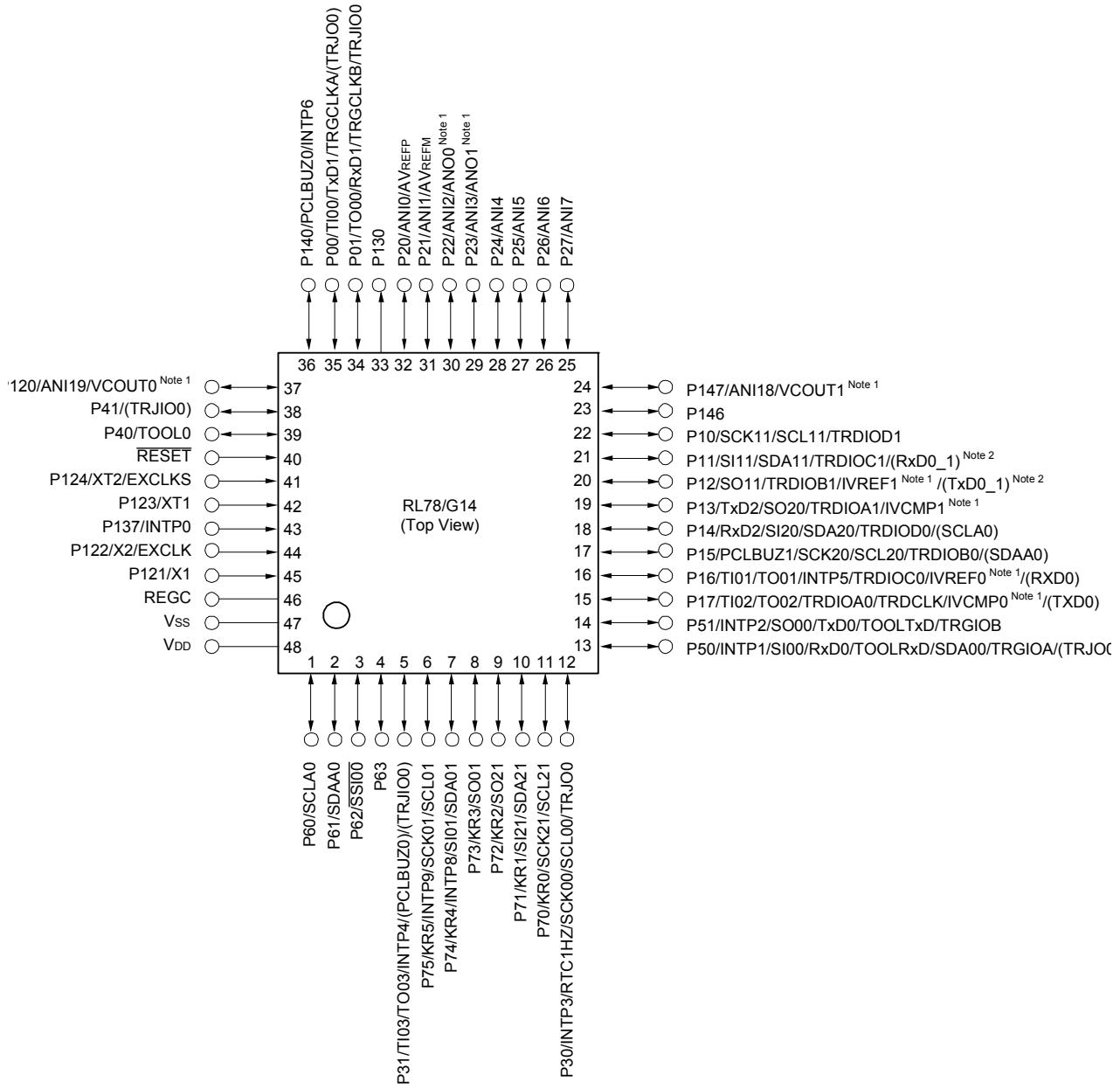
Caution Connect the REGC pin to V_{SS} pin via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Remark 2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1).

1.3.6 48-pin products

- 48-pin plastic LFQFP (7 × 7 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



Note 1. Mounted on the 96 KB or more code flash memory products.

Note 2. Mounted on the 384 KB or more code flash memory products.

Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss pin via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Remark 2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1).

[30-pin, 32-pin, 36-pin, 40-pin products (code flash memory 96 KB to 256 KB)]

Caution This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1) are set to 00H.

