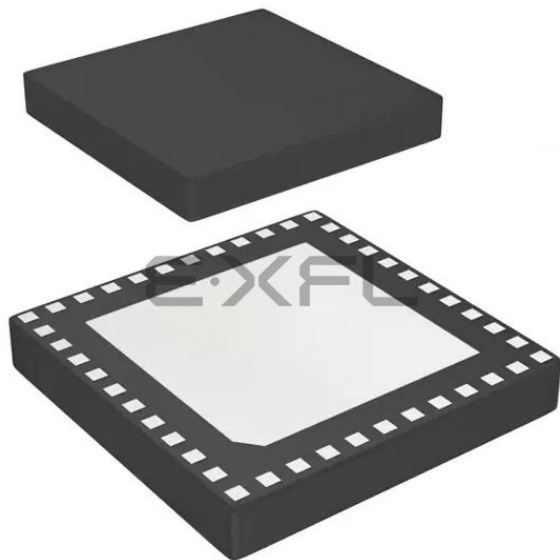




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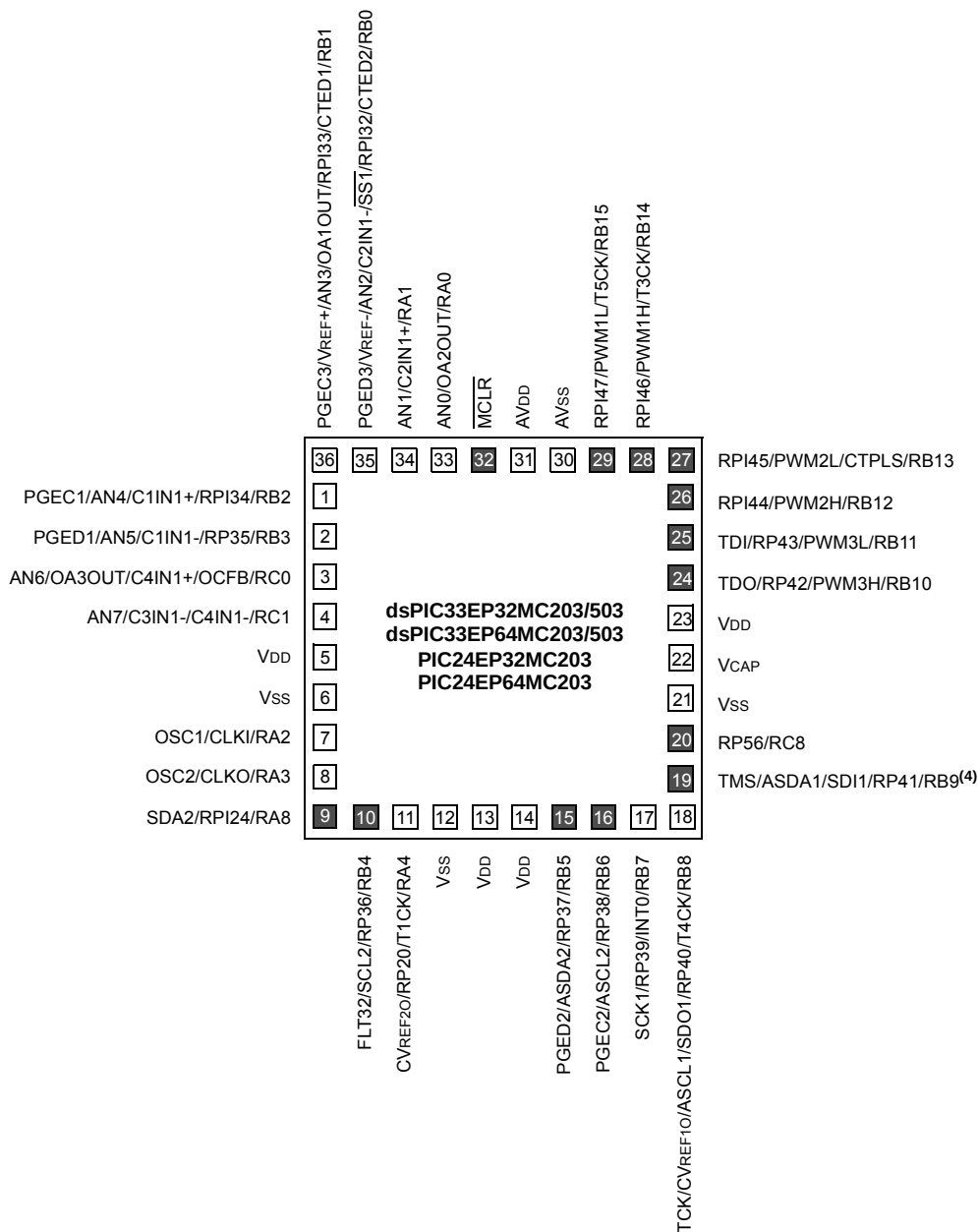
Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	128KB (43K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 150°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-VFTLA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	44-VTLA (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep128mc204-h-tl

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

36-Pin VTLA^(1,2,3)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



- Note**
- 1: The RPN/RPIN pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
 - 2: Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGX) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CNAX-CNGX). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
 - 3: The metal pad at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to VSS externally.
 - 4: There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

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1.0 DEVICE OVERVIEW

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive resource. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to the related section of the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com)

