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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

E·XFI

Dectano	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPs
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	128KB (43K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep128mc204t-i-pt

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Pin Name ⁽⁴⁾	Pin Type	Buffer Type	PPS	Description
AN0-AN15	I	Analog	No	Analog input channels.
CLKI	I	ST/ CMOS	No	External clock source input. Always associated with OSC1 pin function
CLKO	0	—	No	Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in Crystal Oscillator mode. Optionally functions as CLKO in RC and EC modes. Always associated with OSC2 pin function.
OSC1	I	ST/	No	Oscillator crystal input. ST buffer when configured in RC mode; CMOS
OSC2	I/O	CMOS —	No	otherwise. Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in Crystal Oscillator mode. Optionally functions as CLKO in RC and EC modes.
REFCLKO	0		Yes	Reference clock output.
IC1-IC4	Ι	ST	Yes	Capture Inputs 1 through 4.
OCFA OCFB OC1-OC4	 0	ST ST	Yes No Yes	Compare Fault A input (for Compare channels). Compare Fault B input (for Compare channels). Compare Outputs 1 through 4.
INT0	I	ST	No	External Interrupt 0.
INT1 INT2		ST ST	Yes Yes	External Interrupt 1. External Interrupt 2.
RA0-RA4, RA7-RA12	I/O	ST	No	PORTA is a bidirectional I/O port.
RB0-RB15	I/O	ST	No	PORTB is a bidirectional I/O port.
RC0-RC13, RC15	I/O	ST	No	PORTC is a bidirectional I/O port.
RD5, RD6, RD8	I/O	ST	No	PORTD is a bidirectional I/O port.
RE12-RE15	I/O	ST	No	PORTE is a bidirectional I/O port.
RF0, RF1	I/O	ST	No	PORTF is a bidirectional I/O port.
RG6-RG9	I/O	ST	No	PORTG is a bidirectional I/O port.
T1CK	Ι	ST	No	Timer1 external clock input.
T2CK T3CK		ST ST	Yes	Timer2 external clock input.
T4CK		ST	No No	Timer3 external clock input. Timer4 external clock input.
T5CK	i	ST	No	Timer5 external clock input.
CTPLS	0	ST	No	CTMU pulse output.
CTED1	Ι	ST	No	CTMU External Edge Input 1.
CTED2	Ι	ST	No	CTMU External Edge Input 2.
U1CTS	Ι	ST	No	UART1 Clear-To-Send.
U1RTS	0		No	UART1 Ready-To-Send.
U1RX		ST	Yes	UART1 receive. UART1 transmit.
U1TX BCLK1	0	ST	Yes No	UART1 Iransmit. UART1 IrDA [®] baud clock output.
Legend: CMOS = CM ST = Schmi PPS = Perip	MOS co itt Trigg	ompatible er input v	input with CN	or output Analog = Analog input P = Power

TABLE 1-1:PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS

Note 1: This pin is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.

2: This pin is available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.

3: This is the default Fault on Reset for dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices. See Section 16.0 "High-Speed PWM Module (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X Devices Only)" for more information.

4: Not all pins are available in all packages variants. See the "Pin Diagrams" section for pin availability.

5: There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

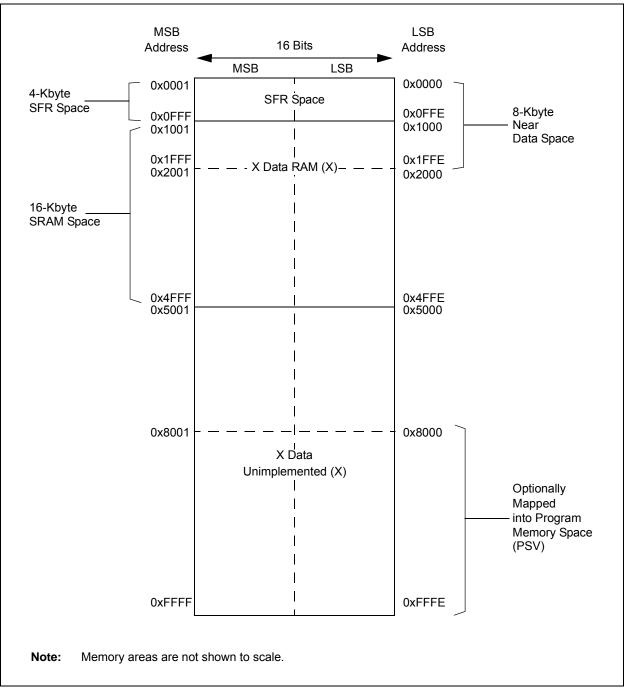




TABLE 4-4: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY (CONTINUED)

