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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	5.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LFQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f104geafb-30

[44-pin, 48-pin, 52-pin, 64-pin products (code flash memory 16 KB to 64 KB)]

Caution This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1) are set to 00H.

(1/2)

Item		44-pin	48-pin	52-pin	64-pin
		R5F104Fx (x = A, C to E)	R5F104Gx (x = A, C to E)	R5F104Jx (x = C to E)	R5F104Lx (x = C to E)
Code flash memory (KB)		16 to 64	16 to 64	32 to 64	32 to 64
Data flash memory (KB)		4	4	4	4
RAM (KB)		2.5 to 5.5 Note	2.5 to 5.5 Note	4 to 5.5 Note	4 to 5.5 Note
Address space		1 MB			
Main system clock	High-speed system clock	X1 (crystal/ceramic) oscillation, external main system clock input (EXCLK) HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 20 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V), LV (low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V)			
	High-speed on-chip oscillator clock (f _{IH})	HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 32 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (high-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V), LV (low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V)			
Subsystem clock		XT1 (crystal) oscillation, external subsystem clock input (EXCLKS) 32.768 kHz			
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock		15 kHz (TYP.): V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V			
General-purpose register		8 bits × 32 registers (8 bits × 8 registers × 4 banks)			
Minimum instruction execution time		0.03125 μs (High-speed on-chip oscillator clock: f _{IH} = 32 MHz operation)			
		0.05 μs (High-speed system clock: f _{MX} = 20 MHz operation)			
		30.5 μs (Subsystem clock: f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz operation)			
Instruction set		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data transfer (8/16 bits) • Adder and subtractor/logical operation (8/16 bits) • Multiplication (8 bits × 8 bits, 16 bits × 16 bits), Division (16 bits ÷ 16 bits, 32 bits ÷ 32 bits) • Multiplication and Accumulation (16 bits × 16 bits + 32 bits) • Rotate, barrel shift, and bit manipulation (Set, reset, test, and Boolean operation), etc. 			
I/O port	Total	40	44	48	58
	CMOS I/O	31	34	38	48
	CMOS input	5	5	5	5
	CMOS output	—	1	1	1
	N-ch open-drain I/O (6 V tolerance)	4	4	4	4
Timer	16-bit timer	8 channels (TAU: 4 channels, Timer RJ: 1 channel, Timer RD: 2 channels, Timer RG: 1 channel)			
	Watchdog timer	1 channel			
	Real-time clock (RTC)	1 channel			
	12-bit interval timer	1 channel			
	Timer output	Timer outputs: 13 channels PWM outputs: 9 channels			
	RTC output	1 • 1 Hz (subsystem clock: f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz)			

(Note is listed on the next page.)

- Note 1.** Total current flowing into V_{DD}, EV_{DD0}, and EV_{DD1}, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD}, EV_{DD0}, and EV_{DD1}, or V_{SS}, EV_{SS0}, and EV_{SS1}. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, D/A converter, comparator, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
- Note 2.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 3.** When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 4.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When AMPHS1 = 1 (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
- Note 5.** Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.
- | | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| HS (high-speed main) mode: | 2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 32 MHz |
| | 2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 16 MHz |
| LS (low-speed main) mode: | 1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 8 MHz |
| LV (low-voltage main) mode: | 1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 4 MHz |
- Remark 1.** f_{MX}: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
- Remark 2.** f_{HOCO}: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (64 MHz max.)
- Remark 3.** f_{IH}: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (32 MHz max.)
- Remark 4.** f_{SUB}: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
- Remark 5.** Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C

(7) Communication at different potential (2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only)**(TA = -40 to +85°C, 2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		LS (low-speed main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	tkCY1	tkCY1 ≥ 2/fCLK 4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 20 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ	200		1150		1150		ns
			300		1150		1150		ns
SCKp high-level width	tkH1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 20 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ	tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V, Cb = 20 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ	tkCY1/2 - 120		tkCY1/2 - 120		tkCY1/2 - 120		ns
SCKp low-level width	tkL1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 20 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ	tkCY1/2 - 7		tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V, Cb = 20 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ	tkCY1/2 - 10		tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) Note 1	tSIK1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 20 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ	58		479		479		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V, Cb = 20 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ	121		479		479		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) Note 1	tKSI1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 20 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ	10		10		10		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V, Cb = 20 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ	10		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp out- put Note 1	tkSO1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 20 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ		60		60		60	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V, Cb = 20 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ		130		130		130	ns

(Notes, Caution, and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)**(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)**

