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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

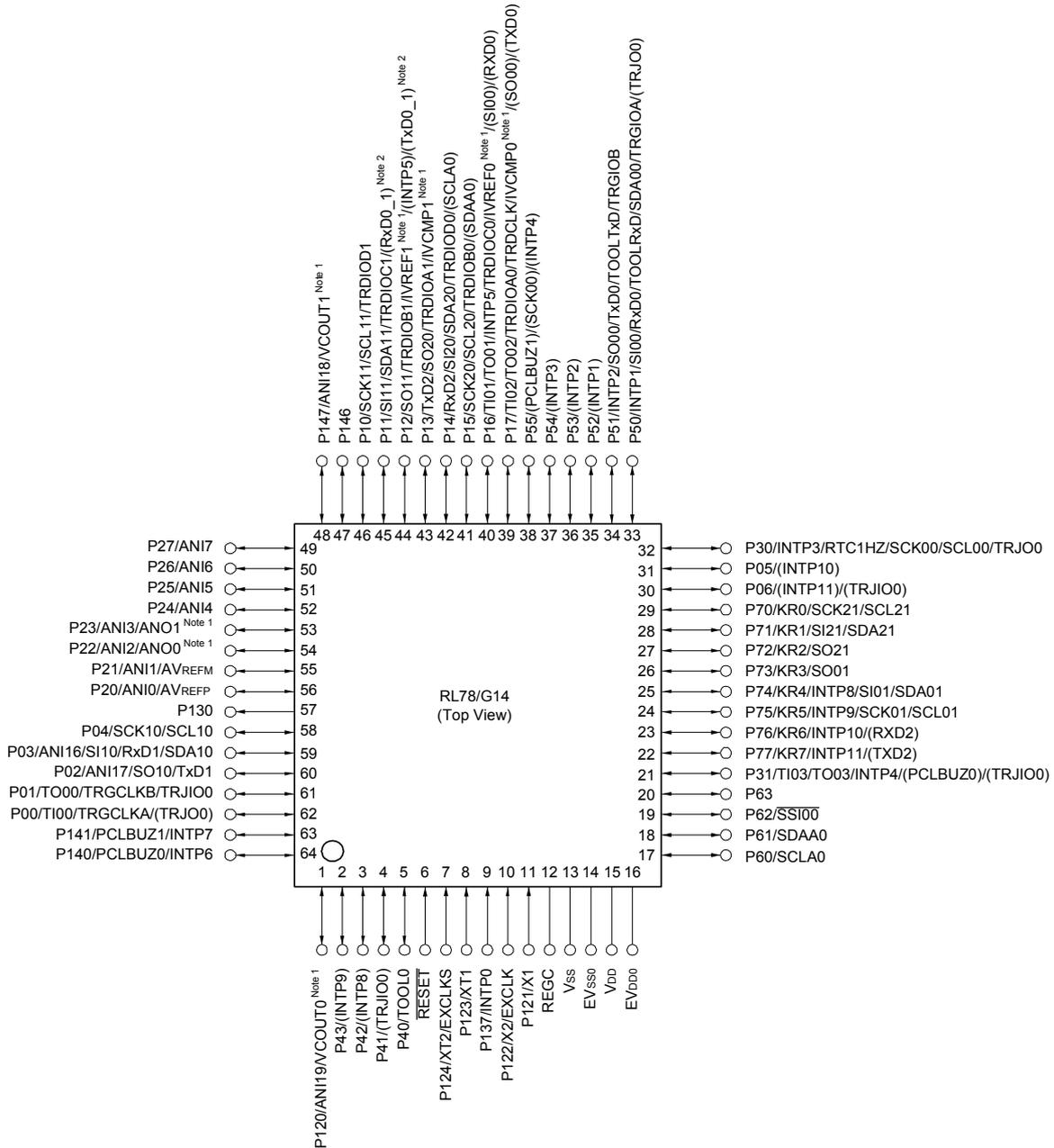
Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	96KB (96K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	12K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LFQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f104gegfb-v0

1.3.8 64-pin products

- 64-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.8 mm pitch)
- 64-pin plastic LQFP (12 × 12 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)
- 64-pin plastic LFQFP (10 × 10 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



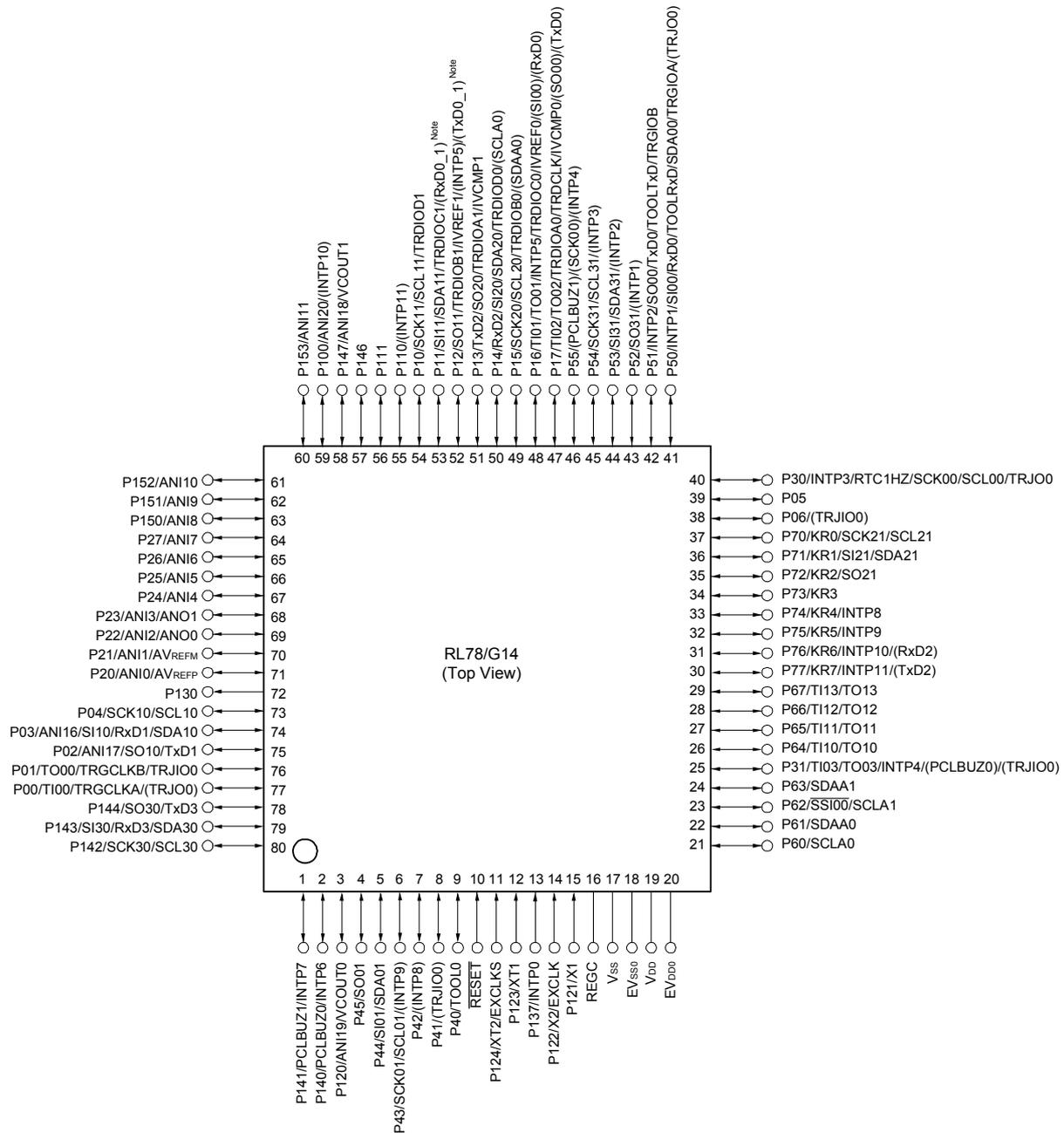
- Note 1.** Mounted on the 96 KB or more code flash memory products.
Note 2. Mounted on the 384 KB or more code flash memory products.