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
IPC35	0886	_		JTAGIP<2:0	>	_		ICDIP<2:0	>		—	_	_	—	_	—		4400
IPC36	0888	_	F	PTG0IP<2:0	>	_	PT	GWDTIP<	2:0>		PT	GSTEPIP<2	:0>	—	—	_	-	4440
IPC37	088A	_	—	—	_	_	F	PTG3IP<2:0)>			PTG2IP<2:0>	>	_		PTG1IP<2:0>		0444
INTCON1	08C0	NSTDIS	OVAERR	OVBERR				_	_	_	DIV0ERR	DMACERR	MATHERR	ADDRERR	STKERR	OSCFAIL	_	0000
INTCON2	08C2	GIE	DISI	SWTRAP	_	_			—		_	—	—	_	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP	8000
INTCON3	08C4	_	—	—	_	_			—		_	DAE	DOOVR	_	—	—		0000
INTCON4	08C6	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	—	_	_	_	_	—	—	_	SGHT	0000
INTTREG	08C8	Ι	_	_	_		ILR<	3:0>					VECN	UM<7:0>				0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Peripheral Pin Select Input Register Value	Input/ Output	Pin Assignment	Peripheral Pir Select Input Register Value		Pin Assignment
000 0000	I	Vss	010 1101		RPI45
000 0001	I	C1OUT ⁽¹⁾	010 1110	I	RPI46
000 0010	I	C2OUT ⁽¹⁾	010 1111	I	RPI47
000 0011	I	C3OUT ⁽¹⁾	011 0000	_	_
000 0100	I	C4OUT ⁽¹⁾	011 0001		_
000 0101	—	_	011 0010	_	_
000 0110	I	PTGO30 ⁽¹⁾	011 0011	I	RPI51
000 0111	I	PTGO31 ⁽¹⁾	011 0100	I	RPI52
000 1000	I	FINDX1 ^(1,2)	011 0101	I	RPI53
000 1001	I	FHOME1 ^(1,2)	011 0110	I/O	RP54
000 1010	_	_	011 0111	I/O	RP55
000 1011	—	_	011 1000	I/O	RP56
000 1100	—	—	011 1001	I/O	RP57
000 1101	_		011 1010	I	RPI58
000 1110	—	—	011 1011	_	—
000 1111	—	—	011 1100	_	—
001 0000	—	—	011 1101	—	_
001 0001	—	—	011 1110	_	—
001 0010	—	—	011 1111	—	—
001 0011	—	—	100 0000	—	_
001 0100	I/O	RP20	100 0001		—
001 0101	—	—	100 0010	—	—
001 0110	—	—	100 0011	_	—
001 0111	—	—	100 0100		—
001 1000	I	RPI24	100 0101	_	—
001 1001	I	RPI25	100 0110	_	—
001 1010	—	—	100 0111		—
001 1011	I	RPI27	100 1000	_	_
001 1100	I	RPI28	100 1001	_	
001 1101	—	_	100 1010	_	_
001 1110	—		100 1011	_	
001 1111	—		100 1100	—	_
010 0000	I	RPI32	100 1101	—	_
010 0001	I	RPI33	100 1110	_	_
010 0010	I	RPI34	100 1111	_	
010 0011	I/O	RP35	101 0000	_	<u> </u>
010 0100	I/O	RP36	101 0001	—	_
010 0101	I/O	RP37	101 0010	—	_
010 0110	I/O	RP38	101 0011	—	_
010 0111	I/O	RP39	101 0100	_	_

TABLE 11-2: INPUT PIN SELECTION FOR SELECTABLE INPUT SOURCES

Legend: Shaded rows indicate PPS Input register values that are unimplemented.

Note 1: See Section 11.4.4.1 "Virtual Connections" for more information on selecting this pin assignment.

2: These inputs are available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.

- g) The TRISx registers control only the digital I/O output buffer. Any other dedicated or remappable active "output" will automatically override the TRIS setting. The TRISx register does not control the digital logic "input" buffer. Remappable digital "inputs" do not automatically override TRIS settings, which means that the TRISx bit must be set to input for pins with only remappable input function(s) assigned
- h) All analog pins are enabled by default after any Reset and the corresponding digital input buffer on the pin has been disabled. Only the Analog Pin Select registers control the digital input buffer, *not* the TRISx register. The user must disable the analog function on a pin using the Analog Pin Select registers in order to use any "digital input(s)" on a corresponding pin, no exceptions.

