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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	48KB (48K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	5.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LFQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f104gddfb-v0

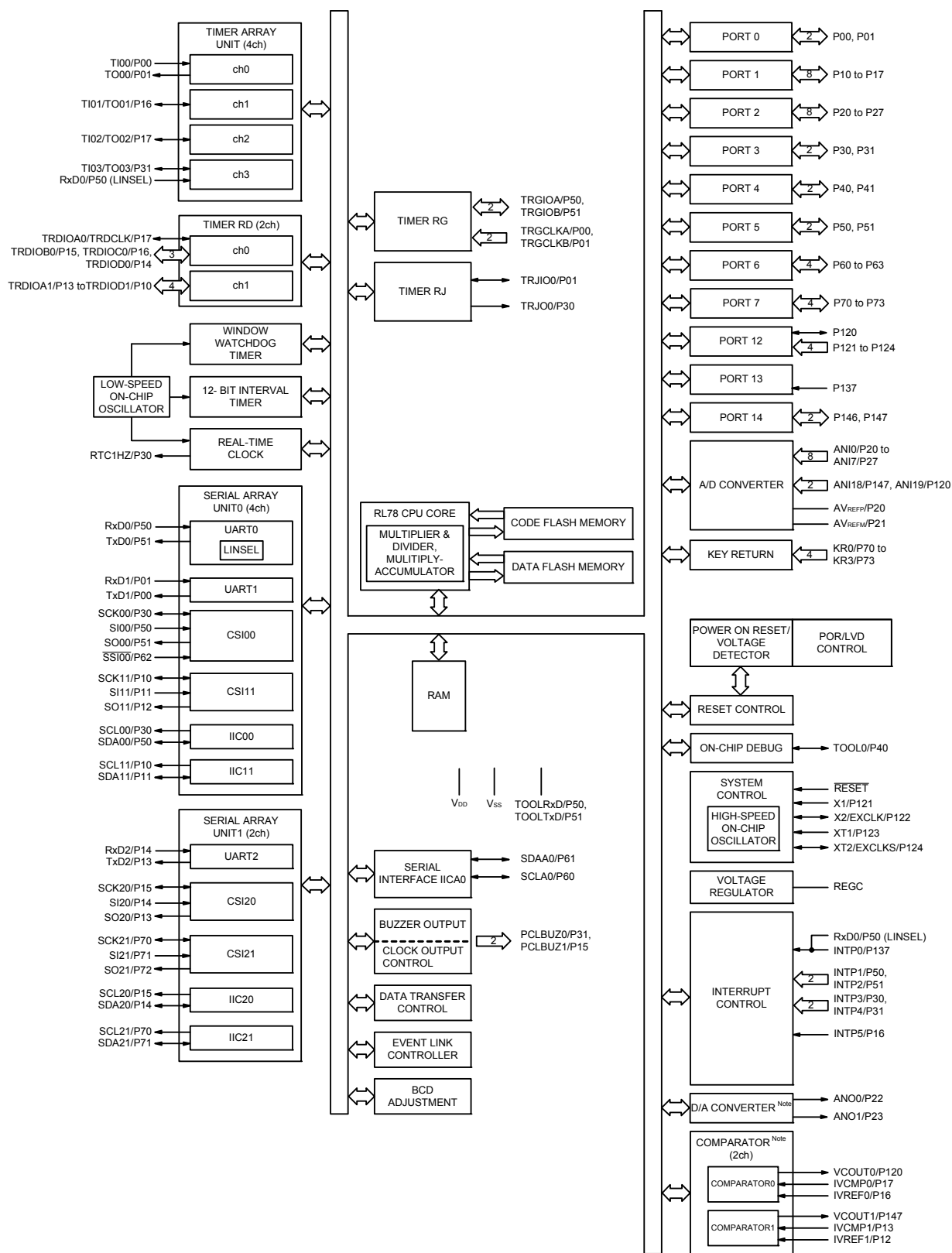
(1/5)