(1/2)

Item	30-pin	32-pin	36-pin	40-pin
	R5F104Ax (x = F, G)	R5F104Bx (x = F, G)	R5F104Cx (x = F, G)	R5F104Ex (x = F to H)
Code flash memory (KB)	96 to 128	96 to 128	96 to 128	96 to 192
Data flash memory (KB)	8	8	8	8
RAM (KB)	12 to 16 Note	12 to 16 Note	12 to 16 Note	12 to 20 Note
Address space	1 MB			
Main system clock	High-speed system clock X1 (crystal/ceramic) oscillation, external main system clock input (EXCLK) HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 20 MHz (V_{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (V_{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V), LV (low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (V_{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V)			
	High-speed on-chip oscillator clock (f_{IH}) HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 32 MHz (V_{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (V_{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V), LV (low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (V_{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V)			
Subsystem clock		—		XT1 (crystal) oscillation, external subsystem clock input (EXCLKS) 32.768 kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock	15 kHz (TYP.): V_{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V			
General-purpose register	8 bits \times 32 registers (8 bits \times 8 registers \times 4 banks)			
Minimum instruction execution time	0.03125 μ s (High-speed on-chip oscillator clock: f_{IH} = 32 MHz operation) 0.05 μ s (High-speed system clock: f_{MX} = 20 MHz operation) — 30.5 μ s (Subsystem clock: f_{SUB} = 32.768 kHz operation)			
Instruction set	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data transfer (8/16 bits) • Adder and subtractor/logical operation (8/16 bits) • Multiplication (8 bits \times 8 bits, 16 bits \times 16 bits), Division (16 bits \div 16 bits, 32 bits \div 32 bits) • Multiplication and Accumulation (16 bits \times 16 bits + 32 bits) • Rotate, barrel shift, and bit manipulation (Set, reset, test, and Boolean operation), etc. 			
I/O port	Total	26	28	32
	CMOS I/O	21	22	26
	CMOS input	3	3	3
	CMOS output	—	—	—
	N-ch open-drain I/O (6 V tolerance)	2	3	3
Timer	16-bit timer	8 channels (TAU: 4 channels, Timer RJ: 1 channel, Timer RD: 2 channels, Timer RG: 1 channel)		
	Watchdog timer	1 channel		
	Real-time clock (RTC)	1 channel		
	12-bit interval timer	1 channel		
	Timer output	Timer outputs: 13 channels PWM outputs: 9 channels		
	RTC output	—		1 • 1 Hz (subsystem clock: f_{SUB} = 32.768 kHz)

(Note is listed on the next page.)

2.2 Oscillator Characteristics

2.2.1 X1, XT1 characteristics

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V)

Resonator	Resonator	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation frequency (fx) Note	Ceramic resonator/ crystal resonator	2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	1.0		20.0	MHz
		2.4 V ≤ VDD < 2.7 V	1.0		16.0	
		1.8 V ≤ VDD < 2.4 V	1.0		8.0	
		1.6 V ≤ VDD < 1.8 V	1.0		4.0	
XT1 clock oscillation frequency (fxT) Note	Crystal resonator		32	32.768	35	kHz

Note Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to **AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time.
Request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board to check the oscillator characteristics.

Caution Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after a reset release, check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time using the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) by the user. Determine the oscillation stabilization time of the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after sufficiently evaluating the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.

Remark When using the X1 oscillator and XT1 oscillator, refer to 5.4 System Clock Oscillator in the RL78/G14 User's Manual.

2.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V)

Oscillators	Parameters	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency Notes 1, 2	f _{1H}			1		32	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy		-20 to +85°C	1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	-1.0		+1.0	%
			1.6 V ≤ VDD < 1.8 V	-5.0		+5.0	%
		-40 to -20°C	1.8 V ≤ VDD < 5.5 V	-1.5		+1.5	%
			1.6 V ≤ VDD < 1.8 V	-5.5		+5.5	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	f _{1L}				15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy				-15		+15	%

Note 1. High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected with bits 0 to 4 of the option byte (000C2H) and bits 0 to 2 of the HOCODIV register.

Note 2. This only indicates the oscillator characteristics. Refer to **AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time.