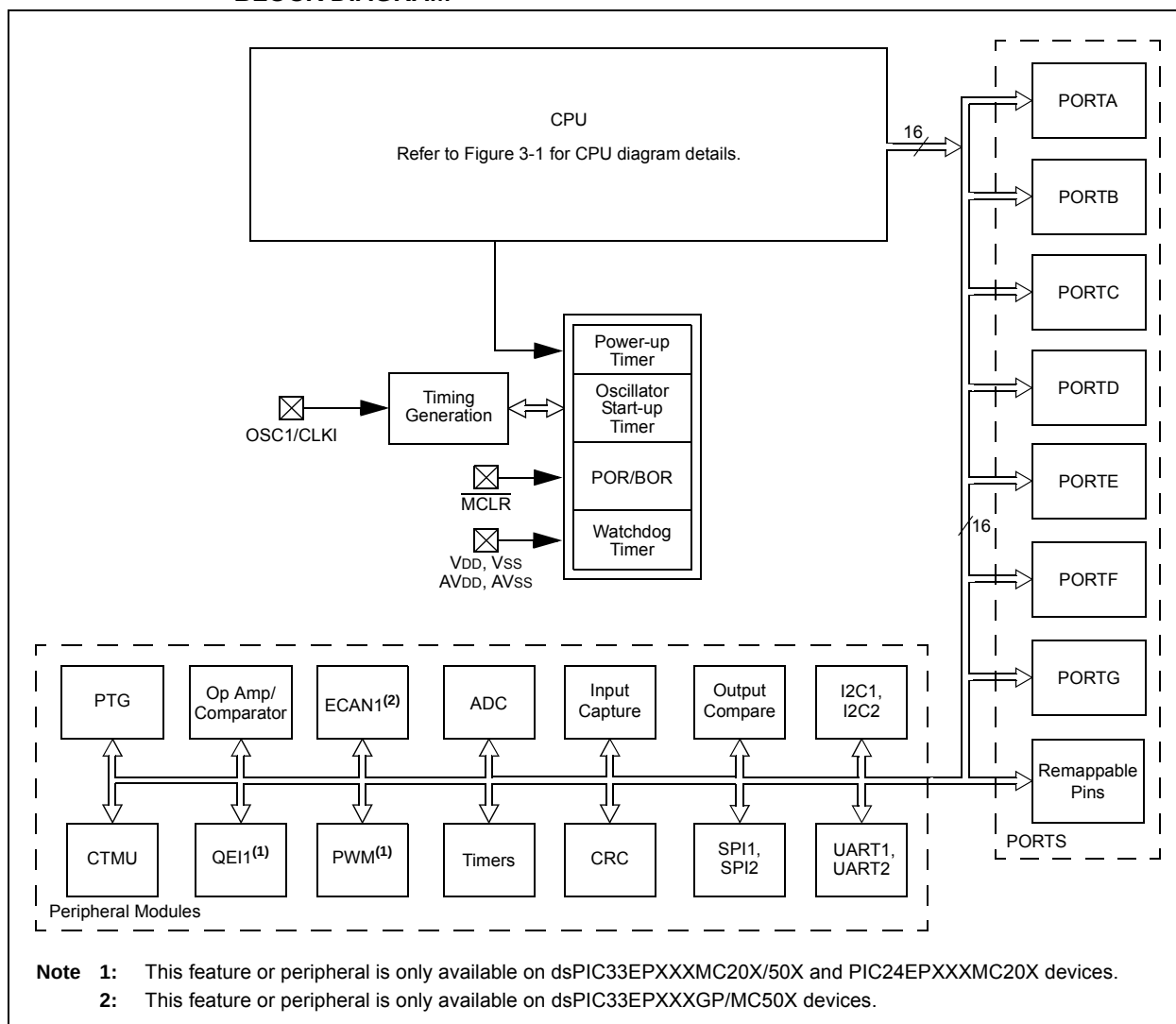
2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

This document contains device-specific information for the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X Digital Signal Controller (DSC) and Microcontroller (MCU) devices.

dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X devices contain extensive Digital Signal Processor (DSP) functionality with a high-performance, 16-bit MCU architecture.

Figure 1-1 shows a general block diagram of the core and peripheral modules. Table 1-1 lists the functions of the various pins shown in the pinout diagrams.

FIGURE 1-1: dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X BLOCK DIAGRAM



2.7 Oscillator Value Conditions on Device Start-up

If the PLL of the target device is enabled and configured for the device start-up oscillator, the maximum oscillator source frequency must be limited to $3 \text{ MHz} < F_{IN} < 5.5 \text{ MHz}$ to comply with device PLL start-up conditions. This means that if the external oscillator frequency is outside this range, the application must start-up in the FRC mode first. The default PLL settings after a POR with an oscillator frequency outside this range will violate the device operating speed.

Once the device powers up, the application firmware can initialize the PLL SFRs, CLKDIV and PLLFBD, to a suitable value, and then perform a clock switch to the Oscillator + PLL clock source. Note that clock switching must be enabled in the device Configuration Word.

2.8 Unused I/Os

Unused I/O pins should be configured as outputs and driven to a logic low state.

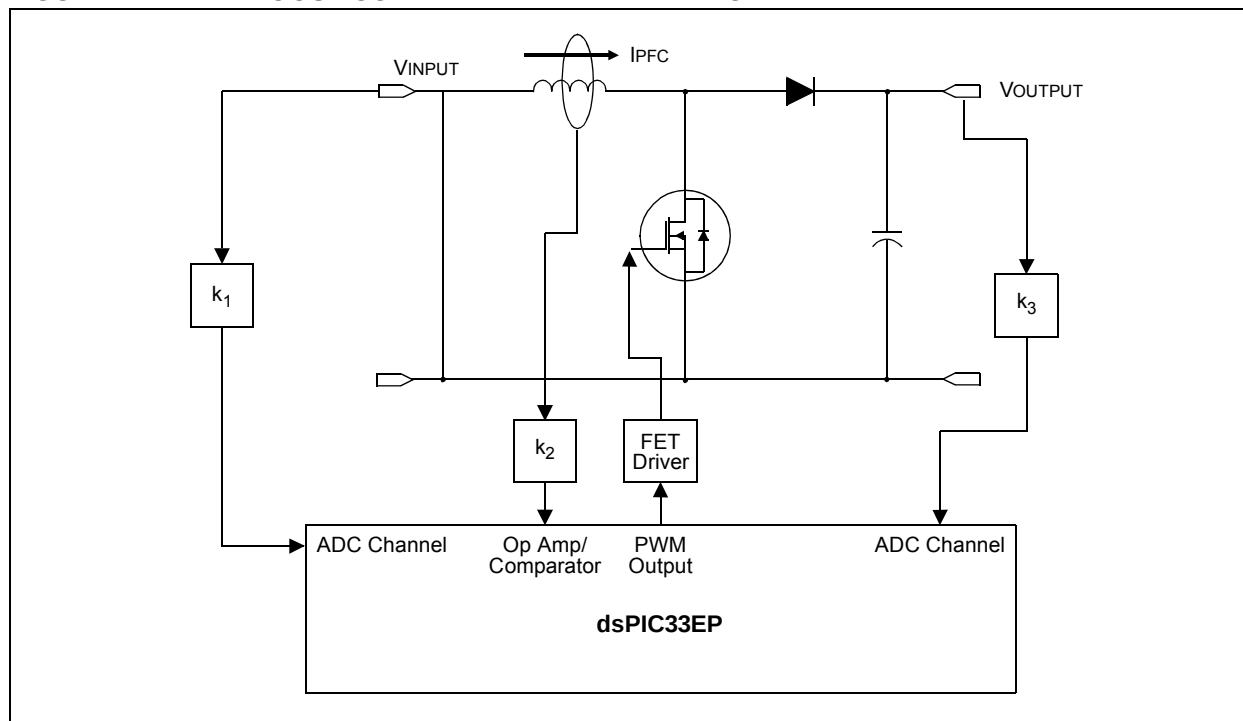
Alternatively, connect a 1k to 10k resistor between Vss and unused pins, and drive the output to logic low.

