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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

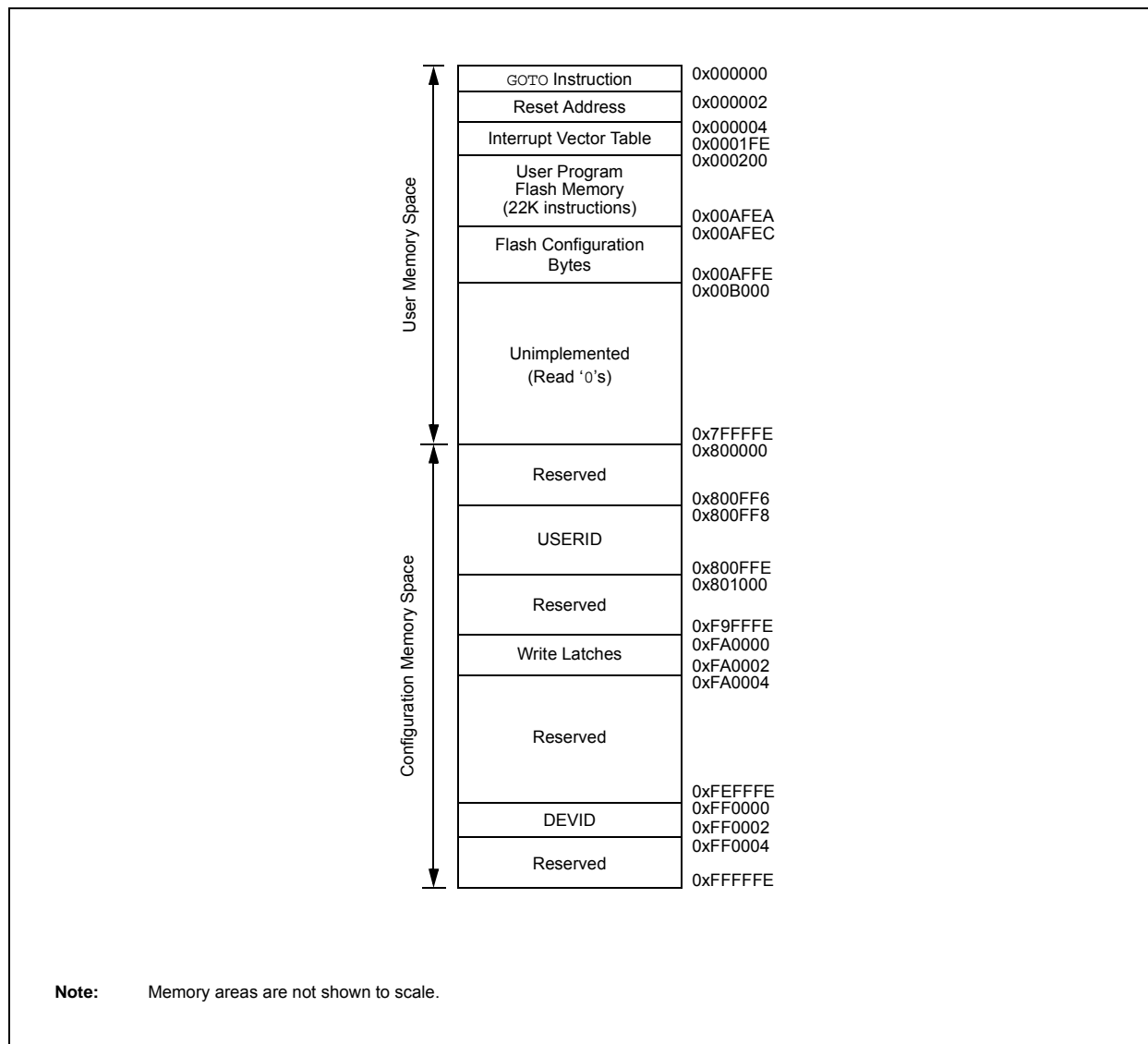
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPS
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	256KB (85.5K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 6x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	28-DIP (0.300", 7.62mm)
Supplier Device Package	28-SPDIP
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep256mc202-e-sp">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep256mc202-e-sp</a>

TABLE 2: dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X MOTOR CONTROL FAMILIES (CONTINUED)

