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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

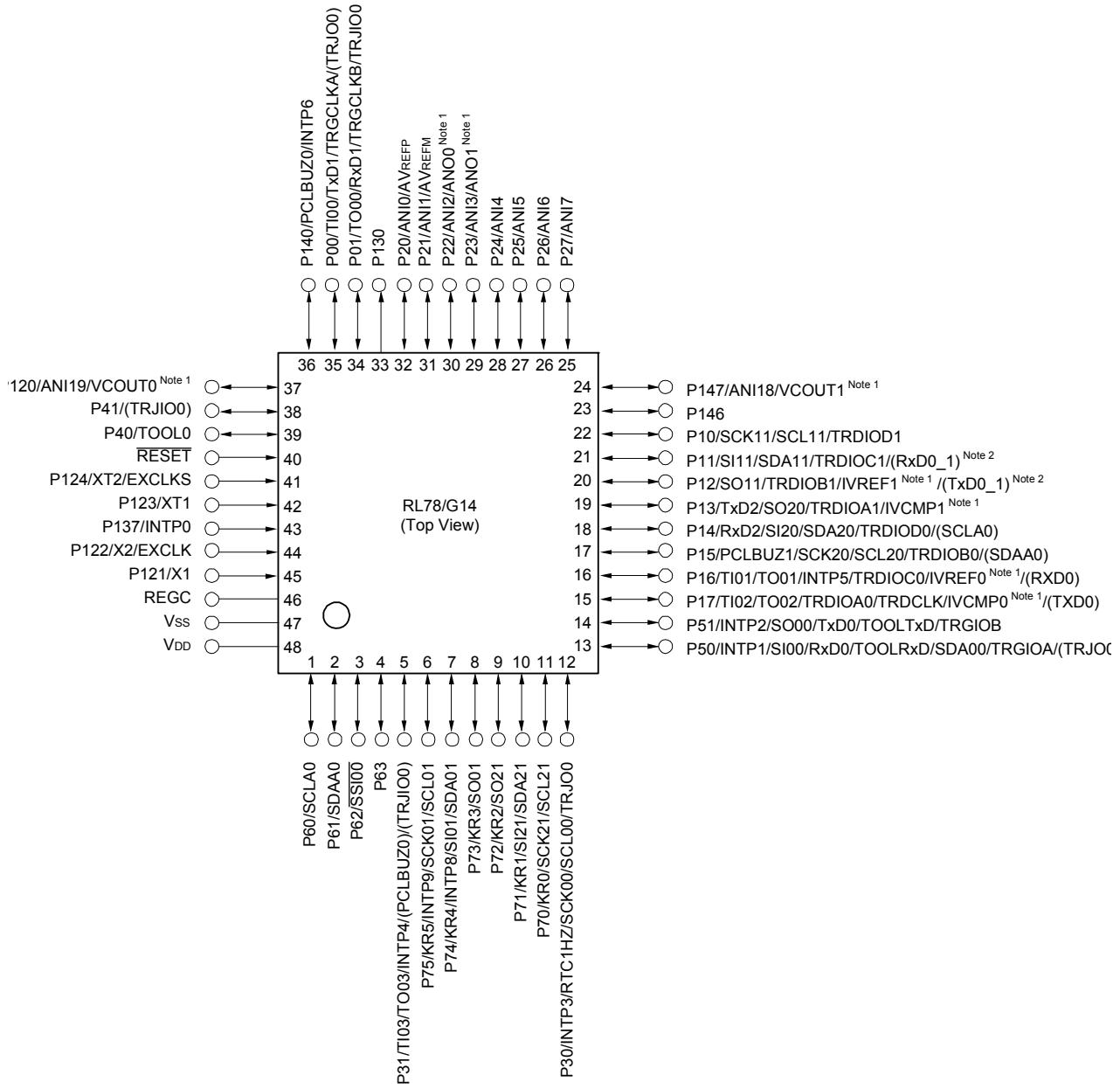
Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	24K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LFQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f104gjafb-v0

1.3.6 48-pin products

- 48-pin plastic LFQFP (7 × 7 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



Note 1. Mounted on the 96 KB or more code flash memory products.

Note 2. Mounted on the 384 KB or more code flash memory products.

Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss pin via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Remark 2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register 0, 1 (PIOR0, 1).

- Note** The flash library uses RAM in self-programming and rewriting of the data flash memory.
The target products and start address of the RAM areas used by the flash library are shown below.
R5F104xJ (x = F, G, J, L, M, P): Start address F9F00H
For the RAM areas used by the flash library, see **Self RAM list of Flash Self-Programming Library for RL78 Family (R20UT2944)**.