2.9 Application Examples

- Induction heating
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies (UPS)
- DC/AC inverters
- Compressor motor control
- Washing machine 3-phase motor control
- BLDC motor control
- Automotive HVAC, cooling fans, fuel pumps
- Stepper motor control
- Audio and fluid sensor monitoring
- Camera lens focus and stability control
- Speech (playback, hands-free kits, answering machines, VoIP)
- Consumer audio
- Industrial and building control (security systems and access control)
- Barcode reading
- Networking: LAN switches, gateways
- Data storage device management
- Smart cards and smart card readers

Examples of typical application connections are shown in Figure 2-4 through Figure 2-8.

FIGURE 2-4: BOOST CONVERTER IMPLEMENTATION



3.5 Programmer's Model

The programmer's model for the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X is shown in Figure 3-2. All registers in the programmer's model are memory mapped and can be manipulated directly by instructions. Table 3-1 lists a description of each register.

In addition to the registers contained in the programmer's model, the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/

MC20X devices contain control registers for Modulo Addressing (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X devices only), Bit-Reversed Addressing (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X devices only) and interrupts. These registers are described in subsequent sections of this document.

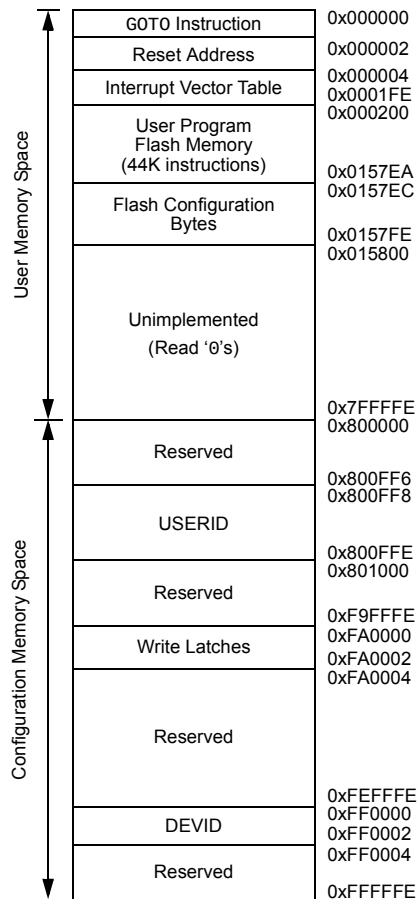
All registers associated with the programmer's model are memory mapped, as shown in Table 4-1.

TABLE 3-1: PROGRAMMER'S MODEL REGISTER DESCRIPTIONS

Register(s) Name	Description
W0 through W15	Working Register Array
ACCA, ACBB	40-Bit DSP Accumulators
PC	23-Bit Program Counter
SR	ALU and DSP Engine STATUS Register
SPLIM	Stack Pointer Limit Value Register
TBLPAG	Table Memory Page Address Register
DSRPAG	Extended Data Space (EDS) Read Page Register
DSWPAG	Extended Data Space (EDS) Write Page Register
RCOUNT	REPEAT Loop Count Register
DCOUNT ⁽¹⁾	D0 Loop Count Register
DOSTARTH ^(1,2) , DOSTARTL ^(1,2)	D0 Loop Start Address Register (High and Low)
DOENDH ⁽¹⁾ , DOENDL ⁽¹⁾	D0 Loop End Address Register (High and Low)
CORCON	Contains DSP Engine, D0 Loop Control and Trap Status bits

Note 1: This register is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X devices only.

2: The DOSTARTH and DOSTARTL registers are read-only.

FIGURE 4-3: PROGRAM MEMORY MAP FOR dsPIC33EP128GP50X, dsPIC33EP128MC20X/50X AND PIC24EP128GP/MC20X DEVICES

Note: Memory areas are not shown to scale.