Pin count	Package	Fields of Application Note	Ordering Part Number
30 pins	30-pin plastic LSSOP (7.62 mm (300), 0.65 mm pitch)	A	R5F104AAASP#V0, R5F104ACASP#V0, R5F104ADASP#V0, R5F104AEASP#V0, R5F104AFASP#V0, R5F104AGASP#V0 R5F104AAASP#X0, R5F104ACASP#X0, R5F104ADASP#X0, R5F104AEASP#X0, R5F104AFASP#X0, R5F104AGASP#X0
		D	R5F104AADSP#V0, R5F104ACDSP#V0, R5F104ADDSP#V0, R5F104AEDSP#V0, R5F104AFDSP#V0, R5F104AGDSP#V0 R5F104AADSP#X0, R5F104ACDSP#X0, R5F104ADDSP#X0, R5F104AEDSP#X0, R5F104AFDSP#X0, R5F104AGDSP#X0
		G	R5F104AAGSP#V0, R5F104ACGSP#V0, R5F104ADGSP#V0, R5F104AEGSP#V0, R5F104AFGSP#V0, R5F104AGGSP#V0 R5F104AAGSP#X0, R5F104ACGSP#X0, R5F104ADGSP#X0, R5F104AEGSP#X0, R5F104AFGSP#X0, R5F104AGGSP#X0
32 pins	32-pin plastic HWQFN (5 × 5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	A	R5F104BAANA#U0, R5F104BCANA#U0, R5F104BDANA#U0, R5F104BEANA#U0, R5F104BFANA#U0, R5F104BGANA#U0 R5F104BAANA#W0, R5F104BCANA#W0, R5F104BDANA#W0, R5F104BEANA#W0, R5F104BFANA#W0, R5F104BGANA#W0
		D	R5F104BADNA#U0, R5F104BCDNA#U0, R5F104BDDNA#U0, R5F104BEDNA#U0, R5F104BFDNA#U0, R5F104BGDNA#U0 R5F104BADNA#W0, R5F104BCDNA#W0, R5F104BDDNA#W0, R5F104BEDNA#W0, R5F104BFDNA#W0, R5F104BGDNA#W0
		G	R5F104BAGNA#U0, R5F104BCGNA#U0, R5F104BDGNA#U0, R5F104BEGNA#U0, R5F104BFGNA#U0, R5F104BGGNA#U0 R5F104BAGNA#W0, R5F104BCGNA#W0, R5F104BDGNA#W0, R5F104BEGNA#W0, R5F104BFGNA#W0, R5F104BGGNA#W0
	32-pin plastic LQFP (7 × 7, 0.8 mm pitch)	A	R5F104BAAFP#V0, R5F104BCAFP#V0, R5F104BDAFP#V0, R5F104BEAFP#V0, R5F104BFAFP#V0, R5F104BGAFP#V0 R5F104BAAFP#X0, R5F104BCAFP#X0, R5F104BDAFP#X0, R5F104BEAFP#X0, R5F104BFAFP#X0, R5F104BGAFP#X0
		D	R5F104BADFP#V0, R5F104BCDFP#V0, R5F104BDDFP#V0, R5F104BEDFP#V0, R5F104BDFP#V0, R5F104BGDFP#V0 R5F104BADFP#X0, R5F104BCDFP#X0, R5F104BDDFP#X0, R5F104BEDFP#X0, R5F104BDFP#X0, R5F104BGDFP#X0
		G	R5F104BAGFP#V0, R5F104BCGFP#V0, R5F104BDGFP#V0, R5F104BEGFP#V0, R5F104BFGFP#V0, R5F104BGGFP#V0 R5F104BAGFP#X0, R5F104BCGFP#X0, R5F104BDGFP#X0, R5F104BEGFP#X0, R5F104BFGFP#X0, R5F104BGGFP#X0
36 pins	36-pin plastic WFLGA (4 × 4 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	A	R5F104CAALA#U0, R5F104CCALA#U0, R5F104CDALA#U0, R5F104CEALA#U0, R5F104CFALA#U0, R5F104CGALA#U0 R5F104CAALA#W0, R5F104CCALA#W0, R5F104CDALA#W0, R5F104CEALA#W0, R5F104CFALA#W0, R5F104CGALA#W0
		G	R5F104CAGLA#U0, R5F104CCGLA#U0, R5F104CDGLA#U0, R5F104CEGLA#U0, R5F104CFGLA#U0, R5F104CGGLA#U0 R5F104CAGLA#W0, R5F104CCGLA#W0, R5F104CDGLA#W0, R5F104CEGLA#W0, R5F104CFGLA#W0, R5F104CGGLA#W0

Note For the fields of application, refer to **Figure 1 - 1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G14**.

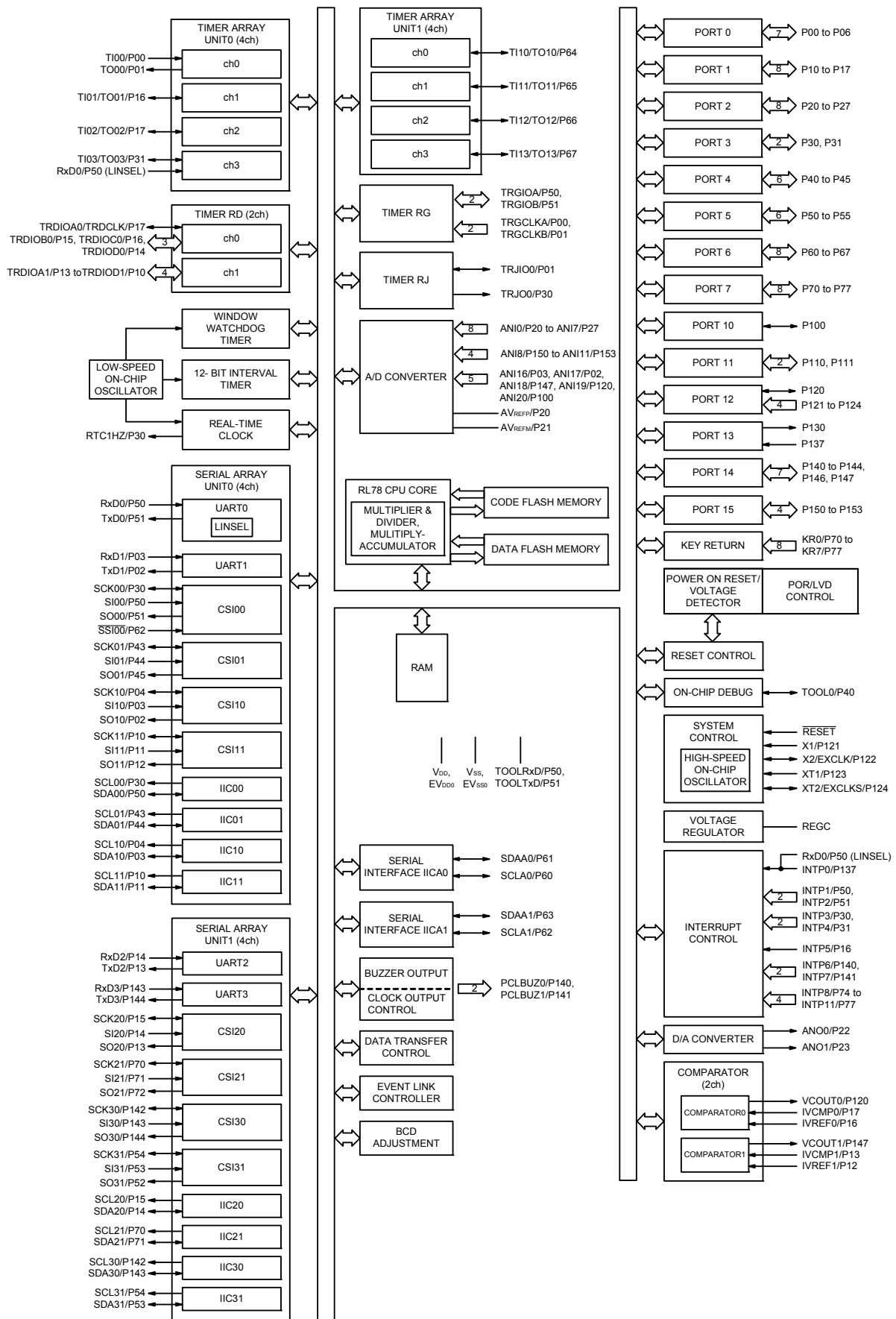
Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

