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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-WFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	48-HWQFN (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f104ggana-u0

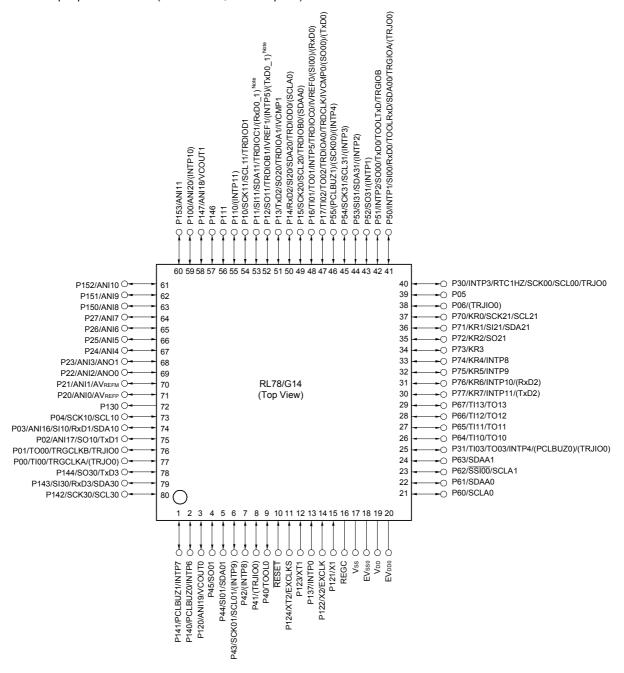
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Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

RL78/G14 1. OUTLINE

1.3.9 80-pin products

- 80-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)
- 80-pin plastic LFQFP (12 × 12 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)

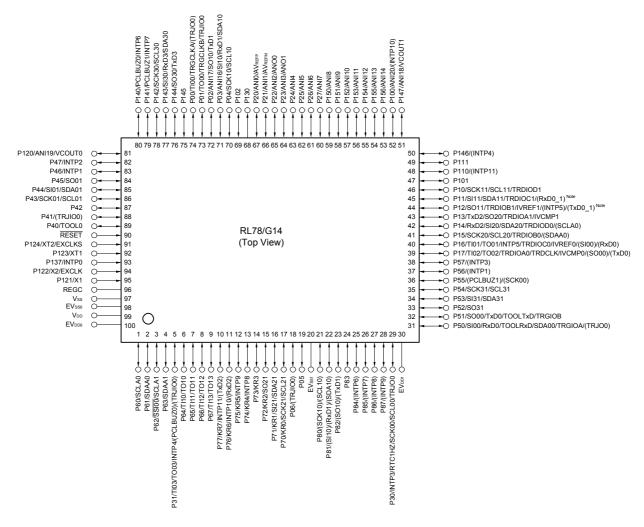


Note Mounted on the 384 KB or more code flash memory products.

- Caution 1. Make EVsso pin the same potential as Vss pin.
- Caution 2. Make VDD pin the potential that is higher than EVDD0 pin.
- Caution 3. Connect the REGC pin to Vss pin via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 $\mu\text{F}).$
- Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.
- Remark 2. When using the microcontroller for an application where the noise generated inside the microcontroller must be reduced, it is recommended to supply separate powers to the VDD and EVDD0 pins and connect the Vss and EVss0 pins to separate ground lines.
- Remark 3. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1).

RL78/G14 1. OUTLINE

• 100-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 20 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)