11.6 I/O Ports Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note:	In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:
	http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/ Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464

11.6.1 KEY RESOURCES

- "I/O Ports" (DS70598) in the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual"
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual" Sections
- Development Tools

12.2 Timer1 Control Register

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0				
TON ⁽¹⁾	—	TSIDL	—	_	—	_	_				
bit 15							bit 8				
U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0				
	TGATE	TCKPS1	TCKPS0	_	TSYNC ⁽¹⁾	TCS ⁽¹⁾					
bit 7							bit (
Legend:											
R = Readable	e bit	W = Writable	bit	U = Unimplei	mented bit, read	l as '0'					
-n = Value at	POR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is cle	ared	x = Bit is unkno	own				
		o									
bit 15	TON: Timer1 1 = Starts 16-										
	0 = Stops 16-										
bit 14	Unimplemen	ted: Read as '	0'								
bit 13	TSIDL: Timer	1 Stop in Idle N	/lode bit								
		ues module op			ldle mode						
		s module opera		ode							
bit 12-7	Unimplemented: Read as '0'										
bit 6	TGATE: Timer1 Gated Time Accumulation Enable bit										
	When TCS = This bit is igno										
	When TCS =										
		e accumulatio									
		e accumulatio		0.1.1.1.1.1							
bit 5-4		: Timer1 Input	Clock Prescal	e Select bits							
	11 = 1:256 10 = 1:64										
	01 = 1:8										
	00 = 1:1										
bit 3	-	ted: Read as '									
bit 2		er1 External Clo	ock Input Synd	chronization S	elect bit ⁽¹⁾						
	When TCS = 1:										
		1 = Synchronizes external clock input									
	0 = Does not synchronize external clock input When TCS = 0:										
	This bit is igno										
bit 1	TCS: Timer1	Clock Source S	Select bit ⁽¹⁾								
	1 = External c 0 = Internal cl	clock is from pi ock (FP)	n, T1CK (on th	ne rising edge)	•						
bit 0	Unimplemen	ted: Read as '	0'								
	nen Timer1 is er empts by user s					SYNC = 1, TON	\ = 1), any				

REGISTER 12-1: T1CON: TIMER1 CONTROL REGISTER

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REGISTER 15-1: OCxCON1: OUTPUT COMPARE x CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

- bit 3 TRIGMODE: Trigger Status Mode Select bit
 - 1 = TRIGSTAT (OCxCON2<6>) is cleared when OCxRS = OCxTMR or in software
 - 0 = TRIGSTAT is cleared only by software
- bit 2-0 OCM<2:0>: Output Compare x Mode Select bits
 - 111 = Center-Aligned PWM mode: Output set high when OCxTMR = OCxR and set low when OCxTMR = OCxRS⁽¹⁾
 - 110 = Edge-Aligned PWM mode: Output set high when OCxTMR = 0 and set low when OCxTMR = OCxR⁽¹⁾
 - 101 = Double Compare Continuous Pulse mode: Initializes OCx pin low, toggles OCx state continuously on alternate matches of OCxR and OCxRS
 - 100 = Double Compare Single-Shot mode: Initializes OCx pin low, toggles OCx state on matches of OCxR and OCxRS for one cycle
 - 011 = Single Compare mode: Compare event with OCxR, continuously toggles OCx pin
 - 010 = Single Compare Single-Shot mode: Initializes OCx pin high, compare event with OCxR, forces OCx pin low
 - 001 = Single Compare Single-Shot mode: Initializes OCx pin low, compare event with OCxR, forces OCx pin high
 - 000 = Output compare channel is disabled
- Note 1: OCxR and OCxRS are double-buffered in PWM mode only.
 - 2: Each Output Compare x module (OCx) has one PTG clock source. See Section 24.0 "Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module" for more information.
 - PTGO4 = OC1 PTGO5 = OC2
 - PTGO6 = OC3 PTGO7 = OC4