1.5.5 44-pin products



Note Mounted on the 96 KB or more code flash memory products.

1.5.9 80-pin products



(2/2)

Item		44-pin	48-pin	52-pin	64-pin
		R5F104Fx (x = F to H, J)	R5F104Gx (x = F to H, J)	R5F104Jx (x = F to H, J)	R5F104Lx (x = F to H, J)
Clock output/buzzer output		2	2	2	2
		• 2.44 kHz, 4.88 kHz, 9.76 kHz, 1.25 MHz, 2.5 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz (Main system clock: f _{MAIN} = 20 MHz operation) • 256 Hz, 512 Hz, 1.024 kHz, 2.048 kHz, 4.096 kHz, 8.192 kHz, 16.384 kHz, 32.768 kHz (Subsystem clock: f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz operation)			
8/10-bit resolution A/D converter		10 channels	10 channels	12 channels	12 channels
D/A converter		2 channels			
Comparator		2 channels			
Serial interface		[44-pin products] • CSI: 1 channel/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel/simplified I ² C: 1 channel • CSI: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel/simplified I ² C: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel/simplified I ² C: 2 channels [48-pin, 52-pin products] • CSI: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel/simplified I ² C: 2 channels • CSI: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel/simplified I ² C: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel/simplified I ² C: 2 channels [64-pin products] • CSI: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel/simplified I ² C: 2 channels • CSI: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel/simplified I ² C: 2 channels • CSI: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel/simplified I ² C: 2 channels			
		I ² C bus	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel
Data transfer controller (DTC)		31 sources	32 sources		33 sources
Event link controller (ELC)		Event input: 22 Event trigger output: 9			
Vectored interrupt sources	Internal	24	24	24	24
	External	7	10	12	13
Key interrupt		4	6	8	8
Reset		• Reset by RESET pin • Internal reset by watchdog timer • Internal reset by power-on-reset • Internal reset by voltage detector • Internal reset by illegal instruction execution ^{Note} • Internal reset by RAM parity error • Internal reset by illegal-memory access			
Power-on-reset circuit		• Power-on-reset: 1.51 ±0.04 V (T _A = -40 to +85°C) 1.51 ±0.06 V (T _A = -40 to +105°C) • Power-down-reset: 1.50 ±0.04 V (T _A = -40 to +85°C) 1.50 ±0.06 V (T _A = -40 to +105°C)			
Voltage detector		1.63 V to 4.06 V (14 stages)			
On-chip debug function		Provided			
Power supply voltage		V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V (T _A = -40 to +85°C) V _{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V (T _A = -40 to +105°C)			
Operating ambient temperature		T _A = -40 to +85°C (A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications), T _A = -40 to +105°C (G: Industrial applications)			

Note The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed.

Reset by the illegal instruction execution is not issued by emulation with the in-circuit emulator or on-chip debug emulator.

[80-pin, 100-pin products (code flash memory 384 KB to 512 KB)]

Caution This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1) are set to 00H.

(1/2)

Item		80-pin	100-pin
		R5F104Mx (x = K, L)	R5F104Px (x = K, L)
Code flash memory (KB)		384 to 512	384 to 512
Data flash memory (KB)		8	8
RAM (KB)		32 to 48 Note	32 to 48 Note
Address space		1 MB	
Main system clock	High-speed system clock	X1 (crystal/ceramic) oscillation, external main system clock input (EXCLK) HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 20 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V), LV (low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V)	
	High-speed on-chip oscillator clock (f _{IH})	HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 32 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V), LV (low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V)	
Subsystem clock		XT1 (crystal) oscillation, external subsystem clock input (EXCLKS) 32.768 kHz	
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock		15 kHz (TYP.): V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V	
General-purpose register		8 bits × 32 registers (8 bits × 8 registers × 4 banks)	
Minimum instruction execution time		0.03125 μs (High-speed on-chip oscillator clock: f _{IH} = 32 MHz operation)	
		0.05 μs (High-speed system clock: f _{MX} = 20 MHz operation)	
		30.5 μs (Subsystem clock: f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz operation)	
Instruction set		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data transfer (8/16 bits) • Adder and subtractor/logical operation (8/16 bits) • Multiplication (8 bits × 8 bits, 16 bits × 16 bits), Division (16 bits ÷ 16 bits, 32 bits ÷ 32 bits) • Multiplication and Accumulation (16 bits × 16 bits + 32 bits) • Rotate, barrel shift, and bit manipulation (Set, reset, test, and Boolean operation), etc. 	
I/O port	Total	74	92
	CMOS I/O	64	82
	CMOS input	5	5
	CMOS output	1	1
	N-ch open-drain I/O (6 V tolerance)	4	4
Timer	16-bit timer	12 channels (TAU: 8 channels, Timer RJ: 1 channel, Timer RD: 2 channels, Timer RG: 1 channel)	
	Watchdog timer	1 channel	
	Real-time clock (RTC)	1 channel	
	12-bit interval timer	1 channel	
	Timer output	Timer outputs: 18 channels PWM outputs: 12 channels	
	RTC output	1 • 1 Hz (subsystem clock: f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz)	

Note In the case of the 48 KB, this is about 47 KB when the self-programming function and data flash function are used (For details, see **CHAPTER 3** in the RL78/G14 User's Manual).