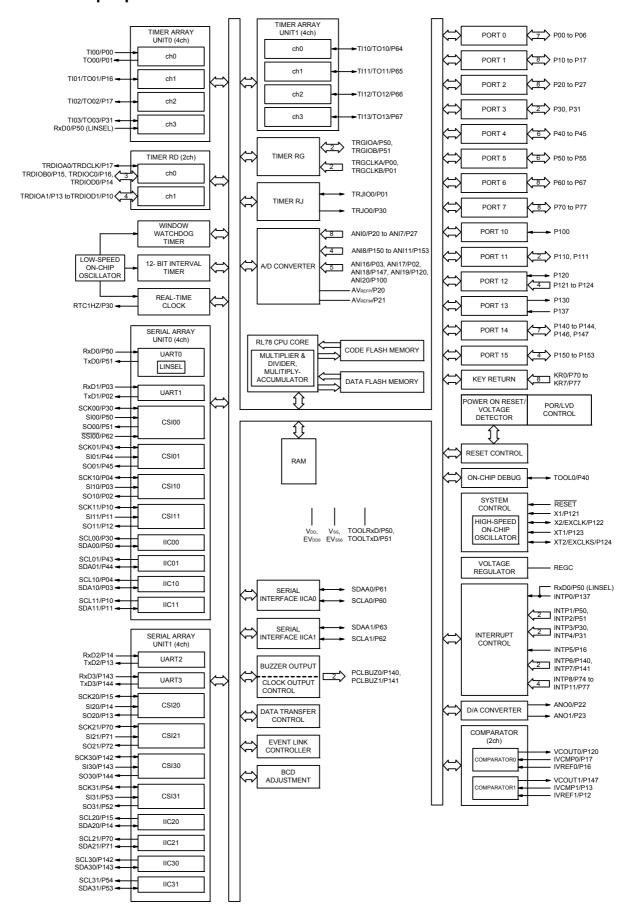


Note Mounted on the 384 KB or more code flash memory products.

- Caution 1. Make EVsso, EVss1 pins the same potential as Vss pin.
- Caution 2. Make VDD pin the potential that is higher than EVDD0, EVDD1 pins (EVDD0 = EVDD1).
- Caution 3. Connect the REGC pin to Vss pin via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).
- Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.
- Remark 2. When using the microcontroller for an application where the noise generated inside the microcontroller must be reduced, it is recommended to supply separate powers to the VDD, EVDD0 and EVDD1 pins and connect the Vss, EVss0 and EVss1 pins to separate ground lines.
- **Remark 3.** Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1).

RL78/G14 1. OUTLINE

1.5.9 80-pin products



2.2 Oscillator Characteristics

2.2.1 X1, XT1 characteristics

 $(TA = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{VDD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = 0 \text{ V})$

Resonator	Resonator	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation frequency (fx) Note	Ceramic resonator/	$2.7~\text{V} \leq \text{Vdd} \leq 5.5~\text{V}$	1.0		20.0	MHz
	crystal resonator	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V	1.0		16.0	
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.4 V	1.0		8.0	
		1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 1.8 V	1.0		4.0	
XT1 clock oscillation frequency (fxT) Note	Crystal resonator		32	32.768	35	kHz

Note Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to AC Characteristics for instruction execution time.

Request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board to check the oscillator characteristics.

Caution Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after a reset release, check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time using the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) by the user. Determine the oscillation stabilization time of the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after sufficiently evaluating the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.

Remark When using the X1 oscillator and XT1 oscillator, refer to 5.4 System Clock Oscillator in the RL78/G14 User's Manual.

2.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

 $(TA = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{VDD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ Vss} = 0 \text{ V})$

Oscillators	Parameters	C	conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency Notes 1, 2	fı⊢			1		32	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency		-20 to +85°C	$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{Vdd} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	-1.0		+1.0	%
accuracy			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 1.8 V	-5.0		+5.0	%
		-40 to -20°C	1.8 V ≤ VDD < 5.5 V	-1.5		+1.5	%
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 1.8 V	-5.5		+5.5	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	fı∟				15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy				-15		+15	%

Note 1. High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected with bits 0 to 4 of the option byte (000C2H) and bits 0 to 2 of the HOCODIV register.

Note 2. This only indicates the oscillator characteristics. Refer to AC Characteristics for instruction execution time.