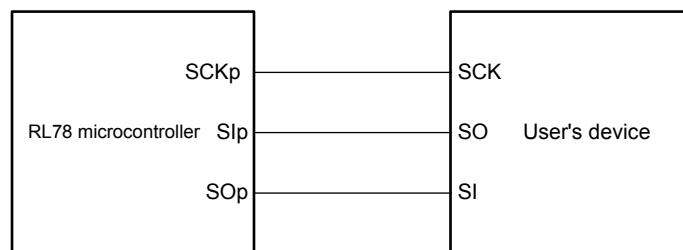
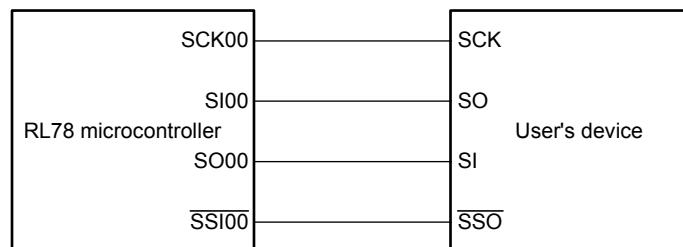
(4) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

(2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		LS (low-speed main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SSI00 setup time	tssik	DAPmn = 0	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	120		120		120	ns
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	200		200		200	ns
			1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	400		400		400	ns
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	—		400		400	ns
		DAPmn = 1	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120	ns
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200	ns
			1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400	ns
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	—		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400	ns
SSI00 hold time	tkssi	DAPmn = 0	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120		1/fMCK + 120	ns
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200		1/fMCK + 200	ns
			1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400	ns
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	—		1/fMCK + 400		1/fMCK + 400	ns
		DAPmn = 1	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	120		120		120	ns
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	200		200		200	ns
			1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	400		400		400	ns
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	—		400		400	ns

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and SCKp pin and the normal output mode for the SOOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

Remark p: CSI number (p = 00), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0), g: PIM number (g = 3, 5)

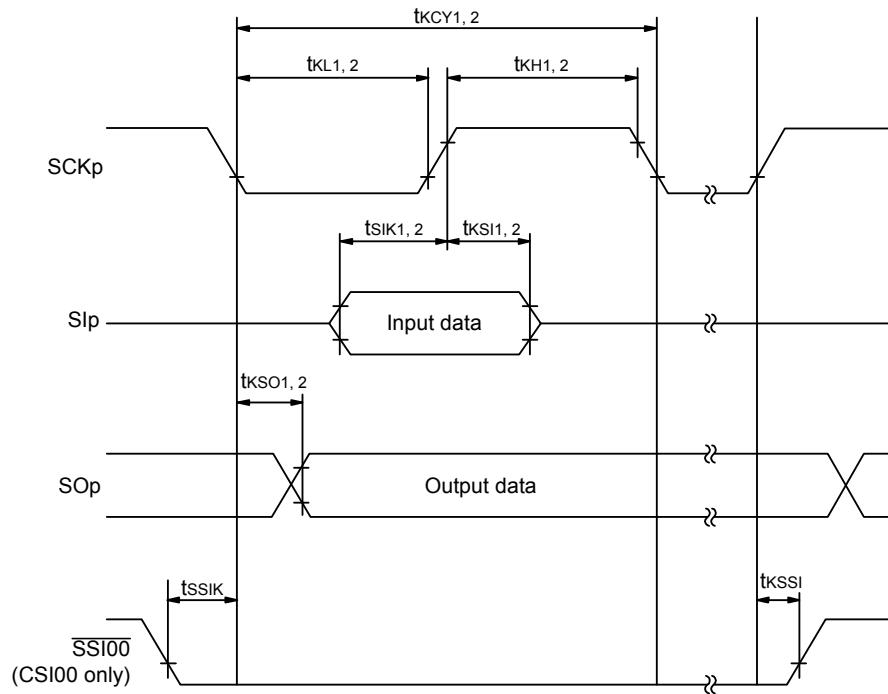
CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)**CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)
(Slave Transmission of slave select input function (CSI00))**

Remark 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31)