- Caution 1.** Make EVSS0 pin the same potential as Vss pin.
Caution 2. Make VDD pin the potential that is higher than EVDD0 pin.
Caution 3. Connect the REGC pin to Vss pin via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μF).

- Remark 1.** For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.
Remark 2. When using the microcontroller for an application where the noise generated inside the microcontroller must be reduced, it is recommended to supply separate powers to the VDD and EVDD0 pins and connect the Vss and EVSS0 pins to separate ground lines.
Remark 3. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1).

1.3.9 80-pin products

- 80-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)
- 80-pin plastic LFQFP (12 × 12 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



Note Mounted on the 384 KB or more code flash memory products.

Caution 1. Make EV_{SS0} pin the same potential as V_{SS} pin.

Caution 2. Make V_{DD} pin the potential that is higher than EV_{DD0} pin.

Caution 3. Connect the REGC pin to V_{SS} pin via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μF).

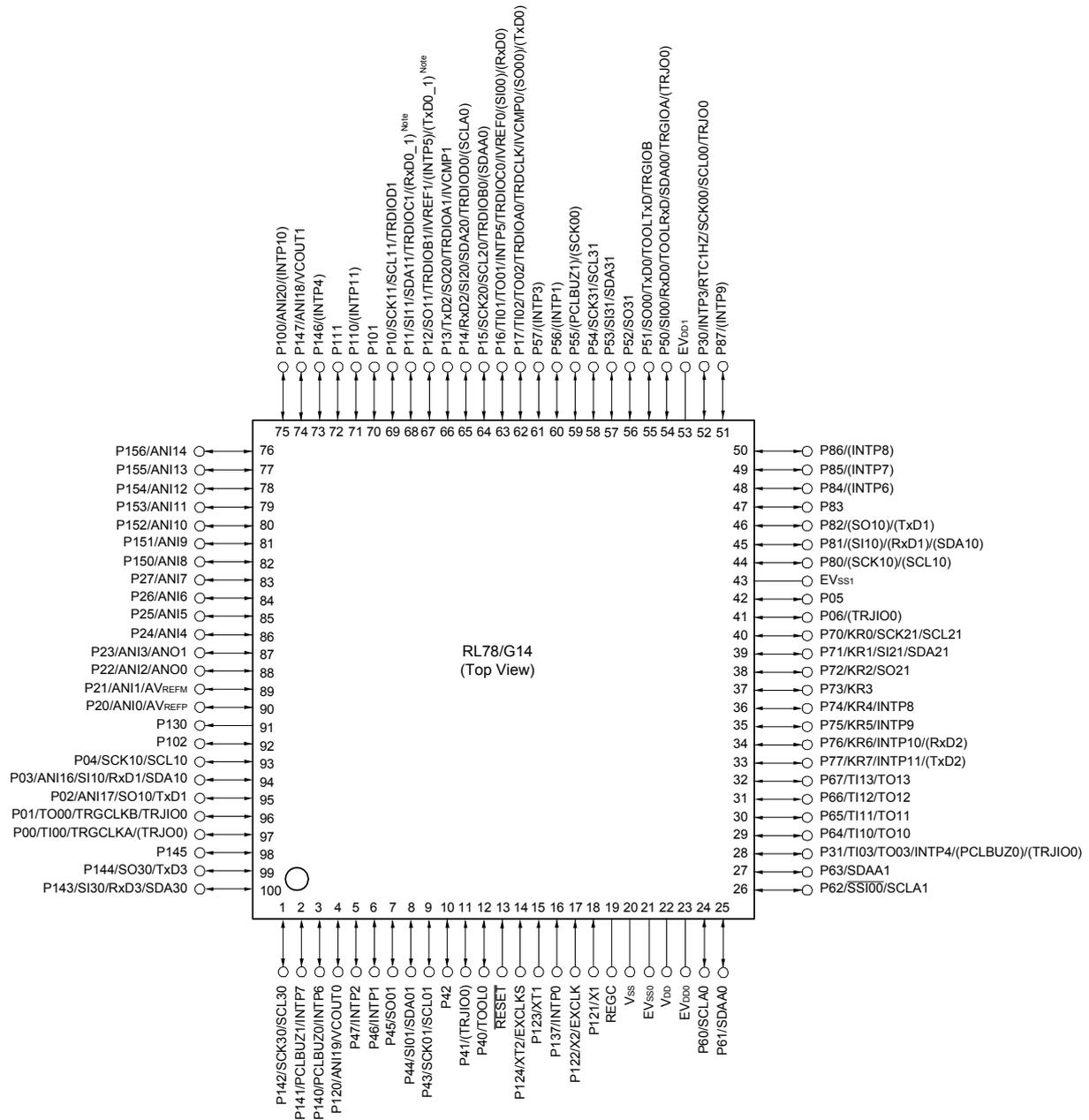
Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Remark 2. When using the microcontroller for an application where the noise generated inside the microcontroller must be reduced, it is recommended to supply separate powers to the V_{DD} and EV_{DD0} pins and connect the V_{SS} and EV_{SS0} pins to separate ground lines.

Remark 3. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1).

1.3.10 100-pin products

- 100-pin plastic LFQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



Note Mounted on the 384 KB or more code flash memory products.

Caution 1. Make EVss0, EVss1 pins the same potential as Vss pin.

Caution 2. Make VDD pin the potential that is higher than EVDD0, EVDD1 pins (EVDD0 = EVDD1).

Caution 3. Connect the REGC pin to Vss pin via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μF).

Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Remark 2. When using the microcontroller for an application where the noise generated inside the microcontroller must be reduced, it is recommended to supply separate powers to the VDD, EVDD0 and EVDD1 pins and connect the Vss, EVss0 and EVss1 pins to separate ground lines.

Remark 3. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1).

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Item	44-pin	48-pin	52-pin	64-pin	
	R5F104Fx (x = F to H, J)	R5F104Gx (x = F to H, J)	R5F104Jx (x = F to H, J)	R5F104Lx (x = F to H, J)	
Clock output/buzzer output	2	2	2	2	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.44 kHz, 4.88 kHz, 9.76 kHz, 1.25 MHz, 2.5 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz (Main system clock: f_{MAIN} = 20 MHz operation) • 256 Hz, 512 Hz, 1.024 kHz, 2.048 kHz, 4.096 kHz, 8.192 kHz, 16.384 kHz, 32.768 kHz (Subsystem clock: f_{SUB} = 32.768 kHz operation) 				
8/10-bit resolution A/D converter	10 channels	10 channels	12 channels	12 channels	
D/A converter	2 channels				
Comparator	2 channels				
Serial interface	[44-pin products] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 1 channel/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel • CSI: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 2 channels [48-pin, 52-pin products] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel/simplified I²C: 2 channels • CSI: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 2 channels [64-pin products] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel/simplified I²C: 2 channels • CSI: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 2 channels • CSI: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 2 channels 				
	I ² C bus	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel
Data transfer controller (DTC)	31 sources	32 sources		33 sources	
Event link controller (ELC)	Event input: 22 Event trigger output: 9				
Vectored interrupt sources	Internal	24	24	24	24
	External	7	10	12	13
Key interrupt	4	6	8	8	
Reset	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reset by $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin • Internal reset by watchdog timer • Internal reset by power-on-reset • Internal reset by voltage detector • Internal reset by illegal instruction execution ^{Note} • Internal reset by RAM parity error • Internal reset by illegal-memory access 				
Power-on-reset circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power-on-reset: 1.51 ±0.04 V (T_A = -40 to +85°C) 1.51 ±0.06 V (T_A = -40 to +105°C) • Power-down-reset: 1.50 ±0.04 V (T_A = -40 to +85°C) 1.50 ±0.06 V (T_A = -40 to +105°C) 				
Voltage detector	1.63 V to 4.06 V (14 stages)				
On-chip debug function	Provided				
Power supply voltage	V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V (T _A = -40 to +85°C) V _{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V (T _A = -40 to +105°C)				
Operating ambient temperature	T _A = -40 to +85°C (A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications), T _A = -40 to +105°C (G: Industrial applications)				

Note The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed.