2.4 AC Characteristics

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

Items	Symbol		Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Instruction cycle (min-	Tcy	Main system	HS (high-speed main)	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{Vdd} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.03125		1	μs
imum instruction exe-		clock (fmain)	mode	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V	0.0625		1	μs
cution time)		operation	LS (low-speed main) mode	1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	0.125		1	μs
			LV (low-voltage main) mode	1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	0.25		1	μs
		Subsystem clo	ock (fsub) operation	1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	28.5	30.5	31.3	μs
		In the self-	HS (high-speed main)	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{VDD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.03125		1	μs
		program-	mode	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V	0.0625		1	μs
		ming mode	LS (low-speed main) mode	1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	0.125		1	μs
			LV (low-voltage main) mode	1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	0.25		1	μs
External system clock	fex	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vdd} \leq$	5.5 V		1.0		20.0	MHz
frequency		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤	2.7 V		1.0		16.0	MHz
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} <	2.4 V		1.0		8.0	MHz
		1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} <	1.8 V		1.0		4.0	MHz
	fexs				32		35	kHz
External system clock	texH,	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤	5.5 V		24			ns
input high-level width,	texl	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤	2.7 V		30			ns
low-level width		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} <	2.4 V		60			ns
		1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} <	1.8 V		120			ns
	texhs, texhs				13.7			μs
TI00 to TI03, TI10 to TI13 input high-level width, low-level width	tтін, tтіL				1/fMCK + 10 Note			ns
Timer RJ input cycle	fc	TRJIO		$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EVDD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	100			ns
				1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V	300			ns
				1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 < 1.8 V	500			ns
Timer RJ input high-	tтлін,	TRJIO		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	40			ns
level width, low-level	t⊤JIL			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 2.7 V	120			ns
width				1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V	200			ns

Note The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when EVDD0 < VDD

 $1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 2.7 \text{ V: MIN. } 125 \text{ ns}$ $1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 1.8 \text{ V: MIN. } 250 \text{ ns}$

Remark fmck: Timer array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of timer mode register mn (TMRmn). m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel

number (n = 0 to 3))

(4) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input) (TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Cond	ditions	HS (high-spee	d main)	LS (low-speed mode	d main)	LV (low-voltag mode	e main)	Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle	tkcy2	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	20 MHz < fmck	8/fмск		_		_		ns
time Note 5			fмcк ≤ 20 MHz	6/fмск		6/fмск		6/fмск		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	16 MHz < fmck	8/fмск		_		_		ns
			fмcк ≤ 16 MHz	6/fмск		6/fмск		6/fмск		ns
	2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V			6/fмск and 500		6/fмск and 500		6/fмск and 500		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		6/fмск and 750		6/fмск and 750		6/fмск and 750		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		6/fмск and 1500		6/fмск and 1500		6/fмск and 1500		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		_		6/fмск and 1500		6/fмск and 1500		ns
SCKp high-/	tĸн2,	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		tkcy2/2 - 7		tkcy2/2 - 7		tkcy2/2 - 7		ns
low-level width	tKL2	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		tkcy2/2 - 8		tkcy2/2 - 8		tkcy2/2 - 8		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		tkcy2/2 - 18		tkcy2/2 - 18		tkcy2/2 - 18		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		tkcy2/2 - 66		tkcy2/2 - 66		tkcy2/2 - 66		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		_		tkcy2/2 - 66		tkcy2/2 - 66		ns
SIp setup time	tsık2	2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		1/fмск + 20		1/fмск + 30		1/fмск + 30		ns
(to SCKp↑) Note 1		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		1/fмск + 30		1/fмск + 30		1/fмск + 30		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		1/fмск + 40		1/fмск + 40		1/fмск + 40		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		_		1/fмск + 40		1/fмск + 40		ns
SIp hold time	tks12	1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		1/fмск + 31		1/fмск + 31		1/fмск + 31		ns
(from SCKp↑) Note 2		1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/fмск + 250		1/fмск + 250		1/fмск + 250		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V		_		1/fмск + 250		1/fмск + 250		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to	tkso2	C = 30 pF Note 4	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/fмск + 44		2/fмск + 110		2/fмск + 110	ns
SOp output Note 3			2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/fмск + 75		2/fмск + 110		2/fмск + 110	ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/fмcк + 100		2/fмск + 110		2/fмск + 110	ns	
		1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/fмcк + 220		2/fмск + 220		2/fмск + 220	ns	
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		_		2/fмск + 220		2/fмск + 220	ns

- Note 1. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
- Note 2. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
- Note 3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp↑" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
- Note 4. C is the load capacitance of the SOp output lines.
- **Note 5.** The maximum transfer rate when using the SNOOZE mode is 1 Mbps.
- Caution Select the normal input buffer for the SIp pin and SCKp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).



