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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	31
Program Memory Size	96KB (96K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	12K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f104ffafp-30

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

○ ROM, RAM capacities

Flash ROM	Data flash	Data flash	Data flach	Data flach	Data flach	Data flach	RAM	RL78/G14				
TIASH NOW	Data liasii	r\Alvi	30 pins	32 pins	36 pins	40 pins						
192 KB	8 KB	20 KB	—	—	—	R5F104EH						
128 KB	8 KB	16 KB	R5F104AG	R5F104BG	R5F104CG	R5F104EG						
96 KB	8 KB	12 KB	R5F104AF	R5F104BF	R5F104CF	R5F104EF						
64 KB	4 KB	5.5 KB Note	R5F104AE	R5F104BE	R5F104CE	R5F104EE						
48 KB	4 KB	5.5 KB Note	R5F104AD	R5F104BD	R5F104CD	R5F104ED						
32 KB	4 KB	4 KB	R5F104AC	R5F104BC	R5F104CC	R5F104EC						
16 KB	4 KB	2.5 KB	R5F104AA	R5F104BA	R5F104CA	R5F104EA						

Flash ROM Data flash		RAM	RL78/G14				
T IdSIT KOW	Data liasii		44 pins	48 pins	52 pins	64 pins	
512 KB	8 KB	48 KB Note	_	R5F104GL	—	R5F104LL	
384 KB	8 KB	32 KB	_	R5F104GK	—	R5F104LK	
256 KB	8 KB	24 KB Note	R5F104FJ	R5F104GJ	R5F104JJ	R5F104LJ	
192 KB	8 KB	20 KB	R5F104FH	R5F104GH	R5F104JH	R5F104LH	
128 KB	8 KB	16 KB	R5F104FG	R5F104GG	R5F104JG	R5F104LG	
96 KB	8 KB	12 KB	R5F104FF	R5F104GF	R5F104JF	R5F104LF	
64 KB	4 KB	5.5 KB Note	R5F104FE	R5F104GE	R5F104JE	R5F104LE	
48 KB	4 KB	5.5 KB Note	R5F104FD	R5F104GD	R5F104JD	R5F104LD	
32 KB	4 KB	4 KB	R5F104FC	R5F104GC	R5F104JC	R5F104LC	
16 KB	4 KB	2.5 KB	R5F104FA	R5F104GA	_	_	

Flash ROM Data flash		Data flash RAM	RL78/G14		
FIDSII ROIVI	Flash ROM Data flash		80 pins	100 pins	
512 KB	8 KB	48 KB Note	R5F104ML	R5F104PL	
384 KB	8 KB	32 KB	R5F104MK	R5F104PK	
256 KB	8 KB	24 KB Note	R5F104MJ	R5F104PJ	
192 KB	8 KB	20 KB	R5F104MH	R5F104PH	
128 KB	8 KB	16 KB	R5F104MG	R5F104PG	
96 KB	8 KB	12 KB	R5F104MF	R5F104PF	

The flash library uses RAM in self-programming and rewriting of the data flash memory.

The target products and start address of the RAM areas used by the flash library are shown below.

R5F104xD (x = A to C, E to G, J, L): Start address FE900H

R5F104xE (x = A to C, E to G, J, L): Start address FE900H

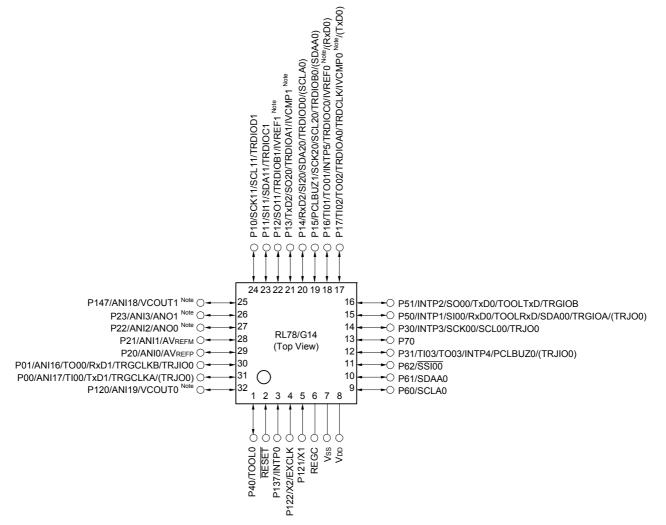
R5F104xJ (x = F, G, J, L, M, P): Start address F9F00H

R5F104xL (x = G, L, M, P): Start address F3F00H

For the RAM areas used by the flash library, see Self RAM list of Flash Self-Programming Library for RL78 Family (R20UT2944).



• 32-pin plastic LQFP (7 × 7 mm, 0.8 mm pitch)

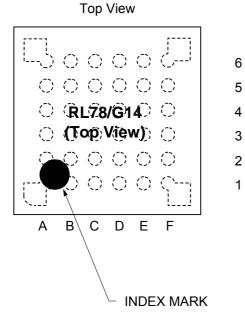


- Note Mounted on the 96 KB or more code flash memory products.
- Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss pin via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).
- Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.
- **Remark 2.** Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1).