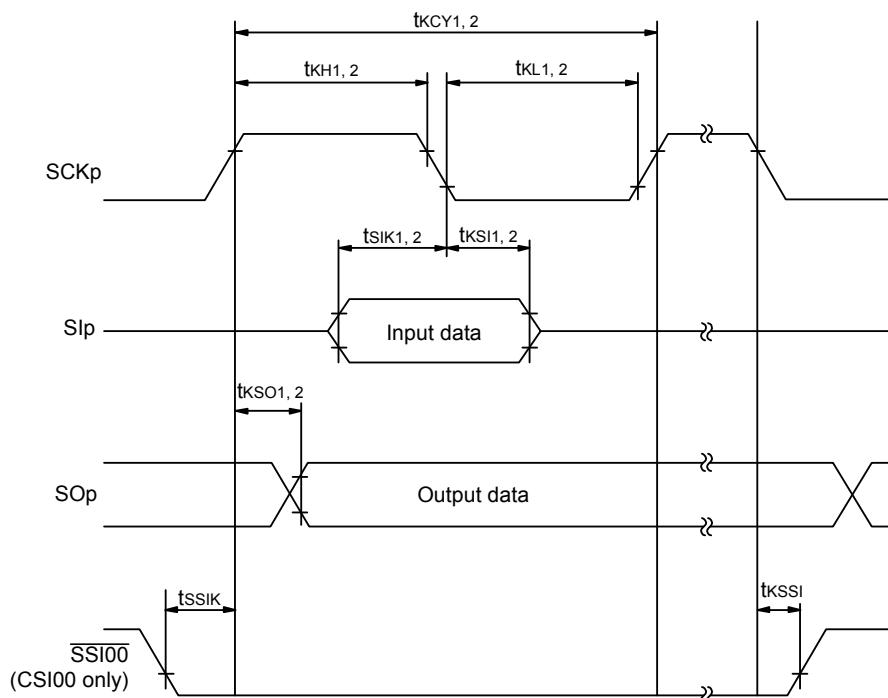
Remark 2. m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)

CSI mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential)

(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)

**CSI mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential)**

(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)

**Remark 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31)**Remark 2.** m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)

(7) Communication at different potential (2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only)

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 2.7 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{VSS0} = EV_{VSS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		LS (low-speed main) mode		LV (low-voltage main) mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	tkCY1	tkCY1 ≥ 2/fCLK 4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	200		1150		1150		ns
			2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	300		1150		1150	ns
SCKp high-level width	tkH1	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	tkCY1/2 - 120		tkCY1/2 - 120		tkCY1/2 - 120		ns
SCKp low-level width	tkL1	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	tkCY1/2 - 7		tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	tkCY1/2 - 10		tkCY1/2 - 50		tkCY1/2 - 50		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) Note 1	tsIK1	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	58		479		479		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	121		479		479		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) Note 1	tksI1	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	10		10		10		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	10		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SO _p output Note 1	tksO1	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ		60		60		60	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		130		130		130	ns

(Notes, Caution, and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V) (3/3)

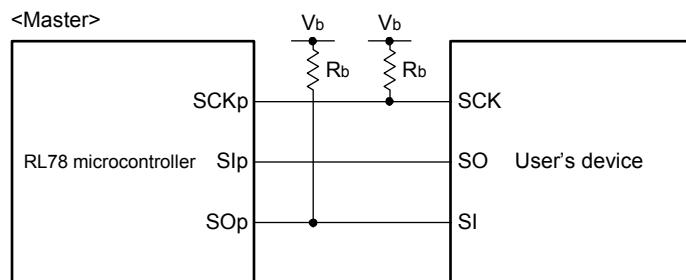
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main mode)		LS (low-speed main mode)		LV (low-voltage main mode)		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Slp setup time (to SCKp↓) Note 1	tsIK1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ	44		110		110		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ	44		110		110		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V Note 2, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 5.5 kΩ	110		110		110		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↓) Note 1	tksI1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V Note 2, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 5.5 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
Delay time from SCKp↑ to SOp output Note 1	tksO1	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ		25		25		25	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ		25		25		25	ns
		1.8 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V Note 2, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 5.5 kΩ		25		25		25	ns

Note 1. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

Note 2. Use it with EVDD0 ≥ Vb.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 30- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and Vil, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)

Remark 1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage

Remark 2. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 3 to 5, 14)

Remark 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

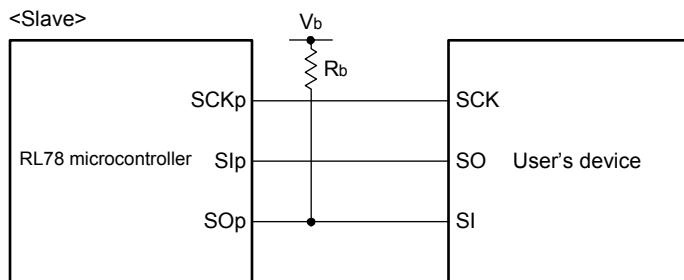
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00))