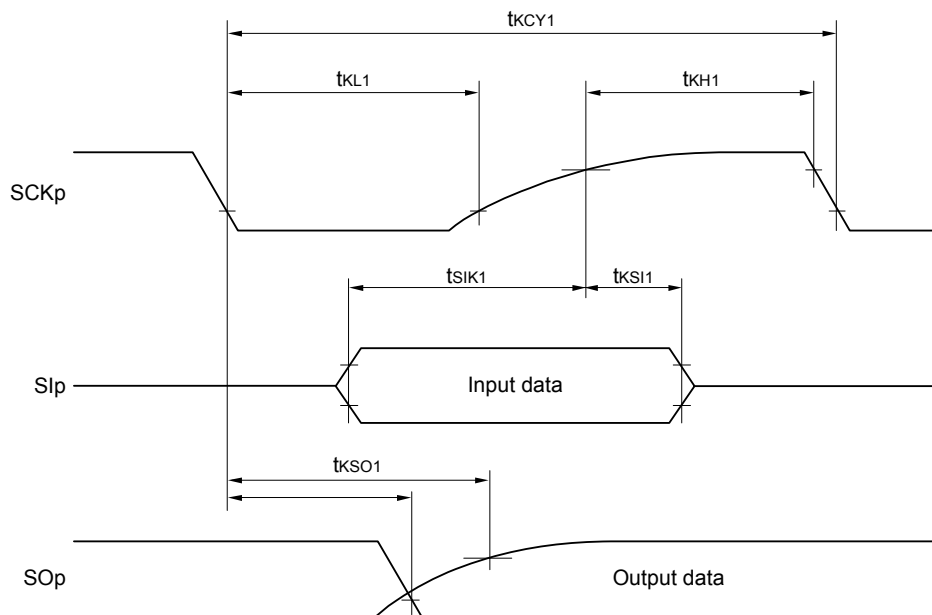
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		LS (low-speed main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	tkCY1	tkCY1 ≥ 4/fCLK 4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ	300		1150		1150		ns
			500		1150		1150		ns
			1150		1150		1150		ns
SCKp high-level width	tkH1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ	tkCY1/2 - 75		tkCY1/2 - 75		tkCY1/2 - 75		ns
			tkCY1/2 - 170		tkCY1/2 - 170		tkCY1/2 - 170		ns
			tkCY1/2 - 458		tkCY1/2 - 458		tkCY1/2 - 458		ns
SCKp low-level width	tkL1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ	tkCY1/2 - 12		tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		ns
			tkCY1/2 - 18		tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		ns
			tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		ns

Note Use it with EVDD0 ≥ Vb.

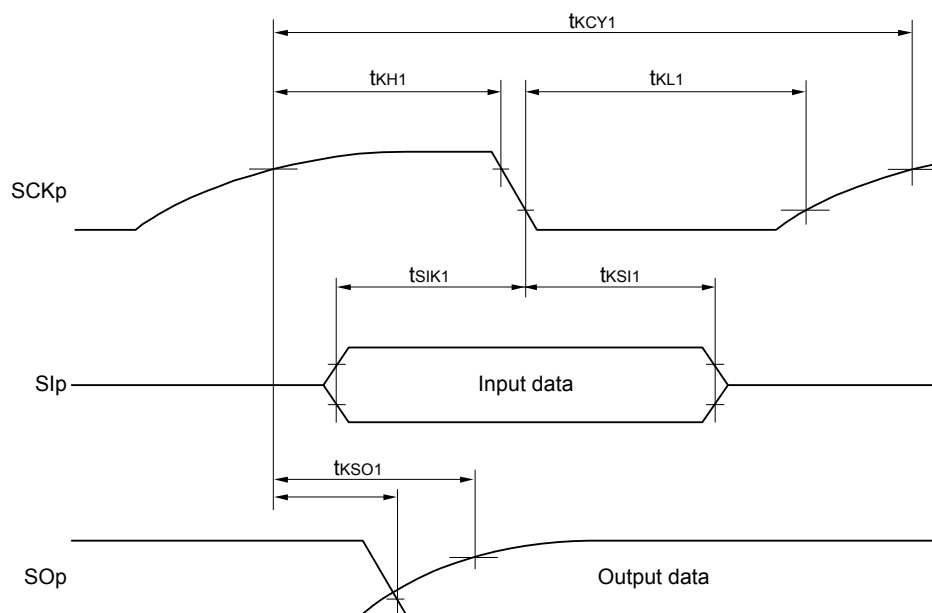
Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 30- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed two pages after the next page.)

**CSI mode serial transfer timing (master mode) (during communication at different potential)
(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)**



**CSI mode serial transfer timing (master mode) (during communication at different potential)
(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)**



Remark 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3),
g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 3 to 5, 14)