REGISTER 16-7: PWMCONx: PWMx CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 7-	6	DTC<1:0>: Dead-Time Control bits
		11 = Dead-Time Compensation mode
		10 = Dead-time function is disabled
		01 = Negative dead time is actively applied for Complementary Output mode
		00 = Positive dead time is actively applied for all output modes
bit 5		DTCP: Dead-Time Compensation Polarity bit ⁽³⁾
		When Set to '1':
		If DTCMPx = 0, PWMxL is shortened and PWMxH is lengthened.
		If DTCMPx = 1, PWMxH is shortened and PWMxL is lengthened.
		<u>When Set to '0':</u> If DTCMPx = 0, PWMxH is shortened and PWMxL is lengthened.
		If DTCMPx = 1, PWMxL is shortened and PWMxH is lengthened.
bit 4		Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 3		MTBS: Master Time Base Select bit
		1 = PWM generator uses the secondary master time base for synchronization and as the clock source
		for the PWM generation logic (if secondary time base is available)
		0 = PWM generator uses the primary master time base for synchronization and as the clock source
		for the PWM generation logic
bit 2		CAM: Center-Aligned Mode Enable bit ^(2,4)
		1 = Center-Aligned mode is enabled
		0 = Edge-Aligned mode is enabled
bit 1		XPRES: External PWMx Reset Control bit ⁽⁵⁾
		 1 = Current-limit source resets the time base for this PWM generator if it is in Independent Time Base mode
		0 = External pins do not affect PWMx time base
bit 0		IUE: Immediate Update Enable bit ⁽²⁾
		1 = Updates to the active MDC/PDCx/DTRx/ALTDTRx/PHASEx registers are immediate
		 Updates to the active MDC/PDCx/DTRx/ALTDTRx/PHASEx registers are synchronized to the PWMx period boundary
Note	1:	Software must clear the interrupt status here and in the corresponding IFSx bit in the interrupt controller.
	2:	These bits should not be changed after the PWMx is enabled (PTEN = 1).
	3:	DTC<1:0> = 11 for DTCP to be effective; otherwise, DTCP is ignored.
	4:	The Independent Time Base (ITB = 1) mode must be enabled to use Center-Aligned mode. If ITB = 0, the CAM bit is ignored.

5: To operate in External Period Reset mode, the ITB bit must be '1' and the CLMOD bit in the FCLCONx register must be '0'.

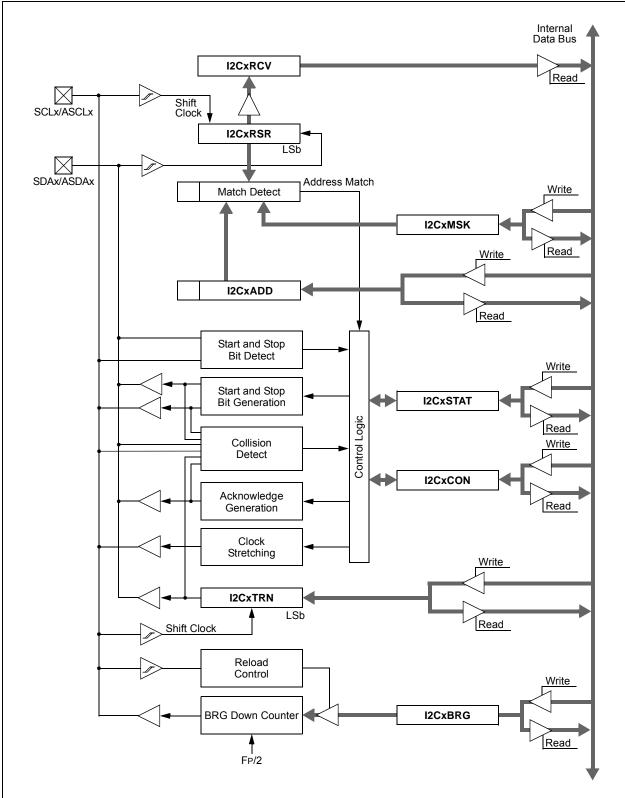


FIGURE 19-1: I2Cx BLOCK DIAGRAM (X = 1 OR 2)