(3) Flash ROM: 384 to 512 KB of 48- to 100-pin products

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

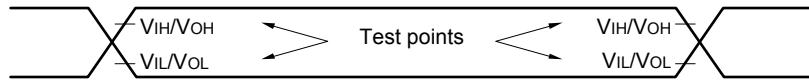
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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current Note 1	IDD2 Note 2	HALT mode HS (high-speed main) mode Note 7	fHO CO = 64 MHz, fIH = 32 MHz Note 4	VDD = 5.0 V		0.93	3.32		mA
				VDD = 3.0 V		0.93	3.32		
			fHO CO = 32 MHz, fIH = 32 MHz Note 4	VDD = 5.0 V		0.5	2.63		
				VDD = 3.0 V		0.5	2.63		
			fHO CO = 48 MHz, fIH = 24 MHz Note 4	VDD = 5.0 V		0.72	2.60		
				VDD = 3.0 V		0.72	2.60		
			fHO CO = 24 MHz, fIH = 24 MHz Note 4	VDD = 5.0 V		0.42	2.03		
				VDD = 3.0 V		0.42	2.03		
			fHO CO = 16 MHz, fIH = 16 MHz Note 4	VDD = 5.0 V		0.39	1.50		
				VDD = 3.0 V		0.39	1.50		
		LS (low-speed main) mode Note 7	fHO CO = 8 MHz, fIH = 8 MHz Note 4	VDD = 3.0 V		270	800		μA
				VDD = 2.0 V		270	800		
		LV (low-voltage main) mode Note 7	fHO CO = 4 MHz, fIH = 4 MHz Note 4	VDD = 3.0 V		450	755		μA
				VDD = 2.0 V		450	755		
		HS (high-speed main) mode Note 7	fMX = 20 MHz Note 3, VDD = 5.0 V	Square wave input		0.31	1.69		mA
				Resonator connection		0.41	1.91		
			fMX = 20 MHz Note 3, VDD = 3.0 V	Square wave input		0.31	1.69		
				Resonator connection		0.41	1.91		
			fMX = 10 MHz Note 3, VDD = 5.0 V	Square wave input		0.21	0.94		
				Resonator connection		0.26	1.02		
			fMX = 10 MHz Note 3, VDD = 3.0 V	Square wave input		0.21	0.94		
				Resonator connection		0.26	1.02		
		LS (low-speed main) mode Note 7	fMX = 8 MHz Note 3, VDD = 3.0 V	Square wave input		110	610		μA
				Resonator connection		150	660		
			fMX = 8 MHz Note 3, VDD = 2.0 V	Square wave input		110	610		
				Resonator connection		150	660		
		Subsystem clock operation	fsUB = 32.768 kHz Note 5, TA = -40°C	Square wave input		0.31			μA
				Resonator connection		0.50			
			fsUB = 32.768 kHz Note 5, TA = +25°C	Square wave input		0.38	0.76		
				Resonator connection		0.57	0.95		
			fsUB = 32.768 kHz Note 5, TA = +50°C	Square wave input		0.47	3.59		
				Resonator connection		0.70	3.78		
			fsUB = 32.768 kHz Note 5, TA = +70°C	Square wave input		0.80	6.20		
				Resonator connection		1.00	6.39		
			fsUB = 32.768 kHz Note 5, TA = +85°C	Square wave input		1.65	10.56		
				Resonator connection		1.84	10.75		
		STOP mode Note 8	TA = -40°C			0.19			μA
			TA = +25°C			0.30	0.59		
			TA = +50°C			0.41	3.42		
			TA = +70°C			0.80	6.03		
			TA = +85°C			1.53	10.39		

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

2.5 Peripheral Functions Characteristics

AC Timing Test Points



2.5.1 Serial array unit

(1) During communication at same potential (UART mode)

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate Note 1		2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		fMCK/6 Note 2		fMCK/6		fMCK/6	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fMCK = fCLK Note 3		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		fMCK/6 Note 2		fMCK/6		fMCK/6	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fMCK = fCLK Note 3		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		fMCK/6 Note 2		fMCK/6 Note 2		fMCK/6	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fMCK = fCLK Note 3		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—			fMCK/6 Note 2		fMCK/6	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fMCK = fCLK Note 3	—			1.3		0.6	Mbps

Note 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

However, the SNOOZE mode cannot be used when FRQSEL4 = 1.

Note 2. The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when EVDD0 < VDD.

2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V: MAX. 2.6 Mbps

1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.4 V: MAX. 1.3 Mbps

1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 < 1.8 V: MAX. 0.6 Mbps

Note 3. The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (fCLK) are:

HS (high-speed main) mode: 32 MHz (2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)

16 MHz (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)

LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)

LV (low-voltage main) mode: 4 MHz (1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the RxDq pin and the normal output mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

(4) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

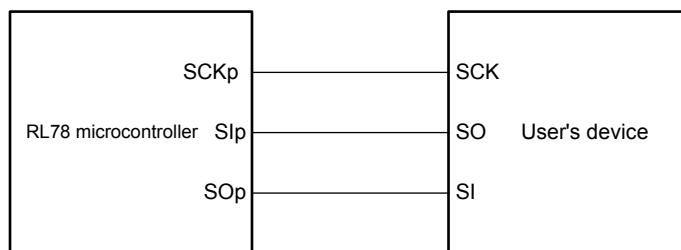
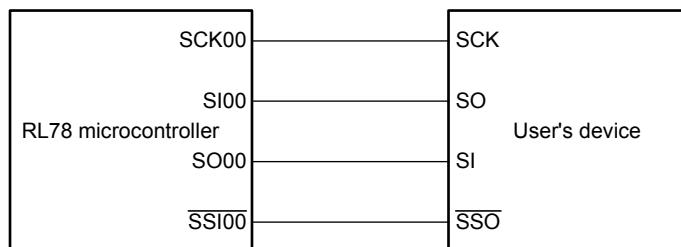
(2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		LS (low-speed main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) mode		Unit	
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
SSI00 setup time	tssik	DAPmn = 0	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	120		120		120		ns
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	200		200		200		ns
			1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	400		400		400		ns
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	—		400		400		ns
		DAPmn = 1	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		ns
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		ns
			1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		ns
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	—		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		ns
SSI00 hold time	tkssi	DAPmn = 0	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		ns
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		ns
			1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		ns
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	—		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		ns
		DAPmn = 1	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	120		120		120		ns
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	200		200		200		ns
			1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	400		400		400		ns
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	—		400		400		ns