Remark 2. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

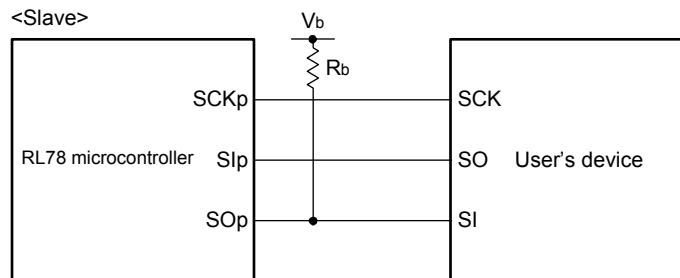
(9) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)**(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		LS (low-speed main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time Note 1	tkcy2	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V	24 MHz < fmck	14/fmck		—		—	ns
			20 MHz < fmck ≤ 24 MHz	12/fmck		—		—	ns
			8 MHz < fmck ≤ 20 MHz	10/fmck		—		—	ns
			4 MHz < fmck ≤ 8 MHz	8/fmck		16/fmck		—	ns
			fmck ≤ 4 MHz	6/fmck		10/fmck		10/fmck	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V	24 MHz < fmck	20/fmck		—		—	ns
			20 MHz < fmck ≤ 24 MHz	16/fmck		—		—	ns
			16 MHz < fmck ≤ 20 MHz	14/fmck		—		—	ns
			8 MHz < fmck ≤ 16 MHz	12/fmck		—		—	ns
			4 MHz < fmck ≤ 8 MHz	8/fmck		16/fmck		—	ns
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V Note 2	24 MHz < fmck	48/fmck		—		—	ns
			20 MHz < fmck ≤ 24 MHz	36/fmck		—		—	ns
			16 MHz < fmck ≤ 20 MHz	32/fmck		—		—	ns
			8 MHz < fmck ≤ 16 MHz	26/fmck		—		—	ns
			4 MHz < fmck ≤ 8 MHz	16/fmck		16/fmck		—	ns
fmck ≤ 4 MHz	10/fmck		10/fmck		10/fmck		ns		
								ns	
								ns	
								ns	
								ns	
SCKp high-/low-level width	tkH2, tkL2	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V	tkcy2/2 - 12		tkcy2/2 - 50		tkcy2/2 - 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V	tkcy2/2 - 18		tkcy2/2 - 50		tkcy2/2 - 50		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V Note 2	tkcy2/2 - 50		tkcy2/2 - 50		tkcy2/2 - 50		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) Note 3	tsik2	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V	1/fmck + 20		1/fmck + 30		1/fmck + 30		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V	1/fmck + 20		1/fmck + 30		1/fmck + 30		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V Note 2	1/fmck + 30		1/fmck + 30		1/fmck + 30		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) Note 4	tksl2		1/fmck + 31		1/fmck + 31		1/fmck + 31		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 5	tkso2	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ		2/fmck + 120		2/fmck + 573		2/fmck + 573	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ		2/fmck + 214		2/fmck + 573		2/fmck + 573	ns
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V Note 2, Cb = 30 pF, Rv = 5.5 kΩ		2/fmck + 573		2/fmck + 573		2/fmck + 573	ns

(Notes, Caution, and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

- Note 1.** Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode: MAX. 1 Mbps
- Note 2.** Use it with $EV_{DD0} \geq V_b$.
- Note 3.** When $DAP_{mn} = 0$ and $CKP_{mn} = 0$, or $DAP_{mn} = 1$ and $CKP_{mn} = 1$. The Slp setup time becomes “to $SCKp\downarrow$ ” when $DAP_{mn} = 0$ and $CKP_{mn} = 1$, or $DAP_{mn} = 1$ and $CKP_{mn} = 0$.
- Note 4.** When $DAP_{mn} = 0$ and $CKP_{mn} = 0$, or $DAP_{mn} = 1$ and $CKP_{mn} = 1$. The Slp hold time becomes “from $SCKp\downarrow$ ” when $DAP_{mn} = 0$ and $CKP_{mn} = 1$, or $DAP_{mn} = 1$ and $CKP_{mn} = 0$.
- Note 5.** When $DAP_{mn} = 0$ and $CKP_{mn} = 0$, or $DAP_{mn} = 1$ and $CKP_{mn} = 1$. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from $SCKp\uparrow$ ” when $DAP_{mn} = 0$ and $CKP_{mn} = 1$, or $DAP_{mn} = 1$ and $CKP_{mn} = 0$.
- Caution** Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and $SCKp$ pin, and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 30- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



- Remark 1.** $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SOp) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SOp) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage
- Remark 2.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 3 to 5, 14)
- Remark 3.** f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the $CKSmn$ bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).
m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13))
- Remark 4.** CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.
Also, communication at different potential cannot be performed during clock synchronous serial communication with the slave select function.

(1) I²C standard mode**(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)****(2/2)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		LS (low-speed main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	tsu: DAT	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	250		250		250		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	250		250		250		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	250		250		250		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		250		250		ns
Data hold time (transmission) Note 2	tHD: DAT	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	0	3.45	0	3.45	0	3.45	μs
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	0	3.45	0	3.45	0	3.45	μs
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	0	3.45	0	3.45	0	3.45	μs
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		0	3.45	0	3.45	μs
Setup time of stop condition	tsu: STO	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.0		4.0		4.0		μs
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		4.0		4.0		μs
Bus-free time	tBUF	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	4.7		4.7		4.7		μs
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		4.7		4.7		μs

Note 1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start/restart condition is detected.

Note 2. The maximum value (MAX.) of tHD: DAT is during normal transfer and a wait state is inserted in the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

Caution The values in the above table are applied even when bit 2 (PIOR02) in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0 (PIOR0) is 1. At this time, the pin characteristics (IOH1, IOL1, VOH1, VOL1) must satisfy the values in the redirect destination.

Remark The maximum value of C_b (communication line capacitance) and the value of R_b (communication line pull-up resistor) at that time in each mode are as follows.

