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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

⊡XFI

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPs
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	128KB (43K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 6x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-VQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	28-QFN-S (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep128gp502-e-mm

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

2.0 GUIDELINES FOR GETTING STARTED WITH 16-BIT DIGITAL SIGNAL CONTROLLERS AND MICROCONTROLLERS

- Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to the related section of the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Familv Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com)
 - 2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 "Memory Organization"** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

2.1 Basic Connection Requirements

Getting started with the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families requires attention to a minimal set of device pin connections before proceeding with development. The following is a list of pin names, which must always be connected:

- All VDD and Vss pins (see Section 2.2 "Decoupling Capacitors")
- All AVDD and AVSS pins (regardless if ADC module is not used)

(see Section 2.2 "Decoupling Capacitors")
• VCAP

(see Section 2.3 "CPU Logic Filter Capacitor Connection (VCAP)")

- MCLR pin (see Section 2.4 "Master Clear (MCLR) Pin")
- PGECx/PGEDx pins used for In-Circuit Serial Programming[™] (ICSP[™]) and debugging purposes (see **Section 2.5 "ICSP Pins**")
- OSC1 and OSC2 pins when external oscillator source is used

(see Section 2.6 "External Oscillator Pins")

Additionally, the following pins may be required:

• VREF+/VREF- pins are used when external voltage reference for the ADC module is implemented

Note: The AVDD and AVSS pins must be connected, independent of the ADC voltage reference source.

2.2 Decoupling Capacitors

The use of decoupling capacitors on every pair of power supply pins, such as VDD, VSS, AVDD and AVSS is required.

Consider the following criteria when using decoupling capacitors:

- Value and type of capacitor: Recommendation of 0.1 μ F (100 nF), 10-20V. This capacitor should be a low-ESR and have resonance frequency in the range of 20 MHz and higher. It is recommended to use ceramic capacitors.
- Placement on the printed circuit board: The decoupling capacitors should be placed as close to the pins as possible. It is recommended to place the capacitors on the same side of the board as the device. If space is constricted, the capacitor can be placed on another layer on the PCB using a via; however, ensure that the trace length from the pin to the capacitor is within one-quarter inch (6 mm) in length.
- Handling high-frequency noise: If the board is experiencing high-frequency noise, above tens of MHz, add a second ceramic-type capacitor in parallel to the above described decoupling capacitor. The value of the second capacitor can be in the range of 0.01 μ F to 0.001 μ F. Place this second capacitor next to the primary decoupling capacitor. In high-speed circuit designs, consider implementing a decade pair of capacitances as close to the power and ground pins as possible. For example, 0.1 μ F in parallel with 0.001 μ F.
- **Maximizing performance:** On the board layout from the power supply circuit, run the power and return traces to the decoupling capacitors first, and then to the device pins. This ensures that the decoupling capacitors are first in the power chain. Equally important is to keep the trace length between the capacitor and the power pins to a minimum, thereby reducing PCB track inductance.

IABLE	TABLE 4-29: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY																	
File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
RPINR0	06A0	_	INT1R<6:0>							—							_	0000
RPINR1	06A2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				INT2R<6:0>	>			0000
RPINR3	06A6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				T2CKR<6:0	>			0000
RPINR7	06AE	_				IC2R<6:0>		•		_				IC1R<6:0>				0000
RPINR8	06B0	_				IC4R<6:0>				_				IC3R<6:0>				0000
RPINR11	06B6	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			(OCFAR<6:0	>			0000
RPINR12	06B8	_				FLT2R<6:0>		•		_	FLT1R<6:0>					0000		
RPINR14	06BC	_			(QEB1R<6:0	>			_	QEA1R<6:0>						0000	
RPINR15	06BE	_			Н	OME1R<6:0)>			_	INDX1R<6:0>					0000		
RPINR18	06C4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	U1RXR<6:0>					0000		
RPINR19	06C6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	U2RXR<6:0>					0000		
RPINR22	06CC				S	CK2INR<6:()>			_				SDI2R<6:0>	>			0000
RPINR23	06CE		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				SS2R<6:0>				0000
RPINR26	06D4		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
RPINR37	06EA	_	SYNCI1R<6:0>							_	_	—	—	—	_	_	_	0000
RPINR38	06EC	_	DTCMP1R<6:0>							_	_	—	—	—	_	_	_	0000
RPINR39	06EE	_			D	FCMP3R<6:	0>			-			D	TCMP2R<6:	:0>			0000