1.3.3 36-pin products

• 36-pin plastic WFLGA (4 × 4 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



Bottom View						
	0	0	0	0		
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	Ο	0	0	0	
0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0	
0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0	
	0	0	0	0	\square	
F	Е	D	С	В	А	

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	
6	P60/SCLA0	Vdd	P121/X1	P122/X2/EXCLK	P137/INTP0	P40/TOOL0	6
5	P62/SSI00	P61/SDAA0	Vss	REGC	RESET	P120/ANI19/ VCOUT0 Note	5
4	P72/SO21	P71/SI21/ SDA21	P14/RxD2/SI20/ SDA20/TRDIOD0/ (SCLA0)	P31/TI03/TO03/ INTP4/PCLBUZ0/ (TRJIO0)	P00/TI00/TxD1/ TRGCLKA/ (TRJO0)	P01/TO00/ RxD1/TRGCLKB/ TRJIO0	4
3	P50/INTP1/ SI00/RxD0/ TOOLRxD/ SDA00/TRGIOA/ (TRJO0)	P70/SCK21/ SCL21	P15/PCLBUZ1/ SCK20/SCL20/ TRDIOB0/ (SDAA0)	P22/ANI2/ ANO0 ^{Note}	P20/ANI0/ AVREFP	P21/ANI1/ AVREFM	3
2	P30/INTP3/ SCK00/SCL00/ TRJO0	P16/TI01/TO01/ INTP5/TRDIOC0/ IVREF0 ^{Note} / (RXD0)	P12/SO11/ TRDIOB1/ IVREF1 ^{Note}	P11/SI11/ SDA11/ TRDIOC1	P24/ANI4	P23/ANI3/ ANO1 ^{Note}	2
1	P51/INTP2/ SO00/TxD0/ TOOLTxD/ TRGIOB	P17/TI02/TO02/ TRDIOA0/ TRDCLK/ IVCMP0 Note/ (TXD0)	P13/TxD2/ SO20/TRDIOA1/ IVCMP1 ^{Note}	P10/SCK11/ SCL11/ TRDIOD1	P147/ANI18/ VCOUT1 ^{Note}	P25/ANI5	1
	A	B	С	D	E	F	

Note Mounted on the 96 KB or more code flash memory products.

Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss pin via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Remark 2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1).

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1.4 Pin Identification

ANI0 to ANI14,:	Analog input	RxD0 to RxD3:	Receive data
ANI16 to ANI20		SCK00, SCK01, SCK10,:	Serial clock input/output
ANO0, ANO1:	Analog output	SCK11, SCK20, SCK21,	
AVREFM:	A/D converter reference	SCK30, SCK31	
	potential (– side) input	SCLA0, SCLA1,:	Serial clock input/output
AVREFP:	A/D converter reference	SCL00, SCL01, SCL10, SCL11,:	Serial clock output
	potential (+ side) input	SCL20, SCL21, SCL30,	
EVDD0, EVDD1:	Power supply for port	SCL31	
EVsso, EVss1:	Ground for port	SDAA0, SDAA1, SDA00,:	Serial data input/output
EXCLK:	External clock input	SDA01, SDA10, SDA11,	
	(main system clock)	SDA20, SDA21, SDA30,	
EXCLKS:	External clock input	SDA31	
	(subsystem clock)	SI00, SI01, SI10, SI11,:	Serial data input
INTP0 to INTP11:	External interrupt input	SI20, SI21, SI30, SI31	
IVCMP0, IVCMP1:	Comparator input	SO00, SO01, SO10,:	Serial data output
IVREF0, IVREF1:	Comparator reference input	SO11, SO20, SO21,	
KR0 to KR7:	Key return	SO30, SO31	
P00 to P06:	Port 0	SSI00:	Serial interface chip select input
P10 to P17:	Port 1	TI00 to TI03,:	Timer input
P20 to P27:	Port 2	TI10 to TI13	
P30, P31:	Port 3	TO00 to TO03,:	Timer output
P40 to P47:	Port 4	TO10 to TO13, TRJO0	
P50 to P57:	Port 5	TOOL0:	Data input/output for tool
P60 to P67:	Port 6	TOOLRxD, TOOLTxD:	Data input/output for external device
P70 to P77:	Port 7	TRDCLK, TRGCLKA,:	Timer external input clock
P80 to P87:	Port 8	TRGCLKB	
P100 to P102:	Port 10	TRDIOA0, TRDIOB0,:	Timer input/output
P110, P111:	Port 11	TRDIOC0, TRDIOD0,	
P120 to P124:	Port 12	TRDIOA1, TRDIOB1,	
P130, P137:	Port 13	TRDIOC1, TRDIOD1,	
P140 to P147:	Port 14	TRGIOA, TRGIOB, TRJIO0	
P150 to P156:	Port 15	TxD0 to TxD3:	Transmit data
PCLBUZ0, PCLBUZ1:	Programmable clock	VCOUT0, VCOUT1:	Comparator output
	output/buzzer output	Vdd:	Power supply
REGC:	Regulator capacitance	Vss:	Ground
RESET:	Reset	X1, X2:	Crystal oscillator (main system clock)
RTC1HZ:	Real-time clock correction	XT1, XT2:	Crystal oscillator (subsystem clock)
	clock		
	(1 Hz) output		



Note	The flash library uses RAM in self-programming and rewriting of the data flash memory.
	The target products and start address of the RAM areas used by the flash library are shown below.
	R5F104xD (x = A to C, E to G, J, L): Start address FE900H
	R5F104xE (x = A to C, E to G, J, L): Start address FE900H
	For the RAM areas used by the flash library, see Self RAM list of Flash Self-Programming Library for RL78 Family
	(R20UT2944).