(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)

 $(TA = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EVDD0} = \text{EVDD1} \le \text{VDD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EVss0} = \text{EVss1} = 0 \text{ V})$ (2/3)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	, ,	speed main)	,	peed main) ode	,	oltage main) ode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SIp setup time (to SCKp↑) Note 1	tsıĸı	$ \begin{aligned} 4.0 \ V &\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ 2.7 \ V &\leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_b &= 30 \ pF, \ R_b = 1.4 \ k\Omega \end{aligned} $	81		479		479		ns
		$ 2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ 2.3 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \text{ V}, \\ \text{C}_{\text{b}} = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega $	177		479		479		ns
		$\begin{array}{l} 1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3 \text{ V}, \\ 1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \text{ V Note 2}, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \text{ pF}, R_{\text{b}} = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega \end{array}$	479		479		479		ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp↑) Note 1	tksi1	$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, \\ &2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ &C_{\text{b}} = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega \end{aligned} $	19		19		19		ns
		$ 2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ 2.3 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \text{ V}, \\ \text{C}_{\text{b}} = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega $	19		19		19		ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3 \text{ V}, \\ &1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \text{ V} \text{ Note 2}, \\ &C_{\text{b}} = 30 \text{ pF}, R_{\text{b}} = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega \end{aligned} $	19		19		19		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 1	tkso1	$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, \\ &2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ &C_{\text{b}} = 30 \text{ pF}, R_{\text{b}} = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega \end{aligned} $		100		100		100	ns
				195		195		195	ns
		$\begin{array}{c} 1.8 \; \text{V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3 \; \text{V}, \\ 1.6 \; \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \; \text{V} \; \text{Note 2}, \\ \text{Cb} = 30 \; \text{pF}, \; \text{Rb} = 5.5 \; \text{k}\Omega \end{array}$		483		483		483	ns

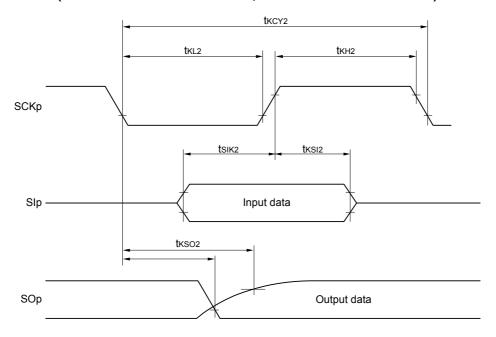
Note 1. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 30- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

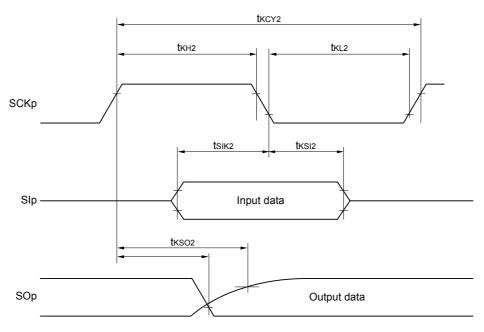
(Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

Note 2. Use it with $EV_{DD0} \ge V_b$.

CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)



CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)



Remark 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 3 to 5, 14)

Remark 2. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

Also, communication at different potential cannot be performed during clock synchronous serial communication with the slave select function.