Reset by the illegal instruction execution is not issued by emulation with the in-circuit emulator or on-chip debug emulator.

(2/2)

Item	80-pin		100-pin	
	R5F104Mx (x = K, L)		R5F104Px (x = K, L)	
Clock output/buzzer output	2		2	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.44 kHz, 4.88 kHz, 9.76 kHz, 1.25 MHz, 2.5 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz (Main system clock: f_{MAIN} = 20 MHz operation) • 256 Hz, 512 Hz, 1.024 kHz, 2.048 kHz, 4.096 kHz, 8.192 kHz, 16.384 kHz, 32.768 kHz (Subsystem clock: f_{SUB} = 32.768 kHz operation) 			
8/10-bit resolution A/D converter	17 channels		20 channels	
D/A converter	2 channels		2 channels	
Comparator	2 channels		2 channels	
Serial interface	[80-pin, 100-pin products]			
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel/simplified I²C: 2 channels • CSI: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 2 channels • CSI: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 2 channels • CSI: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 2 channels 			
	I ² C bus	2 channels	2 channels	
Data transfer controller (DTC)	39 sources		39 sources	
Event link controller (ELC)	Event input: 26 Event trigger output: 9			
Vectored interrupt sources	Internal	32	32	
	External	13	13	
Key interrupt	8		8	
Reset	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reset by $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin • Internal reset by watchdog timer • Internal reset by power-on-reset • Internal reset by voltage detector • Internal reset by illegal instruction execution ^{Note} • Internal reset by RAM parity error • Internal reset by illegal-memory access 			
Power-on-reset circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power-on-reset: 1.51 ±0.04 V (T_A = -40 to +85°C) 1.51 ±0.06 V (T_A = -40 to +105°C) • Power-down-reset: 1.50 ±0.04 V (T_A = -40 to +85°C) 1.50 ±0.06 V (T_A = -40 to +105°C) 			
Voltage detector	1.63 V to 4.06 V (14 stages)			
On-chip debug function	Provided			
Power supply voltage	V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V (T _A = -40 to +85°C) V _{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V (T _A = -40 to +105°C)			
Operating ambient temperature	T _A = -40 to +85°C (A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications), T _A = -40 to +105°C (G: Industrial applications)			

Note The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed.
Reset by the illegal instruction execution is not issued by emulation with the in-circuit emulator or on-chip debug emulator.

2.3.2 Supply current characteristics

(1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 30- to 64-pin products

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Supply current Note 1	IDD1	Operating mode	HS (high-speed main) mode Note 5	fHOCO = 64 MHz, fIH = 32 MHz Note 3	Basic operation	VDD = 5.0 V		2.4		mA	
				VDD = 3.0 V			2.4				
					fHOCO = 32 MHz, fIH = 32 MHz Note 3	Basic operation	VDD = 5.0 V		2.1		mA
					VDD = 3.0 V			2.1			
				HS (high-speed main) mode Note 5	fHOCO = 64 MHz, fIH = 32 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	VDD = 5.0 V		5.1	8.7	mA
							VDD = 3.0 V		5.1	8.7	
					fHOCO = 32 MHz, fIH = 32 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	VDD = 5.0 V		4.8	8.1	mA
					VDD = 3.0 V			4.8	8.1		
					fHOCO = 48 MHz, fIH = 24 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	VDD = 5.0 V		4.0	6.9	mA
					VDD = 3.0 V			4.0	6.9		
				fHOCO = 24 MHz, fIH = 24 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	VDD = 5.0 V		3.8	6.3	mA	
				VDD = 3.0 V			3.8	6.3			
				fHOCO = 16 MHz, fIH = 16 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	VDD = 5.0 V		2.8	4.6	mA	
				VDD = 3.0 V			2.8	4.6			
				LS (low-speed main) mode Note 5	fHOCO = 8 MHz, fIH = 8 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	VDD = 3.0 V		1.3	2.0	mA
							VDD = 2.0 V		1.3	2.0	
				LV (low-voltage main) mode Note 5	fHOCO = 4 MHz, fIH = 4 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	VDD = 3.0 V		1.3	1.8	mA
							VDD = 2.0 V		1.3	1.8	
				HS (high-speed main) mode Note 5	fMX = 20 MHz Note 2, VDD = 5.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.3	5.3	mA
							Resonator connection		3.4	5.5	
					fMX = 20 MHz Note 2, VDD = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.3	5.3	mA
							Resonator connection		3.4	5.5	
					fMX = 10 MHz Note 2, VDD = 5.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.0	3.1	mA
							Resonator connection		2.1	3.2	
		fMX = 10 MHz Note 2, VDD = 3.0 V	Normal operation		Square wave input		2.0	3.1	mA		
					Resonator connection		2.1	3.2			
		LS (low-speed main) mode Note 5	fMX = 8 MHz Note 2, VDD = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.2	1.9	mA		
					Resonator connection		1.2	2.0			
			fMX = 8 MHz Note 2, VDD = 2.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.2	1.9	mA		
					Resonator connection		1.2	2.0			
		Subsystem clock operation	fSUB = 32.768 kHz Note 4 TA = -40°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.7	6.1	μA		
					Resonator connection		4.7	6.1			
			fSUB = 32.768 kHz Note 4 TA = +25°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.7	6.1	μA		
					Resonator connection		4.7	6.1			
			fSUB = 32.768 kHz Note 4 TA = +50°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.8	6.7	μA		
					Resonator connection		4.8	6.7			
		fSUB = 32.768 kHz Note 4 TA = +70°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.8	7.5	μA			
				Resonator connection		4.8	7.5				
		fSUB = 32.768 kHz Note 4 TA = +85°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.4	8.9	μA			
				Resonator connection		5.4	8.9				