[44-pin, 48-pin, 52-pin, 64-pin products (code flash memory 96 KB to 256 KB)]

Caution This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1) are set to 00H.

	(PIORU, I) are set to				(1/2			
		44-pin	48-pin	52-pin	64-pin			
	Item	R5F104Fx	R5F104Gx	R5F104Jx	R5F104Lx			
		(x = F to H, J)	(x = F to H, J)	(x = F to H, J)	(x = F to H, J)			
Code flash me	emory (KB)	96 to 256	96 to 256	96 to 256	96 to 256			
Data flash me	emory (KB)	8	8	8	8			
RAM (KB)		12 to 24 Note	12 to 24 Note	12 to 24 Note	12 to 24 Note			
Address space	e	1 MB						
Main system clock	High-speed system clock	X1 (crystal/ceramic) os HS (high-speed main) HS (high-speed main) LS (low-speed main) n LV (low-voltage main)	mode: 1 to 20 MHz (V mode: 1 to 16 MHz (V node: 1 to 8 MHz (V	/DD = 2.4 to 5.5 V), DD = 1.8 to 5.5 V),	CLK)			
	High-speed on-chip oscillator clock (fiH)	HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 32 MHz (VDD = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (VDD = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (VDD = 1.8 to 5.5 V), LV (low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (VDD = 1.6 to 5.5 V)						
Subsystem clo	ock	XT1 (crystal) oscillation	n, external subsystem o	clock input (EXCLKS) 32	2.768 kHz			
Low-speed on	n-chip oscillator clock	15 kHz (TYP.): VDD = 1	.6 to 5.5 V					
General-purpo	ose register	8 bits \times 32 registers (8 bits \times 8 registers \times 4 banks)						
Minimum instr	ruction execution time	0.03125 μs (High-speed on-chip oscillator clock: fiн = 32 MHz operation)						
		0.05 μs (High-speed system clock: fмx = 20 MHz operation)						
		30.5 μs (Subsystem clock: fsuB = 32.768 kHz operation)						
Instruction set	ı	 Data transfer (8/16 bits) Adder and subtractor/logical operation (8/16 bits) Multiplication (8 bits × 8 bits, 16 bits × 16 bits), Division (16 bits ÷ 16 bits, 32 bits ÷ 32 bits) Multiplication and Accumulation (16 bits × 16 bits + 32 bits) Rotate, barrel shift, and bit manipulation (Set, reset, test, and Boolean operation), etc. 						
I/O port	Total	40	44	48	58			
	CMOS I/O	31	34	38	48			
	CMOS input	5	5	5	5			
	CMOS output	—	1	1	1			
	N-ch open-drain I/O (6 V tolerance)	4	4	4	4			
Timer	16-bit timer	8 channels (TAU: 4 channels, Timer RJ: 1 channel, Timer RD: 2 channels, Timer RG: 1 channel)						
	Watchdog timer	1 channel						
	Real-time clock (RTC)	1 channel						
		1 channel						
	12-bit interval timer	Timer outputs: 14 channels						
	12-bit interval timer Timer output							

(Note is listed on the next page.)

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(2/2)	
(2)2)	

		44-pin	48-pin	52-pin	(2/) 64-pin			
	tem	R5F104Fx	R5F104Gx	R5F104Jx	R5F104Lx			
		(x = F to H, J)	(x = F to H, J)	(x = F to H, J)	(x = F to H, J)			
Clock output/buzzer output		2	2	2	2			
		(Main system clock: • 256 Hz, 512 Hz, 1.02	 • 2.44 kHz, 4.88 kHz, 9.76 kHz, 1.25 MHz, 2.5 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz (Main system clock: fmain = 20 MHz operation) • 256 Hz, 512 Hz, 1.024 kHz, 2.048 kHz, 4.096 kHz, 8.192 kHz, 16.384 kHz, 32.768 kHz (Subsystem clock: fsuB = 32.768 kHz operation) 					
8/10-bit resolution	n A/D converter	10 channels	10 channels	12 channels	12 channels			
D/A converter		2 channels		1				
Comparator		2 channels						
Serial interface		 CSI: 1 channel/UAR CSI: 2 channels/UAF [48-pin, 52-pin product CSI: 2 channels/UAF CSI: 1 channel/UAR CSI: 2 channels/UAF [64-pin products] CSI: 2 channels/UAF 	RT: 1 channel/simplified ts] RT (UART supporting L T: 1 channel/simplified RT: 1 channel/simplified RT (UART supporting L RT: 1 channel/simplified	I ² C: 1 channel II ² C: 2 channels IN-bus): 1 channel/sim I ² C: 1 channel II ² C: 2 channels IN-bus): 1 channel/sim II ² C: 2 channels	plified I ² C: 2 channels plified I ² C: 2 channels			
	I ² C bus	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel			
Data transfer con	troller (DTC)	31 sources	32 sources		33 sources			
Event link control	ller (ELC)	Event input: 22 Event trigger output: 9						
Vectored inter-	Internal	24	24	24	24			
rupt sources	External	7	10	12	13			
Key interrupt		4	6	8	8			
Reset Power-on-reset circuit		 Reset by RESET pin Internal reset by watchdog timer Internal reset by power-on-reset Internal reset by voltage detector Internal reset by illegal instruction execution Note Internal reset by RAM parity error Internal reset by illegal-memory access Power-on-reset: 1.51 ±0.04 V (TA = -40 to +85°C) 1.51 ±0.06 V (TA = -40 to +105°C) Power-down-reset: 1.50 ±0.04 V (TA = -40 to +105°C) 1.50 ±0.06 V (TA = -40 to +105°C) 						
								Voltage detector
On-chip debug fu		Provided	101 0700					
Power supply vol	tage	VDD = 1.6 to 5.5 V (TA VDD = 2.4 to 5.5 V (TA						
Operating ambie	nt temperature	T_A = -40 to +85°C (A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications), T_A = -40 to +105°C (G: Industrial applications)						