(10) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I²C mode)

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	٠. ٠	speed main) node	,	speed main) node	,	oltage main) node	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	1
SCLr clock frequency	fscL	$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ &2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 50 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $		1000 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
		$ 2.7 \ V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_b = 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega $		1000 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
		$ \begin{aligned} 4.0 & \ V \le EV_{DD0} \le 5.5 \ V, \\ 2.7 & \ V \le V_b \le 4.0 \ V, \\ C_b = 100 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.8 \ k\Omega \end{aligned} $		400 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
		$ 2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ 2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 2.7 \text{ V}, \\ \text{C}_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ pF}, \text{R}_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega $		400 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
		$\begin{split} 1.8 \ V & \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \ V, \\ 1.6 \ V & \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \ V \ ^{Note \ 2}, \\ C_b & = 100 \ pF, \ R_b = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{split}$		300 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	tLOW	$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ &2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 50 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	475		1550		1550		ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &2.7 \; \text{V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \; \text{V}, \\ &2.3 \; \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \; \text{V}, \\ &C_{\text{b}} = 50 \; \text{pF}, \; R_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \; \text{k}\Omega \end{aligned} $	475		1550		1550		ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \; \text{V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \; \text{V}, \\ &2.7 \; \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0 \; \text{V}, \\ &\text{C}_{\text{b}} = 100 \; \text{pF}, \; \text{R}_{\text{b}} = 2.8 \; \text{k} \Omega \end{aligned} $	1150		1550		1550		ns
		$ 2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ 2.3 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \text{ V}, \\ \text{Cb} = 100 \text{ pF}, \text{Rb} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega $	1150		1550		1550		ns
		$\begin{split} 1.8 \ V &\leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \ V, \\ 1.6 \ V &\leq V_b \leq 2.0 \ V \ ^{Note \ 2}, \\ C_b &= 100 \ pF, \ R_b = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{split}$	1550		1550		1550		ns
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	thigh	$ \begin{aligned} 4.0 \ V &\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ 2.7 \ V &\leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_b &= 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{aligned} $	245		610		610		ns
		$ 2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ 2.3 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \text{ V}, \\ \text{C}_{\text{b}} = 50 \text{ pF}, \text{R}_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega $	200		610		610		ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, \\ &2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ &\text{Cb} = 100 \text{ pF}, \text{Rb} = 2.8 \text{ k}\Omega \end{aligned} $	675		610		610		ns
		$ 2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ 2.3 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \text{ V}, \\ \text{C}_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ pF}, \text{R}_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega $	600		610		610		ns
		$\begin{aligned} &1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3 \text{ V}, \\ &1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \text{ V} \text{ Note 2}, \\ &C_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ pF}, \text{ Rb} = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega \end{aligned}$	610		610		610		ns

2.6.2 Temperature sensor characteristics/internal reference voltage characteristic

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 2.4 V \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, Vss = EVss0 = EVss1 = 0 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Temperature sensor output voltage	VTMPS25	Setting ADS register = 80H, TA = +25°C		1.05		V
Internal reference voltage	VBGR	Setting ADS register = 81H	1.38	1.45	1.5	V
Temperature coefficient	FVTMPS	Temperature sensor that depends on the temperature		-3.6		mV/°C
Operation stabilization wait time	tamp		5			μs

2.6.3 D/A converter characteristics

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq EVss0 = EVss1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, Vss = EVss0 = EVss1 = 0 V)

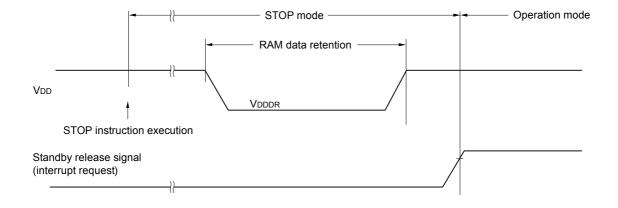
Parameter	Symbol	Cor	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Resolution	RES					8	bit
Overall error	AINL	Rload = 4 MΩ	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±2.5	LSB
		Rload = 8 MΩ	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±2.5	LSB
Settling time	tset	Cload = 20 pF	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$			3	μs
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V			6	μs

2.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics

$(TA = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, Vss = 0V)$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Data retention supply voltage	VDDDR		1.46 Note		5.5	V

Note The value depends on the POR detection voltage. When the voltage drops, the RAM data is retained before a POR reset is effected, but RAM data is not retained when a POR reset is effected.