TABLE 4-23: ECAN1 REGISTER MAP WHEN WIN (C1CTRL1<0>) = 1 FOR dsPIC33EPXXXMC/GP50X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
	0400-041E	See definition when WIN = x																	
C1BUFPNT1	0420	F3BP<3:0>				F2BP<3:0>				F1BP<3:0>				F0BP<3:0>				0000	
C1BUFPNT2	0422	F7BP<3:0>				F6BP<3:0>				F5BP<3:0>				F4BP<3:0>				0000	
C1BUFPNT3	0424	F11BP<3:0>				F10BP<3:0>				F9BP<3:0>				F8BP<3:0>				0000	
C1BUFPNT4	0426	F15BP<3:0>				F14BP<3:0>				F13BP<3:0>				F12BP<3:0>				0000	
C1RXM0SID	0430	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	MIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXM0EID	0432	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXM1SID	0434	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	MIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXM1EID	0436	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXM2SID	0438	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	MIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXM2EID	043A	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXF0SID	0440	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXF0EID	0442	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXF1SID	0444	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXF1EID	0446	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXF2SID	0448	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXF2EID	044A	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXF3SID	044C	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXF3EID	044E	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXF4SID	0450	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXF4EID	0452	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXF5SID	0454	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXF5EID	0456	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXF6SID	0458	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXF6EID	045A	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXF7SID	045C	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXF7EID	045E	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXF8SID	0460	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXF8EID	0462	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXF9SID	0464	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXF9EID	0466	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXF10SID	0468	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	
C1RXF10EID	046A	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx	
C1RXF11SID	046C	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>			—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>		xxxx	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-53: PORTA REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC204 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC204/504 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISA	0E00	—	—	—	—	—	TRISA10	TRISA9	TRISA8	TRISA7	—	—	TRISA4	TRISA3	TRISA2	TRISA1	TRISA0	079F
PORTA	0E02	—	—	—	—	—	RA10	RA9	RA8	RA7	—	—	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	0000
LATA	0E04	—	—	—	—	—	LATA10	LATA9	LATA8	LATA7	—	—	LATA4	LATA3	LATA2	LA1TA1	LA0TA0	0000
ODCA	0E06	—	—	—	—	—	ODCA10	ODCA9	ODCA8	ODCA7	—	—	ODCA4	ODCA3	ODCA2	ODCA1	ODCA0	0000
CNENA	0E08	—	—	—	—	—	CNIEA10	CNIEA9	CNIEA8	CNIEA7	—	—	CNIEA4	CNIEA3	CNIEA2	CNIEA1	CNIEA0	0000
CNPUA	0E0A	—	—	—	—	—	CNPUA10	CNPUA9	CNPUA8	CNPUA7	—	—	CNPUA4	CNPUA3	CNPUA2	CNPUA1	CNPUA0	0000
CNPDA	0E0C	—	—	—	—	—	CNPDA10	CNPDA9	CNPDA8	CNPDA7	—	—	CNPDA4	CNPDA3	CNPDA2	CNPDA1	CNPDA0	0000
ANSELA	0E0E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSA4	—	—	ANSA1	ANSA0	0013

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-54: PORTB REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC204 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC204/504 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISB	0E10	TRISB15	TRISB14	TRISB13	TRISB12	TRISB11	TRISB10	TRISB9	TRISB8	TRISB7	TRISB6	TRISB5	TRISB4	TRISB3	TRISB2	TRISB1	TRISB0	FFFF
PORTB	0E12	RB15	RB14	RB13	RB12	RB11	RB10	RB9	RB8	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	xxxx
LATB	0E14	LATB15	LATB14	LATB13	LATB12	LATB11	LATB10	LATB9	LATB8	LATB7	LATB6	LATB5	LATB4	LATB3	LATB2	LATB1	LATB0	xxxx
ODCB	0E16	ODCB15	ODCB14	ODCB13	ODCB12	ODCB11	ODCB10	ODCB9	ODCB8	ODCB7	ODCB6	ODCB5	ODCB4	ODCB3	ODCB2	ODCB1	ODCB0	0000
CNENB	0E18	CNIEB15	CNIEB14	CNIEB13	CNIEB12	CNIEB11	CNIEB10	CNIEB9	CNIEB8	CNIEB7	CNIEB6	CNIEB5	CNIEB4	CNIEB3	CNIEB2	CNIEB1	CNIEB0	0000
CNPUB	0E1A	CNPUB15	CNPUB14	CNPUB13	CNPUB12	CNPUB11	CNPUB10	CNPUB9	CNPUB8	CNPUB7	CNPUB6	CNPUB5	CNPUB4	CNPUB3	CNPUB2	CNPUB1	CNPUB0	0000
CNPDB	0E1C	CNPDB15	CNPDB14	CNPDB13	CNPDB12	CNPDB11	CNPDB10	CNPDB9	CNPDB8	CNPDB7	CNPDB6	CNPDB5	CNPDB4	CNPDB3	CNPDB2	CNPDB1	CNPDB0	0000
ANSELB	0E1E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSB8	—	—	—	—	ANSB3	ANSB2	ANSB1	ANSB0	010F

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-55: PORTC REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC204 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC204/504 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISC	0E20	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISC9	TRISC8	TRISC7	TRISC6	TRISC5	TRISC4	TRISC3	TRISC2	TRISC1	TRISC0	03FF
PORTC	0E22	—	—	—	—	—	—	RC9	RC8	RC7	RC6	RC5	RC4	RC3	RC2	RC1	RC0	xxxx
LATC	0E24	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATC9	LATC8	LATC7	LATC6	LATC5	LATC4	LATC3	LATC2	LATC1	LATC0	xxxx
ODCC	0E26	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCC9	ODCC8	ODCC7	ODCC6	ODCC5	ODCC4	ODCC3	ODCC2	ODCC1	ODCC0	0000
CNENC	0E28	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNIEC9	CNIEC8	CNIEC7	CNIEC6	CNIEC5	CNIEC4	CNIEC3	CNIEC2	CNIEC1	CNIEC0	0000
CNPUC	0E2A	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPUC9	CNPUC8	CNPUC7	CNPUC6	CNPUC5	CNPUC4	CNPUC3	CNPUC2	CNPUC1	CNPUC0	0000
CNPDC	0E2C	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPDC9	CNPDC8	CNPDC7	CNPDC6	CNPDC5	CNPDC4	CNPDC3	CNPDC2	CNPDC1	CNPDC0	0000
ANSELC	0E2E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSC2	ANSC1	ANSC0	0007

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

5.2 RTSP Operation

RTSP allows the user application to erase a single page of memory and to program two instruction words at a time. See the General Purpose and Motor Control Family tables (Table 1 and Table 2, respectively) for the page sizes of each device.

For more information on erasing and programming Flash memory, refer to **"Flash Programming"** (DS70609) in the *"dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual"*.

5.3 Programming Operations

A complete programming sequence is necessary for programming or erasing the internal Flash in RTSP mode. The processor stalls (waits) until the programming operation is finished.

For erase and program times, refer to Parameters D137a and D137b (Page Erase Time), and D138a and D138b (Word Write Cycle Time) in Table 30-14 in **Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"**.

Setting the WR bit (NVMCON<15>) starts the operation and the WR bit is automatically cleared when the operation is finished.

5.3.1 PROGRAMMING ALGORITHM FOR FLASH PROGRAM MEMORY

Programmers can program two adjacent words (24 bits x 2) of program Flash memory at a time on every other word address boundary (0x000002, 0x000006, 0x00000A, etc.). To do this, it is necessary to erase the page that contains the desired address of the location the user wants to change.