TABLE 4-29: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-30: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP20X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
RPINR0	06A0	—	INT1R<6:0>							_	—	—	—	—	_	-	_	0000
RPINR1	06A2	_							_	_				INT2R<6:0>				0000
RPINR3	06A6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			٦	F2CKR<6:0	>			0000
RPINR7	06AE	_				IC2R<6:0>				_	IC1R<6:0>						0000	
RPINR8	06B0	_				IC4R<6:0>				_				IC3R<6:0>				0000
RPINR11	06B6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			(DCFAR<6:0	>			0000
RPINR18	06C4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			ι	J1RXR<6:0	>			0000
RPINR19	06C6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			ι	J2RXR<6:0	>			0000
RPINR22	06CC	—			S	CK2INR<6:0)>			_	— SDI2R<6:0>						0000	
RPINR23	06CE	_	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	_				SS2R<6:0>				0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

7.0 INTERRUPT CONTROLLER

- Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to "Interrupts" (DS70600) in the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).
 - 2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 "Memory Organization"** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/ 50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X interrupt controller reduces the numerous peripheral interrupt request signals to a single interrupt request signal to the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X CPU.

The interrupt controller has the following features:

- Up to eight processor exceptions and software traps
- Eight user-selectable priority levels
- Interrupt Vector Table (IVT) with a unique vector for each interrupt or exception source
- Fixed priority within a specified user priority level
- Fixed interrupt entry and return latencies

7.1 Interrupt Vector Table

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/ 50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X Interrupt Vector Table (IVT), shown in Figure 7-1, resides in program memory starting at location, 000004h. The IVT contains seven non-maskable trap vectors and up to 246 sources of interrupt. In general, each interrupt source has its own vector. Each interrupt vector contains a 24-bit-wide address. The value programmed into each interrupt vector location is the starting address of the associated Interrupt Service Routine (ISR).

Interrupt vectors are prioritized in terms of their natural priority. This priority is linked to their position in the vector table. Lower addresses generally have a higher natural priority. For example, the interrupt associated with Vector 0 takes priority over interrupts at any other vector address.

7.2 Reset Sequence

A device Reset is not a true exception because the interrupt controller is not involved in the Reset process. The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/ 50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices clear their registers in response to a Reset, which forces the PC to zero. The device then begins program execution at location, 0x000000. A GOTO instruction at the Reset address can redirect program execution to the appropriate start-up routine.

Note: Any unimplemented or unused vector locations in the IVT should be programmed with the address of a default interrupt handler routine that contains a RESET instruction.

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	
_	—	—		—	—	—	PLLDIV8	
bit 15							bit 8	
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
PLLDIV7	PLLDIV6	PLLDIV5	PLLDIV4	PLLDIV3	PLLDIV2	PLLDIV1	PLLDIV0	
bit 7							bit 0	
Legend:								
R = Readable	bit	W = Writable	bit	U = Unimpler	mented bit, read	as '0'		
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set				'0' = Bit is cle	ared	x = Bit is unknown		
bit 15-9	Unimplemen	ted: Read as '	0'					
bit 8-0	PLLDIV<8:0>	: PLL Feedba	ck Divisor bits	(also denoted	as 'M', PLL mul	tiplier)		
	111111111 =	= 513						
	•							
	•							
	•							
	000110000 =	= 50 (default)						
	•							
	000000010 = 000000001 = 000000000 =	= 3						

REGISTER 9-3: PLLFBD: PLL FEEDBACK DIVISOR REGISTER

REGISTER 16-8: PDCx: PWMx GENERATOR DUTY CYCLE REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0			
			PDC	<15:8>						
bit 15							bit 8			
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0			
			PDC	x<7:0>						
bit 7							bit 0			
Legend:										
R = Readable	bit	W = Writable b	oit	U = Unimpler	mented bit, rea	d as '0'				
-n = Value at P	-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown									

bit 15-0 **PDCx<15:0>:** PWMx Generator # Duty Cycle Value bits

REGISTER 16-9: PHASEx: PWMx PRIMARY PHASE-SHIFT REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
			PHAS	Ex<15:8>			
bit 15							bit 8
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
			PHAS	SEx<7:0>			
bit 7							bit 0
Legend:							
R = Readable	bit	W = Writable b	pit	U = Unimplen	nented bit, rea	ad as '0'	
-n = Value at P	POR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is clea	ared	x = Bit is unkr	nown

bit 15-0 PHASEx<15:0>: PWMx Phase-Shift Value or Independent Time Base Period for the PWM Generator bits