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and SCKp pin and the normal output mode for the SOOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

Remark p: CSI number (p = 00), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0), g: PIM number (g = 3, 5)

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)
(Slave Transmission of slave select input function (CSI00))

Remark 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31)

Remark 2. m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)

(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode)(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{D0} = EV_{D1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{S0} = EV_{S1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		LS (low-speed main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate		reception	4.0 V ≤ EV _{D0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V		f _{MCK} /6 Note 1		f _{MCK} /6 Note 1		f _{MCK} /6 Note 1 bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate f _{MCK} = f _{CLK} Note 4		5.3		1.3		0.6 Mbps
			2.7 V ≤ EV _{D0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V		f _{MCK} /6 Note 1		f _{MCK} /6 Note 1		f _{MCK} /6 Note 1 bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate f _{MCK} = f _{CLK} Note 4		5.3		1.3		0.6 Mbps
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{D0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V		f _{MCK} /6 Notes 1, 2, 3		f _{MCK} /6 Notes 1, 2		f _{MCK} /6 Notes 1, 2 bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate f _{MCK} = f _{CLK} Note 4		5.3		1.3		0.6 Mbps

Note 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

However, the SNOOZE mode cannot be used when FRQSEL4 = 1.

Note 2. Use it with EV_{D0} ≥ V_b.**Note 3.** The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when EV_{D0} < V_{DD}.2.4 V ≤ EV_{D0} < 2.7 V: MAX. 2.6 Mbps1.8 V ≤ EV_{D0} < 2.4 V: MAX. 1.3 Mbps**Note 4.** The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (f_{CLK}) are:HS (high-speed main) mode: 32 MHz (2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)16 MHz (2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)LV (low-voltage main) mode: 4 MHz (1.6 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)**Caution** Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 30- to 52-pin products)/EV_{D0} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.**Remark 1.** V_b [V]: Communication line voltage**Remark 2.** q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 5, 14)**Remark 3.** f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)

Remark 4. UART2 cannot communicate at different potential when bit 1 (PIOR01) of peripheral I/O redirection register 0 (PIOR0) is 1.

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

(4/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage, high	V _{OH1}	P00 to P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P100 to P102, P110, P111, P120, P130, P140 to P147	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OH1} = -3.0 mA	EV _{DD0} - 0.7			V
				EV _{DD0} - 0.6			V
				EV _{DD0} - 0.5			V
	V _{OH2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OH2} = -100 μA	V _{DD} - 0.5			V
Output voltage, low	V _{OL1}	P00 to P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P100 to P102, P110, P111, P120, P130, P140 to P147	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL1} = 8.5 mA			0.7	V
			2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL1} = 3.0 mA			0.6	V
			2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL1} = 1.5 mA			0.4	V
			2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL1} = 0.6 mA			0.4	V
	V _{OL2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL2} = 400 μA			0.4	V
	V _{OL3}	P60 to P63	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL3} = 15.0 mA			2.0	V
			4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL3} = 5.0 mA			0.4	V
			2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL3} = 3.0 mA			0.4	V
			2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL3} = 2.0 mA			0.4	V

Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10, P11, P13 to P15, P17, P30, P43 to P45, P50 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

- Note 1.** Total current flowing into V_{DD}, EV_{DD0}, and EV_{DD1}, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD}, EV_{DD0}, and EV_{DD1}, or V_{SS}, EV_{VSS0}, and EV_{VSS1}. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, D/A converter, comparator, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
- Note 2.** During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
- Note 3.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 4.** When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 5.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and setting ultra-low current consumption (AMPHS1 = 1). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
- Note 6.** Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
- Note 7.** Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.
HS (high-speed main) mode: 2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V @ 1 MHz to 32 MHz
2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V @ 1 MHz to 16 MHz
- Note 8.** Regarding the value for current to operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.

Remark 1. f_{MX}: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)

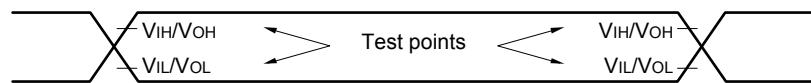
Remark 2. f_{HOCO}: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (64 MHz max.)

Remark 3. f_{IH}: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (32 MHz max.)