Remark 4. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

- Note 1.** Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode: MAX. 1 Mbps
- Note 2.** Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.
- Note 3.** When DAP_{Mn} = 0 and CKP_{Mn} = 0, or DAP_{Mn} = 1 and CKP_{Mn} = 1. The SI_P setup time becomes “to SCK_P↓” when DAP_{Mn} = 0 and CKP_{Mn} = 1, or DAP_{Mn} = 1 and CKP_{Mn} = 0.
- Note 4.** When DAP_{Mn} = 0 and CKP_{Mn} = 0, or DAP_{Mn} = 1 and CKP_{Mn} = 1. The SI_P hold time becomes “from SCK_P↓” when DAP_{Mn} = 0 and CKP_{Mn} = 1, or DAP_{Mn} = 1 and CKP_{Mn} = 0.
- Note 5.** When DAP_{Mn} = 0 and CKP_{Mn} = 0, or DAP_{Mn} = 1 and CKP_{Mn} = 1. The delay time to SO_O output becomes “from SCK_P↑” when DAP_{Mn} = 0 and CKP_{Mn} = 1, or DAP_{Mn} = 1 and CKP_{Mn} = 0.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SI_P pin and SCK_P pin, and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 30- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SO_O pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



Remark 1. R_b[Ω]: Communication line (SO_O) pull-up resistance, C_b[F]: Communication line (SO_O) load capacitance, V_b[V]: Communication line voltage

Remark 2. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 3 to 5, 14)

Remark 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSm_n bit of serial mode register mn (SMR_{Mn}).

m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13))

Remark 4. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

Also, communication at different potential cannot be performed during clock synchronous serial communication with the slave select function.

2.6 Analog Characteristics

2.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Classification of A/D converter characteristics

Input channel	Reference Voltage Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM	Reference voltage (+) = VDD Reference voltage (-) = VSS	Reference voltage (+) = VBGR Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM
AN10 to AN14	Refer to 2.6.1 (1).	Refer to 2.6.1 (3).	Refer to 2.6.1 (4). —
AN16 to AN20	Refer to 2.6.1 (2).		
Internal reference voltage Temperature sensor output voltage	Refer to 2.6.1 (1).		

- (1) When reference voltage (+) = AVREFP/AN10 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/AN11 (ADREFM = 1), target pin: AN12 to AN14, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP, Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES		8		10	bit
Overall error Note 1	AINL	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	1.8 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V 1.6 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V Note 4	1.2 1.2	±3.5 ±7.0	LSB
Conversion time	tconv	10-bit resolution Target pin: AN12 to AN14	3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V 2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V 1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V 1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.125 3.1875 17 57	39 39 39 95	μs
			3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V 2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V 1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V 1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.375 3.5625 17	39 39 39	μs
			3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V 2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V 1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V 1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.375 3.5625 17	39 39 39	μs
			3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V 2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V 1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V 1.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.375 3.5625 17	39 39 39	μs
	Ezs	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	1.8 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V 1.6 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V Note 4		±0.25 ±0.50	%FSR
			1.8 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V 1.6 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V Note 4		±0.25 ±0.50	%FSR
	Efs	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	1.8 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V 1.6 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V Note 4		±0.25 ±0.50	%FSR
			1.8 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V 1.6 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V Note 4		±0.25 ±0.50	%FSR
Integral linearity error Note 1	ILE	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	1.8 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V 1.6 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V Note 4		±2.5 ±5.0	LSB
			1.8 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V 1.6 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V Note 4		±2.5 ±5.0	LSB
Differential linearity error Note 1	DLE	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD Note 3	1.8 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V 1.6 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V Note 4		±1.5 ±2.0	LSB
			1.8 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V 1.6 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V Note 4		±1.5 ±2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN	AN12 to AN14	0		AVREFP	V
		Internal reference voltage (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			VBGR Note 5	V
		Temperature sensor output voltage (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			VTMP25 Note 5	V

Note 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

Note 2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

Note 3. When AVREFP < VDD, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ±1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add ±0.05%FSR to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

Note 4. Values when the conversion time is set to 57 μs (min.) and 95 μs (max.).

Note 5. Refer to 2.6.2 Temperature sensor characteristics/internal reference voltage characteristic.

3.2 Oscillator Characteristics

3.2.1 X1, XT1 characteristics

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V)

Resonator	Resonator	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation frequency (fx) Note	Ceramic resonator/ crystal resonator	2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	1.0		20.0	MHz
		2.4 V ≤ VDD < 2.7 V	1.0		16.0	
XT1 clock oscillation frequency (fx _T) Note	Crystal resonator		32	32.768	35	kHz

Note Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to **AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time.
Request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board to check the oscillator characteristics.

Caution Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after a reset release, check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time using the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) by the user. Determine the oscillation stabilization time of the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after sufficiently evaluating the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.

Remark When using the X1 oscillator and XT1 oscillator, refer to **5.4 System Clock Oscillator** in the RL78/G14 User's Manual.