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

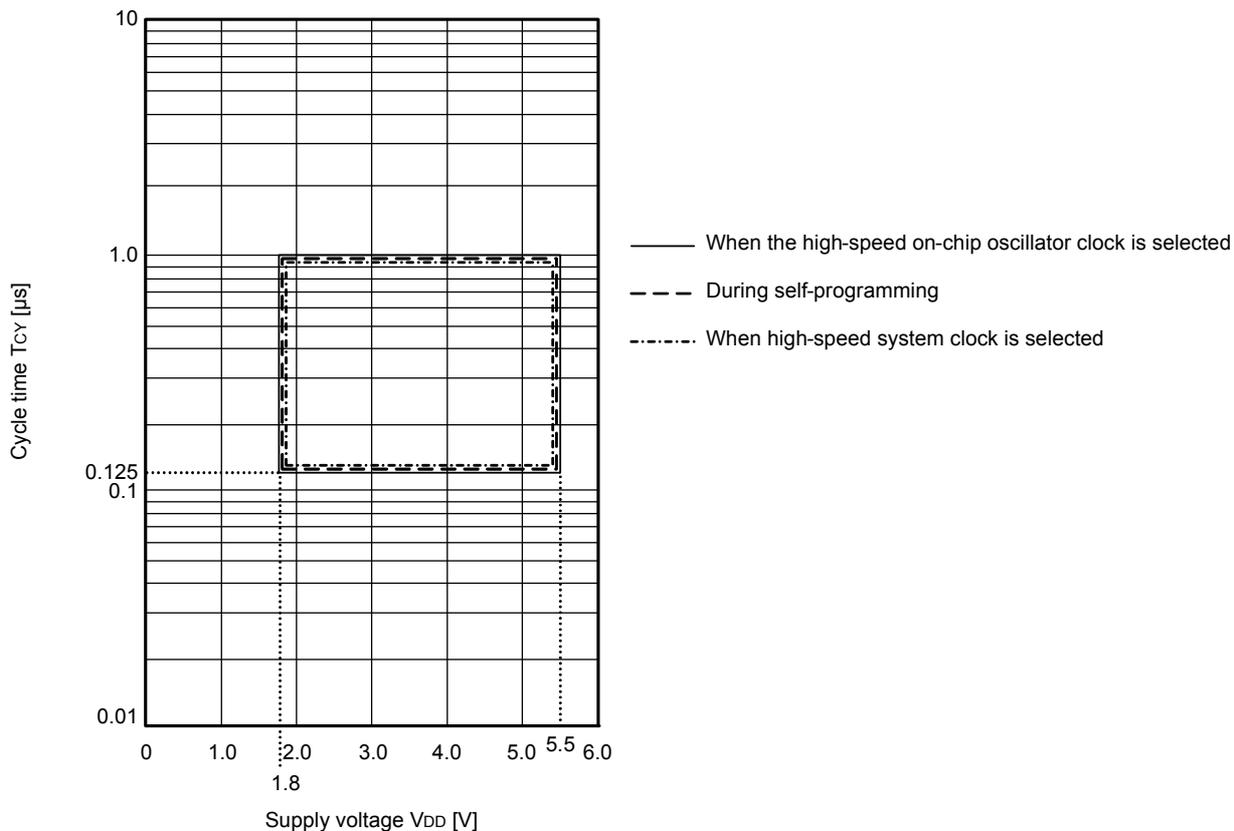
(2) Flash ROM: 96 to 256 KB of 30- to 100-pin products

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

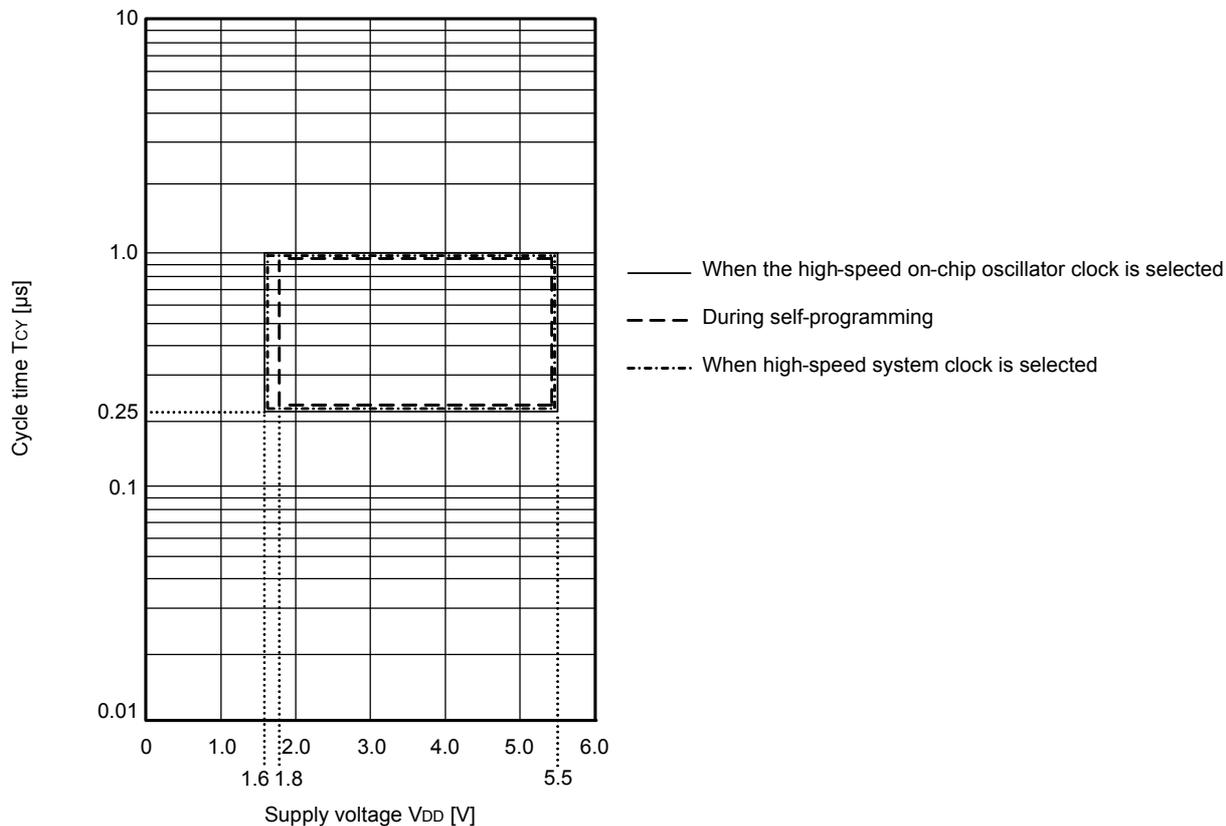
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit		
Supply current Note 1	I _{DD1}	Operating mode	HS (high-speed main) mode Note 5	f _{HOCO} = 64 MHz, f _{IH} = 32 MHz Note 3	Basic operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		2.6		mA	
					Basic operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		2.6			
					f _{HOCO} = 32 MHz, f _{IH} = 32 MHz Note 3	Basic operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		2.3		
						Basic operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		2.3		
				HS (high-speed main) mode Note 5	f _{HOCO} = 64 MHz, f _{IH} = 32 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		5.4	10.2	mA
					Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		5.4	10.2		
					f _{HOCO} = 32 MHz, f _{IH} = 32 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		5.0	9.6	
						Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		5.0	9.6	
					f _{HOCO} = 48 MHz, f _{IH} = 24 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		4.2	7.8	
						Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		4.2	7.8	
				f _{HOCO} = 24 MHz, f _{IH} = 24 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		4.0	7.4		
					Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		4.0	7.4		
				f _{HOCO} = 16 MHz, f _{IH} = 16 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		3.0	5.3		
					Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		3.0	5.3		
				LS (low-speed main) mode Note 5	f _{HOCO} = 8 MHz, f _{IH} = 8 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		1.4	2.3	mA
						Normal operation	V _{DD} = 2.0 V		1.4	2.3	
				LV (low-voltage main) mode Note 5	f _{HOCO} = 4 MHz, f _{IH} = 4 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		1.3	1.9	mA
						Normal operation	V _{DD} = 2.0 V		1.3	1.9	
				HS (high-speed main) mode Note 5	f _{MX} = 20 MHz Note 2, V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.4	6.2	mA
							Resonator connection		3.6	6.4	
					f _{MX} = 20 MHz Note 2, V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.4	6.2	
							Resonator connection		3.6	6.4	
					f _{MX} = 10 MHz Note 2, V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.1	3.6	
							Resonator connection		2.2	3.7	
		f _{MX} = 10 MHz Note 2, V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal operation		Square wave input		2.1	3.6			
					Resonator connection		2.2	3.7			
		LS (low-speed main) mode Note 5	f _{MX} = 8 MHz Note 2, V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.2	2.2	mA		
					Resonator connection		1.2	2.3			
			f _{MX} = 8 MHz Note 2, V _{DD} = 2.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.2	2.2			
					Resonator connection		1.2	2.3			
		Subsystem clock operation	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 4 TA = -40°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.9	7.1	μA		
					Resonator connection		4.9	7.1			
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 4 TA = +25°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.9	7.1			
					Resonator connection		4.9	7.1			
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 4 TA = +50°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.1	8.8			
					Resonator connection		5.1	8.8			
		f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 4 TA = +70°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.5	10.5				
			Normal operation	Resonator connection		5.5	10.5				
		f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 4 TA = +85°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		6.5	14.5				
				Resonator connection		6.5	14.5				