2.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics

$(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{VDD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
System clock frequency	fclk	1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	1		32	MHz
Number of code flash rewrites Notes 1, 2, 3	Cerwr	Retained for 20 years TA = 85°C	1,000			Times
Number of data flash rewrites Notes 1, 2, 3		Retained for 1 year TA = 25°C		1,000,000		
		Retained for 5 years TA = 85°C	100,000			
		Retained for 20 years TA = 85°C	10,000			

Note 1. 1 erase + 1 write after the erase is regarded as 1 rewrite. The retaining years are until next rewrite after the rewrite.

2.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, Vss = EVss0 = EVss1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate		During serial programming	115,200		1,000,000	bps

Note 2. When using flash memory programmer and Renesas Electronics self-programming library

Note 3. These are the characteristics of the flash memory and the results obtained from reliability testing by Renesas Electronics Corporation.

Operation of products rated "G: Industrial applications ($TA = -40 \text{ to} + 105^{\circ}\text{C}$)" at ambient operating temperatures above 85°C differs from that of products rated "A: Consumer applications" and "D: Industrial applications" in the ways listed below.

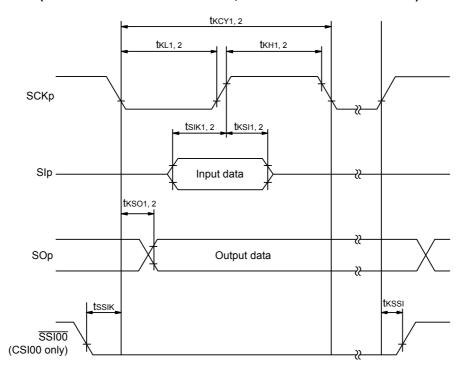
Parameter	A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications	G: Industrial applications		
Operating ambient temperature	TA = -40 to +85°C	T _A = -40 to +105°C		
Operating mode	HS (high-speed main) mode:	HS (high-speed main) mode only:		
Operating voltage range	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 32 MHz	2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 32 MHz		
	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 16 MHz	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 16 MHz		
	LS (low-speed main) mode:			
	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V @ 1 MHz to 8 MHz			
	LV (low-voltage main) mode:			
	1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V@1 MHz to 4 MHz			
High-speed on-chip oscillator	1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V:	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V:		
clock accuracy	±1.0% @ TA = -20 to +85°C	±2.0% @ TA = +85 to +105°C		
	±1.5% @ TA = -40 to -20°C	±1.0% @ TA = -20 to +85°C		
	1.6 V ≤ VDD < 1.8 V:	±1.5% @ TA = -40 to -20°C		
	±5.0% @ TA = -20 to +85°C			
	±5.5% @ TA = -40 to -20°C			
Serial array unit	UART	UART		
	CSI: fclk/2 (16 Mbps supported), fclk/4	CSI: fclk/4		
	Simplified I ² C communication	Simplified I ² C communication		
IICA	Standard mode	Standard mode		
	Fast mode	Fast mode		
	Fast mode plus			
Voltage detector	• Rising: 1.67 V to 4.06 V (14 stages)	• Rising: 2.61 V to 4.06 V (8 stages)		
	• Falling: 1.63 V to 3.98 V (14 stages)	• Falling: 2.55 V to 3.98 V (8 stages)		

Remark The electrical characteristics of products rated "G: Industrial applications (TA = -40 to + 105°C)" at ambient operating temperatures above 85°C differ from those of products rated "A: Consumer applications" and "D: Industrial applications". For details, refer to **3.1** to **3.10**.

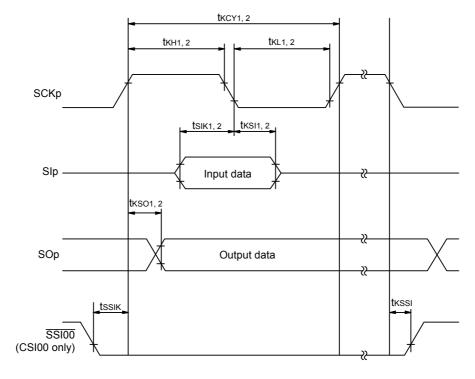
- Note 5. Current flowing only to the watchdog timer (including the operating current of the low-speed on-chip oscillator).