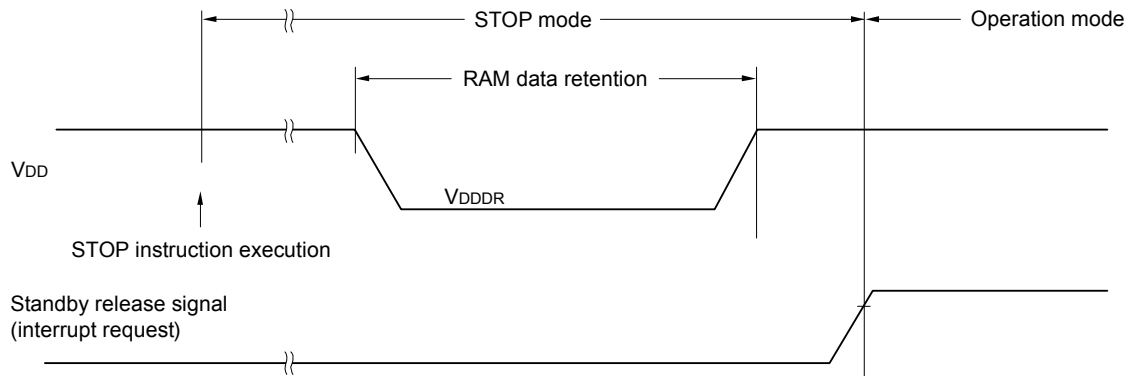
Standard mode: C_b = 400 pF, R_b = 2.7 kΩ

2.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics

(TA = -40 to +85°C, VSS = 0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Data retention supply voltage	VDDDR		1.46 <small>Note</small>		5.5	V

Note The value depends on the POR detection voltage. When the voltage drops, the RAM data is retained before a POR reset is effected, but RAM data is not retained when a POR reset is effected.



2.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
System clock frequency	fCLK	1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	1		32	MHz
Number of code flash rewrites <small>Notes 1, 2, 3</small>	C _{erwr}	Retained for 20 years TA = 85°C	1,000			Times
Number of data flash rewrites <small>Notes 1, 2, 3</small>		Retained for 1 year TA = 25°C		1,000,000		
		Retained for 5 years TA = 85°C	100,000			
		Retained for 20 years TA = 85°C	10,000			

- Note 1.** 1 erase + 1 write after the erase is regarded as 1 rewrite. The retaining years are until next rewrite after the rewrite.
- Note 2.** When using flash memory programmer and Renesas Electronics self-programming library
- Note 3.** These are the characteristics of the flash memory and the results obtained from reliability testing by Renesas Electronics Corporation.

2.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate		During serial programming	115,200		1,000,000	bps

3.3 DC Characteristics

3.3.1 Pin characteristics

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

Items	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Output current, high ^{Note 1}	IOH1	Per pin for P00 to P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P100 to P102, P110, P111, P120, P130, P140 to P147	2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V			-3.0 Note 2	mA
		Total of P00 to P04, P40 to P47, P102, P120, P130, P140 to P145 (When duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V			-30.0	mA
			2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V			-10.0	mA
			2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V			-5.0	mA
		Total of P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P100, P101, P110, P111, P146, P147 (When duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V			-30.0	mA
			2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V			-19.0	mA
	2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V				-10.0	mA	
	Total of all pins (When duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V			-60.0	mA	
	IOH2	Per pin for P20 to P27, P150 to P156	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V			-0.1 Note 2	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V			-1.5	mA

Note 1. Value of current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from the EVDD0, EVDD1, VDD pins to an output pin.

Note 2. Do not exceed the total current value.

Note 3. Specification under conditions where the duty factor ≤ 70%.

The output current value that has changed to the duty factor > 70% the duty ratio can be calculated with the following expression (when changing the duty factor from 70% to n%).

- Total output current of pins = (IOH × 0.7)/(n × 0.01)
<Example> Where n = 80% and IOH = -10.0 mA
Total output current of pins = (-10.0 × 0.7)/(80 × 0.01) ≈ -8.7 mA

However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor.
A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10, P11, P13 to P15, P17, P30, P43 to P45, P50 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

- Note 1.** Total current flowing into V_{DD} and EV_{DD0}, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD}, EV_{DD0} or V_{SS}, EV_{SS0}. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
- Note 2.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 3.** When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 4.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When AMPHS1 = 1 (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
- Note 5.** Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.
HS (high-speed main) mode: 2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 32 MHz
2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 16 MHz

Remark 1. f_{MX}: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)

Remark 2. f_{HOCO}: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (64 MHz max.)

Remark 3. f_{IH}: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency (32 MHz max.)