U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0			
_	_		FILHIT4	FILHIT3	FILHIT2	FILHIT1	FILHIT0			
bit 15	I	•					bit 8			
U-0	R-1	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0			
_	ICODE6	ICODE5	ICODE4	ICODE3	ICODE2	ICODE1	ICODE0			
bit 7							bit			
Logondi										
Legend: R = Readable	- hit		hit.		nonted hit rea	d aa 'O'				
-n = Value at		W = Writable		'0' = Bit is cle	mented bit, rea					
-n = value at	POR	'1' = Bit is set		0 = Bit is cie	ared	x = Bit is unkr	IOWN			
bit 15-13	Unimplemen	ted: Read as '	0'							
bit 12-8	=	Filter Hit Num								
		1 = Reserved								
	01111 = Filte	r 15								
	•									
	•									
		• 00001 = Filter 1								
	00001 = Filte									
bit 7		ted: Read as '	0'							
bit 6-0	-	Interrupt Flag								
	1000101-1111111 = Reserved									
		IFO almost full								
		eceiver overflo								
	1000010 = K 1000001 = E	/ake-up interru rror interrupt	μ							
	1000000 = N									
	•									
	•									
	•									
		11111 = Rese								
	• • •									
	•									
	•									
	0001001 = R	B9 buffer inter	rupt							
		B8 buffer inter								
		RB7 buffer inte RB6 buffer inte								
		RB5 buffer inte								
		RB4 buffer inte								
	0000011 = T	RB3 buffer inte	errupt							
		RB2 buffer inte RB1 buffer inte								

REGISTER 21-3: CxVEC: ECANx INTERRUPT CODE REGISTER

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X

U-0	R/W-x	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x				
—	WAKFIL		—		SEG2PH2	SEG2PH1	SEG2PH0				
bit 15							bit				
R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x				
SEG2PHTS	S SAM	SEG1PH2	SEG1PH1	SEG1PH0	PRSEG2	PRSEG1	PRSEG0				
bit 7							bit				
Legend:											
R = Readab	le bit	W = Writable	bit	U = Unimpler	nented bit, read	d as '0'					
-n = Value a		'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is cle		x = Bit is unkr	nown				
bit 15	Unimplemen	nted: Read as '	0'								
bit 14	WAKFIL: Sel	lect CAN Bus L	ine Filter for V	Vake-up bit							
		N bus line filter									
		line filter is not		e-up							
bit 13-11	-	Unimplemented: Read as '0'									
bit 10-8	SEG2PH<2:0>: Phase Segment 2 bits 111 = Length is 8 x TQ										
	•										
	000 = Length	n is 1 x To									
bit 7	SEG2PHTS: Phase Segment 2 Time Select bit										
	1 = Freely programmable										
		n of SEG1PHx I	bits or Informa	tion Processin	g Time (IPT), w	hichever is gre	ater				
bit 6	SAM: Sample	e of the CAN B	us Line bit								
		s sampled threes sampled once									
bit 5-3	SEG1PH<2:0	0>: Phase Segr	nent 1 bits								
	111 = Length is 8 x TQ										
	•										
	•										
	•	•									
	000 = Length										
bit 2-0		>: Propagation	Time Segmen	t bits							
	111 = Length	IIS8XIQ									
	•										
	•										

REGISTER 21-10: CxCFG2: ECANx BAUD RATE CONFIGURATION REGISTER 2

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x			
EID5	EID4	EID3	EID2	EID1	EID0	RTR	RB1			
bit 15							bit 8			
U-x	U-x	U-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x			
—	—	—	RB0	DLC3	DLC2	DLC1	DLC0			
bit 7							bit 0			
Lonondi										
Legend:						-l (O)				
R = Readable bit W = Writable bit				U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'						
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set			'0' = Bit is cle	ared	x = Bit is unkr	iown				
bit 15-10	EID<5:0>: E	xtended Identifi	er bits							
bit 9	RTR: Remot	R: Remote Transmission Request bit								
	When IDE = 1:									
	1 = Message will request remote transmission									
		0 = Normal message								
		When IDE = 0: The RTR bit is ignored.								
h :+ 0										
bit 8 RB1: Reserved Bit 1 User must set this bit to '0' per CAN protocol.										
			•	0001.						
bit 7-5	•	nted: Read as '	0							
bit 4	RB0: Reserv									
	User must se	et this bit to '0' p	per CAN proto	ocol.						
hit 2 0		Jota Longth Co.	da hita							

BUFFER 21-3: ECAN™ MESSAGE BUFFER WORD 2

bit 3-0 DLC<3:0>: Data Length Code bits

BUFFER 21-4: ECAN[™] MESSAGE BUFFER WORD 3

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	
			Ву	/te 1				
bit 15							bit 8	
R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	
			Ву	rte 0				
bit 7							bit 0	
Legend:								
R = Readable	bit	W = Writable	W = Writable bit		U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'			
-n = Value at POR '1' = B		'1' = Bit is set	1' = Bit is set		ared	x = Bit is unknown		

bit 15-8 Byte 1<15:8>: ECAN Message Byte 1 bits

bit 7-0 Byte 0<7:0>: ECAN Message Byte 0 bits

REGISTER 23-2: AD1CON2: ADC1 CONTROL REGISTER 2 (CONTINUED)

bit 1	BUFM: Buffer Fill Mode Select bit
	 1 = Starts the buffer filling the first half of the buffer on the first interrupt and the second half of the buffer on next interrupt 0 = Always starts filling the buffer from the start address.
bit 0	ALTS: Alternate Input Sample Mode Select bit