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

(2/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, low Note 1	IOL1	Per pin for P00 to P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P100 to P102, P110, P111, P120, P130, P140 to P147			20.0 Note 2	mA
		Per pin for P60 to P63			15.0 Note 2	mA
		Total of P00 to P04, P40 to P47, P102, P120, P130, P140 to P145 (When duty ≤ 70% Note 3)	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		70.0	mA
			2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V		15.0	mA
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V		9.0	mA
			1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 < 1.8 V		4.5	mA
		Total of P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P100, P101, P110, P111, P146, P147 (When duty ≤ 70% Note 3)	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		80.0	mA
			2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V		35.0	mA
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V		20.0	mA
			1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 < 1.8 V		10.0	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty ≤ 70% Note 3)			150.0	mA
	IOL2	Per pin for P20 to P27, P150 to P156			0.4 Note 2	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty ≤ 70% Note 3)	1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		5.0	mA

Note 1. Value of current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from an output pin to the EVSS0, EVSS1, and VSS pins.

Note 2. Do not exceed the total current value.

Note 3. Specification under conditions where the duty factor ≤ 70%.

The output current value that has changed to the duty factor > 70% the duty ratio can be calculated with the following expression (when changing the duty factor from 70% to n%).

- Total output current of pins = (IOL × 0.7)/(n × 0.01)

<Example> Where n = 80% and IOL = 10.0 mA

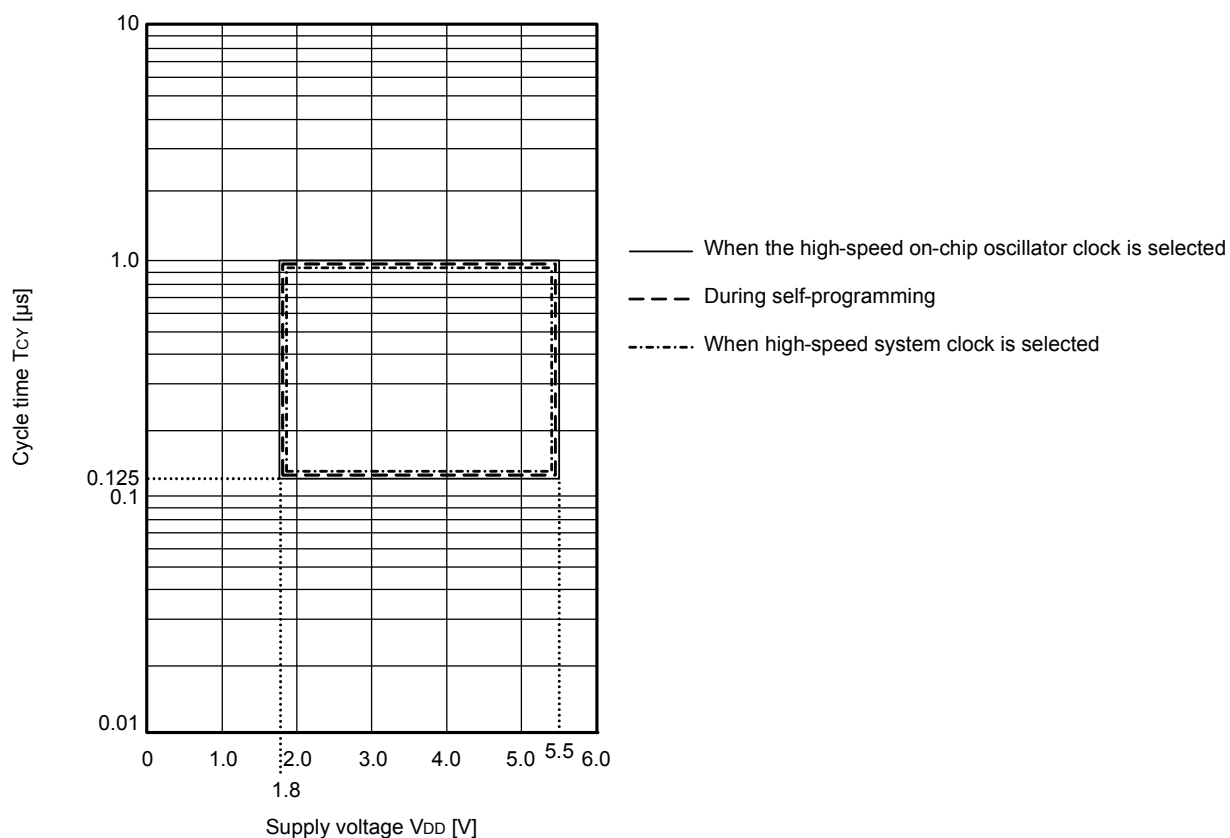
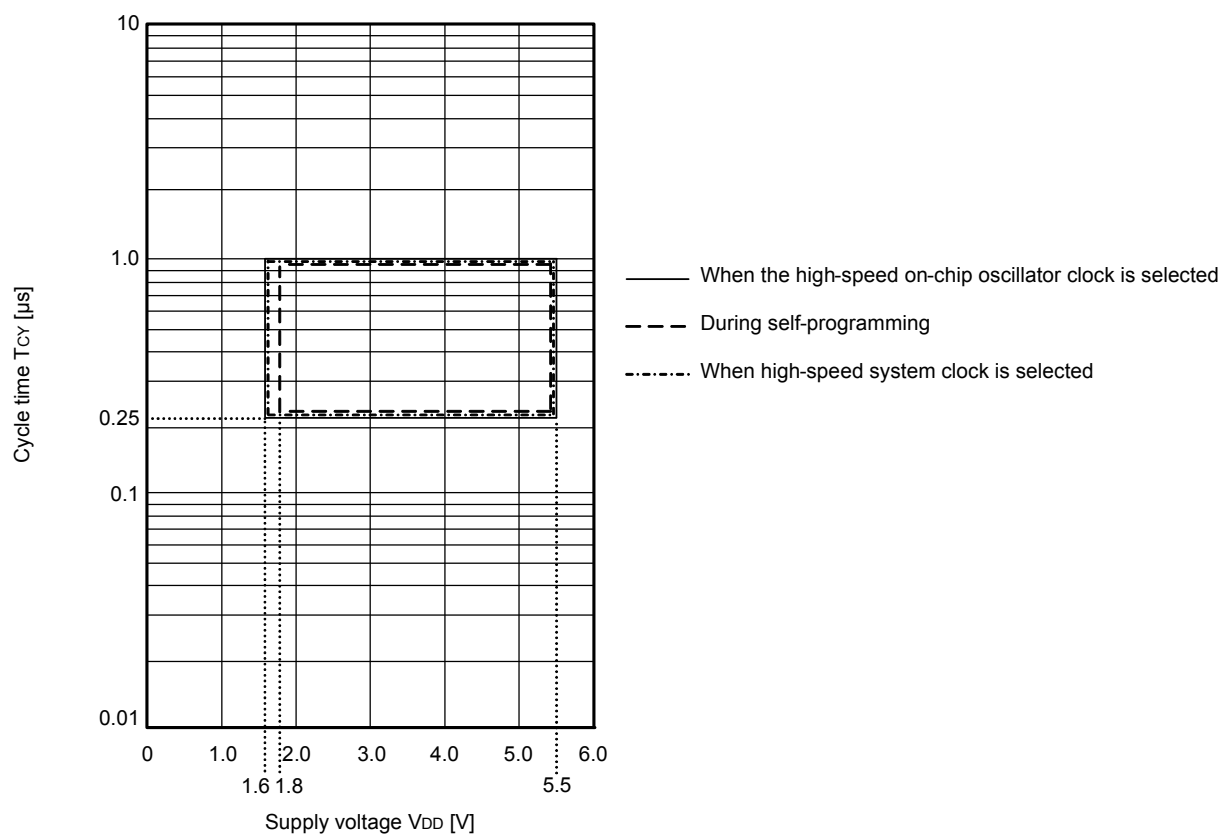
$$\text{Total output current of pins} = (10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \approx 8.7 \text{ mA}$$