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

T_{CY} vs V_{DD} (LS (low-speed main) mode)



T_{CY} vs V_{DD} (LV (low-voltage main) mode)



(4) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

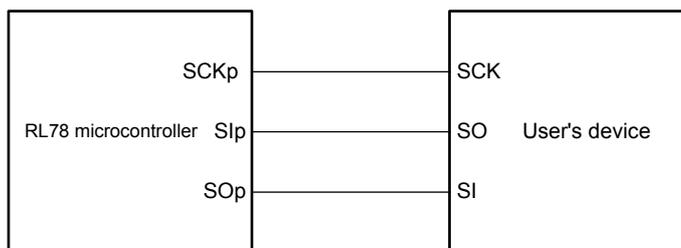
(2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		LS (low-speed main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) mode		Unit	
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
SSI00 setup time	tSSIK	DAPmn = 0	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	120		120		120		ns
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	200		200		200		ns
			1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	400		400		400		ns
			1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		400		400		ns
		DAPmn = 1	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		ns
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		ns
			1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		ns
			1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		ns
SSI00 hold time	tkSSI	DAPmn = 0	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		ns
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		ns
			1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		ns
			1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		ns
		DAPmn = 1	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	120		120		120		ns
			1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	200		200		200		ns
			1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	400		400		400		ns
			1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	—		400		400		ns

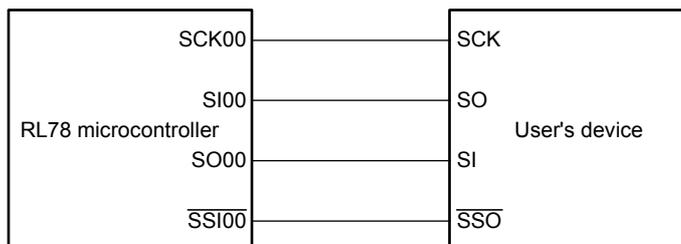
Caution Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and SCKp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

Remark p: CSI number (p = 00), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0), g: PIM number (g = 3, 5)

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



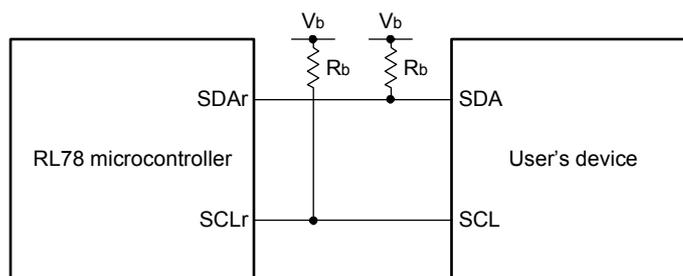
**CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)
(Slave Transmission of slave select input function (CSI00))**



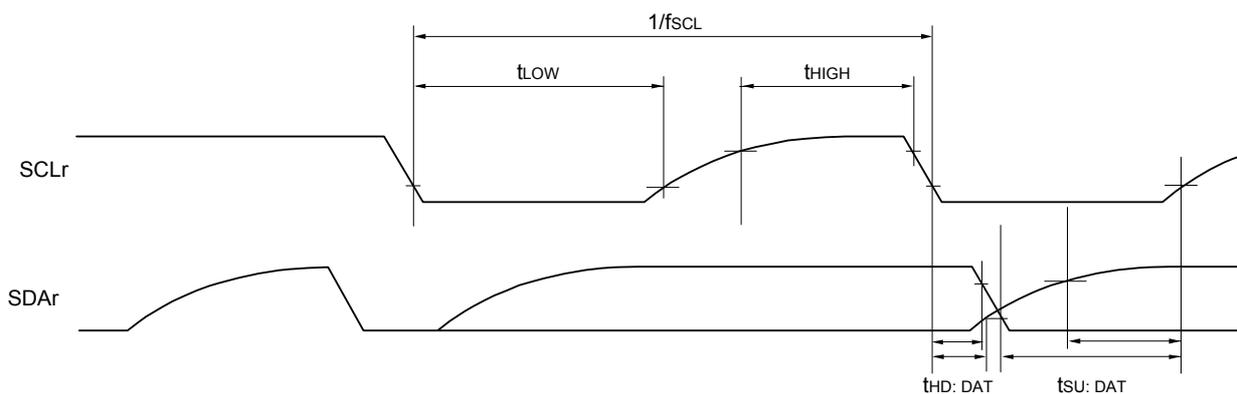
Remark 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31)

Remark 2. m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)

Simplified I²C mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at different potential)



- Remark 1.** R_b[Ω]: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) pull-up resistance, C_b[F]: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) load capacitance, V_b[V]: Communication line voltage
- Remark 2.** r: IIC number (r = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 30, 31), g: PIM, POM number (g = 0, 1, 3 to 5, 14)
- Remark 3.** f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0, 2), mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13)

2.6.6 LVD circuit characteristics

(1) Reset Mode and Interrupt Mode

(TA = -40 to +85°C, VPDR ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Voltage detection threshold	Supply voltage level	VLVD0	Rising edge	3.98	4.06	4.14	V
			Falling edge	3.90	3.98	4.06	V
		VLVD1	Rising edge	3.68	3.75	3.82	V
			Falling edge	3.60	3.67	3.74	V
		VLVD2	Rising edge	3.07	3.13	3.19	V
			Falling edge	3.00	3.06	3.12	V
		VLVD3	Rising edge	2.96	3.02	3.08	V
			Falling edge	2.90	2.96	3.02	V
		VLVD4	Rising edge	2.86	2.92	2.97	V
			Falling edge	2.80	2.86	2.91	V
		VLVD5	Rising edge	2.76	2.81	2.87	V
			Falling edge	2.70	2.75	2.81	V
		VLVD6	Rising edge	2.66	2.71	2.76	V
			Falling edge	2.60	2.65	2.70	V
		VLVD7	Rising edge	2.56	2.61	2.66	V
			Falling edge	2.50	2.55	2.60	V
		VLVD8	Rising edge	2.45	2.50	2.55	V
			Falling edge	2.40	2.45	2.50	V
		VLVD9	Rising edge	2.05	2.09	2.13	V
			Falling edge	2.00	2.04	2.08	V
		VLVD10	Rising edge	1.94	1.98	2.02	V
			Falling edge	1.90	1.94	1.98	V
		VLVD11	Rising edge	1.84	1.88	1.91	V
			Falling edge	1.80	1.84	1.87	V
		VLVD12	Rising edge	1.74	1.77	1.81	V
			Falling edge	1.70	1.73	1.77	V
VLVD13	Rising edge	1.64	1.67	1.70	V		
	Falling edge	1.60	1.63	1.66	V		
Minimum pulse width	tlw		300			μs	
Detection delay time					300	μs	

3.2 Oscillator Characteristics

3.2.1 X1, XT1 characteristics

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

Resonator	Resonator	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation frequency (fX) ^{Note}	Ceramic resonator/ crystal resonator	2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	1.0		20.0	MHz
		2.4 V ≤ VDD < 2.7 V	1.0		16.0	
XT1 clock oscillation frequency (fXT) ^{Note}	Crystal resonator		32	32.768	35	kHz

Note Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to **AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time. Request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board to check the oscillator characteristics.