Remark 4. f_{SUB}: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)

Remark 5. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C

(4) Peripheral Functions (Common to all products)**(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Low-speed on-chip oscillator operating current	IFIL Note 1				0.20		μA
RTC operating current	IRTC Notes 1, 2, 3				0.02		μA
12-bit interval timer operating current	IIT Notes 1, 2, 4				0.02		μA
Watchdog timer operating current	IWDT Notes 1, 2, 5	fil = 15 kHz			0.22		μA
A/D converter operating current	IADC Notes 1, 6	When conversion at maximum speed	Normal mode, AVREFP = VDD = 5.0 V		1.3	1.7	mA
			Low voltage mode, AVREFP = VDD = 3.0 V		0.5	0.7	mA
A/D converter reference voltage current	IADREF Note 1				75.0		μA
Temperature sensor operating current	ITMPS Note 1				75.0		μA
D/A converter operating current	IDAC Notes 1, 11, 13	Per D/A converter channel				1.5	mA
Comparator operating current	ICMP Notes 1, 12, 13	VDD = 5.0 V, Regulator output voltage = 2.1 V	Window mode		12.5		μA
			Comparator high-speed mode		6.5		μA
			Comparator low-speed mode		1.7		μA
		VDD = 5.0 V, Regulator output voltage = 1.8 V	Window mode		8.0		μA
			Comparator high-speed mode		4.0		μA
			Comparator low-speed mode		1.3		μA
LVD operating current	ILVD Notes 1, 7				0.08		μA
Self-programming operating current	IFSP Notes 1, 9				2.50	12.20	mA
BGO operating current	IBGO Notes 1, 8				2.50	12.20	mA
SNOOZE operating current	ISNOZ Note 1	ADC operation	The mode is performed Note 10		0.50	1.10	mA
			The A/D conversion operations are performed, Low voltage mode, AVREFP = VDD = 3.0 V		1.20	2.04	
		CSI/UART operation		0.70	1.54		
		DTC operation		3.10			

Note 1. Current flowing to VDD.**Note 2.** When high speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped.**Note 3.** Current flowing only to the real-time clock (RTC) (excluding the operating current of the low-speed on-chip oscillator and the XT1 oscillator). The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of the values of either IDD1 or IDD2, and IRTC, when the real-time clock operates in operation mode or HALT mode. When the low-speed on-chip oscillator is selected, IFIL should be added. IDD2 subsystem clock operation includes the operational current of the real-time clock.**Note 4.** Current flowing only to the 12-bit interval timer (excluding the operating current of the low-speed on-chip oscillator and the XT1 oscillator). The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of the values of either IDD1 or IDD2, and IIT, when the 12-bit interval timer operates in operation mode or HALT mode. When the low-speed on-chip oscillator is selected, IFIL should be added.

3.4 AC Characteristics

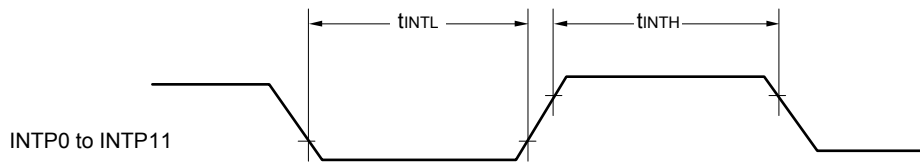
(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Instruction cycle (minimum instruction execution time)	Tcy	Main system clock (fMAIN) operation	HS (high-speed main) mode	2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	0.03125		1	μs
				2.4 V ≤ VDD < 2.7 V	0.0625		1	μs
		Subsystem clock (fSUB) operation		2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	28.5	30.5	31.3	μs
		In the self-programming mode	HS (high-speed main) mode	2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	0.03125		1	μs
	2.4 V ≤ VDD < 2.7 V		0.0625		1	μs		
External system clock frequency	fEX	2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		1.0		20.0	MHz	
		2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 2.7 V		1.0		16.0	MHz	
	fEXS			32		35	kHz	
External system clock input high-level width, low-level width	tEXH,	2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V		24			ns	
	tEXL	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 2.7 V		30			ns	
	tEXHS, tEXLS			13.7			μs	
T100 to T103, T110 to T113 input high-level width, low-level width	tT1H, tT1L			1/fMCK + 10 Note			ns	
Timer RJ input cycle	fc	TRJIO		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	100		ns	
				2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V	300		ns	
Timer RJ input high-level width, low-level width	tTJH, tTJL	TRJIO		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	40		ns	
				2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V	120		ns	

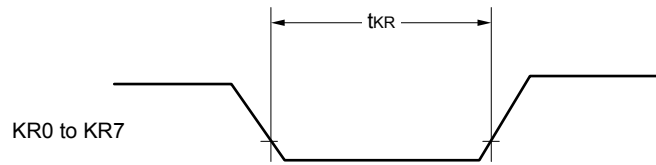
Note The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when EVDD0 < VDD
2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V: MIN. 125 ns

Remark fMCK: Timer array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of timer mode register mn (TMRmn). m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3))

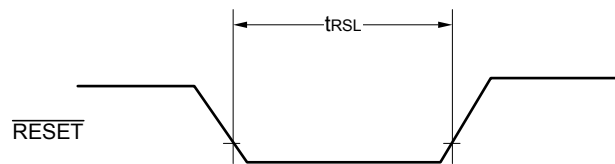
Interrupt Request Input Timing



Key Interrupt Input Timing



$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Input Timing



(3) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

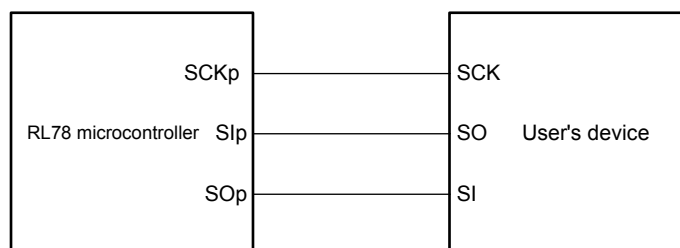
(2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		Unit	
			MIN.	MAX.		
SSI00 setup time	tSSIK	DAPmn = 0	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	240		ns
			2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	400		ns
		DAPmn = 1	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 240		ns
			2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 400		ns
SSI00 hold time	tkSSI	DAPmn = 0	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 240		ns
			2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 400		ns
		DAPmn = 1	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	240		ns
			2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	400		ns