However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor.

A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

- Note 1.** Total current flowing into V_{DD}, EV_{DD0}, and EV_{DD1}, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD}, EV_{DD0}, and EV_{DD1}, or V_{SS}, EV_{SS0}, and EV_{SS1}. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, D/A converter, comparator, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
- Note 2.** During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
- Note 3.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 4.** When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 5.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and setting ultra-low current consumption (AMPHS1 = 1). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
- Note 6.** Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
- Note 7.** Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.
- | | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| HS (high-speed main) mode: | 2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 32 MHz |
| | 2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 16 MHz |
| LS (low-speed main) mode: | 1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 8 MHz |
| LV (low-voltage main) mode: | 1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 4 MHz |
- Note 8.** Regarding the value for current to operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.
- Remark 1.** f_{MX}: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
- Remark 2.** f_{HOCO}: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (64 MHz max.)
- Remark 3.** f_{IH}: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (32 MHz max.)
- Remark 4.** f_{SUB}: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
- Remark 5.** Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is T_A = 25°C

T_{CY} vs V_{DD} (LS (low-speed main) mode)T_{CY} vs V_{DD} (LV (low-voltage main) mode)

(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode)**(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		LS (low-speed main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate		reception	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V		fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1		bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fMCK = fCLK Note 4		5.3		1.3		Mbps
			2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V		fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1		bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fMCK = fCLK Note 4		5.3		1.3		Mbps
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V		fMCK/6 Notes 1, 2, 3		fMCK/6 Notes 1, 2		bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fMCK = fCLK Note 4		5.3		1.3		Mbps

Note 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

However, the SNOOZE mode cannot be used when FRQSEL4 = 1.

Note 2. Use it with EVDD0 ≥ Vb.**Note 3.** The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when EVDD0 < VDD.

2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V: MAX. 2.6 Mbps

1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.4 V: MAX. 1.3 Mbps

Note 4. The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (fCLK) are:

HS (high-speed main) mode: 32 MHz (2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)

16 MHz (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)

LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)

LV (low-voltage main) mode: 4 MHz (1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V)

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 30- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

Remark 1. Vb [V]: Communication line voltage**Remark 2.** q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 5, 14)**Remark 3.** fMCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,

n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)

Remark 4. UART2 cannot communicate at different potential when bit 1 (PIOR01) of peripheral I/O redirection register 0 (PIOR0) is 1.

Note 4. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the "Conditions" column are met. Refer to **Note 3** above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Note 5. Use it with $EV_{DD0} \geq V_b$.