Device	Page Erase Size (Instructions)	Program Flash Memory (Kbytes)	RAM (Kbytes)	Remappable Peripherals										CRC Generator	10-Bit/12-Bit ADC (Channels)	Op Amps/Comparators	CTMU	PTG	I/O Pins	Pins	Packages
				16-Bit/32-Bit Timers	Input Capture	Output Compare	Motor Control PWM <sup>(4)</sup> (Channels)	Quadrature Encoder Interface	UART	SPI <sup>(2)</sup>	ECAN <sup>TM</sup> Technology	External Interrupts <sup>(3)</sup>	I <sup>2</sup> C <sup>TM</sup>								
dsPIC33EP32MC504	512	32	4	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	9	3/4	Yes	Yes	35	44/ 48	VTLA <sup>(5)</sup> , TQFP, QFN, UQFN
dsPIC33EP64MC504	1024	64	8																		
dsPIC33EP128MC504	1024	128	16																		
dsPIC33EP256MC504	1024	256	32																		
dsPIC33EP512MC504	1024	512	48	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	16	3/4	Yes	Yes	53	64	TQFP, QFN
dsPIC33EP64MC506	1024	64	8																		
dsPIC33EP128MC506	1024	128	16																		
dsPIC33EP256MC506	1024	256	32																		
dsPIC33EP512MC506	1024	512	48																		

- Note 1:** On 28-pin devices, Comparator 4 does not have external connections. Refer to **Section 25.0 "Op Amp/Comparator Module"** for details.  
**2:** Only SPI2 is remappable.  
**3:** INT0 is not remappable.  
**4:** Only the PWM Faults are remappable.  
**5:** The SSOP and VTLA packages are not available for devices with 512 Kbytes of memory.

FIGURE 4-2: PROGRAM MEMORY MAP FOR dsPIC33EP64GP50X, dsPIC33EP64MC20X/50X AND PIC24EP64GP/MC20X DEVICES



**TABLE 4-4: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY (CONTINUED)**

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
IPC35	0886	—	JTAGIP<2:0>			—	ICDIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4400
IPC36	0888	—	PTG0IP<2:0>			—	PTGWDIP<2:0>			—	PTGSTEIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	4440
IPC37	088A	—	—	—	—	—	PTG3IP<2:0>			—	PTG2IP<2:0>			—	PTG1IP<2:0>			0444
INTCON1	08C0	NSTDIS	OVAERR	OVBERR	—	—	—	—	—	—	DIV0ERR	DMACERR	MATHERR	ADDRERR	STKERR	OSCFAIL	—	0000
INTCON2	08C2	GIE	DISI	SWTRAP	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP	8000
INTCON3	08C4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DAE	DOOVR	—	—	—	—	0000
INTCON4	08C6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SGHT	0000
INTTREG	08C8	—	—	—	—	ILR<3:0>			VECNUM<7:0>									0000

**Legend:** — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**REGISTER 5-1: NVMCON: NONVOLATILE MEMORY (NVM) CONTROL REGISTER**

R/SO-0 <sup>(1)</sup>	R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>	R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
WR	WREN	WRERR	NVMSIDL <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	—	—
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>	R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>	R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>	R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>
—	—	—	—	NVMOP3 <sup>(3,4)</sup>	NVMOP2 <sup>(3,4)</sup>	NVMOP1 <sup>(3,4)</sup>	NVMOP0 <sup>(3,4)</sup>
bit 7				bit 0			

<b>Legend:</b>	SO = Settable Only bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set
	'0' = Bit is cleared
	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **WR:** Write Control bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Initiates a Flash memory program or erase operation; the operation is self-timed and the bit is cleared by hardware once the operation is complete  
 0 = Program or erase operation is complete and inactive
- bit 14 **WREN:** Write Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Enables Flash program/erase operations  
 0 = Inhibits Flash program/erase operations
- bit 13 **WRERR:** Write Sequence Error Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = An improper program or erase sequence attempt or termination has occurred (bit is set automatically on any set attempt of the WR bit)  
 0 = The program or erase operation completed normally
- bit 12 **NVMSIDL:** NVM Stop in Idle Control bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
 1 = Flash voltage regulator goes into Standby mode during Idle mode  
 0 = Flash voltage regulator is active during Idle mode
- bit 11-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3-0 **NVMOP<3:0>:** NVM Operation Select bits<sup>(1,3,4)</sup>  
 1111 = Reserved  
 1110 = Reserved  
 1101 = Reserved  
 1100 = Reserved  
 1011 = Reserved  
 1010 = Reserved  
 0011 = Memory page erase operation  
 0010 = Reserved  
 0001 = Memory double-word program operation<sup>(5)</sup>  
 0000 = Reserved

- Note 1:** These bits can only be reset on a POR.
- 2:** If this bit is set, there will be minimal power savings (IDLE) and upon exiting Idle mode, there is a delay (TVREG) before Flash memory becomes operational.
- 3:** All other combinations of NVMOP<3:0> are unimplemented.
- 4:** Execution of the PWRSAV instruction is ignored while any of the NVM operations are in progress.
- 5:** Two adjacent words on a 4-word boundary are programmed during execution of this operation.