Note

The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed.

Reset by the illegal instruction execution is not issued by emulation with the in-circuit emulator or on-chip debug emulator.

(2) Flash ROM: 96 to 256 KB of 30- to 100-pin products

Parameter	Symbol			Conditions			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Un
Supply	IDD1	Operat-	HS (high-speed main)	fносо = 64 MHz,	Basic	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		2.6		m/
current		ing mode	mode Note 5	fiH = 32 MHz Note 3	operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		2.6		
lote 1				fносо = 32 MHz,	Basic	VDD = 5.0 V		2.3		
				fiH = 32 MHz Note 3	operation	VDD = 3.0 V		2.3		
			HS (high-speed main)	fносо = 64 MHz,	Normal	VDD = 5.0 V		5.4	10.2	m/
			mode Note 5	fiH = 32 MHz Note 3	operation	VDD = 3.0 V		5.4	10.2	
				fносо = 32 MHz,	Normal	VDD = 5.0 V		5.0	9.6	
				fiH = 32 MHz Note 3	operation	VDD = 3.0 V		5.0	9.6	
				fносо = 48 MHz,	Normal	VDD = 5.0 V		4.2	7.8	
				fiH = 24 MHz Note 3	operation	VDD = 3.0 V		4.2	7.8	
				fносо = 24 MHz,	Normal	VDD = 5.0 V		4.0	7.4	
				fiH = 24 MHz Note 3	operation	VDD = 3.0 V		4.0	7.4	
				fносо = 16 MHz,	Normal	VDD = 5.0 V		3.0	5.3	
				fiн = 16 MHz Note 3	operation	VDD = 3.0 V		3.0	5.3	
			LS (low-speed main)	fносо = 8 MHz,	Normal	VDD = 3.0 V		1.4	2.3	m
			mode Note 5	fiH = 8 MHz Note 3	operation	V _{DD} = 2.0 V		1.4	2.3	
			LV (low-voltage main)	fносо = 4 MHz,	Normal	VDD = 3.0 V		1.3	1.9	m
			mode Note 5	fiH = 4 MHz Note 3	operation	VDD = 2.0 V		1.3	1.9	
			HS (high-speed main)	f _{MX} = 20 MHz ^{Note 2} ,	Normal	Square wave input		3.4	6.2	n
			mode Note 5	VDD = 5.0 V	operation	Resonator connection		3.6	6.4	
				f _{MX} = 20 MHz Note 2,	Normal	Square wave input		3.4	6.2	
				VDD = 3.0 V	operation	Resonator connection		3.6	6.4	
				fmx = 10 MHz Note 2,	Normal	Square wave input		2.1	3.6	
				VDD = 5.0 V	operation	Resonator connection		2.2	3.7	
				f _{MX} = 10 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal	Square wave input		2.1	3.6	-
					operation	Resonator connection		2.2	3.7	
			LS (low-speed main)	f _{MX} = 8 MHz ^{Note 2} ,	Normal	Square wave input		1.2	2.2	n
			mode Note 5	VDD = 3.0 V	operation	Resonator connection		1.2	2.3	
				f _{MX} = 8 MHz ^{Note 2} .	Normal	Square wave input		1.2	2.2	
				$V_{DD} = 2.0 V$	operation	Resonator connection		1.2	2.3	
			Subsystem clock	fsub = 32.768 kHz Note 4	Normal	Square wave input		4.9	7.1	μ
			operation	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$	operation	Resonator connection		4.9	7.1	ſ.
				fsub = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4}	Normal	Square wave input		4.9	7.1	
				$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	operation	Resonator connection		4.9	7.1	
				fsuв = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4}	Normal	Square wave input		5.1	8.8	
				$T_A = +50^{\circ}C$	operation	Resonator connection		5.1	8.8	1
				fsug = 32.768 kHz Note 4	Normal	Square wave input		5.5	10.5	1
				$T_A = +70^{\circ}C$	operation	Resonator connection		5.5	10.5	-
					Normal	Square wave input		6.5	14.5	-
				fsub = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = +85°C	operation	Resonator connection		0.0	14.5	4