Note 6. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using $f_{mck}/6$ or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when $1.8 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \text{ V}$ and $1.6 \text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \text{ V}$

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides

Note 7. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the "Conditions" column are met. Refer to **Note 6** above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 30- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

2.5.2 Serial interface IICA

(1) I²C standard mode

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) mode		LS (low-speed main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLA0 clock frequency	fSCL	Standard mode: fCLK ≥ 1 MHz	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	0	100	0	100	0	100	kHz
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	0	100	0	100	0	100	kHz
			1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	0	100	0	100	0	100	kHz
			1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		0	100	0	100	kHz
Setup time of restart condition	tSU: STA	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs	
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs	
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs	
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		4.7		4.7		μs	
Hold time ^{Note 1}	tHD: STA	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs	
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs	
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs	
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		4.0		4.0		μs	
Hold time when SCLA0 = “L”	tLOW	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs	
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs	
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs	
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		4.7		4.7		μs	
Hold time when SCLA0 = “H”	tHIGH	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs	
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs	
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs	
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		4.0		4.0		μs	

(Notes, Caution, and Remark are listed on the next page.)

(1) I²C standard mode

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

(2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		LS (low-speed main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	tsu: DAT	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	250		250		250		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	250		250		250		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	250		250		250		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		250		250		ns
Data hold time (transmission) Note 2	thd: DAT	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	0	3.45	0	3.45	0	3.45	μs
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	0	3.45	0	3.45	0	3.45	μs
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	0	3.45	0	3.45	0	3.45	μs
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		0	3.45	0	3.45	μs
Setup time of stop condition	tsu: STO	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		4.0		4.0		μs
Bus-free time	tBUF	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		4.7		4.7		μs

Note 1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start/restart condition is detected.

Note 2. The maximum value (MAX.) of thd: DAT is during normal transfer and a wait state is inserted in the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

Caution The values in the above table are applied even when bit 2 (PIOR02) in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0 (PIOR0) is 1. At this time, the pin characteristics (IOH1, IOL1, VOH1, VOL1) must satisfy the values in the redirect destination.

Remark The maximum value of C_b (communication line capacitance) and the value of R_b (communication line pull-up resistor) at that time in each mode are as follows.

Standard mode: C_b = 400 pF, R_b = 2.7 kΩ

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

(3/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	V _{IH1}	P00 to P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P100 to P102, P110, P111, P120, P140 to P147	0.8 EVDD0		EVDD0	V
	V _{IH2}	P01, P03, P04, P10, P14 to P17, P30, P43, P44, P50, P53 to P55, P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	2.2	EVDD0	V
			TTL input buffer 3.3 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V	2.0	EVDD0	V
			TTL input buffer 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V	1.5	EVDD0	V
	V _{IH3}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	0.7 VDD		VDD	V
	V _{IH4}	P60 to P63	0.7 EVDD0		6.0	V
	V _{IH5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCLKS, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$	0.8 VDD		VDD	V
Input voltage, low	V _{IL1}	P00 to P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P100 to P102, P110, P111, P120, P140 to P147	0		0.2 EVDD0	V
	V _{IL2}	P01, P03, P04, P10, P14 to P17, P30, P43, P44, P50, P53 to P55, P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	0	0.8	V
			TTL input buffer 3.3 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V	0	0.5	V
			TTL input buffer 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V	0	0.32	V
	V _{IL3}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	0		0.3 VDD	V
	V _{IL4}	P60 to P63	0		0.3 EVDD0	V
	V _{IL5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCLKS, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$	0		0.2 VDD	V

Caution The maximum value of V_{IH} of pins P00, P02 to P04, P10, P11, P13 to P15, P17, P30, P43 to P45, P50 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, and P142 to P144 is EVDD0, even in the N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

3.3.2 Supply current characteristics

(1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 30- to 64-pin products

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EVDD0} \leq \text{VDD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{VSS} = \text{EVSS0} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current Note 1	IDD1	Operating mode	HS (high-speed main) mode Note 5	$f_{\text{HOCO}} = 64\text{ MHz}$, $f_{\text{IH}} = 32\text{ MHz}$ Note 3	Basic operation	$\text{VDD} = 5.0\text{ V}$		2.4		mA
						$\text{VDD} = 3.0\text{ V}$		2.4		
				$f_{\text{HOCO}} = 32\text{ MHz}$, $f_{\text{IH}} = 32\text{ MHz}$ Note 3	Basic operation	$\text{VDD} = 5.0\text{ V}$		2.1		
						$\text{VDD} = 3.0\text{ V}$		2.1		
			HS (high-speed main) mode Note 5	$f_{\text{HOCO}} = 64\text{ MHz}$, $f_{\text{IH}} = 32\text{ MHz}$ Note 3	Normal operation	$\text{VDD} = 5.0\text{ V}$		5.1	9.3	mA
						$\text{VDD} = 3.0\text{ V}$		5.1	9.3	
				$f_{\text{HOCO}} = 32\text{ MHz}$, $f_{\text{IH}} = 32\text{ MHz}$ Note 3	Normal operation	$\text{VDD} = 5.0\text{ V}$		4.8	8.7	
						$\text{VDD} = 3.0\text{ V}$		4.8	8.7	
				$f_{\text{HOCO}} = 48\text{ MHz}$, $f_{\text{IH}} = 24\text{ MHz}$ Note 3	Normal operation	$\text{VDD} = 5.0\text{ V}$		4.0	7.3	
						$\text{VDD} = 3.0\text{ V}$		4.0	7.3	
				$f_{\text{HOCO}} = 24\text{ MHz}$, $f_{\text{IH}} = 24\text{ MHz}$ Note 3	Normal operation	$\text{VDD} = 5.0\text{ V}$		3.8	6.7	
						$\text{VDD} = 3.0\text{ V}$		3.8	6.7	
				$f_{\text{HOCO}} = 16\text{ MHz}$, $f_{\text{IH}} = 16\text{ MHz}$ Note 3	Normal operation	$\text{VDD} = 5.0\text{ V}$		2.8	4.9	
						$\text{VDD} = 3.0\text{ V}$		2.8	4.9	
			HS (high-speed main) mode Note 5	$f_{\text{MX}} = 20\text{ MHz}$ Note 2, $\text{VDD} = 5.0\text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.3	5.7	mA
						Resonator connection		3.4	5.8	
				$f_{\text{MX}} = 20\text{ MHz}$ Note 2, $\text{VDD} = 3.0\text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.3	5.7	
						Resonator connection		3.4	5.8	
				$f_{\text{MX}} = 10\text{ MHz}$ Note 2, $\text{VDD} = 5.0\text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.0	3.4	
						Resonator connection		2.1	3.5	
				$f_{\text{MX}} = 10\text{ MHz}$ Note 2, $\text{VDD} = 3.0\text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.0	3.4	
						Resonator connection		2.1	3.5	
			Subsystem clock operation	$f_{\text{SUB}} = 32.768\text{ kHz}$ Note 4 $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.7	6.1	μA
						Resonator connection		4.7	6.1	
				$f_{\text{SUB}} = 32.768\text{ kHz}$ Note 4 $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.7	6.1	
						Resonator connection		4.7	6.1	
				$f_{\text{SUB}} = 32.768\text{ kHz}$ Note 4 $T_A = +50^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.8	6.7	
						Resonator connection		4.8	6.7	
				$f_{\text{SUB}} = 32.768\text{ kHz}$ Note 4 $T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.8	7.5	
						Resonator connection		4.8	7.5	
				$f_{\text{SUB}} = 32.768\text{ kHz}$ Note 4 $T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.4	8.9	
						Resonator connection		5.4	8.9	
				$f_{\text{SUB}} = 32.768\text{ kHz}$ Note 4 $T_A = +105^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		7.2	21.0	
						Resonator connection		7.3	21.1	