## 9.0 OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATION

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Oscillator**” (DS70580) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

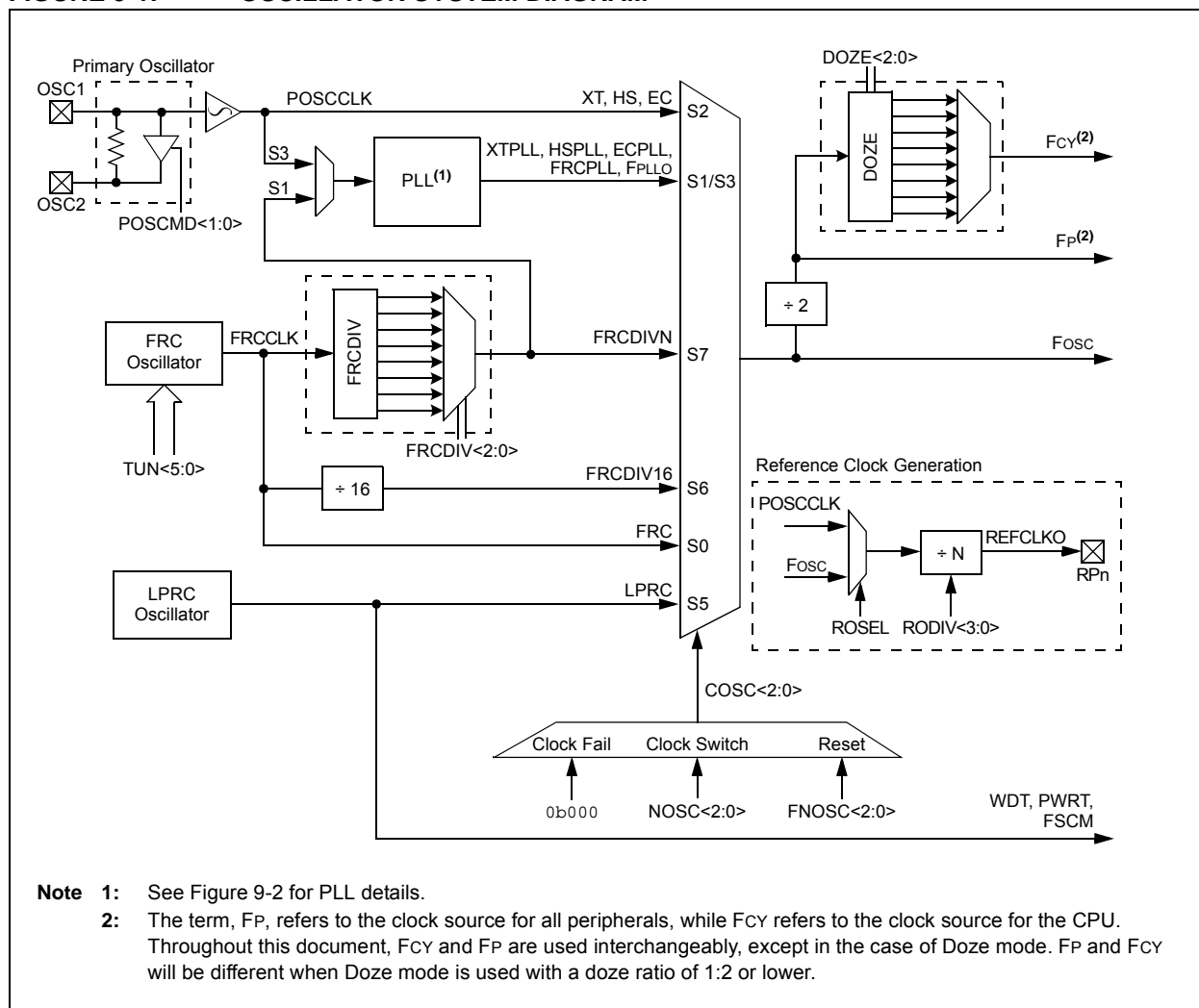
**2:** Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X oscillator system provides:

- On-chip Phase-Locked Loop (PLL) to boost internal operating frequency on select internal and external oscillator sources
- On-the-fly clock switching between various clock sources
- Doze mode for system power savings
- Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) that detects clock failure and permits safe application recovery or shutdown
- Configuration bits for clock source selection

A simplified diagram of the oscillator system is shown in Figure 9-1.