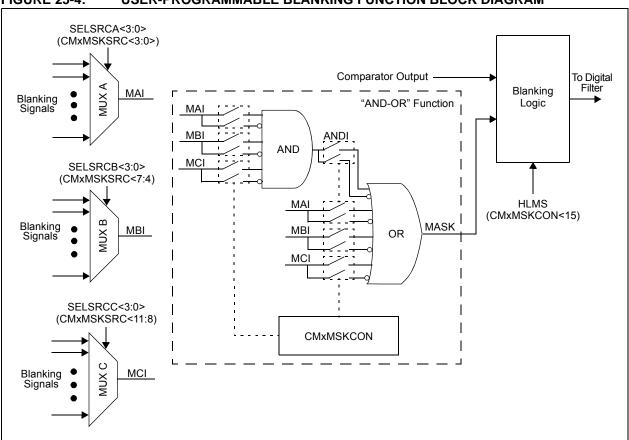
1 = Uses channel input selects for Sample MUXA on first sample and Sample MUXB on next sample 0 = Always uses channel input selects for Sample MUXA

REGISTER 24-1: PTGCST: PTG CONTROL/STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- PTGITM<1:0>: PTG Input Trigger Command Operating Mode bits⁽¹⁾
 - 11 = Single level detect with Step delay not executed on exit of command (regardless of the PTGCTRL command)
 - 10 = Single level detect with Step delay executed on exit of command
 - 01 = Continuous edge detect with Step delay not executed on exit of command (regardless of the PTGCTRL command)
 - 00 = Continuous edge detect with Step delay executed on exit of command
- Note 1: These bits apply to the PTGWHI and PTGWLO commands only.

bit 1-0

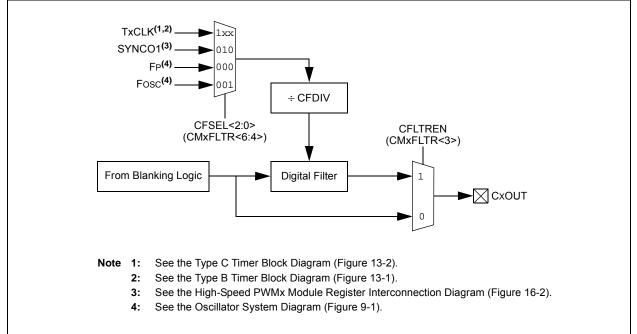
- **2:** This bit is only used with the PTGCTRL step command software trigger option.
- **3:** Use of the PTG Single-Step mode is reserved for debugging tools only.







DIGITAL FILTER INTERCONNECT BLOCK DIAGRAM



Bit Field	Description						
GCP	General Segment Code-Protect bit 1 = User program memory is not code-protected 0 = Code protection is enabled for the entire program memory space						
GWRP	General Segment Write-Protect bit 1 = User program memory is not write-protected 0 = User program memory is write-protected						
IESO	 Two-Speed Oscillator Start-up Enable bit 1 = Start up device with FRC, then automatically switch to the user-selected oscillator source when ready 0 = Start up device with user-selected oscillator source 						
PWMLOCK ⁽¹⁾	PWM Lock Enable bit 1 = Certain PWM registers may only be written after a key sequence 0 = PWM registers may be written without a key sequence						
FNOSC<2:0>	Oscillator Selection bits 111 = Fast RC Oscillator with Divide-by-N (FRCDIVN) 110 = Fast RC Oscillator with Divide-by-16 (FRCDIV16) 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC) 100 = Reserved; do not use 011 = Primary Oscillator with PLL module (XT + PLL, HS + PLL, EC + PLL) 010 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC) 001 = Fast RC Oscillator with Divide-by-N with PLL module (FRCPLL) 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)						
FCKSM<1:0>	Clock Switching Mode bits 1x = Clock switching is disabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled 01 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled 00 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is enabled						
IOL1WAY	Peripheral Pin Select Configuration bit 1 = Allow only one reconfiguration 0 = Allow multiple reconfigurations						
OSCIOFNC	OSC2 Pin Function bit (except in XT and HS modes) 1 = OSC2 is the clock output 0 = OSC2 is a general purpose digital I/O pin						
POSCMD<1:0>	Primary Oscillator Mode Select bits 11 = Primary Oscillator is disabled 10 = HS Crystal Oscillator mode 01 = XT Crystal Oscillator mode 00 = EC (External Clock) mode						
FWDTEN	 Watchdog Timer Enable bit 1 = Watchdog Timer is always enabled (LPRC oscillator cannot be disabled. Clearing the SWDTEN bit in the RCON register will have no effect.) 0 = Watchdog Timer is enabled/disabled by user software (LPRC can be disabled by clearing the SWDTEN bit in the RCON register) 						
WINDIS	Watchdog Timer Window Enable bit 1 = Watchdog Timer in Non-Window mode 0 = Watchdog Timer in Window mode						
PLLKEN	PLL Lock Enable bit 1 = PLL lock is enabled 0 = PLL lock is disabled nly available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.						