Caution Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after a reset release, check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time using the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) by the user. Determine the oscillation stabilization time of the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after sufficiently evaluating the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.

Remark When using the X1 oscillator and XT1 oscillator, refer to 5.4 System Clock Oscillator in the RL78/G14 User's Manual.

3.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V)

Oscillators	Parameters	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency Notes 1, 2	fIH			1		32	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy		-20 to +85°C	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	-1.0		+1.0	%
		-40 to -20°C	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	-1.5		+1.5	%
		+85 to +105°C	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	-2.0		+2.0	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	fIL				15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy				-15		+15	%

Note 1. High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected with bits 0 to 4 of the option byte (000C2H) and bits 0 to 2 of the HOCODIV register.

Note 2. This only indicates the oscillator characteristics. Refer to **AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time.

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

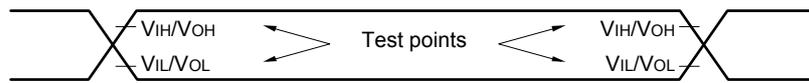
(3/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input voltage, high	V _{IH1}	P00 to P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P100 to P102, P110, P111, P120, P140 to P147	Normal input buffer	0.8 EVDD0		EVDD0	V
	V _{IH2}	P01, P03, P04, P10, P14 to P17, P30, P43, P44, P50, P53 to P55, P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	2.2		EVDD0	V
			TTL input buffer 3.3 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V	2.0		EVDD0	V
			TTL input buffer 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V	1.5		EVDD0	V
	V _{IH3}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156		0.7 VDD		VDD	V
	V _{IH4}	P60 to P63		0.7 EVDD0		6.0	V
V _{IH5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCLKS, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$		0.8 VDD		VDD	V	
Input voltage, low	V _{IL1}	P00 to P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P100 to P102, P110, P111, P120, P140 to P147	Normal input buffer	0		0.2 EVDD0	V
	V _{IL2}	P01, P03, P04, P10, P14 to P17, P30, P43, P44, P50, P53 to P55, P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	0		0.8	V
			TTL input buffer 3.3 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V	0		0.5	V
			TTL input buffer 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V	0		0.32	V
	V _{IL3}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156		0		0.3 VDD	V
	V _{IL4}	P60 to P63		0		0.3 EVDD0	V
V _{IL5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCLKS, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$		0		0.2 VDD	V	

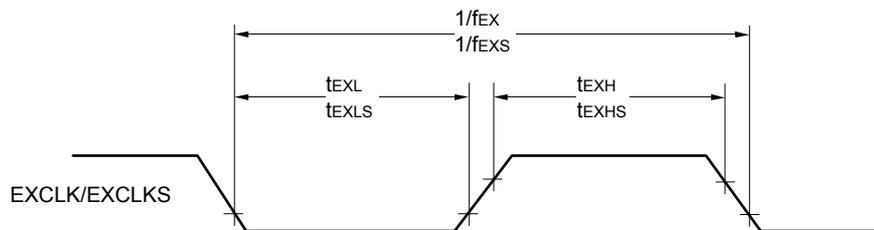
Caution The maximum value of V_{IH} of pins P00, P02 to P04, P10, P11, P13 to P15, P17, P30, P43 to P45, P50 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, and P142 to P144 is EVDD0, even in the N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

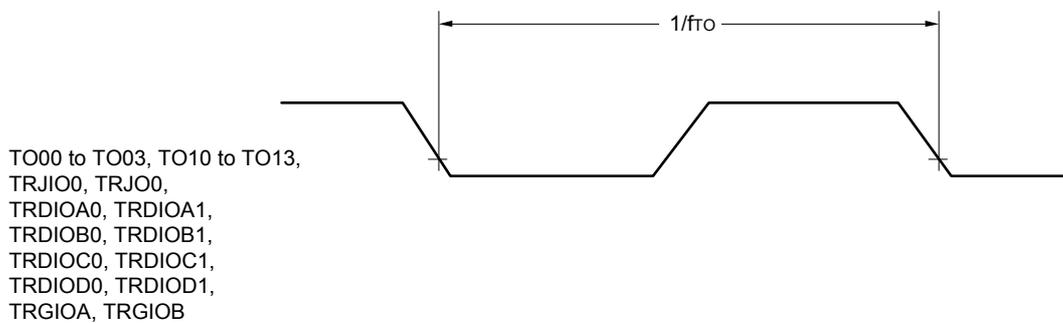
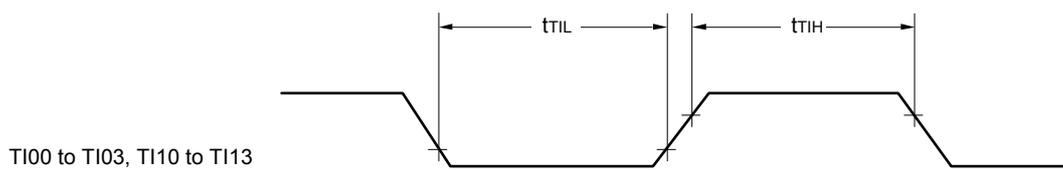
AC Timing Test Points



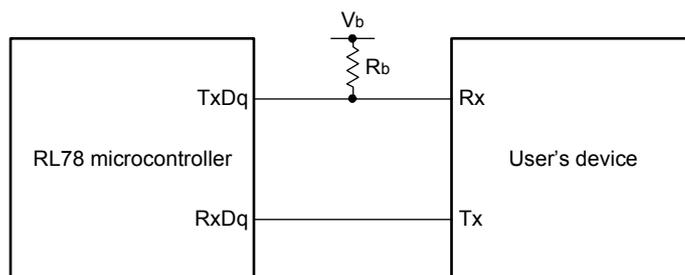
External System Clock Timing



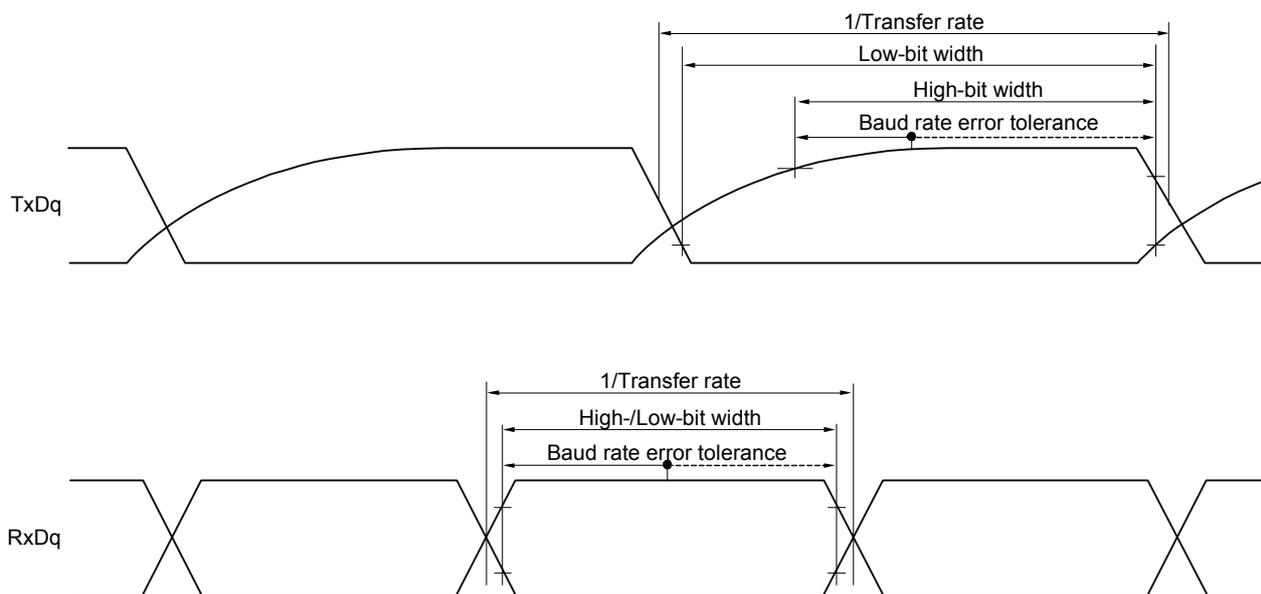
TI/TO Timing



UART mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



UART mode bit width (during communication at different potential) (reference)