**FIGURE 9-1: OSCILLATOR SYSTEM DIAGRAM**



**REGISTER 9-2: CLKDIV: CLOCK DIVISOR REGISTER**

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ROI	DOZE2 <sup>(1)</sup>	DOZE1 <sup>(1)</sup>	DOZE0 <sup>(1)</sup>	DOZEN <sup>(2,3)</sup>	FRCDIV2	FRCDIV1	FRCDIV0
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-1	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PLLPOST1	PLLPOST0	—	PLLPRE4	PLLPRE3	PLLPRE2	PLLPRE1	PLLPRE0
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15                      **ROI:** Recover on Interrupt bit  
1 = Interrupts will clear the DOZEN bit  
0 = Interrupts have no effect on the DOZEN bit
- bit 14-12                      **DOZE<2:0>:** Processor Clock Reduction Select bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
111 = Fcy divided by 128  
110 = Fcy divided by 64  
101 = Fcy divided by 32  
100 = Fcy divided by 16  
011 = Fcy divided by 8 (default)  
010 = Fcy divided by 4  
001 = Fcy divided by 2  
000 = Fcy divided by 1
- bit 11                      **DOZEN:** Doze Mode Enable bit<sup>(2,3)</sup>  
1 = DOZE<2:0> field specifies the ratio between the peripheral clocks and the processor clocks  
0 = Processor clock and peripheral clock ratio is forced to 1:1
- bit 10-8                      **FRCDIV<2:0>:** Internal Fast RC Oscillator Postscaler bits  
111 = FRC divided by 256  
110 = FRC divided by 64  
101 = FRC divided by 32  
100 = FRC divided by 16  
011 = FRC divided by 8  
010 = FRC divided by 4  
001 = FRC divided by 2  
000 = FRC divided by 1 (default)
- bit 7-6                      **PLLPOST<1:0>:** PLL VCO Output Divider Select bits (also denoted as 'N2', PLL postscaler)  
11 = Output divided by 8  
10 = Reserved  
01 = Output divided by 4 (default)  
00 = Output divided by 2
- bit 5                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** The DOZE<2:0> bits can only be written to when the DOZEN bit is clear. If DOZEN = 1, any writes to DOZE<2:0> are ignored.
- 2:** This bit is cleared when the ROI bit is set and an interrupt occurs.
- 3:** The DOZEN bit cannot be set if DOZE<2:0> = 000. If DOZE<2:0> = 000, any attempt by user software to set the DOZEN bit is ignored.

**REGISTER 10-1: PMD1: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 1**

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0
T5MD	T4MD	T3MD	T2MD	T1MD	QE11MD <sup>(1)</sup>	PWMMD <sup>(1)</sup>	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
I2C1MD	U2MD	U1MD	SPI2MD	SPI1MD	—	C1MD <sup>(2)</sup>	AD1MD
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **T5MD:** Timer5 Module Disable bit  
1 = Timer5 module is disabled  
0 = Timer5 module is enabled
- bit 14      **T4MD:** Timer4 Module Disable bit  
1 = Timer4 module is disabled  
0 = Timer4 module is enabled
- bit 13      **T3MD:** Timer3 Module Disable bit  
1 = Timer3 module is disabled  
0 = Timer3 module is enabled
- bit 12      **T2MD:** Timer2 Module Disable bit  
1 = Timer2 module is disabled  
0 = Timer2 module is enabled
- bit 11      **T1MD:** Timer1 Module Disable bit  
1 = Timer1 module is disabled  
0 = Timer1 module is enabled
- bit 10      **QE11MD:** QE11 Module Disable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = QE11 module is disabled  
0 = QE11 module is enabled
- bit 9        **PWMMD:** PWM Module Disable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = PWM module is disabled  
0 = PWM module is enabled
- bit 8        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7        **I2C1MD:** I2C1 Module Disable bit  
1 = I2C1 module is disabled  
0 = I2C1 module is enabled
- bit 6        **U2MD:** UART2 Module Disable bit  
1 = UART2 module is disabled  
0 = UART2 module is enabled
- bit 5        **U1MD:** UART1 Module Disable bit  
1 = UART1 module is disabled  
0 = UART1 module is enabled
- bit 4        **SPI2MD:** SPI2 Module Disable bit  
1 = SPI2 module is disabled  
0 = SPI2 module is enabled

**Note 1:** This bit is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.

**2:** This bit is available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X and dsPIC33EPXXXMC50X devices only.

- g) The TRISx registers control *only* the digital I/O output buffer. Any other dedicated or remappable active “output” will automatically override the TRIS setting. The TRISx register *does not* control the digital logic “input” buffer. Remappable digital “inputs” do not automatically override TRIS settings, which means that the TRISx bit must be set to input for pins with only remappable input function(s) assigned
- h) All analog pins are enabled by default after any Reset and the corresponding digital input buffer on the pin has been disabled. Only the Analog Pin Select registers control the digital input buffer, *not* the TRISx register. The user must disable the analog function on a pin using the Analog Pin Select registers in order to use any “digital input(s)” on a corresponding pin, no exceptions.