 The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1, IDD2 or IDD3 and IWDT when the watchdog timer is in operation.
- Note 6. Current flowing only to the A/D converter. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1 or IDD2 and IADC when the A/D converter operates in an operation mode or the HALT mode.
- Note 7. Current flowing only to the LVD circuit. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1, IDD2 or IDD3 and ILVD when the LVD circuit is in operation.
- Note 8. Current flowing during programming of the data flash.
- Note 9. Current flowing during self-programming.
- Note 10. For shift time to the SNOOZE mode, see 23.3.3 SNOOZE mode in the RL78/G14 User's Manual.
- Note 11. Current flowing only to the D/A converter. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1 or IDD2 and IDAC when the D/A converter operates in an operation mode or the HALT mode.
- Note 12. Current flowing only to the comparator circuit. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1, IDD2, or IDD3 and ICMP when the comparator circuit is in operation.
- Note 13. A comparator and D/A converter are provided in products with 96 KB or more code flash memory.
- Remark 1. fil: Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
- Remark 2. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
- Remark 3. fclk: CPU/peripheral hardware clock frequency
- Remark 4. Temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C

CSI mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)



CSI mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)



Remark 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31)

Remark 2. m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)

(4) During communication at same potential (simplified I²C mode)

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed	HS (high-speed main) mode	
			MIN.	MAX.	
SCLr clock frequency	fscL	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ $C_{\text{b}} = 50 \text{ pF}, R_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$		400 Note 1	kHz
		$2.4~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{EV}_\textrm{DD0} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V},$ $C_\textrm{b} = 100~\textrm{pF},~R_\textrm{b} = 3~\textrm{k}\Omega$		100 Note 1	kHz
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	tLOW	$2.7~\text{V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~\text{V},$ $C_{\text{b}} = 50~\text{pF},~R_{\text{b}} = 2.7~\text{k}\Omega$	1200		ns
		$2.4V \le EV_{DD0} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$	4600		ns
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	thigh	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 50 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$	1200		ns
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 3 k Ω	4600		ns
Data setup time (reception)	tsu: dat	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 50 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$	1/fmck + 220 Note 2		ns
		$2.4V \le EV_{DD0} \le 5.5 V$, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 3 k Ω	1/f _{MCK} + 580 Note 2		ns
Data hold time (transmission)) thd: dat	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 50 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$	0	770	ns
		2.4 V \leq EV _{DD0} \leq 5.5 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 3 kΩ	0	1420	ns

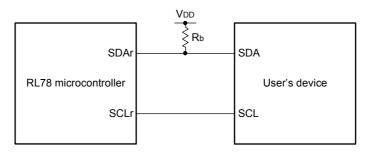
Note 1. The value must also be equal to or less than fMCK/4.

Caution Select the normal input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 30- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the normal output mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register h (POMh).

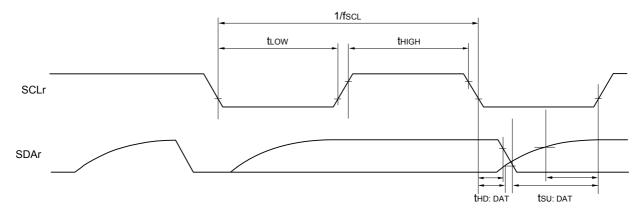
(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

Note 2. Set the fмcκ value to keep the hold time of SCLr = "L" and SCLr = "H".

Simplified I²C mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential)

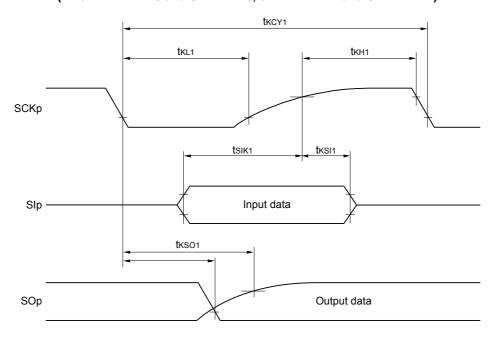


Remark 1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SDAr) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) load capacitance