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)



- Note 1. Total current flowing into VDD, EVDDD, and EVDD1, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDDD, and EVDD1, or Vss, EVss0, and EVss1. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, D/A converter, comparator, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 Note 2. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 3. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
- **Note 4.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When AMPHS1 = 1 (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
- Note 5. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}_{\text{@1}} \text{ MHz to } 32 \text{ MHz}$

2.4 V \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V@1 MHz to 16 MHz

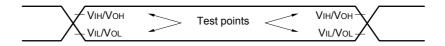
LS (low-speed main) mode: $$1.8~V \le V \mbox{DD} \le 5.5~V \ensuremath{\textcircled{@}1}$ MHz to 8 MHz

LV (low-voltage main) mode: $1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}_{@}1 \text{ MHz}$ to 4 MHz

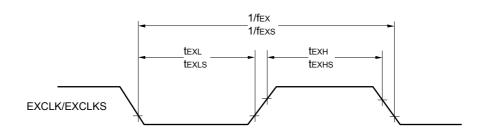
- Remark 1. fMX: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
- Remark 2. fHoco: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (64 MHz max.)
- **Remark 3.** fin: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (32 MHz max.)
- **Remark 4.** fsuB: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
- Remark 5. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C



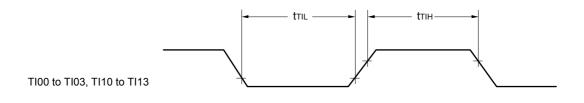
AC Timing Test Points

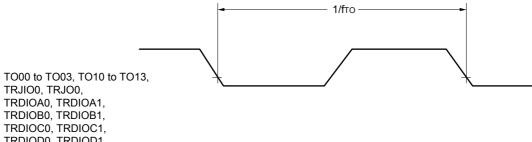


External System Clock Timing



TI/TO Timing





TRDIOC0, TRDIOC1, TRDIOD0, TRDIOD1, TRGIOA, TRGIOB



Parameter	Symbol	Cond	ditions	HS (high-spee mode	d main)	LS (low-speed mode	d main)	LV (low-voltag mode	e main)	Unit					
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.						
SCKp cycle	tксү2	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$	20 MHz < fмск	8/fмск		_		—		ns					
time Note 5			fмск ≤ 20 MHz	6/fмск		6/fмск		6/fмск		ns					
		$2.7~V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~V$	16 MHz < fмск	8/fмск		_		—		ns					
			fмск ≤ 16 MHz	6/fмск		6/fмск		6/fмск		ns					
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		6/fмск and 500		6/fмск and 500		6/fмск and 500		ns					
		$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		6/fмск and 750		6/fмск and 750		6/fмск and 750		ns					
		$1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		6/fмск and 1500		6/fмск and 1500		6/fмск and 1500		ns					
		$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		_		6/fмск and 1500		6/fмск and 1500		ns					
SCKp high-/	tкн2, tкL2	$4.0~\text{V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~\text{V}$		tксү2/2 - 7		tксү2/2 - 7		tксү2/2 - 7		ns					
low-level width		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		tксү2/2 - 8		tkcy2/2 - 8		tkcy2/2 - 8		ns					
		$1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		tксү2/2 - 18		tксү2/2 - 18		tксү2/2 - 18		ns					
		$1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		tксү2/2 - 66		tkcy2/2 - 66		tксү2/2 - 66		ns					
		$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		—		tkcy2/2 - 66		tксү2/2 - 66		ns					
SIp setup time	tsik2	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		1/fмск + 20		1/fмск + 30		1/fмск + 30		ns					
(to SCKp↑) Note 1							$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		1/fмск + 30		1/fмск + 30		1/fмск + 30		ns
		$1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		1/fмск + 40		1/fмск + 40		1/fмск + 40		ns					
		$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		—		1/fмск + 40		1/fмск + 40		ns					
SIp hold time	tksi2	$1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		1/fмск + 31		1/fмск + 31		1/fмск + 31		ns					
(from SCKp↑) Note 2		$1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		1/fмск + 250		1/fмск + 250		1/fмск + 250		ns					
		$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		—		1/fмск + 250		1/fмск + 250		ns					
Delay time from SCKp↓ to	tkso2	C = 30 pF Note 4	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		2/fмск + 44		2/fмск + 110		2/fмск + 110	ns					
SOp output Note 3			$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		2/fмск + 75		2/fмск + 110		2/fмск + 110	ns					
						$1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		2/fмск + 100		2/fмск + 110		2/fмск + 110	ns		
			$1.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		2/fмск + 220		2/fмск + 220		2/fмск + 220	ns					
			$1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		—		2/fмск + 220		2/fмск + 220	ns					

(4) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input) (TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

Note 1. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

Note 2. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The Slp hold time becomes "from SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

Note 3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp↑" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

Note 4. C is the load capacitance of the SOp output lines.

Note 5. The maximum transfer rate when using the SNOOZE mode is 1 Mbps.