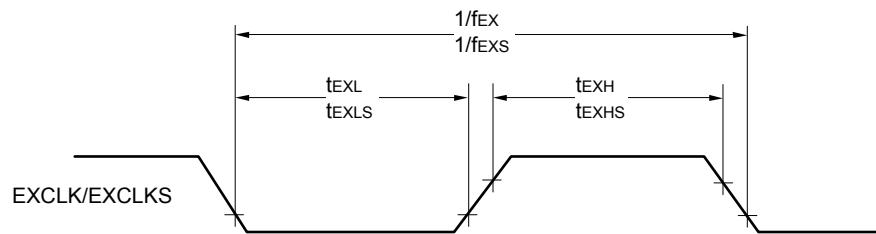
Remark 4. f_{SUB}: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)

Remark 5. Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C

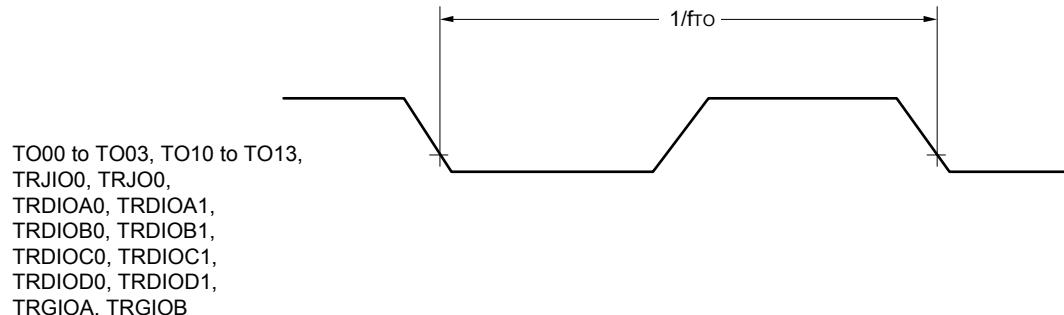
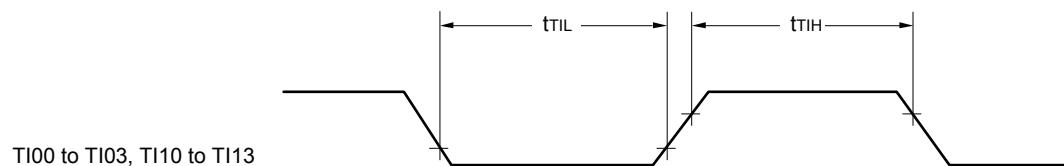
AC Timing Test Points



External System Clock Timing



TI/TO Timing



Note 5. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using fmck/12 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when $2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{EVDD0} < 3.3 \text{ V}$ and $1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vb} \leq 2.0 \text{ V}$

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

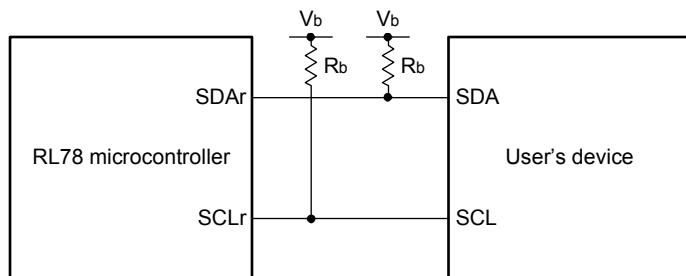
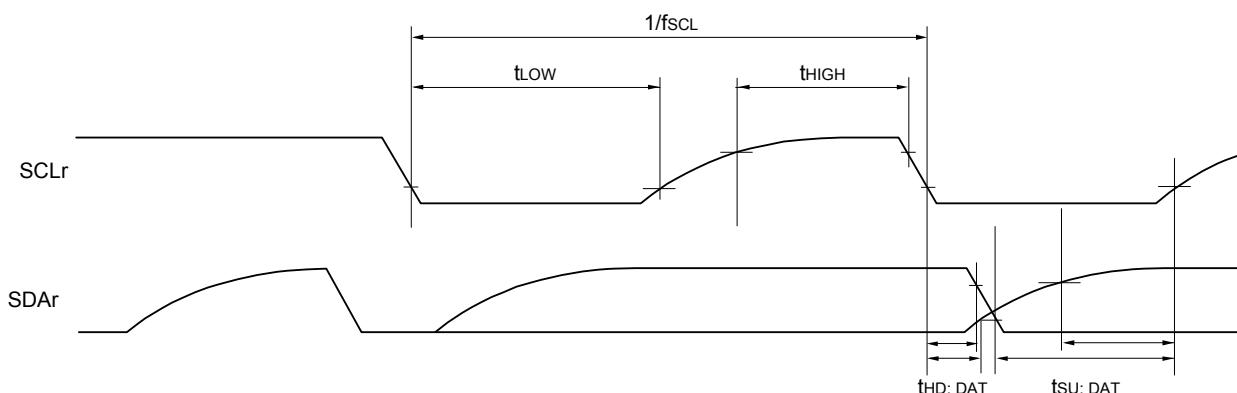
$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\}}{\left(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}\right) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides

Note 6. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to **Note 5** above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 30- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and Vil, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

Simplified I²C mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)**Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at different potential)**

Remark 1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLR) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLR) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage

Remark 2. r: IIC number ($r = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 30, 31$), g: PIM, POM number ($g = 0, 1, 3$ to $5, 14$)

Remark 3. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number ($m = 0, 1$), n: Channel number ($n = 0, 2$), mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13)

3.6 Analog Characteristics

3.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Classification of A/D converter characteristics

Input channel	Reference Voltage Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM	Reference voltage (+) = VDD Reference voltage (-) = VSS	Reference voltage (+) = VBGR Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM
AN10 to AN14	Refer to 3.6.1 (1).	Refer to 3.6.1 (3).	Refer to 3.6.1 (4). —
AN16 to AN20	Refer to 3.6.1 (2).		
Internal reference voltage Temperature sensor output voltage	Refer to 3.6.1 (1).		