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

- Note 1.** Total current flowing into V_{DD}, EV_{DD0}, and EV_{DD1}, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD}, EV_{DD0}, and EV_{DD1}, or V_{SS}, EV_{SS0}, and EV_{SS1}. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, D/A converter, comparator, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
- Note 2.** During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
- Note 3.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 4.** When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 5.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and setting ultra-low current consumption (AMPHS1 = 1). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
- Note 6.** Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
- Note 7.** Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.
 HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}@1\text{ MHz to }32\text{ MHz}$
 $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}@1\text{ MHz to }16\text{ MHz}$
- Note 8.** Regarding the value for current to operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.
- Remark 1.** f_{MX}: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
- Remark 2.** f_{HOCO}: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (64 MHz max.)
- Remark 3.** f_{IH}: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (32 MHz max.)
- Remark 4.** f_{SUB}: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
- Remark 5.** Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is T_A = 25°C

- Note 1.** Total current flowing into VDD, EVDD0, and EVDD1, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDD0, and EVDD1, or VSS, EVSS0, and EVSS1. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, D/A converter, comparator, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
- Note 2.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 3.** When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 4.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When AMPHS1 = 1 (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
- Note 5.** Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.
 HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}@1\text{ MHz to }32\text{ MHz}$
 $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}@1\text{ MHz to }16\text{ MHz}$

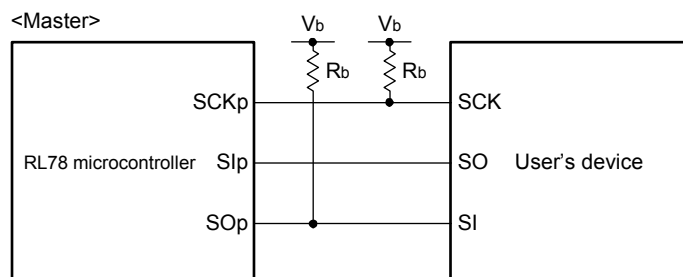
Remark 1. fMX: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)

Remark 2. fHOCO: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (64 MHz max.)

Remark 3. fIH: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (32 MHz max.)

Remark 4. fSUB: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)

Remark 5. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)