TABLE 27-2: CONFIGURATION BITS DESCRIPTION

Note 1: This bit is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

2: When JTAGEN = 1, an internal pull-up resistor is enabled on the TMS pin. Erased devices default to JTAGEN = 1. Applications requiring I/O pins in a high-impedance state (tri-state) in Reset should use pins other than TMS for this purpose.

27.5 Watchdog Timer (WDT)

For dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/ 50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices, the WDT is driven by the LPRC oscillator. When the WDT is enabled, the clock source is also enabled.

27.5.1 PRESCALER/POSTSCALER

The nominal WDT clock source from LPRC is 32 kHz. This feeds a prescaler that can be configured for either 5-bit (divide-by-32) or 7-bit (divide-by-128) operation. The prescaler is set by the WDTPRE Configuration bit. With a 32 kHz input, the prescaler yields a WDT Timeout period (TWDT), as shown in Parameter SY12 in Table 30-22.

A variable postscaler divides down the WDT prescaler output and allows for a wide range of time-out periods. The postscaler is controlled by the WDTPOST<3:0> Configuration bits (FWDT<3:0>), which allow the selection of 16 settings, from 1:1 to 1:32,768. Using the prescaler and postscaler, time-out periods ranging from 1 ms to 131 seconds can be achieved.

The WDT, prescaler and postscaler are reset:

- · On any device Reset
- On the completion of a clock switch, whether invoked by software (i.e., setting the OSWEN bit after changing the NOSCx bits) or by hardware (i.e., Fail-Safe Clock Monitor)
- When a PWRSAV instruction is executed (i.e., Sleep or Idle mode is entered)
- When the device exits Sleep or Idle mode to resume normal operation
- By a CLRWDT instruction during normal execution
- Note: The CLRWDT and PWRSAV instructions clear the prescaler and postscaler counts when executed.

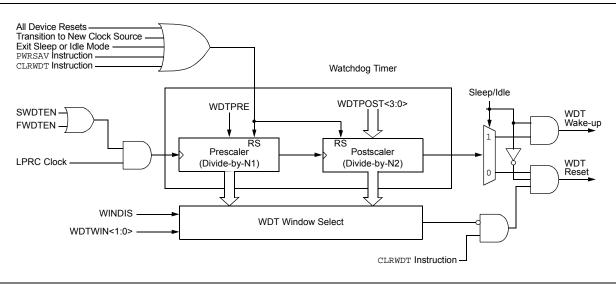


FIGURE 27-2: WDT BLOCK DIAGRAM

27.5.2 SLEEP AND IDLE MODES

If the WDT is enabled, it continues to run during Sleep or Idle modes. When the WDT time-out occurs, the device wakes the device and code execution continues from where the PWRSAV instruction was executed. The corresponding SLEEP or IDLE bit (RCON<3,2>) needs to be cleared in software after the device wakes up.

27.5.3 ENABLING WDT

The WDT is enabled or disabled by the FWDTEN Configuration bit in the FWDT Configuration register. When the FWDTEN Configuration bit is set, the WDT is always enabled.

The WDT can be optionally controlled in software when the FWDTEN Configuration bit has been programmed to '0'. The WDT is enabled in software by setting the SWDTEN control bit (RCON<5>). The SWDTEN control bit is cleared on any device Reset. The software WDT option allows the user application to enable the WDT for critical code segments and disable the WDT during non-critical segments for maximum power savings.