- (1) When reference voltage (+) = AVREFP/AN10 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/AN11 (ADREFM = 1), target pin: AN12 to AN14, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP,

Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error Note 1	AINL	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V		1.2	±3.5	LSB
Conversion time	tCONV	10-bit resolution Target pin: AN12 to AN14	3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.125		39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875		39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
		10-bit resolution Target pin: Internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.375		39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	3.5625		39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error Notes 1, 2	Ezs	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±0.25	%FSR
Full-scale error Notes 1, 2	EFS	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±0.25	%FSR
Integral linearity error Note 1	ILE	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±2.5	LSB
Differential linearity error Note 1	DLE	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±1.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN	ANI2 to ANI14		0		AVREFP	V
		Internal reference voltage output (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			VBGR Note 4		V
		Temperature sensor output voltage (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			VTMPS25 Note 4		V

Note 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

Note 2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

Note 3. When AVREFP < VDD, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ±1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add ±0.05%FSR to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

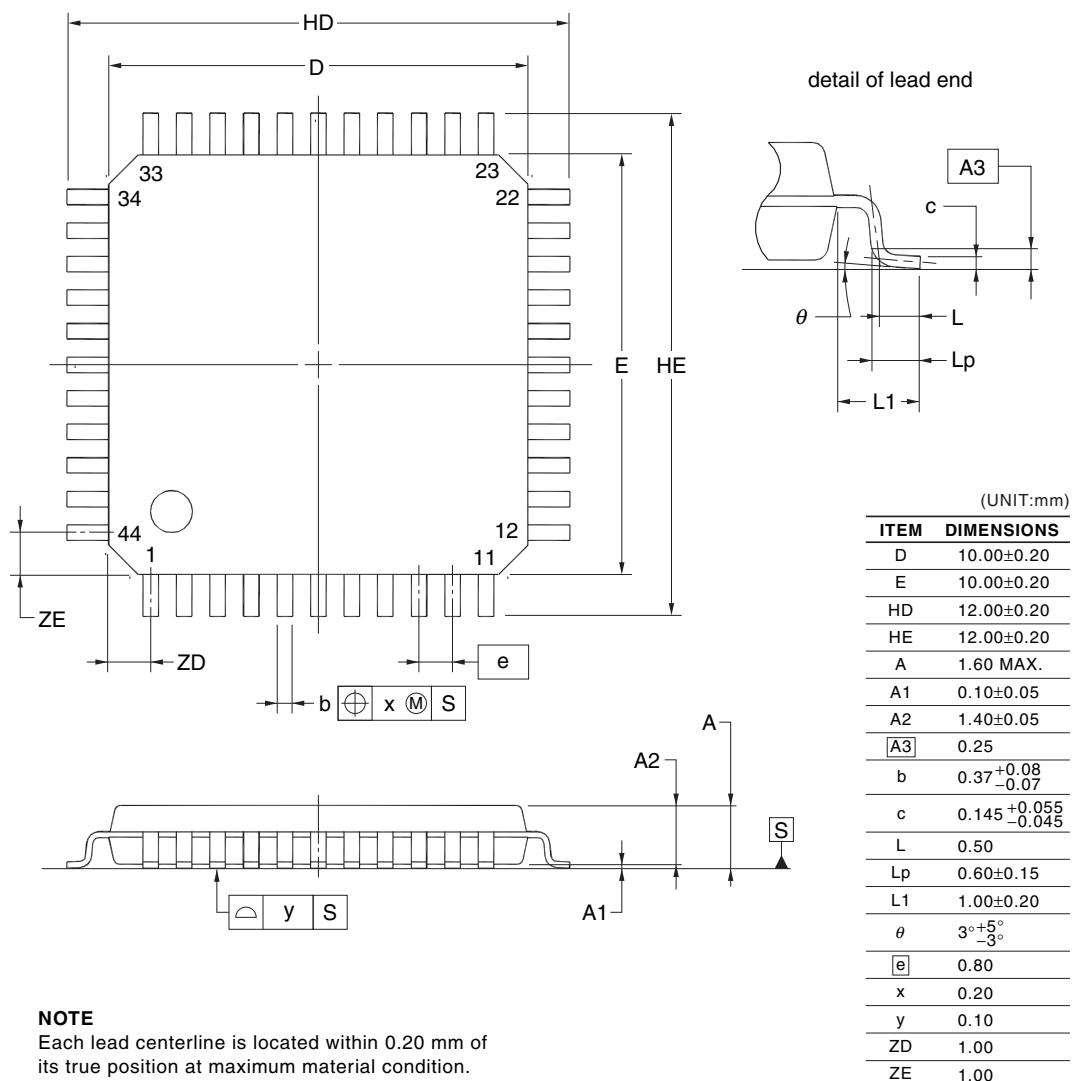
Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

Note 4. Refer to 3.6.2 Temperature sensor characteristics/internal reference voltage characteristic.