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the SIp pin and SCKp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

2.5.2 Serial interface IICA

(1) I²C standard mode

```
(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)
```

Parameter	Symbol	C	Conditions		peed main) ode	· ·	beed main) bde		ltage main) ode	Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLA0 clock	fsc∟	Standard mode:	$2.7~V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~V$	0	100	0	100	0	100	kHz
frequency		fc∟k ≥ 1 MHz	$1.8 \text{ V} \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	100	0	100	0	100	kHz
			$1.7~V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~V$	0	100	0	100	0	100	kHz
			$1.6~V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~V$	-	_	0	100	0	100	kHz
Setup time of	tsu: STA	$2.7 V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 8$	5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs
restart condition		$1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 8$	$1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			4.7		4.7		μs
		$1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$ $1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		4.7		4.7		4.7		μs
				-	_	4.7		4.7		μs
Hold time Note 1	THD: STA	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 3$	5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs
		$1.8 V \le EV_{DD0} \le 5.5 V$ 1.7 V $\le EV_{DD0} \le 5.5 V$		4.0		4.0		4.0		μs
				4.0		4.0		4.0		μs
		$1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 8$	5.5 V	-	_	4.0		4.0		μs
Hold time when	t∟ow	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 3$	5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs
SCLA0 = "L"		$1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 8$	5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs
		$1.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		4.7		4.7		4.7		μs
		$1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 8$	5.5 V	-	_	4.7		4.7		μs
Hold time when	tніgн	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 3$	5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs
SCLA0 = "H"		$1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 8$	5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs
		$1.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 3$	5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs
		$1.6 V \le EV_{DD0} \le 3$	5.5 V	- 1	_	4.0		4.0		μs

 $(\ensuremath{\textit{Notes}}, \ensuremath{\textit{Caution}}, \ensuremath{\text{and}} \ensuremath{\textit{Remark}}$ are listed on the next page.)



(3) I²C fast mode plus

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

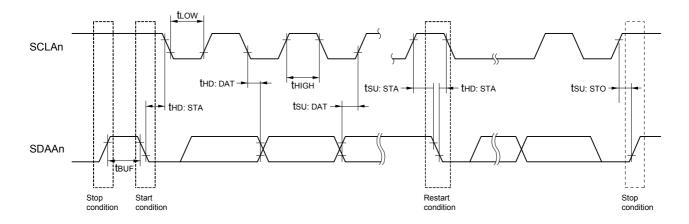
Parameter	Symbol	Co			h-speed mode	•	v-speed mode	•	-voltage mode	Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLA0 clock frequency	fsc∟	Fast mode plus: fc∟ĸ ≥ 10 MHz			1000	—		-	_	kHz
Setup time of restart condi- tion	tsu: sta	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.7 \text{ V}$	5 V	0.26		-	_	-	_	μs
Hold time Note 1	thd: STA	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.$	5 V	0.26		-	_	-	_	μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "L"	t∟ow	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.7$	5 V	0.5		-	_	-	_	μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "H"	tніgн	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.$	5 V	0.26		-	_	-	_	μs
Data setup time (reception)	tsu: dat	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.$	5 V	50		-	_	-	_	ns
Data hold time (transmission) Note 2	thd: dat	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.$	5 V	0	0.45	-	_	-	_	μs
Setup time of stop condition	tsu: sto	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.$	5 V	0.26		-	_	-	_	μs
Bus-free time	t BUF	$2.7 \text{ V} \le EV_{DD0} \le 5.7$	5 V	0.5		-	_	-	_	μs

Note 1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start/restart condition is detected.

Note 2. The maximum value (MAX.) of the DEDAT is during normal transfer and a wait state is inserted in the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

- Caution The values in the above table are applied even when bit 2 (PIOR02) in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0 (PIOR0) is 1. At this time, the pin characteristics (IOH1, IOL1, VOH1, VOL1) must satisfy the values in the redirect destination.
- Note 3. The maximum value of Cb (communication line capacitance) and the value of Rb (communication line pull-up resistor) at that time in each mode are as follows. Fast mode plus: Cb = 120 pF, Rb = 1.1 k Ω

IICA serial transfer timing



Remark n = 0, 1



2.6.4 Comparator

Parameter	Symbol	Со	nditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage range	lvref			0		EVDD0 - 1.4	V
	lvcmp			-0.3		EVDD0 + 0.3	V
Output delay	td	V _{DD} = 3.0 V Input slew rate > 50 mV/µs	Comparator high-speed mode, standard mode			1.2	μs
			Comparator high-speed mode, window mode			2.0	μs
			Comparator low-speed mode, standard mode		3.0	5.0	μs
High-electric-potential reference voltage	VTW+	Comparator high-speed mode	e, window mode		0.76 Vdd		V
Low-electric-potential ref- erence voltage	VTW-	Comparator high-speed mode	e, window mode		0.24 Vdd		V
Operation stabilization wait time	tсмр			100			μs
Internal reference voltage Note	VBGR	2.4 V \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode		1.38	1.45	1.50	V

Note Not usable in LS (low-speed main) mode, LV (low-voltage main) mode, sub-clock operation, or STOP mode.