## 11.6 I/O Ports Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

**Note:** In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:  
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464>

### 11.6.1 KEY RESOURCES

- “**I/O Ports**” (DS70598) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” Sections
- Development Tools

**REGISTER 11-26: RPOR8: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 8**

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP118R<5:0>					
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **RP118R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP118 Output Pin bits  
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**REGISTER 11-27: RPOR9: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 9**

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP120R<5:0>					
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **RP120R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP120 Output Pin bits  
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

## 15.2 Output Compare Control Registers

**REGISTER 15-1: OCxCON1: OUTPUT COMPARE x CONTROL REGISTER 1**

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0
—	—	OCSIDL	OCTSEL2	OCTSEL1	OCTSEL0	—	ENFLTB
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0, HSC	R/W-0, HSC	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ENFLTA	—	OCFLTB	OCFLTA	TRIGMODE	OCM2	OCM1	OCM0
bit 7							bit 0

<b>Legend:</b>	HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **OCSIDL:** Output Compare x Stop in Idle Mode Control bit  
 1 = Output Compare x Halts in CPU Idle mode  
 0 = Output Compare x continues to operate in CPU Idle mode

bit 12-10 **OCTSEL<2:0>:** Output Compare x Clock Select bits  
 111 = Peripheral clock (FP)  
 110 = Reserved  
 101 = PTGOx clock<sup>(2)</sup>  
 100 = T1CLK is the clock source of the OCx (only the synchronous clock is supported)  
 011 = T5CLK is the clock source of the OCx  
 010 = T4CLK is the clock source of the OCx  
 001 = T3CLK is the clock source of the OCx  
 000 = T2CLK is the clock source of the OCx

bit 9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8 **ENFLTB:** Fault B Input Enable bit  
 1 = Output Compare Fault B input (OCFB) is enabled  
 0 = Output Compare Fault B input (OCFB) is disabled

bit 7 **ENFLTA:** Fault A Input Enable bit  
 1 = Output Compare Fault A input (OCFA) is enabled  
 0 = Output Compare Fault A input (OCFA) is disabled

bit 6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5 **OCFLTB:** PWM Fault B Condition Status bit  
 1 = PWM Fault B condition on OCFB pin has occurred  
 0 = No PWM Fault B condition on OCFB pin has occurred

bit 4 **OCFLTA:** PWM Fault A Condition Status bit  
 1 = PWM Fault A condition on OCFA pin has occurred  
 0 = No PWM Fault A condition on OCFA pin has occurred

**Note 1:** OCxR and OCxRS are double-buffered in PWM mode only.

**2:** Each Output Compare x module (OCx) has one PTG clock source. See **Section 24.0 "Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module"** for more information.

PTGO4 = OC1

PTGO5 = OC2

PTGO6 = OC3

PTGO7 = OC4

**REGISTER 16-10: DTRx: PWMx DEAD-TIME REGISTER**

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	DTRx<13:8>					
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
DTRx<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-0                      **DTRx<13:0>:** Unsigned 14-Bit Dead-Time Value for PWMx Dead-Time Unit bits

**REGISTER 16-11: ALTDTRx: PWMx ALTERNATE DEAD-TIME REGISTER**

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	ALTDTRx<13:8>					
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ALTDTRx<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

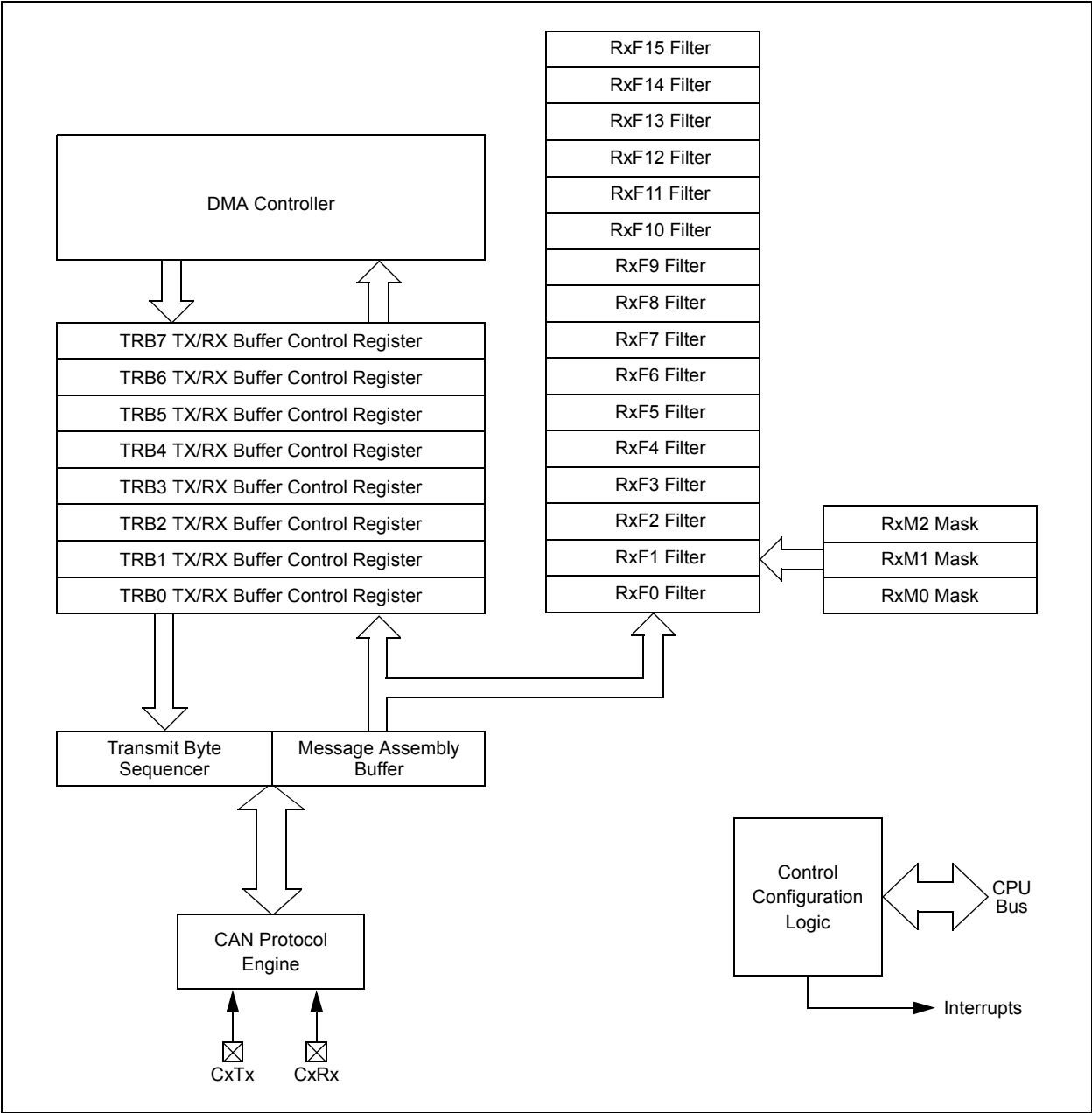
bit 15-14                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-0                      **ALTDTRx<13:0>:** Unsigned 14-Bit Dead-Time Value for PWMx Dead-Time Unit bits