4.5 44-pin products

R5F104FAAFP, R5F104FCAFP, R5F104FDAFP, R5F104FEAfp, R5F104FFAfp, R5F104FGAfp,
 R5F104FHAFP, R5F104FJAfp
 R5F104FADFP, R5F104FCDFP, R5F104FDDFP, R5F104FEDFP, R5F104FFDFP, R5F104FGDFP,
 R5F104FHDFP, R5F104FJDFP
 R5F104FAGFP, R5F104FCGFP, R5F104FDGFP, R5F104FEGFP, R5F104FFGFP, R5F104FGGFP,
 R5F104FHGFP, R5F104FJGFP

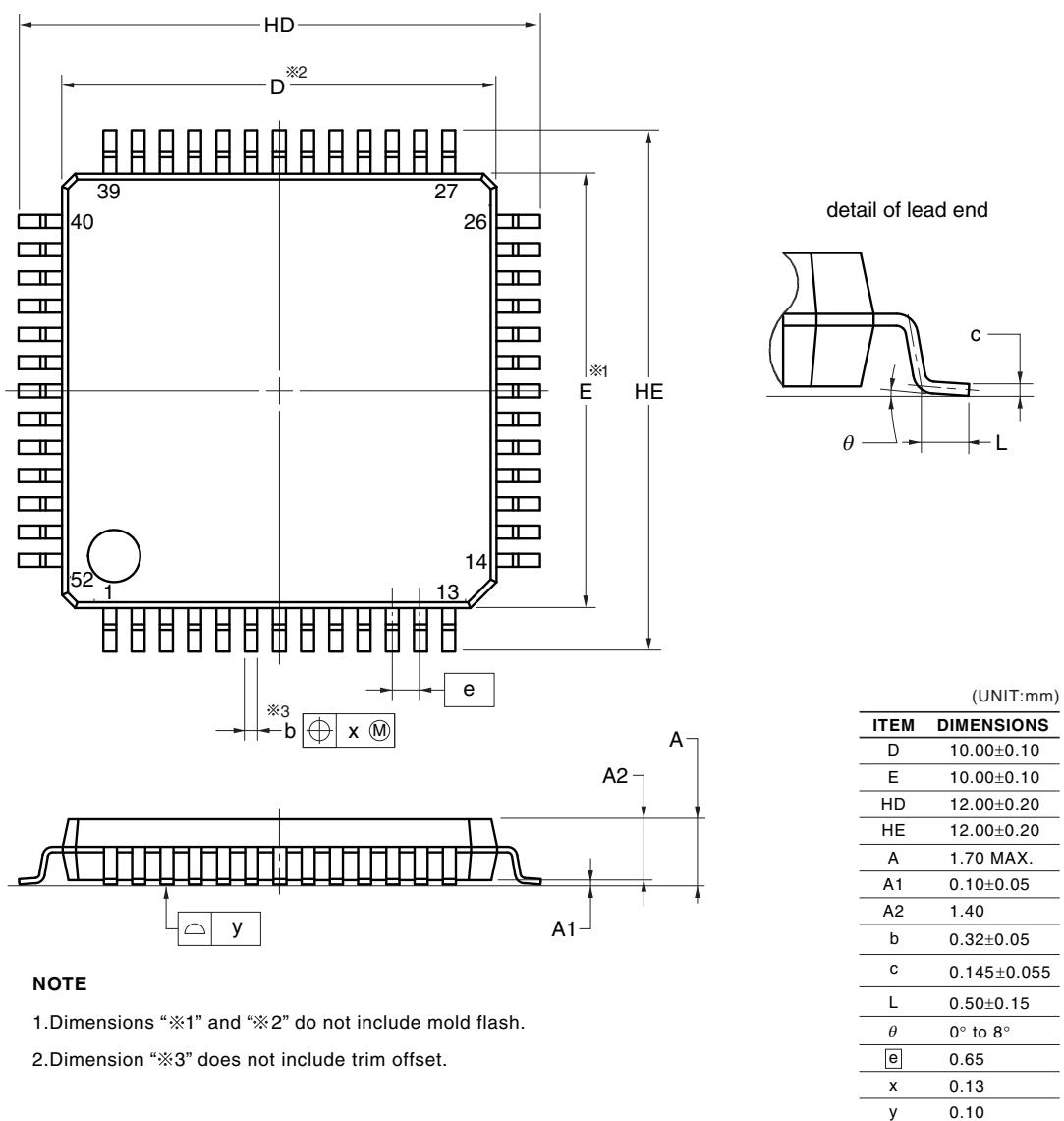
JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP44-10x10-0.80	PLQP0044GC-A	P44GB-80-UES-2	0.36