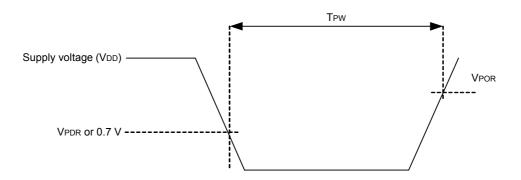
2.6.5 POR circuit characteristics

(TA = -40 to +85°C, Vss = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Power on/down reset threshold	VPOR	Voltage threshold on VDD rising	1.47	1.51	1.55	V
	VPDR	Voltage threshold on VDD falling Note 1	1.46	1.50	1.54	V
Minimum pulse width Note 2	TPW		300			μs

Note 1. However, when the operating voltage falls while the LVD is off, enter STOP mode, or enable the reset status using the external reset pin before the voltage falls below the operating voltage range shown in 2.4 AC Characteristics.

Note 2. Minimum time required for a POR reset when VDD exceeds below VPDR. This is also the minimum time required for a POR reset from when VDD exceeds below 0.7 V to when VDD exceeds VPDR while STOP mode is entered or the main system clock is stopped through setting bit 0 (HIOSTOP) and bit 7 (MSTOP) in the clock operation status control register (CSC).





- Note 1. Total current flowing into VDD and EVDD0, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDD0 or Vss, EVss0. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
- Note 2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
- **Note 3.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 4. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
- **Note 5.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and setting ultra-low current consumption (AMPHS1 = 1). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
- Note 6. Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
- Note 7.Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.
HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{VDD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$ @1 MHz to 32 MHz
 - 2.4 V \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V@1 MHz to 16 MHz
- Note 8. Regarding the value for current to operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.
- Remark 1. fMX: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
- Remark 2. fHOCO: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (64 MHz max.)
- Remark 3. fill: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (32 MHz max.)
- Remark 4. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
- Remark 5. Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C



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- Note 1. Total current flowing into VDD, EVDD0, and EVDD1, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDD0, and EVDD1, or Vss, EVss0, and EVss1. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, D/A converter, comparator, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
- Note 2. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
- **Note 3.** When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
- **Note 4.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When AMPHS1 = 1 (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.

Note 5.Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.
HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @1 \text{ MHz}$ to 32 MHz

 $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}_{@}1 \text{ MHz}$ to 16 MHz

Remark 1. fMX: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)

- Remark 2. fHOCO: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (64 MHz max.)
- Remark 3. fill: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (32 MHz max.)
- Remark 4. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
- Remark 5. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C



(5) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode)

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

(2/2)

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions	HS (high-spe	ed main) mode	Unit
					MAX.	
Transfer rate		transmission	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \; V \leq E V_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ 2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V \end{array}$		Note 1	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate C_b = 50 pF, R_b = 1.4 k Ω , V_b = 2.7 V		2.6 Note 2	Mbps
			$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \ V \end{array}$		Note 3	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate C_b = 50 pF, R_b = 2.7 kΩ, V_b = 2.3 V		1.2 Note 4	Mbps
			$2.4 V \le EV_{DD0} < 3.3 V,$ $1.6 V \le V_b \le 2.0 V$		Note 5	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate C_b = 50 pF, R_b = 5.5 kΩ, V_b = 1.6 V		0.43 Note 6	Mbps

Note 1. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using fMCK/12 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 4.0 V \leq EVDD0 \leq 5.5 V and 2.7 V \leq Vb \leq 4.0 V

Maximum transfer rate =
$$\frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln (1 - \frac{2.2}{V_b})\} \times 3}$$
Baud rate error (theoretical value) =
$$\frac{\frac{1}{Transfer rate \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln (1 - \frac{2.2}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{Transfer rate}) \times Number of transferred bits}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides

- Note 2.This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the "Conditions" column are met.Refer to Note 1 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.
- **Note 3.** The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using fMck/12 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 2.7 V \leq EVDD0 < 4.0 V and 2.3 V \leq Vb \leq 2.7 V

Maximum transfer rate = -

$$\frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln (1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\} \times 3}$$

1

al value) =
$$\frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times 100 [\%]}$$

Baud rate error (theoretical value) =

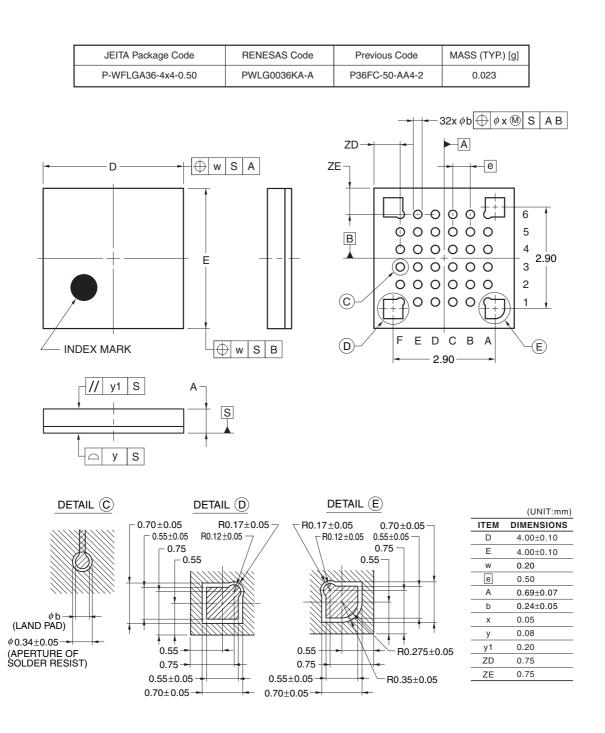
* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides