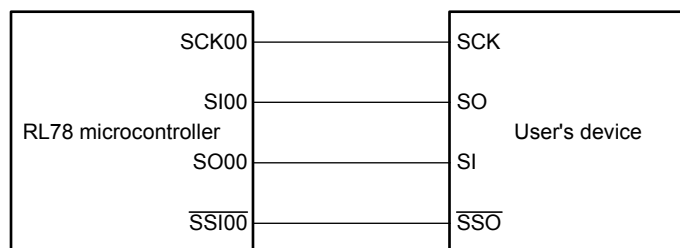
Caution Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and SCKp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

Remark p: CSI number (p = 00), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0), g: PIM number (g = 3, 5)

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



**CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)
(Slave Transmission of slave select input function (CSI00))**



Remark 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31)

Remark 2. m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I²C mode)**(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)****(2/2)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 340 Note 2		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 340 Note 2		ns
		4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 760 Note 2		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 760 Note 2		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 570 Note 2		ns
Data hold time (transmission)	t _{HD:DAT}	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	0	770	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	0	770	ns
		4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ	0	1420	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	0	1420	ns
		2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	0	1215	ns

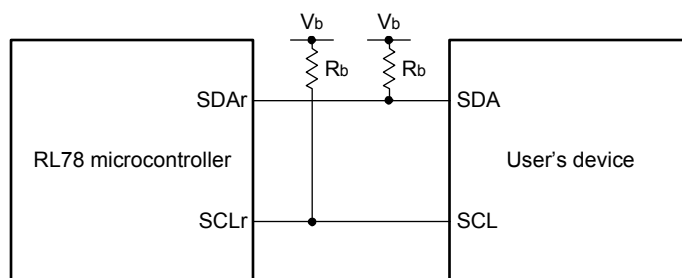
Note 1. The value must also be equal to or less than f_{MCK}/4.

Note 2. Set the f_{MCK} value to keep the hold time of SCLr = "L" and SCLr = "H".

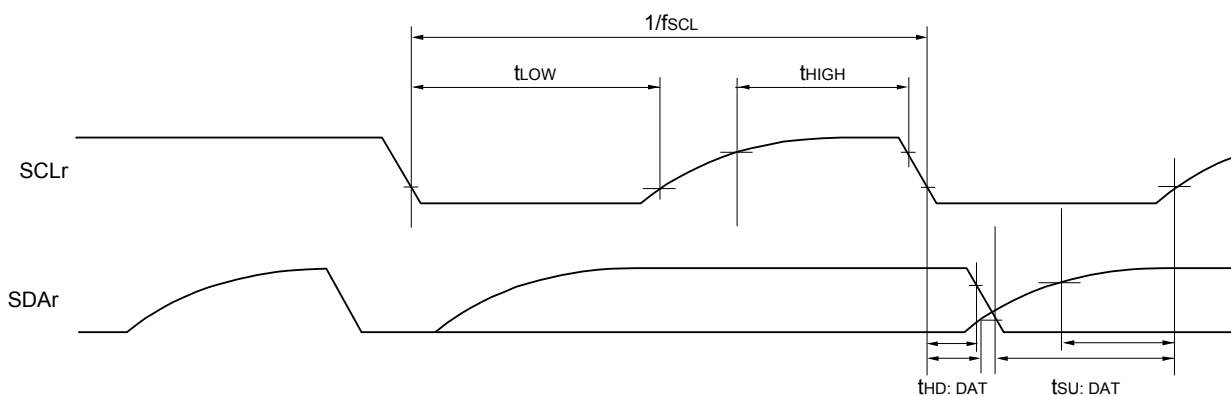
Caution Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 30- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 30- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

Simplified I²C mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at different potential)



Remark 1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage

Remark 2. r: IIC number (r = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 30, 31), g: PIM, POM number (g = 0, 1, 3 to 5, 14)

Remark 3. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
 (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number (m = 0, 1),
 n: Channel number (n = 0, 2), mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13)

3.6 Analog Characteristics

3.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Classification of A/D converter characteristics

Input channel	Reference Voltage	Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM	Reference voltage (+) = VDD Reference voltage (-) = VSS	Reference voltage (+) = VBGR Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM
ANI0 to ANI14		Refer to 3.6.1 (1).	Refer to 3.6.1 (3).	Refer to 3.6.1 (4).
ANI16 to ANI20		Refer to 3.6.1 (2).		
Internal reference voltage Temperature sensor output voltage		Refer to 3.6.1 (1).		