Note 1: If ITB (PWMCONx<9>) = 0, the following applies based on the mode of operation: Complementary, Redundant and Push-Pull Output mode (PMOD<1:0> (IOCON<11:10>) = 00, 01 or 10), PHASEx<15:0> = Phase-shift value for PWMxH and PWMxL outputs

 If ITB (PWMCONx<9>) = 1, the following applies based on the mode of operation: Complementary, Redundant and Push-Pull Output mode (PMOD<1:0> (IOCONx<11:10>) = 00, 01 or 10), PHASEx<15:0> = Independent time base period value for PWMxH and PWMxL

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
			INDXH	LD<15:8>			
bit 15							bit 8
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
			INDXF	ILD<7:0>			
bit 7							bit 0
Legend:							
R = Readable	bit	W = Writable b	it	U = Unimpler	nented bit, rea	ad as '0'	
-n = Value at P	POR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is cle	ared	x = Bit is unkr	nown

REGISTER 17-10: INDX1HLD: INDEX COUNTER 1 HOLD REGISTER

bit 15-0 INDXHLD<15:0>: Hold Register for Reading and Writing INDX1CNTH bits

REGISTER 17-11: QEI1ICH: QEI1 INITIALIZATION/CAPTURE HIGH WORD REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
		QEIIC	<31:24>							
						bit 8				
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
		QEIIC	<23:16>							
						bit 0				
it	W = Writable I	bit	U = Unimplen	nented bit, rea	ıd as '0'					
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown										
	R/W-0	R/W-0 R/W-0 it W = Writable I	QEIIC R/W-0 R/W-0 QEIIC QEIIC	QEIIC<31:24> R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 QEIIC<23:16> it W = Writable bit U = Unimplen	QEIIC<31:24> R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 QEIIC<23:16> it W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, real	QEIIC<31:24> R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 QEIIC<23:16>				

bit 15-0 **QEIIC<31:16>:** High Word Used to Form 32-Bit Initialization/Capture Register (QEI1IC) bits

REGISTER 17-12: QEI1ICL: QEI1 INITIALIZATION/CAPTURE LOW WORD REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
			QEII	C<15:8>			
bit 15							bit 8
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
			QEI	C<7:0>			
bit 7							bit C
Legend:							
R = Readable	bit	W = Writable	bit	U = Unimplen	nented bit, rea	ad as '0'	
-n = Value at P	OR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is clea	ared	x = Bit is unkr	nown

bit 15-0 **QEIIC<15:0>:** Low Word Used to Form 32-Bit Initialization/Capture Register (QEI1IC) bits

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
			INTHL	D<31:24>							
bit 15							bit 8				
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
			INTHL	D<23:16>							
bit 7							bit 0				
Legend:											
R = Readable I	bit	W = Writable b	oit	U = Unimplen	nented bit, read	d as '0'					
-n = Value at P	-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown										

bit 15-0 INTHLD<31:16>: Hold Register for Reading and Writing INT1TMRH bits

REGISTER 17-20: INT1HLDL: INTERVAL 1 TIMER HOLD LOW WORD REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
			INTHL	.D<15:8>			
bit 15							bit 8
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
			INTH	_D<7:0>			
bit 7							bit 0
Legend:							
R = Readable	bit	W = Writable	bit	U = Unimpler	nented bit, read	d as '0'	
-n = Value at P	OR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is cle	ared	x = Bit is unkr	nown

bit 15-0 INTHLD<15:0>: Hold Register for Reading and Writing INT1TMRL bits

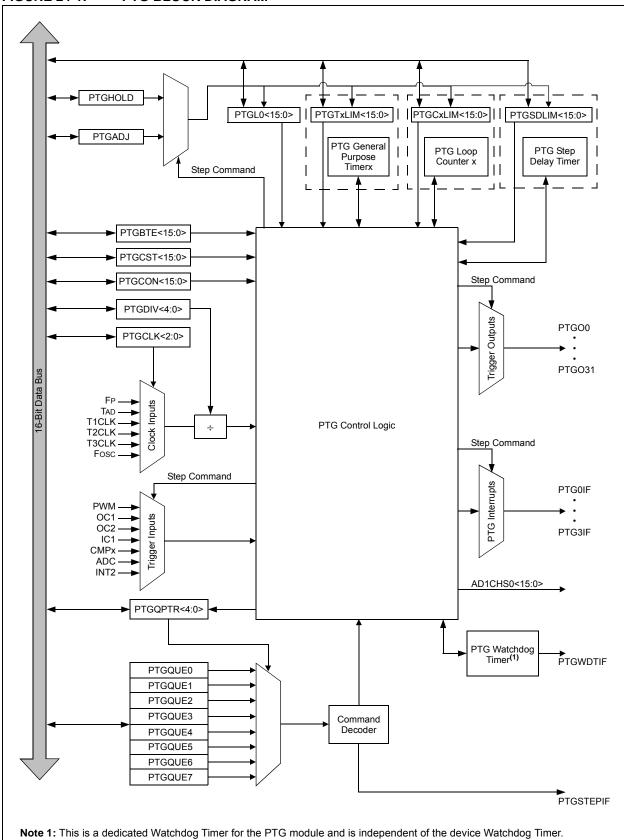
REGISTER 21-26:	CxTRmnCON: ECANx TX/RX BUFFER mn CONTROL REGISTER
	(m = 0,2,4,6; n = 1,3,5,7)