Remark 5. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage

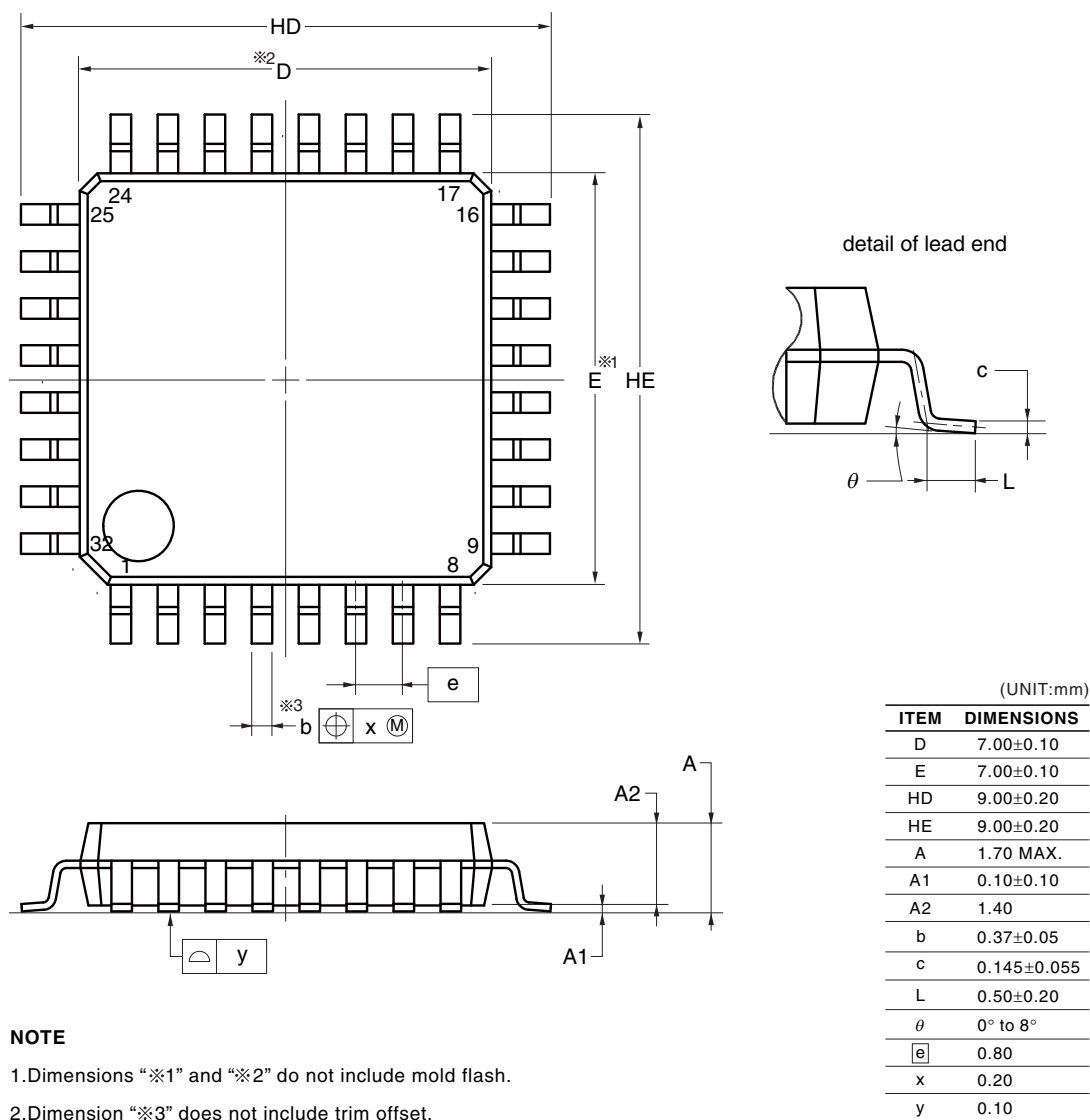
Remark 6. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 3 to 5, 14)

Remark 7. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00))

Remark 8. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

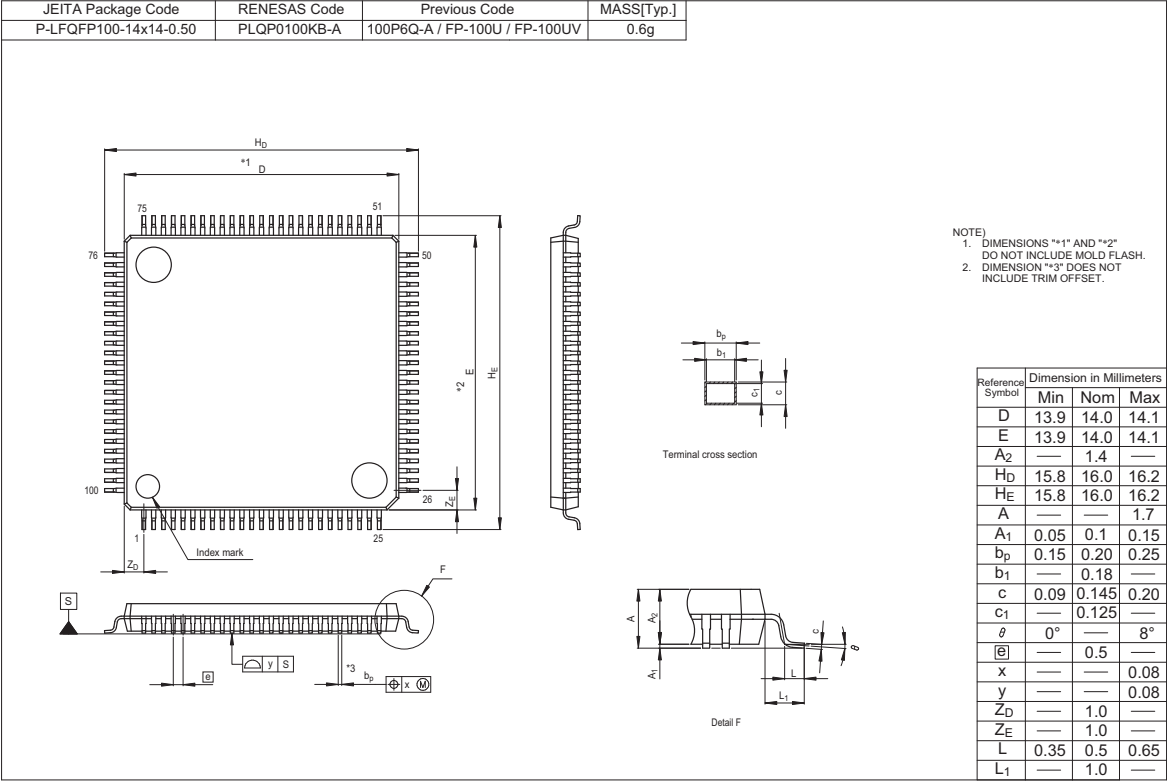
R5F104BAAFP, R5F104BCAFP, R5F104BDAFP, R5F104BEAFP, R5F104BFAFP, R5F104BGAFP
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 R5F104BAGFP, R5F104BCGFP, R5F104BDGFP, R5F104BEGFP, R5F104BFGFP, R5F104BGGFP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP32-7x7-0.80	PLQP0032GB-A	P32GA-80-GBT-1	0.2



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R5F104PKAFB, R5F104PLAFB
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