The WDT flag bit, WDTO (RCON<4>), is not automatically cleared following a WDT time-out. To detect subsequent WDT events, the flag must be cleared in software.

27.5.4 WDT WINDOW

The Watchdog Timer has an optional Windowed mode, enabled by programming the WINDIS bit in the WDT Configuration register (FWDT<6>). In the Windowed mode (WINDIS = 0), the WDT should be cleared based on the settings in the programmable Watchdog Timer Window select bits (WDTWIN<1:0>).

FIGURE 30-7: OUTPUT COMPARE x MODULE (OCx) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

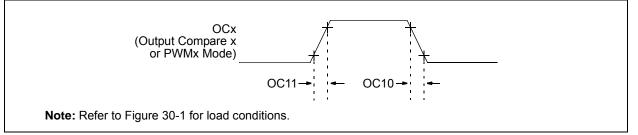


TABLE 30-27: OUTPUT COMPARE x MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS		$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V} \\ \mbox{(unless otherwise stated)} \\ \mbox{Operating temperature} & -40^\circ C \leq TA \leq +85^\circ C \mbox{ for Industrial} \\ & -40^\circ C \leq TA \leq +125^\circ C \mbox{ for Extended} \end{array}$						
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
OC10	TccF	OCx Output Fall Time	_		_	ns	See Parameter DO32	
OC11	TccR	OCx Output Rise Time	_	_	—	ns	See Parameter DO31	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 30-8: OCx/PWMx MODULE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

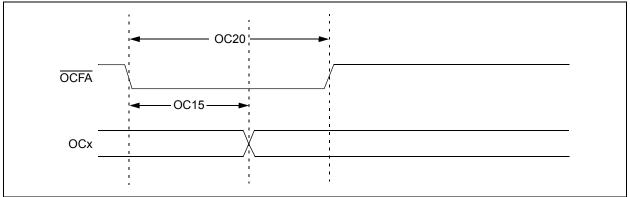


TABLE 30-28: OCx/PWMx MODE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS		$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$					
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
OC15	TFD	Fault Input to PWMx I/O Change	—	_	Tcy + 20	ns	
OC20	TFLT	Fault Input Pulse Width	TCY + 20		—	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 30-11: TIMERQ (QEI MODULE) EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)



TABLE 30-30: QEI MODULE EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V} \\ \mbox{(unless otherwise stated)} \\ \mbox{Operating temperature} & -40^\circ C \leq TA \leq +85^\circ C \mbox{ for Industrial} \\ & -40^\circ C \leq TA \leq +125^\circ C \mbox{ for Extended} \end{array}$					
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
TQ10	TtQH	TQCK High Time	Synchronous, with prescaler	Greater of 12.5 + 25 or (0.5 Tcy/N) + 25			ns	Must also meet Parameter TQ15
TQ11	TtQL	TQCK Low Time	Synchronous, with prescaler	Greater of 12.5 + 25 or (0.5 Tcy/N) + 25	—	_	ns	Must also meet Parameter TQ15
TQ15	TtQP	TQCP Input Period	Synchronous, with prescaler	Greater of 25 + 50 or (1 Tcy/N) + 50	—	_	ns	
TQ20	TCKEXTMRL	Delay from External TQCK Clock Edge to Timer Increment		_	1	Тсү	—	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

TABLE 30-39:SPI2 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$					
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾ Max.		Units	Conditions	
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK2 Input Frequency	—	—	15	MHz	(Note 3)	
SP72	TscF	SCK2 Input Fall Time	—	—	_	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)	
SP73	TscR	SCK2 Input Rise Time	—	_	_	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)	
SP30	TdoF	SDO2 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	_	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)	
SP31	TdoR	SDO2 Data Output Rise Time	—	_	_	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)	
SP35	TscH2doV, TscL2doV	SDO2 Data Output Valid after SCK2 Edge	—	6	20	ns		
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO2 Data Output Setup to First SCK2 Edge	30	—	_	ns		
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	_	ns		
SP41	TscH2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	_	ns		
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SS2}$ ↓ to SCK2 ↑ or SCK2 ↓ Input	120	-	_	ns		
SP51	TssH2doZ	SS2 ↑ to SDO2 Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	(Note 4)	
SP52	TscH2ssH TscL2ssH	SS2 ↑ after SCK2 Edge	1.5 TCY + 40	—		ns	(Note 4)	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCK2 is 66.7 ns. Therefore, the SCK2 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI2 pins.