For protection against accidental operations, the write initiate sequence for NVMKEY must be used to allow any erase or program operation to proceed. After the programming command has been executed, the user application must wait for the programming time until programming is complete. The two instructions following the start of the programming sequence should be NOPs.

Refer to **"Flash Programming"** (DS70609) in the *"dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual"* for details and codes examples on programming using RTSP.

5.4 Flash Memory Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464>

5.4.1 KEY RESOURCES

- **"Flash Programming"** (DS70609) in the *"dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual"*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related *"dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual"* Sections
- Development Tools

5.5 Control Registers

Four SFRs are used to erase and write the program Flash memory: NVMCON, NVMKEY, NVMADRH and NVMADRL.

The NVMCON register (Register 5-1) enables and initiates Flash memory erase and write operations.

NVMKEY (Register 5-4) is a write-only register that is used for write protection. To start a programming or erase sequence, the user application must consecutively write 0x55 and 0xAA to the NVMKEY register.

There are two NVM Address registers: NVMADRH and NVMADRL. These two registers, when concatenated, form the 24-bit Effective Address (EA) of the selected word for programming operations or the selected page for erase operations.

The NVMADRH register is used to hold the upper 8 bits of the EA, while the NVMADRL register is used to hold the lower 16 bits of the EA.

REGISTER 21-7: CxINTE: ECANx INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IVRIE	WAKIE	ERRIE	—	FIFOIE	RBOVIE	RBIE	TBIE
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7 **IVRIE:** Invalid Message Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Interrupt request is enabled
 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 6 **WAKIE:** Bus Wake-up Activity Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Interrupt request is enabled
 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 5 **ERRIE:** Error Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Interrupt request is enabled
 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3 **FIFOIE:** FIFO Almost Full Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Interrupt request is enabled
 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 2 **RBOVIE:** RX Buffer Overflow Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Interrupt request is enabled
 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 1 **RBIE:** RX Buffer Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Interrupt request is enabled
 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
- bit 0 **TBIE:** TX Buffer Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Interrupt request is enabled
 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled

REGISTER 21-11: CxFEN1: ECANx ACCEPTANCE FILTER ENABLE REGISTER 1

R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
FLTEN15	FLTEN14	FLTEN13	FLTEN12	FLTEN11	FLTEN10	FLTEN9	FLTEN8
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
FLTEN7	FLTEN6	FLTEN5	FLTEN4	FLTEN3	FLTEN2	FLTEN1	FLTEN0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **FLTEN<15:0>**: Enable Filter n to Accept Messages bits
1 = Enables Filter n
0 = Disables Filter n

REGISTER 21-12: CxBUFNT1: ECANx FILTER 0-3 BUFFER POINTER REGISTER 1

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F3BP<3:0>				F2BP<3:0>			
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F1BP<3:0>				F0BP<3:0>			
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **F3BP<3:0>**: RX Buffer Mask for Filter 3 bits
1111 = Filter hits received in RX FIFO buffer
1110 = Filter hits received in RX Buffer 14
.
.
.
0001 = Filter hits received in RX Buffer 1
0000 = Filter hits received in RX Buffer 0

bit 11-8 **F2BP<3:0>**: RX Buffer Mask for Filter 2 bits (same values as bits<15:12>)

bit 7-4 **F1BP<3:0>**: RX Buffer Mask for Filter 1 bits (same values as bits<15:12>)

bit 3-0 **F0BP<3:0>**: RX Buffer Mask for Filter 0 bits (same values as bits<15:12>)

REGISTER 21-26: CxTRmnCON: ECANx TX/RX BUFFER mn CONTROL REGISTER
(m = 0,2,4,6; n = 1,3,5,7)

R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
TXENn	TXABTn	TXLARBn	TXERRn	TXREQn	RTRENn	TXnPRI1	TXnPRI0
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
TXENm	TXABTm ⁽¹⁾	TXLARBm ⁽¹⁾	TXERRm ⁽¹⁾	TXREQm	RTRENm	TXmPRI1	TXmPRI0
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-8 See Definition for bits<7:0>, Controls Buffer n
- bit 7 **TXENm:** TX/RX Buffer Selection bit
1 = Buffer TRBn is a transmit buffer
0 = Buffer TRBn is a receive buffer
- bit 6 **TXABTm:** Message Aborted bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Message was aborted
0 = Message completed transmission successfully
- bit 5 **TXLARBm:** Message Lost Arbitration bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Message lost arbitration while being sent
0 = Message did not lose arbitration while being sent
- bit 4 **TXERRm:** Error Detected During Transmission bit⁽¹⁾
1 = A bus error occurred while the message was being sent
0 = A bus error did not occur while the message was being sent
- bit 3 **TXREQm:** Message Send Request bit
1 = Requests that a message be sent; the bit automatically clears when the message is successfully sent
0 = Clearing the bit to '0' while set requests a message abort
- bit 2 **RTRENm:** Auto-Remote Transmit Enable bit
1 = When a remote transmit is received, TXREQ will be set
0 = When a remote transmit is received, TXREQ will be unaffected
- bit 1-0 **TXmPRI<1:0>:** Message Transmission Priority bits
11 = Highest message priority
10 = High intermediate message priority
01 = Low intermediate message priority
00 = Lowest message priority

Note 1: This bit is cleared when TXREQ is set.

Note: The buffers, SID, EID, DLC, Data Field, and Receive Status registers are located in DMA RAM.

REGISTER 24-2: PTGCON: PTG CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTGCLK2	PTGCLK1	PTGCLK0	PTGDIV4	PTGDIV3	PTGDIV2	PTGDIV1	PTGDIV0
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTGPWD3	PTGPWD2	PTGPWD1	PTGPWD0	—	PTGWDT2	PTGWDT1	PTGWDT0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **PTGCLK<2:0>**: Select PTG Module Clock Source bits

111 = Reserved
 110 = Reserved
 101 = PTG module clock source will be T3CLK
 100 = PTG module clock source will be T2CLK
 011 = PTG module clock source will be T1CLK
 010 = PTG module clock source will be TAD
 001 = PTG module clock source will be Fosc
 000 = PTG module clock source will be FP

bit 12-8 **PTGDIV<4:0>**: PTG Module Clock Prescaler (divider) bits

11111 = Divide-by-32
 11110 = Divide-by-31
 •
 •
 •
 00001 = Divide-by-2
 00000 = Divide-by-1

bit 7-4 **PTGPWD<3:0>**: PTG Trigger Output Pulse-Width bits

1111 = All trigger outputs are 16 PTG clock cycles wide
 1110 = All trigger outputs are 15 PTG clock cycles wide
 •
 •
 •
 0001 = All trigger outputs are 2 PTG clock cycles wide
 0000 = All trigger outputs are 1 PTG clock cycle wide

bit 3 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 2-0 **PTGWDT<2:0>**: Select PTG Watchdog Timer Time-out Count Value bits