3.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V)

Oscillators	Parameters	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency Notes 1, 2	f _H			1		32	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy		-20 to +85°C	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	-1.0		+1.0	%
		-40 to -20°C	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	-1.5		+1.5	%
		+85 to +105°C	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	-2.0		+2.0	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	f _L			15			kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy				-15		+15	%

Note 1. High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected with bits 0 to 4 of the option byte (000C2H) and bits 0 to 2 of the HOCODIV register.

Note 2. This only indicates the oscillator characteristics. Refer to **AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time.

- Note 5.** Current flowing only to the watchdog timer (including the operating current of the low-speed on-chip oscillator). The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1, IDD2 or IDD3 and I_{WDT} when the watchdog timer is in operation.
- Note 6.** Current flowing only to the A/D converter. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1 or IDD2 and I_{AADC} when the A/D converter operates in an operation mode or the HALT mode.
- Note 7.** Current flowing only to the LVD circuit. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1, IDD2 or IDD3 and I_{LVD} when the LVD circuit is in operation.
- Note 8.** Current flowing during programming of the data flash.
- Note 9.** Current flowing during self-programming.
- Note 10.** For shift time to the SNOOZE mode, see **23.3.3 SNOOZE mode** in the RL78/G14 User's Manual.
- Note 11.** Current flowing only to the D/A converter. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1 or IDD2 and I_{DAC} when the D/A converter operates in an operation mode or the HALT mode.
- Note 12.** Current flowing only to the comparator circuit. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1, IDD2, or IDD3 and I_{CMP} when the comparator circuit is in operation.
- Note 13.** A comparator and D/A converter are provided in products with 96 KB or more code flash memory.

Remark 1. f_{IL}: Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency

Remark 2. f_{SUB}: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)

Remark 3. f_{CLK}: CPU/peripheral hardware clock frequency

Remark 4. Temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C

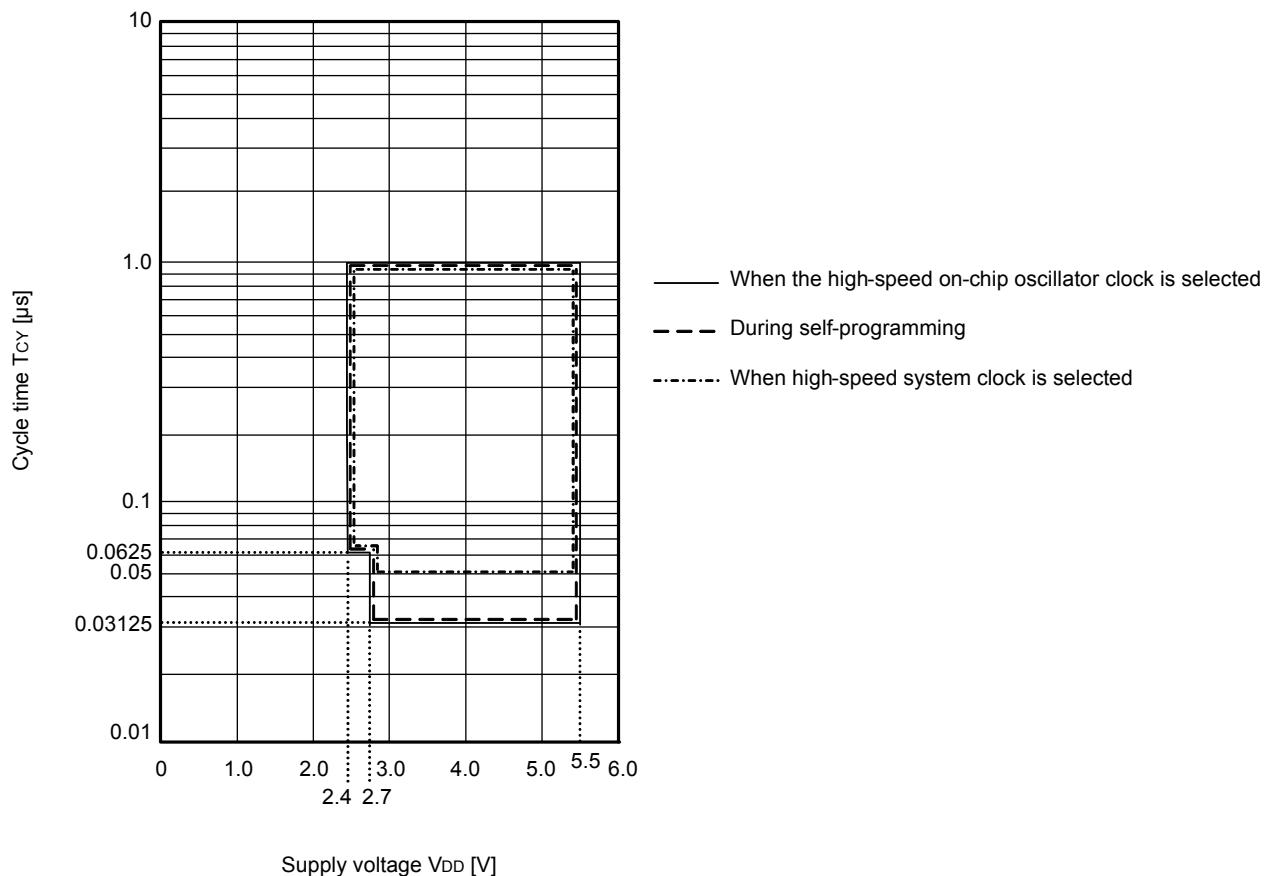
(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