- Remark 1.** $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (TxDq) pull-up resistance,
 $C_b[F]$: Communication line (TxDq) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage
- Remark 2.** q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 5, 14)
- Remark 3.** f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
 (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).
 m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))
- Remark 4.** UART2 cannot communicate at different potential when bit 1 (PIOR01) of peripheral I/O redirection register 0 (PIOR0) is 1.

(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)**(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)****(2/3)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) ^{Note}	tsIK1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ	162		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ	354		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 5.5 kΩ	958		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) ^{Note}	tkS11	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ	38		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ	38		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 5.5 kΩ	38		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOP output ^{Note}	tkSO1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ		200	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ		390	ns
		2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 5.5 kΩ		966	ns

Note When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 30- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SOP pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

3.6.4 Comparator

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input voltage range	Ivref		0		EVDD0 - 1.4	V	
	Ivcmp		-0.3		EVDD0 + 0.3	V	
Output delay	td	VDD = 3.0 V Input slew rate > 50 mV/μs	Comparator high-speed mode, standard mode			1.2	μs
			Comparator high-speed mode, window mode			2.0	μs
			Comparator low-speed mode, standard mode		3.0	5.0	μs
High-electric-potential reference voltage	VTW+	Comparator high-speed mode, window mode		0.76 VDD		V	
Low-electric-potential reference voltage	VTW-	Comparator high-speed mode, window mode		0.24 VDD		V	
Operation stabilization wait time	tcMP		100			μs	
Internal reference voltage Note	VBGR	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode	1.38	1.45	1.50	V	

Note Not usable in sub-clock operation or STOP mode.

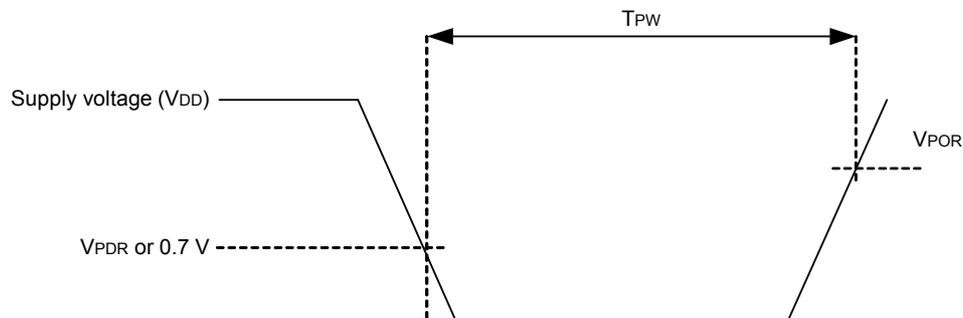
3.6.5 POR circuit characteristics

(TA = -40 to +105°C, VSS = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Power on/down reset threshold	VPOR	Voltage threshold on VDD rising	1.45	1.51	1.57	V
	VPDR	Voltage threshold on VDD falling Note 1	1.44	1.50	1.56	V
Minimum pulse width Note 2	TPW		300			μs

Note 1. However, when the operating voltage falls while the LVD is off, enter STOP mode, or enable the reset status using the external reset pin before the voltage falls below the operating voltage range shown in 3.4 AC Characteristics.

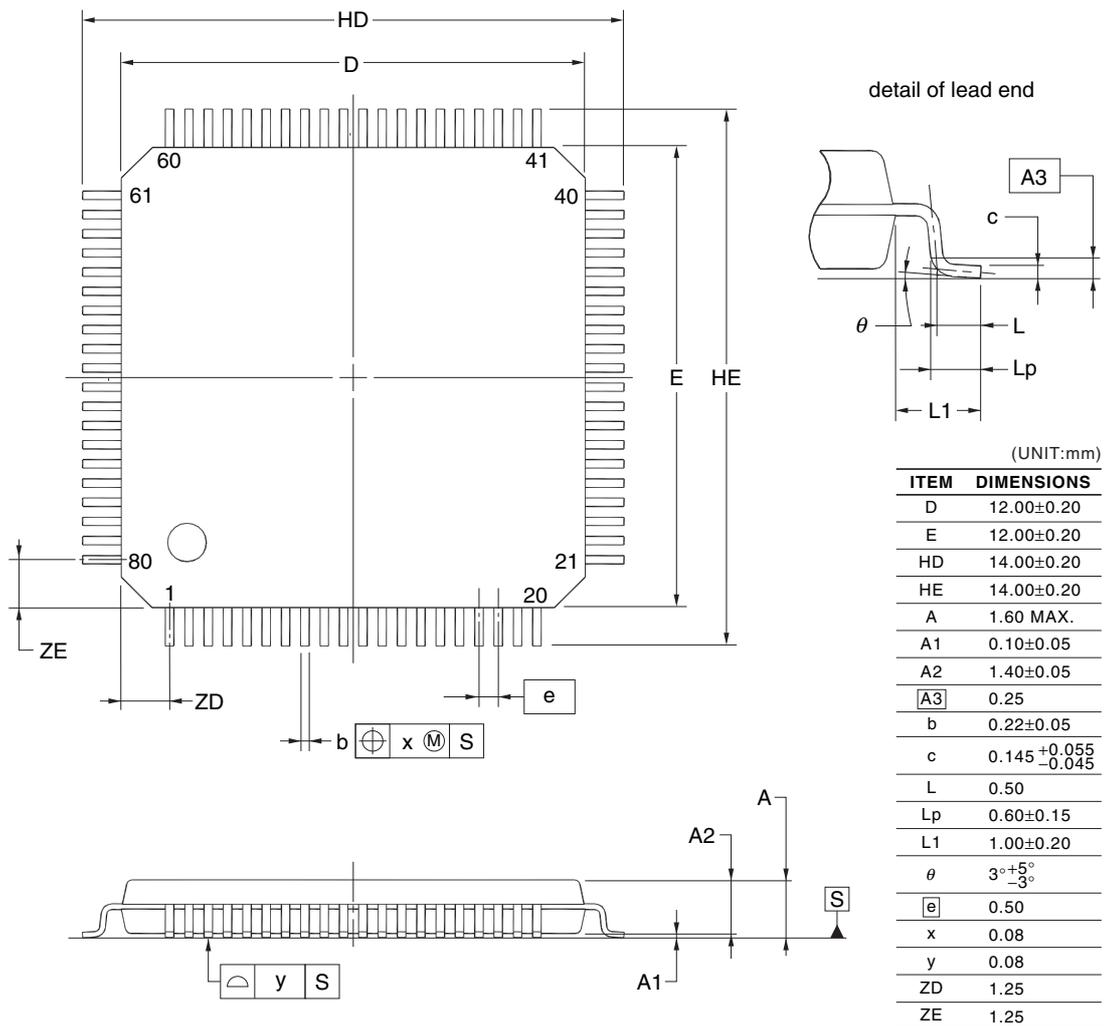
Note 2. Minimum time required for a POR reset when VDD exceeds below VPDR. This is also the minimum time required for a POR reset from when VDD exceeds below 0.7 V to when VDD exceeds VPOR while STOP mode is entered or the main system clock is stopped through setting bit 0 (HIOSTOP) and bit 7 (MSTOP) in the clock operation status control register (CSC).