111 = Watchdog Timer will time-out after 512 PTG clocks
 110 = Watchdog Timer will time-out after 256 PTG clocks
 101 = Watchdog Timer will time-out after 128 PTG clocks
 100 = Watchdog Timer will time-out after 64 PTG clocks
 011 = Watchdog Timer will time-out after 32 PTG clocks
 010 = Watchdog Timer will time-out after 16 PTG clocks
 001 = Watchdog Timer will time-out after 8 PTG clocks
 000 = Watchdog Timer is disabled

TABLE 30-7: DC CHARACTERISTICS: IDLE CURRENT (I_{IDLE})

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended			
Parameter No.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions		
Idle Current (IDLE) ⁽¹⁾						
DC40d	3	8	mA	-40°C	3.3V	10 MIPS
DC40a	3	8	mA	+25°C		
DC40b	3	8	mA	+85°C		
DC40c	3	8	mA	+125°C		
DC42d	6	12	mA	-40°C	3.3V	20 MIPS
DC42a	6	12	mA	+25°C		
DC42b	6	12	mA	+85°C		
DC42c	6	12	mA	+125°C		
DC44d	11	18	mA	-40°C	3.3V	40 MIPS
DC44a	11	18	mA	+25°C		
DC44b	11	18	mA	+85°C		
DC44c	11	18	mA	+125°C		
DC45d	17	27	mA	-40°C	3.3V	60 MIPS
DC45a	17	27	mA	+25°C		
DC45b	17	27	mA	+85°C		
DC45c	17	27	mA	+125°C		
DC46d	20	35	mA	-40°C	3.3V	70 MIPS
DC46a	20	35	mA	+25°C		
DC46b	20	35	mA	+85°C		

Note 1: Base Idle current (I_{IDLE}) is measured as follows:

- CPU core is off, oscillator is configured in EC mode and external clock is active; OSC1 is driven with external square wave from rail-to-rail (EC clock overshoot/undershoot < 250 mV required)
- CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin in the Configuration Word
- All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to V_{SS}
- $\overline{\text{MCLR}} = \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$, WDT and FSCM are disabled
- No peripheral modules are operating; however, every peripheral is being clocked (all PMD_x bits are zeroed)
- The NVMSIDL bit (NVMCON<12>) = 1 (i.e., Flash regulator is set to standby while the device is in Idle mode)
- The VREGSF bit (RCON<11>) = 0 (i.e., Flash regulator is set to standby while the device is in Sleep mode)
- JTAG is disabled

FIGURE 30-3: I/O TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

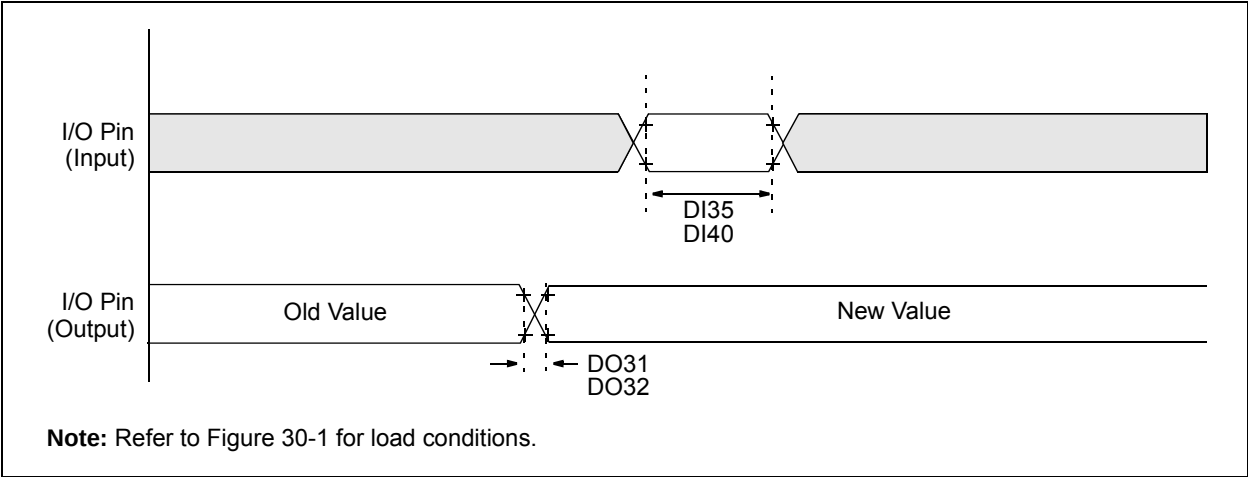


TABLE 30-21: I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended			
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
DO31	TioR	Port Output Rise Time	—	5	10	ns	
DO32	TioF	Port Output Fall Time	—	5	10	ns	
DI35	TINP	INTx Pin High or Low Time (input)	20	—	—	ns	
DI40	TRBP	CNx High or Low Time (input)	2	—	—	Tcy	

Note 1: Data in “Typical” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

FIGURE 30-4: BOR AND MASTER CLEAR RESET TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