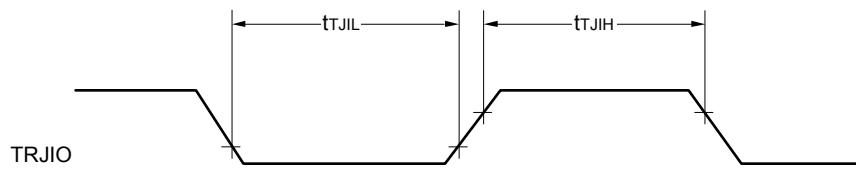
(2/2)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Timer RD input high-level width, low-level width	tTDIH, tTDIL	TRDIOA0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB0, TRDIOB1, TRDIODC0, TRDIODC1, TRDIOD0, TRDIOD1		3/fCLK			ns
Timer RD forced cutoff signal input low-level width	tTDSIL	P130/INTP0	2MHz < fCLK ≤ 32 MHz	1			μs
			fCLK ≤ 2 MHz	1/fCLK + 1			
Timer RG input high-level width, low-level width	tTRGIH, tTGIL	TRGIOA, TRGIOB		2.5/fCLK			ns
TO00 to TO03, TO10 to TO13, TRJIO0, TRJOO, TRDIOA0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB0, TRDIOB1, TRDIODC0, TRDIODC1, TRDIOD0, TRDIOD1, TRGIOA, TRGIOB output frequency	fro	HS (high-speed main) mode	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V			16	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V			8	MHz
			2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V			4	MHz
PCLBUZ0, PCLBUZ1 output frequency	fpCL	HS (high-speed main) mode	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V			16	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V			8	MHz
			2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V			4	MHz
Interrupt input high-level width, low-level width	tINTH, tINTL	INTP0	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	1			μs
		INTP1 to INTP11	2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	1			μs
Key interrupt input low-level width	tKR	KR0 to KR7	2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	250			ns
RESET low-level width	tRSI			10			μs

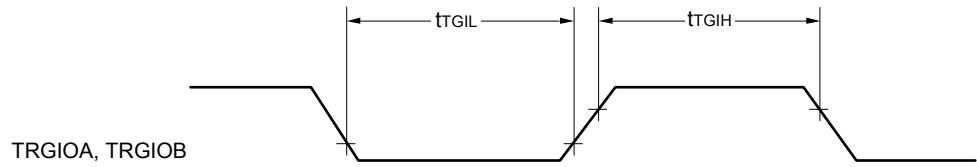
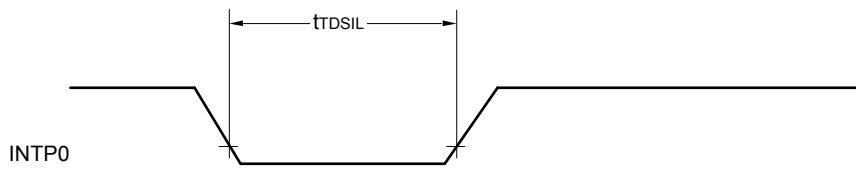
Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation

TCY vs VDD (HS (high-speed main) mode)