	`							
R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
TXENn	TXABTn	TXLARBn	TXERRn	TXREQn	RTRENn	TXnPRI1	TXnPRI0	
bit 15							bit 8	
R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
TXENm	TXABTm ⁽¹⁾	TXLARBm ⁽¹⁾	TXERRm ⁽¹⁾	TXREQm	RTRENm	TXmPRI1	TXmPRI0	
bit 7		1	1				bit (
Legend:								
R = Readable	e bit	W = Writable	bit	U = Unimpler	mented bit, read	d as '0'		
-n = Value at	POR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is cle	ared	x = Bit is unkr	nown	
bit 15-8	See Dofinition	n for bits<7:0>,	Controls Ruffs	ar n				
bit 7		RX Buffer Sele						
		RA Buller Sele						
		RBn is a receive						
bit 6	TXABTm: M	essage Aborted	1 bit ⁽¹⁾					
	1 = Message	•						
	•	completed trar	nsmission succ	essfully				
bit 5	TXLARBm: N	Message Lost A	Arbitration bit ⁽¹⁾)				
		lost arbitration						
	0 = Message	did not lose ar	bitration while	being sent				
bit 4	TXERRm: Er	ror Detected D	uring Transmis	ssion bit ⁽¹⁾				
		or occurred wh	•	•				
		or did not occu		ssage was bei	ing sent			
bit 3		essage Send F	-					
	sent		-		-	n the message	is successfully	
		the bit to '0' wh	•	0	abort			
bit 2		uto-Remote Tra						
		emote transmit emote transmit						
bit 1-0	TXmPRI<1:0	TXmPRI<1:0>: Message Transmission Priority bits						
		message prior						
		ermediate mes						
		ermediate mess message priori						
	00 – Lowest	messaye priori	ıy					
Note 1: Th	nis bit is cleared	when TXREQ i	s set.					

Note: The buffers, SID, EID, DLC, Data Field, and Receive Status registers are located in DMA RAM.

_							
R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADRC	—	—	SAMC4 ⁽¹⁾	SAMC3 ⁽¹⁾	SAMC2 ⁽¹⁾	SAMC1 ⁽¹⁾	SAMC0 ⁽¹⁾
bit 15							bit 8
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADCS7 ⁽²⁾	ADCS6 ⁽²⁾	ADCS5 ⁽²⁾	ADCS4 ⁽²⁾	ADCS3 ⁽²⁾	ADCS2 ⁽²⁾	ADCS1 ⁽²⁾	ADCS0 ⁽²⁾
bit 7							bit 0
r							
Legend:							
R = Readable b		W = Writable k	bit	•	nented bit, read	l as '0'	
-n = Value at P	OR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is clea	ared	x = Bit is unkr	nown
bit 15	1 = ADC inter						
		ved from syste					
bit 14-13	•	ted: Read as '0					
bit 12-8		Auto-Sample T	ime bits ⁽¹⁾				
	11111 = 31 T	AD					
	•						
	•						
	00001 = 1 TA 00000 = 0 TA						
bit 7-0	ADCS<7:0>:	ADC1 Convers	ion Clock Sele	ct bits ⁽²⁾			
	11111111 = ⁻ •	TP • (ADCS<7:	0> + 1) = TP •	256 = Tad			
	•						
	00000010 = -	TP • (ADCS<7:	0> + 1) = TP •	3 = TAD			
	0000001 =	TP • (ADCS<7: TP • (ADCS<7:	0> + 1) = TP •	2 = Tad			
	•	d if SSRC<2:0> if ADRC (AD10	•	,	nd SSRCG (AD	1CON1<4>) =	0.