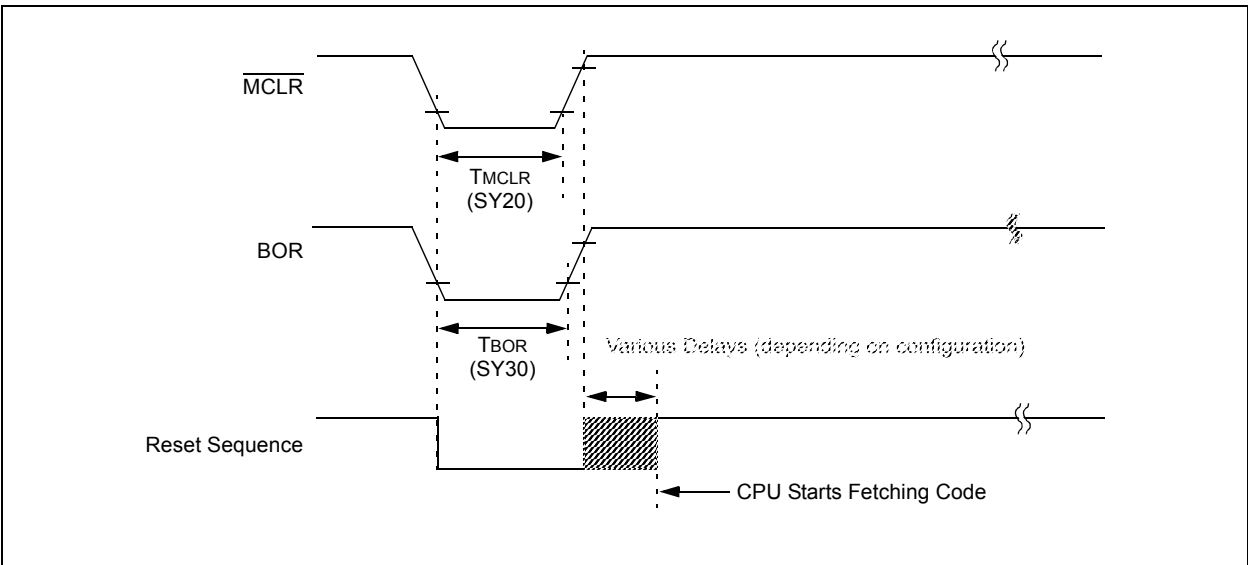


FIGURE 30-9: HIGH-SPEED PWMx MODULE FAULT TIMING CHARACTERISTICS
(dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)

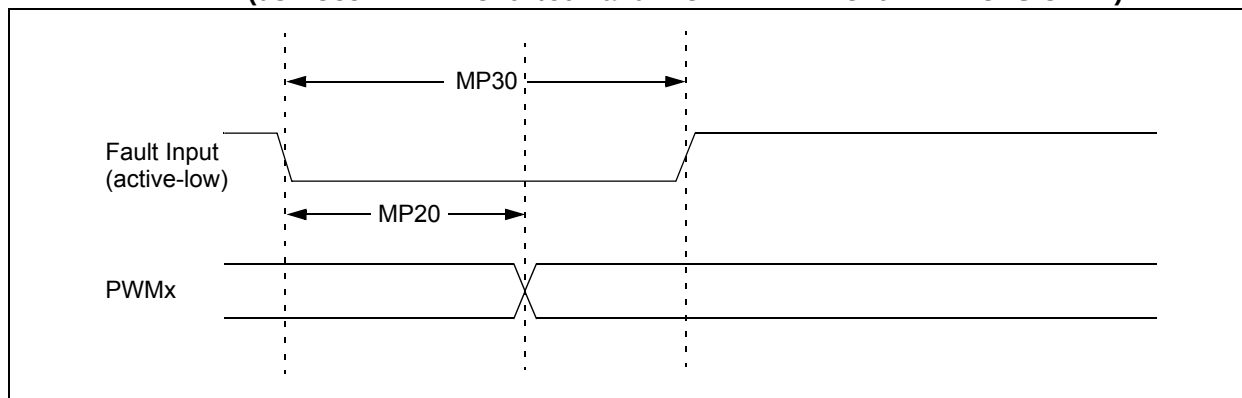


FIGURE 30-10: HIGH-SPEED PWMx MODULE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS
(dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)

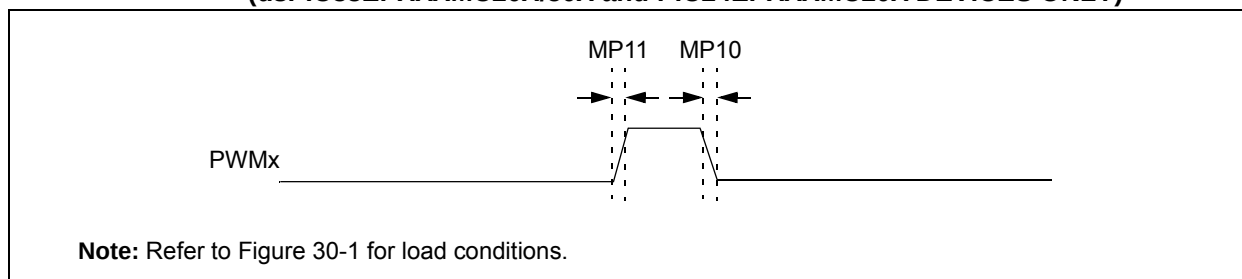


TABLE 30-29: HIGH-SPEED PWMx MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS
(dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
MP10	TFPWM	PWMx Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32
MP11	TRPWM	PWMx Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31
MP20	T _{FD}	Fault Input ↓ to PWMx I/O Change	—	—	15	ns	
MP30	T _{FH}	Fault Input Pulse Width	15	—	—	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

TABLE 31-4: DC CHARACTERISTICS: POWER-DOWN CURRENT (IPD)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +150°C			
Parameter No.	Typical	Max	Units	Conditions		
Power-Down Current (IPD)						
HDC60e	1400	2500	μA	+150°C	3.3V	Base Power-Down Current (Notes 1, 3)
HDC61c	15	—	μA	+150°C	3.3V	Watchdog Timer Current: ΔIWDT (Notes 2, 4)

- Note 1:** Base IPD is measured with all peripherals and clocks shut down. All I/Os are configured as inputs and pulled to Vss. WDT, etc., are all switched off and VREGS (RCON<8>) = 1.
- Note 2:** The Δ current is the additional current consumed when the module is enabled. This current should be added to the base IPD current.
- Note 3:** These currents are measured on the device containing the most memory in this family.
- Note 4:** These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

TABLE 31-5: DC CHARACTERISTICS: IDLE CURRENT (I_{IDLE})

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$			
Parameter No.	Typical	Max	Units	Conditions		
HDC44e	12	30	mA	+150°C	3.3V	40 MIPS

TABLE 31-6: DC CHARACTERISTICS: OPERATING CURRENT (I_{DD})