4.7 52-pin products

R5F104JCAFA, R5F104JDAFA, R5F104JEAF, R5F104JFAFA, R5F104JGAF, R5F104JHAF, R5F104JJAF, R5F104JCDFA, R5F104JDDFA, R5F104JEDFA, R5F104JFDFA, R5F104JGDFA, R5F104JHDFA, R5F104JJDFA, R5F104JCGFA, R5F104JDGFA, R5F104JEGFA, R5F104JFGFA, R5F104JGGFA, R5F104JHGFA, R5F104JJGFA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP52-10x10-0.65	PLQP0052JA-A	P52GB-65-GBS-1	0.3

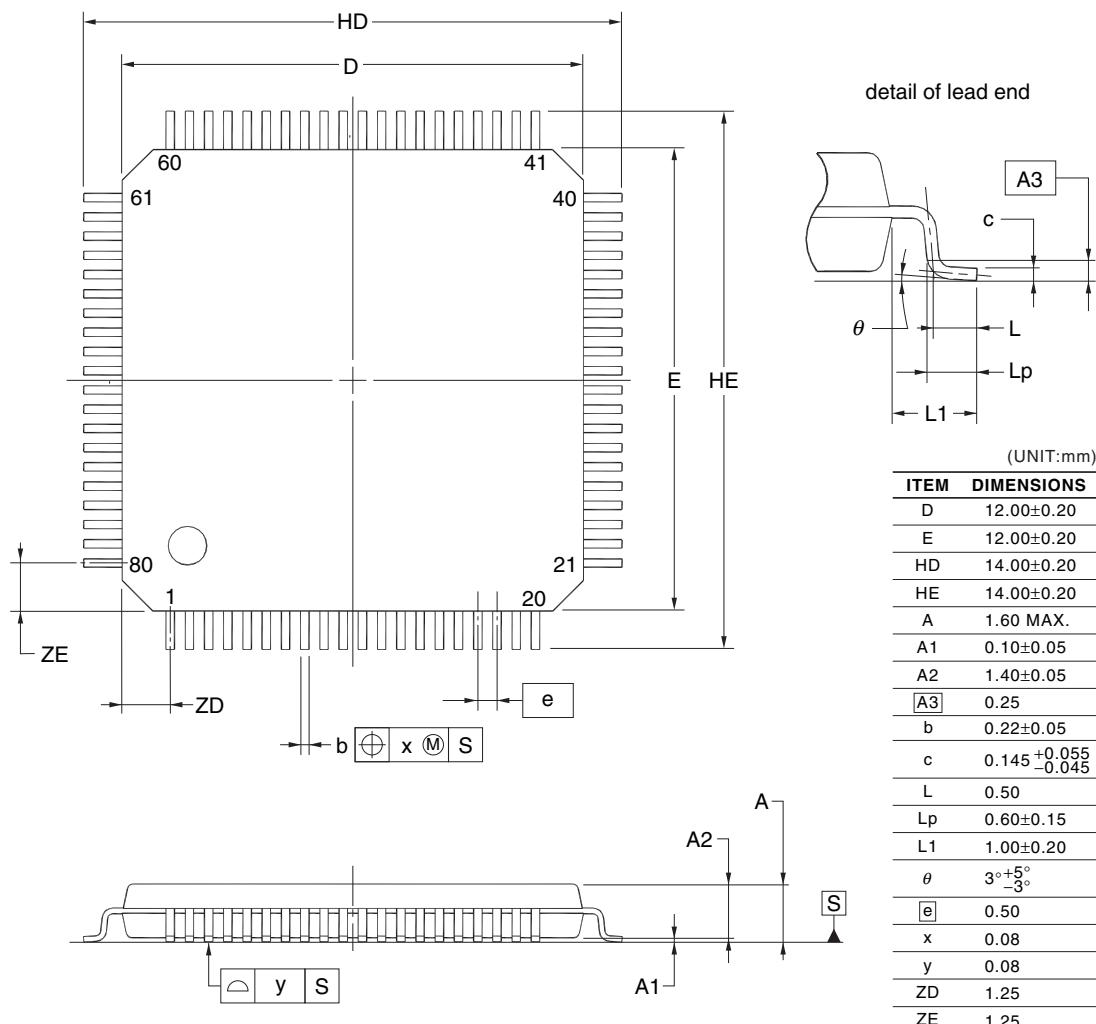


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4.9 80-pin products

R5F104MFAFB, R5F104MGAFB, R5F104MHAFB, R5F104MJAFB
 R5F104MFDFB, R5F104MGDFB, R5F104MHDFB, R5F104MJDFB
 R5F104MFGFB, R5F104MGGFB, R5F104MHGFB, R5F104MJGFB

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LFQFP80-12x12-0.50	PLQP0080KE-A	P80GK-50-8EU-2	0.53



NOTE

Each lead centerline is located within 0.08 mm of its true position at maximum material condition.