**REGISTER 19-2: I2CxSTAT: I2Cx STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)**

- bit 3      **S:** Start bit  
1 = Indicates that a Start (or Repeated Start) bit has been detected last  
0 = Start bit was not detected last  
Hardware is set or clear when a Start, Repeated Start or Stop is detected.
- bit 2      **R\_W:** Read/Write Information bit (when operating as I<sup>2</sup>C slave)  
1 = Read – Indicates data transfer is output from the slave  
0 = Write – Indicates data transfer is input to the slave  
Hardware is set or clear after reception of an I<sup>2</sup>C device address byte.
- bit 1      **RBF:** Receive Buffer Full Status bit  
1 = Receive is complete, I2CxRCV is full  
0 = Receive is not complete, I2CxRCV is empty  
Hardware is set when I2CxRCV is written with a received byte. Hardware is clear when software reads I2CxRCV.
- bit 0      **TBF:** Transmit Buffer Full Status bit  
1 = Transmit in progress, I2CxTRN is full  
0 = Transmit is complete, I2CxTRN is empty  
Hardware is set when software writes to I2CxTRN. Hardware is clear at completion of a data transmission.

FIGURE 21-1: ECAN™ MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



**REGISTER 21-2: CxCTRL2: ECANx CONTROL REGISTER 2**

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	—	DNCNT4	DNCNT3	DNCNT2	DNCNT1	DNCNT0
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5

**Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-0

**DNCNT<4:0>:** DeviceNet™ Filter Bit Number bits

10010-11111 = Invalid selection

10001 = Compares up to Data Byte 3, bit 6 with EID<17>

•

•

•

00001 = Compares up to Data Byte 1, bit 7 with EID<0>

00000 = Does not compare data bytes

REGISTER 23-4: AD1CON4: ADC1 CONTROL REGISTER 4

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADDMAEN
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	DMABL2	DMABL1	DMABL0
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-9

**Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8

**ADDMAEN:** ADC1 DMA Enable bit

1 = Conversion results are stored in the ADC1BUF0 register for transfer to RAM using DMA

0 = Conversion results are stored in ADC1BUF0 through ADC1BUFF registers; DMA will not be used

bit 7-3

**Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0

**DMABL<2:0>:** Selects Number of DMA Buffer Locations per Analog Input bits

111 = Allocates 128 words of buffer to each analog input

110 = Allocates 64 words of buffer to each analog input

101 = Allocates 32 words of buffer to each analog input

100 = Allocates 16 words of buffer to each analog input

011 = Allocates 8 words of buffer to each analog input

010 = Allocates 4 words of buffer to each analog input

001 = Allocates 2 words of buffer to each analog input

000 = Allocates 1 word of buffer to each analog input

**REGISTER 25-3: CM4CON: COMPARATOR 4 CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)**

- bit 5           **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4           **CREF:** Comparator Reference Select bit (VIN+ input)<sup>(1)</sup>  
                  1 = VIN+ input connects to internal CVREFIN voltage  
                  0 = VIN+ input connects to C4IN1+ pin
- bit 3-2       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1-0       **CCH<1:0>:** Comparator Channel Select bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
                  11 = VIN- input of comparator connects to OA3/AN6  
                  10 = VIN- input of comparator connects to OA2/AN0  
                  01 = VIN- input of comparator connects to OA1/AN3  
                  00 = VIN- input of comparator connects to C4IN1-

**Note 1:** Inputs that are selected and not available will be tied to Vss. See the “Pin Diagrams” section for available inputs for each package.