TRDIOA0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB0, TRDIOB1,
TRDIOC0, TRDIOC1, TRDIOD0, TRDIOD1



(7) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time Note 1	tkCY2	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V	24 MHz < fMCK	28/fMCK	ns
			20 MHz < fMCK ≤ 24 MHz	24/fMCK	ns
			8 MHz < fMCK ≤ 20 MHz	20/fMCK	ns
			4 MHz < fMCK ≤ 8 MHz	16/fMCK	ns
			fMCK ≤ 4 MHz	12/fMCK	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V	24 MHz < fMCK	40/fMCK	ns
			20 MHz < fMCK ≤ 24 MHz	32/fMCK	ns
			16 MHz < fMCK ≤ 20 MHz	28/fMCK	ns
			8 MHz < fMCK ≤ 16 MHz	24/fMCK	ns
			4 MHz < fMCK ≤ 8 MHz	16/fMCK	ns
		2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V	24 MHz < fMCK	96/fMCK	ns
			20 MHz < fMCK ≤ 24 MHz	72/fMCK	ns
			16 MHz < fMCK ≤ 20 MHz	64/fMCK	ns
			8 MHz < fMCK ≤ 16 MHz	52/fMCK	ns
			4 MHz < fMCK ≤ 8 MHz	32/fMCK	ns
			fMCK ≤ 4 MHz	20/fMCK	ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	tKH2, tKL2	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V	tkCY2/2 - 24		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V	tkCY2/2 - 36		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V	tkCY2/2 - 100		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) Note 2	tsIK2	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V	1/fMCK + 40		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V	1/fMCK + 40		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V	1/fMCK + 60		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) Note 3	tksI2		1/fMCK + 62		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 4	tksO2	4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ Vb ≤ 4.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 1.4 kΩ		2/fMCK + 240	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ		2/fMCK + 428	ns
		2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.0 V, Cb = 30 pF, Rv = 5.5 kΩ		2/fMCK + 1146	ns

(Notes, Caution, and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

- (2) When reference voltage (+) = AVREFP/ANI0 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin: ANI16 to ANI20

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, 2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V,

Vss = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP, Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error Note 1	AINL	10-bit resolution EVDD0 ≤ AVREFP = VDD Notes 3, 4	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V		1.2	±5.0	LSB
Conversion time	tCONV	10-bit resolution Target ANI pin: ANI16 to ANI20	3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.125		39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875		39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error Notes 1, 2	Ezs	10-bit resolution EVDD0 ≤ AVREFP = VDD Notes 3, 4	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±0.35	%FSR
Full-scale error Notes 1, 2	EFS	10-bit resolution EVDD0 ≤ AVREFP = VDD Notes 3, 4	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±0.35	%FSR
Integral linearity error Note 1	ILE	10-bit resolution EVDD0 ≤ AVREFP = VDD Notes 3, 4	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±3.5	LSB
Differential linearity error Note 1	DLE	10-bit resolution EVDD0 ≤ AVREFP = VDD Notes 3, 4	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN	ANI16 to ANI20		0		AVREFP and EVDD0	V

Note 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

Note 2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

Note 3. When EVDD0 ≤ AVREFP ≤ VDD, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ±1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add ±0.05%FSR to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

Note 4. When AVREFP < EVDD0 ≤ VDD, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ±4.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add ±0.20%FSR to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±2.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

- (4) When reference voltage (+) = Internal reference voltage (ADREFP1 = 1, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin: ANI0, ANI2 to ANI14, ANI16 to ANI20

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, 1.6 V ≤ EVDD = EVDD1 ≤ VDD, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V,

Reference voltage (+) = VBGR Note 3, Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM = 0 V Note 4, HS (high-speed main) mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		bit	
Conversion time	tCONV	8-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error Notes 1, 2	Ezs	8-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V			±0.60	% FSR
Integral linearity error Note 1	ILE	8-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V			±2.0	LSB
Differential linearity error Note 1	DLE	8-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V			±1.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN			0		VBGR Note 3	V

Note 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

Note 2. This value is indicated as a ratio (% FSR) to the full-scale value.

Note 3. Refer to 3.6.2 Temperature sensor characteristics/internal reference voltage characteristic.

Note 4. When reference voltage (-) = Vss, the MAX. values are as follows.

Zero-scale error: Add ±0.35%FSR to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) = AVREFM.

Integral linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) = AVREFM.

Differential linearity error: Add ±0.2 LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) = AVREFM.

(2) Interrupt & Reset Mode

(TA = -40 to +105°C, VPDR ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Voltage detection threshold	V _{LVDD0}	V _{POC2} , V _{POC1} , V _{Poco} = 0, 1, 1, falling reset voltage		2.64	2.75	2.86	V
	V _{LVDD1}	LVIS1, LVIS0 = 1, 0	Rising release reset voltage	2.81	2.92	3.03	V
			Falling interrupt voltage	2.75	2.86	2.97	V
	V _{LVDD2}	LVIS1, LVIS0 = 0, 1	Rising release reset voltage	2.90	3.02	3.14	V
			Falling interrupt voltage	2.85	2.96	3.07	V
	V _{LVDD3}	LVIS1, LVIS0 = 0, 0	Rising release reset voltage	3.90	4.06	4.22	V
			Falling interrupt voltage	3.83	3.98	4.13	V

3.6.7 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics

(TA = -40 to +105°C, Vss = 0 V)