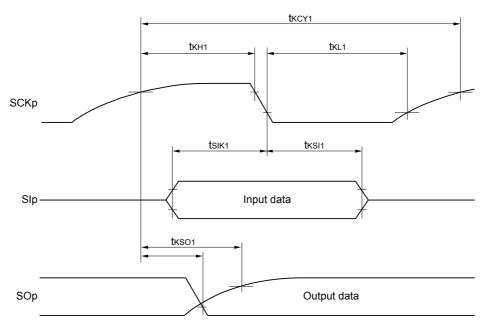
Remark 2. r: IIC number (r = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31), g: PIM number (g = 0, 1, 3 to 5, 14), h: POM number (h = 0, 1, 3 to 5, 7, 14)

Remark 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number (m = 0, 1),
n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)

CSI mode serial transfer timing (master mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)



CSI mode serial transfer timing (master mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)



Remark 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 3 to 5, 14)

Remark 2. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I²C mode)

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

(1/2)

Parameter	Symbol Conditions	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SCLr clock frequency	fscL	$ \begin{aligned} 4.0 \ V &\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ 2.7 \ V &\leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_b &= 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{aligned} $		400 Note 1	kHz
		$\begin{split} 2.7 & \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DDO}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ 2.3 & \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \text{ V}, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 50 \text{ pF}, \text{ Rb} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega \end{split}$		400 Note 1	kHz
		$\begin{aligned} 4.0 & \text{V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DDO}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, \\ 2.7 & \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ pF}, \text{ Rb} = 2.8 \text{ k}\Omega \end{aligned}$		100 Note 1	kHz
		$\begin{split} 2.7 & \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DDO}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ 2.3 & \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \text{ V}, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega \end{split}$		100 Note 1	kHz
		$ 2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{EVDDO} < 3.3 \text{ V}, \\ 1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.0 \text{ V}, \\ C_b = 100 \text{ pF, } R_b = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega $		100 Note 1	kHz
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	tLOW	$ 4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{EVDD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, \\ 2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ C_b = 50 \text{ pF}, \text{Rb} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega $	1200		ns
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DDO}} < 4.0 \text{ V},$ $2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 2.7 \text{ V},$ $C_{\text{b}} = 50 \text{ pF}, R_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$	1200		ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ &2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	4600		ns
		$\begin{split} 2.7 & \text{ V} \leq \text{EVDD0} < 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ 2.3 & \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7 \text{ V}, \\ C_b = 100 \text{ pF, } R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega \end{split}$	4600		ns
		$\begin{aligned} 2.4 & \text{ V} \leq \text{EVDDO} < 3.3 \text{ V}, \\ 1.6 & \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.0 \text{ V}, \\ C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega \end{aligned}$	4650		ns
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	thigh	$ \begin{aligned} 4.0 \ V &\leq EV_{DDO} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ 2.7 \ V &\leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_b &= 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{aligned} $	620		ns
		$\begin{split} 2.7 & \ V \le EV_{DDO} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 & \ V \le V_b \le 2.7 \ V, \\ C_b = 50 & \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{split}$	500		ns
		$\begin{aligned} 4.0 & \text{ V} \leq \text{EVDD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, \\ 2.7 & \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ C_b &= 100 \text{ pF, Rb} = 2.8 \text{ k}\Omega \end{aligned}$	2700		ns
		$\begin{split} 2.7 \ V &\leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V &\leq V_{b} \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_{b} &= 100 \ pF, \ R_{b} = 2.7 \ k \Omega \end{split}$	2400		ns
		$\begin{array}{c} 2.4 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \; V, \\ 1.6 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \; V, \\ C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 5.5 \; k\Omega \end{array}$	1830		ns

REVISION HISTORY	RL78/G14 Datasheet
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Rev. Date		Description		
	Date	Page	Summary	
3.20	Jan 05, 2015	p.135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145	Modification of specifications in 3.3.2 Supply current characteristics	
		p.197	Modification of part number in 4.7 52-pin products	
3.30	Aug 12, 2016	p.143, 145	Addition of maximum values in (3) Flash ROM: 384 to 512 KB of 48- to 100-pin products of 3.3.2 Supply current characteristics	

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