**REGISTER 25-4: CMxMSKSRCA: COMPARATOR x MASK SOURCE SELECT  
CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)**

bit 3-0      **SELSRCA<3:0>**: Mask A Input Select bits

1111 = FLT4  
1110 = FLT2  
1101 = PTGO19  
1100 = PTGO18  
1011 = Reserved  
1010 = Reserved  
1001 = Reserved  
1000 = Reserved  
0111 = Reserved  
0110 = Reserved  
0101 = PWM3H  
0100 = PWM3L  
0011 = PWM2H  
0010 = PWM2L  
0001 = PWM1H  
0000 = PWM1L

**REGISTER 25-5: CMxMSKCON: COMPARATOR x MASK GATING CONTROL REGISTER**

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
HLMS	—	OCEN	OCNEN	OBEN	OBNEN	OAEN	OANEN
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
NAGS	PAGS	ACEN	ACNEN	ABEN	ABNEN	AAEN	AANEN
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **HLMS:** High or Low-Level Masking Select bits  
 1 = The masking (blanking) function will prevent any asserted ('0') comparator signal from propagating  
 0 = The masking (blanking) function will prevent any asserted ('1') comparator signal from propagating
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **OCEN:** OR Gate C Input Enable bit  
 1 = MCI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = MCI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 12      **OCNEN:** OR Gate C Input Inverted Enable bit  
 1 = Inverted MCI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = Inverted MCI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 11      **OBEN:** OR Gate B Input Enable bit  
 1 = MBI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = MBI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 10      **OBNEN:** OR Gate B Input Inverted Enable bit  
 1 = Inverted MBI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = Inverted MBI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 9      **OAEN:** OR Gate A Input Enable bit  
 1 = MAI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = MAI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 8      **OANEN:** OR Gate A Input Inverted Enable bit  
 1 = Inverted MAI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = Inverted MAI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 7      **NAGS:** AND Gate Output Inverted Enable bit  
 1 = Inverted ANDI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = Inverted ANDI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 6      **PAGS:** AND Gate Output Enable bit  
 1 = ANDI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = ANDI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 5      **ACEN:** AND Gate C Input Enable bit  
 1 = MCI is connected to AND gate  
 0 = MCI is not connected to AND gate
- bit 4      **ACNEN:** AND Gate C Input Inverted Enable bit  
 1 = Inverted MCI is connected to AND gate  
 0 = Inverted MCI is not connected to AND gate

## 26.0 PROGRAMMABLE CYCLIC REDUNDANCY CHECK (CRC) GENERATOR

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Programmable Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)**” (DS70346) of the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The programmable CRC generator offers the following features:

- User-programmable (up to 32nd order) polynomial CRC equation
- Interrupt output
- Data FIFO

The programmable CRC generator provides a hardware implemented method of quickly generating checksums for various networking and security applications. It offers the following features:

- User-programmable CRC polynomial equation, up to 32 bits
- Programmable shift direction (little or big-endian)
- Independent data and polynomial lengths
- Configurable interrupt output
- Data FIFO

A simplified block diagram of the CRC generator is shown in Figure 26-1. A simple version of the CRC shift engine is shown in Figure 26-2.