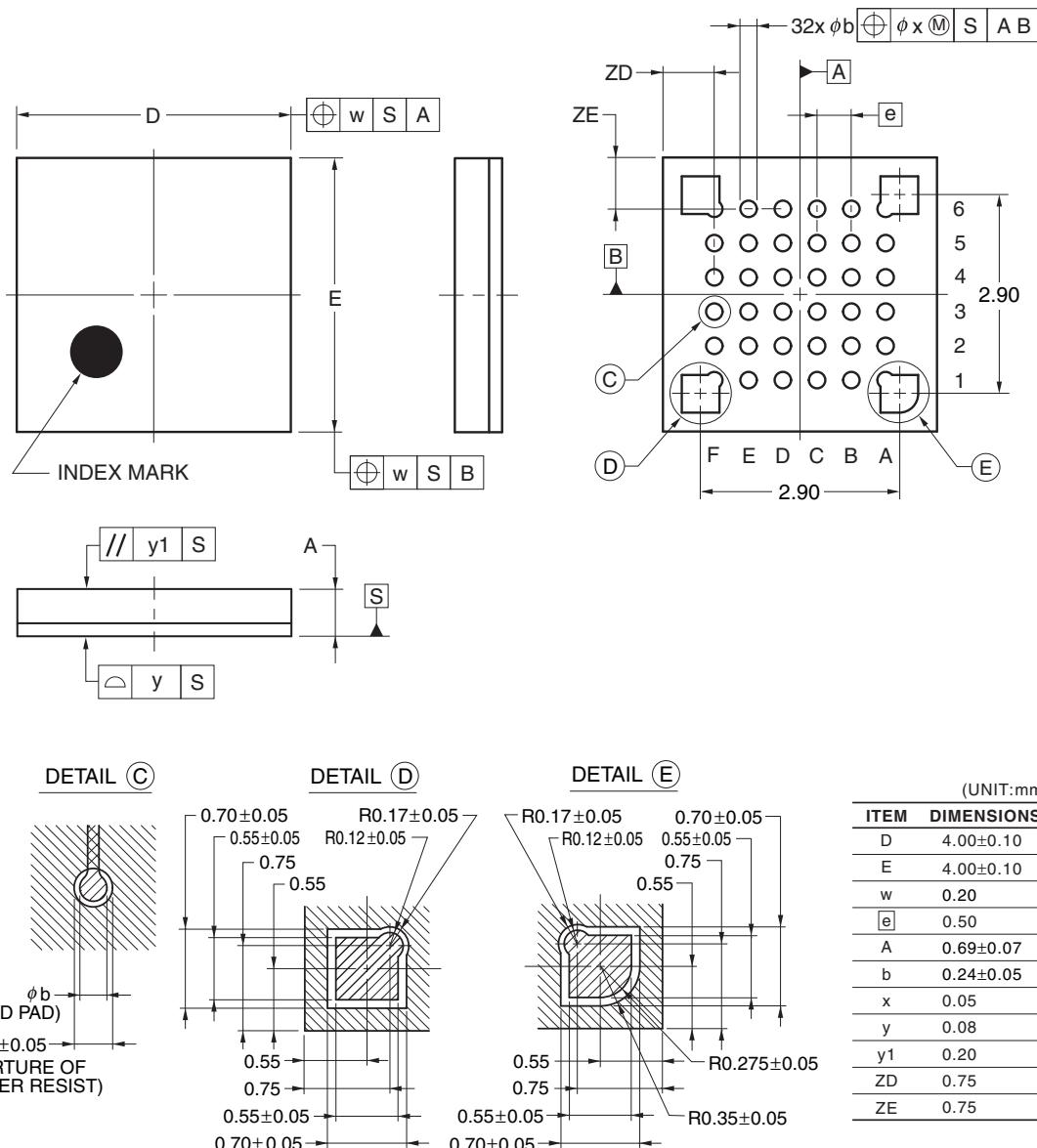
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Power supply voltage rising slope	S _{VDD}				54	V/ms

Caution Make sure to keep the internal reset state by the LVD circuit or an external reset until Vdd reaches the operating voltage range shown in 3.4 AC Characteristics.

4.3 36-pin products

R5F104CAALA, R5F104CCALA, R5F104CDALA, R5F104CEALA, R5F104CFALA, R5F104CGALA
 R5F104CAGLA, R5F104CCGLA, R5F104CDGLA, R5F104CEGLA, R5F104CFGGLA, R5F104CGGLA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-WFLGA36-4x4-0.50	PWLG0036KA-A	P36FC-50-AA4-2	0.023



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R5F104GKAFB, R5F104GLAFB
R5F104GKGFB, R5F104GLGFB