(1) When reference voltage (+) = AVREFP/ANI0 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin: ANI2 to ANI14, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP,
Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES		8		10	bit
Overall error Note 1	AINL	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V	1.2	±3.5	LSB
Conversion time	tCONV	10-bit resolution Target pin: ANI2 to ANI14	3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.125	39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875	39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	17	39	μs
		10-bit resolution Target pin: Internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.375	39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	3.5625	39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	17	39	μs
Zero-scale error Notes 1, 2	EZS	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V		±0.25	%FSR
Full-scale error Notes 1, 2	EFS	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V		±0.25	%FSR
Integral linearity error Note 1	ILE	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V		±2.5	LSB
Differential linearity error Note 1	DLE	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V		±1.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN	ANI2 to ANI14		0	AVREFP	V
		Internal reference voltage output (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)		VBGR Note 4		V
		Temperature sensor output voltage (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)		VTMPS25 Note 4		V

Note 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

Note 2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

Note 3. When AVREFP < VDD, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ±1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add ±0.05%FSR to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

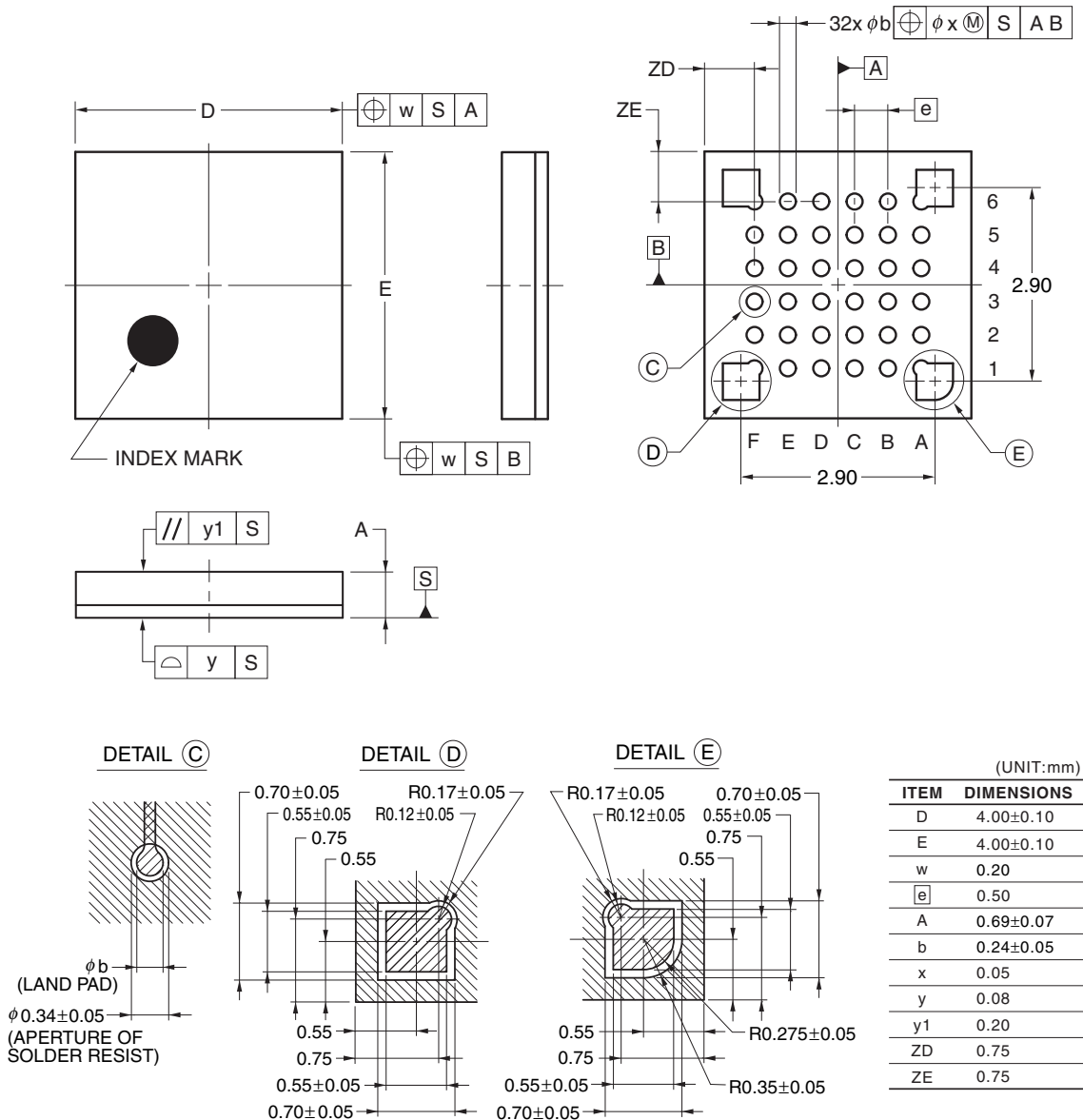
Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

Note 4. Refer to 3.6.2 Temperature sensor characteristics/internal reference voltage characteristic.