**FIGURE 26-1: CRC BLOCK DIAGRAM**

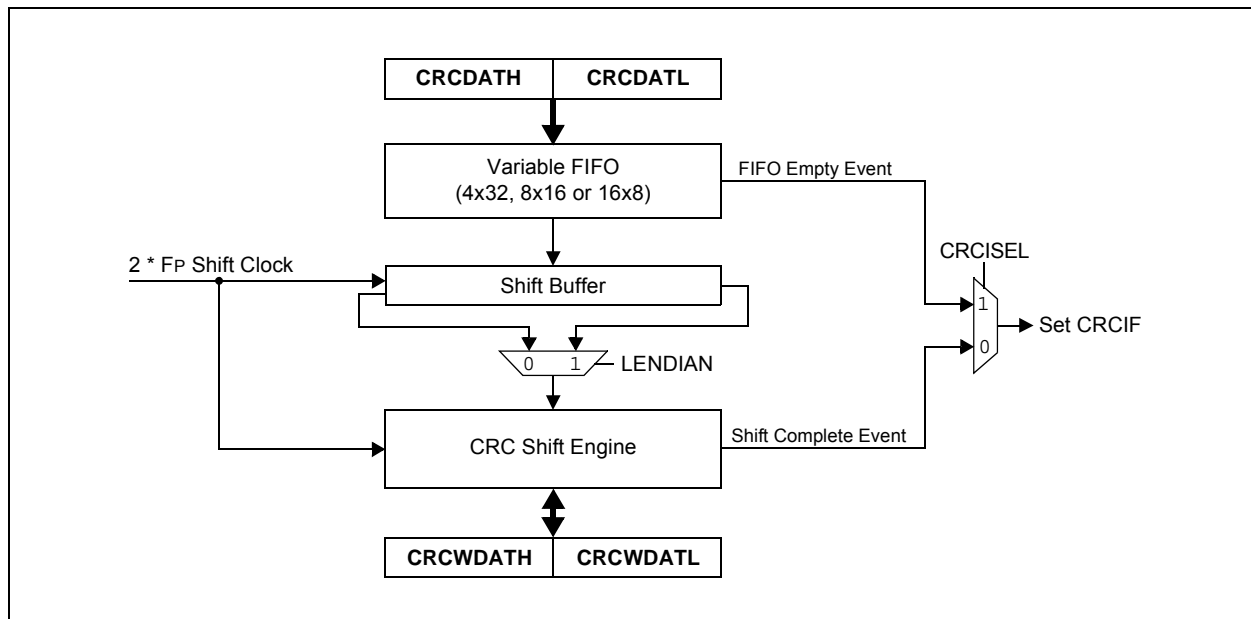


TABLE A-5: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES (CONTINUED)

Section Name	Update Description
<b>Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Throughout: qualifies all footnotes relating to the operation of analog modules below VDDMIN (replaces “will have” with “may have”)</li> <li>• Throughout: changes all references of SPI timing parameter symbol “TscP” to “FscP”</li> <li>• Table 30-1: changes VDD range to 3.0V to 3.6V</li> <li>• Table 30-4: removes Parameter DC12 (RAM Retention Voltage)</li> <li>• Table 30-7: updates Maximum values at 10 and 20 MIPS</li> <li>• Table 30-8: adds Maximum IPD values, and removes all <math>\Delta I_{WDT}</math> entries</li> <li>• Adds new Table 30-9 (Watchdog Timer Delta Current) with consolidated values removed from Table 30-8. All subsequent tables are renumbered accordingly.</li> <li>• Table 30-10: adds footnote for all parameters for 1:2 Doze ratio</li> <li>• Table 30-11: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- changes Minimum and Maximum values for D120 and D130</li> <li>- adds Minimum and Maximum values for D131</li> <li>- adds Minimum and Maximum values for D150 through D156, and removes Typical values</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Table 30-12: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- reformats table for readability</li> <li>- changes IOL conditions for DO10</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Table 30-14: adds footnote to D135</li> <li>• Table 30-17: changes Minimum and Maximum values for OS30</li> <li>• Table 30-19: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- splits temperature range and adds new values for F20a</li> <li>- reduces temperature range for F20b to extended temperatures only</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Table 30-20: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- splits temperature range and adds new values for F21a</li> <li>- reduces temperature range for F20b to extended temperatures only</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Table 30-53: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- adds Maximum value to CM30</li> <li>- adds footnote (“Parameter characterized...”) to multiple parameters</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Table 30-55: adds Minimum and Maximum values for all CTMUI specifications, and removes Typical values</li> <li>• Table 30-57: adds new footnote to AD09</li> <li>• Table 30-58: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- removes all specifications for accuracy with external voltage references</li> <li>- removes Typical values for AD23a and AD24a</li> <li>- replaces Minimum and Maximum values for AD21a, AD22a, AD23a and AD24a with new values, split by Industrial and Extended temperatures</li> <li>- removes Maximum value of AD30</li> <li>- removes Minimum values from AD31a and AD32a</li> <li>- adds or changes Typical values for AD30, AD31a, AD32a and AD33a</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Table 30-59: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- removes all specifications for accuracy with external voltage references</li> <li>- removes Maximum value of AD30</li> <li>- removes Typical values for AD23b and AD24b</li> <li>- replaces Minimum and Maximum values for AD21b, AD22b, AD23b and AD24b with new values, split by Industrial and Extended temperatures</li> <li>- removes Minimum and Maximum values from AD31b, AD32b, AD33b and AD34b</li> <li>- adds or changes Typical values for AD30, AD31a, AD32a and AD33a</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Table 30-61: Adds footnote to AD51</li> </ul>
<b>Section 32.0 “DC and AC Device Characteristics Graphs”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updates Figure 32-6 (Typical IDD @ 3.3V) with individual current vs. processor speed curves for the different program memory sizes</li> </ul>
<b>Section 33.0 “Packaging Information”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Replaces drawing C04-149C (64-pin QFN, 7.15 x 7.15 exposed pad) with C04-154A (64-pin QFN, 5.4 x 5.4 exposed pad)</li> </ul>