Note 4.This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the "Conditions" column are met.Refer to Note 3 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

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4.3 36-pin products

R5F104CAALA, R5F104CCALA, R5F104CDALA, R5F104CEALA, R5F104CFALA, R5F104CGALA R5F104CAGLA, R5F104CCGLA, R5F104CDGLA, R5F104CEGLA, R5F104CFGLA, R5F104CGGLA



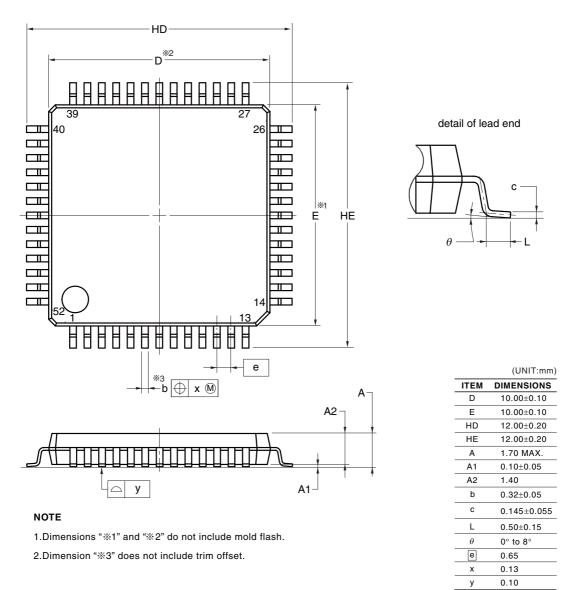
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4.7 52-pin products

R5F104JCAFA, R5F104JDAFA, R5F104JEAFA, R5F104JFAFA, R5F104JGAFA, R5F104JHAFA, R5F104JJAFA R5F104JCDFA, R5F104JDDFA, R5F104JEDFA, R5F104JFDFA, R5F104JGDFA, R5F104JHDFA, R5F104JJDFA R5F104JCGFA, R5F104JDGFA, R5F104JEGFA, R5F104JFGFA, R5F104JGGFA, R5F104JHGFA, R5F104JJGFA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP52-10x10-0.65	PLQP0052JA-A	P52GB-65-GBS-1	0.3



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REVISION HISTORY

RL78/G14 Datasheet

Devi	Dete		Description
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary
2.00	Oct 25, 2013	112 to 169	Addition of CHAPTER 3 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS
		171 to 187	Modification of 4.1 30-pin products to 4.10 100-pin products
3.00	Feb 07, 2014	All	Addition of products with maximum 512 KB flash ROM and 48 KB RAM
		1	Modification of 1.1 Features
		2	Modification of ROM, RAM capacities and addition of note 3
		3	Modification of Figure 1 - 1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G14
		6 to 8	Addition of part number
		15, 16	Modification of 1.3.6 48-pin products
		17	Modification of 1.3.7 52-pin products
		18, 19	Modification of 1.3.8 64-pin products
		20	Modification of 1.3.9 80-pin products
		21, 22	Modification of 1.3.10 100-pin products
		35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47	Modification of operating ambient temperature in 1.6 Outline of Functions
		42, 43	Addition of table of 48-pin, 52-pin, 64-pin products (code flash memory 384 KB to 512 KB)
		46, 47	Addition of table of 80-pin, 100-pin products (code flash memory 384 KB to 512 KB)
		65 to 68	Addition of (3) Flash ROM: 384 to 512 KB of 48- to 100-pin products
		118	Modification of 2.7 Data Memory Retention Characteristics
		137 to 140	Addition of (3) Flash ROM: 384 to 512 KB of 48- to 100-pin products
		180	Modification of 3.7 Data Memory Retention Characteristics
		189, 190	Addition and modification of 4.6 48-pin products
		191	Modification of 4.7 52-pin products
		193 to 195	Addition and modification of 4.8 64-pin products
		198, 199	Addition and modification of 4.9 80-pin products
		201, 202	Addition and modification of 4.10 100-pin products
3.20	Jan 05, 2015	p.2	Deletion of R5F104JK and R5F104JL from the list of ROM and RAM capacities and modification of note
		p.6	Deletion of ordering part numbers of R5F104JK and R5F104JL from 52-pin plastic LQFP package in 1.2 Ordering Information
		p.6 to 8	Deletion of note 2 in 1.2 Ordering Information
		p.17	Deletion of note 2 in 1.3.7 52-pin products
		p.36, 39, 42, 45, 48, 50, 52	Modification of description in 1.6 Outline of Functions
		p.46, 48	Deletion of description of 52-pin in 1.6 Outline of Functions
		p.47	Modification of note of 1.6 Outline of Functions
		p.62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72	Modification of specifications in 2.3.2 Supply current characteristics