4.3 36-pin products

R5F104CAALA, R5F104CCALA, R5F104CDALA, R5F104CEALA, R5F104CFALA, R5F104CGALA
 R5F104CAGLA, R5F104CCGLA, R5F104CDGLA, R5F104CEGLA, R5F104CFGLA, R5F104CGGLA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-WFLGA36-4x4-0.50	PWLG0036KA-A	P36FC-50-AA4-2	0.023

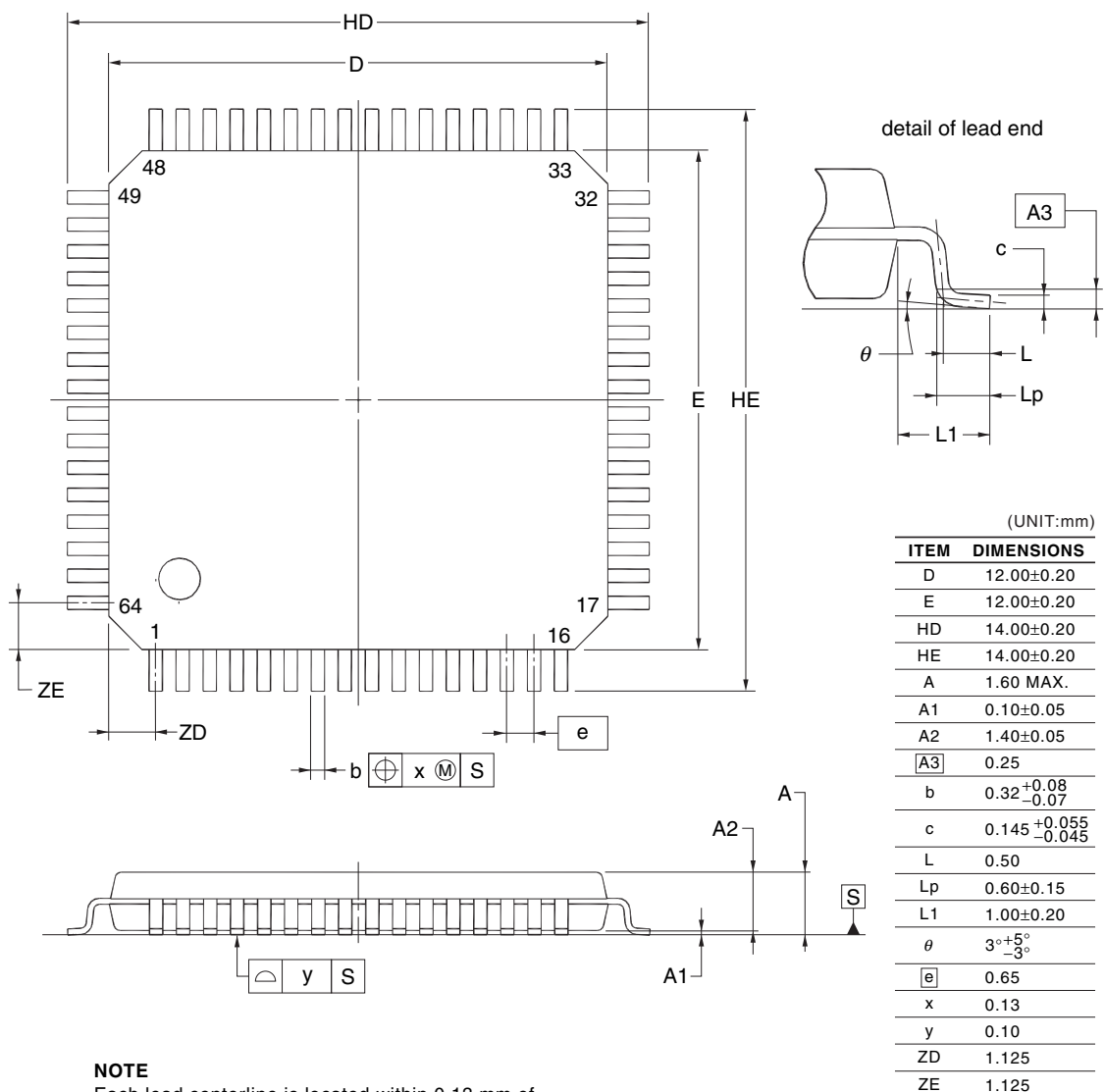


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4.8 64-pin products

R5F104LCAFA, R5F104LDAFA, R5F104LEAFA, R5F104LFAFA, R5F104LGafa, R5F104LHAFA, R5F104LJAFA
 R5F104LCDFA, R5F104LDDFA, R5F104LEDFA, R5F104LFDFA, R5F104LGDFa, R5F104LHDFa, R5F104LJDFA
 R5F104LCGFA, R5F104LDGFA, R5F104LEGFA, R5F104LFGFA, R5F104LGGFA, R5F104LHGFA, R5F104LJGFA
 R5F104LKAFA, R5F104LLAFA
 R5F104LKGFA, R5F104LLGFA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP64-12x12-0.65	PLQP0064JA-A	P64GK-65-UET-2	0.51



NOTE
 Each lead centerline is located within 0.13 mm of its true position at maximum material condition.