REGISTER 23-3: AD1CON3: ADC1 CONTROL REGISTER 3





R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTGCLK2	PTGCLK1	PTGCLK0	PTGDIV4	PTGDIV3	PTGDIV2	PTGDIV1	PTGDIV0
bit 15	1	1	1		1		bit
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTGPWD3	PTGPWD2	PTGPWD1	PTGPWD0	_	PTGWDT2	PTGWDT1	PTGWDTC
bit 7							bit
Legend:							
R = Readable	bit	W = Writable	bit	U = Unimpler	mented bit, read	l as '0'	
-n = Value at F	POR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is cle	ared	x = Bit is unkr	nown
bit 15-13	111 = Reserv 110 = Reserv 101 = PTG m 100 = PTG m 011 = PTG m 010 = PTG m 001 = PTG m		urce will be T3 urce will be T2 urce will be T1 urce will be TA urce will be Fc	SCLK SCLK CLK D DSC			
bit 12-8	PTGDIV<4:0> 11111 = Divic 11110 = Divic	de-by-31 de-by-2	Clock Presca	ler (divider) bi	ts		
bit 7-4	PTGPWD<3:0 1111 = All trig 1110 = All trig 0001 = All trig	D>: PTG Trigge gger outputs ar gger outputs ar gger outputs ar	e 16 PTG cloc e 15 PTG cloc e 2 PTG clock	k cycles wide k cycles wide cycles wide			
bit 3	Unimplemen	ted: Read as '	0'				
bit 2-0	PTGWDT<2:0 111 = Watcho 110 = Watcho 101 = Watcho 011 = Watcho 011 = Watcho 010 = Watcho 010 = Watcho		Watchdog Tir ime-out after 5 ime-out after 2 ime-out after 1 ime-out after 3 ime-out after 3 ime-out after 3 ime-out after 8	12 PTG clock 56 PTG clock 28 PTG clock 4 PTG clocks 2 PTG clocks 6 PTG clocks 6 PTG clocks	S S	5	

REGISTER 24-2: PTGCON: PTG CONTROL REGISTER

REGISTER 24-8: PTGC1LIM: PTG COUNTER 1 LIMIT REGISTER⁽¹⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
			PTGC1L	IM<15:8>			
bit 15							bit 8
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
			PTGC1L	.IM<7:0>			
bit 7							bit C

Legena.			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit	, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PTGC1LIM<15:0>:** PTG Counter 1 Limit Register bits May be used to specify the loop count for the PTGJMPC1 Step command or as a limit register for the General Purpose Counter 1.

REGISTER 24-9: PTGHOLD: PTG HOLD REGISTER⁽¹⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
	PTGHOLD<15:8>							
bit 15							bit 8	

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
	PTGHOLD<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0	

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit	t, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

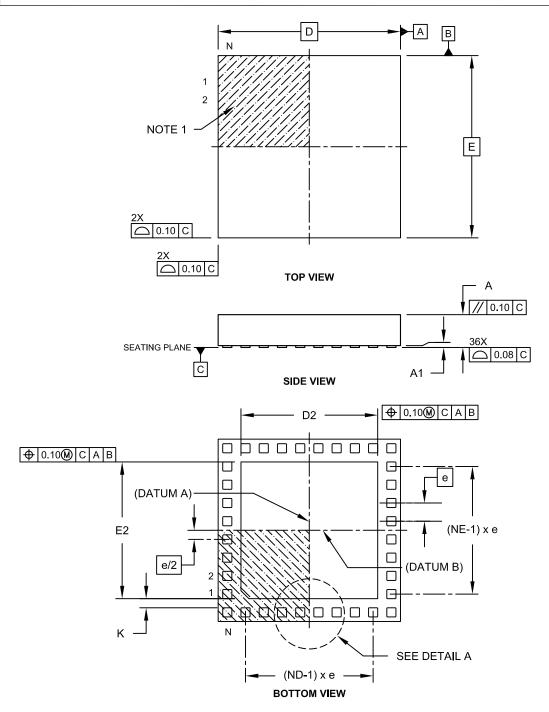
bit 15-0 **PTGHOLD<15:0>:** PTG General Purpose Hold Register bits Holds user-supplied data to be copied to the PTGTxLIM, PTGCxLIM, PTGSDLIM or PTGL0 registers with the PTGCOPY command.

Note 1: This register is read-only when the PTG module is executing Step commands (PTGEN = 1 and PTGSTRT = 1).