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$			
Parameter No.	Typical	Max	Units	Conditions		
HDC20	9	15	mA	+150°C	3.3V	10 MIPS
HDC22	16	25	mA	+150°C	3.3V	20 MIPS
HDC23	30	50	mA	+150°C	3.3V	40 MIPS

TABLE 31-7: DC CHARACTERISTICS: DOZE CURRENT (I_{DOZE})

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$			
Parameter No.	Typical	Max	Doze Ratio	Units	Conditions	
HDC72a	24	35	1:2	mA	+150°C	3.3V
HDC72f ⁽¹⁾	14	—	1:64	mA		
HDC72g ⁽¹⁾	12	—	1:128	mA		

- Note 1:** Parameters with Doze ratios of 1:64 and 1:128 are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

TABLE A-5: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES (CONTINUED)

Section Name	Update Description
Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	• Throughout: qualifies all footnotes relating to the operation of analog modules below VDDMIN (replaces “will have” with “may have”) • Throughout: changes all references of SPI timing parameter symbol “TscP” to “FscP” • Table 30-1: changes VDD range to 3.0V to 3.6V • Table 30-4: removes Parameter DC12 (RAM Retention Voltage) • Table 30-7: updates Maximum values at 10 and 20 MIPS • Table 30-8: adds Maximum IPD values, and removes all ΔIWDI entries • Adds new Table 30-9 (Watchdog Timer Delta Current) with consolidated values removed from Table 30-8. All subsequent tables are renumbered accordingly. • Table 30-10: adds footnote for all parameters for 1:2 Doze ratio • Table 30-11: - changes Minimum and Maximum values for D120 and D130 - adds Minimum and Maximum values for D131 - adds Minimum and Maximum values for D150 through D156, and removes Typical values • Table 30-12: - reformats table for readability - changes IOL conditions for DO10 • Table 30-14: adds footnote to D135 • Table 30-17: changes Minimum and Maximum values for OS30 • Table 30-19: - splits temperature range and adds new values for F20a - reduces temperature range for F20b to extended temperatures only • Table 30-20: - splits temperature range and adds new values for F21a - reduces temperature range for F20b to extended temperatures only • Table 30-53: - adds Maximum value to CM30 - adds footnote (“Parameter characterized...”) to multiple parameters • Table 30-55: adds Minimum and Maximum values for all CTMUI specifications, and removes Typical values • Table 30-57: adds new footnote to AD09 • Table 30-58: - removes all specifications for accuracy with external voltage references - removes Typical values for AD23a and AD24a - replaces Minimum and Maximum values for AD21a, AD22a, AD23a and AD24a with new values, split by Industrial and Extended temperatures - removes Maximum value of AD30 - removes Minimum values from AD31a and AD32a - adds or changes Typical values for AD30, AD31a, AD32a and AD33a • Table 30-59: - removes all specifications for accuracy with external voltage references - removes Maximum value of AD30 - removes Typical values for AD23b and AD24b - replaces Minimum and Maximum values for AD21b, AD22b, AD23b and AD24b with new values, split by Industrial and Extended temperatures - removes Minimum and Maximum values from AD31b, AD32b, AD33b and AD34b - adds or changes Typical values for AD30, AD31a, AD32a and AD33a • Table 30-61: Adds footnote to AD51
Section 32.0 “DC and AC Device Characteristics Graphs”	• Updates Figure 32-6 (Typical IDD @ 3.3V) with individual current vs. processor speed curves for the different program memory sizes
Section 33.0 “Packaging Information”	• Replaces drawing C04-149C (64-pin QFN, 7.15 x 7.15 exposed pad) with C04-154A (64-pin QFN, 5.4 x 5.4 exposed pad)

Revision H (August 2013)

This revision includes minor typographical and formatting changes throughout the text.

Other major changes are referenced by their respective section in Table A-6.

TABLE A-6: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section Name	Update Description
Cover Section	• Adds Peripheral Pin Select (PPS) to allow Digital Function Remapping and Change Notification Interrupts to Input/Output section • Adds heading information to 64-Pin TQFP
Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”	• Corrects Reset values for ANSELE, TRISF, TRISC, ANSELC and TRISA • Corrects address range from 0x2FFF to 0x7FFF • Corrects DSRPAG and DSWPAG (now 3 hex digits) • Changes Call Stack Frame from <15:1> to PC<15:0> • Word length in Figure 4-20 is changed to 50 words for clarity
Section 5.0 “Flash Program Memory”	• Corrects descriptions of NVM registers
Section 9.0 “Oscillator Configuration”	• Removes resistor from Figure 9-1 • Adds Fast RC Oscillator with Divide-by-16 (FRCDIV16) row to Table 9-1 • Removes incorrect information from ROI bit in Register 9-2
Section 14.0 “Input Capture”	• Changes 31 user-selectable Trigger/Sync interrupts to 19 user-selectable Trigger/Sync interrupts • Corrects ICTSEL<12:10> bits (now ICTSEL<2:0>)
Section 17.0 “Quadrature Encoder Interface (QE) Module (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X Devices Only)”	• Corrects QCAPEN bit description
Section 19.0 “Inter-Integrated Circuit™ (I²C™)”	• Adds note to clarify that 100kbit/sec operation of I²C is not possible at high processor speeds
Section 22.0 “Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU)”	• Clarifies Figure 22-1 to accurately reflect peripheral behavior
Section 23.0 “10-Bit/12-Bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)”	• Correct Figure 23-1 (changes CH123x to CH123Sx)
Section 24.0 “Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module”	• Adds footnote to Register 24-1 (In order to operate with CVRSS=1, at least one of the comparator modules must be enabled).
Section 25.0 “Op Amp/Comparator Module”	• Adds note to Figure 25-3 (In order to operate with CVRSS=1, at least one of the comparator modules must be enabled) • Adds footnote to Register 25-2 (COE is not available when OPMODE (CMxCON<10>) = 1)
Section 27.0 “Special Features”	• Corrects the bit description for FNOSC<2:0>
Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	• Corrects 512K part power-down currents based on test data • Corrects WDT timing limits based on LPRC oscillator tolerance
Section 31.0 “High-Temperature Electrical Characteristics”	• Adds Table 31-5 (DC Characteristics: Idle Current (I_{IDLE}))

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