4.9 80-pin products

R5F104MFAFB, R5F104MGAFB, R5F104MHAFB, R5F104MJAFB
 R5F104MDFB, R5F104MGDFB, R5F104MHDFB, R5F104MJDFB
 R5F104MFGFB, R5F104MGGFB, R5F104MHGFB, R5F104MJGFB

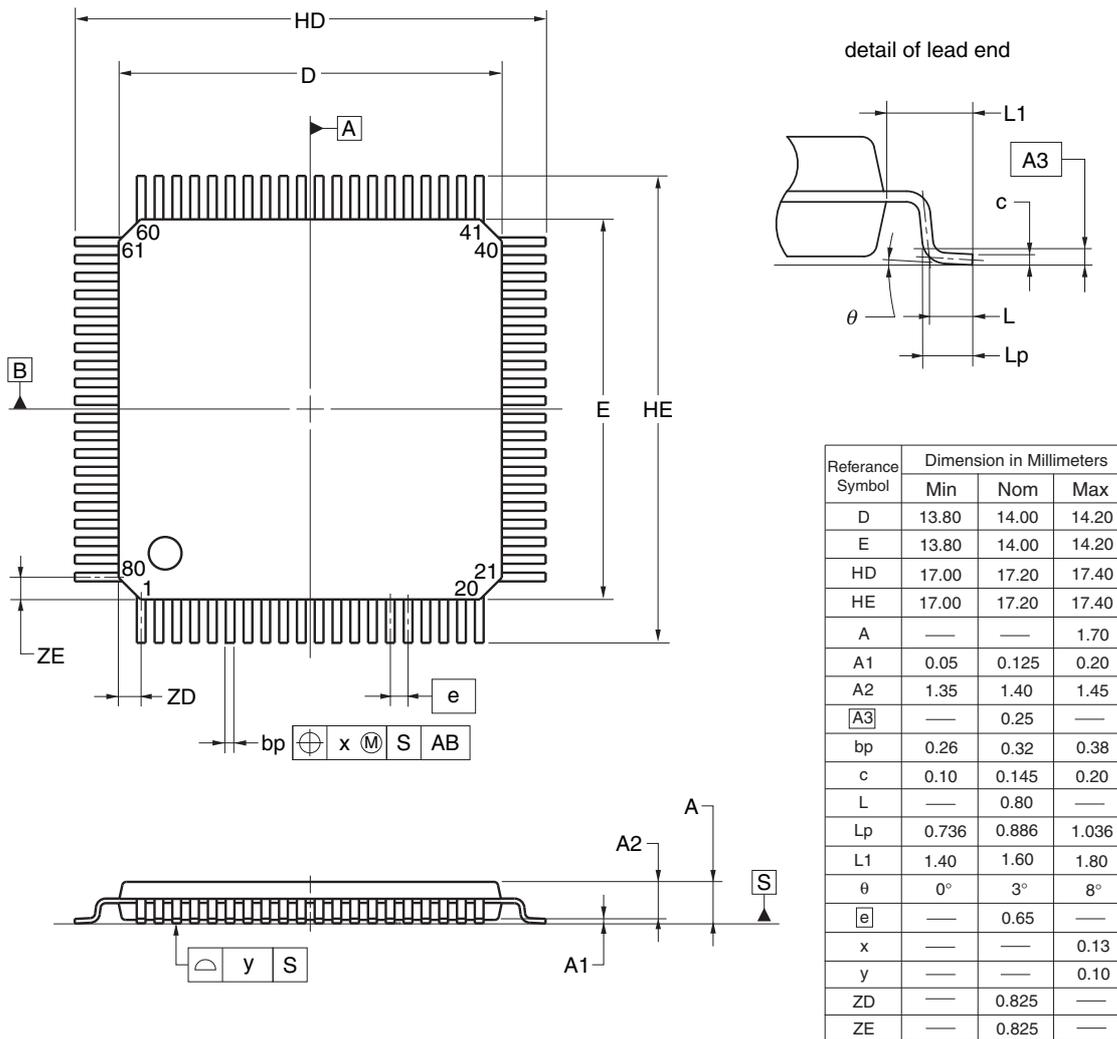
JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LFQFP80-12x12-0.50	PLQP0080KE-A	P80GK-50-8EU-2	0.53



NOTE
 Each lead centerline is located within 0.08 mm of its true position at maximum material condition.

R5F104MFAFA, R5F104MGAFA, R5F104MHFAFA, R5F104MJFAFA
 R5F104MFDFA, R5F104MGDFA, R5F104MHDFA, R5F104MJDFA
 R5F104MFGFA, R5F104MGGFA, R5F104MHGFA, R5F104MJGFA
 R5F104MKAFA, R5F104MLAFA
 R5F104MKGFA, R5F104MLGFA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP80-14x14-0.65	PLQP0080JB-E	P80GC-65-UBT-2	0.69



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REVISION HISTORY

RL78/G14 Datasheet

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
0.01	Feb 10, 2011	—	First Edition issued
0.02	May 01, 2011	1 to 2 3 4 to 13 14 15 to 17 23 to 26	1.1 Features revised 1.2 Ordering Information revised 1.3 Pin Configuration (Top View) revised 1.4 Pin Identification revised 1.5.1 30-pin products to 1.5.3 36-pin products revised 1.6 Outline of Functions revised
0.03	Jul 28, 2011	1	1.1 Features revised
1.00	Feb 21, 2012	1 to 40 41 to 97	1. OUTLINE revised 2. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS added
2.00	Oct 25, 2013	1 3 to 8 9 to 22 34 to 43 34 to 43 34 to 43 34 to 43 45, 46 47 48 49 53 to 62 65, 66 67 to 69 70 to 97 98 to 101 102 to 105 107 107 109 110 110 111	Modification of 1.1 Features Modification of 1.2 Ordering Information Modification of package type in 1.3 Pin Configuration (Top View) Modification of description of subsystem clock in 1.6 Outline of Functions Modification of description of timer output in 1.6 Outline of Functions Modification of error of data transfer controller in 1.6 Outline of Functions Modification of error of event link controller in 1.6 Outline of Functions Modification of description of Tables in 2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings Modification of Tables, notes, cautions, and remarks in 2.2 Oscillator Characteristics Modification of error of conditions of high level input voltage in 2.3.1 Pin characteristics Modification of error of conditions of low level output voltage in 2.3.1 Pin characteristics Modification of Notes and Remarks in 2.3.2 Supply current characteristics Addition of Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation Addition of AC Timing Test Points Addition of LS mode and LV mode characteristics in 2.5.1 Serial array unit Addition of LS mode and LV mode characteristics in 2.5.2 Serial interface IICA Addition of characteristics about conversion of internal reference voltage and temperature sensor in 2.6.1 A/D converter characteristics Addition of characteristic in 2.6.4 Comparator Deletion of detection delay in 2.6.5 POR circuit characteristics Modification of 2.6.7 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics Modification of 2.7 Data Memory STOP Mode Low Supply Voltage Data Retention Characteristics Addition of characteristic in 2.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics Addition of description in 2.10 Timing for Switching Flash Memory Programming Modes