Note 1: This register is read-only when the PTG module is executing Step commands (PTGEN = 1 and PTGSTRT = 1).

36-Terminal Very Thin Thermal Leadless Array Package (TL) – 5x5x0.9 mm Body with Exposed Pad [VTLA]

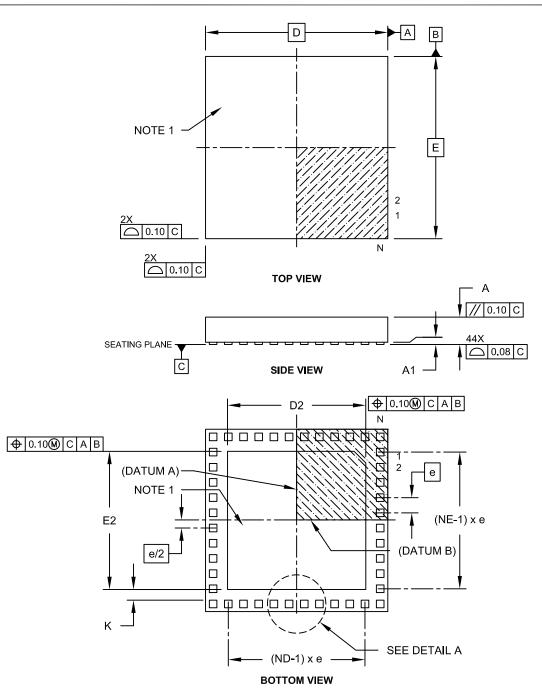
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



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44-Terminal Very Thin Leadless Array Package (TL) – 6x6x0.9 mm Body With Exposed Pad [VTLA]

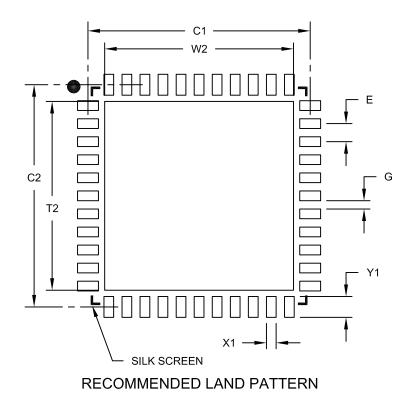
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



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44-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (ML) - 8x8 mm Body [QFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	MILLIMETERS			
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.65 BSC	
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			6.60
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			6.60
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		8.00	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		8.00	
Contact Pad Width (X44)	X1			0.35
Contact Pad Length (X44)	Y1			0.85
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2103B

48-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MV) - 6x6 mm Body [UQFN] With 0.40 mm Contact Length

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	MILLIMETERS			
Dimensior	n Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.40 BSC	
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			4.45
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			4.45
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		6.00	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		6.00	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	X1			0.20
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Y1			0.80
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2153A

TABLE A-1:MAJOR SECTION UPDATES (CONTINUED)

Section Name	Update Description
Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"	Removed Voltage on VCAP with respect to Vss and added Note 5 in Absolute Maximum Ratings ⁽¹⁾ .
	Removed Parameter DC18 (VCORE) and Note 3 from the DC Temperature and Voltage Specifications (see Table 30-4).
	Updated Note 1 in the DC Characteristics: Operating Current (IDD) (see Table 30-6).
	Updated Note 1 in the DC Characteristics: Idle Current (IIDLE) (see Table 30-7).
	Changed the Typical values for Parameters DC60a-DC60d and updated Note 1 in the DC Characteristics: Power-down Current (IPD) (see Table 30-8).
	Updated Note 1 in the DC Characteristics: Doze Current (IDOZE) (see Table 30-9).
	Updated Note 2 in the Electrical Characteristics: BOR (see Table 30-12).
	Updated Parameters CM20 and CM31, and added Parameters CM44 and CM45 in the AC/DC Characteristics: Op amp/Comparator (see Table 30-14).
	Added the Op amp/Comparator Reference Voltage Settling Time Specifications (see Table 30-15).
	Added Op amp/Comparator Voltage Reference DC Specifications (see Table 30-16).
	Updated Internal FRC Accuracy Parameter F20a (see Table 30-21).
	Updated the Typical value and Units for Parameter CTMUI1, and added Parameters CTMUI4, CTMUFV1, and CTMUFV2 to the CTMU Current Source Specifications (see Table 30-55).
Section 31.0 "Packaging Information"	Updated packages by replacing references of VLAP with TLA.
"Product Identification System"	Changed VLAP to TLA.

TABLE A-5: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES (CONTINUED)

NOTES:

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